

Mr. J. Whitmore, c.s., reported his departure from India on furlough on the 21st arch 1877.

LEGISLATIVE.—*The 3rd April 1877.*—The following gentlemen are, with the sanction of the Governor-General, appointed, under the provisions of the 29th, 80th, and 45th sections of the Indian Council's Act of 1861, to be members of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making laws and regulations:—

Rajah Pramatha Natha Roy, Bahadoor, of Dighapatia.

Mr. T. E. Ravenshaw, c.s.

„ F. Jennings.

POLICE.—*The 2nd April 1877.*—Mr. E. M. Showers, Officiating District Superintendent Police, reported his departure from India on furlough on the 12th ultimo.

The 3rd April 1877.—Mr. W. P. Davis, District Superintendent of Police, Hazareebagh, allowed special leave for six months, under Section 21 of the Civil Leave Code, together with the usual subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding thirty days.

EDUCATION.—*The 3rd April 1877.*—Baboo Brahma Mohan Mullik, Head Master, Hooghly Normal School, is allowed leave for one month and fifteen days, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date of his availing himself of it.

Baboo Dwarka Nath Chackeravarti, Second Master, Hooghly Collegiate School, is appointed to officiate as Head Master of the Hooghly Normal School during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Brahma Mohan Mullik, or until further orders.

OPIMUM.—*The 29th March 1877.*—The orders of the 3rd ultimo, published in the *Cuttack Gazette* of the 7th idem, granting Mr. W. D. Ridsdale, Sub-Deputy Opium Agent Busti, privilege leave for three months, are cancelled.

Mr. Ridsdale is appointed to be Sub Deputy Opium Agent of Azimgarh.

Mr. C. E. Mendham, Sub-Deputy Opium Agent of Azimgarh, is appointed to be Sub-Deputy Opium Agent of Busti.

The 2nd April 1877.—Mr. C. Fenton acted as an Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Baresnare, from the 12th December 1876 to the 27th January 1877, both dates inclusive.

Mr. L. L. Parrott, Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Etawah, is allowed leave for six months, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, together with the usual subsidiary leave from the 10th instant.

Mr. A. C. Bryson, Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Hurdul, is allowed leave for one year, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, together with the usual subsidiary leave, from such date as he may avail himself of it.

MEDICAL.—*The 28th March 1877.*—The services of Dr. F. V. B. Webber, Civil Medical Officer of Dinagepore, are placed, from the date of his being relieved of his duties at Dinagepore, at the disposal of the Public Works Department (Irrigation Branch) of this Government, with a view to his being placed in medical charge of the station of Dehree.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Moonsheegunge, in Dacca, viz. —

Mr. Prannath Banerjee, First Moonsif.

Baboo Shumboo Chunder Dey, Second Moonsif.

„ Tarak Chunder Chuckerbutty, Sub-Inspector of Schools.

„ Kristendro Chunder Chowdry, Clerk, Small Cause Court.

Baboo Huri Mohun Chatterjee, Police Inspector, is appointed to be Secretary to the Committee, vice Baboo Sreenath Gupta, transferred.

The 29th March 1877.—Assistant Surgeon Juggobundhoo Bose having rejoined his appointment as Teacher of Materia Medica in the Campbell Medical School on the forenoon of the 12th instant, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him under orders of the 10th August 1875 is cancelled.

Assistant Surgeon Denobundhoo Dutt is allowed leave for three months under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 12th instant.

The 2nd April 1877.—The services of Surgeon A. Tomes, on special duty in the District of Backergunge, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India in the Military Department, with effect from the 31st ultimo.

The orders of the 2nd January 1877, granting Assistant Surgeon Brojonath Shahar, Civil Medical Officer, Chittagong Hill Tracts, privilege leave for three months, are cancelled.

The following Notifications are republished from the *Assam Gazette* :—

The 20th March 1877.—During the absence of Mr. H. Muspratt, c.s., on three months' privilege leave, Mr. A. L. Clay, c.s., Deputy Commissioner, Sylhet, is appointed to officiate as Judge of Sylhet and Cachar.

The 21st March 1877.—Privilege leave of absence for one month and twenty-one days, under Section 29, Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, is granted to Baboo Jogendra Nath Roy, Moonsif of Sunamganj, in the district of Sylhet, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

The 22nd March 1877.—Baboo Jagat Bundhu Nag, B.L., is appointed to officiate as Moonsif of Sunamganj, in the district of Sylhet, during the absence of Baboo Jogendra Nath Roy, or until further orders.

On the report of the Central Examination Committee, the result of the half-yearly examination of Assistant Commissioners and Extra Assistant Commissioners, held on the 10th and 11th January 1877 and following days, is published for general information :—

NAME.	SUBJECTS IN WHICH PASSED.		SUBJECTS IN WHICH STILL HAVE TO PASS.	
	Higher Standard.	Lower Standard.	Higher Standard.	Lower Standard.
Mr. G. W. Place	Bengali† ...	Bengali and Assamese.	See note.†

† Subject to re-examination in Translation and Conversation.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

No. 1752.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,—FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

PAY AND ALLOWANCES.

Fort William, the 27th March 1877.

Read—

A letter from the Chief Secretary to the Government of Bombay, No. 5865, dated the 14th October 1876, and its enclosures, containing a proposal that the Collector of Customs at Karachi should be empowered to sanction charges not exceeding in the aggregate Rs. 50 a year on account of the conveyance hire of persons sent by him on emergent business from one part of Karachi to another.

RESOLUTION.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to rule that, when it is necessary to hire conveyance for a messenger of any rank despatched on urgent business to a place in the neighbourhood of the Office to which the business appertains, the expense actually incurred may be charged to the Government, provided the head of the Office certifies that the charge was unavoidable.

ORDERED that the above resolution be communicated to the other Departments of the Government of India, to all Local Governments and Administrations, to the Comptroller-General and Head Commissioner of Paper Currency, to other Chiefs of Departments administered by the Government of India in the Financial Department, to all Accountants-General, and to Deputy Accountants-General in independent charge.

R. B. CHAPMAN, *Secy. to the Govt. of India.*

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 20th March 1877.—Under the provisions of Section 11 of the Indian Tariff Act, XVI of 1875, it is hereby notified, for general information, that the excise duty on each gallon, London proof, of country spirits manufactured in the distilleries of the Districts noted below shall be leviable at the following rates from the 1st April 1877 :—

[Second Publication.]

The 20th March 1877.—The following Notification is published for general information.

H. J. S. COTTON,

Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1742.—The rate of conversion of Indian into sterling money for Overland Money Orders has been changed to 1s. 8½d. per rupee. Schedule 15 of the Tariff Table is therefore in force until further notice.

W. WATERFIELD, *Offg. Comptroller-General.*

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 23rd February 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the site of a Post Office in mouzah Akbarpore, pergunnah Puchrookhy, sub-division Nowdah, zillah Gya, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 cottah 14 dhors of standard measurement, bounded on the north by the existing lane leading from the house of Nagoo Telin, on the east by waste land and house of Nagoo Telin; on the south by the house of Mahadeo Kahar and shops of Bhutto Tely; and on the west by the land lying by the road from Nowada to Rojoway, is required within the aforesaid mouzah.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 24th March 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that additional land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, namely, for the Railway Terminal Station in the town of Howrah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose 16 cottahs 10 chittacks of land by standard measurement, with buildings thereon, are required. The premises are situate in mouzah Howrah, pergunnah Borac, district Hooghly, and bounded on the north and east by land belonging to the East Indian Railway Company; on the south by the Howrah Ghât Road; and on the west by land and premises the property of Mrs. Emma Watling, but at present under acquisition under the provisions of Act X of 1870.

The plan of the land mentioned above can be seen at the Office of the Railway Deputy Collector, Board of Revenue, Calcutta.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 27th March 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a new station road from the Railway Station at Rungtore running in an easterly direction through raddy-fields to the Rungtore Road, front of the cemetery in taluk Khorla, pergunnah Rykantepore, zillah Julpigore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land in length, more or less, 1½ feet, with an average breadth of 72 feet, and in area 5 beghas 5 cottahs 10 dhors of standard measurement, is required within the aforesaid Khorla taluk.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 20th March 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for railway purposes, in the village of Kooshahant, pergunnah Shazapore, zillah Furruckpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2 beghas 6 cottahs and 4 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on the south by land belonging to the Eastern Bengal Railway Company and Jai Nanth Kur; on the west by land belonging to Neechoo Dutt; on the north by land occupied by Woona Nanth Ghose, Dwarkanauth Daw, Harrao Chunder Kur, Essan Chander, and Chunder Kur; and on the east by land occupied by Ramanundo Bose, is required within the aforesaid village of Kooshahant.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1854A.

The 29th March 1877.—Mr. W. DaCosta, Subordinate Judge of Sarun, is appointed to be Subordinate Judge of Mozufferpore.

Baboo Mothoora Nath Gupta, First Subordinate Judge of Bhagulpore, is appointed to be Subordinate Judge of Sarun.

Hafiz Abdool Kurreem, Moonsif of Hajeeppore, is appointed to act until further orders as Subordinate Judge of Bhagulpore on probation.

The 31st March 1877.—Baboo Bolak Chand, Subordinate Judge of Gya, is appointed to act as Judge of the Courts of Small Causes at Bhagulpore and Monghyr, during the absence, on duty, of Mr. C. A. Kelly, or until further orders.

Baboo Matadin, Moonsif of Chumparun, is appointed to act as Subordinate Judge of Gya, during the absence, on duty, of Baboo Bolak Chand, or until further orders.

The 3rd April 1877.—Baboo Brojo Mohun Dutt, Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Jessore, is appointed to act until further orders as Judge of the Small Cause Courts at Kishnaghur, Ranaghat, and Meherpore.

Baboo Sreenath Roy, Subordinate Judge, Furreedpore, and Judge of the Small Cause Courts at Furreedpore and Bhangah, is appointed to act until further orders as Judge of the Small Cause Court, Jessore.

Baboo Promothonath Mookerjee, First Subordinate Judge and Judge of the Small Cause Court, Backergunge, is appointed to act until further orders as Subordinate Judge of Furreedpore and Judge of the Small Cause Courts at Furreedpore and Bhangah.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

[First Publication.]

The following Notification of the Government of India in the Home Department is republished for general information :—

The 20th March 1877.—Assistant Surgeon Ship Kristo Das is dismissed from the service of Government.

P. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 22nd March 1877.—Under Section 3, Act I (B.C.) of 1876, an Act to provide for voluntary registration of Mahomedan marriages and divorces, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to grant a license to Moulvi Abu Yousaf Mahamed Ali authorizing him to register Mahomedan marriages and divorces, and to exercise the other functions of a Mahomedan registrar within the limits of the thana of Barkanta, in the Sudder sub-division of Tippera. The head-quarters of the Office will be at Chandina.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd April 1877.—With the view of affording facilities for registering security bonds executed by, or on behalf of, village headmen appointed for the collection of water-rates under Rule 7 of the Rules framed under Act III (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased, under the provisions of Section 7 of the Indian Registration Act III of 1877, to appoint Baboo Gunga Nath, Deputy Collector of Dunwar, to be a Joint Sub-Registrar within the executive sub-division of Arrah, with jurisdiction concurrent with that of the Sub-Registrars of Arrah and Agudishpore. Under the same section, His Honor also appoints Moulvi Mahomed-ul-Nasir, Sub-Deputy Collector of Nasirgunge, to be a Joint Sub-Registrar within the sub-division of Buxar and Sasseram, with jurisdiction concurrent with that of the Sub-Registrars of those places. For the purposes of the Registration Act and Rules, the Sub-Registrars so appointed will be subordinate to the Registrar of Shahabad, so far as the registration of these security bonds is concerned.

This Notification will take effect from the 1st April 1877.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 27th March 1877.—The following bye-laws, made under Section 313, Act V (B.C.) of 1876, by the Municipal Commissioners of Patna at a meeting, have been confirmed by the Lieutenant-Governor under Section 314 thereof, and are hereby published for general information:—

For Regulating the Time and Mode of Collecting the Taxes.

1. Every officer authorized to grant receipts shall be provided with a certificate of his authority to collect, and every such certificate shall bear the seal of the Municipality and the signature of the chairman. Every collecting officer, at the time of demanding payment, shall be bound to show this certificate if required.

2. Every person required in writing to furnish any schedule or return which the Commissioners may lawfully require him to furnish shall send such schedule or return to the Office of the Commissioners within one week from the date of the service of the requisition in the manner described in Section 367 of the Act. Any person failing to do so shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5 for the omission, and to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day the omission shall, after warning, continue. Any person submitting a false or incorrect schedule or return shall be liable to a penalty of Rs. 20, provided that nothing in this bye-law shall be held to prevent the institution of a criminal prosecution under the Penal Code should the facts appear to warrant such a proceeding.

3. Payment of purchase-money for property sold, and delivery of the property, shall be made immediately after the sale; and if the purchaser fail to pay the full amount of his bid, it shall be lawful for the distraining officer, at his discretion, to sell the property again on the same or any other day, and the first purchaser shall, in such case, be responsible to the Commissioners for any loss, which shall be recoverable as a debt due to them.

For Regulating the Conduct of Persons Employed by the Commissioners.

4. All persons employed by the Commissioners, whose services may be no longer required, shall be liable to discharge after receipt of previous notice, or pay in advance, for the period of one month; and no such person shall withdraw from the duties of his office without having given previous notice for the period of one month, on pain of forfeiture of one month's salary.

5. All persons now holding, or who may hereafter be appointed to, any office under the Commissioners shall, when required so to do, furnish good security to such amount as the Commissioners may from time to time fix; and any person failing to furnish such security within reasonable time, or within such time as the Commissioners may appoint, shall be held to have thereby forfeited his appointment, and may be removed from office.

For Regulating the Disposal of Offence Matter, Rubbish, and Dead Bodies of Animals.

6. Every person within whose premises any animal may die shall, within four hours after its death, or, if death occurs at night, within two hours after day-light, either remove, at his own expense the carcass to such place as may be set apart by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcass, or report its death to the conservancy overseer of the division within which such premises may be situated; and in such latter case shall pay to the said overseer the expense of removing the carcass at such rate as the Commissioners may determine; and in cases where the said person is not the owner of the animal, and the owner is known, the owner shall alone be responsible for the payment of such expense, and such expense shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners. No overseer, when called upon, shall neglect to remove a carcass.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

7. No person shall deposit, or cause to be deposited, any carcass, or any part of a carcass, in any place other than such places as may from time to time be appointed by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcass.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

8. No person shall carry night-soil through the streets otherwise than in a closely covered receptacle of such description and pattern as shall be required from time to time by the Municipal Commissioners, and between such hours as the Municipal Commissioners may from time to time direct.

For Regulating Traffic in the Streets.

9. No person shall drive any vehicle of any description at any time between three quarters of an hour after sunset and one hour before sunrise without a sufficient light, except when, in the opinion of the Magistrate, there may be sufficient moonlight to render such light unnecessary.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 5.

10. No owner of any carriage shall allow it to be driven by a driver under 14 years of age.

11. No elephant or camel shall at any time be taken through any of the principal streets without the written permission of the Chairman or Vice-Chairman.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 50.

For Regulating or Prohibiting the use of Fire-balloons, Fire-works, Fire-arms, or Missiles in the vicinity of public roads.

12. No one shall let off any fire-balloon, fire-works, fire-arms, or any missile in or near a public street without the consent of the Municipal Commissioners previously obtained.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

General Bye-laws.

13. No person shall construct, or place over, or by the side of, any public drain, any bridge, platform, building, or structure of any kind, except by and with the written permission of the Commissioners, and in such manner as they shall direct.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 3 daily.

14. If any house, wall, or other erection, or any part thereof, fall upon any public highway, or into any public drain, the owner of such house, wall, or erection, shall remove it after notice within the time prescribed by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice Rs. 5 daily.

15. No person shall prepare any channel, or convey water by any channel, across any public thoroughfare except in such manner as shall have been first approved by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 2 daily.

16. No person shall steep in any river, khal, tank, or ditch, within municipal limits, any jute, hemp, bamboos, or other vegetable matter likely to render the water of such river, khal, tank, or ditch offensive or noxious to the neighbourhood.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 5; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 2 daily.

17. No person shall, without the written permission of the Commissioners, set up any obstruction in any *nulla* or water-course; and the Commissioners may order the removal of any such obstruction on grounds of public health.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 4 daily.

18. The owner or occupier of any part of the bank of any *nulla* or water-course shall keep it free from filth, dense vegetation, or other obstruction, and shall at all times allow the Commissioners, or any of their servants duly authorized, to have access to such *nulla* or water-course for any purpose of public conservancy.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 5 daily.

19. No person shall let loose, or cause or allow to be let loose, or allow to get loose, any diseased or worn-out animal on any highway, or into any place whence such animal can escape into any highway.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

20. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in any burial ground in a grave constructed of masonry in such manner that the top of the coffin, or the body where no coffin is used, shall be at a less depth than five feet from the surface ground.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

21. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, in any burial ground, any corpse or part of a corpse in a grave not constructed of masonry, which shall be less than six feet deep.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

22. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, any grave in any burial ground at a less distance than two feet from any other existing grave.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

23. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, a grave in any burial place in any other line than that marked out by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

24. No grave once used shall be opened for the burial of another body without the permission of the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

25. No one shall carry a corpse, or part of a corpse, through any highway, unless it

26. Every person who shall bring or convey, or cause to be conveyed, any corpse, or part of a corpse, to any burning ground, shall burn, or cause the same to be burnt, within twelve hours after its arrival at the said burning ground.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

27. No person, when burning, or causing to be burnt, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in any burning ground, shall permit the same or any part thereof to remain without the flesh thereof being completely consumed to ashes, or shall permit the bones, clothes, or other articles connected with the burning of such corpse to remain at or near such burning ground unless the same be completely reduced to ashes.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

28. No person, while carrying any corpse, or part of any corpse, through the precincts falling within municipal limits, shall deposit it in or near any highway except for the purpose of ordinary relief.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

29. No person shall picket animals, or collect carts, or form any encampment, upon any public ground without the permission of the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

R. L. MANGLES.

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 3rd April 1877.—The following bye-laws, framed by the Municipal Commissioners of Maldah at a meeting under section 313 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, having been confirmed by the Lieutenant-Governor under section 314 thereof, are hereby published for general information.

For regulating the time and mode of collecting taxes.

1. EVERY officer authorized to grant receipts shall be provided with a certificate of his authority to collect, and every such certificate shall bear the seal of the Municipality and the signature of the Chairman. Every collecting officer, at the time of demanding payment, shall be bound to show this certificate if required.

2. Every person required, in writing, to furnish any schedule or return which the Commissioners may lawfully require him to furnish, shall send such schedule or return to the office of the Commissioners within one week from the date of the service of the requisition, in the manner described in section 367 of the Act. Any person failing to do so shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5 for the omission, and to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day the omission shall, after warning, continue. Any person submitting a false or incorrect schedule or return shall be liable to a penalty of Rs. 20, provided that nothing in this bye-law shall be held to prevent the institution of a criminal prosecution under the Penal Code, should the facts appear to warrant such a proceeding.

3. Payment of purchase money for property sold, and delivery of the property, shall be made immediately after the sale; and if the purchaser fail to pay the full amount of his bid, it shall be lawful for the distraining officer, at his discretion, to sell the property again on the same or any other day, and the first purchaser shall, in such case, be responsible to the Commissioners for any loss, which shall be recoverable as a debt due to them.

For regulating the conduct of persons employed by the Commissioners.

4. All persons employed by the Commissioners, whose services may be no longer required, shall be liable to discharge after receipt of previous notice, or pay in advance, for the period of one month unless discharged at once for misconduct; and no such person shall withdraw from the duties of his office without having given previous notice for the period of one month, on pain of forfeiture of one month's salary.

5. All persons now holding, or who may hereafter be appointed to, any office under the Commissioners shall, when required so to do, furnish good security to such amount as the Commissioners may from time to time fix; and any person failing to furnish such security within reasonable time, or within such time as the Commissioners may appoint, shall be held to have thereby forfeited his appointment, and may be removed from office.

For regulating the disposal of offensive matter, rubbish, and dead bodies of animals.

Every person within whose premises any animal may die shall, within four hours after its death, or, if death occurs at night, within two hours after daylight, either remove at his own expense the carcass to such place as may be set apart by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcass, or report its death to the conservancy overseer of the division

within which such premises may be situated; and in such latter case shall pay to the said overseer the expense of removing the carcass at such rate as the Commissioners may determine; and in cases where the said person is not the owner of the animal, and the owner is known, the owner shall alone be responsible for the payment of such expenses, and such expense shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners. No overseer, when called upon, shall neglect to remove a carcass.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

For the regulation and management of privies.

7. Every owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises, from which offensive matter is not removed by the said owner or occupier, shall give free access to the servants of the Municipality to his house, land, or premises, for the removal of any night-soil or filth within such hours as may have been fixed on by the Municipal Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 5.

8. On receipt of a notice from the Municipal Commissioners, every owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises, in or on which any well-privy, or other noxious or improperly constructed privy, may be situated, shall fill up, close, or otherwise alter the construction of the said privy, as may be directed in the notice; and if the orders contained in the notice be not carried out within 15 days, the Commissioners may fill up, close, or otherwise alter the said privy, and any expense incurred in so doing shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

9. No owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises, in or on which any privy may be situated, shall allow night-soil or filth of any kind to flow or be discharged from such privy into any drain, water-course, river, tank, hollow, or excavation (or any place containing waste and stagnant water).

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

10. No person shall throw, deposit, or discharge any night-soil, sewage, or the contents of any drain, privy, or cess-pool, into any river, tank, khal, water-course, or receptacle for water, or dispose of the abovementioned kinds of offensive matter in any other way than as the Municipal Commissioners may from time to time direct.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

11. The Municipal Commissioners may direct the use of lime, coal-tar, carbolic acid, or other deodorants or disinfectants in any privy or premises if at any time it seem to them necessary for the preservation of public health, or for the prevention of infection or spread of disease: provided that the Municipal Commissioners shall be bound to supply such deodorants, &c., at cost price, and the price shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

General bye-laws.

12. No person shall put, or cause to be put, on any house, or other building, any spout or other thing intended for the conveyance and discharge of water, which shall be so placed that the water discharged therefrom shall be thrown or fall upon any public road or thoroughfare; and the Commissioners shall have power to take down and alter any such spout now in existence, and to recover the costs as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 5.

13. No person shall construct, or place over, or by the side of, any public drain, any bridge, platform, building, or structure of any kind, except by and with the written permission of the Commissioners, and in such manner as they shall direct.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 3 daily.

14. If any house, wall, or other erection, or any part thereof, fall upon any public highway, or into any public drain, the owner of such house, wall, or erection, shall remove it after notice within the time prescribed by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 5 daily.

15. No person shall prepare any channel, or convey water by any channel, across any public thoroughfare, except in such manner as shall have been first approved by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 2 daily.

16. No person shall picket animals, or collect carts, or form any encampment, upon any public ground without the permission of the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

2nd April 1877.—The following description of the boundary of the Dum-Dum Cantonment is hereby published for general information :—

Number of pillar.	Description.	BEARING.		Direct distance in feet.
		Deg.	Min.	
1	Situated at south-west corner of the junction of Church road with the Calcutta and Jessore road, bearing with south-east corner of Protestant Church $353^{\circ} 30'$, from which it is distant 294 feet. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	292	30	2,244
2	Situated on the south side of Church road at north-west corner of garden known as Bankahi-ki-hatta. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	190	...	207
3	Situated on west side of the garden Bankahi-ki-hatta and immediately south of the kutchra road leading to the garden. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	281	30	277
4	Situated on the south side of the kutchra road from the garden, at its junction with the pucca road running past the west end of the Family Barracks. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	191	30	28
5	Situated east side of the road running past the Family Barracks. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	282	30	250
6	Situated at the edge of a drain in Nya Bustee Deiglah. The boundary line follows the drain. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	19	30	69
7	Situated at the junction of two drains and on south side of the kutchra road, running in front of Nya Bustee Deiglah. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	291	30	162
8	Situated on east side of road leading to the conservancy pits at its crossing with the road running in front of Nya Bustee Deiglah. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	238	...	650
9	Situated on south-eastern side of road leading to conservancy pits. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	192	30	117
10	Situated at north-western corner of the plot of ground set apart for conservancy pits. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	100	...	434
11	Situated at north-eastern corner of the plot of ground set apart for conservancy pits. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	185	...	300
12	Situated at south-east corner of the plot of ground set apart for conservancy pits. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	291	...	759
13	Situated at south-west corner of the plot of ground set apart for conservancy pits. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	331	30	10
14	Situated at south-west corner of the plot of ground set apart for conservancy pits. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	55	...	1,140
15	Situated on west side of kutchra road leading to the Sudder Bazar, near its crossing with the road leading to the conservancy pits. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	18	...	553
16	Situated on west side of road leading to Sudder Bazar, and opposite the west end of the Family Barracks. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	15	30	606
17	Situated at west side of road leading to bazar and at north-east corner of Dr. Amcerodeen's dwelling-house. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	280	30	188
18	Situated at north-west corner of Dr. Amcerodeen's dwelling-house. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	287	30	137
19	Situated on the edge of a drain near north-eastern corner of a tank. The boundary line follows the drain. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	288	...	166
20	Situated on the edge of a drain at the north-western corner of the tank referred to above. The boundary line follows the drain. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	229	30	23

Number of pillar.	Description.	BEARING.		Direct distance in feet.
		Deg.	Min.	
21	Situated on the west side of a tank on edge of drain. Boundary line follows the drain. Bearing and distance to next pillar	291	30	91
22	Situated at the end of the drain referred to above, and at the corner of a kutchah road. Bearing and distance to next pillar	220	...	14
23	Situated on the east side of the kutchah road leading to Baghgollah. The boundary line crosses the road, and runs along the front of some huts. Bearing and distance to next pillar	291	30	200
24	Situated at the junction of two garden fences near the south-west corner of a tank adjoining the village known as Jemidaree. Bearing and distance to next pillar	21	...	24
25	Situated on east front of the village known as Jemidaree. Bearing and distance to next pillar	13	30	82
26	Situated on east front of the village known as Jemidaree. Bearing and distance to next pillar	13	30	266
27	Situated on the drain which runs past the east front of the village Jemidaree to the north-east of the village. Bearing and distance to next pillar	96	30	30
28	Situated at the corner of the drain, where it turns towards the north. The boundary line follows the drain. Bearing and distance to next pillar	16	30	205
29	Situated on the edge of the drain. The boundary line follows the drain. Bearing and distance to next pillar	16	...	170
30	Situated on edge of drain at south side of footpath leading to the village Gurrandangah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	24	...	156
31	Situated near a large tamarind tree. Bearing and distance to next pillar	100	...	48
32	Situated at the corner of a drain and west of a jheel. Bearing and distance to next pillar	13	...	394
33	Situated at the corner of a drain on the south side of a kutchah road leading to the village Gurrandangah. The boundary line runs across country. Bearing and distance to next pillar	102	30	482
34	Situated at the corner of a garden west of the native latrines. Bearing and distance to next pillar	33	30	440
35	Situated at the corner of a garden north of the latrines. Bearing and distance to next pillar	108	...	817
36	Situated near the south-east corner of the compound attached to Mr. Moriarty's bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar	114	...	857
37	Situated on the edge of a nullah north of native infantry lines and west of Horse Shoe tank. Bearing and distance to next pillar	12	...	189
38	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	20	...	106
39	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	11	...	37
40	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	82	...	109
41	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	97	30	80
42	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	31	30	100
43	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	87	30	50
44	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	37	...	75
45	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	94	30	83
46	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	36	...	187
47	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	340	...	46

Number of Pillar.	DESCRIPTION.	BEARING.		Direct distance in feet.
		Deg.	Min.	
48	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	31	30	36
49	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	83	30	40
50	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	42	...	132
51	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	13	..	106
52	Situated on the edge of the nullah. The boundary line follows an embankment running straight across towards the hospital. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	98	...	1,400
53	Situated near the edge of a tank north of the European infantry hospital. Bearing and distance to next pillar.	41	30	466
54	Situated at corner of a footpath leading to the village Gowsallah. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	110	...	395
55	Situated at south corner of the village of Gowsallah and north-west of Commissariat Warrant Officer's Quarters. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	30	30	786
56	Situated at the re-entering angle of a garden and north of the Commissariat godown. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	128	...	540
57	Situated at west side of the Calcutta and Jessore road and north-east of Commissariat godown. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	39	...	619
58	Situated on the east side of the Calcutta and Jessore road and immediately north of the old cemetery. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	136	30	753
59	Situated on the side of the road leading to the rifle ranges and east of the old cemetery. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	51	30	5,164
60	Situated north of the stop butts and south-west of Kaderhattee bazar. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	144	...	3,123
61	Situated on the south side of the footpath leading to Rajahat. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	242	...	2,061
62	Situated on the south side of the footpath leading from the Gun-cotton Magazine to Rajahat. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	241	...	2,382
63	Situated on the south side of the Gun-cotton Magazine road, south-east of the Proof House. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	247	30	735
64	Situated on the south side of the Gun-cotton Magazine road, about south from Proof House. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	256	..	270
65	Situated on south side of the Gun-cotton Magazine road near the point where it comes towards the Proof House road. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	253	30	400
66	Situated on the edge of a drain on south side of old kutchra road running from bungalow No. 23, towards the Gun-cotton Magazine. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	233	...	118
67	Situated on the edge of a drain on south side of old kutchra road running from bungalow No. 23 towards the Gun-cotton Magazine. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	234	...	90
68	Situated on the south side of the old kutchra road leading from bungalow No. 23 towards the Gun-cotton Magazine. Bearing and distance to next pillar ..	250	...	78
69	Situated on the south side of the old kutchra road leading from bungalow No. 23 towards the Gun-cotton Magazine and at the east end of a small jheel. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	193	30	88
70	Situated at the south-east corner of the small jheel referred to above. Bearing and distance to next pillar	253	30	217
71	Situated on the south side of the small jheel. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	162	30	40

Number of pillar.	Description.	BEARING.		Direct distance in feet.
		Deg.	Min.	
72	Situated on the south side of the small jheel and north of the village Munchilghattee. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	246	30	177
73	Situated on edge of a drain north of the village Mundulghattee. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	271	...	208
74	Situated on edge of a drain at north-west corner of the village Mundulghattee. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	187	...	324
75	Situated on north side of the kutchra road leading to the village Munchilghattee and east of bungalow No. 23. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	195	...	215.
76	Situated south of bungalow No. 23. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	238	...	76
77	Situated south of bungalow No. 23 and near north-west corner of a tank. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	292	30	183
78	Situated on south-west of bungalow No. 23. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	256	30	190
79	Situated at north-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 22 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	216	30	660
80	Situated at north-east of the compound belonging to No. 21 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	203	30	268
81	Situated at south-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 21 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	295	30	82
82	Situated at north-east of the compound belonging to No. 20 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	200	30	516
83	Situated at north-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 18 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	203	30	256
84	Situated at south-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 18 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	280	...	25
85	Situated at the north-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 17 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	218	20	329
86	Situated at north-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 14 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	221	30	181
87	Situated at east side of the compound belonging to No. 12 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	192	...	191
88	Situated at south-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 12 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	281	...	124
89	Situated at north-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 11 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	195	...	416
90	Situated on east side of the compound belonging to No. 11 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	284	...	241
91	Situated on east side of the compound belonging to No. 11 bungalow and at a re-entering angle. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	202	30	586
92	Situated at south-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 11 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	283	...	517
93	Situated on east side of the compound belonging to No. 7 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	203	30	146
94	Situated at south-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 7 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	287	30	78
95	Situated at north-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 5 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	197	30	846

No. of pillar.	Description.	BEARING.		Direct distance in feet.
		Deg.	Min.	
96	Situated at south-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 2 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar	289	...	1,321
97	Situated at south-west corner of the compound belonging to No. 31 bungalow and on east side of the Calcutta and Jessore road. Bearing and distance to next pillar	286	30	88
98	Situated on west side of the Calcutta and Jessore road immediately opposite pillar No. 97. Bearing and distance to next pillar	24	...	979
99	Situated on the west side of the Calcutta and Jessore road, nearly opposite the entrance to No. 30 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar	47	...	900
100	Situated on the west side of the Calcutta and Jessore road, nearly opposite the south-west corner of the cap factory enclosure. Bearing and distance to pillar No. 1... .. .	28	...	625

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 17th March 1877.—The following rules for the guidance of punchayets and for giving effect to the provisions of the Village Chowkedare Act, 1870, which have been prescribed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal under the authority vested in him by Section 65 of the said Act, are published for general information :—

RULES.

I. The Magistrate may determine the year current in a village, and inform the punchayet accordingly for action under Section 16 of the Act. The list under this section shall be made out in columns containing the information required by the law, opposite the names of the persons liable to assessment, as follows :—

Name

Trade Ac

Amount assessed

The list shall be published in some conspicuous place in the village. The name of the member of the punchayet who has been appointed to receive and collect the rate, to grant receipts for the same, and to keep the accounts thereof, shall be mentioned at the foot of the list.

II. The list before publication shall be signed by each member of the punchayet.

III. Three or more members of the punchayet shall sit at a given time and place, to be notified beforehand, at least once during each week within one month after the publication of any assessment has been made, for the purpose of hearing and disposing of appeals. A note of the orders passed on each appeal disposed of shall be recorded and preserved.

IV. The collecting member of the punchayet shall keep and be responsible for all papers, accounts, and records connected with the administration of the Act by the punchayet.

V. A record of all proceedings taken under Section 27 *et seq.* of the Act shall be made and preserved by the collecting member of the punchayet. Two members of the punchayet shall be present at every sale held under Section 29.

VI. The record of any proceeding, order, or action of the punchayet, or any member or members of the punchayet, shall be kept in the form of a diary, which shall be open to general inspection.

VII. If, under Section 30, any defaulter disputes his liability and informs any member of the punchayet of the fact, the punchayet shall postpone the sale of any property which may have been distrained for five days, and shall refer the objector to the Magistrate to obtain orders within that period.

VIII. The following form of accounts shall be kept by the punchayet :—

Register I.—Of Collections.

Name. I.	Trade, &c. II.	Amount assessed. III.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

The entries in the first three columns will be similar to those entered in the three columns of the list to be prepared under Section 16 (*vide* Rule I) ; the twelve following columns are for the twelve months of the year, beginning with the first month of the year current in the village, and should be headed accordingly. Opposite each villager's name will be entered his monthly quota in these columns under each month as paid in by him. Each villager should be instructed to satisfy himself, when paying the cess, that the entry of the payment is duly made by the collecting member of the punchayet. This check, when properly understood and worked, will probably be of more value as proof of payment than receipts, which should nevertheless be granted under Section 22 of the Act.

Register II.—Of Receipts and Disbursements.—This will be an account in the simplest form of single entry, to be totalled and carried over at the close of every month, as follows :—

Date.	Jumma.	Amount.	Date.	Kuruch	Amount.

IX. Each chowkeedar shall keep an acquittance roll, to be renewed every year, in which shall be entered by the collecting member of the punchayet every sum of money paid to him as salary. This acquittance roll shall be examined and signed by the sub-inspector or officer in charge of the thana once a month, or when the chowkeedar attends at the police office under Section 39 of the law.

The officer shall explain to the chowkeedar the nature of the entries, and report if the chowkeedar's salary has not been duly paid.

X. The thana police should receive from the chowkeedar and forward all reports, proceedings, explanations, and correspondence the punchayet may wish to transmit to the Magistrate.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd April 1877.—Under the provisions of Section 24 of Act I (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to cancel Rules 39 and 42 of the revised rules published at pages 1053-1057, 1110-1111, and 1127-1131, in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 23rd August, 30th August, and 6th September 1876 respectively, and to sanction the substitution of the following in their stead :—

39. The registers and indexes shall be kept in Urdu or in Bengali, as the District Registrar of each district may direct. Copies under Sections 12, 15, and 22 should be prepared in the language in which the registers are kept.

42. Names shall be indexed according to their first letter, and shall be arranged in the order of the Urdu or Bengali alphabet, as the case may be. A mere title or designation of race shall not be taken as the index word.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

• [Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION. •

The 19th March 1877.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to transfer the headquarters of the Burhee sub-district, in Hazareebagh, from Jainagor to Burhee. This arrangement will take effect from the 1st proximo.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st March 1877.—Under Section 3, Act I (B.C.) of 1876 (an Act to provide for the voluntary registration of Mahomedan marriages and divorces), the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to grant a license to Kazeer Azhur Ali authorizing him to register Mahomedan marriages and divorces, and to exercise the other functions of a Mahomedan registrar within the thanas of Nattore, Baraigram, and Singra (East), in the Nattore sub-division, in the district of Rajshahye. The head-quarters of the Office will be at Nattore.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th March 1877.—It is hereby notified that under the provisions of Section 234 of the Bengal Municipal Act V (B.C.) of 1876 the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Hazareebagh at a meeting, to extend to that Municipality the provisions of Sections 235 to 255 (both inclusive) of Part VII, Chapter II of the said Act V (B.C.) of 1876.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 27th March 1877.—It is hereby notified that under Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871 the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the abolition of the Sub-Registry Office at Sikandrah, in the district of Monghyr, and the addition of thana Sikandrah to the sub-district of Jamui, to which it formerly belonged. The change will have effect from the 1st April next.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 14th March 1877.—It is hereby notified that under the provisions of Section 78 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876 the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the imposition, from 1st April next, of a tax on carriages, horses, and other animals mentioned in the third Schedule of the Act within the First Class Municipality of Midnapore, with the exceptions authorized by Section 122, according to the rates directed by the Municipal Commissioners at a meeting, and which are mentioned below:—

	Rs.	A.	P.	
For every four-wheeled carriage drawn by two horses	...	4	8	0 a quarter.
„ four-wheeled carriage drawn by one horse or two ponies under thirteen hands	...	1	8	0 „
„ two-wheeled carriage	...	2	4	0 „
„ horse	...	2	0	0 „
„ pony under thirteen hands, mule, and donkey	...	0	12	0 „
„ elephant	...	6	0	0 „
„ camel	...	2	0	0 „

Animals under eleven hands in height, and carriages the wheels of which do not exceed 24 inches in diameter, are exempted.

2. His Honor also sanctions the levy of fees on the registration of carts within the Municipality of Midnapore, with the exception noted in Act V (B.C.) of 1876, at the rates directed by the Municipal Commissioners at a meeting and mentioned below:—

	Rs.	A.	P.	
Every cart drawn by a horse or horses	...	4	0	0 a year.
„ other cart	...	2	0	0 „

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th March 1877. It is hereby notified for general information that under Section 78 of the Bengal Municipal Act V (B.C.) of 1876 the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, at the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Nowabgunge, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, made at a special meeting, to sanction the imposition, from the 1st April 1877, by the Commissioners, under Section 122 of the Act, of a tax on carriages, horses, and other animals named in the schedule published below, at the rates therein specified :—

	Rs.	A.	P.	
For every four-wheeled carriage drawn by two horses ..	4	8	0	per quarter.
„ four-wheeled carriage drawn by one horse or a pair of ponies under 13 hands ...	3	0	0	„
„ two-wheeled carriage ...	2	8	0	„
„ horse ...	2	0	0	„
„ pony under 13 hands, and every mule and donkey	0	12	0	„
„ elephant ...	6	0	0	„
„ camel ...	2	0	0	„

Animals under 11 hands in height, and carriages the wheels of which do not exceed 24 inches in diameter, are exempted.

2. The Lieutenant-Governor has also been pleased, under the said Section 78 of the aforementioned Act V (B.C.) of 1876, to sanction, at the recommendation of the Commissioners at a meeting, the registration by them, under Section 133 of the Act, of all carts kept or habitually used within the Municipality of Nowabgunge, and the levying, from the 1st April 1877, of a fee of Rs. 3 per annum upon every cart for such registration.

R. L. MANGLES.

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th March 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under Section 78 of the Bengal Municipal Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Augurparah, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, made at a special meeting, to sanction the imposition, from the 1st April 1877, by the Commissioners, under Section 122 of the Act, of a tax on carriages, horses, and other animals mentioned below, at the rates specified against them respectively :—

	Rs.	A.	P.	
For every four-wheeled carriage drawn by two horses ...	4	8	0	per quarter.
„ four-wheeled carriage drawn by one horse or a pair of ponies under 13 hands ...	3	0	0	„
„ two-wheeled carriage ...	2	8	0	„
„ horse ...	2	0	0	„
„ pony under 13 hands, and for every mule and donkey ...	0	12	0	„
„ elephant ...	6	0	0	„
„ camel ...	2	0	0	„

Animals under 11 hands in height, and carriages the wheels of which do not exceed 24 inches in diameter, are exempted.

2. The Lieutenant-Governor has also been pleased, under the same section of the Bengal Municipal Act, to sanction, on the recommendation of the Commissioners at a meeting, the registration by them, under Section 133 of the Act, of all carts kept or habitually used within the Municipality of Augurparah, and the levying, from the 1st April 1877, of a fee of Rs. 4 per annum upon every cart for such registration.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th March 1877.—Under Section 4 of Act VII of 1871 (the Indian Emigration Act), the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to approve of the appointment of Mr. Robert W. S. Mitchell, Emigration Agent for Trinidad, to act as Emigration Agent for Jamaica, in addition to his other duties, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. W. M. Anderson.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

• [Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th March 1877.—It is hereby notified that Dwarkanath Bhattacharyya described in the following roll, recently Nazir of the Court of the District Judge of East Burdwan, has been dismissed from that appointment for criminal breach of trust, and is hereby declared to be disqualified from serving Government hereafter in any capacity:—

Name of individual and in what capacity lately employed.	Father's Name.	Residence and district.	Age.	Religion or Caste.	Crime of which guilty.
Dwarkanath Bhattacharyya, late Nazir of the Court of the District Judge of East Burdwan.	Ramjiban Bhattacharyya.	Gora Bazar, Berhampore, Moorshedabad district.	34	Hindu, Brahmin	Criminal breach of trust.

R. L. MANGERS.

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th March 1877.—The following bye-laws, framed by the Municipal Commissioners of the Suburbs of Calcutta at a meeting under section 313 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, having been confirmed by the Lieutenant-Governor under section 314 thereof, are hereby published for general information:—

For regulating the time and mode of collecting the taxes.

1. EVERY officer authorized to grant receipts shall be provided with a certificate of his authority to collect, and every such certificate shall bear the seal of the municipality and the signature of the Chairman. Every collecting officer at the time of demanding payment shall be bound to show this certificate if required.

2. Every person required in writing to furnish any schedule or return which the Commissioners may lawfully require him to furnish shall send such schedule or return to the office of the Commissioners within one week from the date of the service of the requisition, in the manner described in section 367 of the Act. Any person failing to do so shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5 for the omission, and to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day the omission shall, after warning, continue.

3. Payment of purchase-money for property sold and delivery of the property shall be made immediately after the sale; and if the purchaser fail to pay the full amount of his bid, it shall be lawful for the distraining officer at his discretion to sell the property again on the same or any other day, and the first purchaser shall in such case be responsible to the Commissioners for any loss, which shall be recoverable as a debt due to them.

For regulating the conduct of persons employed by the Commissioners.

4. All persons employed by the Commissioners, whose services may be so long required, shall be liable to discharge after receipt of previous notice or pay in advance for the period of one month, and no such person shall withdraw from the duties of his office without having given previous notice for the period of one month, on pain of forfeiture of one month's salary.

5. All persons now holding, or who may hereafter be appointed to, any office under the Commissioners shall, when required so to do, furnish good security to such amount as the Commissioners may from time to time fix; and any person failing to furnish such security within reasonable time, or within such time as the Commissioners may appoint, shall be held to have thereby forfeited his appointment, and may be removed from office.

For regulating the disposal of offensive matter, rubbish, and dead bodies of animals.

6. Every person within whose premises any animal may die shall, within four hours after its death, or, if death occurs at night, within two hours after daylight, either remove at his own expense the carcass to such place as may be set apart by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcasses, or report its death to the conservancy overseer of the division within which such premises may be situated; and in such latter case shall pay to the said overseer the expense of removing the carcass at such rate as the Commissioners may from time to time determine; and in cases where the said person is not the owner of the animal, and the owner is known, the owner shall alone be responsible for the payment of such expense, and such expense shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners. No overseer called upon shall neglect to remove a carcass.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

No person shall deposit, or cause to be deposited, any carcass, or any part of a carcass, in any place other than such places as may from time to time be appointed by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcasses.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

For the regulation and management of privies.

8. Every owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises from which offensive matter is not removed by the said owner or occupier shall give free access to the servants of the municipality to such parts of his house, land, or premises where night-soil or filth is kept, for the removal of such night-soil or filth, within such hours as may have been fixed on by the Municipal Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

9. Every person shall construct his privy above ground, and shall provide his privy or premises with a suitable movable receptacle of metal or earthenware.

Penalty for infringement after notice, a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

10. No owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises in or on which any privy may be situated, shall allow night-soil or filth of any kind to flow or be discharged from such privy into any drain, water-course, river, tank, hollow, or excavation (or any place containing waste and stagnant water).

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

11. No person shall throw, deposit, or discharge any night-soil, sewage, or the contents of any drain, privy, or cesspool, into any river, tank, khal, water-course, or receptacle for water, or dispose of the abovementioned kinds of offensive matter in any other way than as the Municipal Commissioners may from time to time direct.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

12. The Municipal Commissioners may direct the use of lime, coal-tar, carbolic acid, or other deodorants or disinfectants in any privy or premises if at any time it seems to them necessary for the preservation of public health, or for the prevention of infection or spread of disease: provided that the Municipal Commissioners shall be bound to supply such deodorants, &c., at cost price, and the price shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

13. No person shall carry night-soil through the streets otherwise than in a closely covered receptacle of such description and pattern as shall be required from time to time by the Municipal Commissioners, and between such hours as the Municipal Commissioners at a meeting may from time to time direct.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

14. No nightman, sweeper, or other person carrying night-soil through the streets, shall loiter or deposit any vessel containing, or intended to contain, night-soil on or by the side of any public road or street.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

15. No place shall be used for the collection of night-soil or as a *tollah* depot without a license from the Municipal Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

16. Every holder of a license for the keeping of a public necessary shall register his name in the office of the Municipal Commissioners, and that of every servant or member of his family employed in conducting such public necessary or removing night-soil therefrom.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

17. Every person so registered shall be supplied on payment with a ticket or badge, and shall be bound to produce his ticket or badge at all times when called upon to do so by any municipal or police officer duly empowered to demand the same.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

18. Every holder of a license for the keeping of a public necessary shall make the floors, drains, and seats of his privy pucca, if required so to do by a written notice, and shall construct or provide such receptacles for the night-soil as the Commissioners shall require, and shall provide a sufficient supply of water to keep the same in a cleanly state.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

General Bye-Laws.

19. No person shall put, or cause to be put, on any house or other building any spout or other thing intended for the conveyance and discharge of water which shall be so placed that the water discharged therefrom shall be thrown or fall upon any public road or thoroughfare, and the Commissioners shall have power to take down and alter any such spout now in existence and to recover the costs as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

20. No person shall construct or place over, or by the side of, any public drain any bridge, platform, building, or structure of any kind, except by and with the written permission of the Commissioners, and in such manner as they shall direct.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, a fine not exceeding Rs. 3 daily.

21. If any house, wall, or other erection, or any part thereof, fall upon any public highway or into any public drain, the owner of such house, wall, or erection shall remove it after notice within the time prescribed by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement

22. No person shall prepare any channel, or convey water by any channel, across any public thoroughfare, except in such manner as shall have been first approved by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, a fine not exceeding Rs. 2 daily.

23. No person shall steep in any river, *khal*, tank, or ditch within municipal limits any jute, hemp, bamboos, or other vegetable matter likely to render the water of such river, *khal*, tank, or ditch offensive or noxious to the neighbourhood.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 5; penalty for continued infringement after notice, a fine not exceeding Rs. 2 daily.

24. No person shall, without the written permission of the Commissioners, set up any obstruction in any drain, *nullah*, or water-course; and the Commissioners may order the removal of any such obstruction on grounds of public health.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, a fine not exceeding Rs. 4 daily.

25. The owner or occupier of any part of the bank of any *nullah* or water-course shall keep it free from filth, dense vegetation, or other obstruction, and shall at all times allow the Commissioners, or any of their servants duly authorized, to have access to such *nullah* or water-course for any purpose of public conservancy.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, a fine not exceeding Rs. 5 daily.

26. No person shall let loose, or cause or allow to be let loose, or allow to get loose, any diseased or worn-out animal on any highway, or into any place whence such animal can escape any into highway.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

27. No person shall picket animals, or collect carts, or form any encampment upon any public ground without the permission of the Commissioners.

28. No person shall throw, or place, or permit his servants to throw or place, on any road or street any broken glass, broken bottles, or crockery. Such rubbish shall be removed on payment from private premises or may be placed directly in the conservancy carts.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

For regulating the burial-grounds.

29. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in any burial-ground in a grave constructed of masonry in such manner that the top of the coffin, or the body, where no coffin is used, shall be at a less depth than five feet from the surface ground.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

30. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, in any burial-ground any corpse or part of a corpse in a grave not constructed of masonry which shall be less than six feet deep.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

31. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, any grave in any burial-ground at a less distance than two feet from any other existing grave.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

32. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, a grave in any burial place in any other line than that marked out by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

33. No grave once used shall be opened for the burial of another body without the permission of the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

34. No one shall carry a corpse or part of a corpse, through any highway unless it be decently covered and totally concealed from public view.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

35. Every person who shall bring or convey, or cause to be brought or conveyed, any corpse, or part thereof, to any burning-ground shall completely burn, or cause the same to be completely burnt, within four hours after its arrival at the said burning-ground.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

36. No person, when burning or causing to be burnt, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in any burning-ground shall permit the same, or any part thereof, to remain without being completely reduced to ashes, or shall permit the clothes or other articles connected with the burning of such corpse to remain at or near such burning ground unless the same are completely reduced to ashes.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

37. No person shall open any grave within six months of the burial of any body therein, or shall exhume any corpse, except with the written permission of the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

38. No person while carrying any corpse, or part of a corpse, through the precincts falling within municipal limits shall deposit it on or near any public highway except for the purpose of ordinary relief.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

R. L. MANGLES.

Offg Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st March 1877.—Under Section 50, Act X of 1872 (the Code of Criminal Procedure), the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct the Magistrate of the district of Dinagepore, the Joint-Magistrate of Dinagepore, and Moulvie Mahomed Ali Khan, or either of them, to sit together with Baboo Permeswar Das, Roy Radha Gobindo Roy Shahib Bahadoor, and Moulvie Mazahar Hossein Chowdhury, or any one or more of them, or with any one or more of such Honorary Magistrates as may from time to time be appointed by Government for the purpose, as a Bench at Dinagepore for the trial of offences arising within the sudder sub-division of the Dinagepore district. The Bench thus constituted shall exercise the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, and the power to try summarily all or any of the offences mentioned in Section 225 of the said Act.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 14th March 1877.—Under section 3, Act I (B.C.) of 1876 (an Act to provide for the voluntary registration of Mahomedan marriages and divorces), the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to grant licenses to the gentlemen named below, authorizing them to register Mahomedan marriages and divorces, and to exercise the other functions of a Mahomedan Registrar within the thanas specified against their names :—

District.	Sub-division	Registration sub-district.	Thanas comprising Mahomedan Registrar's jurisdiction.	Head-quarters.	Name of Mahomedan Registrar.
Tipperah	Brahmanbariah	Qasba	Qasba	Qasba	Moulvi Abdul Latif.
	Sudder Sub-division	Barkanti	Daudkandi	Daudkandi	Moulvi Azhar Rahman Ahmed Khan.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 17th March 1877.—Under the provisions of section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to sanction the transfer of thana Ashanpur from the sub-district of Baluchar to the sub-district of Lalbagh, in the district of Moorshedabad. His Honor also sanctions the transfer of the head-quarters of the present sub-district of Rampore Hât from Rampore Hât to Nalhati. Under section 7 of the Act the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Baboo Peary Mohan Sircar and Shub Nath Bhattacharjee to be Sub-Registrars of Nalhati and Lalbagh respectively. The arrangements will take effect from 1st proximo.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th March 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 78 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Nattore, in the district of Rajshahye, made at a special meeting, to sanction the imposition, from the 1st May 1877, by the Commissioners under section 122 of the Act, of a tax on horses and other animals named below, at the rates specified against them respectively :—

	Per quarter
	Rs. A. P.
For every horse	1 0 0
Ditto pony	0 8 0
Ditto elephant	6 0 0

The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased, under section 78 of the said Act V (B.C.) of 1876, to sanction, on the recommendation of the Commissioners at a meeting, the registration by them, under section 133 of the Act, of all carts kept or habitually used within the municipality, and the levying from the 1st May 1877 of a fee of Re. 1-8 half-yearly upon every cart for such registration.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 13th March 1877.—It is hereby notified, under the provisions of section 15 of Act V of 1861, that owing to the bad character of, and constant depredations committed by, the inhabitants of Punkhachur and the neighbouring villages in the district of Jessore, the Lieutenant-Governor has sanctioned the quartering on them for a period of two years, from the 1st of April next, of an additional police force consisting of one head constable and three constables.

2. The cost of this force will be assessed on and levied from the inhabitants of the villages mentioned below in proportion to their respective means, according to the rate noted opposite each village :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
One head constable at Rs. 20	20	0	0
Two constables at Rs. 8 each	16	0	0
One constable at Rs. 7	7	0	0
Pensionary charges	5	6	0
Stationery and lighting	1	0	0
Ten per cent. contingencies	4	4	9
Total per month	53	10	9
or for two years	1,288	2	0
Clothing allowance at Rs. 4 each for two years	32	0	0
Cost of building	50	0	0
Total cost for two years	1,370	2	0

Names of Villages.	Amount payable for cost of building.			Amount payable per month for cost of police.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Punkhachur	8	8	0	9	5	4
Itwachur	9	0	0	20	14	0
Mullickpore	7	8	0	8	2	0
Patna	9	8	0	10	6	9
Nuldanga	8	0	0	8	4	0
Brahman Patna	7	8	0	8	0	0

R. L. MANGLES.

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th March 1877.—It is hereby notified, under the provisions of section 15 of Act V of 1861, that as the villages of Bebaz and Kalashkatti, in the sudder sub-division of the district of Backergunge, are in a disturbed state, and breaches of the peace are apprehended owing to the existence of disputes regarding the possession of lands and collection of rents, the Lieutenant-Governor has sanctioned, with effect from 1st December 1876 the employment for six months of a special police force, consisting of one head constable and eight constables, to be quartered at the said villages. The charge noted below will be levied from the residents of Kalashkatti and Bebaz, i.e. half of the cost will be levied from each of the villages :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
One first grade head constable at Rs. 25	25	0	0
Two first grade constables at Rs. 9 each	18	0	0
Two second grade constables at Rs. 8 each	16	0	0
Four third grade constables at Rs. 7 each	28	0	0
Total	87	0	0
Pensionary charges at 2 annas per rupee	10	11	0
Contingencies at 10 per cent	8	11	0
Total	106	9	0
Or for six months	639	6	0
Clothing allowance for nine men, at Rs. 4 per annum	18	0	0
Barracks	50	0	0
Total cost for six months	707	6	0

R. L. MANGLES.

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 20th March 1877.—The following revised notification is issued in substitution of the notification dated the 8th instant, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 14th idem :—

It is hereby notified, under the provisions of section 15 of Act V of 1861, that in consequence of the frequent breaches of the peace which occur between zemindar Jagot Chunder Rakhit and his ryots of the villages of Kaliaish, Katgurih, and Mungyaporee, in thana Sattania, in the Chittagong district, the Lieutenant-Governor has sanctioned the employment for a period of six months of an additional police force, consisting of one head constable and ten constables, to be quartered in the said villages.

The cost of the force as noted below will be assessed on and levied from the inhabitants of the villages in proportion to their respective means :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
One first grade head constable at Rs. 25	25	0	0
One first grade constable at Rs. 9	9	0	0
Two second grade constables at Rs. 8 each	16	0	0
Three third grade constables at „ 7 „	21	0	0
Four fourth grade constables at „ 6 „	24	0	0
Pension charge	11	14	0
Contingencies	9	8	0
Total per mensem	116	6	0
Cost for six months	698	4	0
Building ..	50	0	0
Total	748	4	0

R. L. MANGLES.

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 20th March 1877.—In continuation of Government Notification of 3rd August 1876, it is hereby notified, under the provisions of section 15 of Act V of 1861, that whereas the village of Kharshalika, in the Serajunge sub-division, in the district of Pubna, is still in a disturbed state, the Lieutenant-Governor has sanctioned the retention for a further period of three months of a special police force of one head constable and eight constables to be quartered in the disturbed village of Kharshalika, in the jurisdiction of Shazadpore police-station, in the aforesaid district, for the purpose of keeping the peace between the zemindars and the ryots of the said village.

The cost of the force noted below will be assessed on and levied from the inhabitants of the said village in proportion to their respective means :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
One head constable on Rs. 15	15	0	0
Eight constables on Rs. 6 each	48	0	0
Pensionary charges at two annas per rupee	7	11	0
Contingencies at ten per cent.	6	4	9
Total	77	2	9
For three months	231	8	3
Housing ..	18	12	0
Grand total for three months	250	4	3

R. L. MANGLES.

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 20th March 1877.—In continuation of the notification of Government dated 14th December 1876, published at page 1524 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 29th idem, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, in the exercise of the power vested in him by section 10 of the Bengal Municipal Act V (B.C.) of 1876, to order the suspension of the said Act in the town of Dowlutkhan, in the district of Backergunge, for a further period of three months, i.e. from the 1st February to the 30th April next, and the remission of all taxes leviable in the said town under the Act for the aforesaid period of three months.

R. L. MANGLES.

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication]

NOTIFICATION.

The 20th March 1877.—The Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to prescribe the following revised limits for the town of Madaripore as those within which the provisions of chapters I, II, and V of Act V (B.C.) of 1876 (the Bengal Municipal Act) shall be in force, with effect from the 1st April next. The town as now constituted shall include the villages noted

- | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. Amirabad. | 8. Kalpaddi. |
| 2. Bandor Madaripore. | 9. Char Madaripore. |
| 3. Lakheegango. | 10. Aoj Nagore. |
| 4. Madaripore. | 11. Rusti. |
| 5. Char Mugaria. | 12. Putia. |
| 6. Char Khaddi. | 13. Hazrapur. |
| 7. Khagdi with Dailbasar. | |

in the margin, and shall be bounded as follows:—On the north, by Pachkhola Dore; on the south by the villages Ghatmanji Gaidi, Thantali Kukrail, Soiderbali, Mabarakdi, Gurkhan, and Brahmandi; on the east by river Arial Khan; on the west by the villages Aoj Dargabardi and Putia Khal. and River Kumar.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 20th March 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal has been pleased to direct that the provisions of section 11 of the Gambling Act [Act 11 (B.C.) of 1867] shall be extended to the following tracts of country in the Midnapore district, with effect from the 15th April 1877.

A tract extending to 150 feet on either side of the mid-line of the road leading from the town of Bankoora to that of Midnapore, commencing from the boundary between the districts of the same name and extending up to the municipal limits of the Midnapore sudder station.

A tract extending to 150 feet on either side of the mid-line of the road leading from Calcutta to Midnapore, commencing at the west bank of the Roopnarain River and extending up to the municipal limits of the town of Midnapore.

A tract extending to 150 feet on either side of the mid-line of the road leading from Midnapore to Cuttack, commencing at the municipal limits of the Midnapore town and extending up to the boundary between the Midnapore and Balasore districts.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 20th March 1877.—Under section 50, Act X of 1872 (the Code of Criminal Procedure), the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct the Magistrate in charge of the Begoo Serai division of the Monghyr district, and Baboo Mohim Chunder Roy Chowdhry, or either of them, to sit together with Baboo Hurri Proshad, Baboo Monohur Lal, Baboo Hurbuns Narayan, Baboo Tularam, Moulvie Abdool Wahab, Moonshee Shamshuddin, or any one or more of them, or with any one or more of such Honorary Magistrates as may from time to time be appointed by Government for the purpose, as a Bench at Begoo Serai for the trial of offences arising within the Begoo Serai division of the Monghyr district. The Bench thus constituted shall exercise the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, and the power to try summarily all or any of the offences mentioned in section 225 of the said Act.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 20th March 1877.—Under section 50, Act X of 1872 (the Code of Criminal Procedure), the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct the Magistrate of the district of Monghyr, the Joint-Magistrate of Monghyr, Mr. H. Dear, Mr. C. Ambler, Mr. G. Thomas, and Baboo Okhil Churn Mullick, or any one or more of them, to sit together with Mr. C. Curtis, Dr. H. W. Hill, Baboo Gunga Proshad, Baboo Aghore Chunder Mookerjee, Baboo Kumleshari Proshad, Sheikh Yar Ali, Shah Wajid Ali, or any one or more of them, or with any one or more of such Honorary Magistrates as may from time to time be appointed by Government for the purpose, as a Bench at Monghyr for the trial of offences arising within the Sudder division of the Monghyr district. The Bench thus constituted shall exercise the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, and the power to try summarily all or any of the offences mentioned in section 225 of the said Act.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 14th March 1877.—Under section 3, Act I (B.C.) of 1876 (an Act to provide for the voluntary registration of Mahomedan marriages and divorces), the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to grant a license to Moulvie Shukoor Ali authorizing him to register Mahomedan marriages and divorces and to exercise the other functions of a Mahomedan Registrar within the town of Chittagong, in the place of Moulvie Abool Khair Mahomed Mohtashur Billah, deceased.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 20th March 1877.—It is hereby notified that under section 17 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to appoint the Superintendent for the time being of the Central Jail at Buxar to be an *ex-officio* Commissioner of the Municipality of Buxar.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 10th March 1877.—Under section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to sanction the addition of thana Bansihari, at present comprised within the Sudder sub-district of Dinagepore, to the sub-district of Rayganj. The arrangement will take effect from 1st April next.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 12th March 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 78 of the Bengal Municipal Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased, in compliance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Rajpore, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, made at a special meeting, to sanction the levy, from the 1st May 1877, by the Commissioners, under section 132 of the Act, of a tax on carriages, horses, and other animals at the rates mentioned below:—

	Per quarter
	Rs. A. P.
For every carriage drawn by one or two horses or ponies	1 8 0
For every horse, pony, mule, or donkey	0 6 0

2. The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased, under the said section 78 of the Act, to sanction, in compliance with the recommendation of the Commissioners at a meeting, the registration by them, under section 133 of the Act, of all carts kept or habitually used within the Municipality of Rajpore, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, and the levying of the undermentioned scale of fees:—

	Per annum
	Rs. A. P.
For every cart kept outside, but habitually used within the municipality	3 0 0
For every cart kept and used within the municipality	2 0 0

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 20th March 1877.—It is hereby notified that under the provisions of section 3, Regulation VI of 1819, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to declare that the ferry between Goalundo, the head-quarters of the sub-division of that name, and Hoomooria char, on the northern side of the River Ganges or Pudma, is a public one.

This notification is published in supersession of the one published at page 239 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 14th February 1877.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication]

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th March 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a municipal police outpost at Raipurah, police-station Futwah, sub-district Barh, zillah Patna, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 3 cottahs 9 dhoores 10 dhookies is required. The said land is bounded on the west by the public road and the houses of Jeelun Koomar and Bisan Nath Tatoo; on the east by waste land and the house of Soorja Tatoo; on the south-east by the house of Thakoor Singh; on the north by the road and the house of Kokil Tamooli.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 2nd April 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the cost of the Dacca Municipality for a public purpose, viz. for the site of a municipal pound and bullock sheds, it is hereby declared that two adjoining plots of land measuring, more or less respectively 588 and 3.443 square feet, bounded on the north by a public pucca building, well, and the Purba Durwaza Road; south by the Begumbazar Road; east by the land belonging to Nawab Abdoel Gunny, c.s.; and west by the Begumbazar and Purba Darwaza Roads, are required.

2. This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 26th March 1877.

No. 106.—*Notifications.*—Mr. E. S. B. Pereira, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, Officiating Executive Engineer, Bhagulpore Division, to have temporary rank of Assistant Engineer, First Grade, with effect from the 18th November 1876.

The 27th March 1877.

No. 107.—Mr. J. Fennessy, Executive Engineer, Second Grade, assumed charge of the Ganges and Darjeeling Road Division on the 17th current, after noon.

No. 108.—Baboo Kedarnath Roy, Probationary Overseer, Second Grade, joined the Dacca Division on the 12th current, after noon.

The 2nd April 1877.

No. 109.—The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, is republished for information:—

No. 306.—*Furlough and Leave.*—The undermentioned officers are granted furlough to Europe with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

Major George Scott Hills, R.E., Executive Engineer, First Grade, Public Works Department, medical certificate for twenty months, under Rule XIV, Clause 1 of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 110.—The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Public Works Department, is republished for information:—

No. 143.—The following changes are ordered in the grading of superior officers of the Accounts Branch with effect from the dates specified, in consequence of the return from furlough of Lieutenant Colonel Davidson, Major Westminsterland, and Mr. Bayly.

Name	From temporary rank.	To	With effect from
Mr. F. R. Boyce	Examiner, First Class, First Grade.	Examiner, First Class, Second Grade.	March 5th, 1857

No. 111.—*Leave of Absence.*—Major G. S. Hills, R.E., Executive Engineer, First Grade, Officiating Executive Engineer, Bhagulpore Division, is allowed preparatory leave for thirty days.

No. 112.—*Appointment.*—Baboo Gopal Chunder Meekerjee, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, attached to the Presidency Division, to officiate as Executive Engineer of that division as a temporary measure or until further orders.

LOCAL—COMMUNICATIONS.

The 3rd April 1877.

No. 113.—*Declaration under Section 6 of Act X of 1870 of the Government of India.*—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road, to be constructed at the cost of the District Road Committee of Hooghly, of an average width of sixty feet and about 2½ miles in length, extending from the embankment at Doree Chuck, near Boeria Haut, to Dhamsa and Indra Chara, and passing through the villages of Buree Khali Shamsunder Chuck, Permanundo Chuck, Santoshpore, Belkoolai or Khosal Chuck, Basudebpore, Belkoolai Raghudebpore, in pergunnahs Arsah, Mozafarpore, Mozafará, and Darsá, zillah Hooghly, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 40 beeghas of standard measurement, is required within the aforesaid villages of Buree Khali Shamsunder Chuck, Permanundo Chuck, Santoshpore, Belkoolai or Khosal Chuck, Basudebpore, and Belkoolai Raghudebpore.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. E. T. NICOLL, *Major-Genl., R.E.,*
Secretary to the Government of Bengal
in the Public Works Department.

IRRIGATION.

NOTIFICATION—ESTABLISHMENT.

The 2nd April 1877.

No. 102.—*Transfer.*—Baboo Indromoney Mahanty, Overseer, Third Grade, is transferred, in the interests of the public service, from the Balasore Survey Division of the South Western Circle to the Orissa Circle.

The 3rd April 1877.

No. 103.—*Notification.*—Baboo Ramjewan Lall, Sub-Overseer, First Grade, is transferred, in the interests of the public service, from the Western Sone Survey to the Buxar Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 6th March 1877.

F. T. HAIG, *Colonel, R.E.,*
Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal
in the P. W. Dept., Irrigation Branch.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2116, dated 26th March 1877.—Surgeon W. F. Murray received charge of the Backergunge Jail from Surgeon L. Cameron in the forenoon of the 13th instant.

No. 2126, dated 27th March 1877.—Mr. F. W. C. Greenwood received charge of the Shahabad Jail from Mr. G. Porter in the forenoon of the 22nd instant.

S. S. LYNCH, *Deputy Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal.*

HIGH COURT—Original Side.

The following rule having received the sanction of His Excellency the Governor-General in Council, is now published for general information.

The 29th March 1877.

R. BELCHAMBERS, *Registrar.*

It is ordered that the following Rule be passed as a rule and order of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, to take effect from the first day of April 1877:—

No summons or other process issued by the High Court in its Original Jurisdiction for service through another court within its Appellate Jurisdiction shall be transmitted to such court without court fee stamps being affixed thereon denoting the amount of the fee chargeable by such court for serving similar process of its own, and without such stamps being punched and defaced in the usual manner.

RICHARD GARTH.	W. AINSLIE.
F. B. KEMP.	E. G. BIRCH.
LEWIS S. JACKSON.	G. G. MORRIS.
A. G. MACPHERSON.	R. C. MITTEN.
W. MARKBY.	W. F. MACDONELL.
CHARLES PONTIFEX.	J. SEWELL WHITE.

The 6th February 1877.

Sheriff's Office, the 21st March 1877.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fourth Criminal Sessions of the year 1877, of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court-house, in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the sixteenth day of April next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Session be then and there to prosecute.

J. F. OGILVY, Sheriff.

সরিস অফিস, সন ১৮৭৭ সাল ২১ মার্চ।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে শবে বাঙ্গালার কোর্ট উইলিয়ম ফোর্সের অধীন শহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্ত্য জন্য আগামি সন ১৮৭৭ সালের ১৬ই আপ্রিল সোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এং যে পর্য্যন্ত সেশিয়নের কার্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাই কোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৮৭৭ সালের চতুর্থ ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোম কয়েদীর বিক্ষে ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে ইতি।

J. F. OGILVY, Sheriff.

TREASURY NOTICE.

CAPTAIN C. H. GARBETT, Assistant Commissioner, has been placed in charge of the Lohardugga Treasury, and has been authorized to draw bills on all other treasuries.

By order of the Commissioner,
G. C. MITTER, Personal Assistant to Commissioner.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICE.

Orders by the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

The under-mentioned Candidates have passed the Medical Examinations:—

SECOND M. B. EXAMINATION.

FIRST DIVISION.

In alphabetical order.

Rudra, Bhagavatchandra	... Medical College.
Sarkar, Natavar	... Ditto.

SECOND DIVISION.

In alphabetical order.

Bandyopadhyay, Amritalal	... Medical College.
Dás, Manmohan	... Ditto.
De, Devendranath	... Ditto.
Mitra, Mahendranath	... Ditto.
Mukhopadhyay, Kailaschandra	... Ditto.

FIRST M. B. EXAMINATION.

FIRST DIVISION.

Bandyopadhyay, Girijapada	... Medical College.
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SECOND DIVISION.

In alphabetical order.

Basu, Prandhañ	... Medical College.
Chattopadhyay, Bagalacharan	... Ditto.
" Bamacharan	... Ditto.
" Bibhutibhusan	... Ditto.
" Haridás	... Ditto.
Datta, Khiradkumar	... Ditto.
Gangopadhyay, Jadunath	... Ditto.
Malik, Kunjalal	... Ditto.

SECOND L. M. S. EXAMINATION.

In alphabetical order.

Basu, Chandrabhusan	... Medical College.
" Suryanarayan	... Ditto.
Biswas, Mahendranath	... Ditto.
Chakravarti, Harinath	... Ditto.
Champati, Anulyachandra	... Ditto.
Chattopadhyay, Anukulechandra	... Ditto.

Das, Amarnath	...	Medical College.
„ Amritalál	...	Ditto.
„ Hirelal (1st)	...	Ditto.
De, Prasannakumar	...	Ditto.
Ghosh, Jogendranath	...	Ditto.
„ Syamapada	...	Ditto.
Gupta, Bipinvihari	...	Ditto.
„ Narendranath	...	Ditto.
Haldar, Nityacharan	...	Ditto.
Mitra, Nriyagopal	...	Ditto.
Mukhopadhyay, Amritalal	...	Ditto.
„ Pramathanath	...	Ditto.
„ Priyanath	...	Ditto.
Ray, Lalvihári	...	Ditto.
„ Sastivar	...	Ditto.
Sanyal, Kunjalál	...	Ditto.
Sarkar, Gangagovinda	...	Ditto.
Sen, Basantakumar	...	Ditto.
„ Durgananda	...	Ditto.
„ Kedarnath	...	Ditto.
Sinha, Sasibhusan	...	Ditto.
Tillaimuttu, J. C.	...	Ditto.

FIRST L. M. S. EXAMINATION

In alphabetical order.

Athur Ali	...	Medical College.
Bandyopadhyay, Aghornath (1st)	...	Ditto.
„ Isanechandra	...	Ditto.
Basak, Nriyalal	...	Ditto.
Basu, Biharilal	...	Ditto.
„ Manmathanath	...	Ditto.
„ Suryyakumar	...	Ditto.
Bhattacharyya, Jogendranath	...	Ditto.
Brittain, James	...	Ditto.
Chakravarti, Bamacharan	...	Ditto.
„ Bhuvanmohan	...	Ditto.
„ Sitalprasad	...	Ditto.
Chattopadhyay, Aghorchandra	...	Ditto.
Chaudhuri, Apurvakrishna	...	Ditto.
Das, Brajanath	...	Ditto.
„ Indrakumar	...	Ditto.
Datta, Akshaykumar	...	Ditto.
„ Annadaprasad	...	Ditto.
„ Jogindranath	...	Ditto.
„ Revatinmohan	...	Ditto.
Dhar, Rasiklal	...	Ditto.
Ghosh, Lalvihari	...	Ditto.
„ Mahendranath	...	Ditto.
„ Rajkrishna	...	Ditto.
„ Ramchandra	...	Ditto.
„ Suryyakumar	...	Ditto.
„ Syamacharan	...	Ditto.
„ Upendranath	...	Ditto.
Gupta, Priyanath	...	Ditto.
„ Sivchandra	...	Ditto.
Lahiri, Dharanidhar	...	Ditto.
Maitra, Madhusudan	...	Ditto.
„ Trailokyanath	...	Ditto.
Majumdar, Durgacharan	...	Ditto.
Mukhopadhyay, Tinkari	...	Ditto.
„ Badrikanath	...	Ditto.
Purkaith, Purnachandra	...	Ditto.
Ray, Gopikananda	...	Ditto.
„ Khirodechandra	...	Ditto.
„ Mahendranath	...	Ditto.
Sarkar, Atulechandra	...	Ditto.
„ Dvarkanath	...	Ditto.
Sen, Upendranath	...	Ditto.
Sil, Kshetramohan	...	Ditto.
Sinha, Narendraprasanna	...	Ditto.
„ Pratápnarayan	...	Ditto.

SENATE HOUSE,
The 22nd March 1877. }

A. W. CROFT,
Offg. Registrar.

OPIUM NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 232B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fourth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1874-75, 1875-76, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-Room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Friday, the 6th April 1877, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 4 000 chests, viz.—

				Chests.
Behar	Opium	...	...	2,085
Benares	"	..	...	1,915
Total				4,000

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 14th November 1876, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 12th and 21st April 1877 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-Room will be received after 4 P.M. of Thursday, the 12th April 1877, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Saturday, the 21st April 1877.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

DATES.	Behar, about Chests	Benares, about Chests	Total, about Chests
On or about Thursday, 3rd May 1877	2,085	1,915	4,000
On or about Monday, 4th June 1877	2,085	1,915	4,000
On or about Wednesday, 4th July 1877	2,085	1,915	4,000
On or about Thursday, 2nd August 1877	2,085	1,915	4,000
On or about Wednesday, 5th September 1877	2,080	1,920	4,000
On or about Wednesday, 3rd October 1877	2,080	1,920	4,000
On or about Friday, 2nd November 1877	2,080	1,920	4,000
On or about Monday, 3rd December 1877	2,080	1,920	4,000
Total	16,660	15,340	32,000

By order of the Member in charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secy.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L.P., FORT WILLIAM, the 26th February 1877.

No. 397B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fifth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1875-76, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Thursday, the 3rd May 1877, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 4,000 chests, viz.—

				Chests.
Behar	Opium	...	...	2,085
Benares	"	...	...	1,915
Total				4,000

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 14th November 1876, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest date for deposit and clearance will be the 8th and 18th May 1877 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Tuesday, the 8th May 1877, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Friday, the 18th May 1877.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the

dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

Dates.				Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Monday,	4th June	1877	...	2,085	1,915	4,000
On or about Wednesday,	4th July	"	...	2,085	1,915	4,000
On or about Thursday,	2nd August	"	...	2,085	1,915	4,000
On or about Wednesday,	5th September	"	...	2,080	1,920	4,000
On or about Wednesday,	3rd October	"	...	2,080	1,920	4,000
On or about Friday,	2nd November	"	...	2,080	1,920	4,000
On or about Monday,	3rd December	"	...	2,080	1,920	4,000
Total				14,575	13,125	28,000

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 27th March 1877.

No. 415B.

SEALED tenders are hereby invited for the supply of coal, pitch, and iron clamps, required for the opium chests of the Behar Agency of the season 1876-77.

OPIMUM.

A. Money, Esq., C.B.

Tenders will be received in the Office of the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, up to noon of the 16th April 1877.

All particulars as to time and place of delivery, as well as to quantity, description, and quality of the articles, can be obtained on personal application at the said Office.

The party or parties whose tenders may be accepted will be required to enter into an engagement, and, as security for its fulfilment, to deposit with the Board such amount as they may think proper to demand.

The Board reserve to themselves the right of rejecting any tender without assigning any reason for doing so.

By order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Officiating Secretary.*

FORT WILLIAM, the 29th March 1877.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 317B.

With reference to the Financial Department Notification, No. 2887, dated 15th September last, published at pages 497 to 98 of the *Gazette of India* dated 16th idem, the following rules regulating the working of the parcel-post system between Ceylon and Calcutta are published

Customs.

A. Money, Esq., C.B.

with the sanction of Government under Section 4 of the Consolidated Customs' Act VI of 1863 for general information:—

RULES.

I.—On the arrival of any parcels from a foreign port, the Post-Master shall give notice to the Collector of Customs of such arrival, and shall not take any steps to deliver such parcels until the arrival of an officer deputed to attend by the Collector.

II.—Immediately on the receipt of notice from the Post-Master, the Collector shall send to the post-office an appraiser, or other competent officer, to determine the amount of customs duty payable on the parcels.

III.—The customs officer is, as a general rule, to be guided by the declaration of the senders with regard to the contents of parcels; but should he have reason to doubt the correctness of such declaration, he may order the detention of the parcels, and the Post-Master shall on his requisition detain them, pending receipt of the Collector's orders as regards their examination.

IV.—The appraiser shall be provided with a book containing parcel-post passes in triplicate, as per form annexed. Of these passes the appraiser shall fill up, sign, and give to the Post-Master, in exchange for the amount of duty, one form, and shall fill up a second, which will be retained in the book as a counterfoil. The third form shall be filled up by the appraiser, but signed by the Post-Master, and delivered to the appraiser as the post-office entry of the goods. On this latter document the duty is to be passed to account, the cashier giving a receipt for the money, and the import supervisor certifying that it has been duly entered in the registers. The short copy counterfoils are to be signed each day by the accountant as an acknowledgment that the sums realized have been duly paid in from the appraiser's department.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 16th March 1877.

PARCELS POST.

A customs pass has this day been granted to me for packages, received from the contents of which have been returned for duty as follows :—

The Post-Master of Calcutta is hereby authorized to deliver packages received from by post, upon which customs duty has been levied and paid to me as follows :—

PARCELS POST.

Calcutta

13

Number of parcels

Amount of duty, Rs.

Appraiser

Amount credited by No. of 18

I. D. R. No. 502.

Amount received Rs.

Accountant.

Import Supervisor.

Cashier

Post-Master.

The Calcutta; 18 }

The Calcutta; 18 } Appraiser.

Statement showing the quantity of Salt in store available for exportation on private trade at each of the several Ports of Export on the 16th February 1877.

Districts.	Ports.	Quantity.	REMARKS.
		Indian Mds.	
Ganjam	Bavanapadu, at the Nowp-		
	dah salt pans	50,000	
Godavery	Nursapur	50,000	
	Cocanada	50,000	
Kistna	Nizampatam	38,132	
	Madras	.....
Chingleput	Ennore	.....
	Covelong	373,851	
	Neganatam	.....
Tanjore	Katmavady	20,000	
	Tuticorin	184,438	
Tinnevelly	Arasady	31,200	
	Vypaur	60,000	
	Total	857,621	

REVENUE BOARD OFFICE ;
Madras, the 5th March 1877.

C. A. GALTON,
Sub-Secretary.

Published for general information.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 3rd April 1877.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 4, 1877.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Military Secretary's Office, is republished for general information :—

Calcutta, the 29th March 1877.—Notification.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General will leave Calcutta at 5.33 p.m. Calcutta time on Monday next, the 2nd April.

A Guard of Honor with Band and Colour will be drawn up in front of the main entrance, Government House, at 5 p.m., and a Viceregal salute fired from Fort William as His Excellency leaves Government House.

The Commissioner of Police for the Town of Calcutta and Commissioner and Magistrate of Howrah will meet His Excellency at the Howrah Railway Station. No other Officers of Government are required to attend.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 738.—Fort William, the 29th March 1877.—Notifications.—*Public*—During the absence of the Governor General in Council from Calcutta, the Officiating Secretary to the Government of India in the Military Department, Lieutenant-Colonel W. M. Lees, will have charge of that portion of the Home Department which is left at the Presidency.

No. 276.—The 27th March 1877.—Establishments.—Mr. H. C. Richardson is permitted to resign Her Majesty's Bengal Civil Service.

No. 289.—The 28th March 1877.—Mr. V. H. Schalch, c.s.t., is permitted to resign Her Majesty's Bengal Civil Service.

No. 302.—The 29th March 1877.—Appointment.—Mr. J. D. Bell, Barrister-at-law, to officiate as Standing Counsel for the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal during the absence on deputation of Mr. J. Pitt Kennedy, or until further orders.

No. 234.—The 30th March 1877.—Medical—The services of Surgeon A. Crombie, m.b., Junior Civil Surgeon of Rangoon in British Burmah, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

No. 84.—The 30th March 1877.—Education.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint the Hon'ble W. Markby to be Vice-Chancellor of the University of Calcutta in succession to the Hon'ble Sir Arthur Hobhouse, Q.C., K.C.S.I.

No. 98.—The 27th March 1877.—Ecclesiastical.—Special leave for six months, with the usual subsidiary leave, is granted to the Venerable J. Baly, Archdeacon of Calcutta, with effect from the 3rd proximo, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce, is republished for general information :—

No. 274.—The 29th March 1877.—General.—During the absence from Calcutta of the Governor General in Council, Colonel W. M. Lees, Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, will remain in charge of that portion of the Office of the Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce which is left in Calcutta.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Foreign Department, is republished for general information :—

No. 683P.—Fort William, the 27th March 1877.—Notifications—Political.—With reference to Notification No. 1088P, dated 5th May 1876, Mr. A. C. Litchfield, Consul General for the United States of America at Calcutta, resumed charge of his office on 12th March 1877.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department, are republished for general information :—

NOTIFICATIONS.—ACCOUNTS.

Fort William, the 29th March 1877.

No. 1899.—The following letter is published for general information :—

From—The Secretary to the Government of India, Financial Department.

SIR,—BY the Resolution of the Government of India in this Department No. 3334, dated 14th December 1870, and subsequent supplementary orders, the particular administration of certain Services was entrusted to the several Local Governments with fixed Consolidated Allotments from the Imperial Revenues for their support. The Departmental Receipts connected with these Services were also surrendered to the Local Governments, who were allowed to appropriate to provincial uses any surplus, while they were bound to make good from provincial resources any deficit, which might result from their management of the delegated Services.

2. After consideration and consultation with the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, the Governor General in Council has now resolved, upon certain conditions stated in this dispatch, to surrender and entrust the following additional Revenues and Services to the use, management and responsibility of the Government of Bengal.

3. The gross *Excise* Revenue of Bengal has been as follows :

	Rs.
1872-73	57,19,000
1873-74	58,08,000
1874-75	56,34,000 (Year of Scarcity)
1875-76	60,88,000
1876-77	63,00,000

4. It is a reasonable expectation that, for some time to come, this revenue will, without any more particular attention than it now receives, increase by at least a lakh of rupees (net) a year: accordingly, the Governor General in Council will surrender this revenue to the Local Government on condition that an annual increment of Rs. 1,00,000 is contributed to the Imperial Treasury: thus the amount due to the Imperial Treasury from the *Excise on Spirits and Drugs* in Bengal will be as follows :

	Rs.
1877-78	64,00,000
1878-79	65,00,000
1879-80	66,00,000
1880-81	67,00,000
1881-82	68,00,000

5. The revenue from *Sea Customs, Imports and Exports* will remain Imperial: but there are certain minor items shown as "*Sea Customs Miscellaneous*," and "*Warehouse and Wharf Rents*" which have yielded revenue as follows:

	Rs.
1872-73	37,000
1873-74	34,000
1874-75	47,000
1875-76	36,000
1876-77 Regular Estimate	36,000
1877-78 First Estimate	36,000

the Governor General in Council will transfer these items of revenue for an annual payment of Rs. 36,000.

6. *Salt*.—The *Customs and Excise Duty on Salt* must continue Imperial Revenue: but the Governor General in Council will transfer the minor items "*Rents of Warehouses*," "*Fines and Forfeitures*" and "*Miscellaneous*" for a yearly payment of Rs. 2,20,000: the past yield of these items is as follows:

	Rs.
1872-73	1,56,000
1873-74	1,52,000
1874-75	1,55,000
1875-76	1,34,000
1876-77 Regular Estimate	2,20,000
1877-78 First Estimate	2,20,000

7. *Stamps and Law and Justice* have produced revenue as follows:

	Rs.
1872-73	88,31,000
1873-74	91,43,000
1874-75	96,87,000
1875-76	1,05,37,000
1876-77 Regular Estimate	1,06,00,000

Clearly, 2½ lakhs a year is a moderate estimate of the normal growth of these items of revenue: accordingly the Governor General in Council will surrender these revenues to provincial uses for the following annual payments:

	Rs.
To be paid in 1877-78	1,05,75,000
1878-79	1,08,50,000
1879-80	1,11,25,000
1880-81	1,14,00,000
1881-82	1,16,75,000

8. The revenue from *Excise, Stamps and Law and Justice* will be thus surrendered for the next five years: thereafter, the whole arrangement will be subject to revision: and the Governor General in Council must, then, probably claim for the Imperial Revenues a share of any improvement which may ensue under the management of the Local Government in excess of the stipulated annual increments belonging to the Imperial Treasury. While the Government of India is most desirous that the Local Government should benefit largely by any increase of revenue to which improved administration may lead it is evidently reasonable and necessary that the Imperial Revenues should eventually share in such increases. But, inasmuch as a considerable burden is being now imposed upon the Province of Bengal, in order to guarantee to the Imperial Revenues the interest on the capital spent in Bengal on the construction of canals and railways, the Government of India has consented, for the present, to abstain from claiming any part of the further increase which may be expected to these revenues in consequence of the greater attention that they will now doubtless receive from the Local Government.

9. Of the *Marine Receipts*, the Governor General in Council proposes to surrender to the Local Government the following items

Pilotage Receipts.

Registration and other Fees.

Port Receipts.

Other Miscellaneous Receipts, exclusive of any item otherwise in character and exceeding Rs. 10,000.

These Receipts have aggregated the following sums :

	Rs.
1872-73	10,84,000
1873-74	10,18,000
1874-75	10,42,000
1875-76	11,01,000
1876-77 Regular Estimate	10,91,000
1877-78 First Estimate	10,84,000

The Governor General in Council will make them over for an annual payment of Rs. 10,84,000.

10. Of the revenue recorded under *XVIII, Miscellaneous*, the Governor General in Council desires to retain as Imperial only the items "*Premium on Bills*," "*Unclaimed Bills of Exchange*," "*Sale of Durbar Presents*," and any item exceeding Rs. 10,000 which cannot be classified under some sub-division of this Head now existing in the Public Accounts of Bengal. The remainder of the revenue under this Head has been as follows :—

	Rs.
1872-73	8,41,000
1873-74	10,27,000
1874-75	7,12,000
1875-76	7,73,000
1876-77 Regular Estimate	7,71,000
1877-78	7,92,000

The Governor General in Council will assess the revenue transferred under this Head at Rs. 7,92,000.

11. If there should be any new legislation intended to increase or reduce any of the Assigned Revenues, the amount due to the Imperial Revenues will be subject to reconsideration. Subject to this proviso, the following Revenues will be surrendered to the Government of Bengal, for five years, for provincial uses, on its undertaking to make good to the Imperial Revenues in—

	Rs.
1877-78	1,91,07,000
1878-79	1,91,82,000
1879-80	1,98,57,000
1880-81	2,02,32,000
1881-82	2,06,07,000

Revenues to be surrendered to the Government of Bengal for Provincial uses, 1877-78.

- VI.—Excise on Spirits and Drugs.*
- VI.—Customs : "Set Customs Miscellaneous," and "Warehouses and Wharf Rents".*
- VII.—Salt : "Rents of Warehouses," "Fines and Forfeitures" and "Miscellaneous".*
- IX.—Stamps.*
- XIII.—Law and Justice.*
- XIV.—Marine : "Pilottage Receipts," "Registration and other Fees," and "Miscellaneous".*
- XVI.—Miscellaneous (all except "Premium on Bills," "Unclaimed Bills," and any item exceeding Rs. 10,000 which cannot be classified under any subdivision of this Head now existing in the Public Accounts in Bengal).*

12. As regards EXPENDITURE, the Governor General in Council will, for the future, reserve as Imperial only those Grants which, for some particular reason, it seems inconvenient to transfer to provincial management and responsibility. The following Services with the Grants as at present settled for 1877-78, are accordingly made over to the management and responsibility of the Government of Bengal.

13. *Refunds of all the Assigned Revenues.*—The actual expenditure has been as follows :

	Rs.
1872-73	4,31,000
1873-74	4,97,000
1874-75	5,52,000
1875-76	5,12,000
1876-77	4,63,000

The Grant for 1877-78 is, the average of the five years, Rs. 4,91,000.

14. *Land Revenue*.—The Governor General in Council will make over the expenditure which is recorded under this Head in the Accounts for “*Collectors’ and Deputy Commissioners’ &c., Establishments*” and “*Charges on account of Land Revenue Collections*.” The expenditure on these Services in the past has been as follows:

	Rs.
1872-73	21,79,000
1873-74	22,04,000
1874-75	22,89,000
1875-76	22,42,000
1876-77 Regular Estimate	22,68,000

The Grant for 1877-78 is Rs. 22,62,000.

• 15. The expenditure in managing the *Excise* Revenue has been—

	Rs.
1872-73	2,94,000
1873-74	2,90,000
1874-75	2,93,000
1875-76	2,90,000
1876-77 Regular Estimate	2,93,000

The Grant is Rs. 2,92,000 and this sum will be made over for this service.

16. The expenditure on *Customs* Establishments has been—

	Rs.
1872-73	6,52,000
1873-74	6,65,000
1874-75	6,52,000
1875-76	6,69,000
1876-77 Regular Estimate	6,80,000

The Grant is Rs. 6,93,000 which will be made over for this service.

17. Of the *Salt* expenditure the “*Inland Customs Establishment, Behar*,” will be reserved as Imperial, and the expenditure now recorded under the Head of “*Salaries, Establishments and Contingencies*” transferred: past figures are as follows:

	Rs.
1872-73	39,000
1873-74	37,000
1874-75	34,000
1875-76	37,000
1876-77 Regular Estimate	32,000

The Grant is Rs. 39,000.

18. The expenditure on the collection of the *Stamp* Revenue has been—

	Rs.
1872-73	2,95,000
1873-74	2,25,000
1874-75	2,16,000
1875-76	2,34,000
1876-77 Regular Estimate	2,35,000

The Grant is Rs. 2,38,000.

19. The Government of India will make the whole of the expenditure under *Administration* provincial, excepting the Charges for—

- *The Account Office.*
- The Allowance to Bank of Bengal.*
- The Stationery Office.*
- Stationery purchased in the Country.*

Deducting these items, the past expenditure has been as follows:

	Rs.
1872-73	12,69,000
1873-74	12,99,000
1874-75	13,09,000
1875-76	12,54,000
1876-77	12,62,000

The Grant is Rs. 12,61,000.

20. The Government of India wish to reserve as Imperial from the expenditure under 16, *Minor Departments*, only the *Meteorological and Archeological Departments, Census and Gazetteers*. The Grant made for the remainder of the Services recorded under this Head is Rs. 1,68,000, including a large and abnormal Grant of Rs. 1,31,000 for *Cinchona Plantations*.

21. The only item to be reserved as Imperial under *Law and Justice* is the Charge for "*Law Officers*," the actual expenditure for this Service being too unsettled as yet to be the subject of any arrangement. Apart from this item, the expenditure under this Head has been as follows :

	Rs.
1872-73	62,25,000
1873-74	62,97,000
1874-75	64,62,000
1875-76	63,34,000
1876-77 Regular Estimate	63,56,000

The Grant is Rs. 63,97,000.

22. It is proposed to make over the *Marine Charges* shown in the following Statement with a Grant of Rs. 10,92,000 :

Details of Marine Charges to be transferred.

Marine Court.	Shipping Master.	Shipping Fees, Towing Fees and Sundries	Lieutenant-Governor's State Yacht.	Pilotage, Pilot Establishment, and Pilot Vessels.	Victuals, exclusive of Seagoing Vessels, Inland Steamers and Flats, Famine Vessels and G. O.'s State Yacht.	Coal for Lieut. Governor's State Yacht, Pilot, Survey, and Light Vessels, and Steamer <i>Celerity</i> .	Building and repairs of Lieutenant-Governor's Yacht, Pilot, Survey and Light Vessels.	Light Houses and Ships.	Calcutta Port Approaches.	Outports.	Other Miscellaneous Charges.	Total
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1872-73 3,529	16,235	9,177	4,475	6,68,380	34,849	15,278	88,467	7,639	2,11,538	27,656	1,771	10,88,994
1873-74 3,346	17,604	6,005	4,320	6,71,344	38,037	23,439	79,435	7,519	1,85,368	28,786	10,489	10,75,692
1874-75 3,404	18,274	11,390	3,850	6,39,530	35,128	27,337	89,201	7,528	1,89,219	30,985	26,886	10,81,732
1875-76 3,300	15,441	1,749	4,961	6,33,899	33,167	31,373	59,238	7,495	1,84,502	33,658	3,534	10,12,317
1876-77 3,300	16,400	10,700	4,376	6,72,000	37,000	20,000	1,06,525	7,000	1,96,000	25,000	3,800	11,02,101
1877-78 3,500	16,738	10,569	4,376	6,50,463	32,500	29,000	1,35,236	7,540	1,96,000	15,000	60	10,91,98

The reduction in the Grant for 1877-78 under Outports is owing to the transfer of False Point to a Port Trust

23. The cost of *Stationery* including stationery used in the Accountant General's office and Stamps has been—

	Stationery Rs.	Stamps Rs.
1872-73	3,71,954	
1873-74	4,20,007	
1874-75	3,91,997	98,156*
1875-76	4,30,122	91,444
Average	4,03,520	94,650

The Government of India will allow for this item Rs. 4,98,000.

24. The cost of the Police guard on duty at the Government Houses, Calcutta and Barrackpore, is at present charged to the Government of India under the Head as follows :—

	Rs.
For five months during the residence of His Excellency the Governor General at the Presidency, at Rs. 651 a month	3,255
For seven months during His Excellency's absence from Calcutta, at Rs. 336 a month	2,352
During journeys to Barrackpore, &c.	1,080
TOTAL	6,687

The grant for this service is Rs. 7,000.

25. It is proposed to make over the whole *Miscellaneous* Grant, excepting only the item "*Charges for Remittance of Treasure*." The Imperial

Revenues will, however, continue responsible for any charge which may occur under any sub-division of this Grant not now enumerated, and which exceeds Rs. 10,000. The past expenditure has been—

	Rs.
1872-73	18,000
1873-74	18,000
1874-75	31,000
1875-76	22,000

The Grant is Rs. 25,000.

25. The repairs of the offices of the Superintendent of Stamps and Stationery, of the obelisks (navigation marks) on the bank of the River Hooghly and of the Bishop's Palace, which are now Imperial charges have cost in the last five years Rs. 35,000 in all: it is proposed that the responsibility for these buildings and obelisks should hereafter be Provincial, a sum of Rs. 7,000 being assigned for the purpose.

26. The Grants, as now settled for all the expenditure which it is thus proposed henceforth to entrust to Provincial management and responsibility, amount, as shown in the following Statement, to Rs. 2,45,29,000. It is understood, however, that the Local Government will be able and willing to undertake these Services with a Consolidated Grant of somewhat less than Rs. 2,45,29,000. The existing *Provincial Allotment* is Rs. 1,10,59,000: the provision made for the further Services to be now transferred is, thus, Rs. 1,34,70,000, of which Rs. 4,91,000 is for *Refunds*. Five per cent. upon the remainder is Rs. 6,48,950, the Governor General in Council proposes to deduct the sum of Rs. 5,90,000 from the Consolidated Assignment now offered, as follows:

Statement of Expenditure to be transferred to the management of the Government of Bengal.

	Grant for 1877-78 as now settled. Rs.	Retrenchment Rs.	Proposed Net Consolidated Grant Rs.
1.— <i>Refunds of Revenue from Excise, Stamps and Law and Justice, and of Deposits</i>	4,91,000		4,91,000
2.— <i>Land Revenue ("Collectors", Deputy Commissioners, &c., Establishments" and "Charges on account of Land Revenue Collections")</i>	22,62,000		22,62,000
3.— <i>Excise on Spirits and Drugs</i>	2,92,000		2,92,000
4.— <i>Customs</i>	6,93,000		6,93,000
5.— <i>Salt</i>	39,000		39,000
6.— <i>Stamps</i>	2,38,000		2,38,000
7.— <i>Administration (excepting "Account Office," "Allowances to Presidency Banks," "Stationery Office at Presidency" and "Stationery purchased in the Country")</i>	12,61,000		12,61,000
8.— <i>Minor Departments (excepting Meteorological and Archaeological Departments, Census and Gazetteers)</i>	1,68,000		1,68,000
9.— <i>Law and Justice (excepting "Law Officers")</i>	63,97,000	1,00,000	62,97,000
10.— <i>Marine (for the Services enumerated in para. 23)</i>	10,92,000		10,92,000
11.— <i>Political* (Government-House Police Guard)</i>	7,000		7,000
12.— <i>Miscellaneous (excepting "Remittance of Treasure")</i>	25,000		25,000
13.— <i>Stationery and Stamps</i>	4,98,000	50,000	4,48,000
14.— <i>Provincial Allotment as now existing</i>	1,10,59,000	4,40,000	1,06,19,000
15.— <i>Maintenance of Bishop's Palace, Stamps and Stationery Buildings, and River Obelisks</i>	7,000		7,000
Total	2,45,29,000	5,90,000	2,39,39,000

27. A further sum will be added for *Stores bought in England*, as soon as the past expenditure for these items on behalf of Bengal can be ascertained, and eventually, the responsibility for Furlough Allowances and Pensions will, if possible, also be placed upon the Government of Bengal. Meanwhile, the Government of Bengal will be entitled to appropriate to provincial uses any surplus, and will be bound to make good from provincial sources any deficit, which may accrue upon all the Revenues and Services which will be henceforth under its particular management. The Revenues

made over being in 1877-78 Rs. 1,91,07,000, and the Net Consolidated Allotment Rs. 2,39,39,000, the net expenditure from the reserved Imperial Revenues will be Rs. 48,32,000. If less than the following sum in each year is spent, the difference will be added to the *Balance of the Government of Bengal in the Imperial Treasury*; if more, the difference will be taken from that *Balance*.

To be provided from the Reserved Imperial Revenue.

In	Rs.
1877-78	48,32,000
1878-79	44,57,000
1879-80	40,82,000
1880-81	37,07,000
1881-82	33,32,000

28. The conditions under which the Government of Bengal will administer the extended trust thus committed to it are defined in the Resolution of the Governor General in Council in this Department, No. 1709, dated 22nd March 1877.

29. It will be necessary for the Government of Bengal to revise the estimates received with your letter No. 568, dated 22nd February 1877.

The 28th March 1877.

No. 1911.—*Bills drawn upon India by the Secretary of State, 1876-77.*

	£	Rs.	Average rate.	Loss, compared with estimate at an exchange of 2s. the rupee
			s. d.	
Estimated for the whole year	13,660,000	15,99,20,000	1 8 5	2,33,20,000
In the month of March	614,318	70,00,000	1 8 68	8,56,820
In the whole year	12,732,704	14,90,05,501	1 8 51	2,16,78,461
Estimated expenditure in excess of the cost at 2s. the rupee in raising		£ 12,732,704 at 1s 8 51		Rs 2,17,36,944
Actual ditto ditto ditto		" " 1s 8 514		" 2,16,78,461
Expenditure less than estimate				58,483

MINT AND CURRENCY.

The 29th March 1877.

No. 1909.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Coinage Act, 1870, the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorise the Mint Masters to act under Section 16 of the said Act in respect to all coins tendered to them.

No. 1910.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to authorise the Mint Masters to receive, in parcels of not less than one thousand tolas each, silver coins coined and issued under the authority of the Government of India which have lost by reasonable wearing more than two per cent. in weight or have been called in by proclamation, or are from any other reason no longer a legal tender in payment or on account, and to pay for the same by order on the Presidency Bank of Bengal or Bombay, as the case may be, at the rate of one rupee per tola.

PAY AND ALLOWANCES.

The 29th March 1877.

No. 1905.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to rule that, when a Civil Surgeon is required to proceed beyond the limits of his charge in order to appear as a witness in any judicial proceedings, he shall, in addition to the salary of his office, continue to draw the local allowances attached thereto without prejudice to the claim of his *locum tenens* to draw these allowances.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, are republished for general information:—

No. 289.—*Fort William, the 29th March 1877.*—*Appointments and Promotions.*—*Military Secretariat.*—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to notify that the following arrangements for the conduct of business in the Military Department will have effect during the absence this season of His Excellency and the Council from the Presidency:—

Lieutenant-Colonel W. M. Lees, Deputy Secretary, will officiate as Secretary to the Government of India in the Military Department at the Presidency.

Captain A. C. W. Crookshank, 2nd Assistant Secretary, will officiate as 1st Assistant Secretary, vice Captain E. H. H. Collen, proceeding on furlough, and also as

Reports and correspondence on the subjects hereafter specified should be addressed by all Governments and Departments to the Officiating Secretary at Calcutta, *viz.*—

- *1.—Applications for furlough, save for furlough on urgent private affairs, which should be sent to the Secretary to Government with the Governor General. Also all questions relating to the Furlough Regulations.
- 2.—Reports of departure on furlough and of return to duty, with certificates of permission to return, &c.
- 3.—Grant of sick leave to Europe to Officers of the Bengal Presidency when such leave is given from another Presidency.
- *4.—Applications to retire from the service.
- 5.—Estates of deceased officers and soldiers.
- 6.—Claims to medals, or applications for medals, or for decorations to replace those lost or stolen.
- 7.—All ordinary returns and periodical or other documents which are required for mere record, except such as the Secretary to Government with the Governor General may specially intimate, are to be sent to him.

• Through the prescribed channel of the Adjutant General.

No. 297.—Medical Department.—The following paragraphs of a Military letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 65, dated the 15th February 1877, are published for general information:—

Para. 1. The under-mentioned candidates having completed the course of instruction at the Army Medical School, and having been reported qualified, have been appointed Surgeons on the Bengal Establishment, their commissions as such dating from the 30th September 1876:—

James Moorhead, M.D.
Charles Henry Beatson.
Charles William Owen.
Gilbert Saunders Griffiths.
Peter Macpherson Grant.

2. They will be allowed to count as service for full-pay pension the period of their residence at Netley from the 30th of September 1876 to the 5th February 1877, inclusive.

No. 306.—Furlough and Leave.—The undermentioned officers are granted furlough to Europe with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

* * * * *

Surgeon-Major Charles Egbert Wimond Bensley, M.D.,—private affairs, for thirteen months, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

* * * * *

No. 307.—Quartermaster Henry William Hallett, Calcutta Volunteer Rifle Corps, is granted leave of absence to proceed to England for one year on private affairs, from the 28th March 1877.

No. 308.—Major Nablett St. Leger Carter, East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, is allowed leave of absence to proceed to England for three months, from the 7th April 1877.

No. 309.—Captain Charley Henry Denham, East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, is allowed leave of absence to proceed to England for sixteen months, from the 12th April 1877.

* * * * *

No. 316.—Furlough—Pay and Allowances.—

In continuation of G. G. O. No. 126 of 1877, the following Resolution by the Financial Department, No. 789, dated the 15th February 1877, is republished for general information:—

No. 789.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 15th February 1877.

Read—

Endorsement of the Military Department, No. 1068 (Accounts—Remittances), dated 20th December 1876, on a despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, giving retrospective effect to the privilege of drawing furlough pay at the rate of exchange of 2 shillings the rupee granted to those officers who elected the furlough rules of 1868 before the 1st July 1871.

Read also—

Communication from the Military Department, No. 646 (Accounts—Remittances), dated 17th January 1877, forwarding a memorandum from the Accountant General, Military Department, on a reference from the Controller of Military Accounts, Bombay, regarding the rate of exchange at which the difference claimed by officers under the ruling cited above is to be paid.

RESOLUTION.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to decide that the difference due to any Officer shall be paid to him in England in sterling money if he desires it. If paid in India, the difference shall be disbursed at its equivalent in Indian currency at the rate of exchange fixed for the year on account of which the difference is due.

R. L. MANGIES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 4, 1877.

PART II.

Advertisements.

[N.B.—Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this part of the Gazette, cannot be received after Noon on Monday.]

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Midnapore will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 21st day of April 1877, corresponding with 10th Bysack 1284, B. S., and 11th Bysack 1284, U. S. Saturday, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 12th day of January 1877.

Number of the revenue certificate or A.	Number on the revenue certificate.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Name of Proprietor.	Arrears of Government revenue for which the estate will be sold.
<i>Permanently-settled Estate.</i>				
1708	942	Khaeracerra, pergunnah Subbhang.	Modhoo Kola Rai, Kueramrai Rai, Harzoband Rai, sons, Srimata Soorja De, mother and mother-in-law, Raj, minor, and wife of late Luchmarai Rai, Srimata Koushalmoni, Srimatia Aballamoni, and Madanmohan De.	Rs. A P 725 10 2
<i>Temporarily-settled Estate.</i>				
1769	203	Masulpur, pergunnah Pattas-pur.	Arandola Rai, Kaminath Mitter, and Ch. wdhar Gopendra-nandan Das Mohapatra.	2029 0 0
<i>Permanently-settled Estate.</i>				
2019	1100	Nischinta, alias Khaeracerra, pergunnah Subbhang.	Okhoyram Sen, Madanmohan De, Raynerai Sen, Indramohan De, Rajendrata, mother of Radhinath De, and Thakoorday De, minors, Sridhar De, Nimanachandra De, Jauki De, Parbati De, Srimati Satti Das, Srimati Harmanen Das and Duraman Das.	675 10 7
2290	1261	Roman, pergunnah Subbhang.	Manikram Mojomdar, Autsuram Mojomdar, Bhaktaram Mojomdar, Rajibachan Mojomdar, Kaliprasad Mojomdar, Panchanan Mojomdar, Ramch. Baskorah, Bhaktarai Baskorah, Paddalochan Bhasnyah, Moaktaram Mojomdar, Taraprasad De, Subnarai De, minor, father and mother of Ghasiram De, Ramkrishna De, Srimati Biraj-mahomai De and Srimati Birajmahomai Debi.	1,777 15 10
			Deduct joint share of Manikram Mojomdar and others, and separate accounts of Taraprasad De and others, which will not be sold.	1,410 1 0
			Balance, being the separate account of Ramkrishna De, will be sold for arrears of Government revenue Rs. 68-7-4.	367 14 10
2723	1403	Sridharpur, pergunnah Moyna-chour.	Gopinath Barah, Binshidhar Pandah, Srimatia Prasannomoi, Prasannokumar Barah, wife and son of Nabakristo Barah, Menajoodin Mahomed, Srimati Bajessari De, Kousomoi De, wife of Fakir Chandra Patlak, Seng-darinarai Myti, Mothoomohan Maht, Santosorani Maht.	929 14 2
			Deduct separate accounts of Menajoodin Mahomed and others, which will not be sold.	419 6 8
			Balance, being the joint share of Gopinath Barah, Binshidhar Pandah, Srimatia Prasannomoi, Prasannokumar Barah, wife and son of Nabakristo Barah, will be sold for arrears of Government revenue Rs. 6-7-11.	510 7 6
2735	1507	Taldapara, pergunnah Baroi-chour.	Chandrasekhur Kar, Radhakristo Das, father and mother of Kuchonath Das, minor, Jodeonath Das, and Jitram Kar.	542 1 1
2760	1519	Ochurassipur, pergunnah Kusajorah.	Hykantonath Keondoo, Pearimoni Debbia, Nilkanta De, Srimaran Myti, Srimati Charn Nandi, Luchmarai Patra, Srimatia Soondari Das, Mohan Patra, Bhagshari Patra, Soondari Das, Srimatia Mohanmahi De, wife of Gora Chand Mohapatra, and Srimatia Jauki De, wife of Bhag-baticharn Bhattachary.	5295 3 1
			Deduct joint share of Hykanto Nath Keondoo, and separate accounts of Srimaran Maite and others, which will not be sold.	2025 3 1
			Balance, being the separate account of Pearimoni Debbia and Nilkanta De, will be sold for arrears of Government revenue Rs. 88-12-0.	3270 0 0

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

NOTICE.

UNDER SECTION 69 OF ACT V (B.C.) OF 1870.

THE following packages, landed at the Jetties from the undermentioned ships, have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item, they will be sold under Section 72 of the said Act.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	Number, Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1877.			
March 27	42 Cases, B. L. & Co. ...	Order	S. S. Scotland.
" 27	10 Cases, B. L. & Co., or T. H. & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 27	30 Cases, C in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 27	1 Case, D G in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 27	1 Bar Steel, D in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 27	1 Flat Bar, no mark ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 27	3 Bundles Hoop Iron, C B ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 27	2 Cases, J E B ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 27	11 Packages, J W B in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 27	1 Case, J S in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 27	10 Tubes Steel, Scott & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 27	1 Case, V. H. & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 27	8 Packages, L M B in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 27	1 Cask, L S & G S ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 27	2 Cases, M E in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 27	1 Case, 225 in a diamond, bottom M. C. & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 27	1 Case, M S ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 27	2 Cases, 226 in a diamond, top N M, bottom K M ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 27	3 Cases, P in a triangle, bottom S & C ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 27	1 Case, Nicol, Fleming & Co. ...	Addressed	Ditto.
" 27	1 Case, J M E, or P. & Co., with 1007 below in a diamond, bottom B. B. & Co. ...	Order	Ditto.
" 27	2 Bales, 28 in a diamond, top R B ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 27	3 Bundles Tubes, diamond, top R B ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 27	3 Packages, S in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 27	1 Parcel, Private T. Barrett, F Company, 1-14th Regiment, Benares. ...	Addressed	Ditto.
" 27	1 Parcel, H A & N D ...	Order	Ditto.
" 27	1 Parcel, S H & H J ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 27	1 Parcel, Dr. Fitzpatrick, Deputy Secretary, Legislative Department, Supreme Government, India. ...	Addressed	Ditto.
" 29	46 Drums, H ...	Order	S. S. Mediator.
" 29	27 Packages, C T R ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	79 Cases, C L S ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Drum, H, or no mark ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	13 Bundles Hoop Iron, N in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	161 Rails, D in a triangle, bottom J ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	10 Bales, K in a triangle ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Tin Box, K C S ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Cask, L S G D in a cross ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Cask, O. S. & Co. in a diamond, bottom C ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case, M in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	20 Cases, M B H R in a cross inside a heart ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case, R T C, with T A below ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	2 Casks, R T C ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	19 Drums, R T C, or no mark ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	31 Broken Pieces Spelter, D B ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	49 Broken Pieces Spelter, P T, with B below ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case, T D P in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	5 Cases, J S W L in a cross ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	20 Cases, 500 in a diamond, bottom W L ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Bale, W T B M in a cross ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case, N. F. & Co. in a block, top M ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case Sample, H ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	2 Packages Sample, Messrs. Turner, Morrison & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case Sample, F. C. Mears & Co. ...	Addressed	Ditto.
" 29	1 Sample Parcel, G S H in a diamond, B S T in a diamond. ...	Order	Ditto.
" 29	1 Sample Parcel, Nicol, Fleming & Co. ...	Addressed	Ditto.
" 31	1 Case, Anderson, Wright & Co. ...	Ditto	S. S. Napaul.
" 31	2 Cases, 123 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside ...	Order	Ditto.
" 31	1 Case, 632 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 31	1 Case, Captain Badgley, Shillong, Cassyah Hills, Upper Assam. ...	Addressed	Ditto.
" 31	2 Cases, C S S in a diamond ...	Order	Ditto.
" 31	100 Cases, C. C. F. & Co., with P below ...	Ditto	Ditto.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	Number, Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1877.			
March 31	1 Case, C in a diamond, top W A, bottom Madras ...	Order	S. S. Nepaul.
" 31	1 Trunk, H. C. Crawford ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 31	1 Case, C. F. Daniell ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 31	2 Casks, D H M ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 31	6 Packages, F. G. & Co., with L below ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 31	2 Cases, F. S. & Co. in a diamond, bottom J M, Bellary.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 31	2 Cases, Captain H. L. Gwyn, Royal Artillery, care of King, Hamilton & Co.	Addressed	Ditto.
" 31	1 Case, Miss Hirschel Baronet, care of Colvin, Cowie & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 31	2 Cases, H M S in a block ...	Order	Ditto.
" 31	64 Bars Flat Iron, no mark ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 31	2 Castings, S S J, with J C & W L below ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 31	2 Cases, L S, with N below in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 31	1 Case, A. C. Lyall, Esq., Civil Service, care of King, Hamilton & Co.	Addressed	Ditto.
" 31	2 Cases, M E S in a diamond, bottom M ...	Order	Ditto.
" 31	1 Case, Nicol, Fleming & Co. ...	Addressed	Ditto.
" 31	1 Keg, no mark ...	Order	Ditto.
" 31	1 Keg, R in a triangle, bottom H R N, Madras ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 31	1 Case, S. & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 31	4 Cases, S in a triangle, top E K ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 31	1 Case, T in a diamond, bottom O. Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 31	11 Packages, W H, with M below in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 31	1 Sample Parcel, C. R. Marindin, c.s., Buxar, Bengal	Addressed	Ditto.
" 31	1 Sample Case, R. C. Carrington, Marine Survey Department, Calcutta.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 31	1 Sample Case, Officers' Mess, 34th Regiment, Ferozepore, Punjab.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 31	1 Sample Parcel, O X or D ...	Order	Ditto.
" 31	1 Sample Parcel, Todd, Findlay & Co., Rangoon ...	Addressed	Ditto.
" 31	1 Sample Parcel, the Oriental Bank Corporation, O. F.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	2 Drums, 28 in a block, top R B ...	Order	S. S. Bengal.
" 29	100 Barrels, R B in triangle ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	3 Cases, 551 in a diamond, bottom W L ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	18 Cases, A H H ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	24 Packages, A P in a triangle ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	2 Cases, 233 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Cask, A W in a diamond, bottom Akyab ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case, W E B in a diamond, or B. I. S. N. Co., L A ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case, Alexis Bull, Esq., Mchund Tea Estate <i>via</i> Negri Ting, Upper Assam, care of Williamson, Mager & Co.	Addressed	Ditto.
" 29	3 Cases, B. C. & Co. in a diamond ...	Order	Ditto.
" 29	4 Packages, B N L ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	71 Packages, B. L. & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	2 Packages, B C in a diamond, bottom H J, Rangoon	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	5 Packages, B R B ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case, B in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	3 Cases, B & Co. in a diamond, bottom S E C ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	4 Cases, B & Co in a block ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case, C. P. Carmichael, Esq., Benares ...	Addressed	Ditto.
" 29	1 Cask, 295 in a diamond, top C Co. ...	Order	Ditto.
" 29	4 Packages, C B in a block, bottom H. S. K. & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case, D T B or D S in a diamond, bottom S S ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case, D N, with E G below in a circle ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case, D W, Darjeeling ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case, E J V in a diamond, top C P ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	6 Packages, Major Foster, 89th Regiment, Rangoon, Burmah.	Addressed	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case, H & M I in a triangle, bottom C A B ...	Order	Ditto.
" 29	19 Packages, Heoper ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case, H G M in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case, 245 in a diamond, top H C, bottom D D ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case, H in a diamond, bottom R M D ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Bundle Bar Iron, no mark ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	13 Cases, J D B, Moulmein ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case, K N R, bottom Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case, Dr. E. D. Lawrie, Calcutta ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	2 Cases, L B, with H below in an inverted triangle	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Cask, L S G D in a cross ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case, L & R, with D below in a diamond, bottom H. S. K. & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	96 Cases, M with 18 below in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case, James Melville, Esq., Rangoon, care of Todd, Findlay and Co.	Addressed	Ditto.
" 29	2 Casks, M S D ...	Order	Ditto.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	Number, Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1877.			
March 29	3 Cases, no mark	Order ...	S. S. Bengal.
" 29	1 Casting, N. F. & Co. in a block	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 29	2 Cases, 28 in a diamond, bottom N L	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case, 271 in a diamond, top N N	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case, N. C. D. & Co. in a block, bottom F. T. B. and Co.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 29	1 Empty Cask, P M L with B below	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 29	13 Kegs, 28 in a block, top R B	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 29	12 Cases, K in a diamond, or Donald Robertson, care of Grindlay and Co.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case, 678 in a block, top R B	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case, R K S in a diamond, bottom F. T. B. & Co.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 29	9 Cases, S P D	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 29	10 Cases, S & M	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case, S E C	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 29	2 Cases, 266 in a diamond, top S K	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 29	3 Cases, 500 in a diamond, bottom W L	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 29	1 Case, W. G. W. & Co. in a cross inside a block	Ditto ...	Ditto.
April 2	7 Drums, no mark	Ditto ...	S. S. Mediator.

The 2nd April 1877.

(1239—1)

W. DUFF BRUCE, *Vice-Chairman.*

Hooghly Floating Bridge.

Statement of Receipts from Local Traffic for the week ending 29th March 1877.

	FOOT-PASSENGERS.		VEHICLES.		Total.	REMARKS.
	Calcutta to Howrah.	Howrah to Calcutta.	Calcutta to Howrah.	Howrah to Calcutta.		
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Total of the week	472 6 6	421 13 0	612 15 0	545 11 0	2,052 13 6	
Total of previous twelve weeks	4,690 10 3	4,581 3 3	6,185 3 9	5,985 7 0	21,745 8 9	
Total	5,163 0 9	5,005 15 3	7,098 2 9	6,531 2 0	23,798 5 3	

CALCUTTA, the 2nd April 1877.

(1241—1)

G. H. SIMMONS, *Secretary.*

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 27th March 1877

LIABILITIES.			Rs.	A.	P.	ASSETS.			Rs.	A.	P.
Capital paid up ... ..	...	...	2,00,00,000	0	0	Government Securities ... ..	...	...	96,00,000	3	
Reserve Fund ... ..	...	...	16,71,119	2	6	Loans on Government Securities, &c., at Head Office and Branches ... ..	...	...	48,89,520	5	
Public Deposits at Head Office	Rs. 83,05,408	8 6	1,80,16,215	7 11		Accounts of credit on Government Securities, &c., at Head Office and Branches ... ..	...	...	40,61,000	15	
Ditto at Branches	97,09,803	15 5				Bills discounted and purchased at Head Office and Branches ... ..	...	...	2,10,85,482	5	
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches ... ..	...	...	1,95,87,581	9	8	Balances with other Banks ... ..	...	...	6,93,972	10	
Bank Post Bills, &c. ... ..	...	...	4,24,185	11	3	Bullion ... ..	...	...	6,15,351	7	
Sundries ... ..	...	...	8,68,670	7	1	Dead Stock ... ..	...	...	10,32,000	15	
						Stamps ... ..	...	...	10,803	13	
						Sundries ... ..	...	...	2,38,422	15	
									0		
									1,23,35,263	11	
						Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office, Rs. 70,81,959	12 8	1,82,31,508	11		
						Cash and Currency Notes at Branches	1,11,40,548	14 8			
Rupess ... ..	...	...	6,05,66,772	6	4				Rupess	6,05,66,772	6

By order of the Directors,

J. GORDON,

W. D. CRUICKSHANK,

Chief Acctt. & Dy. Secy.
(1236—1)

Offy. Secretary and Treasurer.

BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, the 29th March 1877.

LOST CURRENCY NOTES.

THE following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned:—

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
459	L 96-66425	10	Grish Chunder Roy.
460	L 85-16315	1,000	Maherwan Khoda Bux.
462	L 81-52769	50	Jugdeo Sahai.
463	L 83-67099	100	Ram Lal Gossain.
464	L 81-69108	50	Hurry Mohun and Peary Mohun Roy.
467	L 83-17498	100	William Young, c.s., Collector, Mainpuri.
"	" -05439	100	
"	" -38934	100	
"	" -38935	100	
"	" -38936	100	
468	L 83-77237	100	Messrs. Colvin, Cowie & Co.
"	" -77238	100	
"	" -77239	100	
"	" -77240	100	
"	" -77241	100	
"	" -77242	100	R. DeDombal.
"	" -77256	100	
"	" -77262	100	
469	L 83-14439	100	
470	N 7-02892	1,000	Joy Chundra Vorjo.
471	L 83-80932	100	Messrs. H. A. Coggan & Co.
475	L 91-04458	20	The District Superintendent of Police, Patna.
"	L 90-18704	20	
"	L 86-56931	10	
"	L 87-35815	10	
"	L 96-78881	10	
"	L 74-93081	10	Amerto Lal Mookerjee.
"	L 76-40867	10	
576	L 67-59490	50	
477	L 83-68656	100	Khetra Mohan Chatterjee.
478	L 83-65089	100	Hara Kissen Das.
479	L 81-60426	50	Messrs. Colvin, Cowie & Co.
"	" -60797	50	

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

523	L 52-49973	500	Mohanundo Roy.
"	" -07703	500	
"	" -42599	500	
"	A 80-01251	500	
"	L 82-69261	100	
529	L 69-85873	100	Sadaree Beparce.
"	L 82-75844	100	
"	" -85473	100	
"	L 19-64247	50	
"	L 81-18230	50	
"	L 80-32863	20	Shutanath Paul.
"	" -73935	20	
"	" -32865	20	
"	L 89-09216	20	
"	L 80-37931	20	
530	L 19-18577	50	Canti Chandra Banerjee.
"	L 67-12645	50	
531	L 73-52737	10	
532	L 51-95536	100	
533	L 95-40643	10	
534	L 48-89774	20	Gonesh Panday.
535	L 86-69233	10	Prosanna Coomer Chakrabarty.
536	L 96-04520	10	Surbessur Mitter.
"	L 26-65080	5	
537	L 59-22707	10	G. T. Sabna
538	L 67-60524	50	Bamon Das Mookerjee.
539	A 78-36353	10	H. H. Macleod.
"	L 16-81395	5	
"	L 11-21248	5	Brojo Lal Mittra.
540	L 26-29823	5	
541	L 86-69937	10	Miss M. Mendies.
542	L 25-67983	5	Grish Chandra Chowdhury.
543	L 17-21867	5	Hurro Lal Mozoomdar.
"	" -21868	5	
544	L 62-07079	10	Lalla Mithoo Lal.
"	L 87-17533	10	
545	L 60-41037	10	Hafeezoola Khan.

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
546	L 32-46446	10	S. Toom.
547	L 67-04542	50	Mohana Chandra Das Gupta.
548	L 83-60155	100	W. O. A. Beckett.
549	L 87-62812	10	Mrs. A. Cox.
550	L 57-65081	10	Motookdhary Lal.
551	L 81-25950	50	F. Wyatt.
552	L 46-13109	20	Tara Chand Das.
"	L 15-76006	5	
"	L 24-09549	5	
553	A 93-61868	20	Debendra Krishna Mittra.
554	L 11-40294	5	Benod Lal Sen Gupta.
555	L 66-93356	50	R. E. Forest.
"	L 81-05283	50	
"	L 69-14386	100	
556	L 25-57888	5	Shoshcebhooosun Banerjee.
"	L 21-18842	5	
557	L 52-73869	500	Goluck Chundra Coondoo.
"	L 82-35245	100	
"	L 83-07567	100	
"	L 64-70138	20	
"	L 90-73109	20	
"	" -58736	20	Ramrutton Taccor.
558	L 21-85129	5	
351	L 73-94741	10	The Chief Pay-Master, E. I. Railway, Calcutta.
"	" -94742	10	
352	L 26-21403	5	G. M. Young.
"	" -51402	5	
353	L 89-35534	20	The Manager, Lowrie's Hotel, Kalka.
"	" -35535	20	
354	L 17-73348	5	Mrs. E. Jeffrey.
"	" -73356	5	
355	L 17-63947	5	Brojo Gopaul Ghosh.
"	L 15-44172	5	
356	L 80-82842	20	Issen Chunder Sen.
"	L 79-97893	20	
357	L 80-36484	20	Shama Pada Bhutta-charjee.
"	L 77-08677	20	
358	L 44-94833	10	Jodoo Nath Chakravarty.
"	" -94832	10	
181	L 39-05780	10	Aughore Chunder Chatterjee.
"	" -02502	10	
360	L 21-33838	5	Shank Abdulla.
"	" -33839	5	
361	L 89-59783	20	Tara Chand Das.
"	" -59283	20	
362	L 76-12757	10	The Manager, Commercial Union Assurance Company, Calcutta.
"	" -12756	10	
363	L 25-60338	5	Nundiram Dass.
"	" -60339	5	
364	L 61-90208	10	Pitamber Banerjee.
"	L 74-01093	10	
365	L 95-44590	10	Kedar Nath Mitter.
"	" -44591	10	
366	L 22-10392	5	Dhurmo Das Palit.
"	" -10390	5	
"	L 15-47609	5	
"	" -47601	5	
"	L 20-65709	5	
"	" -65760	5	

R. E. HAMILTON.

Offg. Asst. Commr. of Paper Currency.

PAPER CURRENCY DEPT., the 3rd April 1877.

Notice.

List of Unclaimed Packages in the Custom House Wharf.

Mark or Number of Packages.	Ships
1 Case, [A. S. & Co.] 2230	City of Ponah.
3 Bars Flat Iron, no mark	Ditto.
1 Bar Flat Iron, R C D	Sultan.
1 Bundle Square Iron, R C D	Ditto.
1 Parcel, S H & H J	Ditto.
1 Case, [4] 23 M. C. & Co.	Star of Denmark.
1 Bundle Rod Iron, no mark	Ditto.
1 Bundle Hoop Iron, H P C	Pandora.
3 Bars Flat Iron, no mark	Thessalas.
1 Keg, [B W] W S	British Sceptre.
1 Cask, D H M 19	Ditto.
20 Bundles Round Iron, no mark	Ditto.

Mark or Number of Packages.	Ships.
2 Bundles Square Iron, no mark	Ditto.
2 Bars Square Iron, no mark ...	Ditto.
23 Bars Flat Iron, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Cask, D D ...	Ditto.
2 Bars Flat Iron, no mark ...	Queen Victoria.
1 Cake Spelter, S ...	Queen Margaret.
1 Parcel, Borradaile, Schiller & Co.	Ditto.
1 Parcel, no mark ...	Ditto.
2 Barrels, no mark ...	Cathcart.
7 Bars Round Iron, no mark ...	Ditto.
6 Bars Flat Iron, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Parcel, N. M. Sein ...	Almora.
1 Parcel, Hafegoolah ...	Ditto.
1 Case, no mark ...	Orion.
1 Case, N K M ...	City of Venice.
1 Case, no mark ...	City of Manchester.
72 Kegs, D D 524-95 ...	Ditto.
18 Anvils, D D 606-23 ...	Ditto.
3 Cases, D D 596-98 ...	Ditto.
100 Cases, [3 194] R J P B 377-476	Ditto.
7 Cases, [320] 257-60 ...	Ambassador.
1 Case, [120] 293 ...	Ditto.
16 Iron Rollers, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Case, K C S ...	St. Maur.
22 Bars Flat Iron, no mark ...	Ditto.
2 Casks, [D H M] C ...	City of Madrid.
46 Bars Flat Iron, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Bundle Corrugated Iron, D ...	Ditto.
2 Bars Round Iron, B M S ...	Eldorado.
1 Case, C. P. & Co., 335 ...	Ditto.
1 Case, T. M. Gribble, Esq. ...	Ditto.
1 Cask, no mark ...	Ditto.
4 Bundles Nail Rod Iron, no mark.	Ditto.
1 Case, [R G H C S] C & B 69	Ditto.
1 Case, W. M. & B. & Co., 50, or Captain Kerr.	Ditto.
2 Bundles Red. Twist ...	Ditto.
1 Case, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Case, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Pack, [S S] S E C 1-50 ...	Duke of Lancaster.
2 Cases, [181] M. C. & Co. 236-37	Ditto.
1 Case, Alexander Watson, Esq. ...	Ditto.
1 Cake Spelter, L ...	Ditto.
1 Bundle Sheet Iron, D W F ...	Peshawur.
1 Case, N J H. Madras ...	Viceroy.
1 Case, no mark ...	Ditto.
1 Sheet Galvanized Iron, no mark	Darien.
1 Bundle Sheet Iron, R P ...	City of Edinburgh.
1 Sheet Iron, no mark ...	Ditto.
3 Bars Round Iron, J S ...	Ditto.
2 Bars Flat Iron, no mark ...	Ditto.
2 Broken Iron Pipes, no mark ...	Ditto.
2 Casks, F S 266-67 ...	City of Cambridge.
3 Cases, T. H. Biggs, Esq., Accountant-General's Office, Lahore.	Indus.
1 Case, Captain Drury, Meerut	Ditto.
1 Parcel, S H & H J ...	Ditto.
1 Parcel, Dwarkanath Dutt & Nephew.	Ditto.
1 Pack, Thomas Carritt, Esq. ...	Ditto.
18 Cases, [71-8672] ...	John Davie.
2 Iron Rails, no mark ...	British Sceptre.
1 Case, Mrs. Talbot ...	Sir John Lawrence.
1 Cask, A C ...	Commalla.
11 Kegs, no mark ...	C. N.
7 Cases, Gunpowder, &c., at Moya-pore Magazine [E] A. B. & Co.	Cholula.

N. B.—The above will be sold if not cleared within the 14th of April 1877.

T. B. LANE, Collector of Customs.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS, the 2nd April 1877.

Notice.

UNDER orders of the Government of India, the hourly meteorological observations hitherto taken at the Surveyor-General's Office day and night have been discontinued with effect from the 1st instant.

GOVERNMENT SEN, in charge of the Observatory.
SURVEYOR-GEN'L'S OFFICE, CALCUTTA, the 1st April 1877.

Notice.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the Kendrapara and High Level Canals will be closed for annual repairs for the period of one month from 30th April to 31st May 1877, both days inclusive.

F. T. HAIG, Col., R.E., Joint Secretary.

Wanted

AN Accountant for the Durbhungah Collectorate. Salary Rs. 40. Apply, sending copies of testimonials to Collector.

Serampore Municipality.

A COMPETENT person is required to make a survey of the drainage of the villages of Mahesh and Rishra. Terms Rs. 200.
(1242-2) A. H. HAGGARD, Chairman.

REQUIRED for the Court of the District and Sessions Judge of East Burdwan a Sarrishtidar; salary Rs. 120, rising to Rs. 200 per mensem; and a Nazir; salary Rs. 100, rising to Rs. 200 per mensem. Applications, with copies of testimonials, to be sent to the undersigned before the 15th April. A thorough knowledge of English and Bengalee, together with previous experience of public business (other qualifications being equal, a preference will be given to experience of the work of a civil court), with testimonials of character and conduct, are indispensable essentials in candidates; and it is requested that persons not possessing all these qualifications will abstain from applying for an appointment which they will have no chance of obtaining. The Nazir will be required to give Rs. 5,000 security, and applications for this office should state clearly the security which can be offered. The present head clerk is acting as Nazir and is a candidate for the appointment. Should he be found to be the most suitable of the candidates who come forward, the head clerkship will be vacant. The salary is Rs. 80 per mensem. Candidates for this post must write a good English hand, and must have had experience in the correspondence department of a public office.

C. D. FIELD, District Judge.

BURDWAN JUDGE'S COURT, dated 24th March 1877.

বিজ্ঞাপন।

এতদ্বারা সর্বসাধারণকে জ্ঞাত করণ যাঁহাতে জিল চাকর অধীন যুগ্মশিক্ষিত মন্তব্যর সংস্থায় যল-খরী মন্দির তীরে যে প্রতি বৎসর বিখ্যাত কার্তিক দশমির (যেলা হ'য়) থাকে তাহা এই বৎসর এক মাস কালমাত্র স্থায়ী হইবে, অর্থাৎ ইংরেজি ১৮৭৭ সনের ২০ নবেম্বর মোতাবেক ১৮৮৬ সনের ৬ অগ্র-হারণ হইতে আরম্ভ হইয়া ৬ সনের ১১ ডিসেম্বর মোতাবেক ১ গোঁষ তারিখে তৎ হইবেক, গণিতা বাদসাহী ইত্যাদি লোক সকল এই এক মাসের মধ্যে ক্রয় বিক্রয়-সমাদ করিবেন ইতি।

D. R. LYALL,

জেল চাকর মাজিস্ট্রেট।

اشتهار

بذریعہ اسکے عامہ خلیق کو واقف کروایا جا رہا ہے کہ ضلع دھاگہ کے مانتعت محکمہ منشی گنج کے منصل دھلری دریا کے کنارے جو ہر سال مشہور کارٹک پارٹی کا میلہ ہوا کرتا ہے وہ میلہ آئیں سال ایک مہینہ تک قائم رہیگا یعنی سنہ ۱۸۷۷ مسیحہ کا بیسوا نمبر مطابق سنہ ۱۲۸۴ ہنگلہ کا چہارمین اگن سے شروع ہو کر اسی سن کے آیسویں دجیمبر مطابق پانچویں یوس کو شکست ہوگا تجارت پیشے لوگ وہی ایک مہینہ کے درمیان خرید فروخت آخر کرینگے فقط

D. R. LYALL,

صاحب مجسٹریٹ ضلع دھاگہ

Stone-metal.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of stone-metal for the road from Beaulah to Nattore, in the district of Rajshahye, or a portion thereof. The stone-metal to be screened to 2-inch cubes, and the quantity (to be arranged hereafter) to be stacked before the 31st October next, at three or four places on the road which are easily accessible by water during the rains.

Persons sending tenders should state the minimum quantity in cubic feet that they will be able to supply at the rates offered.

It must be distinctly understood that the undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

All tenders to be sent in on or before the 10th of April.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

J. C. M. FORBES, C.E., Dist. Engr., Rajshahye.

The 10th March 1877. (1205-3)

WE have this day authorized Mr. Francis Arthur Eagleton to sign our firm. SIMPSON & Co.
CALCUTTA, the 29th March 1877. (1235-3)

NOTICE is hereby given that there is certain Government Paper in this Office purporting to belong to Bebee Murray, pensioner of Colonel P. Murray.

A. B. MILLER, *Official Assignee.*

OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE'S OFFICE, CALCUTTA.
The 22nd March 1877. (1224-6)

IN pursuance of Rule 17 of the High Court Rules dated 11th September 1873, it is hereby notified that the undersigned intends to apply to the High Court to be admitted to practise as a Vakeel of the said Court.

BACHARAM GHOSH, *Pleader,*
Judge's Court, 24-Perquannahs.

(1237-4)

Kalacherra Tea Company, "Limited."

AT the Meeting of Shareholders held to-day a final dividend of 4 per cent., payable on and after 2nd proximo (making 10 per cent. for the season), was declared, and warrants for the same will be delivered on presentation of scrip.

BORRADAILL, SCHILLER AND CO., *Secretaries.*

CALCUTTA, 23rd March 1877. (1234-1)

Durrung Tea Company, "Limited."

THE Twenty-fifth Half-yearly General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the registered Office of the Company, No. 4, Fairlie Place, at noon, on Saturday, the 7th April 1877.

By order of the Directors,

SCHORNE, KILBURN & CO., *Secretaries.*

CALCUTTA, the 27th March 1877. (1232-2)

Jokai (Assam) Tea Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that the fourth and final call of Rs. 25 per share on the new issue of capital has been made payable on the 16th April next, at the Company's Bankers, the Delhi and London Bank, "Limited."

By order of the Directors,

BALMER, LAWRIE & CO.

103, CLIVE STREET, 10th March 1877. (1191-3)

Bishnath Tea Company "Limited."

NOTICE OF SEVENTEENTH DIVIDEND.

WARRANTS for the final dividend of 5 per cent. on the capital called up to 31st December last (making 15 per cent. for the season 1876), declared at the meeting of Shareholders held on the 29th ultimo, will be granted on or after the 9th instant on presentation of scrip.

WILLIAMSON, MAGOR & CO., *Secretaries.*

CALCUTTA, the 2nd April 1877. (1240-2)

Cocheela Tea Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that at 12 o'clock noon on the 7th day of April 1877, an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above Company will be held at the registered Office, No. 104, Clive Street, when the following resolution will be proposed:—

That the 15th Article of Association of the Company be amended by adding between the words "new shares" and the words "shall be considered" the following words, namely "unless it shall be otherwise determined at the general meeting sanctioning such increase of capital."

BORRADAILL, SCHILLER & CO., *Managing Agents.*

CALCUTTA, the 20th March 1877. (1238-1)

Eastern Cachar Tea Company, "Limited."

SEASON 1876.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that the Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Eastern Cachar Tea Company, Limited, will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 14, Old Court House Street, on Wednesday, the 18th April, at noon, to receive the Directors' report and accounts for the year ending 31st January 1877, to declare a dividend, and to transact such other business as may be brought forward.

OCTAVIUS, STEEL & CO., *Agents & Secretaries.*

CALCUTTA, the 27th March 1877. (1230-4)

Amluckie Tea Company, "Limited."

THE First Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the registered Office, No. 12, Mission Row, on Monday, the ninth day of April 1877, at 3 p.m., for the purpose of receiving the Managing Agent's report, passing the accounts for the season ending 31st December last, declaring a further dividend, and transacting such other business as may be brought forward.

The meeting will afterwards be made special for the purpose of altering the Articles of Association by substituting, in the first line of clause 11, the Roman numeral VII for the Roman numeral IX, and by substituting, in the second line of clause 37, the words "provided in regard to notices of general meetings" for the word "mentioned."

The share transfer books of the Company will be closed from the 26th March to the 9th April, both days inclusive.

BEGG, DUNLOP & CO., *Managing Agents.*

CALCUTTA, 20th March 1877. (1216-3)

PURSUANT to a decree of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, made in suit No. 232 of 1876 (wherein Albert Birmingham Miller, Official Assignee of the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta and Assignee of the estate and effects of William DeMonte Sinaea, an Insolvent, is plaintiff, and Frederick John Fergusson, the Official Trustee of Bengal, is Defendant), and dated the 30th day of November 1876, the creditors of the late firm of Messrs. Joseph Barretto and Sons, of the Town of Calcutta, Merchants and Agents, who have executed a certain trust deed for the benefit of creditors dated the 10th day of March 1827 and expressed to be made between Luis Joseph Barretto and Edward Brightman, surviving members of the said firm of Messrs. Joseph Barretto and Sons of the first part, John Palmer, William Ainslie, George Ballard, William Melville, and Robert Browne, of the second part, and the several persons, creditors of the said Luis Joseph Barretto and Edward Brightman, who by themselves or their respective attorneys should execute the said Indenture of the third part, and all other persons claiming to be interested in the said trust deed are, on or before Saturday, the 28th day of July 1877, to send to the Office of the Registrar of this Court in its Original Side their names, addresses, and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree.

Every creditor holding any security may produce or transmit the same to the Registrar with particulars of his claim, or shall produce the same before the Judge for the time being exercising original jurisdiction in the Court-house on Saturday, the 11th day of August 1877, at 11 of the clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.

R. BELCHAMBERS, *Registrar.*

DIGNAM AND ROBINSON, *Plaintiffs' Attorneys.*

The 16th March 1877. (1222-3)

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

In the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

IN the matter of BAMACHURN MOOKERJEE, an Insolvent. On Tuesday, the 20th day of March instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 1st day of May next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

S. J. LESHE, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 27th day of March 1877

POSTAL NOTICES.

SOME difficulty has been experienced in making known to the public in Great Britain the conditions under which overland parcels can be sent out to India, and it is thought that the following notice respecting the conditions may be useful to persons in India who may have occasion to order parcels to be sent to them from Great Britain.

2. Particular attention is drawn to the *N. B.* at the foot of the Notice, which contains the first notice of an important reduction in the rate of charge for parcels containing books.

PARCEL POST FROM GREAT BRITAIN TO INDIA.

1. Persons wishing to send parcels to any part of British India, can do so through the *Indian Parcel Post Agency*—established under authority of the Director General of the Post Office of India—at 122, Leadenhall Street, E. C., and (Branch Office) at 25, Cockspur Street, S. W.

2. *The Charge of Parcels* is 1s. per lb. or fraction of a lb. (*prepayment optional*), covering transit from London to destination in India. Insurance may be effected, if desired, at the rate (to be prepaid) of 1s. up to 3l. value, 2s. 6d. up to 10l. value, and 5s. up to 20l. value. Indian Customs duty (if chargeable) will be realized from the addressee.

3. *The maximum weight, size, and value* of a parcel are—weight 50 lbs., size 2 feet long by 1 foot broad and 1 foot deep, value 20l.

4. *The following are forbidden contents*:—Jewellery, watches, precious stones, liquids, or articles of a dangerous or damaging nature.

5. *Mode of packing and address*:—Parcels must be entirely closed and securely packed and fastened; a covering of cloth or water-proof sewn at the edges being recommended. The Indian address should be legibly written, with the superscription, "By Indian Parcel Post."

6. *A letter of advice*, stating name and address on parcel, contents and value for Custom House clearance, with legible signature and address of sender, should be sent to the Office (see clause 1) with each parcel, accompanied by payment, if it be desired to prepay or insure the parcel.

7. *A receipt* will be given (by the Company) for each parcel received from the country, and for other parcels, if required.

8. *Parcels from the country* (including all those not booked by the sender or their messengers or agents in person at the London Offices) may be forwarded to the Office in London (see address below) by railway, or any other means available; but the parcel with the Indian address, as in clause 5, should in such case be enclosed in an *outer covering*, bearing the address, "Indian Parcel Post Agency, 122, Leadenhall Street, London, E.C." The charges for carriage to the above address are additional to charges for transit or insurance under clause 2, and may be prepaid to the local carrying agent, or left to be paid on delivery in London, and subsequently collected from the addressee. The letter of advice (see clause 6), with any payment desired for transit or insurance (payment by post should be by cheque or money order, payable to A. M. Bethune), should be sent to the same address by letter post, and the *receipt* will in such case be forwarded by post.

N.B.—(With effect from 1st May 1877) Parcels containing books (or articles treated as books under the British Inland Book Post rules) will be charged at half the rates, viz. 6d. per pound.

E. R. DOUGLAS, for Director-General of the
Post Office of India.
CALCUTTA, the 12th March 1877.

List of Unclaimed Letters lying in the Calcutta Post-Office on the 3rd April 1877.

Adams, Geo.	Blood, A. R.
Alfred, C.	Bluet, Mrs. F. M.
Allan, W. H.	Boissaye, Monsieur.
Anthony, W.	Boswell, W.
Authray, A.	Brance, W.
Arson, G.	Breslauer, M.
Bayly, Lieut.-Col. A. R.	Brown, W. M.
Benselley, R. S.	Burgess, Mrs. A. R.

List of Unclaimed Letters lying in the Calcutta Post-Office on the 3rd April 1877.

Burgess, Hugh.	Mackintosh, D. S.
Burke, M.	McClellan, W.
Cole, Robert.	McKeilar G. B.
Daly, C.	McMullin, M.
Davies, H.	McQueen, Mrs.
Denison, Col. R. A.	Michael, S.
Dodgson, Chas. H.	Miller, Mrs.
Dolle, Mrs. E.	Mitchell, T. C.
Doran, E.	Moorhead, S.
Dunsford, Mrs. K. C.	Myer, Geo.
Edwards, G. W.	Palmer A. H.
Erskine, Miss A.	Parker, H. B.
Falmon, B.	Peach, Mrs.
Farmer Mrs. L.	Percy, Hugh L. H.
Forbes, A.	Peters, S.
Ferrari, Dr. D. A.	Powell, Mrs. W. H.
Gasper, A.	Radford, Mrs. E.
Geddies, A. C.	Reid, Louis D.
George, David.	Renardine, Mrs. P.
Giovanni, Mons.	Smale, John.
Goodard, Mrs.	Smith G. B.
Gordon, James.	Smith, Mrs. E. F.
Gould, W. G.	Sowerly, J. A.
Granger, John H.	Story, Mrs.
Hallahan, P. J.	Stone, Lieut.
Hendrix, Rev. E. R.	Teil, George & Co.
Higgins J.	Thorpe, W.
Hörner, F.	Vaux, Mrs. A.
Houston, P.	Walker, Mrs.
Howard, W. H.	Wallis, A. H.
Jackson, Mrs. H. W.	Wane, Innes B.
Jackson, L. W.	Watkins, Miss C. F. A.
Jones, C. M.	Weibar, C.
Kelly, Jas.	Winscom, Miss.
Law, Mrs.	Winn, Mrs.
Linton, Mrs.	Woods, Miss.
Logan, Bellew.	Worne, Miss M.
Lohr, Chas.	Wotherspoon, Geo.
Mackenzie, G. R.	

Letters marked "Care of Post-Office to be kept till called for."

Ameer Ally.	Jones, B. F.
Andrew, Walter G. G.	Kelly, Edward.
Arthur, Geo.	King, H. W.
Battye, Major H. D.	Lewis, J. W.
Beale, William.	MacIntyre, A.
Biggs, Robert O. C.	Meyer, H. G.
Bonerjee, Dr.	Mitchell, Capt. G.
Brownfield, M.	Mitchell, Miss.
Bromehead, Revd.	Moran, Frank Conyngham.
Buckley, C. W.	Morgan, Mrs. Milton.
Caddy, D. G.	Moseley, Capt. W. H.
Campbell, Major. C. W.	Norman, J. R.
Campbell, Mrs. William.	O'Brien, T. H.
Carrington & Wigley.	Penny, P.
Chapman, Capt.	Pierce, Mrs. J. O.
Clarkson, Mr.	Piper, Mr. G.
Collom, J.	Power, W.
Cranbourn, Mrs.	Reed, J.
Crawford, H.	Richardson, Geo.
Crossly, R.	Rowcliffe, R. H.
Donagan, N.	Schapiro, D.
Eaton, Mrs. G. W.	Scotti, A. L.
E. F. W.	Simpson, W.
E. M.	Smith F.
Forbes, Mrs. L. R.	Stone, B. J.
Fawley, M. A.	Taylor, G. W.
Glukman, Lione.	Terlecki, Miss.
Good, J. W.	Thomas, S. B.
Graham, Mrs.	Thomas, W. L.
Gray, William.	Watson, J. B.
Hudson, Thos.	Willard, J. C.
Huguenot, M.	Williams, C. A.
Jackson, J. W.	Williams, W. J.
Jenkinson, Mrs.	Wilson, G.
Johnstone, Ross.	Zacharias, A. H.

Papers.

Battye, Major H. D.	Richardson, Geo.
Bellany, J.	Ryder, A.
Caddy, D.	Stewart, A.
Holland, Capt.	Williams, C. A.
Jones, B. F.	

Parcels.

Anderson, Mrs. John Logan, B.

Registered Letters.

Cosing, H. Francis, Marple.
 Fagan, L. O'Brien, C.
 Ferrari, Dr. A. Spence, A. W.
 Forbes, Mrs. L. R. Watts, W. (Engineer.)
 Forlong, Major-Genl.

W. ALPIN, *Offg. Post-Master of Calcutta.***SEA AND OVERLAND MAILS.**

For	Box closes at	Date.	Per Steamer.
Madras, Ceylon, and the Intermediate Ports	7 P.M.	4th April	Madras.
Rangoon, Moulmein and Straits	7 "	8th "	Mee a
Chittagong, Akyab and Kyauk Phyoo	7 "	8th "	Commilla.
Madras, Ceylon, and the Intermediate Ports, Mauritius, Batavia, Singapore, and China	7 "	9th "	Meinam.
Persian Gulf	7 "	10th "	From Bombay

The next Overland Mail via Bombay will close at the General Post-Office on Friday, the 6th April 1877, by which mails for Mauritius, St. Denis, Réunion, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Delagoa Bay, Natal, Cape of Good Hope, the Comoro Islands, and Madagascar can be forwarded.

2. Book-post and pattern-packets must be posted on the 6th April 1877.

N.B.—The letter box will close at 7 P.M. precisely, after which hour Overland letters, fully prepaid and bearing an extra postage stamp of two annas on each cover, will be received up to 7.30 P.M. or bearing an extra postage stamp of four annas on each cover up to 8 P.M.

W. ALPIN, *Offg. Post-Master of Calcutta.*

CALCUTTA, the 3rd April 1877.

Nuddea Rivers.

Weekly Water Report showing the least depth of water in the Bhagiruttee, Matabangah, and Jellinghee Rivers for the week ending Friday, the 30th March 1877.

Names of Rivers.	Least Depth of water.	Ft. In.
BHAGIRUTTEE.		
Entrance below Chourania	...	6 3
Thence to Noorpore Junction, 6 miles	...	4 6
Thence to Jungipore, 9 miles	...	3 0
From Jungipore to Berhampore, 47 miles	...	3 0
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 50 miles	...	2 3*
From Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles	...	2 9†
MATABANGAH.		
Entrance	...	Closed.
Thence to Tatarparah	...	
From Tatarparah to Hât Bolia	...	
From Hât Bolia to Boalmaree	...	
From Boalmaree to Alickdeah	...	
From Alickdeah to Kissengunge	...	
JELLINGHEE AND BYRUB.		
Entrance of Byrub from the Ganges	...	5 6
Thence to Junction with the Jellinghee	...	3 3
From Junction of Byrub and Jellinghee to Teakatta	...	3 6
From Teakatta to Nuddea	...	3 6

Height of water on gauge at Berhampore on the 2nd April 1877, above zero, 1 foot 7 inches.

T. H. WICKES, C.E.,
Exe. Engr., Nuddea Rivers Division.

BERHAMPORE, the 2nd April 1877.

* In one place only boats drawing 3 feet can pass.
 † Boats drawing 3 feet can pass.

The following books may be had from the office of Superintendent, Government Printing, No. 8, Hastings Street. No orders can be attended to unless accompanied by a remittance. When postage stamps are forwarded, one anna additional should be sent for every rupee's worth of stamps for discount in exchanging them for cash. Service labels are not received.

Books required on the public service are only supplied when authorized by the Department under whose orders they are published.

List of Officers appointed by the Government of India in the Financial Department, and of the Office Establishment of the Financial Secretary to the Government of India, with appendix, published monthly. Price of each number 8 annas; packing and postage 2 annas.

Bengal Civil Service Gradation List, with appointments, &c., published every quarter. Price per quarter, Re. 1; packing and postage, 2 annas.

CORRECTED UP TO 1ST DECEMBER 1876.

Third authorized edition; royal 8vo., limp covers, with (for the first time) copious indices.

The Civil Pension Code. Price, Re. 1-12; packing and postage, 5 as.

The Civil Leave Code. Price, Re. 1-8; packing and postage, 4 as.

The Acting Allowance Code. Price As. 12; packing and postage, 3 as.; or

The Three Codes in one volume. Price, Rs. 3-8; packing and postage, 10 as.

Printed slips containing alterations and additions will be available to the public monthly, at Rs. 2 per annum, including postage.

Pay, Pension, and Promotion Code for the Military Services in India, corrected up to 1st May 1876.

Vol. I.—British Troops. Price Rs. 4; packing and postage, 12 annas; interleaved copies, Rs. 5; packing and postage, Re. 1-4.

Vol. II.—Native Troops. Price Rs. 2; packing and postage, 6 annas; interleaved copies, Rs. 2-8; packing and postage, 10 annas.

The Indian Appendix to the British Musketry Regulations, 1876. Price, Re. 1; packing and postage, 4 annas; interleaved copies, Re. 1-4; packing and postage, 4 annas.

32mo. super royal, with numerous plates, roan morocco and clasp, lettered.

Carbine and Rifle Exercises and Musketry

Instruction; also Regulations regarding Ranges, Appliances, Arms, and Ammunition, &c., for the Cavalry and Infantry of the Native Army in India. Revised 1875. Price, Rs. 2-4; packing and postage, 4 annas.

Revised (Indian) Army Regulations, Regulations and Orders for the Army of the Bengal Presidency corrected to 31st December 1872. Published by authority. Royal 8vo., cloth boards. Price, Rs. 4; packing and postage, Re. 1. Interleaved copy, Rs. 5; packing and postage, Re. 1-12.

Royal 8vo., cloth; second edition.

Transport Regulations, Part II.—Transport of Troops by Railway. Price Re. 1-8; packing and postage, 6 annas.

Regulations for the Volunteer Forces in India, 1875. Price Re. 1; packing and postage 4 annas.

Army List—New Number.

The Official Quarterly Army List of H. M.'s Forces in Bengal, to which is appended the Civil Service Gradation List, corrected up to 1st April 1877. Price Rs. 4; packing and postage, 8 annas.

Also

The Medical and Subordinate Medical portion of the Army List, published separately. Price 8 annas.

P. W. D. Classified List, corrected up to 1st October 1876. *Price Rs. 2; packing and postage, 4 annas.*

In 3 vols., Super-royal 8vo., cloth, lettered.

The Unrepealed General Acts of the Governor-General in Council from 1834 to June 1876, with chronological table; edited by Whitley Stokes, Secretary to the Government of India in the Legislative Department. *Price Rs. 8 per volume; packing and postage Re. 1-8 per volume extra.*

Super-royal 8vo., cloth, lettered.

The Madras Code: consisting of the unrepealed Madras Regulations, Acts of the Supreme Council relating solely to Madras, and Acts of the Governor of Fort St. George in Council; with Chronological Table. *Price, Rs. 8; packing and postage, Re. 1-4*

Super royal 8vo., cloth.

The Oudh Code: consisting of the Bengal Regulations and the Local Acts of the Governor General in Council in force in Oudh. *Price Rs. 4-8; packing and postage, 10 annas.*

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PART V.

Acts of the Legislative Council of India.

[Second Publication.]

The following Act of the Governor-General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor-General on the 14th March 1877, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. VI OF 1877.

An Act for postponing the day on which the Opium Act, 1876, is to come into force.

WHEREAS the Opium Act, No. XXIII of 1876, section one, enacts that the said Act shall come into
Preamble.

force on the first day of April 1877: And whereas it is expedient to postpone the day on which such Act shall come into force; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. The said Act No. XXIII of 1876 shall come into force, not on the first day of April 1877, but on such day as the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, direct in this behalf.

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[First Publication.]

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor General on the 30th March 1877, and is hereby promulgated for General information:—

ACT No. X OF 1877.

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THE FIRST SCHEDULE.—A.—Statute repealed.**B.—Acts repealed.****C.—Regulation repealed.****THE SECOND SCHEDULE.—Chapters and sections extending to Mufassal Courts of Small Causes.****THE THIRD SCHEDULE.—Bombay enactments.****THE FOURTH SCHEDULE.—Forms.***An Act to Consolidate and amend the Laws relating to the Procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature.*

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the laws relating to the procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

PRELIMINARY.

Short title.

1. This Act may be cited as "The Code of Civil Procedure;" and it shall come into force on the first day of October 1877.

Commencement.

This section and section 8 extend to the whole of British India. The other sections extend to the whole of British India except the Scheduled Districts as defined in Act No. XIV of 1874.

Local extent.

2. In this Act, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—

Interpretation-clause.

"chapter."

"chapter" means a chapter of this Code:

"district" means the local limits of the jurisdiction of a principal civil

"district."

"District Court." Court of original jurisdiction (hereinafter called a 'District Court'), and includes the local limits of the ordinary original civil jurisdiction of a High Court: every Court of a grade inferior to that of a District Court and every Court of Small Causes shall, for the purposes of this Code, be deemed to be subordinate to the High Court and the District Court:

"pleader" means every person entitled to appear and plead for another in Court, and includes an advocate, a vakil and an attorney of a High Court:

"pleader."

"Government Pleader" includes also any officer appointed by the Local Government to perform all or any of the functions expressly imposed by this Code on the Government Pleader.

"Collector" means every officer performing the duties of a Collector of land-revenue:

"Collector."

"judgment" means the statement given by the Judge as the grounds of the order or decree by which a suit or other judicial proceeding is determined:

"judgment."

"decree" means the formal order of the Court in which the result of the decision of the suit or other judicial proceeding is embodied. An order on appeal, remanding a suit for re-trial, is not within this definition:

"decree."

"Judge."

"Judge" means the presiding officer of a Court:

"judgment-debtor" means any person against whom a decree or order has been made :

"decree-holder" means any person in whose favour a decree or any order capable of execution has been made, and includes any person to whom such decree or order is transferred :

"written" includes printed and lithographed, and "writing" includes print and lithography :

"signed" includes "marked" when the person making the mark is unable to write his name :

"foreign Court" means a court situate beyond the limits of British India and not having authority in British India nor established by the Governor General in Council :

"foreign judgment" means the judgment of a foreign Court :

"public officer" means a person falling under any of the following descriptions (namely) :—

Every Judge ;

Every covenanted servant of Her Majesty ;

Every commissioned officer in the military or naval forces of Her Majesty while serving under Government ;

Every officer of a Court of Justice whose duty it is, as such officer, to investigate or report on any matter of law or fact, or to make, authenticate or keep any document, or to take charge or dispose of any property, or to execute any judicial process, or to administer any oath, or to interpret, or to preserve order in the Court, and every person specially authorized by a Court of Justice to perform any of such duties ;

Every person who holds any office by virtue of which he is empowered to place or keep any person in confinement ;

Every officer of Government whose duty it is, as such officer, to prevent offences, to give information of offences, to bring offenders to justice, or to protect the public health, safety or convenience ;

Every officer whose duty it is, as such officer, to take, receive, keep or expend any property on behalf of Government, or to make any survey, assessment or contract on behalf of Government, or to execute any revenue process, or to investigate, or to report on any matter affecting the pecuniary interests of Government, or to make, authenticate or keep any document relating to the pecuniary interests of Government, or to prevent the infraction of any law for the protection of the pecuniary interests of Government, and every officer in the service or pay of Government, or remunerated by fees or commission for the performance of any public duty.

And in any part of British India in which this Code operates, "Government" includes the Government of India as well as the Local Government.

3. The enactments specified in the first schedule hereto annexed are hereby repealed to the extent mentioned in the third column of the same schedule.

But when in any Act, Regulation or Notification passed or issued prior to the day on which this Code comes into force, reference is made to Act VIII of 1859, Act XXIII of 1861, or the 'Code of Civil Procedure,' or to any other Act hereby repealed, such reference shall, so far as may be practicable, be read as applying to this Code or the corresponding part thereof ;

Nothing herein contained shall affect the procedure prior to decrees in any suit instituted or appeal presented before this Code comes into force.

4. Save as provided in the second paragraph of section 3, nothing herein contained shall be deemed to affect the following enactments (namely) :—

The Central Provinces Courts Act, 1865 :

The Panjáb Courts Act, 1865 :

Act No. XXVII of 1867 :

The Oudh Civil Courts Act, 1871 :

The Panjáb Appeals Act, 1873 :

The Burma Courts Act, 1875 :

or any local law prescribing a special procedure for suits between landlord and tenant, or any local law providing for the partition of immoveable property.

And where under any of the said Acts concurrent civil jurisdiction is given to the Commissioner and the Deputy Commissioner, the Local Government may declare which of such officers shall for the purposes of this Code be deemed to be the District Court.

5. The chapters and sections of this Code specified in the second schedule hereto annexed extend (so far as they are applicable) to Courts of Small Causes constituted under Act No. XI of 1865. The other chapters and sections of this Code do not extend to such Courts. And nothing herein contained shall be deemed to enlarge the powers which such Courts now possess for the purposes of effecting attachments or executing decrees.

6. Nothing in this Code affects the jurisdiction or procedure—

(a) of Military Courts of Request ;

(b) of a single officer duly appointed in the Presidency of Bombay to try small suits in military bázars at cantonments and stations occupied by the troops of that Presidency ; or

(c) of Village Munsifs and Village Pancháyats under the provisions of the Madras Code ;

(d) of the Recorder of Rangoon sitting as an Insolvent Court in Rangoon, Maulmain, Akyab or Bassein,

or shall operate to give any Court jurisdiction over suits of which the amount or value of the subject-matter exceeds the pecuniary limits (if any) of its ordinary jurisdiction.

7. With respect to—

Saving of certain Bombay laws.

(a) the jurisdiction exercised by certain jágirdárs and other authorities invested with powers under the provisions of Bombay Regulation XIII of 1830 and Act XV of 1840 in the cases therein mentioned; and

(b) cases of the nature defined in the enactments specified in the third schedule hereto annexed,

the procedure in such cases and in the appeals to the Civil Courts allowed therein, shall be according to the rules laid down in this Code, except where those rules are inconsistent with any specific provisions contained in the enactments mentioned or referred to in this section.

8. Save as provided in sections 3, 25, 86, 223, 225, 386 and chapter XXXIX, this

Presidency Small Cause Courts.

Code shall not extend to any suit or proceeding in any Court of Small Causes established in the towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay.

But the Local Government may, by notification published in the official Gazette, extend to any such Court this Code or any part thereof, except so far as relates to appeals and reviews of judgment.

Division of Code.

9. This Code is divided into ten Parts as follows:—

- The first Part: Suits in General.
- The second Part: Incidental Proceedings.
- The third Part: Suits in particular Cases.
- The fourth Part: Provisional Remedies.
- The fifth Part: Special Proceedings.
- The sixth Part: Appeals.
- The seventh Part: Reference to and Revision by the High Court.
- The eighth Part: Review of Judgment.
- The ninth Part: Special Rules relating to the Chartered High Courts.
- The tenth Part: Certain Miscellaneous Matters.

PART I.

OF SUITS IN GENERAL.

CHAPTER I.

OF THE JURISDICTION OF THE COURTS AND RES JUDICATA.

No person exempt from jurisdiction by reason of descent or place of birth.

10. No person shall, by reason of his descent or place of birth, be in any civil proceeding exempted from the jurisdiction of any of the Courts.

11. The Courts shall (subject to the provisions herein contained) have jurisdiction to try all suits of a civil nature excepting suits of which their cognizance is barred by any enactment for the time being in force.

Explanation.—A suit in which the right to property or to an office is contested is a suit of a civil nature, notwithstanding that such right may depend entirely on the decision of questions as to religious rites or ceremonies.

12. Except where a suit has been stayed under section 20, the Court shall not try any suit in which the matter in issue is also directly and substantially

in issue in a previously instituted suit for the same relief between the same parties, or between parties under whom they or any of them claim, pending in the same or any other Court, whether superior or inferior, in British India having jurisdiction to grant such relief, or in any Court beyond the limits of British India established by the Governor General in Council and having like jurisdiction, or before Her Majesty in Council.

Explanation.—The pendency of a suit in a foreign Court does not preclude the Courts in British India from trying a suit founded on the same cause of action.

13. No Court shall try any suit or issue, in

Res judicata.

which the matter directly and substantially in issue has been heard and finally decided by a Court of competent jurisdiction, in a former suit between the same parties, or between parties under whom they or any of them claim, litigating under the same title.

Explanation I.—The matter above referred to must in the former suit have been alleged by one party and either denied or confessed, expressly or impliedly, by the other.

Explanation II.—Any matter which might and ought to have been made ground of defence or attack in such former suit shall be deemed to have been a matter directly and substantially in issue in such suit.

Explanation III.—Any relief claimed in the plaint, which is not expressly granted by the decree, shall, for the purpose of this section, be deemed to have been refused.

Explanation IV.—A decision is final within the meaning of this section when it is such as the Court making it could not alter (except on review) on the application of either party or reconsider of its own motion. A decision liable to appeal may be final within the meaning of this section until the appeal is made.

Explanation V.—Where persons litigate *bona fide* in respect of a private right claimed in common for themselves and others, all persons interested in such right shall, for the purpose of this section, be deemed to claim under the persons so litigating.

Explanation VI.—Where a foreign judgment is relied on, the production of the judgment duly authenticated is presumptive evidence that the Court which made it had competent jurisdiction, unless the contrary appear on the record; but such presumption may be removed by proving the want of jurisdiction.

When foreign judgment no bar to suit in British India. 14. No foreign judgment shall operate as a bar to a suit in British India—

(a) if it has not been given on the merits of the case:

(b) if it appears on the face of the proceedings to be founded on an incorrect view of international law or of any law in force in British India:

(c) if it is in the opinion of the Court before which it is produced contrary to natural justice:

(d) if it has been obtained by fraud:

(e) if it sustains a claim founded on a breach of any law in force in British India.

CHAPTER II.

OF THE PLACE OF SUING.

15. Every suit shall be instituted in the Court of the lowest grade competent to try it.

Suits to be instituted where subject-matter situate.

16. Subject to the pecuniary or other limitations prescribed by any law, suits

- (a) for the recovery of immoveable property,
- (b) for the partition of immoveable property,
- (c) for the foreclosure or redemption of a mortgage of immoveable property,
- (d) for the determination of any other right to or interest to or in immoveable property,
- (e) for compensation for wrong to immoveable property,

(f) for the recovery of moveable property actually under distraint or attachment, shall be instituted in the Court within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the property is situate:

Provided, that suits to obtain relief respecting, or compensation for wrong to, immoveable property held by or on behalf of the defendant may, when the relief sought can be entirely obtained through his personal obedience, be instituted either in the Court within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the property is situate, or in the Court within the local limits of whose jurisdiction he actually and voluntarily resides, or carries on business, or personally works for gain.

Explanation.—In this section ‘property’ means property situate in British India.

17. Subject to the limitations aforesaid, all

Suits to be instituted where defendants reside or cause of action arose. other suits shall be instituted in a Court within the local limits of whose jurisdiction—

- (a) the cause of action arises, or
- (b) all the defendants, at the time of the commencement of the suit, actually and voluntarily reside, or carry on business, or personally work for gain; or
- (c) any of the defendants, at the time of the commencement of the suit, actually and voluntarily resides, or carries on business, or personally works for gain: provided that either the leave of the Court is given, or the defendants who do not reside, or carry on business, or personally work for gain as aforesaid acquiesce in such institution.

Explanation I.—Where a person has a permanent dwelling at one place and also a lodging at another place for a temporary purpose only, he shall be deemed to reside at both places in respect of any cause of action arising at the place where he has such temporary lodging.

Explanation II.—A Corporation or Company shall be deemed to carry on business at its sole or principal office in British India or, in respect of any cause of action arising at any place where it has also a subordinate office, at such place.

Illustrations.

(a.) A is a tradesman in Calcutta. B carries on business in Delhi. B, by his agent in Calcutta, buys goods of A, and requests A to deliver them to the East Indian Railway Company. A delivers the goods accordingly in Calcutta. A may sue B for the price of the goods either in Calcutta, where the cause of action has arisen, or in Delhi, where B carries on business.

(b.) A resides at Simla, B at Calcutta, and C at Delhi. A, B and C being together at Benares, B and C make a joint promissory note payable on demand, and deliver it to A. A may sue B and C at Benares, where the cause of action arose. He may also sue them at Calcutta, where B resides, or at Delhi, where C resides; but in each of these cases, if the non-resident defendant objects, the suit cannot be maintained without the leave of the Court.

18. In suits for compensation for wrong done to person or moveable property, if the wrong was done within the local limits of the jurisdiction of one Court and the defendant resides, or carries on business, or personally works for gain within the local limits of the jurisdiction of another Court, the plaintiff may at his option sue in either of the said Courts.

Illustrations.

(a.) A, residing in Delhi, beats B in Calcutta. B may sue A either in Calcutta or in Delhi.

(b.) A, residing in Delhi, publishes in Calcutta statements defamatory of B. B may sue A either in Calcutta or in Delhi.

(c.) A, travelling on the line of a Railway Company whose principal office is at Howrah, is upset and injured at Allahabad by negligence imputable to the Company. He may sue the Company either at Howrah or at Allahabad.

19. If the suit be to obtain relief respecting, or compensation for wrong to, immoveable property situate in single districts, but within jurisdictions of different Courts, the suit may be instituted in the Court within whose jurisdiction any portion of the property is situate; provided that, in respect of the value of the subject-matter of the suit, the entire claim be cognizable by such Court.

If the immoveable property be situate within the limits of different districts, the suit may be instituted in any Court, otherwise competent to try it, within whose jurisdiction any portion of the property is situate.

20. If a suit which may be instituted in more than one Court is instituted in a Court within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the defendant or all the defendants does not or do not actually and voluntarily reside, or carry on business, or personally work for gain, the defendant or any defendant may, after giving notice in writing to the other parties of his intention to apply to the Court to stay proceedings, apply to the Court accordingly;

and if the Court, after hearing such of the parties as desire to be heard, is satisfied that justice is more likely to be done by the suit being instituted in some other Court, it may stay proceedings either finally or till further order, and make such order as it thinks fit as to the costs already incurred by the parties or any of them.

In such case, if the plaintiff so requires, the Court shall return the plaint with an endorsement thereon of the order staying proceedings.

Every such application shall be made at the earliest possible opportunity, and in all cases before the issues are settled; and any defendant not so applying shall be deemed to have acquiesced in the institution of the suit.

21. Where the Court, under section 20, stays

Remission of court-fee where suit instituted in another Court. proceedings, and the plaintiff re-institutes his suit in another Court, the plaintiff shall not be chargeable with any court-fee; provided that the proper fee has been levied on the institution of the suit in the former Court, and that the plaintiff has been returned by such Court.

22. Where a suit may be instituted in more

Procedure where Courts in which suit may be instituted are subordinate to the same appellate Court. Courts than one, and such Courts are subordinate to the same appellate Court, any defendant, after giving notice in writing to the other parties of his intention to apply to such Court to transfer the suit to another Court, may apply accordingly; and the appellate Court, after hearing the other parties, if they desire to be heard, shall determine in which of the Courts having jurisdiction the suit shall proceed.

23. Where such Courts are subordinate to

Procedure where they are not so subordinate. different appellate Courts, but are subordinate to the same High Court, any defendant, after giving notice in writing to the other parties of his intention to apply to the High Court to transfer the suit to another Court having jurisdiction, may apply accordingly. If the suit is brought in any Court subordinate to a District Court, the application, together with the objections, if any, filed by the other parties, shall be submitted through the District Court to which such Court is subordinate. The High Court may, after considering the objections, if any, of the other parties, determine in which of the Courts having jurisdiction the suit shall proceed.

24. Where such Courts are subordinate to

Procedure where they are subordinate to different High Courts. different High Courts, any defendant may, after giving notice in writing to the other parties of his intention to apply to the High Court within whose jurisdiction the Court in which the suit is brought is situate, apply accordingly.

If the suit is brought in any Court subordinate to a District Court, the application, together with the objections, if any, filed by the other parties, shall be submitted through the District Court to which such Court is subordinate,

and such High Court shall, after considering the objections, if any, of the other parties, determine in which of the several Courts having jurisdiction the suit shall proceed.

25. The High Court or District Court may, on

Transfer of suits. the application of any of the parties, after giving notice to the parties and hearing such of them as desire to be heard, or of its own motion, without giving such notice, withdraw any suit whether pending in a Court of first instance or in a Court of appeal subordinate to such High Court or District Court, as the case may be, and try the suit itself, or transfer it for trial to any other such subordinate Court competent to try the same in respect of its nature and the amount or value of its subject-matter.

For the purposes of this section, the Courts of Additional and Assistant Judges shall be deemed to be subordinate to the District Court.

The Court trying any suit withdrawn under this section from a Court of Small Causes shall, for the purposes of such suit, be deemed to be a Court of Small Causes.

CHAPTER III.**OF PARTIES AND THEIR APPEARANCES, APPLICATIONS AND ACTS.****26. All persons may be joined as plaintiffs in**

Persons who may be joined as plaintiffs. whom the right to any relief claimed is alleged to exist, whether jointly, severally, or in the alternative, in respect of the same cause of action. And judgment may be given for such one or more of the plaintiffs as may be found to be entitled to relief, for such relief as he or they may be entitled to, without any amendment. But the defendant, though unsuccessful, shall be entitled to his costs occasioned by so joining any person who is not found entitled to relief, unless the Court in disposing of the costs of the suit otherwise directs.

27. Where a suit has been instituted in the

Court may substitute name of the wrong person as or add plaintiff for or to plaintiff suing. plaintiff, or where it is doubtful whether it has been instituted in the name of the right plaintiff, the Court may, if satisfied that the suit has been so commenced through a *bond fide* mistake, and that it is necessary for the determination of the real matter in dispute so to do, order any other person or persons to be substituted or added as plaintiff or plaintiffs upon such terms as the Court thinks just.

28. All persons may be joined as defendants

Persons who may be joined as defendants. against whom the right to any relief is alleged to exist, whether jointly, severally or in the alternative, in respect of the same matter. And judgment may be given against such one or more of the defendants as may be found to be liable, according to their respective liabilities, without any amendment.

29. The plaintiff may, at his option, join as

Joinder of parties liable on same contract. parties to the same suit all or any of the persons severally, or jointly and severally, liable on any one contract, including parties to bills of exchange, hundis and promissory notes.

30. Where there are numerous parties having

One party may sue the same interest in one suit, or defend on behalf of one or more of such parties all in same interest. may, with the permission of the Court, sue or be sued, or may defend in such suit, on behalf of all parties so interested. But the Court shall in such case give, at the plaintiff's expense, notice of the institution of the suit to all such parties either by personal service or (if from the number of parties or any other cause such service is not reasonably practicable), then by public advertisement, as the Court in each case may direct.

31. No suit shall be defeated by reason of the

Suit not to fail by misjoinder of parties, and reason of misjoinder. the Court may in every suit deal with the matter in controversy so far as regards the rights and interests of the parties actually before it.

Nothing in this section shall be deemed to enable plaintiffs to join in respect of distinct causes of action.

32. The Court may, on or before the first hearing, upon the application of either party, and on such terms as the Court thinks just, order that the name of any party, whether as plaintiff or as defendant, improperly joined, be struck out; and the Court may at any time, either upon or without such application, and on such terms as the Court thinks just, order that any plaintiff be made a defendant or that any defendant be made a plaintiff, and that the name of any person who ought to have been joined whether as plaintiff or defendant or whose presence before the Court may be necessary in order to enable the Court effectually and completely to adjudicate upon and settle all the questions involved in the suit, be added.

Court may dismiss or add parties.

No person shall be added as a plaintiff or as the next friend of a plaintiff without his own consent thereto.

No one to be added as plaintiff or as next friend without his consent.

Any person on whose behalf a suit is instituted or defended under section 30 may apply to the Court to be made a party to such suit.

All parties whose names are so added as defendants shall be served with a summons in manner hereinafter mentioned, and (subject to the provisions of the Indian Limitation Act, section 22) the proceedings as against them shall be deemed to have begun only on the service of such summons.

Defendants added to be served.

The Court may give the conduct of the suit to such plaintiff as it deems proper.

33. Where a defendant is added, the plaint, if previously filed, shall, unless the Court direct otherwise, be amended in such manner as may be necessary, and an amended copy of the summons shall be served on the new defendant and the original defendants.

Where defendant added, plaint to amend.

34. All objections for want of parties, or for joinder of parties who have no interest in the suit, or for misjoinder as co-plaintiffs or co-defendants, shall be taken at the earliest possible opportunity, and in all cases before the first hearing; and any such objection not so taken shall be deemed to have been waived by the defendant.

Time for taking objections as to non-joinder or misjoinder of parties.

35. When there are more plaintiffs than one, any one or more of them may be authorized by any other of them to appear, plead or act for such other in any proceeding under this Code: and in like manner when there are more defendants than one, any one or more of them may be authorized by any other of them to appear, plead or act for such other in any such proceeding.

Each of several plaintiffs or defendants may authorize any other to appear, &c., for him.

The authority shall be in writing, signed by the party giving it, and shall be filed in Court.

Authority to be in writing signed and filed.

Recognized Agents and Pleaders.

36. Any appearance, application or act in or to any Court, required or authorized by law to be made or done by a party to a suit or appeal in such Court, may, except when otherwise expressly provided by any

Appearances, &c., may be in person, by recognized agent or by pleader.

law for the time being in force, be made or done by the party in person, or by his recognized agent, or by a pleader duly appointed to act on his behalf:

Provided that any such appearance shall be made by the party in person if the Court so direct.

37. The recognized agents of parties by whom such appearances, applications and acts may be made or done are—

(a) persons holding general powers-of-attorney from parties not resident within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court within which limits the appearance, application or act is made or done, authorizing them to make and do such appearances, applications and acts on behalf of such parties;

Persons holding powers of-attorney from parties out of jurisdiction.

(b) mukhtárs duly certificated under any law for the time being in force, and holding special powers-of-attorney authorizing them to do, on behalf of their principals, such acts as may legally be done by mukhtárs;

Certificated mukhtárs.

(c) persons carrying on trade or business for and in the names of parties not resident within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court within which limits the appearance, application or act is made or done, in matters connected with such trade or business only, where no other agent is expressly authorized to make and do such appearances, applications and acts.

Persons carrying on trade or business for parties out of jurisdiction.

Nothing in the former part of this section applies to the territories now administered respectively by the Lieutenant Governor of the Punjab, and the Chief Commissioners of Oudh and the Central Provinces; but in those territories the recognized agents of parties by whom such appearances, applications and acts may be made and done shall be such persons as the Local Government may from time to time, by notification in the official Gazette, declare in this behalf.

Recognized agents in Punjab, Oudh, and Central Provinces.

38. Processes served on the recognized agent of a party to a suit or appeal shall be as effectual as if the same had been served on the party in person, unless the Court otherwise directs.

Service of process on recognized agent.

The provisions of this Code for the service of process on a party to a suit shall apply to the service of process on his recognized agent.

Appointment of pleader.

39. The appointment of a pleader to make or do any appearance, application or act as aforesaid shall be in writing, and such appointment shall be filed in court.

When so filed, it shall be considered to be in force until revoked with the leave of the Court, by a writing signed by the client and filed in Court, or until the client or the

all proceedings in the suit be ended so far as regards the client.

No advocate of any High Court established by Royal Charter shall be required to present any document empowering him to act.

40. Processes served on the pleader of any party or left at the office or ordinary residence of such pleader, relative to a suit or appeal, and whether the same be for the personal appearance of the party or not, shall be presumed to be duly communicated and made known to the party whom the pleader represents; and, unless the Court otherwise directs, shall be as effectual for all purposes in relation to the suit or appeal as if the same had been given to or served on the party in person.

41. Besides the recognized agents described in section 37, any person residing within the jurisdiction of the Court may be appointed an agent to accept service of process.

Such appointment may be special or general and shall be made by an instrument in writing signed by the principal, and such instrument, or, if the appointment be general, a duly attested copy thereof, shall be filed in Court.

CHAPTER IV.

OF THE FRAME OF THE SUIT.

42. Every suit shall, as far as practicable, be so framed as to afford ground for a final decision upon the subjects in dispute, and so to prevent further litigation concerning them.

43. Every suit shall include the whole of the claim arising out of the cause of action; but a plaintiff may relinquish any portion of his claim in order to bring the suit within the jurisdiction of any Court.

If a plaintiff omit to sue for, or intentionally relinquish, any portion of his claim, he shall not afterwards sue for the portion so omitted or relinquished.

A person entitled to more than one remedy in respect of the same claim may sue for all or any of his remedies; but if he omits (except with the leave of the Court obtained before the first hearing) to sue for any of such remedies, he shall not afterwards sue for the remedy so omitted.

Illustration.

A lets a house to B at a yearly rent of Rs. 1,200. The rent for the whole of the years 1874 and 1875 is due and unpaid. A sues B only for the rent due for 1875. A shall not afterwards sue B for the rent due for 1876.

44. *Rule a.*—No cause of action shall, unless with the leave of the Court, be joined with a suit for the recovery of land, or to obtain a declaration of title to immoveable property, except—

(a) claims in respect of mesne profits or arrears of rent in respect of the property claimed,

(b) damages for breach of any contract under which the property or any part thereof are or is held, and

(c) claims by a mortgagee to enforce any of his remedies under the mortgage.

Rule b.—No claim by or against an executor, administrator or heir as such, shall be joined with claims by or against him personally, unless the last mentioned claims are alleged to arise with reference to the estate in respect of which the plaintiff or defendant sues or is sued as executor, administrator or heir.

45. Subject to the rules contained in section 44, the plaintiff may unite in the same suit several causes of action, and any plaintiffs having causes of action against the same defendant or defendants, may unite such causes of action in the same suit.

But if it appear to the Court that any such causes of action cannot be conveniently tried or disposed of together, the Court may, at any time before the first hearing, of its own motion or on the application of the defendant, order separate trials of any such causes of action to be had, or make such other order as may be necessary or expedient for the separate disposal thereof.

When causes of action are united, the jurisdiction of the Court as regards the suit shall depend on the amount or value of the aggregate subject-matters at the date of instituting the suit, whether or not an order has been made under the second paragraph of this section.

46. Any defendant alleging that the plaintiff has united in the same suit several causes of action which cannot be conveniently disposed of in one suit may at any time before the first hearing, or, where issues are settled, before any evidence is recorded, apply to the Court for an order confining the suit to such of the causes of action as may be conveniently disposed of in one suit.

47. If, on the hearing of such application, it appears to the Court that the causes of action are such as cannot all be conveniently disposed of in one suit, the Court may order any of such causes of action to be excluded, and may direct the plaint to be amended accordingly, and may make such order as to costs as may be just.

Every amendment made under this section shall be attested by the signature of the Judge.

CHAPTER V.

OF THE INSTITUTION OF SUITS.

48. Every suit shall be instituted by presenting a plaint to the Court or such officer as it appoints in this behalf.

49. The plaint must be distinctly written in the language of the Court; provided that if such language is not English, the plaint may (with the permission of the Court) be written in English; but in such case, if the defendant so require, a translation of the plaint into the language of the Court shall be filed in court.

50. The plaint must contain the following particulars :—

Particulars to be contained in plaint.

(a) the name of the Court in which the suit is brought ;

(b) the name, description and place of abode of the plaintiff ;

(c) the name, description and place of abode of the defendant, so far as they can be ascertained :

(d) a plain and concise statement of the circumstances constituting the cause of action, and where and when it arose ;

(e) a demand of the relief which the plaintiff claims ; and

(f) if the plaintiff has allowed a set-off or relinquished a portion of his claim, the amount so allowed or relinquished.

If the plaintiff seek the recovery of money, the plaintiff must state the precise amount, so far as the case admits.

In a suit for mesne profits : and in a suit for the amount which will be found due to the plaintiff on taking unsettled accounts between him and the defendant the plaintiff need only state approximately the amount sued for.

When the plaintiff sues in a representative character, the plaintiff should shew, not only that he has an actual existing interest in the subject-matter, but that he has taken the steps necessary to enable him to institute a suit concerning it.

Where plaintiff sues as a representative.

Illustrations.

(a) A sues as B's executor. The plaint must state that A has proved B's will.

(b) A sues as C's administrator. The plaint must state that A has taken out administration to C's estate.

(c) A sues as guardian of D, a Muhammadan minor. A is not D's guardian according to Muhammadan law and usage. The plaint must state that A has been specially appointed D's guardian.

The plaint must shew that the defendant is or claims to be interested in the subject-matter, and that he is liable to be called upon to answer the plaintiff's demand.

Defendant's interest and liability to be shewn.

Illustration.

A dies leaving B his executor, C his legatee, and D a debtor to A's estate. C sues D to compel him to pay his debt in satisfaction of C's legacy. The plaint must shew that B has causelessly refused to sue D, or that B and D have colluded for the purpose of defrauding C, or other such circumstances rendering D liable to C.

If the cause of action arose beyond the period ordinarily allowed by any law for instituting the suit, the plaint must shew the ground upon which exemption from such law is claimed.

Grounds of exemption from limitation law.

51. The plaint shall be subscribed by the plaintiff and his pleader (if any), and shall be verified at the foot by the plaintiff or, with the permission of the Court, by some other person proved to the satisfaction of the Court to be acquainted with the facts of the case.

Plaint to be subscribed and verified.

52. The verification must be to the effect that the same is true to the knowledge of the person making it, except as to matters stated on information and belief, and that as to those matters he believes it to be true.

Contents of verification.

The verification shall be signed by the person making it, and when he makes it out of court he shall sign it in the presence of a witness, who shall also sign it.

Verification to be signed and attested.

The Court shall examine such witness as to the fact of the signature, unless the person making the verification is present.

53. The plaint may, at the discretion of the Court, and at or before the first hearing, be rejected, returned for amendment within a time to be fixed by the Court, or amended then and there, upon such terms as to the payment of costs occasioned by the amendment as the Court thinks fit,

When the plaint may be rejected, returned for amendment, or amended.

(a) if it do not state correctly and without prolixity the several particulars hereinbefore required to be specified therein ; or

(b) if it contain any particulars other than those so required ; or

(c) if it be not subscribed and verified as hereinbefore required ; or

(d) if it do not disclose a cause of action ; or

(e) if it is not framed in accordance with section 42 ; or

(f) if it is wrongly framed by reason of non-joinder or misjoinder of parties, or because the plaintiff has joined causes of action which ought not to be joined in the same suit.

Provided that a plaint cannot be altered so as to convert a suit of one character into a suit of another and inconsistent character.

Attestation of amendment.

by the Judge.

When a plaint is amended, the amendment shall be attested by the signature of

When the plaint shall be rejected.

54. The plaint shall be rejected in the following cases :—

(a) if the relief sought is undervalued, and the plaintiff, on being required by the Court to correct the valuation within a time to be fixed by the Court, fails to do so ;

(b) if the relief sought is properly valued, but the plaint is written upon paper insufficiently stamped, and the plaintiff, on being required by the Court to supply the requisite stamp-paper within a time to be fixed by the Court, fails to do so ;

(c) if the suit appear from the statement in the plaint to be barred by any positive rule of law ;

(d) if the plaint having been returned for amendment within a time fixed by the Court is not amended within such time

55. When a plaint is rejected, the Judge shall record with his own hand an order to that effect with the reason for such order.

Procedure on rejecting a plaint.

56. The rejection of the plaintiff on any of the grounds hereinbefore mentioned shall not of its own force preclude the plaintiff from presenting a fresh plaintiff in respect of the same cause of action.

When the plaintiff shall be returned to be presented to the proper Court.

57. The plaintiff shall be returned to be presented to the proper Court in the following cases :

(a) If a suit has been instituted in a Court whose grade is lower or higher than that of the Court competent to try it, where such Court exists, or where no option as to the selection of the Court is allowed by law :

(b) If, in a suit relating to immoveable property, but not coming under the proviso to section 16, it appear that no part of such property is situate within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court to which the plaintiff is presented :

(c) If, in any other case, it appear that the cause of action did not arise, and that none of the defendants are dwelling or carrying on business, or personally working for gain, within such local limits.

On returning a plaintiff, the Judge shall, with his own hand, endorse thereon the date of its presentation and return, the name of the party presenting it, and a brief statement of the reason for returning it.

58. The plaintiff shall endorse on the plaintiff, or annex thereto, a memorandum of the documents (if any) which he has filed along with it; and if the plaintiff be admitted, shall present as many copies on plain paper of the plaintiff as there are defendants, unless the Court by reason of the length of the plaintiff or the number of the defendants, or for any other sufficient reason, permit him to present a like number of concise statements of the nature of the claim made, or of the relief or remedy required in the suit, in which case he shall present such statements.

If the plaintiff sues, or the defendant or any of the defendants is sued, in a representative capacity, such statements shall show in what capacity the plaintiff or defendant sues or is sued.

The plaintiff may, by leave of the Court, amend such statements so as to make them correspond with the plaintiff.

The chief ministerial officer of the Court shall sign such memorandum and copies or statements if, on examination, he finds them to be correct.

The Court shall also cause the particulars mentioned in section 50 to be entered in a book to be kept for the purpose and called the Register of civil suits. Such entries shall be numbered in every year according to the order in which the plaintiff is admitted.

59. If a plaintiff sue upon a document in his possession or power, he shall produce it in Court when the plaintiff is presented, and shall at the same time deliver the document or a copy thereof to be filed with the plaintiff.

If he rely on any other documents (whether in his possession or power or not) as evidence in support of his claim, he shall enter such documents in a list to be added or annexed to the plaintiff.

60. In the case of any such document not in his possession or power, he shall, if possible, state in whose possession or power it is.

61. In case of any suit founded upon a bill of exchange or other negotiable instrument, if it be proved that the instrument is lost, and if an indemnity be given by the plaintiff, to the satisfaction of the Court, against the claims of any other person upon such instrument, the Court may make such decree as it would have made if the plaintiff had produced the instrument in Court when the plaintiff was presented, and had at the same time delivered a copy of the instrument to be filed with the plaintiff.

62. If the document on which the plaintiff sues be an entry in a shop-book or other book in his possession or power, the plaintiff shall produce the book at the time of filing the plaintiff, together with a copy of the entry on which he relies.

The Court, or such officer as it appoints in this behalf, shall forthwith mark the document for the purpose of identification; and after examining and comparing the copy with the original and attesting the copy if found correct, shall return the book to the plaintiff and cause the copy to be filed.

63. A document which ought to be produced in Court by the plaintiff when the plaintiff is presented, or to be entered in the list to be added or annexed to the plaintiff, and which is not produced or entered accordingly, shall not, without the leave of the Court, be received in evidence on his behalf at the hearing of the suit.

Nothing in this section applies to documents produced for cross-examination of the defendant's witnesses, or in answer to any case set up by the defendant, or handed to a witness merely to refresh his memory.

CHAPTER VI.

OF THE ISSUE AND SERVICE OF SUMMONS.

Issue of Summons.

64. When the plaintiff has been registered, and the copies or concise statements required by section 58 have been filed, a summons may be issued to each defendant to appear and answer the claim on a day to be therein specified, or as soon thereafter as may be practicable,

(a) in person, or

(b) by a pleader duly instructed and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or

(c) by a pleader accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions.

Every such summons shall be signed by the Judge or such officer as he appoints, and shall be sealed with the seal of the Court:

Provided that no such summons shall be issued when the defendant has appeared at the presentation of the plaint and admitted the plaintiff's claim.

65. Every such summons shall be accompanied with one of the copies or concise statements mentioned in section 58.

Copy or statement annexed to summons.

66. If the Court see reason to require the personal appearance of the defendant, the summons shall order him to appear in person in Court on the day therein specified.

If the Court see reason to require the personal appearance of the plaintiff on the same day, it may make an order for such appearance.

67. No party shall be ordered to appear in person unless he resides

(a) within the local limit of the Court's ordinary original jurisdiction, or

(b) without such limits and at a place less than fifty, or, where there is railway-communication for five-sixths of the distance between the place where he resides and the place where the Court is situate, two hundred miles from the Court-house.

68. The Court shall determine, at the time of issuing the summons, whether it shall be for the settlement of issues only, or for the final disposal of the suit; and the summons shall contain a direction accordingly:

Summons to be either to settle issues or for final disposal.

Provided that, in every suit cognizable by Courts of Small Causes, the summons shall be for the final disposal of the suit.

69. The day for the appearance of the defendant shall be fixed by the Court with reference to its current business, the place of residence of the defendant and the time necessary for the service of the summons; and the day shall be so fixed as to allow the defendant sufficient time to enable him to appear and answer on such day.

What shall be deemed 'sufficient time' must be determined with reference to the circumstances of the case.

70. The summons to appear and answer shall order the defendant to produce any document in his possession or power, containing evidence relating to the merits of the plaintiff's case, or upon which the defendant intends to rely in support of his case.

Summons to order defendant to produce documents required by plaintiff or relied on by defendant.

On issue of summons or final disposal, parties to be directed to produce their witnesses.

71. When the summons is for the final disposal of the suit, it shall direct the defendant to produce, on the day fixed for his appearance, the witnesses upon whose evidence he intends to rely in support of his case.

Service of Summons.

72. The summons shall be delivered to the proper officer of the Court, to be served by him or one of his subordinates.

Delivery of summons for service.

73. Service of the summons shall be made by delivering or tendering a copy thereof signed by the Judge or such officer as he appoints in this behalf, and sealed with the seal of the Court.

Mode of service.

74. When there are more defendants than one, service of the summons shall be made on each defendant:

Service on several defendants.

Provided that, if the defendants are partners, and the suit relates to a partnership-transaction or to an actionable wrong in respect of which relief is claimable from the firm, the service may be made, unless the Court directs otherwise, either (a) on one defendant for himself and for the other defendants, or (b) on any person having the management of the business of the partnership at the principal place, within the local limits of the Court's ordinary original civil jurisdiction, of such business.

75. Whenever it may be practicable, the service shall be made on the defendant in person, unless he have an agent empowered to accept the service, in which case service on such agent shall be sufficient.

Service to be on defendant in person, when practicable, or on his agent.

76. In a suit relating to any business or work against a person who does not reside within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court from which the summons issues, service on any manager or agent, who, at the time of service, personally carries on such business or work for such person within such limits, shall be deemed good service.

Service on agent by whom defendant carries on business.

For the purpose of this section, the master of a ship is the agent of his owner or charterer.

77. In a suit to obtain relief respecting, or compensation for wrong to, immovable property, if the service cannot be made on the defendant in person, and the defendant have no agent empowered to accept the service, it may be made on any agent of the defendant in charge of the property.

Service on agent in charge, in suits for immovable property.

78. If in any suit the defendant cannot be found and if he have no agent empowered to accept the service of the summons on his behalf, the service may be made on any adult male member of the family of the defendant who is residing with him.

When service may be made on male member of defendant's family.

Explanation.—A servant is not a member of the family within the meaning of this section.

79. When the serving-officer delivers or tenders a copy of the summons to the defendant personally, or to an agent or other person on his behalf, he shall require the signature of the person to whom the copy is so delivered or tendered to an acknowledgment of service endorsed on the original summons.

Person served to sign acknowledgment.

80. If the defendant or other person refuse to sign the acknowledgment or to receive the copy of the summons,

Procedure when defendant refuses to accept service. or if the serving-officer cannot find the defendant, and there is no agent empowered to accept the service of the summons on his behalf, nor any other person on whom the service can be made,

the serving-officer shall affix a copy of the summons on the outer door of the house in which the defendant ordinarily resides and then return the original to the Court from which it issued, with an endorsement thereon stating that he has so affixed the copy and the circumstances under which he did so.

81. The serving-officer shall, in all cases in which the summons has been served under section 79, endorse or cause to be endorsed on the original summons, the time when and the manner in which the summons was served.

82. When a summons is returned under section 80, the Court shall examine the serving-officer on oath touching his proceedings and may make such further enquiry in the matter as it thinks fit; and shall either declare that the summons has been duly served or order such service as it thinks fit.

Where the Court is satisfied that there is reason to believe that the defendant is keeping out of the way for the purpose of avoiding the service, or that for any other reason the summons cannot be served in the ordinary way, the Court shall order the summons to be served by affixing a copy thereof in some conspicuous place in the Court-house, and also upon some conspicuous part of the house, if any, in which the defendant is known to have last resided, or in such other manner as the Court thinks fit.

83. The service substituted by order of the Court, shall be as effectual as if it had been made on the defendant personally.

84. Whenever service is substituted by order of the Court, the Court shall fix such time for the appearance of the defendant as the case may require.

85. If the defendant resides within the jurisdiction of any Court other than the Court in which the suit is instituted, and has no agent resident within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the latter Court empowered to accept the service of the summons, such Court shall send the summons, either by one of its officers or by post, to any Court, not being a High Court, having jurisdiction at the place where the defendant resides, by which it can be conveniently served, and shall fix such time for the appearance of the defendant as the case may require.

The Court to which the summons is sent shall, upon receipt thereof, proceed as if it had been

issued by such Court and shall then return the summons to the Court from which it originally issued, together with the record (if any) made under this paragraph.

86. Whenever any process issued by any Court established beyond the limits of the towns of Calcutta, Madras, Bombay and Rangoon is to be served within any such town, it shall be sent to the Court of Small Causes within whose jurisdiction the process is to be served,

and such Court of Small Causes shall deal with such process in the same manner as if the process had been issued by itself,

and shall then return the process to the Court from which it issued.

87. If the defendant be in jail, the summons shall be delivered to the officer in charge of the jail in which the defendant is confined, and such officer shall cause the summons to be served upon the defendant.

The summons shall be returned to the Court from which it issued, with a statement of the service endorsed thereon and signed by the officer in charge of the jail and by the defendant.

88. If the jail in which the defendant is confined is not in the district in which the suit is instituted, the summons may be sent by post or otherwise to the officer in charge of such jail, and such officer shall cause the summons to be served upon the defendant, and shall return the summons to the Court from which it issued, with a statement of the service endorsed thereon, and signed as provided in section 87.

89. If the defendant resides out of British India, and has no agent in British India empowered to accept the service, the summons shall be addressed to the defendant at the place where he is residing, and forwarded to him by post if there be postal communication between such place and the place where the Court is situate.

90. If there be a British Resident or Agent of Government in or for the territory in which the defendant resides, the summons may be sent to such Resident or Agent, by post or otherwise, for the purpose of being served upon the defendant; and if the Resident or Agent return the summons with an endorsement under his hand that the summons has been served on the defendant in manner hereinbefore directed, such endorsement shall be conclusive evidence of the service.

91. The Court may, notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, substitute for the summons a letter signed by the Judge or such officer as he appoints in this behalf, when the defendant is, in the opinion of the Court, of a rank which entitles him to such mark of consideration.

The letter shall contain all the particulars required to be stated in the summons, and, subject to the provisions contained in section 92, shall be treated in all respects as a summons.

92. When a letter is so substituted for a summons, it may be sent to the defendant by post or by a special messenger selected by the Court, or in any other manner which the Court thinks fit; unless the defendant has an agent empowered to accept service of summons, in which case the letter may be delivered or sent to such agent.

Service of Process.

93. Every process issued under this Code shall be served at the expense of the party on whose behalf it is issued, unless the Court otherwise directs.

The court-fee leviable for such service shall be levied before the process is issued.

94. All notices and orders required by this Code to be given to or served on any person shall be in writing, and shall be served in the manner hereinbefore provided for the service of summons.

Postage.

95. Postage, where chargeable on any notice, summons or letter issued under this Code and forwarded by post, and the fee for registering the same, shall be paid before the communication is forwarded.

CHAPTER VII.

OF THE APPEARANCE OF THE PARTIES AND CONSEQUENCE OF NON-APPEARANCE.

96. On the day fixed in the summons for the defendant to appear and answer, the parties shall be in attendance at the Court-house in person or by their respective pleaders, and the suit shall then be heard, unless the hearing be adjourned to a future day fixed by the Court.

97. If on the day so fixed for the defendant to appear and answer, it be found that the summons has not been served upon him in consequence of the failure of the plaintiff to pay the court-fee leviable for such service, the Court may order that the suit be dismissed:

Provided that no such order shall be passed, although the summons has not been served upon the defendant, if, on the day fixed for him to appear and answer, he attends in person or by a duly authorized agent, when he is allowed to appear by agent.

98. If on the day fixed for the defendant to appear and answer, or on any other subsequent day to which the hearing of the suit is adjourned, neither party appears, the suit shall be dismissed, unless

the Judge, for reasons to be recorded under his hand, otherwise directs.

99. Whenever a suit is dismissed under section 97 or section 98, the plaintiff may (subject to the law of limitation) bring a fresh suit; or if, within the period of thirty days from the date of the order dismissing the suit, he satisfies the Court that there was a sufficient excuse for his not paying the court-fee required within the time allowed for the service of the summons or for his non-appearance, as the case may be, the Court shall pass an order to set aside the dismissal and appoint a day for proceeding with the suit.

100. If the plaintiff appears and the defendant does not appear, the procedure shall be as follows: (a) if it is proved that the summons was duly served, the Court may proceed *ex parte*:

(b). If it is not proved that the summons was duly served, the Court shall direct a second summons to be issued and served on the defendant:

(c) If it is proved that the summons was served on the defendant, but not in sufficient time to enable him to appear and answer on the day fixed in the summons, the Court shall postpone the hearing of the suit to a future day to be fixed by the Court, and shall direct notice of such day to be given to the defendant.

If it is owing to the plaintiff's default that the summons was not served in sufficient time, the Court shall order him to pay the costs occasioned by such postponement.

101. If the Court has adjourned the hearing of the suit *ex parte*, and the defendant, at or before such hearing, appears and assigns good cause for his previous non-appearance, he may, upon such terms as the Court directs as to costs or otherwise, be heard in answer to the suit, as if he had appeared on the day fixed for his appearance.

102. If the defendant appears and the plaintiff does not appear, the Court shall dismiss the suit, unless the defendant admits the claim, or part thereof, in which case the Court shall pass a decree against the defendant upon such admission, and where part only of the claim has been admitted, shall dismiss the suit so far as it relates to the remainder.

103. When a suit is wholly or partially dismissed under this section, the plaintiff shall be precluded from bringing a fresh suit in respect of the same cause of action. But he may apply for an order to set the dismissal aside; and if it be proved that he was prevented by any sufficient cause from appearing when the suit was called on for hearing, the Court shall set aside the dismissal upon such terms as

to costs or otherwise as it thinks fit, and shall appoint a day for proceeding with the suit.

No order shall be made under the second paragraph of this section unless the plaintiff has served the defendant with notice in writing of his application.

104. If, on the day fixed for the hearing of a suit against a defendant residing out of British India, who has no agent empowered to accept service of summons, or on any day to which the hearing has been adjourned, the defendant does not appear, the plaintiff may apply to the Court for permission to proceed with his suit, and the Court may direct that the plaintiff be at liberty to proceed with his suit in such manner and subject to such conditions as the Court thinks fit.

105. If there be more plaintiffs than one, and one or more of them appear, and the others do not appear, the Court may, at the instance of the plaintiff or plaintiffs appearing, permit the suit to proceed in the same way as if all the plaintiffs had appeared, and pass such order as it thinks fit.

106. If there be more defendants than one, and one or more of them appear, and the others do not appear, the suit shall proceed, and the Court shall, at the time of passing judgment, make such order as it thinks fit with respect to the defendants who do not appear.

107. If a plaintiff or defendant, who has been ordered to appear in person under the provisions of section 66 or section 436, does not appear in person, or shew sufficient cause to the satisfaction of the Court for failing so to appear, he shall be subject to all the provisions of the foregoing sections applicable to plaintiffs and defendants, respectively, who do not appear.

Of setting aside Decrees ex parte.

108. In any case in which a decree is passed *ex parte* against a defendant under section 100, he may apply to the Court by which the decree was made for an order to set it aside;

and if it be proved to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant was prevented by any sufficient cause from appearing when the suit was called on for hearing, the Court shall pass an order to set aside the decree upon such terms as to costs, payment into Court, or otherwise, as it thinks fit, and shall appoint a day for proceeding with the suit.

109. No decree shall be set aside on any such application as aforesaid, unless notice thereof in writing has been served on the opposite party.

CHAPTER VIII.

OF WRITTEN STATEMENTS AND SET-OFF.

110. The parties may, at any time before or at the first hearing of the suit, tender written statements of their respective cases, and the Court shall receive such statements and place them on the record.

111. If in a suit for the recovery of money the defendant claims to set-off against the plaintiff's demand any ascertained sum of money legally recoverable by him from the plaintiff, and if in such claim of the defendant against the plaintiff both parties fill the same character as they fill in the plaintiff's suit, the defendant may, at the first hearing of the suit, but not afterwards, unless permitted by the Court, tender a written statement containing the particulars of the debt sought to be set-off.

The Court shall thereupon inquire into the same, and if it find that the case fulfils the requirements of the former part of this section, and that the amount claimed to be set-off does not exceed the pecuniary limits of its jurisdiction, the Court shall set-off the one debt against the other.

Such set-off shall have the same effect as a plaint in a cross-suit, so as to enable the Court to pronounce a final judgment in the same suit, both on the original and on the cross-claim; but it shall not affect the lien upon the amount decreed of any pleader in respect of the costs payable to him under the decree.

Illustrations.

(a) A bequeaths Rs. 2,000 to B, and appoints C his executor and residuary legatee. B dies and D takes out administration to B's effects. C pays Rs. 1,000 as surety for D. Then D sues C for the legacy. C cannot set-off the debt of Rs. 1,000 against the legacy, for neither C nor D fills the same character with respect to the legacy as they fill with respect to the payment of the Rs. 1,000.

(b) A dies intestate and in debt to B. C takes out administration to A's effects, and B buys part of the effects from C. In a suit for the purchase-money by C against B, the latter cannot set-off the debt against the price, for C fills two different characters, one as the vendor to B, in which he sues B, and the other as representative to A.

(c) A sues B on a bill of exchange. B alleges that A has wrongfully neglected to insure B's goods and is liable to him in compensation which he claims to set-off. The amount not being ascertained cannot be set-off.

(d) A sues B on a bill of exchange for Rs. 500. B holds a judgment against A for Rs. 1,000. The two claims being both definite pecuniary demands may be set-off.

(e) A sues B for compensation on account of a trespass. B holds a promissory note for Rs. 1,000 from A and claims to set-off that amount against any sum that A may recover in the suit. B may do so, for as soon as A recovers, both sums are definite pecuniary demands.

(f) A and B sue C for Rs. 1,000. C cannot set-off a debt due to him by A alone.

(g) A sues B and C for Rs. 1,000. B cannot set-off a debt due to him alone by A.

(h) A owes the partnership firm of B and C Rs. 1,000. B dies leaving C surviving. A sues C for a debt of Rs. 1,500 due in his separate character. C may set-off the debt of Rs. 1,000.

112. Except as provided in the last preceding

No written statement to be received after first hearing unless called for by Court.

section, no written statement shall be received after the first hearing of the suit :

Provided that the Court may at any time require a written statement, or additional written statement, from any of the parties, and fix a time for presenting the same :

Provided also that a written statement, or an additional written statement, may, with the permission of the Court, be received at any time for the purpose of answering written statements so required and presented.

113. If any party from whom a written state-

ment is so required fails to present the same within the time fixed by the Court, the Court may pass a decree against him, or make such other order in relation to the suit as it thinks fit.

114. Written statements shall be as brief as the nature of the case admits, and shall not be argumentative, but shall be confined as much as possible to a simple narrative of the facts which the party by whom or on whose behalf the written statement is made believes to be material to the case, and which he either admits or believes he will be able to prove.

Every such statement shall be divided into paragraphs, numbered consecutively, and each paragraph containing as nearly as may be a separate allegation.

115. Written statements shall be subscribed and

verified in the manner hereinbefore provided for subscribing and verifying plaints, and no written statement shall be received unless it be so subscribed and verified.

The provisions of section 52 as to examining witnesses as to the fact of signature shall apply in the case of written statements.

116. If it appear to the Court that any written

statement, whether called for by the Court or spontaneously tendered, is argumentative or prolix, or contains matter irrelevant to the suit, the

Court may amend it then and there, or may, by an order to be endorsed thereon, reject the same, or return it to the party by whom it was made for amendment within a time to be fixed by the Court, imposing such terms as to costs or otherwise as the Court thinks fit.

When any amendment is made under this section, the Judge shall attest

it by his signature.

When a statement has been rejected under this

section, the party making it shall not present another written statement, unless it be expressly called for or allowed by the Court.

CHAPTER IX.

OF THE EXAMINATION OF THE PARTIES BY THE COURT.

117. At the first hearing of the suit, the Court shall ascertain from the defendant or his pleader whether he admits or denies the allegations of fact made in the plaint and shall ascertain from each party or his pleader whether he admits or denies such allegations of fact as are made in the written statement (if any) of the opposite party, and as are not expressly or by necessary implication admitted or denied by the party against whom they are made. The Court shall record such admissions and denials.

118. At the first hearing of the suit, or at any subsequent hearing, any party, or companion of party appearing in person himself or his pleader, or present in Court, or any person able to answer any material questions relating to the suit by whom such party or his pleader is accompanied, may be examined orally by the Court; and the Court may, if it thinks fit, put in the course of such examination questions suggested by either party.

119. The substance of the examination shall be reduced to writing by the Judge, and shall form part of the record.

120. If the pleader of any party who appears by a pleader refuses or is unable to answer any material question relating to the suit which the Court is of opinion that the party whom he represents ought to answer, and is likely to be able to answer if interrogated in person, the Court may postpone the hearing of the suit to a future day, and direct that such party shall appear in person on such day.

If such party fails without lawful excuse to appear in person on the day so appointed, the Court may pass a decree against him, or make such order in relation to the suit as it thinks fit.

CHAPTER X.

OF DISCOVERY AND OF THE ADMISSION, INSPECTION, PRODUCTION, IMPOUNDING AND RETURN OF DOCUMENTS

121. Any party may at any time by leave of the Court, deliver through the Court interrogatories in writing for the examination of the opposite party, or where there are more opposite parties than one, any one or more of such parties, with a note at the foot thereof stating which of such interrogatories each of such persons is required to answer :

Provided that no party shall deliver more than one set of interrogatories to the same person without the permission of the Court, and that no defendant shall deliver interrogatories for the examination of the plaintiff unless such defendant has previously tendered a written statement and such statement has been received and placed on the record.

122. Interrogatories delivered under section 121 shall be served on the pleader (if any) of the party interrogated or in the manner hereinbefore provided for the service of summons, and the provisions of sections 79, 80, 81 and 82 shall, in the latter case, apply so far as may be practicable.

123. The Court, in adjusting the costs of the suit, shall, at the instance of any party, inquire or cause inquiry to be made into the propriety of delivering such interrogatories; and if it thinks that such interrogatories have been delivered unreasonably, vexatiously or at improper length, the costs occasioned by the said interrogatories and the answers thereto shall be borne by the party in fault.

124. If any party to a suit be a body corporate or a joint stock company, whether incorporated or not, or any other body of persons empowered by law to sue or be sued, whether in his own name or in the name of any officer or other person, any opposite party may apply to the Court for an order allowing him to deliver interrogatories to any member or officer of such corporation, company or body, and an order may be made accordingly.

125. Any party called upon to answer interrogatories, whether by himself or by any such member or officer, may refuse to answer any interrogatory on the ground that it is irrelevant, or is not put *bonâ fide* for the purposes of the suit, or that the matter inquired after is not sufficiently material at that stage of the suit, or on any other like ground.

126. Interrogatories shall be answered by affidavit to be filed in Court within ten days from the service thereof or within such further time as the Judge may allow.

127. If any person interrogated omits or refuses to answer, or answers insufficiently, any interrogatory, the party interrogating may apply to the Court for an order requiring him to answer or to answer further, as the case may be. And an order may be made requiring him to answer or to answer further either by affidavit or by *vide roce* examination as the Judge may direct: Provided that the Judge shall not require an answer to any interrogatory which in his opinion need not have been answered under section 125.

128. Either party may, by a notice through the Court, within a reasonable time not less than ten days before the hearing, require the other party to admit (saving all just exceptions to the admissibility of such document in evidence) the genuineness of any document material to the suit.

The admission shall also be made in writing, signed by the other party or his pleader and filed in Court.

If such notice be not given, no costs of proving such document shall be allowed, unless the Judge otherwise orders.

If such notice is not complied with within four days after its being served, and the Judge thinks it reasonable that the admission should have been made, the party refusing shall bear the expense of proving such document, whatever may be the result of the suit.

129. The Court may, at any time during the pendency therein of any suit, order any party to the suit to declare by affidavit all the documents which are or have been in his possession or power relating to any matter in question in the suit, and any party to the suit may, at any time before the first hearing, apply to the Court for a like order.

Every affidavit made under this section shall specify which, if any, of the documents therein mentioned the declarant objects to produce, together with the grounds of such objection.

130. The Court may, at any time during the pendency therein of any suit, order the production by any party thereto of such of the documents in his possession or power relating to any matter in question in such suit or proceeding as the Court thinks right; and the Court may deal with such documents when produced in such manner as appears just.

131. Every party to a suit may at any time before or at the hearing thereof give notice through the Court to any other party in whose plaint, written statement or affidavit reference is made to any document, to produce such document in the presence of such officer as the Court appoints in this behalf, for the inspection of the party giving such notice or of his pleader, and to permit such party or pleader to take copies thereof.

No party failing to comply with such notice shall afterwards be at liberty to put any such document in evidence on his behalf in such suit, unless he satisfies the Court that such document relates only to his own title, or that he had some other and sufficient cause for not complying with such notice.

132. The party to whom such notice is given shall, within ten days from the receipt thereof, deliver through the Court to the party giving the same a notice stating a time within three days from such delivery at which the documents or such of them as he does not object to produce, may be inspected at his pleader's office or some other convenient place, and stating which, if any, of the documents he objects to produce, and on what grounds.

133. If any party served with notice under section 131 omits to give notice under section 132 of the time for inspection, or objects to give inspection, or names an incon-

venient place for inspection, the party desiring it may apply to the Court for an order of inspection.

134. Except in the case of documents referred to in the plaint, written statement, or affidavit of the party against whom the application is made, or disclosed in his affidavit of documents, such application shall be founded upon an affidavit shewing (a) of what documents inspection is sought, (b) that the party applying is entitled to inspect them, and (c) that they are in the possession or power of the party against whom the application is made.

135. If the party from whom discovery of any kind or inspection is sought, objects to the same or any part thereof, and if the Court is satisfied that the right to such discovery or inspection depends on the determination of any issue or question in dispute in the suit, or that for any other reason it is desirable that any such issue or question should be determined before deciding upon the right to the discovery or inspection, the Court may order that the issue or question be determined first and reserve the question as to the discovery or inspection.

136. If any party fail to comply with any order under this chapter to answer interrogatories or for discovery or inspection, which has been duly served, he shall, if a plaintiff, be liable to have his suit dismissed for want of prosecution, and if a defendant, to have his defence, if any, struck out, and to be placed in the same position as if he had not appeared and answered; and the party, interrogating or seeking discovery or inspection may apply to the Court for an order to that effect, and the Court may make such order accordingly.

Any party failing to comply with any order under this chapter to answer interrogatories or for discovery or inspection which has been served personally upon him, shall also be deemed guilty of an offence under section 188 of the Indian Penal Code.

137. The Court may, of its own accord, and may, in its discretion, upon the application of any of the parties to a suit, send for, either from its own records or from any other Court, the record of any other suit or proceeding, and inspect the same.

Every application made under this section shall (unless the Court otherwise directs) be supported by an affidavit of the applicant or his pleader, shewing how the record is material to the suit in which the application is made, and that the applicant cannot without unreasonable delay or expense obtain a duly authenticated copy of the record or of such portion thereof as the applicant requires, or that the production of the original is necessary for the purposes of justice.

Nothing contained in this section shall be deemed to enable the Court to use in evidence any document which under the Indian Evidence Act would be inadmissible in the suit.

138. The parties or their pleaders shall bring with them and have in readiness at the first hearing of the suit, to be produced when called for by the Court, all the documentary evidence of every description in their possession or power, on which they intend to rely, and which has not already been filed in Court, and all documents which the Court at any time before such hearing has ordered to be produced.

139. No documentary evidence in the possession or power of any party the production of which has been called for under section 138, and which has not been produced, shall be received at any subsequent stage of the proceedings unless good cause be shewn to the satisfaction of the Court for the non-production thereof. And the Judge receiving any such evidence shall record his reasons for so doing.

140. The Court shall receive the documents respectively produced by the parties at the first hearing, provided that the documents produced by each party be accompanied by an accurate list thereof prepared in such form as the High Court may from time to time direct.

The Court may at any stage of the suit reject any document which it considers irrelevant or otherwise inadmissible, recording the grounds of such rejection.

141. No document shall be placed on the record unless it has been proved or admitted in accordance with the law of evidence for the time being in force. Every document so proved or admitted shall be endorsed with the number and title of the suit, the name of the person producing it, and the date on which it was produced. The Judge shall then endorse with his own hand a statement that it was proved against or admitted by (as the case may be) the person against whom it is used. The document shall then be filed as part of the record:

Provided that, if the document be an entry in a shop-book or other book, the party on whose behalf such book is produced may furnish a copy of the entry, which may be endorsed as aforesaid, and shall be filed as part of the record, and the Court shall mark the entry and shall then return the book to the person producing it.

All documents produced at the first hearing and not so proved or admitted shall be returned to the parties respectively producing them.

142. When a document so proved or admitted is relied on as evidence by either party, but the Court considers it inadmissible, it shall be further endorsed with the addition of the word "rejected," and the endorsement shall be signed by the Judge.

The document shall then be returned to the party who produced it.

143. Notwithstanding anything contained in sections 62, 141 and 142, the Court may, if it see sufficient cause, direct any document or book produced before it in any suit to be impounded and kept in the custody of an officer of the Court, for such period and subject to such conditions as the Court thinks fit.

144. In suits in which an appeal is not allowed, when the suit has been disposed of, and in suits in which an appeal is allowed, when the time for preferring an appeal from the decree has elapsed, or, if an appeal has been preferred; then after the appeal has been disposed of, any person, whether a party to the suit or not, desirous of receiving back any document produced by him in the suit, and placed on the record, shall, unless the document is impounded under section 143, be entitled to receive back the same:

Provided that a document may be returned at any time before either of such events, if the person applying for such return delivers to the proper officer a certified copy of such document to be substituted for the original:

Provided also that no document shall be returned which, by force of the decree, has become void or useless.

On the return of a document which has been admitted in evidence, a receipt shall be given by the party receiving it, in a receipt-book to be kept for the purpose.

145. The provisions herein contained as to documents shall, so far as may be, apply to all other material objects producible as evidence.

CHAPTER XI.

OF THE SETTLEMENT OF ISSUES.

146. Issues arise when a material proposition of fact or law is affirmed by the one party and denied by the other.

Material propositions are those propositions of law or fact which a plaintiff must allege in order to shew a right to sue.

Each material proposition affirmed by one party and denied by the other must form the subject of a distinct issue.

Issues are of two kinds: (a) issues of fact, (b) issues of law.

At the first hearing of the suit, the Court shall, after reading the plaint and the written statements, if any, and after such examination of the parties as may appear necessary, ascertain upon what material propositions of fact or of law the parties are at variance, and shall thereupon proceed to frame and record the issues on which the right decision of the case appears to the Court to depend.

When issues both of law and of fact arise in the same suit, and the Court is of opinion that the

case may be disposed of on the issues of law only, it shall try those issues first, and for that purpose may, if it thinks fit, postpone the settlement of the issues of fact until after the issues of law have been determined.

Nothing in this section requires the Court to frame and record issues when the defendant at the first hearing of the suit makes no defence.

147. The Court may frame the issues from all or any of the following materials:—

(a) allegations made on oath by the parties, or by any persons present on their behalf, or made by the pleaders of such parties or persons;

(b) allegations made in the plaint or in the written statements (if any) tendered in the suit, or in answer to interrogatories delivered in the suit;

(c) the contents of documents produced by either party.

148. If the Court be of opinion that the issues cannot be correctly framed without the examination of some person not before the Court, or without the inspection of some document not produced in the suit, it may adjourn the framing of the issues to a future day, to be fixed by the Court, and may (subject to the rules contained in the Indian Evidence Act) compel the attendance of any person or the production of any document by the person in whose hands it may be, by summons or other process.

149. The Court may at any time before passing a decree amend the issues or frame additional issues on such terms as it thinks fit, and all such amendments or additional issues as may be necessary for determining the controversy between the parties shall be so made or framed.

The Court may also, at any time before passing a decree, strike out any issues that appear to it to be wrongly framed or introduced.

150. When the parties to a suit are agreed as to the question of fact or of law to be decided between them, they may state the same in the form of an issue, and enter into an agreement in writing

(a) that upon the finding of the Court in the affirmative or the negative of such issue, a sum of money specified in the agreement, or to be ascertained by the Court, or in such manner as the Court may direct, shall be paid by one of the parties to the other of them, or that one of them be declared entitled to some right or subject to some liability specified in the agreement,

(b) that upon such finding some property specified in the agreement and in dispute in the suit shall be delivered by one of the parties to the other of them, or as that other may direct, or

(c) that upon such finding one or more of the parties shall do or abstain from doing some particular act, specified in the agreement, and relating to the matter in dispute.

Court if satisfied that the agreement was executed in good faith may pronounce judgment.

151. If the Court be satisfied, after making such inquiry as it deems proper,

(a) that the agreement was duly executed by the parties,

(b) that they have a substantial interest in the decision of such question as aforesaid, and

(c) that the same is fit to be tried and decided,

it may proceed to record and try the issue, and state its finding or opinion thereon in the same manner as if the issue had been framed by the Court;

and may, upon the finding or decision on such issue, pronounce judgment according to the terms of the agreement;

and upon the judgment so given, decree shall follow and may be executed in the same way as if the judgment had been pronounced in a contested suit.

CHAPTER XII.

DISPOSAL OF THE SUIT AT THE FIRST HEARING.

152. If at the first hearing of a suit it appears that the parties are not at issue on any question of law or fact, the Court may at once pronounce judgment.

153. Where there are more defendants than one, and any one of the defendants is not at issue with the plaintiff, the plaintiff on any question of law or fact, the Court may at once pronounce judgment for or against such defendant, and the suit shall proceed only against the other defendants.

154. When the parties are at issue on some question of law or of fact, and issues have been framed by the Court as hereinbefore provided, if the Court be satisfied that no further argument or evidence than the parties can at once supply is required upon such of the issues as may be sufficient for the decision of the suit, and that no injustice will result from proceeding with the suit forthwith, the Court may proceed to determine such issues,

and if the finding thereon is sufficient for the decision, may pronounce judgment accordingly, whether the summons has been issued for the settlement of issues only or for the final disposal of the suit:

Provided that, where the summons has been issued for the settlement of issues only, the parties or their pleaders are present and none of them object.

If the finding is not sufficient for the decision, the Court shall postpone the further hearing of the suit, and shall fix a day for the production of such further evidence, or for such further argument as the case requires.

155. If the summons has been issued for the final disposal of the suit, and either party fails to produce his evidence, and either party fails without sufficient cause to produce the evidence on which he relies, the Court may at once pronounce judgment,

or may if it thinks fit, after framing and recording issues under section 146, adjourn the suit for the production of such evidence as may be necessary to its decision upon such issues.

Procedure where Court cannot pronounce judgment at first hearing.

CHAPTER XIII.

OF ADJOURNMENTS.

156. The Court may, if sufficient cause be shewn, at any stage of the suit, grant time to the parties, or to any of them, and may from time to time adjourn the hearing of the suit.

In all such cases the Court shall fix a day for the further hearing of the suit, and may make such order as it thinks fit with respect to the costs occasioned by the adjournment:

Provided that, when the hearing of evidence has once begun, the hearing of the suit shall be continued from day to day until all the witnesses in attendance have been examined, unless the Court finds the adjournment of the hearing to be necessary for reasons to be recorded by the Judge with his own hand.

157. If, on any day to which the hearing of the suit is adjourned, the parties or any of them fail to appear, the Court may proceed to dispose of the suit in one of the modes directed in that behalf by chapter VII, or make such other order as it thinks fit.

158. If any party to a suit to whom time has been granted fails to produce his evidence, or to cause the attendance of his witnesses, or to perform any other act necessary to the further progress of the suit, for which time has been allowed, the Court may, notwithstanding such default, proceed to decide the suit forthwith.

Court may proceed notwithstanding either party fails to produce his evidence.

CHAPTER XIV.

OF THE SUMMONING AND ATTENDANCE OF WITNESSES.

159. The parties may, after the summons has been delivered for service on the defendant, whether it be for the settlement of issues only, or for the final disposal of the suit, obtain, on application to the Court or to such officer as it appoints in this behalf, before the day fixed for such settlement or disposal, as the case may be, summonses to persons whose attendance is required either to give evidence or to produce documents.

Summons to attend to give evidence or produce documents.

160. The party applying for a summons shall before the summons is granted and within a period to be fixed by the Court, pay into court such a sum of money as appears to the Court to be sufficient to defray the travelling and other expenses of the person summoned, in passing to and from the Court in which he is required to attend, and for one day's attendance.

If the Court be subordinate to a High Court, regard shall be had, in fixing the scale of expenses, to the rules (if any) laid down by competent authority.

161. The sum so paid into court shall be tendered to the person summoned, at the time of serving the summons if it can be served personally.

162. If it appear to the Court or to such officer as it appoints in this behalf that the sum paid into court is not sufficient to cover such expenses, the Court may direct such further sum to be paid to the person summoned as appears to be necessary on that account; and, in case of default in payment, may order such sum to be levied by attachment and sale of the moveable property of the party obtaining the summons; or the Court may discharge the person summoned without requiring him to give evidence; or may both order such levy and discharge such person as aforesaid.

If it be necessary to detain the person summoned for a longer period than one day, the Court may from time to time order the party at whose instance he was summoned, to pay into Court such sum as is sufficient to defray the expenses of his detention for such further period, and in default of such deposit being made, may order such sum to be levied by attachment and sale of the moveable property of the party at whose instance he was summoned; or the Court may discharge the person summoned without requiring him to give evidence; or may both order such levy and discharge such person as aforesaid.

Every summons for the attendance of a person to give evidence or to produce a document shall specify the time and place at which he is required to attend, and also whether his attendance is required for the purpose of giving evidence or to produce a document, or for both purposes; and any particular document which the person summoned is called on to produce, shall be described in the summons with reasonable accuracy.

164. Any person may be summoned to produce a document, without being summoned to give evidence; and any person summoned merely to produce a document shall be deemed to have complied with the summons, if he cause such document to be produced instead of attending personally to produce the same.

165. Any person present in court may be required by the Court to give evidence or to produce any document then and there in his actual possession or power.

166. Every summons to a person to give evidence or produce a document shall be served as nearly as may be in manner hereinbefore prescribed for the service of summons on the defendant; and the rules contained in chapter VI as to proof of service shall apply in the case of all summonses served under this section.

167. The service shall in all cases be made a sufficient time before the time specified in the summons for the attendance of the person summoned, to allow him a reasonable time for preparation and for travelling to the place at which his attendance is required.

168. If the serving-officer certify to the Court that the summons for the attendance of a person, either to give evidence or to produce a document, cannot be served, the Court shall examine the serving-officer on oath touching the non-service

and upon being satisfied that such evidence or production is material, and that the person for whose attendance the summons has been issued is absconding or keeping out of the way for the purpose of avoiding the service of the summons, may issue a proclamation requiring him to attend to give evidence, or produce the document, at a time and place to be named therein; and a copy of such proclamation shall be affixed on the outer door of the house in which he ordinarily resides.

If he does not attend at the time and place named in such proclamation, the Court may in its discretion, at the instance of the party on whose application the summons was issued, make an order for the attachment of the property of the person whose attendance is required, to such amount as the Court thinks fit, not exceeding the amount of the costs of attachment and of the fine which may be imposed under section 170:

Provided that no Court of Small Causes shall make an order for the attachment of immoveable property.

169. If, on the attachment of his property, such person appears and satisfies the Court that he did not abscond or keep out of the way to avoid service of the summons, and that he had not notice of the proclamation in time to attend at the time and place named therein, the Court shall direct that the property be released from attachment, and shall make such order as to the costs of the attachment as it thinks fit.

170. If such person does not appear, or appearing, fails to satisfy the Court that he did not abscond or keep out of the way to avoid service of the summons, and that he had not notice of the proclamation in time to attend at the time and place named therein, the Court may impose upon him such fine not exceeding five hundred rupees as the Court thinks fit, having regard to his condition in life and all the circumstances of the case, and may order the property attached, or any part thereof, to be sold for the

purpose of satisfying all costs incurred in consequence of such attachment, together with the amount of the said fine, if any :

Provided that if the person whose attendance is required pays into court the costs and fine as aforesaid, the Court shall order the property to be released from attachment.

171. Subject to the rules of this Code as to attendance and appearance and to the provisions of the Indian Evidence Act, if the Court at any time thinks it necessary to examine any person other than a party to the suit, and not named as a witness by a party to the suit, the Court may, of its own motion, cause such person to be summoned as a witness to give evidence, or to produce any document in his possession, on a day to be appointed, and may examine him as a witness or require him to produce such document.

172. Subject as last aforesaid, whoever is summoned to appear and give evidence in a suit must attend at the time and place named in the summons for that purpose, and whoever is summoned to produce a document must either attend to produce it, or cause it to be produced, at such time and place.

173. No person so summoned and attending shall depart unless and until (a) he has been examined or has produced the document and the Court has risen, or (b) he has obtained the Court's leave to depart.

174. If any person on whom a summons to give evidence or produce a document has been served fails to comply with the summons, or if any person so summoned and attending departs in contravention of section 173, the Court may order him to be arrested and brought before the Court :

Provided that no such order shall be made when the Court has reason to believe that the person so failing had a lawful excuse for such failure.

When any person so brought before the Court fails to satisfy it that he had a lawful excuse for not complying with the summons, the Court may sentence him to fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Explanation.—Non-payment or non-tender of a sum sufficient to defray the expenses mentioned in section 160 shall be deemed a lawful excuse within the meaning of this section.

If any person so apprehended and brought before the Court cannot, owing to the absence of the parties or any of them, give the evidence or produce the document which he has been summoned to give or produce, the Court may require him to give reasonable bail or other security for his appearance at such time and place as it thinks fit, and on such bail or security being given, may release him.

175. If any person so failing to comply with a summons absconds or keeps out of the way, so that he cannot be apprehended and brought before the Court, the provisions of sections 168, 169 and 170 shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply.

176. No one shall be bound to attend in person to give evidence or to be examined in Court unless he resides—

(a) within the local limits of its ordinary original jurisdiction, or

(b) without such limits and at a place less than fifty or (where there is railway communication for five-sixths of the distance between the place where he resides and the place where the Court is situate) two hundred miles distant from the Court-house.

177. If any party to a suit present in Court refuses, without lawful excuse, when required by the Court, to give evidence, or to produce any document then and there in his actual possession or power, the Court may in its discretion either pass a decree against him, or make such other order in relation to the suit as the Court thinks fit.

178. Whenever any party to a suit is required to give evidence or to produce a document, the rules as to witnesses contained in this Code shall apply to him so far as they are applicable.

CHAPTER XV.

OF THE HEARING OF THE SUIT AND EXAMINATION OF WITNESSES.

179. On the day fixed for the hearing of the suit, or on any other day to which the hearing is adjourned, the party having the right to begin shall state his case and produce his evidence in support of the issues which he is bound to prove.

Explanation.—The plaintiff has the right to begin unless where the defendant admits the facts alleged by the plaintiff and contends that either in point of law or on some additional facts alleged by the defendant the plaintiff is not entitled to any part of the relief which he seeks, in which case the defendant has the right to begin.

180. The other party shall then state his case and produce his evidence (if any). The party beginning is then entitled to reply.

Where there are several issues, the burden of proving some of which lies on the other party, the party beginning may, at his option, either produce his evidence on those issues or reserve it by way of answer to the evidence produced by the other

party. In the latter case the party beginning may produce evidence on those issues after the other party has produced all his evidence, and the other party may then reply specially on the evidence so produced by the party beginning; but the party beginning will then be entitled to reply generally on the whole case.

181. The evidence of the witnesses in attendance shall be taken orally in open Court in the presence and under the personal direction and superintendence, of the Judge.

182. In cases in which an appeal is allowed, the evidence of each witness shall be taken down in writing, in the language of the Court, by or in the presence and under the personal direction and superintendence of the Judge, not ordinarily in the form of question and answer, but in that of a narrative, and, when completed, shall be read over in the presence of the Judge and of the witness, and also in the presence of the parties or their pleaders, and the Judge shall, if necessary, correct the same and shall sign it.

183. If the evidence is taken down under section 182 in a language different from that in which it was given, and the witness does not understand the language in which it is taken down, the evidence as taken down in writing shall be interpreted to him in the language in which it was given.

184. In cases in which the evidence is not taken down in writing by the Judge, he shall be bound, as the examination of each witness proceeds, to make a memorandum of the substance of what each witness deposes, and such memorandum shall be written and signed by the Judge with his own hand, and shall form part of the record.

185. Where English is not the language of the Court, but all the parties to the suit who appear in person, and the pleaders of such as appear by pleaders, do not object to have such evidence as is given in English taken down in English, the Judge may so take it down with his own hand.

186. The Court may of its own motion or on the application of any party or his pleader take down, or cause to be taken down, any particular question and answer, or any objection to any question, if there appear any special reason for so doing.

187. If any question put to a witness be objected to by a party or his pleader, and the Court allows the same to be put, the Judge shall take down the question, the answer, the objection and the name of the person making it, together with the decision of the Court thereon.

188. The Court may record such remarks as it thinks material respecting the demeanour of any witness while under examination.

189. In cases in which an appeal is not allowed, it shall not be necessary to take down the evidence of the witnesses in writing at length; but the Judge, as the examination of each witness proceeds, shall make a memorandum of the substance of what he deposes, and such memorandum shall be written and signed by the Judge with his own hand, and shall form part of the record.

190. If the Judge be rendered unable to make a memorandum as above required by this chapter, he shall cause the reason of such inability to be recorded, and shall cause the memorandum to be made in writing from his dictation in open Court.

Every memorandum so made shall form part of the record.

191. Where the Judge taking down any evidence, or causing any memorandum to be made under this chapter, dies or is removed from the Court before the conclusion of the suit, his successor may, if he thinks fit, deal with such evidence or memorandum as if he himself had taken it down or caused it to be made.

192. If a witness be about to leave the jurisdiction of the Court, or if other sufficient cause be shewn to the satisfaction of the Court why his evidence should be taken immediately, the Court may, upon the application of either party or of the witness, at any time after the institution of the suit, take the evidence of such witness in manner hereinbefore provided.

Where such evidence is not taken forthwith and in the presence of the parties, such notice as the Court thinks sufficient of the day fixed for the examination shall be given to the parties.

The evidence so taken shall be read over to the witness, and, if he admits it to be correct, shall be signed by him, and may then be read at any hearing of the suit.

193. The Court may at any stage of the suit recall any witness who has been examined and who has not departed in accordance with section 173, and may (subject to the provisions of the Indian Evidence Act) put such questions to him as the Court thinks fit.

CHAPTER XVI.

OF AFFIDAVITS.

194. Any Court of first instance and any Appellate Court may at any time for sufficient reason order that any particular fact or facts may be proved by affidavit, or that the affidavit of any witness may be read at the hearing, on such conditions as the Court thinks reasonable:

Provided that where it appears to the Court that either party *bona fide* desires the production of a witness for cross-examination, and that such witness can be produced, an order shall not

be made authorizing the evidence of such witness to be given by affidavit.

195. Upon any application evidence may be given by affidavit, but the Court may at the instance of either party order the attendance for cross-examination of the declarant.

Such attendance shall be in Court unless the declarant is exempted under this Code from personal appearance in Court, or the Court otherwise directs.

196. Affidavits shall be confined to such facts as the declarant is able of his own knowledge to prove, except on interlocutory applications, on which statements of his belief may be admitted, provided that reasonable grounds thereof be set forth.

The costs of every affidavit which shall unnecessarily set forth matters of hearsay or argumentative matter, or copies of or extracts from documents, shall (unless the Court otherwise directs) be paid by the party producing the same.

197. In the case of any affidavit under this Code—

- (a) any Court or Magistrate, or
- (b) any officer whom a High Court may appoint in this behalf, or
- (c) any officer appointed by any other Court which the Local Government has generally or specially empowered in this behalf,

may administer the oath of the declarant.

CHAPTER XVII. OF JUDGMENT AND DECREE.

198. The Court, after the evidence has been duly taken and the parties have been heard either in person or by their respective pleaders or recognized agents, shall pronounce judgment in open Court, either at once or on some future day, of which due notice shall be given to the parties or their pleaders.

199. A Judge may pronounce a judgment written by his predecessor, but not pronounced, and in such case he shall not be bound by section 198, except as to giving notice.

200. The judgment shall be written in the language of the Court, or in English, or in the Judge's mother-tongue.

201. Whenever the judgment is written in any language other than that of the Court, the judgment shall, if any of the parties so require, be translated into the language of the Court, and the translation shall also be signed by the Judge or such officer as he appoints in this behalf.

202. The judgment shall be dated and signed by the Judge in open Court at the time of pronouncing it, and shall not be altered or added to, save to correct verbal errors or to

supply some accidental defect not affecting a material part of the case, or on review.

203. The judgments of the Courts of Small Causes need not contain more than the points for determination and the decision thereupon.

The judgments of all other Courts shall contain a concise statement of the case, the points for determination, the decision thereon, and the reasons for such decision.

204. In suits in which issues have been framed, the Court shall state its finding or decision, with the reasons thereof, upon each separate issue, unless the finding upon any one or more of the issues be sufficient for the decision of the suit.

205. The decree shall bear date the day on which the judgment was pronounced; and when the Judge has satisfied himself that the decree has been drawn up in accordance with the judgment, he shall sign the decree.

206. The decree must agree with the judgment: it shall contain the number of the suit, the names and descriptions of the parties, and particulars of the claim, as stated in the register, and shall specify clearly the relief granted or other determination of the suit.

The decree shall also state the amount of costs incurred in the suit, and by what parties and in what proportions such costs are to be paid.

If the decree is found to be at variance with the judgment, or if any clerical or arithmetical error be found in the decree, the Court shall, of its own motion or on that of any of the parties, amend the decree so as to bring it into conformity with the judgment or to correct such error: provided that reasonable notice have been given to the parties or their pleaders of the proposed amendment.

207. When the subject-matter of the suit is immoveable property, and such property is identified by boundaries or numbers in a record of settlement or survey, if the decree be for the recovery of a portion only of such property, it shall specify the boundaries or number of such portion.

208. When the suit is for moveable property, if the decree be for the delivery of such property, it shall also state the amount of money to be paid as an alternative if delivery cannot be had.

209. When the suit is for a sum of money due to the plaintiff, the Court may, in the decree, order interest at such rate as the Court deems reasonable to be paid on the principal sum adjudged, from the date of the suit to the date

of the decree, in addition to any interest adjudged on such principal sum for any period prior to the institution of the suit, with further interest at such rate as the Court deems reasonable on the aggregate sum so adjudged, from the date of the decree to the date of payment, or to such earlier date as the Court thinks fit.

210. In all decrees for the payment of money, the Court may for any sufficient reason order that the amount shall be paid by instalments, with or without interest.

And after the passing of any such decree the Court may, on the application of the judgment-debtor, and with the consent of the decree-holder, order that the amount decreed be paid by instalments on such terms as to the payment of interest, the attachment of the property of the defendant, or the taking of security from him, or otherwise, as it thinks fit:

Save as provided in this section and section 206, no decree shall be altered at the request of parties.

211. When the suit is for land or other property yielding rent or other profit, the Court may provide in the decree for the payment of rent or mesne profits in respect of such property from the institution of the suit until the delivery of possession to the party in whose favour the decree is made, or until the expiration of three years from the date of the decree (whichever event first occurs), with interest thereupon at such rate as the Court thinks fit.

Explanation.—‘Mesne profits’ of property mean those profits which the person in wrongful possession of such property actually received, or might with ordinary diligence have received, therefrom.

212. When the suit is for immoveable property and for mesne profits which have accrued on the property during a period prior to the institution of the suit, and the amount of such profits is disputed, the Court may either determine the amount by the decree itself, or may pass a decree for the property and direct an inquiry into the amount of mesne profits, and dispose of the same on further orders.

213. When the suit is for an account of any property and for its due administration under the decree of the Court, the Court, before making the decree, shall order such accounts and inquiries to be taken and made, and give such other directions as it thinks fit.

In the administration by the Court of the property of any person who dies after this Code comes into force, if such property proves to be insufficient for the payment in full of his debts and liabilities, the same rules shall be observed as to the respective rights of secured and unsecured creditors and as to debts and liabilities proveable, and as to the valuation of annuities and future and contingent liabilities respectively, as may be in force for the time being with respect to the estates of persons adjudged insolvent;

And all persons who in any such case would be entitled to be paid out of such property may come in under the decree for its administration, and make such claims against the same as they may respectively be entitled to by virtue of this Code.

Applications under section 265 of the Indian Contract Act, 1872, shall be deemed to be suits within the meaning of this section.

214. When the suit is to enforce a right of pre-emption in respect of a particular sale of property, and the Court finds for the plaintiff, if the amount of purchase-money has not been paid into Court, the decree shall specify a day on or before which it shall be so paid, and shall declare that on payment of such purchase-money, together with the costs (if any) decreed against him, the plaintiff shall obtain possession of the property, but that if such money and costs are not so paid, the suit shall stand dismissed with costs.

215. When the suit is for the dissolution of a partnership, the Court, before making its decree, may pass an order fixing the day on which the partnership shall stand dissolved, and directing such accounts to be taken and other acts to be done as it thinks fit.

216. If the defendant has set-off the amount of a debt against the claim of the plaintiff, and such set-off has been allowed, the decree shall state what amount is due to the plaintiff and what amount (if any) is due to the defendant, and shall be for the recovery of any sum which appears to be due to either party.

The decree of the Court with respect to any sum awarded to the defendant shall have the same effect, and be subject to the same rules in respect of appeal or otherwise, as if such sum had been claimed by the defendant in a separate suit against the plaintiff.

217. Certified copies of the judgment and decree shall be furnished to the parties on application to the Court, and at their expense.

CHAPTER XVIII.

OF COSTS.

218. When disposing of any application under this Code, the Court may give to either party the costs of such application, or may reserve the consideration of such costs for any future stage of the proceedings.

219. The judgment shall direct by whom the costs of each party are to be paid, whether by himself or by any other party to the suit, and whether in whole or in what part or proportion.

220. The Court shall have full power to give and apportion costs of every application and suit in any manner it thinks fit, and the fact that the Court

has no jurisdiction to try the case is no bar to the exercise of such power :

Provided if the Court directs that the costs of any application or suit shall not follow the event, the Court shall state its reasons in writing.

221. The Court may direct that the costs payable to one party by another shall be set-off against a sum which is admitted or is found in the suit to be due from the former to the latter,

but such direction shall not affect the lien upon the amount decreed of any pleader in respect of the costs payable to him under the decree.

222. The Court may give interest on costs at any rate not exceeding six per cent. per annum and may direct that costs, with or without interest, be paid out of or charged upon the subject-matter of the suit.

CHAPTER XIX.

OF THE EXECUTION OF DECREES.

A.—Of the Court by which Decrees may be executed.

223. A decree may be executed either by the Court which passed it or by the Court to which it is sent for execution under the pro-

The Court which passed a decree may, on the application of the decree-holder, send it for execution to another Court,

(a) if the person against whom the decree is passed actually and voluntarily resides or carries on business, or personally works for gain, within the local limits of the jurisdiction of such other Court, or

(b) if such person has not property within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court which passed the decree sufficient to satisfy such decree and has property within the local limits of the jurisdiction of such other Court, or

(c) if the decree direct the sale of immoveable property situate outside the district within which the Court which passed it is situate, or

(d) if the Court which passed the decree considers for any other reason, which it shall record in writing, that the decree should be executed by such other Court.

The Court which passed a decree may of its own motion send it for execution to any Court subordinate thereto.

The Court to which a decree is sent under this section for execution shall certify to the Court which passed it, the fact of such execution, or where the former Court fails to execute the same, the circumstances attending such failure.

If the decree has been passed in a ~~case~~ cognizable by a Court of Small Causes and the Court which passed it wishes it to be executed in Calcutta, Madras, Bombay or Rangoon, such Court may send to the local Court of Small Causes the copies and certificate respectively mentioned in

clauses (a), (b) and (c) of section 224; and such Court of Small Causes shall thereupon execute the decree as if it had been passed by itself.

If the Court to which a decree is to be sent for execution is situate within the same district as the Court which passed such decree, such Court shall send the same directly to the former Court. But if the Court to which the decree is to be sent for execution is situate in a different district, the Court which passed it shall send it to the District Court of the district in which the decree is to be executed.

224. The Court sending a decree for execution under section 223 shall send therewith

(a) a copy of the decree;

(b) a certificate setting forth that satisfaction of the decree has not been obtained by execution within the jurisdiction of the Court by which it was passed, or, where the decree has been executed in part, the extent to which satisfaction has been obtained and what part of the decree remains unexecuted; and

(c) a copy of any order for the execution of the decree, and if no such order has been made, a certificate to that effect.

225. The Court to which a decree is so sent shall cause such copies and certificate to be filed, without any further proof of the decree or order for execution, or of the copies thereof, or of the jurisdiction of the Court which passed it, unless the former Court, for any special reasons to be recorded under the hand of the Judge, requires such proof.

226. When such copies are so filed; the decree or order may, if the Court to which it is sent be the District Court, be executed by such Court or by any subordinate Court which it directs to execute the same.

227. If the Court to which the decree is sent for execution be a High Court, the decree shall be executed by such Court in the same manner as if it had been made by such Court in the exercise of its ordinary original civil jurisdiction.

228. The Court executing a decree sent to it under this chapter shall have the same powers in executing such decree as if it had been passed by itself. All persons disobeying or obstructing the execution of the decree shall be punishable by such Court in the same manner as if it had passed the decree. And its orders in executing such decree shall be subject to the same rules in respect of appeal, as if the decree had been passed by itself.

229. A decree of any Court established by the authority of the Governor General in Council in the territories of any Native Prince or State in India, which cannot be executed within the jurisdiction of the Court by which it was made, may be executed in manner herein provided within the jurisdiction of any Court in British India.

B.—Of Application for Execution.

230. When the holder of a decree desires to enforce it, he shall apply to the Court which passed the decree or to the officer, if any, appointed in this behalf, or if the decree has been sent under the provisions hereinbefore contained to another Court, then to such Court or to the proper officer thereof..

The Court may in its discretion refuse execution at the same time against the person and property of the judgment-debtor.

Where an application to execute a decree for the payment of money or delivery of other property has been made under this section and granted, no subsequent application to execute the same decree shall be granted unless the Court is satisfied that on the last preceding application due diligence was used to procure complete satisfaction of the decree; and the order of the Court granting any such subsequent application shall be conclusive evidence that due diligence was used to procure such satisfaction.

And no such subsequent application shall be granted after the expiration of twelve years from any of the following dates (namely)—

(a) the date of the decree sought to be enforced, or of the decree (if any) on appeal affirming the same, or

(b) where the decree or any subsequent order directs the payment of money or the delivery of property by instalments,—the date of the default in paying or delivering the instalment in respect of which the applicant seeks to enforce the decree.

Nothing in this section shall prevent the Court from granting an application for execution of a decree after the expiration of the said term of twelve years, where the judgment-debtor has by fraud or force prevented the execution of the decree at some time within twelve years immediately before the date of the application.

Notwithstanding anything herein contained, proceedings may be taken to enforce any decree within three years after the passing of this Code, unless when the period prescribed for taking such proceedings by the law in force immediately before the passing of this Code shall have expired before the completion of the said three years.

231. If a decree has been passed jointly in favour of more persons than one, any one or more of such persons, or his or their representatives, may apply for the execution of the whole decree for the benefit of them all, or, where any of them has died, for the benefit of the survivors and the representative in interest of the deceased.

If the Court sees sufficient cause for allowing the decree to be executed on an application so made, it shall pass such order as it deems necessary for protecting the interests of the persons who have not joined in the application.

232. If a decree be transferred by assignment in writing or by operation of law from the decree-holder to any other person, the transferee may apply for its execution to the Court which passed it; and if that Court thinks fit, the decree may be executed in the same manner

and subject to the same conditions as if the application were made by such decree-holder :

Provided that where the decree has been transferred by assignment, notice in writing of such application shall be given to the transferor and the judgment-debtor, and the decree shall not be executed until the Court has heard their objections (if any) to such execution :

Provided also that where a decree against several persons has been transferred to one of them, it shall not be executed against the others.

233. Every transferee of a decree shall hold the same subject to the equities (if any) which the judgment-debtor might have enforced against the original decree-holder.

Transferee to hold subject to equities enforceable against original holder.

234. If a judgment-debtor dies before the decree has been fully executed, the holder of the decree may apply to the Court which passed it to execute the same against the legal representative of the deceased.

Such representative shall be liable only to the extent of the property of the deceased which has come to his hands and has not been duly disposed of; and for the purpose of ascertaining such liability, the Court executing the decree may of its own motion, or on the application of the decree-holder, compel the said representative to produce such accounts as it thinks fit.

235. The application for the execution of a decree shall be in writing, verified in manner hereinbefore provided for the verification of plaints, and shall contain in a tabular form the following particulars (namely)—

- (a) the number of the suit;
- (b) the names of the parties;
- (c) the date of the decree;
- (d) whether any appeal has been preferred from the decree;
- (e) whether any and what adjustment of the matter in dispute has been made between the parties subsequently to the decree;
- (f) whether any and what previous applications have been made for execution of the decree and with what result;
- (g) the amount of the debt or compensation, with the interest, if any, due upon the decree, or other relief granted thereby;
- (h) the amount of costs, if any, awarded;
- (i) the name of the person against whom the enforcement of the decree is sought; and
- (j) the mode in which the assistance of the Court is required, whether by the delivery of property specifically decreed, by the arrest and imprisonment of the person named in the application, or by the attachment of his property, or otherwise as the nature of the relief sought may require.

236. If the application be for the attachment of any moveable property belonging to the judgment-debtor but not in his possession, the decree-holder shall annex to the application an inventory of the property to be attached, containing a reasonably accurate description of the same.

237. If the application be for the attachment of any immoveable property belonging to the judgment-debtor, it shall contain at the foot a description of the property sufficient to identify it, and also a specification of the judgment-debtor's share or interest therein to the best of the belief of the applicant and so far as he has been able to ascertain the same.

Every such description and specification shall be verified in manner hereinbefore provided for the verification of plaints.

238. If the property be land registered in the Collector's office, the application for attachment shall be accompanied by an authenticated extract from the register of such office, specifying the persons registered as proprietors of, or as possessing any transferable interest in, the land or its revenue, or as liable to pay revenue for such land, and the shares of the registered proprietors.

C.—Of staying Execution.

239. The Court to which a decree has been sent for execution under this chapter, shall upon sufficient cause being shewn, stay the execution of such decree for a reasonable time, to enable the judgment-debtor to apply to the Court by which the decree was made, or to any Court having appellate jurisdiction in respect of the decree or the execution thereof, for an order to stay the execution, or for any other order relating to the decree or execution which might have been made by such Court of first instance or appellate Court if execution had been issued thereby, or if application for execution had been made thereto ;

and in case the property or person of the judgment-debtor has been seized under an execution, the Court which issued the execution may order the restitution or discharge of such property or person pending the result of the application for such order.

240. Before passing an order under section 239, to stay execution, or for the restitution of property or the discharge of the judgment-debtor, the Court may require such security from, or impose such conditions upon, the judgment-debtor as it thinks fit.

241. No discharge under section 239 of the property or person of a judgment-debtor, shall prevent it or him from being retaken in execution of the decree sent for execution.

242. Any order of the Court by which the decree was passed or of such Court of appeal as aforesaid, in relation to the execution of such decree shall be binding upon the Court to which the decree was sent for execution.

243. If a suit be pending in any Court against the holder of a decree of such Court, on the part of the person against whom the decree was passed, the Court may (if it think fit) stay execution on the decree, either absolutely or on such terms as it thinks fit, until the pending suit has been decided.

D.—Questions for Court executing decree.

244. The following questions shall be determined by order of the Court executing a decree and not by separate suit (namely) —

(a) questions regarding the amount of any mesne profits as to which the decree has directed inquiry ;

(b) questions regarding the amount of any mesne profits or interest which the decree has made payable in respect of the subject-matter of a suit between the date of its institution and the execution of the decree, or the expiration of three years from the date of the decree ;

(c) any other questions arising between the parties to the suit in which the decree was passed, or their representatives, and relating to the execution of the decree.

Nothing in this section shall be deemed to bar a separate suit for mesne profits accruing between the institution of the first suit and the execution of the decree therein, where such profits are not dealt with by such decree.

E.—Of the mode of executing Decrees.

245. The Court, on receiving an application for the execution of a decree, shall ascertain whether it contains the particulars mentioned in section 235, or such of them as may be applicable to the case, and whether it is accompanied by the inventory mentioned in section 236 ; and if such particulars or inventory are or is wanting, it shall reject the application or return it for amendment or for the addition of the inventory, as the case may be, or amend it then and there. Every amendment made under this section shall be attested by the signature of the Judge.

When the application is admitted, the Court shall enter in the register of the suit a note of the application and the date on which it was made, and shall order execution of the decree according to the nature of the application :

Provided that, in the case of a decree for money, the value of the property attached shall as nearly as may be correspond with the amount for which the decree has been made.

246. If cross-decrees between the same parties for the payment of money be produced to the Court, execution shall be taken out only by the party who holds a decree for the larger sum, and for so much only as remains after deducting the smaller sum, and satisfaction for the smaller sum shall be entered on the decree for the larger sum as well as satisfaction on the decree for the smaller sum.

If the two sums be equal, satisfaction shall be entered upon both decrees.

Explanation I.—The decrees contemplated by this section are (a) decrees made by the same Court, (b) decrees sent to the same Court for execution, and (c) decrees of which one is made by the Court and the other is sent to the same Court for execution; but not (d) decrees of which one is made by one Court and the other is made by another Court and not sent for execution to the former Court.

Explanation II.—This section applies where either party is an assignee of one of the decrees and as well in respect of judgment-debts due by the original assignor as by the assignee himself.

Explanation III.—This section does not apply unless

(e) both decrees are capable of execution at the same time;

(f) the decree-holder in one of the suits in which the decrees have been made is the judgment-debtor in the other and each party fills the same character in both suits; and

(g) the sums due under the decrees are definite.

• Illustrations.

(a) A holds a decree against B for Rs. 1,000. B holds a decree against A for the payment of Rs. 1,000 in case A fails to deliver certain goods at a future day. B cannot treat his decree as a cross-decree under this section.

(b) A and B, co-plaintiffs, obtain a decree for Rs. 1,000 against C, and C obtains a decree for Rs. 1,000 against B. C cannot treat his decree as a cross-decree under this section.

(c) A obtains a decree against B for Rs. 1,000. C, who is a trustee for B, obtains a decree on behalf of B against A for Rs. 1,000. B cannot treat C's decree as a cross-decree under this section.

247. When two parties are entitled under the same decree to recover from each other sums of different amounts, the party entitled to the smaller sum shall not take out execution against the other party; but satisfaction for the smaller sum shall be entered on the decree.

When the amounts are equal, neither party shall take out execution, but satisfaction for each sum shall be entered on the decree.

248. The Court shall issue a notice to the party against whom execution is applied for, requiring him to shew cause, within a period to be fixed by the Court, why the decree should not be executed against him,

(a) if more than one year has elapsed between the date of the decree and the application for its execution, or

(b) if the enforcement of the decree be applied for against the legal representative of a party to the suit in which the decree was made:

Provided. Provided that no such notice shall be necessary

in consequence of more than one year having elapsed between the date of the decree and the application for execution, if the application be made within one year from the date of any decree passed on appeal from the decree sought to be executed or of the last order against the party against whom execution is applied for passed on any previous application for execution, or

in consequence of the application being against the legal representative of the judgment-debtor, if upon a previous application for execution against the same person, the Court has ordered execution to issue against him.

Explanation.—In this section the phrase "the Court" means the Court by which the decree was passed, unless the decree has been sent to another Court for execution, in which case it means such other Court.

249. If the person to whom notice is issued under the last preceding section does not appear, or does not shew cause to the satisfaction of the Court why the decree should not be executed, the Court shall order the decree to be executed.

If he offers any objection to the enforcement of the decree, the Court shall consider such objection and pass such order as it thinks fit.

250. When the preliminary measures (if any) required by the foregoing provisions have been taken, the Court, unless it sees cause to the contrary, shall issue its warrant for the execution of the decree.

251. Such warrant shall be dated the day on which it is issued, signed by the Judge or such officer as the Court appoints in this behalf, sealed with the seal of the Court, and delivered to the proper officer to be executed.

And a day shall be specified in such warrant on or before which it must be executed, and the proper officer shall endorse thereon the day and manner in which it was executed, or if it was not executed, the reason why it was not executed, and shall return it with such endorsement to the Court from which it issued.

252. If the decree be against a party as the legal representative of a deceased person, and the decree be for money to be paid out of the property of the deceased, it may be executed by the attachment and sale of any such property.

If no such property can be found, and the judgment-debtor fails to satisfy the Court that he has duly applied such property of the deceased as is proved to have come into his possession, the decree may be executed against the judgment-debtor to the extent of the property not duly applied by

him, in the same manner as if the decree had been against him personally.

253. Whenever a person has, before the passing of a decree in an original suit, become liable as surety for the performance of the same or of any part thereof, the decree may be executed against him to the extent to which he has rendered himself liable, in the same manner as a decree may be executed against a defendant :

Provided that such notice in writing as the Court in each case thinks sufficient has been given to the surety.

254. Every decree or order directing a party to pay money, as compensation, or costs, or as the alternative to some other relief granted by the decree or order, or otherwise, may be enforced by the imprisonment of the judgment-debtor, or by the attachment and sale of his property in manner hereinafter provided, or by both.

255. If the decree be for mesne profits or any other matter the amount of which in money is to be subsequently determined, the property of the judgment-debtor may, before the amount due from him under the decree has been ascertained, be attached as in the case of an ordinary decree for money.

256. When a decree is passed for a sum of money only, and the amount decreed does not exceed the sum of one thousand rupees, the Court may, when passing the decree, on the oral application of the decree-holder, order immediate execution thereof by the issue of a warrant directed either against the person of the judgment-debtor if he is within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court, or against his moveable property within the same limits.

Modes of paying money under decree.

257. All money payable under a decree shall be paid as follows (namely)—

- (a) into the Court whose duty it is to execute the decree; or
- (b) out of Court to the decree-holder; or
- (c) otherwise as the Court which made the decree directs.

258. If the money is paid out of Court or the decree is otherwise adjusted to the satisfaction of the decree-holder, he shall certify the payment or adjustment to the Court whose duty it is to execute the decree; and no satisfaction of a decree in part or in whole by such payment or adjustment shall be recognized by such Court unless the payment or adjustment be certified as aforesaid. Where the decree-holder fails to certify as aforesaid, the judgment-debtor may apply to such Court for an order directing the decree-holder to certify as aforesaid, and the Court, after hearing the decree-holder, may make such order, and if the decree-holder disobey the same, may refuse further to execute the decree.

259. If the decree be for any specific moveable, or for any share in a specific moveable, or for the recovery of a wife, it may be enforced by the seizure, if practicable, of the moveable or share, and by the delivery thereof to the party to whom it has been adjudged, or to such person as he appoints to receive delivery on his behalf, or by the imprisonment of the judgment-debtor, or by attaching his property and keeping the same under attachment until the further order of the Court, or by both imprisonment and attachment, if necessary.

No attachment under this section shall remain in force for more than six months, at the end of which time, if the judgment-debtor has not obeyed the decree, the property attached may be sold, and out of the proceeds the Court may award to the decree-holder such compensation as it thinks fit, and pay the balance, if any, to the judgment-debtor on his application.

260. When the party against whom a decree for the specific performance of a contract, or for restitution of conjugal rights, or for the performance of any other particular act, has been made, has had an opportunity of obeying the decree or injunction and has wilfully failed to obey it, the decree may be enforced by his imprisonment, or by the attachment of his property, or by both.

No attachment under this section shall remain in force for more than one year, at the end of which time, if the judgment-debtor has not obeyed the decree, the property attached may be sold and out of the proceeds the Court may award to the decree-holder such compensation as it thinks fit and may pay the balance, if any, to the judgment-debtor on his application.

261. If the decree be for the execution of a conveyance, or for the endorsement of a negotiable instrument, and the judgment-debtor neglects or refuses to comply with the decree, the decree-holder may prepare the draft of a conveyance or endorsement in accordance with the terms of the decree, and deliver the same to the Court.

The Court shall thereupon cause the draft to be served on the judgment-debtor in manner hereinbefore provided for serving a summons, together with a notice in writing stating that his objections, if any, thereto shall be made within such time (mentioning it) as the Court fixes in this behalf.

The decree-holder may also tender a duplicate of the draft to the Court for execution upon the proper stamp-paper, if a stamp is required by law.

On proof of such service, the Court, or such officer as it appoints in this behalf, shall execute the duplicate so tendered, or may, if necessary, alter the same, so as to bring it into accordance with the terms of the decree, and execute the duplicate so altered :

Provided that if any party object to the draft so served as aforesaid, his objections shall, within

the time so fixed, be stated in writing and argued before the Court, and the Court shall thereupon pass such order as it thinks fit, and execute, or alter and execute, the duplicate in accordance therewith.

262. The execution of a conveyance or the endorsement of a negotiable instrument by the Court under the last preceding section may be in the following form: "*C. D.*, Judge of the Court of (or as the case may be), for *A. B.*, in a suit by *E. F.*, against *A. B.*," or in such other form as the High Court may from time to time prescribe, and shall have the same effect as the execution of the conveyance or endorsement of the instrument by the party ordered to execute or endorse the same.

263. If the decree be for the delivery of any immovable property, possession thereof shall be delivered over to the party to whom it has been adjudged, or to such person as he appoints to receive delivery on his behalf, and, if need be, by removing any person bound by the decree who refuses to vacate the property.

264. If the decree be for the delivery of any moveable property in the occupancy of a tenant or other person entitled to occupy the same, the Court shall order delivery to be made by affixing a copy of the warrant in some conspicuous place on the property, and proclaiming to the occupant by beat of drum, or in such other mode as is customary, at some convenient place, the substance of the decree in regard to the property:

Provided that if the occupant can be found, a notice in writing containing such substance shall be served upon him, and in such case no proclamation need be made.

265. If the decree be for the partition or for the separate possession of a share of an undivided estate paying revenue to Government, the partition of the estate or the separation of the share shall be made by the Collector.

F.—Of Attachment of Property.

266. The following property is liable to attachment and sale in execution of a decree, (namely) lands, houses or other buildings, goods, money, bank-notes, cheques, bills of exchange, hundis, promissory notes, Government securities, bonds or other securities for money, debts, shares in the capital or joint-stock of any railway, banking or other public Company or Corporation, and, except as hereinafter mentioned, all other saleable property, moveable or immovable, belonging to the judgment-debtor or over which, or the profits of which, he has a disposing power which he may exercise for his own benefit, and whether the same be held in the name of the judgment-debtor or by another person in trust for him or on his behalf:

Provided that the following particulars shall not be liable to such attachment or sale (namely)—

(a) the necessary wearing apparel of the judgment-debtor, his wife and children:

(b) tools of artisans, implements of husbandry and such cattle as may in the opinion of the Court be necessary to enable the judgment-debtor to earn his livelihood as an agriculturist:

(c) the materials of houses and other buildings belonging to and occupied by agriculturists:

(d) books of account:

(e) mere rights to sue for damages:

(f) any right of personal service:

(g) stipends allowed to military and civil pensioners of Government, and political pensions:

(h) one moiety of the salary of a public officer or of the servant of a Railway Company:

(i) the pay and allowances of persons to whom the Native Articles of War apply:

(j) the wages of labourers and domestic servants:

(k) an expectancy of succession by survivorship or other merely contingent or possible right or interest:

(l) a right to future maintenance.

Explanation.—The particulars mentioned in clauses (g), (h), (i) and (j) are exempt from attachment or sale whether before or after they are actually payable:

Provided also that nothing in this section shall be deemed:

(a) to exempt the materials of houses and other buildings from attachment or sale in execution of decrees for rent, or

(b) to affect the statute for the time being in force for punishing mutiny and desertion and for the better payment of the Army and their quarters.

267. The Court may of its own motion or on the application of the decree-holder, summon any person whom it thinks necessary, and examine him in respect to any property liable to be seized in satisfaction of the decree, and may require the person summoned to produce any document in his possession or power relating to such property, and before issuing the summons of its own motion, shall declare the person on whose behalf the summons is so issued.

268. In the case of (a) a debt not secured by a negotiable instrument, (b) a share in the capital of any public company or corporation, (c) other moveable property not in the possession of the judgment-debtor, except property deposited in, or in the custody of, any Court, the attachment shall be made by a written order prohibiting,

(a) in the case of the debt, the creditor from recovering the debt and the debtor from making payment thereof until the further order of the Court:

(b) in the case of the share, the person in whose name the share may be standing, from transferring the same or receiving any dividend thereon:

(c) in the case of the other moveable property except as aforesaid, the person in possession of the same from giving it over to the judgment-debtor.

A copy of such order shall be fixed up in some conspicuous part of the Court-house, and another copy of the same shall be sent in the case of the debt to the debtor, in the case of the share to the proper officer of the company or corporation and in the case of the other moveable property (except as aforesaid) to the person in possession of the same.

A debtor prohibited under clause (a) of this section may pay the amount of his debt into court, and such payment shall discharge him as effectually as payment to the party entitled to receive the same.

No attachment under this section shall remain in force for more than six months; at the end of which time, if the judgment-debtor has not obeyed the decree, the property attached may be sold, and out of the proceeds the Court may award to the decree-holder such compensation as it thinks fit, and pay the balance, if any, to the judgment-debtor on his application.

269. If the property be moveable property in the possession of the judgment-debtor, other than the property mentioned in the first proviso to section 266, the attachment shall be made by actual seizure, and the attaching officer shall keep the property in his own custody or in the custody of one of his subordinates, and shall be responsible for the due custody thereof:

Provided that when the property seized is subject to speedy and natural decay, or when the expense of keeping it in custody will exceed its value, the proper officer may sell it at once

The Local Government may from time to time make rules for the maintenance of tenance and custody, while attached live-stock, under attachment, of live-stock and other moveable property, and the officer attaching property under this section shall, notwithstanding the provisions of the former part of this section act in accordance with such rules.

270. If the property be a negotiable instrument not in deposit in a Court, the attachment shall be made by actual seizure, and the instrument shall be brought into court and held subject to the further orders of the Court.

271. If the person executing any process under this Code directing or authorizing seizure of moveable property, has gained access to a house or other building, he may unfasten and open the door of any room in which he has reason to believe any such property to be:

Provided that if the room be in the actual occupancy of a woman, who according to the customs of the country does not appear in public, the person executing the process shall give notice to her that she is at liberty to withdraw; and after allowing a reasonable time for such woman to withdraw, and giving her every reasonable facility for withdrawing, he may enter such room for the purpose of seizing the property, using at the same time every precaution, consistent with these provisions, to prevent its clandestine removal.

272. If the property be deposited in, or be in the custody of, any Court or public officer, the attachment shall be made by a notice to such Court or officer, requesting that such property, and any interest or dividend becoming payable thereon may be held subject to the further orders of the Court from which the notice issues:

Provided that, if such property is deposited in, or is in the custody of, a Court, any question of title or priority arising between the decree-holder and any other person, not being the judgment-debtor, claiming to be interested in such property by virtue of any assignment, attachment or otherwise, shall be determined by such Court.

273. If the property be a decree for money passed by the Court which passed the decree sought to be executed, the attachment shall be made by an order of the Court directing the proceeds of the former decree to be applied in satisfaction of the latter decree.

If the property be a decree for money passed by any other Court, the attachment shall be made by a notice in writing to such Court under the hand of the Judge of the Court which passed the decree sought to be executed, requesting the former Court to stay the execution of its decree until such notice is cancelled by the Court from which it was sent. The Court receiving such notice shall stay execution accordingly, unless and until

- (a) the Court which passed the decree sought to be executed cancels the notice, or
- (b) the holder of the decree sought to be executed applies to the Court receiving such notice to execute its own decree.

On receiving such application, the Court shall proceed to execute the decree and apply the proceeds in satisfaction of the decree sought to be executed.

In the case of all other decrees the attachment shall be made by a notice in writing, under the hand of the Judge of the Court which passed the decree sought to be executed to the holder of the decree sought to be attached, prohibiting him from transferring or charging the same in any way; and, when such decree has been passed by any other Court, also by sending to such Court a like notice in writing to abstain from executing the decree sought to be attached until such notice is cancelled by the Court from which it was sent. Every Court receiving such notice shall give effect to the same until it is so cancelled.

The holder of any decree attached under this section shall be bound to give the Court executing the same such information and aid as may reasonably be required.

274. If the property be immoveable, the attachment shall be made by an order prohibiting the judgment-debtor from transferring or charging the property in any way, and all persons from receiving the same from him by purchase, gift or otherwise.

The order shall be proclaimed at some place adjacent to such property by beat of drum or

other customary mode, and a copy of the order shall be fixed up in a conspicuous part of the property and of the Court-house.

When the property is land paying revenue to Government, a copy of the order shall also be fixed up in the office of the Collector of the District in which the land is situate.

275. If the amount decreed with costs and all charges and expenses resulting from the attachment of any property be paid into Court, or if satisfaction of the decree be otherwise made through the Court, or if the decree is set aside or reversed, an order shall be issued, on the application of any person interested in the property, for the withdrawal of the attachment.

276. When an attachment has been made by actual seizure or by written order duly intimated and made known in manner aforesaid, any private alienation of the property attached, whether by sale, gift, mortgage or otherwise, and any payment of the debt or dividend or a delivery of the share to the judgment-debtor during the continuance of the attachment, shall be void as against all claims enforceable under the attachment.

277. If the property attached is coin or currency-notes, the Court may, at any time during the continuance of the attachment, direct that such coin or notes, or a part thereof sufficient to satisfy the decree, be paid over to the party entitled under the decree to receive the same.

278. If any claim be preferred to, or any objection be made to the attachment of, any property attached in execution of a decree, on the ground that such property is not liable to such attachment, the Court shall proceed to investigate the claim or objection with the like power as regards the examination of the claimant or objector, and in all other respects, as if he was a party to the suit:

Provided that no such investigation shall be made where the Court considers that the claim or objection was designedly or unnecessarily delayed.

If the property to which the claim or objection applies has been advertised for sale, the Court ordering the sale may postpone it pending the investigation of the claim or objection.

279. The claimant or objector must adduce evidence to show that at the date of the attachment he had some interest in, or was possessed of, the property attached.

280. If upon the said investigation the Court is satisfied that, for the reason stated in the claim or objection, such property was not, when attached, in the possession of the judgment-debtor or of some person in trust for him, or in the occupancy of a tenant or other person paying rent to him, or that, being in the possession of the judgment-debtor at such time, it was

so in his possession, not on his own account or as his own property, but on account of or in trust for some other person, or partly on his own account and partly on account of some other person, the Court shall pass an order for releasing the property wholly or to such extent as it thinks fit, from attachment.

281. If the Court is satisfied that the property was, at the time it was attached, in possession of the judgment-debtor as his own property and not on account of any other person, or was in the possession of some other person in trust for him, or in the occupancy of a tenant or other person paying rent to him, the Court shall disallow the claim.

282. If the Court is satisfied that the property is subject to a mortgage or lien in favour of some person not in possession, and thinks fit to continue the attachment, it may do so, subject to such mortgage or lien.

283. The party against whom an order under section 280, 281 or 282 is passed may institute a suit to establish the right which he claims to the property in dispute, but subject to the result of such suit, if any, the order shall be conclusive.

284. Any Court may order that any property which has been attached, or such portion thereof as may seem necessary to satisfy the decree, shall be sold, and that the proceeds of such sale, or a sufficient portion thereof, shall be paid to the party entitled under the decree to receive the same.

285. Where property not in the custody of any Court has been attached in execution of decrees of more Courts than one, the Court which shall receive or realize such property and shall determine any claim thereto and any objection to the attachment thereof shall be the Court of highest grade, or where there is no difference in grade between such Courts, the Court under whose decree the property was first attached.

G.—Of Sale and Delivery of Property.

(a) General Rules.

286. Sales in execution of decrees shall be conducted by an officer of the Court or by any other person whom the Court may appoint, and, except as provided in section 296, shall be made by public auction in manner hereinafter mentioned.

287. When any property is ordered to be sold by public auction in execution of a decree, the Court shall cause a proclamation of the intended sale to be made in the language of such Court. Such proclamation shall state the time and place of sale; and shall specify as fairly and accurately as possible—

- (a) the property to be sold;
- (b) the revenue assessed upon the estate or part of the estate, when the property to be sold is an interest in an estate or a part of an estate paying revenue to Government;

- (c) any incumbrance to which the property is liable;
- (d) the amount for the recovery of which the sale is ordered; and
- (e) every other thing which the Court considers material for the purchaser to know in order to judge of the nature and value of the property.

For the purpose of ascertaining the matters so to be specified, the Court may summon any person whom it thinks necessary, and examine him in respect to any such matters, and require him to produce any document in his possession or power relating thereto.

The High Court shall, as soon as may be after Rules to be made by this Code comes into force, High Court.

make rules for the guidance of the Courts in exercise of their duties under this section. The High Court may from time to time alter any rules so made. All such rules shall be published in the local official Gazette and shall thereupon have the force of law. As regards his own Court and the Court of Small Causes at Rangoon the Recorder of Rangoon shall be deemed to be a 'High Court' within the meaning of this paragraph.

Nothing in this section shall apply to cases in which the execution of the decree has been transferred to the Collector.

288. No Judge or other public officer shall be answerable for any error, misstatement or omission in any proclamation under section 287 unless the same has been committed or made dishonestly.

289. The proclamation shall be made, in manner prescribed by section 274, on the spot where the property is attached.

If the Court so direct, such proclamation shall also be published in the local official Gazette and in some local newspaper, and the costs of such publication shall be deemed to be costs of the sale.

290. Except in the case of property mentioned in the proviso to section 269, no sale under this chapter shall, without the consent in writing of the judgment-debtor, take place until after the expiration of at least thirty days in the case of immoveable property, and of at least fifteen days in the case of moveable property, calculated from the date on which the notification has been affixed in the court-house of the Judge ordering the sale.

291. The officer conducting any sale under this chapter may in his discretion adjourn the sale, recording his reasons for such adjournment.

Provided that when the sale is made in or within the precincts of the Court-house no such adjournment shall be made without the leave of the Court. Every such sale shall be stopped if, before the lot is knocked down, the debt and costs (including the costs of the sale) are tendered to such officer, or proof is given to his satisfaction that the amount of such debt and costs has been paid into the Court that ordered the sale.

292. No officer having any duty to perform in connection with any sale under this chapter shall either directly or indirectly

bid for, acquire, or attempt to acquire, any interest in any property sold at such sale.

293. The deficiency of price (if any) which may happen on a re-sale under this Code by reason of the purchaser's default, and all expenses attending such re-sale, shall be certified to the Court by the officer holding the sale, and shall, at the instance of either the judgment-creditor or the judgment-debtor, be recoverable from the defaulter under the rules contained in this chapter for the execution of a decree for money.

294. No holder of a decree in execution of which property is sold, shall, without the express permission of the Court, bid for or purchase the property.

When a decree-holder purchases with such permission, the purchase-money and the amount due on the decree may, if he so desires, be set-off against one another, and the Court executing the decree shall enter up satisfaction of the decree in whole or in part accordingly.

295. Whenever assets are realized by sale or otherwise in execution of a decree, and more persons than one have, prior to the realization, applied to the Court by which such assets are held for execution of decrees for money against the same judgment-debtor, and have not obtained satisfaction thereof, the assets, after deducting the costs of the realization, shall be divided rateably among all such persons:

Provided that, when any property is sold subject to a mortgage or charge, the mortgagee or incumbrancer shall not be entitled to share in any surplus arising from such sale:

Provided also that when any property liable to be sold in execution of a decree is subject to a mortgage or charge, the Court may, with the assent of the mortgagee or incumbrancer, order that the property be sold free from the mortgage or charge giving to the mortgagee or incumbrancer the same right against the proceeds of the sale as he had against the property sold.

If all or any of such assets be paid to a person not entitled to receive the same, any person so entitled may sue such person to compel him to refund the assets.

Nothing in this section affects any right of the Government.

(b).—Rules as to Moveable Property.

296. If the property to be sold be a negotiable instrument or a share in any public Company or Corporation, the Court may, instead of directing the sale to be made by public auction, authorize the sale of such instrument or share through a broker at the market-rate of the day.

297. In the case of other moveable property, the price of each lot shall be paid for at the time of sale, or as soon after as the officer holding the sale directs, and in default of payment, the property shall forthwith be again put up and sold.

On payment of the purchase-money, the officer holding the sale shall grant a receipt for the same, and the sale shall become absolute.

298. No irregularity in publishing or conducting the sale of moveable

Irregularity not to vitiate sale of moveable property, but any person injured may sue. property shall vitiate the sale; but any person sustaining any injury by reason of such irregularity at the hand of any other person may institute a suit against him for compensation, or (if such other person be the purchaser) for the recovery of the specific property and for compensation in default of such recovery.

299. When the property sold is a negotiable

Delivery of moveable property belonging to defendant actually seized. instrument or other moveable property of which actual seizure has been made, the property shall be delivered to the purchaser.

300. When the property sold is any moveable

Delivery of moveable property to which judgment-debtor is entitled subject to lien. property to which judgment-debtor is entitled subject to the possession of some other person, the delivery thereof to the purchaser shall be made by giving notice to the person in possession prohibiting him from delivering possession of the property to any person except the purchaser.

301. When the property sold is a debt not secured

Delivery of debts and of shares in public Companies. by a negotiable instrument, or is a share in any public Company, the delivery thereof shall be made by a written order of the Court prohibiting the creditor from receiving the debt or any interest thereon, and the debtor from making payment thereof to any person except the purchaser, or prohibiting the person in whose name the share may be standing from making any transfer of the share to any person except the purchaser, or receiving payment of any dividend or interest thereon, and the Manager, Secretary or other proper officer of the Company from permitting any such transfer or making any such payment to any person except the purchaser.

302. If the endorsement or conveyance of the

Transfer of negotiable instruments and shares. party in whose name a negotiable instrument or a share in any public Company is standing, is required to transfer such instrument or share, the Judge may endorse the instrument or the certificate of the share, or may execute such other document as may be necessary.

The endorsement or execution shall be in the following form or to the like effect:—"A. B. by C. D., Judge of the Court of (or as the case may be) in a suit by E. F. against A. B."

Until the transfer of such instrument or share, the Court may, by order, appoint some person to receive any interest or dividend due thereon, and to sign a receipt for the same; and any endorsement made or document executed or receipt signed as aforesaid shall be as valid and effectual for all purposes as if the same had been made or executed or signed by the party himself.

303. In the case of any moveable property not

Vesting order in case of other property. hereinbefore provided for, the Court may make an order vesting such property in the

purchaser or as he may direct; and such property shall vest accordingly.

(c.)—*Rules as to Immoveable Property.*

304. Sales of immoveable property in execution

Sales of land by Court of land to enable defendant to raise amount of decree. of a decree may be ordered by any Court other than a Court of Small Causes.

305. When an order for the sale of immoveable

Postponement of sale of land to enable defendant to raise amount of decree. property has been made, if the judgment-debtor can satisfy the Court that there is reason to believe that the amount of the decree may be raised by mortgage or lease or private sale of such property, or some part thereof, or of any other immoveable property of the judgment-debtor, the Court may on his application postpone the sale of property comprised in the order for sale for such period as it thinks proper, to enable him to raise the amount.

In such case the Court shall grant a certificate to judgment-debtor authorizing him, within a period to be mentioned therein, to make the proposed mortgage, lease or sale: provided that all moneys payable under such mortgage, lease or sale, shall be paid into Court and not to the judgment-debtor.

Where such certificate has been granted and so long as it remains in force, the provisions of section 248 shall not apply.

306. On every sale of immoveable property

Deposit by purchaser of immoveable property. under this chapter, the person declared to be the purchaser shall pay immediately after such declaration a deposit of twenty-five per centum on the amount of his purchase-money to the officer conducting the sale, and, in default of such deposit, the property shall forthwith be put up again and sold.

307. The full amount of purchase-money shall

Time for payment in full. be paid by the purchaser before the Court closes on the fifteenth day after the sale of the property, exclusive of such day, or if the fifteenth day be a Sunday or other holiday, then on the first office day after the fifteenth day.

308. In default of payment within the period

Procedure in default of payment. mentioned in the last preceding section, the deposit, after defraying the expenses of the sale, shall be forfeited to Government, and the property shall be re-sold, and the defaulting purchaser shall forfeit all claim to the property or to any part of the sum for which it may subsequently be sold.

309. Every re-sale of immoveable property

Notification on re-sale of immoveable property. in default of payment of the purchase-money within the period allowed for such payment, shall be made after the issue of a fresh notification in the manner and for the period hereinbefore prescribed for the sale.

310. When the property sold in execution of a

Co-sharer of a share of undivided estate sold in execution to have preference in bidding. decree is a share of undivided immoveable property, and two or more persons, of whom one is a co-sharer,

respectively advance the same sum at any bidding at such sale, such bidding shall be deemed to be the bidding of the co-sharer.

311. The decree-holder or any person whose immoveable property has been sold under this chapter may apply to the Court to set aside the sale on the ground of a material irregularity in publishing or conducting it;

but no sale shall be set aside on the ground of irregularity unless the applicant proves to the satisfaction of the Court that he has sustained substantial injury by reason of such irregularity.

312. If no such application as is mentioned in the last preceding section be made, or if such application be made and the objection be disallowed, the Court shall pass an order confirming the sale as regards the parties to the suit and the purchaser.

If such application be made, and if the objection be allowed, the Court shall pass an order setting aside the sale.

No suit to set aside on the ground of such irregularity an order passed under this section shall be brought by the party against whom such order has been made.

313. The purchaser at any such sale may apply to the Court to set aside the sale, on the ground that the person whose property purported to be sold had no saleable interest therein, and the Court may make such order as it thinks fit: provided that no order to set aside a sale shall be made, unless the judgment-debtor and the decree-holder have had opportunity of being heard against such order.

314. No sale of immoveable property shall become absolute until it has been confirmed by the Court.

315. When a sale of immoveable property is set aside under section 312 or 313,

or when it is found that the judgment-debtor had no saleable interest in the property which purported to be sold and the purchaser is for that reason deprived of it,

the purchaser shall be entitled to receive back his purchase-money (with or without interest as the Court may direct) from any person to whom the purchase-money has been paid.

The repayment of the said purchase-money and of the interest (if any) allowed by the Court may be enforced against such person under the rules provided by this Code for the execution of a decree for money.

316. When a sale of immoveable property has become absolute in manner aforesaid, the Court shall grant a certificate stating the name of the person who, at the time of sale, is declared to be the purchaser and the date of such sale.

317. No suit shall be maintained against the certified purchaser on the ground that the purchase was made on behalf of any other person, or on behalf of some one through whom such other person claims.

Nothing in this section shall bar a suit to obtain a declaration that the name of the certified purchaser was inserted in the certificate fraudulently or without the consent of the real purchaser.

318. When the property sold is in the occupancy of the judgment-debtor or of some person on his behalf, or of some person claiming under a title created by the judgment-debtor subsequently to the attachment of such property, and a certificate in respect thereof has been granted under section 316, the Court shall, on application by the purchaser, order delivery to be made by putting the purchaser or any person whom he may appoint to receive delivery on his behalf in possession of the property, and, if need be, by removing any person who refuses to vacate the same.

319. When the property sold is in the occupancy of a tenant or other person entitled to occupy the same, and a certificate in respect thereof has been granted under section 316, the Court shall order delivery thereof to be made by affixing a copy of the certificate of sale in some conspicuous place on the property, and proclaiming to the occupant by beat of drum or in such other mode as may be customary, at some convenient place, that the interest of the judgment-debtor has been transferred to the purchaser.

320. The Local Government may, with the sanction of the Governor General in Council, declare by notification in the official Gazette that in any local area the execution of decrees in cases in which a Court has ordered any immoveable property to be sold, or the execution of any particular kind of such decrees,

or the execution of decrees ordering the sale of any particular kind of, or interest in, immoveable property,

shall be transferred to the Collector; and rescind or modify any such declaration.

The Local Government may also from time to time prescribe rules for the transmission of the decree from the Court to the Collector, and for regulating the procedure of the Collector and his subordinates in executing the same, and for retransmitting the decree from the Collector to the Court.

321. Whenever the execution of a decree has been so transferred, the Collector may—

(a) sell the property comprised in the decree by public auction and either in one or more lots as he thinks fit:

(b) fix a reasonable reserved price for each lot:

(c) adjourn the sale for a reasonable time, whenever he deems the adjournment necessary for the purpose of obtaining a fair price for the property, recording his reasons for such adjournment:

(d) buy in the property offered for sale and re-sell the same.

322. Whenever the execution of a decree not being a decree directing the sale of immoveable property in pursuance of a contract specifically affecting the same, but being a decree for money in satisfaction of which the Court has ordered the sale of immoveable property, has been so transferred, the Collector may either proceed as the Court would proceed under section 305, or if he has reason to believe that the judgment-debts of the judgment-debtor can be discharged without a sale of the whole of such property, the Collector may (notwithstanding any order under section 303, but subject to such rules as may from time to time be made in this behalf by the Chief Controlling Revenue Authority) raise the amount necessary to discharge such debts with interest thereon according to the decree, or, if the decree makes no provision as to interest, then with interest (if any) at such rate as he thinks fit,

(a) by letting in perpetuity, or for a term, on payment of a premium equivalent to such amount, the whole or any part of the judgment-debtor's immoveable property: or

(b) by mortgaging the whole or any part of such property: or

(c) by selling part of such property: or

(d) by letting on farm or managing by himself or another the whole or any part of such property for any term not exceeding twenty years from the date of the order of sale; or

(e) partly by one of such modes and partly by another or others of them.

For the purpose of managing under this section the whole or any part of such property, the Collector may exercise all the powers of its owner.

323. In the case of a decree for money, if the Collector proposes to proceed under section 322, he shall publish a notice in the language of the district, calling upon all persons holding decrees against the judgment-debtor to notify the same in writing to the Collector within sixty days from the date of such publication.

Such notice shall be published by being posted in the court-house of the Court which made the order under section 304, and at such other places (if any) as the Collector thinks fit.

So long as any letting or management under section 322 continues, the judgment-debtor and his representative in interest shall be incompetent to mortgage, charge, lease or alienate the property so let or managed, or any part thereof.

324. If on the expiration of the letting or management, the amount necessary to discharge such debts in full with the interest (if any) payable thereon has not been raised, the Collector shall notify the fact in writing to the judgment-debtor or his representative, stating at the same time that, if the balance necessary to discharge such debts and interest is not paid to the Collector within six weeks of the date of such notice, the Collector will proceed to sell the said property; and if on the expiration of the said six weeks the said balance

is not so paid, the Collector shall sell such property accordingly.

325. Whenever the Collector sells any property pursuant to the said order of sale or exercises any of the powers conferred upon him by section 321 or 322, he shall inform the Court which made such order of the fact of such sale or exercise, and shall render accounts to such Court of his receipts and payments in respect of the said property, and shall hold the balance at the disposal of such Court.

Such balance (after deducting therefrom any debts due or liabilities incurred to Government by the judgment-debtor) shall be applied ratably in discharging the claims of all the decree-holders who have complied with the said notice; and no other person making any claim against the property so let or managed, or against such proceeds, shall be entitled to be paid thereout.

326. When, in any local area in which no declaration under section 320 is in force, the property attached consists of land or of a share in land, and the Collector represents to the Court that the public sale of the land or share is objectionable, and that satisfaction of the decree may be made within a reasonable period by a temporary alienation or management of the land or share, the Court may authorize the Collector to provide for such satisfaction in the manner recommended by him, instead of proceeding to a sale of the land or share. The provisions of sections 322 to 325 (both inclusive) shall in such case apply to the Collector.

327. The Local Government may from time to time, with the sanction of the Governor General in Council, make special rules for any local area imposing conditions in respect of sale of any class of interests in land in execution of decrees for money, where such interests are so uncertain or undetermined as in the opinion of the Local Government to make it impossible to fix their value:

and if, when this Code comes into operation in any local area, any special rules as to sale of land in execution of decrees are in force therein, the Local Government may continue such rules in force, or may from time to time, with the sanction of the Governor General in Council, modify the same.

All rules so made or continued, and all such modifications of the same, shall be published in the local official Gazette, and shall thereupon have the force of law.

H.—Of Resistance to Execution.

328. If in the execution of a decree for the possession of property, the officer charged with the execution of the warrant is resisted or obstructed by any person, the decree-holder may complain to the Court at any time within one month from the time of such resistance or obstruction.

The Court shall fix a day for investigating the complaint, and shall summon the party against whom the complaint is made to answer the same.

329. If the Court is satisfied that the obstruction or resistance was occasioned by the judgment-debtor or by some person at his instigation, the Court shall inquire into the matter of the complaint, and pass such order as it thinks fit.

330. If the Court is satisfied that the resistance or obstruction was without any just cause, and that the complainant is still resisted or obstructed in obtaining possession of the property by the judgment-debtor or some other person at his instigation, the Court may, at the instance of the decree-holder and without prejudice to any penalty to which such judgment-debtor or other person may be liable, under the Indian Penal Code or any other law, for such resistance or obstruction, commit the judgment-debtor or such other person to jail for a term which may extend to thirty days, and direct that the decree-holder be put into possession of the property.

331. If the resistance or obstruction has been occasioned by any person other than the judgment-debtor claiming in good faith to be in possession of the property on his own account or on account of some person other than the judgment-debtor, the claim shall be numbered and registered as a suit between the decree-holder as plaintiff and the claimant as defendant;

and the Court shall, without prejudice to any proceedings to which the claimant may be liable under the Indian Penal Code or any other law for the punishment of such resistance or obstruction, proceed to investigate the claim in the same manner and with the like power as if a suit for the property had been instituted by the decree-holder against the claimant under the provisions of the Specific Relief Act, 1877, section 9,

and shall pass such order as it thinks fit for executing or staying execution of the decree.

332. If any person other than the defendant is dispossessed of any property in execution of a decree, and such person disputes the right of the decree-holder to dispossess him of such property under the decree, on the ground that the property was *bona fide* in his possession on his own account or on account of some person other than the judgment-debtor, and that it was not comprised in the decree, or that, if it was comprised in the decree, he was not a party to the suit in which the decree was passed, he may apply to the Court.

If, after examining the applicant, it appears to the Court that there is probable cause for making the application, the application shall be numbered and registered as a suit between the applicant as plaintiff and the decree-holder as defendant, and the Court shall proceed to investigate the matter in dispute in the same manner and with the like power as if a suit for the property had been instituted by the applicant against the decree-holder under the provisions of the Specific Relief Act, 1877, section 9,

and shall pass such order as it thinks fit for executing or staying execution of the decree.

In hearing applications under this section, the Court shall confine itself to the grounds of dispute above specified.

Nothing in this section or section 330 applies to a person to whom the judgment-debtor has transferred the property after the institution of the suit in which the decree is made.

333. The order passed under either of section 331 and 332 shall be in the nature of, and shall have the same force as, a decree in a suit, and shall be subject to the same conditions as to appeal or otherwise.

334. If the purchaser of any immoveable property sold in execution of a decree be resisted or obstructed by the judgment-debtor or any one on his behalf in obtaining possession of the property, the provisions of this chapter relating to resistance or obstruction to a decree-holder in obtaining possession of the property adjudged to him, shall be applicable.

335. If it appear that the resistance or obstruction was occasioned by any person other than the judgment-debtor, not in possession of the property sold, but claiming a right thereto as proprietor, mortgagee, lessee or under any other title, the Court, on the complaint of the purchaser, shall enquire into the matter of the resistance or obstruction, and pass such order thereon as it thinks fit.

The party against whom such order is passed may institute a suit to establish the right which he claims to the present possession of the property, but subject to the result of such suit, if any, the order shall be conclusive.

1.—Of Arrest and Imprisonment.

336. A judgment-debtor may be arrested in execution of a decree at any hour and on any day, and shall as soon as practicable be brought before the Court, and his imprisonment may be in the civil jail of the district in which the Court ordering the imprisonment is situate, or, when such jail does not afford suitable accommodation, in any other place which the Local Government may appoint for the confinement of persons ordered to be imprisoned by the Courts of such district:

Provided that no house shall be entered after sunset and before sunrise for the purpose of making an arrest under this section:

Provided also that when the decree in execution of which a judgment-debtor is arrested is a decree for money and the judgment-debtor pays the amount of the decree and the costs of the arrest to the officer arresting him, such officer shall at once release him.

The Local Government may, by notification published in the official Gazette, direct that whenever a judgment-debtor is arrested in execution of a decree for money and brought before the Court under this section, the Court shall inform him that he may apply under chapter XX to be declared an insolvent; and that he will be discharged if he has not committed any act of bad faith regarding the subject of his application and if he places all his property in possession of a receiver appointed by the Court.

If after such publication the judgment-debtor express his intention so to apply, and if he furnish sufficient security that he will appear when called upon, and that he will within one month apply under section 344 to be declared an insolvent, the Court shall release him from arrest :

But if he fails so to apply, the Court may either direct the security to be realised or commit him to jail in execution of the decree.

337. Every warrant for the arrest of the judgment-debtor shall direct the officer entrusted with its execution to bring him before the Court with all convenient speed, unless the amount which he has been ordered to pay, together with the interest thereon and the costs, if any, to which he is liable, be sooner paid.

338. The Local Government may from time to time prescribe scales, graduated according to rank, race and nationality, of monthly allowances payable for the subsistence of judgment-debtors.

339. No judgment-debtor shall be arrested in execution of a decree unless and until the decree-holder pays into court such sum as, having regard to the scales so fixed, the Judge thinks sufficient for the subsistence of the judgment-debtor from his arrest until he can be brought before the Court.

When a judgment-debtor is committed to jail in execution of a decree, the Court shall fix for his subsistence such monthly allowances as he may be entitled to according to the said scales, or where no such scales have been fixed, as it considers sufficient with reference to the class to which he belongs.

The monthly allowance fixed by the Court shall be supplied by the party on whose application the decree has been executed, to the proper officer of the Court by monthly payments in advance before the first day of each month.

The first payment shall be made for such portion of the current month as remains unexpired before the judgment-debtor is committed to jail.

340. Sums disbursed by the decree-holder for the subsistence of the judgment-debtor in jail shall be deemed to be costs on the suit.

Provided that the judgment-debtor shall not be detained in jail or arrested on account of any sum so disbursed.

341. The judgment-debtor shall be discharged from jail,

- (a) on the decree being fully satisfied, or
- (b) at the request of the person on whose application he has been imprisoned, or
- (c) on such person omitting to pay the allowance as hereinbefore directed, or
- (d) if the judgment-debtor be declared an insolvent, as hereinafter provided, or
- (e) when the term of his imprisonment as limited by section 342 is fulfilled :

Provided that in the first, second, third and fourth cases mentioned in this section, the judgment-debtor shall not be discharged without the order of the Court.

A judgment-debtor discharged under this section is not thereby discharged from his debt, but

he cannot be re-arrested under the decree in execution of which he was imprisoned.

342. No person shall be imprisoned in execution of a decree for a longer period than six months ;

or for a longer period than six weeks if the decree be for the payment of a sum of money not exceeding fifty rupees.

343. The officer entrusted with the execution of the warrant shall endorse thereupon the day on, and the manner in, which it was executed ; and if the latest day specified in the warrant for the return thereof has been exceeded, the reason of the delay ; or if it was not executed, the reason why it was not executed, and shall return the warrant with such endorsement to the Court.

If the endorsement is to the effect that such officer is unable to execute the warrant, the Court shall examine him on oath touching his alleged inability, and may, if it think fit, summon and examine witnesses as to such inability and shall record the result.

CHAPTER XX.

OF INSOLVENT JUDGMENT-DEBTORS.

344. Any person arrested or imprisoned in execution of a decree for money may apply in writing to be declared an insolvent.

Such application shall be made to the District Court which ordered his arrest or imprisonment, or when the District Court did not make such order, then to the District Court to which the Court that made the order is subordinate.

345. The application shall set forth—

- (a) the fact of such person's arrest or imprisonment, the Court by whose order he was arrested or imprisoned, and the place in which he is in custody ;
- (b) the amount, kind and particulars of his property, and the value of any such property not consisting of money ;
- (c) the place or places in which such property is to be found ;
- (d) his willingness to put it at the disposal of the Court ;
- (e) the amount and particulars of all pecuniary claims against him ; and
- (f) the names and residences of his creditors, so far as they are known to or can be ascertained by him.

346. The application shall be subscribed and verified by the applicant in manner hereinbefore prescribed for subscribing and verifying plaints.

347. The Court shall fix a day for hearing the application, and shall cause a copy thereof, with a notice in writing of the time and place at which it will be heard, to be stuck up in Court and served at the applicant's expense on the holder of the decree in execution of which he was arrested or imprisoned, or on the pleader of such decree-holder, and on the other creditors (if any) mentioned in the application.

The Court may, if it thinks fit, publish at the applicant's expense the application in such official Gazettes and public newspapers as it thinks fit.

348. The Court may also, if it thinks fit, cause a like copy and notice to be served on any other person alleging himself to be a creditor of the applicant and applying for leave to be heard on the application.

Power to serve other creditors.

349. Where the applicant is under arrest, the Court may, pending the hearing under section 350, order him to be immediately committed to jail; or leave him in the custody of the officer to whom the service of the warrant was entrusted.

350. On the day so fixed, or on any subsequent day to which the Court may adjourn the hearing, the Court shall examine the applicant, in the presence of the persons on whom such notice has been served or their pleaders, as to his then circumstances and as to his future means of payment, and shall hear the said decree-holder, the other creditors mentioned in the application and the other persons (if any) alleging themselves to be creditors, in opposition to the applicant's discharge; and may, if it thinks fit, grant time to the said decree-holder and other creditors or persons to adduce evidence showing that the applicant is not entitled to be declared an insolvent.

Declaration of insolvency and appointment of receiver.

351. If the Court is satisfied—

(a) that the statements in the application are substantially true;

(b) that the applicant has not, with intent to defraud his creditors, concealed, transferred or removed any part of his property since the institution of the suit in which was passed the decree in execution of which he was arrested or imprisoned or at any subsequent time;

(c) that he has not, knowing himself to be unable to pay his debts in full, recklessly contracted debts or given an unfair preference to any of his creditors by any payment or disposition of his property;

(d) that he has not committed any other act of bad faith regarding the matter of the application,

the Court may declare him to be an insolvent, and may also, if it think fit, make an order appointing a receiver of his property, or if it does not appoint such receiver, may discharge the insolvent.

352. The creditors mentioned in the application and the other persons (if any) alleging themselves to be creditors of the insolvent, shall then produce evidence of the amount and particulars of their respective pecuniary claims against him; and the Court shall by order determine the persons who have proved themselves to be the insolvent's creditors and their respective debts; and shall frame a schedule of such persons and debts; and the declaration under section 351 shall be deemed to be a decree in favour of each of the said creditors for their said respective debts.

Schedule to be framed.

A copy of every such schedule shall be stuck up in the court-house.

Nothing in this section shall be deemed to entitle a partner in an insolvent firm or, when he has died before the insolvency, his legal represent-

ative, to prove in competition with the creditors of the firm.

353. Any creditor of the insolvent who is not mentioned in such schedule may, within three months from its publication, apply to the Court for permission to produce evidence of the amount and particulars of his pecuniary claims against the insolvent, and in case the applicant proves himself to be a creditor of the insolvent, for an order directing his name to be inserted in the schedule as a creditor for the debt so proved.

Applications by creditors.

Any creditor mentioned in the schedule may within three months from the publication of the schedule apply to the Court for an order altering the schedule so far as regards the amount, nature, or particulars of his own debt, or to strike out the name of another creditor, or to alter the schedule so far as regards the amount, nature, or particulars of the debt of another creditor.

In the case of any application under this section, the Court, after causing such notices as it thinks fit to be served, at the applicant's expense, on the insolvent and the other creditors and hearing their objections, if any, may comply with or reject the application.

354. Every order under section 351 shall be published in the local official Gazette and shall operate to vest in the Receiver all the insolvent's property (except the particulars specified in the first proviso to section 266), whether set forth in his application or not.

Effect of order appointing Receiver.

355. The Receiver so appointed shall give such security as the Court may direct and shall possess himself of all such property, except as aforesaid;

Receiver to give security and collect assets.

and on his certifying that the insolvent has placed him in possession thereof, or has done everything in his power for that purpose, the Court may discharge the insolvent from arrest or imprisonment, as the case may be, upon such conditions (if any) as the Court thinks fit.

356. The Receiver shall proceed under the direction of the Court—

(a) to convert the property into money;

(b) to pay thereout debts, fines and penalties (if any) due by the insolvent to Government;

(c) to pay the said decree-holder's costs;

(d) to distribute the balance among the scheduled creditors rateably according to the amounts of their respective debts, and without any preference;

and such Receiver may retain as a remuneration for the performance of his duties a commission, to be fixed by the Court, not exceeding the rate of five per centum upon the amount of the balance so distributed (the amount of the commission so retained being deemed a distribution), and shall deliver the surplus, if any, to the insolvent or his legal representative.

His right to remuneration.

357. An insolvent discharged under section 355 shall not be arrested or imprisoned on account of any of the scheduled debts.

Effect of discharge.

But (subject to the provisions of section 358) his

property, whether previously or subsequently acquired (except the particulars specified in the first proviso to section 266 and except the property vested in the Receiver), shall, by order of the Court, be liable to attachment and sale until the decrees against him held by the scheduled creditors are fully satisfied or become incapable of being executed.

358. If the aggregate amount of the scheduled debts is two hundred rupees or a less sum, the Court may declare insolvent absolved from further liability. When Court may declare insolvent absolved from further liability. declare the insolvent discharged as aforesaid absolved from further liability in respect of such debts.

359. Whenever, at the hearing under section 350, it is proved that the dishonest applicant. Procedure in case of applicant has

(a) been guilty, in his application, of any concealment or of wilfully making any false statement as to the debts due by him, or respecting the property belonging to him, whether in possession or in expectancy, or held for him in trust;

(b) fraudulently concealed, transferred or removed any property; or

(c) committed any other act of bad faith regarding the matter of the application,

the Court shall, at the instance of any of his creditors, sentence him to imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year from the date of committal.

Or the Court may, if it think fit, send him to the Magistrate to be dealt with according to law.

360. The Local Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, invest any Court other than a District Court with the powers conferred on District Courts by sections 344 to 359 (both inclusive), and the District Judge may transfer to any Court situate in his district and so invested any case instituted under section 344.

Investment of other Courts with powers of District Courts. Transfer of cases.

Any Court so invested may entertain any application under section 344 by any person arrested in execution of a decree of such Court.

PART II.

OF INCIDENTAL PROCEEDINGS.

CHAPTER XXI.

OF THE DEATH, MARRIAGE AND INSOLVENCY OF PARTIES.

361. The death of a plaintiff or defendant shall not cause the suit to abate if the cause of action survives. No abatement by party's death, if cause of action survive.

Illustrations.

(a) A covenants with B and C to pay an annuity to B during C's life. B and C sue A to compel payment. B dies before the decree: the cause of action survives to C, and the suit does not abate.

(b) In the same case, all the parties die before decree. The cause of action survives to the representative of the survivor of B and C, and he may continue the suit against A's representative.

(c) A sues B for libel. A dies. The cause of action does not survive and the suit abates.

(d) A, a member of a Hindú joint family under the Mitakshara law, institutes a suit for partition of the family property. A dies leaving B, a minor son, his heir. The cause of action survives to B, and the suit does not abate.

362. If there be more plaintiffs or defendants than one, and any of them dies, and if the cause of action survives to the surviving plaintiff or plaintiffs alone, or against the surviving defendant or defendants alone, the Court shall cause an entry to that effect to be made on the record, and the suit shall proceed at the instance of the surviving plaintiff or plaintiffs, or against the surviving defendant or defendants.

363. If there be more plaintiffs than one, and any of them dies, and if the cause of action does not survive to the surviving plaintiff or plaintiffs alone, but survives to him or them and the legal representative of the deceased plaintiff jointly, the Court may, on the application of such legal representative, enter his name on the record in the place of such deceased plaintiff, and the suit shall proceed at the instance of the surviving plaintiff or plaintiffs and such legal representative.

364. If no application be made to the Court by any person claiming to be the legal representative of a deceased plaintiff, the suit shall proceed at the instance of the surviving plaintiff or plaintiffs; and the legal representative (if any) of the deceased plaintiff shall be made a party and shall be interested in and bound by the decree passed in the suit, in the same manner as if the suit had proceeded at his instance conjointly with the surviving plaintiff or plaintiffs.

365. In case of the death of a sole plaintiff or sole surviving plaintiff, the Court may, where the cause of action survives, on the application of the legal representative of the deceased, enter his name in the place of such plaintiff on the record, and the suit shall thereupon proceed.

366. If no such application be made to the Court by any person claiming to be the legal representative of the deceased plaintiff, the Court may pass an order that the suit shall abate, and award to the defendant the costs which he may have incurred in defending the suit, to be recovered from the estate of the deceased plaintiff;

or the Court may, if it think proper, on the application of the defendant, and upon such terms as to costs or otherwise as it thinks fit, pass such other order as it thinks fit for bringing in the legal representative of the deceased plaintiff, or for proceeding with the suit in order to a final determination of the matter in dispute, or for both those purposes.

Explanation.—A certificate of heirship, or a certificate to collect debts, does not of itself constitute the person holding it the legal representative of the deceased. But when the person holding any such certificate obtains thereby property belonging to the deceased, he may be treated as a legal representative liable in respect of such property.

367. If any dispute arise as to who is the legal representative of a deceased plaintiff, the Court may either stay the suit until the fact has been determined in another suit, or decide at or before the hearing of the suit who shall be admitted to be such legal representative for the purpose of prosecuting the suit.

368. If there be more defendants than one, and any of them die before decree and the cause of action does not survive against the surviving defendant or defendants alone,

and also in case of the death of a sole defendant, or sole surviving defendant, where the right to sue survives,

the plaintiff may make an application to the Court, specifying the name, description and place of abode of any person whom he alleges to be the legal representative of the deceased defendant, and whom he desires to be made the defendant in his stead.

The Court shall thereupon enter the name of such representative on the record in the place of such defendant,

and shall issue a summons to such representative to appear on a day to be therein mentioned to defend the suit;

and the case shall thereupon proceed in the same manner as if such representative had originally been made a defendant and had been a party to the former proceedings in the suit:

Provided that the person so made defendant may object that he is not the legal representative of the deceased defendant, or may make any defence appropriate to his character as such representative.

369. The marriage of a female plaintiff or defendant shall not cause the marriage of female suit to abate, but the suit may notwithstanding be proceeded with to judgment, and where the decree is against a female defendant, it may thereupon be executed against her alone.

If the case is one in which the husband is by law liable for the debts of his wife, the decree may, with the permission of the Court, be executed against the husband also; and in case of judgment for the wife, execution of the decree may with such permission be issued upon the application of the husband, where the husband is by law entitled to the subject-matter of the decree.

370. The bankruptcy or insolvency of a plaintiff in any suit which his assignee or the receiver appointed under section 351 might maintain for the benefit of his creditors shall not bar the suit, unless such assignee or receiver declines to continue the suit and to give security for the costs thereof within such time as the Court may order.

If the assignee or receiver neglect or refuse to continue the suit and to give such security within the time so ordered, the defendant may apply for the dismissal of the suit on the ground of the plain-

tiff's bankruptcy or insolvency, and the Court may dismiss the suit and award to the defendant the costs which he has incurred in defending the same, to be proved as a debt against the plaintiff's estate.

371. When a suit abates or is dismissed under this chapter, no fresh suit shall be brought on the same cause of action.

But the person claiming to be the legal representative of the deceased bankrupt or insolvent plaintiff, may apply for an order to set aside the order for abatement or dismissal; and if it be proved that he was prevented by any sufficient cause from continuing the suit, the Court shall set aside the abatement or dismissal upon such terms as to costs or otherwise as it thinks fit.

372. In other cases of assignment, creation or devolution of any interest pending the suit, the suit may, with the leave of the Court, given either with the consent of all parties or after service of notice in writing upon them, and hearing their objections, if any, be continued by or against the person to whom such interest has come, either in addition to or in substitution for the person from whom it has passed, as the case may require.

CHAPTER XXII.

OF THE WITHDRAWAL AND ADJUSTMENT OF SUITS.

373. If, at any time after the institution of the suit, the Court is satisfied on the application of the plaintiff (a) that the suit must fail by reason of some formal defect, or (b) that there are sufficient grounds for permitting him to withdraw from the suit or to abandon part of his claim with liberty to bring a fresh suit for the subject-matter of the suit or for the part so abandoned, the Court may grant such permission on such terms as to costs or otherwise as it thinks fit.

If the plaintiff withdraw from the suit, or abandon part of his claim, without such permission, he shall be liable for such costs as the Court may award, and shall be precluded from bringing a fresh suit for the same matter.

Nothing in this section shall be deemed to authorize the Court to permit one of several plaintiffs to withdraw without the consent of the others.

374. In any fresh suit instituted on permission granted under the last preceding section, the plaintiff shall be bound by the law of limitation in the same manner as if the first suit had not been brought.

375. If a suit be adjusted by any lawful agreement or compromise, or if the defendant satisfy the plaintiff in respect to the matter of the suit, such agreement, compromise or satisfaction shall be recorded, and the Court shall pass a decree in accordance therewith so far as it relates to the suit, and such decree shall be final.

CHAPTER. XXIII.

OF PAYMENT INTO COURT.

376. The defendant in any suit to recover a debt or damages, may, at any stage of the suit, deposit in Court such sum of money as he considers a satisfaction in full of the claim.

Deposit by defendant of amount in satisfaction of claim.

377. Notice of the deposit shall be given by the defendant to the plaintiff, and the amount of the deposit shall (unless the Court otherwise directs) be paid to the plaintiff on his application.

Notice of deposit.

378. No interest shall be allowed to the plaintiff on any sum deposited by the defendant from the date of the receipt of such notice, whether the sum deposited be in full of the claim or fall short thereof.

Interest on sum deposited not allowed to plaintiff after receipt of notice.

379. If the plaintiff accept such amount only as satisfaction in part of his claim, he may prosecute his suit for the balance; and if the Court decides that the deposit by the defendant was a full satisfaction of the plaintiff's claim, the plaintiff must pay the costs of the suit incurred after the deposit and the costs incurred previous thereto, so far as they were caused by excess in the plaintiff's claim.

Procedure where plaintiff accepts deposit as satisfaction in part.

If the plaintiff accept such amount as satisfaction in full of his claim, he shall present to the Court a statement to that effect, and such statement shall be filed and the Court shall pass judgment accordingly, and in directing by whom the costs of each party are to be paid, the Court shall consider which of the parties is most to blame for the litigation.

Illustrations.

(a) A owes B Rs. 100. B sues A for the amount, having made no demand for payment and having no reason to believe that the delay caused by making a demand would place him at a disadvantage. On the plaint being filed, A pays the money into Court. B accepts it in full satisfaction of his claim, but the Court should not allow him any costs, the litigation being presumably groundless on his part.

(b) B sues A under the circumstances mentioned in illustration (a). On the plaint being filed, A disputes the claim. Afterwards A pays the money into Court. B accepts it in full satisfaction of his claim. The Court should also give B his costs of suit, A's conduct having shown that the litigation was necessary.

(c) A owes B Rs. 100 and is willing to pay him that sum without suit. B claims Rs. 150 and sues A for that amount. On the plaint being filed, A pays Rs. 100 into Court and disputes only his liability to pay the remaining Rs. 50. B accepts the Rs. 100 in full satisfaction of his claim. The Court should order him to pay A's costs.

CHAPTER XXIV.

OF REQUIRING SECURITY FOR COSTS.

380. If, at the institution or at any subsequent stage of a suit, it appears to the Court that a sole plaintiff is, or (when there are more plaintiffs than one)

When security for costs may be required from plaintiff at any stage of suit.

that all the plaintiffs are, residing out of British India, and that such plaintiff does not, or that no one of such plaintiffs does, possess any sufficient immoveable property within British India independent of the property in suit, the Court may, either of its own motion or on the application of

any defendant, order the plaintiff or plaintiffs, within a time to be fixed by the order, to give security for the payment of all costs incurred and likely to be incurred by any defendant.

381. In the event of such security not being furnished within the time so fixed, the Court shall dismiss the suit unless the plaintiff or plaintiffs be permitted to withdraw therefrom under the provisions of section 373.

Procedure where requisition is not complied with.

382. Whoever leaves British India under such circumstances as to afford reasonable probability that he will not be forthcoming whenever he may be called upon to pay costs shall be deemed to be residing out of British India, within the meaning of section 380.

Residence out of British India.

CHAPTER XXV.

OF COMMISSIONS.

A.—Commissions to examine Witnesses.

383. Any Court may in any suit issue a commission for the examination on interrogatories or otherwise of persons resident within the local limits of its jurisdiction, who are exempted under this Code from attending the Court, or who are from sickness or infirmity unable to attend it.

Cases in which Court may issue commission to examine witness.

384. Such order may be made by the Court either of its own motion, or on the application, supported by affidavit, of any party to the suit or of the witness to be examined.

Order for commission may be made either on application of parties or by Court of its own accord.

385. The commission for the examination of a person who resides within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court issuing the same, may be issued to any person whom the Court thinks fit to execute the same.

When witness resides within Court's jurisdiction.

When witness resides beyond Court's jurisdiction, but in British India.

386. Any Court may in any suit issue a commission for the examination of—

(a) any person resident beyond the local limits of its jurisdiction;

(b) persons who are about to leave such limits before the date on which they are required to be examined in Court; and

(c) civil and military officers of Government who cannot, in the opinion of the Judge, attend the Court without detriment to the public service.

Such commission shall ordinarily be issued to any Court not being a High Court, within the local limits of whose jurisdiction such person resides, and which can most conveniently execute the same:

Provided that if he resides beyond the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court issuing the commission and within the towns of Calcutta, Madras, Bombay or Rangoon, the commission shall be issued to the Court of Small Causes within whose jurisdiction he resides:

When witness is within local limits of ordinary original civil jurisdiction of a High Court.

Provided also that, under special circumstances, the commission may be directed to any person whom the Court issuing the commission thinks fit to appoint.

The Court on issuing any commission under this section shall direct whether the commission shall be returned to itself or to any subordinate Court.

387. When any Court to which application is made for the issue of a commission for the examination of a person residing at any place not within British India is satisfied that his evidence is necessary, the Court may issue such commission.

388. Every Court receiving a commission for the examination of any person shall examine him pursuant thereto.

389. After the commission has been duly executed, it shall be returned, together with the evidence taken under it, to the Court out of which it issued, unless the order for issuing the commission has otherwise directed, in which case the commission shall be returned in terms of such order; and the commission and the return thereto, and the evidence taken under it, shall (subject to the provisions of the next following section) form part of the record of the suit.

390. Evidence taken under a commission shall not be read as evidence in the suit without the consent of the party against whom the same is offered, unless

(a) the person who gave the evidence is beyond the jurisdiction of the Court, or dead, or unable from sickness or infirmity to attend to be personally examined, or exempted from personal appearance in Court, or

(b) the Court in its discretion dispenses with the proof of any of the circumstances mentioned in the last preceding clause, and authorizes the evidence of any person being read as evidence in the suit, notwithstanding proof that the cause for taking such evidence by commission has ceased at the time of reading the same.

391. The provisions hereinbefore contained as to the execution and return of commissions shall apply to commissions issued by foreign Courts.

(a) Courts situate beyond the limits of British India and established by the authority of Her Majesty or of the Governor General in Council, or

(b) Courts situate in any part of the British Empire other than British India, or

(c) Courts of any foreign country for the time being in alliance with Her Majesty.

B.—Commissions for Local Investigations.

392. In any suit or proceeding in which the Court deems a local investigation to be requisite or proper for the purpose of elucidating any matter in dispute, or of ascertaining the market-value of any property, or the amount of any means profits or damages or annual nett profits, and the same cannot be conveniently conducted by the Judge in person, the Court may issue a commission to such person as it thinks fit, directing him to make such investigation and to report thereon to the Court:

Provided that, when the Local Government has made rules as to the persons to whom such commission shall be issued, the Court shall be bound by such rules.

393. The Commissioner, after such local inspection as he deems necessary, and after reducing to writing the evidence taken by him, shall return such evidence, together with his report in writing, subscribed with his name, to the Court.

The report of the Commissioner and the evidence taken by him (but not the evidence without the report) shall be evidence in the suit and shall form part of the record; but the Court, or any of the parties to the suit may, with the permission of the Court, examine the Commissioner personally in open Court touching any of the matters referred to him or mentioned in his report, or as to the manner in which he has made the investigation.

C.—Commissions to examine Accounts.

394. In any suit in which an examination or adjustment of accounts is necessary, the Court may issue a commission to such person as it thinks fit directing him to make such examination or adjustment.

395. The Court shall furnish the Commissioner with such part of the proceedings and such detailed instructions as appear necessary,

and the instructions shall distinctly specify whether the Commissioner is merely to transmit the proceedings which he may hold on the inquiry, or also to report his own opinion on the point referred for his examination.

The proceedings of the Commissioner shall be received in evidence in the suit, unless the Court has reason to be dissatisfied with them, in which case the Court shall direct such further inquiry as is requisite.

D.—Commission to make Partition.

396. In any suit in which the partition of immoveable property not paying revenue to Government appears to the Court to be necessary, the Court, after ascertaining the several parties interested in such property and their several rights therein, may issue a commission to such persons as it thinks fit to make a partition according to such rights.

The Commissioners shall ascertain and inspect the property, and shall divide the same into as many shares as may be directed by the order under which the commission issues, and shall allot such shares to the parties, and may, if authorized thereto by the said order, award sums to be paid for the purpose of equalizing the value of the shares.

The Commissioners shall then prepare and sign a report, or (if they cannot agree) separate reports, appointing the share of each party, and dis-

tinguishing each share (if so directed by the said order) by metes and bounds. Such report or reports shall be annexed to the commission and transmitted to the Court: and the Court, after hearing any objections which the parties may make to the report or reports shall either quash the same and issue a new commission, or (where the Commissioners agree in their report) pass a decree in accordance therewith.

E.—General Provisions.

397. Before issuing any commission under this chapter, the Court may order such sum (if any) as it thinks reasonable for the expenses of the commission to be paid into Court by the party at whose instance or for whose benefit the commission is issued.

398. Any Commissioner appointed under this chapter may, unless otherwise directed by the order of appointment, examine parties and witnesses and call for papers.

(a) examine the parties themselves and any witness whom they or any of them may produce, and any other person whom the Commissioner thinks proper to call upon to give evidence in the matter referred to him:

(b) call for and examine documents and other things relevant to the subject of inquiry:

(c) at any reasonable time enter upon or into any land or building mentioned in the order.

399. The provisions of this Code relating to the summoning, attendance and examination of witnesses and to the remuneration of, and penalties to be imposed upon, witnesses, shall apply to persons required to give evidence or to produce documents under this chapter, whether the commission in execution of which they are so required has been issued by a Court situate within, or by a Court situate beyond, the limits of British India.

400. Whenever a commission is issued under this chapter, the Court shall direct that the parties to the suit shall appear before the Commissioner in person or by their agents or pleaders.

If the parties do not so appear, the Commissioner may proceed *ex parte*.

PART III. OF SUITS IN PARTICULAR CASES.

CHAPTER XXVI.

SUITS BY PAUPERS.

401. Subject to the following rules, any suit may be brought by a pauper.

Explanation.—A person is a 'pauper' when he is not possessed of sufficient means to enable him to pay the fee prescribed by law for the plaint in such suit, or, where no such fee is prescribed, when he is not entitled to property worth one hundred rupees other than his necessary wearing apparel and the subject-matter of the suit.

402. No suit shall be brought by a pauper to recover compensation for loss of caste, libel, slander, abusive language or assault.

403. The application for permission to sue by a pauper shall be in writing, and shall contain the particulars required by section 50 in regard to the contents of application. in suits: a schedule of any moveable or immoveable property belonging to the petitioner, with the estimated value thereof, shall be annexed thereto; and it shall be subscribed and verified in the manner hereinbefore prescribed for the subscription and verification of plaints.

404. Notwithstanding anything contained in section 36, the application shall be presented to the Court by the applicant in person unless he is exempted from appearing in Court under section 640 or 641, in which case the application may be presented by a duly authorized agent, who can answer all material questions relating to the application, and who may be examined in the same manner as the party represented by him might have been examined had such party attended in person.

405. If the application be not framed or presented in the manner prescribed by sections 403 and 404, the Court shall reject it.

406. If the application be in proper form and duly presented, the Judge shall examine the petitioner, or his agent when the applicant is allowed to appear by agent, regarding the merits of the claim and the property of the applicant.

When the application is presented by an agent, the Court may, if it thinks fit, order that the applicant be examined by a commissioner in the manner in which the examination of an absent witness may be taken under the provisions of this Code.

407. If it appear to the Court upon such examination

(a) that the applicant is not a pauper, or

(b) that he has, within the two months next before the presentation of the application, disposed of any property fraudulently or with a view to obtain the benefit of this chapter, or

(c) that his allegations do not show a right to sue in such Court, or

(d) that he has entered into any agreement with reference to the subject-matter of the proposed suit under which any other person has obtained an interest in such subject-matter, the Court shall reject the application.

408. If upon such examination the Court sees no reason to refuse the application on any of the grounds stated in section 407, it shall fix a day (of which at least ten days' previous notice shall be given to the opposite party and the Government Pleader) for receiving such evidence as the applicant may adduce in proof of his pauperism, and

for hearing any evidence which may be adduced in disproof thereof.

409. On the day so fixed, or as soon thereafter as may be convenient, the Court shall examine the witnesses (if any) produced by either party, and may cross-examine the applicant or his agent, and shall make a memorandum of the substance of their evidence.

The Court shall also hear any argument which the parties may desire to offer on the question whether, on the face of the application and of the evidence (if any) taken by the Court as herein provided, the applicant is or is not subject to any of the prohibitions specified in section 407.

The Court shall then either allow or refuse to allow the applicant to sue as a pauper.

410. If the application be granted, it shall be numbered and registered, and shall be deemed the plaintiff in the suit, and the suit shall proceed in all other respects as a suit instituted under chapter V, except that the plaintiff shall not be liable to any court-fee (other than fees payable for service of process) in respect of any petition, appointment of a pleader, or other proceeding connected with the suit.

411. If the plaintiff succeed in the suit, the Court shall calculate the amount of court-fees which would have been paid by the plaintiff if he had not been permitted to sue as a pauper; and such amount shall be a first charge on the subject-matter of the suit, and shall also be recoverable by the Government from any party ordered by the decree to pay the same, in the same manner as costs of suit are recoverable under this Code.

412. If the plaintiff fails in the suit, or if he is dispaupered, the Court shall order the plaintiff, or any person made under section 32 co-plaintiff to the suit, to pay the court-fees which would have been paid by the plaintiff if he had not been permitted to sue as a pauper; and, if it find that the suit was frivolous or vexatious, it may also punish the plaintiff with fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, or with imprisonment for a term which may extend to a month, or with both.

413. Refusal to allow the applicant to sue as a pauper shall be a bar to any subsequent application of the like nature by him in respect of the same right to sue; but the applicant shall be at liberty to institute a suit in the ordinary manner in respect of such right, provided that he first pays the costs (if any) incurred by Government in opposing his application for leave to sue as a pauper.

414. The Court may, on motion by the defendant, or by the Government Pleader, of which one week's notice in writing has been given to the plaintiff, order the plaintiff to be dispaupered—

(a) if he is guilty of vexatious or improper conduct in the course of the suit;

(b) if it appears that his means are such that he ought not to continue to sue as a pauper, or

(c) if he has entered into any agreement with reference to the subject-matter of the suit, under which any other person has obtained an interest in such subject-matter.

415. The costs of an application for permission to sue as a pauper and of an inquiry into pauperism are costs in the suit.

CHAPTER XXVII.

SUITS BY OR AGAINST GOVERNMENT OR PUBLIC OFFICERS.

416. Suits by or against the Government shall be instituted by or against (as the case may be) the Secretary of State in Council.

417. Persons being *ex-officio* or otherwise authorized to act for Government in respect of any judicial proceeding, shall be deemed to be the recognized agents by whom appearances, acts and applications under this Code may be made or done on behalf of Government.

418. In suits by the Secretary of State for India in Council, instead of inserting in the plaint the name and description and place of abode of the plaintiff, it shall be sufficient to insert the words "The Secretary of State for India in Council."

419. The Government Pleader in any Court shall be the agent of the Government for the purpose of receiving processes against the said Secretary of State in Council issuing out of such Court.

420. The Court, in fixing the day for the said Secretary of State in Council to answer to the plaint, shall allow a reasonable time for the necessary communication with the Government through the proper channels, and for the issue of instructions to the Government Pleader to appear and answer on behalf of the said Secretary of State in Council or the Government, and may extend the time at its discretion.

421. The Court may also in any case in which the Government Pleader is not accompanied by any person on the part of the said Secretary of State in Council, who may be able to answer any material questions relating to the suit, direct the attendance of such a person.

422. Where the defendant is a public officer, the Court may send a copy of the summons to the head of the office in which the defendant is employed, for the purpose of being

served on him, if it appear to the Court that the summons may be most conveniently so served.

423. If the public officer on receiving the summons considers it proper to make a reference to the Government before answering to the plaintiff, he may apply to the Court to grant such extension of the time fixed in the summons as may be necessary to enable him to make such reference and to receive orders thereon through the proper channel ;

and the Court upon such application may extend the time for so long as appears to be requisite.

424. No suit shall be instituted against the said Secretary of State in Council or against a public officer until the expiration of two months next after notice in writing has been in the case of the Secretary of State in Council delivered to, or left at the office of, a Secretary to the Local Government or the Collector of the District, and, in the case of a public officer, delivered to him or left at his office, stating the cause of action and the name and place of abode of the intending plaintiff ; and the plaint must contain a statement that such notice has been so delivered or left.

425. No warrant of arrest shall be issued in such suit without the consent in writing of the District Judge.

426. If the Government undertake the defence of a suit against a public officer, the Government Pleader, upon being furnished with authority to appear and answer to the plaint, shall apply to the Court, and upon such application the Court shall cause a note of his authority to be entered in the register.

427. If such application is not made by the Government Pleader on or before the day fixed in the notice for the defendant to appear and answer to the plaint, the case shall proceed as in a suit between private parties, except that the defendant shall not be liable to arrest, nor his property to attachment, otherwise than in execution of a decree.

428. In a suit against a public officer the Court shall exempt the defendant from appearing in person when he satisfies the Court that he cannot absent himself from his duty without detriment to the public service.

429. When the decree is against the said Secretary of State in Council or against a public officer, a time shall be specified in the decree within which it shall be satisfied ; and if the decree is not satisfied within the time so specified, the Court shall report the case for the orders of the Local Government.

Execution shall not issue on any such decree unless it remains unsatisfied for the period of

three months computed from the date of the report.

CHAPTER XXVIII.

SUITS BY ALIENS AND BY OR AGAINST FOREIGN AND NATIVE RULERS.

430. Alien enemies residing in British India with the permission of the Governor General in Council and alien friends may sue in the Courts of British India as if they were subjects of Her Majesty.

No alien enemy residing in British India without such permission, or residing in a foreign country, shall sue in any of such Courts.

Explanation.—Every person residing in a foreign country, the Government of which is at war with the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and carrying on business in that country without a license in that behalf under the hand of one of Her Majesty's Secretaries of State or of a Secretary to the Government of India, shall, for the purpose of the second paragraph of this section, be deemed to be an alien enemy residing in a foreign country.

431. A foreign State may sue in the Courts of British India, provided that—

(a) it has been recognized by Her Majesty or the Governor General in Council, and

(b) the object of the suit is to enforce the private rights of the head or of the subjects of the foreign State.

The Court shall take judicial notice of the fact that a foreign State has not been recognized by Her Majesty or by the Governor General in Council.

432. Persons specially appointed by order of Government at the request of any Sovereign Prince or ruling Chief, whether in subordinate alliance with the British Government or otherwise, and whether residing within or without British India, to prosecute or defend any suit on his behalf, shall be deemed to be the recognized agents by whom appearances, acts and applications under this Code may be made or done on behalf of such Prince or Chief.

433. Any such Prince or Chief, and any ambassador or envoy of a foreign State may, with the consent of Government certified by the signature of one of its Secretaries (but not without such consent) be sued in any competent Court not subordinate to a District Court ;

Such consent shall not be given unless—

(a) the Prince, Chief, ambassador or envoy has instituted a suit in such Court against the person desiring to sue him, or

(b) the Prince, Chief, ambassador or envoy by himself or another trades within the local limits of the jurisdiction of such Court ; or

(c) the subject-matter of the suit is immoveable property situate within the said local limits and in the possession of the Prince, Chief, ambassador or envoy.

No such Prince, Chief, ambassador or envoy shall be arrested under this Code; and no decree shall be executed against the property of any such Prince, Chief, ambassador or envoy unless with consent of Government certified as aforesaid.

Sovereign Princes, &c., exempt from arrest.

When their property may be attached.

434. The Governor General in Council may from time to time, by notification in the *Gazette of India*,

Execution in British India of decrees of Courts of Native States.

(a) declare that the decrees of any Courts situate in the territories of any Native Prince or State in alliance with Her Majesty, and not established by the authority of the Governor General in Council, may be executed in British India as if they had been made by the Courts of British India, and

(b) cancel any such declaration.

So long as such declaration remains in force, the said decrees may be executed accordingly.

CHAPTER XXIX.

SUITS BY AND AGAINST CORPORATIONS AND COMPANIES.

435. In suits by a Corporation, or by a Company authorized to sue and be sued in the name of an officer or of a trustee, the plaintiff may be subscribed and verified on behalf of the Corporation or Company by any director, secretary, or other principal officer of the Corporation or Company, who is able to depose to the facts of the case.

Subscription and verification of plaintiff.

436. When the suit is against a Corporation, or against a Company authorized to sue and be sued in the name of an officer or of a trustee, the summons may be served

Service on Corporation or Company.

(a) by leaving it at the registered office (if any) of the Corporation or Company, or

(b) by sending it by post in a letter addressed to such officer or trustee at the office (or if there be more offices than one, at the principal office in British India) of the Corporation or Company, or

(c) by giving it to any director, secretary or other principal officer of the Corporation or Company,

and the Court may require the personal appearance of any director, secretary or other principal officer of the Corporation or Company who may be able to answer material questions relating to the suit.

CHAPTER XXX.

SUITS BY AND AGAINST TRUSTEES, EXECUTORS AND ADMINISTRATORS.

437. In all suits concerning property vested in a trustee, executor or administrator, the trustee, executor or administrator shall represent the persons beneficially interested in such property; and it shall not ordinarily be necessary to make such persons parties to the suit. But the Court may, if it think fit, order them or any of them to be made such parties.

Representation of beneficiaries in suits concerning property vested in trustees, &c.

438. When there are several executors or administrators, they shall all be made parties to a suit against one or more of them:

Joint and several executors and administrators.

Provided that executors who have not proved their testator's will, and executors and administrators beyond the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court, need not be made parties.

439. Unless the Court directs otherwise, the husband of a married administratrix or executrix shall not be a party to a suit by or against her.

Husband of married executrix not to join.

CHAPTER XXXI.

SUITS BY AND AGAINST MINORS AND PERSONS OF UNSOUND MIND.

440. Every suit by a minor shall be instituted in his name by an adult person, who in such suit shall be called the next friend of the minor, and may be ordered to pay any costs in the suit as if he were the plaintiff.

Minor must sue by next friend.

Costs.

441. Every application to the Court on behalf of a minor (other than an application under section 451) shall be made by his next friend, or his guardian for the suit.

Applications to be made by next friend or guardian ad litem.

442. If a plaintiff be filed by or on behalf of a minor, without a next friend, the defendant may apply to have the plaintiff taken off the file, with costs to be paid by the pleader or other person by whom it was presented. Notice of such application shall be given to such person by the defendant; and the Court, after hearing his objections, if any, may make such order in the matter as it thinks fit.

Plaint filed without next friend to be taken off the file.

Costs.

443. Where the defendant to a suit is a minor, the Court, on being satisfied of the fact of his minority, shall appoint a proper person to be guardian for the suit for such minor, to put in the defence for such minor, and generally to act on his behalf in the conduct of the case.

Guardian ad litem to be appointed by the Court.

A guardian for the suit is not a guardian of person or property within the meaning of the Indian Majority Act, 1875, section 3.

444. Every order made in a suit or on any application before the Court, in or by which a minor is in any way concerned or affected, without such minor being represented by a next friend or guardian for the suit, as the case may be, may be discharged, and, if the pleader of the party at whose instance such order was obtained knew, or might reasonably have known, the fact of such minority, with costs to be paid by such pleader.

Order obtained without next friend or guardian may be discharged.

Costs.

445. Any person being of sound mind and full age may act as next friend of a minor, provided his interest is not adverse to that of such minor, and he is not a defendant in the suit.

Who may be next friend.

446. If the interest of the next friend of a minor is adverse to that of such

Removal of next friend. minor, or if he is so connected with a defendant whose

interest is adverse to that of the minor, as to make it unlikely that the minor's interest will be properly protected by him, or if he does not do his duty, or, pending the suit, ceases to reside within British India, or for any other sufficient cause, application may be made on behalf of the minor or by a defendant for his removal; and the Court (if satisfied of the sufficiency of the cause assigned) may order the next friend to be removed accordingly.

447. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, a next friend shall not retire

Retirement of next friend. at his own request without first procuring a fit person to be put in his place, and giving security for the costs already incurred.

The application for the appointment of a

Application for appointment of new next friend. new next friend shall be supported by affidavit showing the fitness of the person proposed, and also that he has no interest adverse to the minor.

448. On the death or removal of the next friend

Stay of proceedings on death or removal of next friend. of a minor, further proceedings shall be stayed until the appointment of a next friend in his place.

449. If the pleader of such minor omits, within

Application for appointment of new next friend. reasonable time, to take steps to get a new next friend appointed, any person interested in the minor or the matter at issue may apply to the Court for the appointment of one, and the Court may appoint such person as it thinks fit.

450. A minor plaintiff, or a minor not a party

Course to be followed by minor plaintiff or applicant on coming of age. to a suit on whose behalf an application is pending, on coming of age must elect whether he will proceed with the suit or application.

451. If he elects to proceed with it, he shall

Where he elects to proceed. apply for an order discharging the next friend, and for leave to proceed in his own name.

The title of the suit or application shall in such case be corrected so as to read thenceforth thus :

"A. B. late a minor by C. D., his next friend, but now of full age."

452. If he elects to abandon the suit or applica-

Where he elects to abandon. tion, he shall, if a sole plaintiff, or sole applicant, apply

for an order to dismiss the suit or application on repayment of the costs incurred by the defendant or respondent, or which may have been paid by his next friend.

453. Any application under section 451 or

Making and proving applications under sections 451, 452. section 452 may be made *ex parte*; and it must be proved by affidavit that the late minor has attained his full age.

454. A minor co-plaintiff on coming of age, and

When minor co-plaintiff. desiring to repudiate the suit must apply to have his name struck out as co-plaintiff; and the Court, if it find that he is not a necessary party, shall dismiss him from the suit on such terms as to costs or otherwise as it thinks fit.

Notice of the application shall be served on the next friend, as well as on the defendant; and it must be proved by affidavit that the late minor has attained his full age. The costs of all parties of such application and of all or

Costs. any proceedings theretofore had in the suit shall be paid by such persons as the Court directs.

If the late minor be a necessary party to the suit, the Court may direct him to be made a defendant.

455. If any minor on attaining majority can

When suit unreasonable or improper. prove to the satisfaction of the Court that a suit instituted in his name by a next friend was unreasonable or improper, he may, if a sole plaintiff, apply to have the suit dismissed.

Notice of the application shall be served on all the parties concerned: and the Court, upon being satisfied of such unreasonableness or impropriety, may grant the application, and order the next friend to

Costs. pay the costs of all parties in respect of the application and of anything done in the suit.

456. An order for the appointment of a guar-

Petition for appointment of guardian *ad litem*. dian for the suit may be obtained upon application in the name of the minor. Such application must be supported by an affidavit verifying the fact that the proposed guardian has no interest in the matters in question in the suit adverse to that of the minor, and that he is a fit person to be so appointed.

457. A co-defendant of sound mind and of

Who may be guardian *ad litem*. full age may be appointed guardian for the suit, if he has no interest adverse to that of the minor; but neither a plaintiff, nor a married woman, can be so appointed.

458. If the guardian for the suit of a minor

Guardian neglecting his duty may be removed. defendant does not do his duty, or if other sufficient ground be made to appear, the Court may remove him, and may order him to pay such costs as may have been occasioned

to any party by his breach of duty.

459. If the guardian for the suit dies pending

On death of guardian, *pendente lite*, new guardian to be appointed. such suit or is removed by the Court, the Court shall appoint a new guardian in his place.

460. When the enforcement of a decree is ap-

When decree to be enforced against heir or representative. plied for against the heir or representative, being a minor, of a deceased party, a guardian for the suit of such minor shall be appointed by the Court, and the decree-holder shall serve on such guardian notice of such application.

461. No sum of money or other thing shall be received or taken by a next friend or guardian for the suit at any time on behalf of a minor, at any time before decree or order, unless he has first obtained the leave of the Court, and given security to its satisfaction that such money or other thing shall be duly accounted for, to, and held for the benefit of, such minor.

462. No next friend or guardian for the suit shall, without the leave of the Court, enter into any agreement or compromise on behalf of a minor, with reference to the suit in which he acts as next friend or guardian.

Any such agreement or compromise entered into without the leave of the Court shall be voidable against all parties other than the minor.

463. The provisions contained in sections 440 to 462 (both inclusive) shall, *mutatis mutandis* apply in the case of persons of unsound mind, adjudged to be so under Act No. XXXV of 1858, or under any other law for the time being in force.

464. Nothing in sections 442 to 462 applies to any minor or person of unsound mind, for whose person or property a guardian or manager has been appointed by the Court of Wards or by the Civil Court under any local law.

CHAPTER XXXII.

SUITS BY AND AGAINST MILITARY MEN.

465. When any officer or soldier actually serving the Government in a military capacity is a party to a suit, and cannot obtain leave of absence for the purpose of prosecuting or defending the suit in person, he may authorize any person to sue or defend in his stead.

The authority shall be in writing and shall be signed by the officer or soldier in the presence of (a) his commanding officer or of the next subordinate officer, if the party be himself the commanding officer, or (b) where the officer or soldier is serving in military staff employment, the head or other superior officer of the office in which he is employed. Such commanding or other officer shall countersign the authority which shall be filed in Court.

When so filed, the countersignature shall be sufficient proof that the authority was duly executed, and that the officer or soldier by whom it was granted could not obtain leave of absence for the purpose of prosecuting or defending the suit in person.

Explanation.—In this chapter the expression 'commanding officer' means the officer in actual command for the time being of any regiment, corps, detachment or dépôt, to which the officer or soldier belongs.

466. Any person authorized by an officer or soldier to prosecute or defend a suit in his stead may prosecute or defend it in person in the same manner as the officer or soldier could do if present; or he may appoint a pleader to prosecute or defend the suit on behalf of such officer or soldier.

467. Processes served upon any person authorized by an officer or soldier, as in section 465, or upon any pleader appointed as aforesaid by such person to act for, or on behalf of, such officer or soldier, shall be as effectual as if they had been served on the party in person or on his pleader.

468. When an officer or soldier is a defendant, the Court shall send a copy of the summons to his commanding officer for the purpose of being served on him.

The officer to whom such copy is sent, after causing it to be served on the person to whom it is addressed, if practicable, shall return it to the Court with the written acknowledgment of such person endorsed thereon.

If from any cause the copy cannot be so served, it shall be returned to the Court by which it was sent, with information of the cause which has prevented the service.

469. If, in the execution of a decree, a warrant of arrest is to be executed within the limits of a cantonment, garrison, military station or military bazar, the officer charged with the execution of such warrant shall deliver the same to the commanding officer.

The commanding officer shall back the warrant with his signature, and the person named therein is within the limits of his command shall cause him to be arrested and delivered to the officer so charged.

CHAPTER XXXIII.

INTERPLEADER.

470. When two or more persons claim adversely to one another the same payment or property from another person, whose only interest therein is that of a mere stakeholder and who is ready to render it to the right owner, such stakeholder may institute a suit of interpleader against all the claimants for the purpose of obtaining a decision as to whom the payment or property should be made or delivered, and of obtaining indemnity for himself.

Provided that if any suit is pending in which the rights of all parties can properly be decided, the stakeholder shall not institute a suit of interpleader.

471. In every suit of interpleader the plaintiff must, in addition to the other statements necessary for plaints, state—

(a) that the plaintiff has no interest in the thing claimed otherwise than as a mere stakeholder;

(b) the claims made by the defendants severally; and

(c) that there is no collusion between the plaintiff and any of the defendants.

472. When the thing claimed is capable of being paid into court or placed in the custody of the Court, the plaintiff must so pay or place it before he can be entitled to any order in the suit.

Procedure at first hearing. **473.** At the first hearing the Court may

(a) declare that the plaintiff is discharged from all liability to the defendants in respect of the thing claimed, award him his costs, and dismiss him from the suit:

or, if it thinks that justice or convenience so require,

(b) retain all parties until the final disposal of the suit:

and, if it finds that the admissions of the parties or other evidence enable it,

(c) adjudicate the title to the thing claimed; or else it may

(d) direct the defendants to interplead one another by filing statements and entering into evidence for the purpose of bringing their respective claims before the Court.

474. Nothing in this chapter shall be taken to enable agents to sue their principals, or tenants to sue their landlords, for the purpose of compelling them to interplead with any persons other than persons making claim through such principals or landlords.

Illustrations.

(a) A deposits a box of jewels with B as his agent. C alleges that the jewels were wrongfully obtained from him by A, and claims them from B. B cannot institute an interpleader-suit against A and C.

(b) A deposits a box of jewels with B as his agent. He then writes to C for the purpose of making the jewels a security for a debt due from himself to C. A afterwards alleges that C's debt is satisfied, and C alleges the contrary. Both claim the jewels from B. B may institute an interpleader-suit against A and C.

475. When the suit is properly instituted, the Court may provide for the plaintiff's costs by giving him a charge on the thing claimed or in some other effectual way.

476. If any of the defendants in an interpleader-suit is actually suing the stakeholder in respect of the subject of such suit, the Court in which the suit against the stakeholder is pending shall, on being duly informed by the Court which passed the decree in the interpleader-suit in favour of the stakeholder, that such decree has been passed, stay the proceedings as against him; and his costs in the suit so stayed may be provided for in such suit; but if, and so far as, they are not provided for in that suit, they may be added to his costs incurred in the interpleader-suit.

PART IV. PROVISIONAL REMEDIES.

CHAPTER XXXIV.

OF ARREST AND ATTACHMENT BEFORE JUDGMENT.

A.—Arrest before Judgment.

477. If at any stage of any suit, other than a suit for the possession of immoveable property, the plaintiff satisfies the Court by affidavit—

that the defendant, with intent to avoid or delay the plaintiff, or to avoid any process of the Court, or to obstruct or delay the execution of any decree that may be passed against him,

(a) has absconded or left the jurisdiction of the Court, or

(b) is about to abscond or to leave the jurisdiction of the Court, or

(c) has disposed of or removed from the jurisdiction of the Court his property or any part thereof, or

that the defendant is about to leave British India under circumstances affording reasonable probability that the plaintiff will or may thereby be obstructed or delayed in the execution of any decree that may be passed against the defendant in the suit,

the plaintiff may apply to the Court that security be taken for the appearance of the defendant to answer any decree that may be passed against him in the suit.

478. If the Court, after examining the applicant, and making such further investigation as it thinks fit, is satisfied

that the defendant, with any such intent as aforesaid,

(a) has absconded or left the jurisdiction of the Court, or

(b) is about to abscond or to leave the jurisdiction of the Court, or

(c) has disposed of or removed from the jurisdiction of the Court his property or any part thereof, or

that the defendant is about to leave British India under the circumstances last aforesaid,

the Court may issue an order for bringing the defendant before the Court to show cause why he should not give security for his appearance.

479. If the defendant fail to show such cause, the Court shall order him either to deposit in court money or other property sufficient to answer the claim against him, or to give security for his appearance at any time when called upon while the suit is pending, and until execution or satisfaction of any decree that may be passed against him in the suit.

The surety shall bind himself, in default of such appearance, to pay any sum of money which the defendant may be ordered to pay in the suit.

480. The surety for the appearance of the defendant may at any time apply to the Court in which he became such surety to be discharged from his obligation.

On such application being made, the Court shall summon the defendant to appear, or, if it thinks fit, may issue a warrant for his arrest in the first instance.

On the appearance of the defendant pursuant to the summons or warrant, or on his voluntary surrender, the Court shall direct the surety to be discharged from his obligation, and shall call upon the defendant to find fresh security.

481. If the defendant fail to comply with any order under section 479 or section 480, the Court may commit him to jail until the decision of the suit, or, if judgment be given against the defendant, until the execution of the decree: Provided that no person shall be imprisoned under this section in any case for a longer period than six months, nor for a longer period than six weeks when the amount or value of the subject-matter of the suit does not exceed fifty rupees.

482. The provisions of section 330 as to allowances payable for the subsistence of judgment-debtors shall apply to all defendants arrested under this chapter.

B.—Attachment before Judgment.

483. If at any stage of any suit the plaintiff satisfies the Court by affidavit that the defendant, with intent to obstruct or delay the execution of any decree that may be passed against him, Application before judgment for security from defendant to satisfy decree, and in default, for attachment of property.

(a) is about to dispose of the whole or any part of his property, or to remove the same from the jurisdiction of the Court in which the suit is pending, or

(b) has quitted the jurisdiction of the Court, leaving therein property belonging to him,

the plaintiff may apply to the Court to call upon the defendant to furnish security to satisfy any decree that may be passed against him in such suit, and, on his failing to give such security, to direct that any portion of his property shall be attached until the further order of the Court.

The application shall, unless the Court otherwise directs, specify the property required to be attached and the estimated value thereof.

484. If the Court, after examining the applicant, and making any further investigation which it thinks fit, is satisfied that the defendant is about to dispose of or remove his property, with intent to obstruct or delay the execution of any decree that may be passed against him in the suit, the Court may require him, within a time to be fixed by the Court, either to furnish security in such sum as may be specified in the order, to produce and place at the disposal of

the Court, when required, the said property or the value of the same, or such portion thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the decree, or to appear and show cause why he should not furnish security.

The Court may also in the order direct the conditional attachment of the whole or any portion of the property specified in the application.

485. If the defendant fail to show cause why Attachment if cause he should not furnish security, or fail to furnish the security required within the time fixed by the Court, the Court may order that the property specified in the application, or such portion thereof as appears sufficient to satisfy any decree which may be passed in the suit, shall be attached.

If the defendant show such cause or furnish the required security, and the property specified in the application or any portion of it has been attached, the Court shall order the attachment to be withdrawn.

486. The attachment shall be made in the manner herein provided for the attachment of property in execution of a decree for money.

487. If any claim be preferred to the property attached before judgment, such claim shall be investigated in the manner hereinbefore provided for the investigation of claims to property attached in execution of a decree for money.

488. When an order of attachment before judgment is passed, the Court which passed the order shall remove the attachment whenever the defendant furnishes the security required, together with security for the costs of the attachment, or when the suit is dismissed.

489. Attachment before judgment shall not affect the rights, existing prior to the attachment, of persons not parties to the suit, nor bar any person holding a decree against the defendant from applying for the sale of the property under attachment in execution of such decree.

490. Where property is under attachment by virtue of the provisions of this chapter, and a decree is given in favour of the plaintiff, it shall not be necessary to re-attach the property in execution of such decree.

C.—Compensation for improper Arrests or Attachments.

491. If in any suit in which an arrest or attachment has been effected, it appear to the Court that such arrest or attachment was applied for on insufficient grounds,

or if the suit of the plaintiff fails, and it appears to the Court that there was no probable ground for instituting the suit,

the Court may, on the application of the defendant, award against the plaintiff in its decree such amount, not exceeding one thousand rupees, as

it deems a reasonable compensation to the defendant for the expense or injury caused to him by the arrest or attachment :

Provided that the Court shall not award under this section a larger amount than it might decree in a

Proviso.
suit for compensation.

An award under this section shall bar any suit for compensation in respect of such arrest or attachment.

CHAPTER XXXV.

OF TEMPORARY INJUNCTIONS AND INTERLOCUTORY ORDERS.

A.—Temporary Injunctions.

492. If in any suit it be proved by affidavit or *Cases in which temporary injunction may be granted.* otherwise (a) that any property in dispute in a suit is in danger of being wasted, damaged or alienated by any party to the suit, or wrongfully sold in execution of a decree, or

(b) that the defendant threatens, or is about to remove or dispose of his property with intent to defraud his creditors,

the Court may by order grant a temporary injunction to restrain such act, or give such other order for the purpose of staying and preventing the wasting, damaging, alienation, sale, removal or disposition of the property as the Court thinks fit, or refuse such injunction or other order.

493. In any suit for restraining the defendant from committing a breach of contract or other injury, whether compensation be claimed in the suit or not, the plaintiff may, at any time after the commencement of the suit, and either before or after judgment, apply to the Court for a temporary injunction to restrain the defendant from committing the breach of contract or injury complained of, or any breach of contract or injury of a like kind arising out of the same contract or relating to the same property or right.

The Court may by order grant such injunction on such terms as to the duration of the injunction, keeping an account, giving security, or otherwise, as the Court thinks fit, or refuse the same.

In case of disobedience, an injunction granted under this section or section 492 may be enforced by the imprisonment of the defendant for a term not exceeding six months, or the attachment of his property, or both.

No attachment under this section shall remain in force for more than one year, at the end of which time if the defendant has not obeyed the injunction, the property attached may be sold, and out of the proceeds the Court may award to the plaintiff such compensation as it thinks fit and may pay the balance, if any, to the defendant.

494. The Court shall in all cases, except where it appear that the object of granting the injunction would be defeated by the delay, before granting an injunction, direct notice of the application for the same to be given to the opposite party.

495. An injunction directed to a corporation or public company is binding not only on the corporation or company itself, but also on all members and officers of the corporation or company whose personal action it seeks to restrain.

496. Any order for an injunction may be discharged, varied or set aside. *Order for injunction may be discharged, varied or set aside.* if, after the issue of the injunction, the suit is dismissed or judgment is given against the plaintiff by default or otherwise, and it appears to the Court that there was no probable ground for instituting the suit,

497. If it appears to the Court that the injunction was applied for on insufficient grounds, or

if, after the issue of the injunction, the suit is dismissed or judgment is given against the plaintiff by default or otherwise, and it appears to the Court that there was no probable ground for instituting the suit,

the Court may, on the application of the defendant, award against the plaintiff in its decree such sum, not exceeding one thousand rupees, as it deems a reasonable compensation to the defendant for the expense or injury caused to him by the issue of the injunction :

Provided that the Court shall not award under this section a larger amount than it might decree in a suit for compensation.

An award under this section shall bar any suit for compensation in respect of the issue of the injunction.

B.—Interlocutory Orders.

498. The Court may, on the application of any party to a suit, order the sale, by any person named in such order, and in such manner and on such terms as it thinks fit, of any moveable property being the subject of such suit, which is subject to speedy and natural decay.

499. The Court may, on the application of any party to a suit, and on such terms as it thinks fit,

(a) make an order for the detention, preservation or inspection of any property being the subject of such suit ;

(b) for all or any of the purposes aforesaid, authorize any person to enter upon or into any land or building in the possession of any other party to such suit, and

(c) for all or any of the purposes aforesaid, authorize any samples to be taken, or any observation to be made or experiment to be tried, which may seem necessary or expedient for the purpose of obtaining full information or evidence.

The provisions hereinbefore contained as to execution of process shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to persons authorized to enter under this section.

500. An application by the plaintiff for an order under section 498 or section 499 may be made after notice in writing to the defendant at any time after service of the summons.

An application by the defendant for a like order may be made after notice in writing to the plaintiff, and at any time after the applicant has ap-

501. When land paying revenue to Govern-

When party may be put in immediate possession of land, the subject of suit.

ment, or a tenure liable to sale, is the subject of a suit, if the party in possession of such land or tenure neglects to pay the Government revenue, or the rent due to the proprietor of the tenure, as the case may be, and such land or tenure is consequently ordered to be sold, any other party to the suit claiming to have an interest in such land or tenure may upon payment of the revenue or rent due previously to the sale (and with or without security at the discretion of the Court), be put in immediate possession of the land or tenure;

and the Court in its decree may award against the defaulter the amount so paid, with interest thereupon at such rate as the Court thinks fit, or may charge the amount so paid, with interest thereupon at such rate as the Court orders, in any adjustment of accounts which may be directed in the decree passed in the suit.

502. When the subject-matter of a suit is

Deposit of money, &c., in Court.

money or some other thing capable of delivery, and any party thereto admits that he holds such money or other thing as a trustee for another party, or that it belongs or is due to another party, the Court may order the same to be deposited in court or delivered to such last-named party, with or without security, subject to the further direction of the Court.

CHAPTER XXXVI.

APPOINTMENT OF RECEIVERS.

503. Whenever it appears to the Court to be

Power of Court to appoint receivers.

necessary for the realization, preservation or better custody or management of any property, moveable or immovable, the subject of a suit, or under attachment, the Court may by order

(a) appoint a receiver of such property, and, if need be,

(b) remove the person in whose possession or custody the property may be from the possession or custody thereof;

(c) commit the same to the custody or management of such receiver; and

(d) grant to such receiver such fee or commission on the rents and profits of the property by way of remuneration, and all such powers as to bringing and defending suits, and for the realization, management, protection, preservation and improvement of the property, the collection of the rents and profits thereof, the application and disposal of such rents and profits, and the execution of instruments in writing, as the owner himself has, or such of those powers as the Court thinks fit.

Receiver's liabilities. Every receiver so appointed shall

(e) give such security (if any) as the Court thinks fit duly to account for what he shall receive in respect of the property,

(f) pass his accounts at such periods and in such form as the Court directs,

(g) pay the balance due from him thereon as the Court directs, and

(h) be responsible for any loss occasioned to the property by his wilful default or gross negligence.

Nothing in this section authorizes the Court to remove from the possession or custody of property under attachment any person whom the parties to the suit, or some or one of them, have or has not a present right so to remove.

504. If the property be land paying revenue

When Collector may be appointed receiver.

to Government, or land of which the revenue has been assigned or redeemed, and the Court considers that the interests of those concerned will be promoted by the management of the Collector, the Court may appoint the Collector to be receiver of such property.

505. The powers conferred by this chapter

Courts empowered under this chapter.

shall be exercised only by High Courts and District Courts. Provided that whenever the Judge of a Court subordinate to a District Court considers it expedient that a receiver should be appointed in any suit before him, he shall nominate such person as he considers fit for such appointment, and submit such person's name, with the grounds for the nomination, to the District Court, and the District Court shall authorize such Judge to appoint the person so nominated or pass such other order as it thinks fit.

PART V.

OF SPECIAL PROCEEDINGS.

CHAPTER XXXVII.

REFERENCE TO ARBITRATION.

506. If all the parties to a suit desire that any

Parties to suit may apply for order of reference.

matter in difference between them in the suit be referred to arbitration, they may, at any time before judgment is pronounced, apply, in person or by their respective pleaders specially authorized in writing in this behalf, to the Court for an order of reference.

Every such application shall be in writing and shall state the particular matter sought to be referred.

507. The arbitrator shall be nominated by

Nomination of arbitrator.

the parties in such manner as may be agreed upon between them.

If the parties cannot agree with respect to such nomination, or if the person whom they nominate refuses to accept the arbitration and the parties desire that the nomination shall be made by the Court, the Court shall nominate the arbitrator.

508. The Court shall, by order, refer to the

Order of reference.

arbitrator the matter in difference which he is required to determine, and shall fix such time as it thinks reasonable for the delivery of the award, and specify such time in the order.

When once a matter is referred to arbitration, the Court shall not deal with it in the same suit, except as hereinafter provided.

509. If the reference be to two or more arbitrators, provision shall be made in the order for a difference of opinion among the arbitrators.

When reference is to two or more, order to provide for difference of opinion.

- (a) by the appointment of an umpire, or
- (b) by declaring that the decision shall be with the majority if the major part of the arbitrators agree, or
- (c) by empowering the arbitrators to appoint an umpire, or
- (d) otherwise, as may be agreed between the parties; or, if they cannot agree, as the Court determines.

If an umpire is appointed, the Court shall fix such time as it thinks reasonable for the delivery of his award in case he is required to act.

510. If the arbitrator, or, where there are more arbitrators than one, any of the arbitrators, or the umpire, dies, or refuses, or neglects, or becomes incapable to act, or leaves British India under circumstances showing that he will probably not return at an early date, the Court may in its discretion either appoint a new arbitrator or umpire in the place of the person so dying, or refusing, or neglecting, or becoming incapable to act, or leaving British India, or make an order superseding the arbitration, and in such case shall proceed with the suit.

Death, incapacity, &c., of arbitrators or umpire.

511. Where the arbitrators are empowered by the order of reference to appoint an umpire and fail to do so, any of the parties may serve the arbitrators with a written notice to appoint an umpire; and if, within seven days after such notice has been served, or such further time as the Court may in each case allow, no umpire be appointed, the Court, upon the application of the party who has served such notice as aforesaid, may appoint an umpire.

Appointment of umpire by Court.

512. Every arbitrator or umpire appointed under section 509, 510 or 511 shall have the like powers as if his name had been inserted in the order of reference.

Powers of arbitrator or umpire appointed under sections 509, 510, 511.

513. The Court shall issue the same processes to the parties and witnesses whom the arbitrators or umpire desire to examine, as the Court may issue in suits tried before it.

Summoning witnesses.

Persons not attending in accordance with such process, or making any other default, or refusing to give their evidence, or guilty of any contempt to the arbitrator or umpire during the investigation of the matters referred, shall be subject to the like disadvantages, penalties and punishments by order of the Court on the representation of the arbitrator or umpire, as they would incur for the like offences in suits tried before the Court.

Punishment for default, &c.

514. If from the want of the necessary evidence or information, or from any other cause, the arbitrators cannot complete the award within the period specified in the order, the Court may, if it think fit, either grant a further time, and from time to time enlarge the period for the delivery of the award, or make an order superseding the arbitration, and in such case shall proceed with the suit.

Extension of time for making award.

515. When an umpire has been appointed, he may enter on the reference in the place of the arbitrators.

When umpire may arbitrate in lieu of arbitrators.

- (a) if they have allowed the appointed time to expire without making an award, or
- (b) when they have delivered to the Court or to the umpire a notice in writing, stating that they cannot agree.

516. When an award in a suit has been made, the persons who made it shall sign it and cause it to be filed in Court, together with any depositions and documents which have been taken and proved before them; and notice of the filing shall be given to the parties.

Award to be signed and filed.

517. Upon any reference by an order of Court, the arbitrators or umpire may, with the consent of the Court, state the award as to the whole or any part thereof in the form of a special case for the opinion of the Court; and the Court shall deliver its opinion thereon; and such opinion shall be added to and form part of the award.

Arbitrators or umpire may state special case.

518. The Court may, by order, modify or correct an award, (a) where it appears that a part of the award is upon a matter not referred to arbitration, provided such part can be separated from the other part and does not affect the decision on the matter referred, or

Court may, on application, modify or correct award in certain cases.

- (b) where the award is imperfect in form, or contains any obvious error which can be amended without affecting such decision.

519. The Court may also make such order as it thinks fit respecting the costs of the arbitration, if any question arise respecting such costs and the award contain no sufficient provision concerning them.

Order as to costs of arbitration.

520. The Court may remit the award or any matter referred to arbitration to the reconsideration of the same arbitrators or umpire, upon such terms as it thinks fit,

When award or matter referred to arbitration may be remitted.

- (a) where the award has left undetermined any of the matters referred to arbitration, or where it determines any matter not referred to arbitration;
- (b) where the award is so indefinite as to be incapable of execution;
- (c) where an objection to the legality of the award is apparent upon the face of it.

521. An award remitted under section 520 becomes void on the refusal of the arbitrators or umpire to reconsider it. But no award shall be set aside except on one of the following grounds (namely)—

(a) corruption or misconduct of the arbitrator or umpire;

(b) either party having been guilty of fraudulent concealment of any matter which he ought to have disclosed, or of wilfully misleading or deceiving the arbitrator or umpire;

(c) the award having been made after the issue of an order by the Court superseding the arbitration and restoring the suit;

and no award shall be valid unless made within the period allowed by the Court.

522. If the Court sees no cause to remit the award or any of the matters referred to arbitration for reconsideration in manner aforesaid, and if no application has been made to set aside the award, or if the Court has refused such application,

the Court shall, after the time for making such application has expired, proceed to give judgment according to the award,

or, if the award has been submitted to it in the form of a special case, according to its own opinion on such case:

Upon the judgment so given a decree shall follow, and shall be enforced in manner provided in this Code for the execution of decrees. No appeal shall lie from such decree except in so far as the decree is in excess of, or not in accordance with, the award.

523. When any persons agree in writing that any difference between them shall be referred to the arbitration of any person named in the agreement or to be appointed by any Court having jurisdiction in the matter to which the agreement relates, the parties thereto, or any of them, may apply that the agreement be filed in Court.

The application shall be in writing and shall be numbered and registered as a suit between one or more of the parties interested or claiming to be interested as plaintiff or plaintiffs, and the others or other of them as defendants or defendant, if the application have been presented by all the parties, or, if otherwise, between the applicant as plaintiff and the other parties as defendants.

On such application being made, the Court shall direct notice thereof to be given to any of the parties to the agreement other than the applicants, requiring such parties to show cause, within the time specified in the notice, why the agreement should not be filed.

If no sufficient cause be shown, the Court may cause the agreement to be filed, and shall make an order of reference thereon, and may also nominate

the arbitrator when he is not named therein and the parties cannot agree as to the nomination.

524. The foregoing provisions of this chapter, so far as they are consistent with any agreement so filed, shall be applicable to all proceedings under an order of reference made by the Court under section 523, and to the award of arbitration and to the enforcement of the decree founded thereupon.

525. When any matter has been referred to arbitration without the intervention of a Court of Justice, and an award has been made thereon, any person interested in the award may apply to the Court of the lowest grade having jurisdiction over the matter to which the award relates, that the award be filed in Court.

The application shall be in writing and shall be numbered and registered as a suit between the applicant as plaintiff and the other parties as defendants.

The Court shall direct notice to be given to the parties to the arbitration other than the applicant, requiring them to show cause, within a time specified, why the award should not be filed.

526. If no ground such as is mentioned or referred to in section 520 or 521, be shown against the award, the Court shall order it to be filed, and such award shall then take effect as an award made under the provisions of this chapter.

CHAPTER XXXVIII.

OF PROCEEDINGS ON AGREEMENT OF PARTIES.

527. Parties claiming to be interested in the decision of any question of fact or law, may enter into an agreement in writing stating such question in the form of a case for the opinion of the Court, and providing that, upon the finding of the Court with respect to such question,

(a) a sum of money fixed by the parties or to be determined by the Court, shall be paid by one of the parties to the other of them; or

(b) some property, moveable or immovable, specified in the agreement, shall be delivered by one of the parties to the other of them; or

(c) one or more of the parties shall do, or refrain from doing, some other particular act specified in the agreement.

Every case stated under this section shall be divided into consecutively numbered paragraphs, and shall concisely state such facts and documents as may be necessary to enable the Court to decide the question raised thereby.

528. If the agreement is for the delivery of any property, or for the doing, or the refraining from doing, any particular act, the estimated value of the property to be

delivered, or to which the act specified has reference, shall be stated in the agreement.

529. The agreement, if framed in accordance

Agreement to be filed with the rules hereinbefore and numbered as a suit. Court which would have jurisdiction to entertain a suit, the amount or value of the subject-matter of which is the same as the amount or value of the subject-matter of the agreement.

The agreement, when so filed, shall be numbered and registered as a suit between one or more of the parties claiming to be interested, as plaintiff, or plaintiffs, and the other or others of them as defendant or defendants; and notice shall be given to all the parties to the agreement other than the party or parties by whom it was presented.

530. When the agreement has been filed, the

Parties to be subject to Court's jurisdiction. parties to it shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Court, and shall be bound by the statements contained therein.

531. The case shall be set down for hearing as a

Hearing and disposal of the case. suit instituted under chapter V, the provisions of which shall apply to such suit so far as the same are applicable.

If the Court is satisfied, after an examination of the parties, or taking such evidence as it thinks fit,

(a) that the agreement was duly executed by them, and

(b) that they have a *bona fide* interest in the question stated therein, and

(c) that the same is fit to be decided,

it shall proceed to pronounce judgment thereon, in the same way as in an ordinary suit, and upon the judgment so given a decree shall follow, and shall be enforced in the manner provided in this Code for the execution of decrees.

CHAPTER XXXIX.

OF SUMMARY PROCEDURE ON NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS.

532. In any Court to which this section applies

Institution of summary suits upon bills of exchange, &c. all suits upon bills of exchange, hundis or promissory notes may, in case the plaintiff desires to proceed under

this chapter, be instituted by presenting a plaint in the form prescribed by this Code; but the summons shall be in the form contained in the fourth schedule hereto annexed, No. 172, or in such other form as the High Court may from time to time prescribe.

In any case in which the plaint and summons are in such forms respectively, the defendant shall not appear or defend the suit unless he obtains leave from a Judge as hereinafter mentioned so to appear and defend;

and in default of his obtaining such leave or of appearance and defence in pursuance thereof, the plaintiff shall be entitled to a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum mentioned in the summons, together with interest at the rate specified (if any)

to the date of the decree, and a sum for costs to be fixed by a rule of the High Court, unless the plaintiff claim more than such fixed sum, in which case the costs shall be ascertained in the ordinary way, and such decree may be enforced forthwith.

The defendant shall not be required to pay into

Payment into Court Court the sum mentioned in of sum mentioned in the summons, or to give security therefor, unless the Court thinks his defence not to be *prima facie* sustainable, or feels reasonable doubt as to its good faith.

Explanation.—This section is not confined to cases in which the bill, hundi or note sued upon, together with mere lapse of time, is sufficient to establish a *prima facie* right to recover.

533. The Court shall, upon application by the

Defendant showing defence on merits to have leave to appear. defendant, give leave to appear and to defend the suit, upon the defendant paying into Court the sum mentioned in the summons or upon affidavits satisfactory to the Court, which disclose a defence or such facts as would make it incumbent on the holder to prove consideration, or such other facts as the Court may deem sufficient to support the application, and on such terms as to security, framing and recording issues, or otherwise, as the Court thinks fit.

534. After decree, the Court may, under

Power to set aside decree. special circumstances, set aside the decree, and if necessary stay or set aside execution, and may give leave to appear to the summons and to defend the suit, if it seem reasonable to the Court so to do, and on such terms as the Court thinks fit.

535. In any proceeding under this chapter the

Power to order bill to be deposited with officer of Court. Court may order the bill, hundi or note on which the suit is founded to be forthwith deposited with an officer of the Court, and may further order that all proceedings shall be stayed until the plaintiff gives security for the costs thereof.

536. The holder of every dishonoured bill of

Recovery of cost of noting non-acceptance of dishonoured bill. exchange or promissory note shall have the same remedies for the recovery of the expenses incurred in noting the same for non-acceptance or non-payment, or otherwise, by reason of such dishonour, as he has under this chapter for the recovery of the amount of such bill or note.

537. Except as provided by sections 532 to

Procedure in suits under this chapter. 536 both inclusive, the procedure in suits under this chapter shall be the same as the procedure in suits instituted under chapter V.

538. Sections 532 to 537 (both inclusive) apply only to—

(a) the High Courts of Judicature at Fort William, Madras and Bombay;

(b) the Court of the Recorder of Rangoon;

(c) the Courts of Small Causes in Calcutta, Madras and Bombay;

(d) the Court of the Judge of Karachi; and

(e) any other Court having ordinary original civil jurisdiction to which the Local Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, apply them.

In case of such application the Local Government may direct by whom any of the powers and duties incident to the provisions so applied shall be exercised and performed, and make any rules which it thinks requisite for carrying into operation the provisions so applied.

Within one month after such notification has been published, such provisions shall apply accordingly, and the rules so made shall have the force of law.

The Local Government may from time to time alter or cancel any such notification.

CHAPTER XL.

OF SUITS RELATING TO PUBLIC CHARITIES.

539. In case of any alleged breach of any express or constructive trust created for public charitable purposes, or whenever the direction of the

When suit relating to public charities may be brought.

Court is deemed necessary for the administration of any such trust, the Advocate General acting *ex-officio*, or two or more persons having a direct interest in the trust and having obtained the consent in writing of the Advocate General, may institute a suit in the High Court or the District Court within the local limits of whose civil jurisdiction the whole or any part of the subject-matter of the trust is situate, to obtain a decree—

(a) appointing new trustees of the charity :

(b) vesting any property in the trustees of the charity :

(c) declaring the proportions in which its objects are entitled :

(d) authorizing the whole or any part of its property to be let, sold, mortgaged or exchanged :

(e) settling a scheme for its management ; or granting such further or other relief as the nature of the case may require.

The powers conferred by this section on the Advocate General may (where there is no Advocate General) be exercised by the Government Advocate or (where there is no Government Advocate) by such officer as the Local Government may appoint in this behalf.

PART VI.

OF APPEALS.

CHAPTER XLI.

OF APPEALS FROM ORIGINAL DECREES.

540. Unless when otherwise expressly provided in this Code or by any other law for the time being

Appeal to lie from all original decrees, except when expressly prohibited.

in force, an appeal shall lie from the decrees, or from any part of the decrees, of the Courts exercising original jurisdiction to the Courts authorized to hear appeals from the decisions of those Courts.

541. The appeal shall be made in the form of a memorandum in writing presented by the appellant,

Form of appeal.

and shall be accompanied by a copy of the Memorandum to be decrees appealed against and accompanied by copy of (unless the appellate Court dispenses therewith) of the decree and judgment. judgment on which it is founded.

Such memorandum shall set forth, concisely and under distinct heads, the

Memorandum of appeal. grounds of objection to the decree appealed against, without any argument or narrative, and such grounds shall be numbered consecutively.

542. The appellant shall not, without the leave of the Court, urge or be heard in support of any other ground of objection, but the Court in deciding the appeal shall not be confined to the grounds set forth by the appellant :

Provided that the Court shall not rest its decision on any ground not set forth by the appellant, unless the respondent has had sufficient opportunity of contesting the case on that ground.

543. If the memorandum of appeal be not drawn up in the manner Rejection of memorandum or grounds of objection. hereinbefore prescribed, it may be rejected, or be returned to the appellant for the purpose of being amended within a time to be fixed by the Court, or be amended then and there.

When the Court rejects under this section any memorandum, it shall record the reasons for such rejection.

When a memorandum of appeal is amended under this section the Judge, or such officer as he appoints in this behalf, shall attest the amendment by his signature.

544. Where there are more plaintiffs or more defendants than one in a suit, and the decree appealed against proceeds on any ground common to all the plaintiffs or to all the defendants, any one of the plaintiffs or of the defendants may appeal against the whole decree, and the Appellate Court may reverse or modify the decree in favour of all the plaintiffs or defendants as the case may be.

Of staying and executing Decrees under Appeal.

545. Execution of a decree shall not be stayed by reason only of an appeal having been preferred against the decree ; but the Appellate Court may for sufficient cause order the execution to be stayed :

If an application be made for stay of execution of an appealable decree before the expiry of the time allowed for appealing therefrom, the Court which passed the decree may for sufficient cause order the execution to be stayed :

Provided that no order shall be made under this section unless the Court making it is satisfied—

(a) that substantial loss may result to the party applying for stay of execution unless the order is made ;

(b) that the application has been made without unreasonable delay ; and

(c) that security has been given by the applicant for the due performance of such decree or order as may ultimately be binding upon him.

Security required before making order to stay execution.

546. If an order is made for the execution of a decree against which an appeal is pending, the Court which passed the decree shall, on sufficient cause being shown by the appellant, require security to be given for the restitution of any property which may be taken in execution of the decree, or for the payment of the value of such property, and for the due performance of the decree or order of the Appellate Court, or the Appellate Court may for like cause direct the Court which passed the decree to take such security.

And when an order has been passed for the sale of immoveable property in execution of a decree for money and an appeal is pending against such decree, the sale shall on the application of the judgment-debtor be stayed until the appeal is disposed of, on such terms as to giving security or otherwise as the Court which passed the decree thinks fit.

547. No such security as is mentioned in sections 545 and 546 shall be required from the Secretary of State for India in Council, or (when Government has undertaken the defence of the suit) from any public officer sued in respect of an act alleged to be done by him in his official capacity.

No such security to be required from Government or public officers.

Of Procedure in Appeal from Decrees.

548. When a memorandum of appeal is admitted, the Appellate Court or the proper officer of that Court shall endorse thereon the date of presentation, and shall register the appeal in a book to be kept for the purpose. Such book shall be called the Register of Appeals.

Registry of memorandum of appeal.

Register of appeals.

549. The Appellate Court may, at its discretion, either before the respondent is called upon to appear and answer or afterwards on the application of the respondent, demand from the appellant security for the costs of the appeal, or of the original suit, or of both:

Appellate Court may require appellant to give security for costs.

Provided that the Court shall demand such security in all cases in which the appellant is residing out of British India, and is not possessed of any sufficient immoveable property within British India independent of the property (if any) to which the appeal relates.

When appellant resides out of British India.

If such security be not furnished within such time as the Court orders, the Court shall reject the appeal.

550. When the memorandum of appeal is registered, the Appellate Court shall send notice of the appeal to the Court against whose decree the appeal is made.

Appellate Court to give notice to Court whose decree is appealed against.

If the appeal be from a Court the records of which are not deposited in the Appellate Court, the Court receiving such notice shall send with all practicable despatch all material papers in the suit, or such papers as may be specially called for by the Appellate Court.

Transmission of papers which are not deposited in the Appellate Court.

Either party may apply in writing to the Court against whose decree the appeal is made, specifying any of such papers in such Court of which he requires copies to be made; and copies of such papers shall be made at the expense of the applicant, and shall be deposited accordingly.

551. The Appellate Court may, if it thinks fit, after fixing a time for hearing the appellant or his pleader, and hearing him accordingly if he appears at such time, confirm the decision of the Court against whose decree the appeal is made, without sending notice of the appeal to such Court and without serving notice on the respondent or his pleader; but in such case the confirmation shall be notified to the same Court.

Power to confirm decision of lower Court without sending it notice.

552. The Appellate Court, unless where it confirms, under section 551, the decision of the lower Court, shall fix a day for hearing the appeal.

Day for hearing appeal.

Such day shall be fixed with reference to the current business of the Court, the place of residence of the respondent, and the time necessary for the service of the notice of appeal, so as to allow the respondent sufficient time to appear and answer the appeal on such day.

553. Notice of the day so fixed shall be stuck up in the appellate court-house, and a like notice shall be sent by the Appellate Court to the Court against whose decree the appeal is made, and shall be served on the respondent or on his pleader in the Appellate Court in the manner provided in chapter VI for the service on a defendant of a summons to appear and answer; and all rules applicable to such summons and to proceedings with reference to the service thereof, shall apply to the service of such notice.

Publication and service of notice of day for hearing appeal.

Instead of sending the notice to the Court against whose decree the appeal is made, the Appellate Court may itself cause notice to be served on the respondent or his pleader under the rules above referred to.

Appellate Court may itself cause notice to be served.

554. The notice to the respondent shall declare that, if he does not appear in the Appellate Court on the day so fixed, the appeal will be heard *ex parte*.

Contents of notice.

Procedure on Hearing.

555. On the day so fixed, or on any other day to which the hearing may be adjourned, the party having the right to begin shall be heard in support of or against the appeal, as the case may be. The other party shall then be heard, and the party

Right to begin.

having the right to begin shall then be entitled to reply.

Explanation.—If the appeal is from the whole decree, or if there are cross-appeals, the party having the right to begin is the party who had the right to begin on the hearing in the Court whose decree is appealed from.

If the appeal is from only a portion of the decree, and there is no cross-appeal, the appellant has the right to begin.

556. If on the day so fixed, or any other day to which the hearing may be adjourned, the appellant does not attend in person or by his pleader, the appeal shall be dismissed for default.

Dismissal of appeal for appellant's default.
If the appellant attends and the respondent does not attend, the appeal shall be heard *ex parte* in his absence.

557. If on the day so fixed, or any other day to which the hearing may be adjourned, it is found that the notice to the respondent has not been served in consequence of the failure of the appellant to deposit, within the period fixed by the Court, the sum required to defray the cost of issuing the notice, the Court may order that the appeal be dismissed:

Dismissal of appeal where notice has not been served in consequence of appellant's failure to deposit cost of notice.
Provided that no such order shall be passed, although the notice has not been served upon the respondent, if on the day fixed for hearing the appeal the respondent appears in person or by a pleader, or by a duly authorized agent.

558. If an appeal be dismissed under section 556 or section 557, the appellant may apply to the Appellate Court for the re-admission of the appeal; and if it be proved that he was prevented by any sufficient cause from attending when the appeal was called on for hearing or from depositing the sum so required, the Court may re-admit the appeal on such terms as to costs or otherwise as the Court thinks fit to impose upon him.

559. If it appear to the Court at the hearing that any person who was a party to the suit in the Court against whose decree the appeal is made, but who has not been made a party to the appeal, is interested in the result of the appeal, the Court may adjourn the hearing to a future day to be fixed by the Court, and direct that such person be made a respondent.

560. When an appeal is heard *ex parte* in the absence of the respondent, and judgment is given against him, he may apply to the Appellate Court to re-hear the appeal; and if it be proved that the respondent was prevented by sufficient cause from attending when the appeal was called on for hearing, the Court may re-hear the appeal on such terms as to costs or otherwise as the Court thinks fit to impose upon him.

561. Any respondent, though he may not have appealed against any part of the decree, may upon the hearing not only support the decree on any of the grounds decided against him in the Court below, but take any objection to the decree which he could have taken by way of appeal, provided he has given to the appellant or his pleader seven days' notice of such objection.

Such objection shall be in the form of a memorandum, and the provisions of section 541, so far as they relate to the form and contents of the memorandum of appeal, shall apply thereto.

562. If the Court against whose decree the appeal is made has disposed of the suit upon a preliminary point so as to exclude any evidence of fact which appears to the Appellate Court essential to the determination of the rights of the parties, and the decree upon such preliminary point is reversed in appeal, the Appellate Court may, if it thinks fit, by order remand the case, together with a copy of the order in appeal, to the Court against whose decree the appeal is made, with directions to re-admit the suit under its original number in the register and proceed to investigate the suit on the merits.

The Appellate Court may, if it think fit, direct what issue or issues shall be tried in any case so remanded.

563. When a case is remanded with directions to take any evidence so excluded the Court to which the case is remanded shall not take any other evidence in the case, except evidence tendered to contradict the evidence so taken.

564. The Appellate Court shall not remand a case for a second decision, except as provided in section 562.

565. When the evidence upon the record is sufficient to enable the Appellate Court to pronounce judgment, the Appellate Court shall, after re-settling the issues, if necessary, finally determine the case notwithstanding that the judgment of the Court against whose decree the appeal is made has proceeded wholly upon some ground other than that on which the Appellate Court proceeds.

566. If the Court against whose decree the appeal is made has omitted to frame or try any issue, or to determine any question of fact, which appears to the Appellate Court essential to the right decision of the suit upon the merits, and the evidence upon the record is not sufficient to enable the Appellate Court to determine such issue or question, the Appellate Court may frame issues for trial, and may refer the same for trial to the Court against whose decree the appeal is made, and in such case shall direct such Court to take the additional evidence required,

and such Court shall proceed to try such issue, and shall return to the Appellate Court its finding thereon together with the evidence.

567. Such finding and evidence shall become

Finding and evidence to be put on record. part of the record in the suit; and either party may, within a time to be fixed by the Appellate Court, present

Objections to finding. a memorandum of objections to the finding.

After the expiration of the period fixed for presenting such memo-

Determination of appeal. randum, the Appellate Court shall proceed to determine the appeal.

568. The parties to an appeal shall not be

Production of additional evidence in Appellate Court. entitled to produce additional evidence, whether oral or documentary, in the Appellate Court. But if—

(a) the Court against whose decree the appeal is made refused to admit evidence which ought to have been admitted, or,

(b) the Appellate Court requires any document to be produced or any witness to be examined to enable it to pronounce judgment or for any other substantial cause,

the Appellate Court may allow such evidence to be produced, or document to be received, or witness to be examined.

Whenever additional evidence is admitted by an Appellate Court, the Court shall record on its proceedings the reason for such admission.

569. Whenever additional evidence is allowed

Mode of taking additional evidence. to be received, the Appellate Court may either take such evidence, or direct the Court against whose decree the appeal is made, or any other subordinate Court, to take such evidence and to send it when taken to the Appellate Court.

570. In all cases where additional evidence is

Points to be defined and recorded. directed or allowed to be taken, the Appellate Court shall specify the points to which the evidence is to be confined, and record on its proceedings the points so specified.

Of the Judgment in Appeal.

571. The Appellate Court, after hearing the

Judgment when and where pronounced. parties or their pleaders and referring to any part of the proceedings, whether on appeal or in the Court against whose decree the appeal is made, to which reference may be considered necessary, shall pronounce judgment in open Court, either at once or on some future day, of which notice shall be given to the parties or their pleaders.

572. The judgment shall be written in English ;

Language of judgment. provided that if English is not the mother-tongue of the Judge, and he is not able to write an intelligible judgment in English, the judgment shall be written in his mother-tongue or in the language of the Court.

573. When the language in which the judg-

Translation of judgment. ment is written is not the language of the Court, the judgment shall, if any party

so require, be translated into such language, and the translation, after it has been ascertained to be correct, shall be signed by the Judge or such officer as he appoints in this behalf.

574. The judgment of the Appellate Court

Contents of judgment. shall state—

(a) the points for determination ;

(b) the decision thereupon ;

(c) the reasons for the decision ; and

(d) when the decree appealed against is reversed or varied, the relief to which the appellant is entitled,

and shall at the time that it is pronounced be

Date and signature. signed and dated by the Judge or by the Judges concurring therein.

575. When the appeal is heard by a Bench

Decision when appeal is heard by two or more Judges. of two or more Judges, the appeal shall be decided in accordance with the opinion of such Judges or of the majority (if any) of such Judges.

If there be no such majority which concurs in a judgment varying or reversing the decree appealed against, such decree shall be affirmed :

Provided that if the Bench hearing the appeal is composed of two Judges belonging to a Court consisting of more than two Judges, and the Judges composing the Bench differ in opinion on a point of law, the appeal may be referred to one or more of the other Judges of the same Court, and shall be decided according to the opinion of the majority (if any) of all the Judges who have heard the appeal, including those who first heard it.

When there is no such majority which concurs in a judgment varying or reversing the decree appealed against, such decree shall be affirmed.

The High Court may from time to time make rules consistent with this Code to regulate references under this section.

576. When the appeal is heard by more Judges

Dissent to be recorded. than one, any Judge dissenting from the judgment of the Court shall state in writing the decision or order which he thinks should be passed on the appeal, and he may state his reasons for the same.

577. The judgment may be for confirming,

What judgment may direct. varying or reversing the decree of the Court against which the appeal is made, or, if the parties to the appeal agree as to the form which the decree in appeal shall take, or as to the order to be passed in appeal, the Appellate Court may pass a decree or order accordingly.

578. No decree shall be reversed or substantially

No decree to be reversed or modified for error or irregularity not affecting merits or jurisdiction. varied, nor shall any case be remanded in appeal, on account of any error, defect or irregularity, whether in the decision or in any order passed in the suit, or otherwise, not affecting the merits of the case or the jurisdiction of the Court.

Of the Decree in Appeal.

579. The decree of the Appellate Court shall bear date the day on which the judgment was pronounced.

Contents of decree.

The decree shall contain the number of the appeal, and the memorandum of appeal, including the names and description of the appellant and respondent, and shall specify clearly the relief granted or other determination of the appeal.

The decree shall also state the amount of costs incurred in the appeal, and by what parties and in what proportions such costs and the costs in the suit are to be paid.

The decree shall be signed and dated by the Judge or Judges who passed it :

Provided that where there are more Judges than one, if there be a difference of opinion among them, it shall not be necessary for any Judge dissenting from the judgment of the Court to sign the decree.

Judge dissenting from judgment need not sign decree.

580. Certified copies of the judgment and decree in appeal shall be furnished to the parties on application to the Court and at their expense.

Copies of judgment and decree to be furnished to parties.

581. A copy of the judgment and of the decree, certified by the Appellate Court or such officer as it appoints in this behalf, shall be sent to the Court which passed the decree appealed against, and shall be filed with the original proceedings in the suit, and an entry of the judgment of the Appellate Court shall be made in the register of civil suits.

Certified copy of decree to be sent to Court whose decree is appealed against.

582. The Appellate Court shall have the same powers in appeals under this chapter as are vested by this Code in Courts of original jurisdiction in respect of suits instituted under chapter V.

Appellate Court to have same powers as Courts of original jurisdiction.

The provisions hereinbefore contained shall apply to appeals under this chapter so far as such provisions are applicable.

583. When a party entitled to any benefit (by way of restitution or otherwise) under a decree passed in an appeal under this chapter desires to obtain execution of the same, he shall apply to the Court which passed the decree against which the appeal was preferred; and such Court shall proceed to execute the decree passed in appeal, according to the rules herein before prescribed for the execution of decrees in suits.

Execution of decree of Appellate Court.

CHAPTER XLII.

OF APPEALS FROM APPELLATE DECREES.

584. Unless when otherwise provided in this Code or by any other law, from all decrees passed in appeal by any Court subordinate to a High Court, an appeal shall lie to the

Second appeals to High Court.

High Court on any of the following grounds, (namely)—

(a) the decision being contrary to some specified law or usage having the force of law ;

Grounds of second appeal.

(b) the decision having failed to determine some material issue of law or usage having the force of law ;

(c) a substantial error or defect in the procedure as prescribed by this Code or any other law, which may have produced error or defect in the decision of the case upon the merits.

585. No second appeal shall lie except on the grounds mentioned in section 584.

Second appeal only on grounds mentioned in section 584.

586. No second appeal shall lie in any suit of the nature cognizable in Courts of Small Causes, when the amount or value of the subject-matter of the original suit does not exceed five hundred rupees.

No second appeal in certain suits.

587. The provisions contained in chapter XLI shall apply as far as may be to appeals under this chapter, and to the execution of decrees passed in such appeals.

Provisions as to second appeals.

CHAPTER XLIII.

OF APPEALS FROM ORDERS.

588. An appeal shall lie from the following orders under this Code and from no other such orders :—

Orders appealable.

- (a) orders under section 20, staying proceedings in a suit,
- (b) orders under section 32, striking out or adding the name of any person as plaintiff or defendant,
- (c) orders under section 44, adding a cause of action,
- (d) orders under section 47, excluding a cause of action,
- (e) orders rejecting or returning plaints under section 53, clause (d), or section 54, clauses (b) and (d), or section 57, clauses (b) and (c),
- (f) orders rejecting applications under section 102 (in cases open to appeal) for an order to set aside the dismissal of a suit,
- (g) orders under section 120 where a party fails to appear in person,
- (h) orders under section 168 for attachment of property,
- (i) orders under section 176 where a party refuses to give evidence or produce a document called for by the Court,
- (j) orders under section 244, as to questions relating to the execution of decrees, of the same nature with appealable orders made in the course of a suit,

- (k) orders under section 258 compelling decree-holders to certify,
- (l) orders under section 261 as to objections to draft-conveyances or draft-endorsements,
- (m) orders under section 312 for confirming or setting aside a sale,
- (n) orders in insolvency matters under section 351, 352, 353 or 357,
- (o) orders rejecting applications under section 370 for dismissal of the suit,
- (p) orders disallowing objections under section 372,
- (q) orders as to interpleader-suits under section 473, 475 or 476,
- (r) orders under section 479, 480, 481, 485, 492, 493, 496, 503,
- (s) orders under section 514 superseding an arbitration,
- (t) orders under section 518 modifying an award,
- (u) orders under any of the provisions of this Code, imposing fines, or for the imprisonment of any person, except when such imprisonment is in execution of a decree,
- (v) refusals under section 553 to re-admit, or under section 560 to re-hear, an appeal,
- (w) orders under section 562 remanding a case.

The orders passed in appeals under this section shall be final.

589. An appeal from any order specified in Court which shall hear section 588, clause (n), shall lie to the High Court.

When an appeal from any other order is allowed by this chapter, it shall lie to the Court to which an appeal would lie from the decree in the suit in relation to which such order was made or, when such order is passed by a Court (not being a High Court) in the exercise of appellate jurisdiction, then to the High Court.

590. The procedure prescribed in chapter XLI shall, so far as may be, apply to appeals from orders under this Code, or under any special or local law in which a different procedure is not provided.

591. Except as provided in this chapter, no appeal shall lie from any order passed by any Court on the exercise of its original or appellate jurisdiction; but if any decree be appealed against, any error, defect or irregularity in any such order, affecting the decision of the case, may be set forth as a ground of objection in the memorandum of appeal.

CHAPTER XLIV.

OF PAUPER APPEALS.

592. Any person entitled under this Code or any other law to prefer an appeal, who is unable to pay the fee required for the petition of appeal, may, on presenting an application

accompanied by a memorandum of appeal, be allowed to appeal as a pauper, subject to the rules contained in chapters XXVI, XLI, XLII and XLIII, in so far as those rules are applicable:

Provided that the Court shall reject the application unless upon a perusal thereof and of the judgment and decree against which the appeal is made, it sees reason to think that the decree appealed against is contrary to law or to some usage having the force of law, or is otherwise erroneous or unjust.

593. The inquiry into the pauperism of the applicant may be made either by the Appellate Court or by the Court against whose decision the appeal is made under the orders of the Appellate Court:

Provided that, if the applicant was allowed to sue or appeal as a pauper in the Court against whose decree the appeal is made, no further enquiry in respect of his pauperism shall be necessary, unless the Appellate Court sees special cause to direct such enquiry.

CHAPTER XLV.

OF APPEALS TO THE QUEEN IN COUNCIL.

594. In this chapter, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context, the expression 'decree' includes also judgment and order.

595. Subject to such rules as may, from time to time, be made by Her Majesty in Council regarding appeals from the Courts of British India, and to the provisions hereinafter contained—

an appeal shall lie to Her Majesty in Council

(a) from any final decree passed on appeal by a High Court or other Court of final appellate jurisdiction,

(b) from any final decree passed by a High Court in the exercise of original civil jurisdiction, and

(c) from any decree, when the case, as herein-after provided, is certified to be a fit one for appeal to Her Majesty in Council.

596. In each of the cases mentioned in clauses (a) and (b) of section 595,

the amount or value of the subject-matter of the suit in the Court of first instance must be ten thousand rupees or upwards, and the amount or value of the matter in dispute on appeal to Her Majesty in Council must be the same sum or upwards,

or the decree must involve, directly or indirectly, some claim or question to, or respecting, property of like amount or value,

and where the decree appealed from affirms the decision of the Court immediately below the Court passing such decree, the appeal must involve some substantial question of law.

597. Notwithstanding anything contained in Bar of certain appeals. section 595,

no appeal shall lie to Her Majesty in Council from the judgment of one Judge of a High Court established under the twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth of Victoria, chapter 104, or of one Judge of a Division Court, or of two or more Judges of such High Court, or of a Division Court constituted by two or more Judges of such High Court, wherever such Judges are equally divided in opinion, and do not amount in number to a majority of the whole of the Judges of the High Court at the time being;

and no appeal shall lie to Her Majesty in Council from any decree which, under section 586, is final.

598. Whoever desires to appeal under this chapter to Her Majesty in Council must apply by petition to the Court whose decree is complained of.

599. Such application must ordinarily be made within six months from the date of such decree.

But if that period expires when the Court is closed, the application may be made on the day that the Court re-opens.

600. Every petition under section 598 must state the grounds of appeal, and pray for a certificate, either that, as regards amount or value and nature, the case fulfils the requirements of section 596, or that it is otherwise a fit one for appeal to Her Majesty in Council.

Upon receipt of such petition, the Court may direct notice to be served on the opposite party to show cause why the said certificate should not be granted.

601. If such certificate be refused, the petition shall be dismissed:

Provided that, if the decree complained of be a final decree passed by a Court other than a High Court, the order refusing the certificate shall be appealable, within thirty days from the date of the order, to the High Court to which the former Court is subordinate.

602. If the certificate be granted, the applicant shall, within six months from the date of the decree complained of, or within six weeks from the grant of the certificate, whichever is the later date,

(a) give security for the costs of the respondent, and

(b) deposit the amount required to defray the expense of translating, transcribing, indexing and transmitting to Her Majesty in Council a correct copy of the whole record of the suit, except

- (1) formal documents directed to be excluded by any order of Her Majesty in Council in force for the time being;
- (2) papers which the parties agree to exclude;
- (3) accounts, or portions of accounts, which the officer empowered by the Court for that purpose considers unnecessary, and which

the parties have not specifically asked to be included, and

- (4) such other documents as the High Court may direct to be excluded:

and when the applicant prefers to print in India the copy of the record, except as aforesaid, he shall also, within the time mentioned in the first clause of this section, deposit the amount required to defray the expense of printing such copy.

603. When such security has been completed and deposit made to the satisfaction of the Court, the Court may

- (a) declare the appeal admitted, and
- (b) give notice thereof to the respondent, and shall then
- (c) transmit to Her Majesty in Council, under the seal of the Court, a correct copy of the said record, except as aforesaid, and
- (d) give to either party one or more authenticated copies of any of the papers in the suit on his applying therefor and paying the reasonable expenses incurred in preparing them.

604. At any time before the admission of the appeal, the Court may, upon cause shown, revoke the acceptance of any such security, and make further directions thereon.

605. If at any time after the admission of the appeal, but before the transmission of the copy of the record, except as aforesaid, to Her Majesty in Council, such security appears inadequate,

or further payment is required for the purpose of translating, transcribing, printing, indexing transmitting the copy of the record, except aforesaid,

the Court may order the appellant to furnish, within a time to be fixed by the Court, other and sufficient security, or to make, within like time, the required payment.

606. If the appellant fail to comply with such order, the proceedings shall be stayed,

and the appeal shall not proceed without an order in this behalf of Her Majesty in Council, and in the meantime execution of the decree appealed against shall not be stayed.

607. When the copy of the record, except as aforesaid, has been transmitted to Her Majesty in Council, the appellant may obtain a refund of the balance, if any, of the amount which he has deposited under section 602.

608. Notwithstanding the admission of any appeal under this chapter, the decree appealed against shall be unconditionally enforced, unless the Court admitting the appeal otherwise directs.

But the Court may, if it think fit, on any special cause shown by any party interested in the suit, or otherwise appearing to the Court—

(a) impound any moveable property in dispute or any part thereof, or

(b) allow the decree to be enforced, taking such security from the respondent as the Court thinks fit for the due performance of any order which Her Majesty in Council may make on the appeal, or

(c) stay the execution of the decree appealed against, taking such security from the appellant as the Court thinks fit for the due performance of the decree appealed against, or of any order which Her Majesty in Council may make on the appeal, or

(d) place any party seeking the assistance of the Court under such conditions, or give such other direction respecting the subject-matter of the appeal as it thinks fit.

609. If at any time during the pendency of the appeal, the security so furnished by either party appears inadequate, the Court may, on the application of the other party, require further security.

In default of such further security being furnished as required by the Court, if the original security was furnished by the appellant, the Court may, on the application of the respondent, issue execution of the decree appealed against as if the appellant had furnished no such security.

And if the original security was furnished by the respondent, the Court shall, so far as may be practicable, stay all further execution of the decree, and restore the parties to the position in which they respectively were when the security which appears inadequate was furnished, or give such direction respecting the subject-matter of the appeal as it thinks fit.

610. Whoever desires to enforce or to obtain execution of any order of Her Majesty in Council shall apply by petition, accompanied by a certified copy of the decree or order made in appeal and sought to be enforced or executed, to the Court from which the appeal to Her Majesty was preferred.

Such Court shall transmit the order of Her Majesty to the Court which made the first decree appealed from, or to such other Court as Her Majesty by her said order may direct, and shall (upon the application of either party) give such directions as may be required for the enforcement or execution of the same; and the Court to which the said order is so transmitted shall enforce or execute it accordingly, in the manner and according to the rules applicable to the execution of its original decrees.

When any monies expressed to be payable in British currency are payable in India under such order, the amount so payable shall be estimated according to the rate of exchange for the time being fixed by the Secretary of State for India in Council, with the concurrence of the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, for the adjustment of financial transactions between the Imperial and the Indian Governments.

611. The orders made by the Court which enforces or executes the order of Her Majesty in Council relating to such enforcement or execution, shall be appealable in the same manner and subject to the same rules as the orders of such Court relating to the enforcement or execution of its own decrees.

612. The High Court may, from time to time, make rules consistent with this Act to regulate—

(a) the service of notices under section 600,

(b) the grant or refusal of certificates under sections 601 and 602 by Courts of final appellate jurisdiction subordinate to the High Court,

(c) the amount and nature of the security required under sections 602, 605 and 609,

(d) the testing of such security,

(e) the estimate of the cost of transcribing the record,

(f) the preparation, examination and certifying of such transcript,

(g) the revision and authentication of translations,

(h) the preparation of indices to transcripts of records, and of lists of the papers not included therein,

(i) the recovery of costs incurred in British India in connection with appeals to Her Majesty in Council,

and all other matters connected with the enforcement of this chapter.

All such rules shall be published in the local official Gazette, and shall thereupon have the force of law in the High Court and the Courts of final appellate jurisdiction subordinate thereto.

613. All rules heretofore made and published by any High Court relating to appeal to Her Majesty in Council and in force immediately before the passing of this Act, shall, so far as they are consistent with this Act, be deemed to have been made and published hereunder.

614. In sections 595 and 612, the expression 'High Court' shall be deemed to include also the Recorder of Rangoon, but not so as to empower him to make rules binding on Courts other than his own Court.

615. The rules and restrictions referred to in Bengal Regulation III of 1828, section IV, clause 5, shall be deemed to be the rules and restrictions applicable to appeals under this Code from the decisions of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

616. Nothing herein contained shall be understood—

(a) to bar the full and unqualified exercise of Her Majesty's pleasure in receiving or rejecting appeals to Her Majesty in Council, or otherwise howsoever, or

(b) to interfere with any rules made by the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, and for the time being in force, for the presentation of appeals to Her Majesty in Council, or their conduct before the said Judicial Committee.

And nothing in this chapter applies to any matter of criminal or admiralty or vice-admiralty jurisdiction, nor to appeals from orders and decrees of Prize Courts.

PART VII.

CHAPTER XLVI.

OF REFERENCE TO AND REVISION BY THE HIGH COURT.

617. If before or on the hearing of a suit or appeal in which the decree is final, or if in the execution of any such decree, any question of law or usage having the force of law, or the construction of a document which construction may affect the merits, arises, on which the Court trying the suit or appeal or executing the decree entertains reasonable doubt, the Court may, either of its own motion or on the application of any of the parties, draw up a statement of the facts of the case and the point on which doubt is entertained, and refer such statement with its own opinion on the point for the decision of the High Court.

618. The Court may either stay the proceedings or proceed in the case, notwithstanding such reference, and may pass a decree or order contingent upon the opinion of the High Court on the point referred;

but no execution shall be issued, property sold, or person imprisoned in any case in which such reference is made until the receipt of a copy of the judgment of the High Court upon such reference.

619. The High Court shall hear the parties to the case in which the reference is made, in person or by their respective pleaders, and shall decide the point so referred, and shall transmit a copy of its judgment under the signature of the Registrar, to the Court by which the reference was made, and such Court shall, on the receipt thereof, proceed to dispose of the case in conformity with the decision of the High Court.

620. Costs, if any, consequent on a reference for the opinion of the High Court, shall be costs in the case.

621. When a case is referred to the High Court under this chapter, the Court making reference may return the case for amendment, and may alter, cancel or set aside any decree or order which

the Court making the reference has passed in the case out of which the reference arose, and make such order as it thinks fit.

622. The High Court may call for the record of any case in which no appeal lies to the High Court, if the Court by which the case was decided appears to have exercised a jurisdiction not vested in it by law, or to have failed to exercise a jurisdiction so vested, and may pass such order in the case as the High Court thinks fit.

PART VIII.

CHAPTER XLVII.

OF REVIEW OF JUDGMENT.

623. Any person considering himself aggrieved—

(a) by a decree or order from which an appeal is hereby allowed, but from which no appeal has been preferred;

(b) by a decree or order from which no appeal is hereby allowed; or

(c) by a judgment on a reference from a Court of Small Causes;

and who from the discovery of new and important matter or evidence which, after the exercise of due diligence, was not within his knowledge or could not be produced by him at the time when the decree was passed or order made, or on account of some mistake or error apparent on the face of the record, or for any other sufficient reason, desires to obtain a review of the decree passed or order made against him,

may apply for a review of judgment to the Court which passed the decree or made the order or to the Court, if any, to which the business of the former Court has been transferred.

A party who is not appealing from a decree may apply for a review of judgment notwithstanding the pendency of an appeal by some other party, except when the ground of such appeal is common to the applicant and the appellant, or when being a respondent, he can present to the Appellate Court the case on which he applies for the review.

624. Except upon the ground of the discovery of such new and important matter or evidence as aforesaid, or of some clerical error apparent on the face of the decree, no application for a review of judgment, other than that of a High Court, shall be made to any Judge other than the Judge who delivered it.

625. The rules hereinbefore contained as to the form of making appeals shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to applications for review.

626. If it appear to the Court that there is not sufficient ground for a review, it shall reject the application.

If the Court be of opinion that the application for the review should be granted, it shall grant the same, and the Judge shall record with his own hand his reasons for such opinion:

Proviso.

Provided that—

(a) no such application shall be granted without previous notice to the opposite party to enable him to appear and be heard in support of the decree a review of which is applied for; and

(b) no such application shall be granted on the ground of discovery of new matter, or evidence which the applicant alleges was not within his knowledge, or could not be adduced by him when the decree or order was passed, without strict proof of such allegation.

627. If the Judge or Judges, or any one of the Judges, who passed the decree or order, a review of which is applied for, continues or continue attached to the Court at the time when the application for a review is presented and is not or are not precluded by absence or other cause, for a period of six months next after the application, from considering the decree or order to which the application refers, such Judge or Judges or any of them shall hear the application, and no other Judge or Judges of the Court shall hear the same.

628. If the application for a review be heard by more than one Judge and the Court be equally divided, the application shall be rejected.

If there be a majority the decision shall be according to the opinion of the majority.

629. An order of the Court for rejecting the application shall be final, but whenever such application is admitted, the admission may be objected to on the ground that it was

(a) in contravention of the provisions of section 624,

(b) in contravention of the provisions of section 626, or

(c) after the expiration of the period of limitation prescribed therefor and without sufficient cause.

Such objection may be made at once by an appeal against the order granting the application, or may be taken in any appeal against the final decree or order made in the suit.

Where the application has been rejected in consequence of the failure of the applicant to appear, he may apply for an order to have the rejected application restored to the file, and if it be proved to the satisfaction of the Court that he was prevented by any sufficient cause from appearing when such application was called on for hearing, the Court may order it to be restored to the file upon such terms as to costs or otherwise as it thinks fit, and shall appoint a day for hearing the same.

No order shall be made under this section unless the applicant has served the opposite party with notice in writing of the latter application.

No application to review an order passed on review or on an application for a review shall be entertained.

630. When an application for a review is granted, a note thereof shall be made in the register and the Court may at once re-hear the case or make such order in regard to the re-hearing as it thinks fit.

PART IX.

CHAPTER XLVIII.

SPECIAL RULES RELATING TO THE CHARTERED HIGH COURTS.

631. This chapter applies only to High Courts which are or may hereafter be established under the twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth of Victoria, chapter 104 (*An Act for establishing High Courts of Judicature in India*).

632. Except as provided in this Chapter the provisions of this Code apply to such High Courts.

633. The High Court shall take evidence, and record judgments and orders in such manner as it by rule from time to time directs.

634. Whenever a High Court considers it necessary that a decree made in the exercise of its ordinary original civil jurisdiction should be enforced before the amount of the costs incurred in the suit can be ascertained by taxation, the Court may order that the decree shall be executed forthwith, except as to so much thereof as relates to the costs;

and, as to so much thereof as relates to the costs, that the decree may be executed as soon as the amount of the costs shall be ascertained by taxation.

635. Nothing in this Code shall be deemed to authorize any person on behalf of another to address the Court in the exercise of its ordinary original civil jurisdiction or to examine witnesses, except when the Court shall have in the exercise of the power conferred by its charter authorized him so to do, or to interfere with the power of the High Court to make rules concerning advocates, vakils and attorneys.

636. Notices to produce documents, summonses to witnesses, and every other judicial process, issued in the exercise of the ordinary or extraordinary original civil jurisdiction of the High Court, and of its matrimonial, testamentary and intestate jurisdictions, except summonses to defendants issued under section 65, writs of execution, and notices under section 553, may be served by the attorneys in the suit, or by persons employed by them, or by such other persons as the High Court by any rule or order from time to time directs.

637. Any non-judicial or quasi-judicial act which this Code requires to be done by a Judge, and any act which may be done by a Commissioner appointed to examine and adjust accounts under section 394, may be done by the Registrar of the Court or by such other officer of the Court as the Court may direct to do such act.

The High Court may from time to time by rule declare what shall be deemed to be non-judicial and quasi-judicial acts within the meaning of this section.

638. The following portions of this Code shall not apply to the High Court in the exercise of its ordinary or extraordinary original civil jurisdiction, namely, sections 16 and 17, sections 54, clauses (a) and (b), 57, 119, 160, 182 to 185 (both inclusive), 187, 189, 190, 191, 192 (so far as relates to the manner of taking evidence), 198 to 206 (both inclusive), 261, and so much of section 409 as relates to the making of a memorandum,

and section 579 shall not apply to the High Court in the exercise of its appellate jurisdiction.

Nothing in this Code shall extend or apply to any High Court in the exercise of its jurisdiction as an Insolvent Court.

639. The High Court may from time to time frame forms for any proceeding in such Court, and may make rules as to the books, entries and accounts to be kept by its officers.

PART X.

CHAPTER XLIX.

MISCELLANEOUS.

640. Women, who according to the customs and manners of the country ought not to be compelled to appear in public, shall be exempt from personal appearance in court.

But nothing herein contained shall be deemed to exempt such women from arrest in execution of civil process.

641. The Local Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, exempt from personal appearance in court any person whose rank, in the opinion of such Government, entitles him to the privilege of exemption, and may, by like notification, withdraw such privilege.

The names and residences of the persons so exempted shall from time to time be forwarded to the High Court by the Local Government, and a list of such persons shall be kept in such Court, and a list of such persons as reside within the local limits of the jurisdiction of each Court, subordinate to the High Court, shall be kept in such subordinate Court.

When any person so exempted claims the privilege of such exemption, and it is consequently necessary to examine him by commission, he shall pay the costs of that commission, unless the party requiring his evidence pays such costs.

642. No Judge, Magistrate or other judicial officer shall be liable to arrest under this Code while going to, presiding in, or returning from his Court.

And, except as hereinafter provided, the parties to a suit and their pleaders and recognized agents shall be exempt from arrest under this Code while going to or attending a Civil Court for the purpose of such suit and while returning from such Court. Witnesses acting in obedience to a summons shall be similarly exempt.

643. When in a case pending before any Court, there appears to the Court sufficient ground for sending for investigation to the Magistrate a charge of any such offence is described in section 193, 196, 199, 200, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 463, 471, 474, 475, 476 or 477 of the Indian Penal Code, which may be made in the course of any other suit or proceeding, or with respect to any document offered in evidence in the case, the Court may cause the person accused to be detained till the rising of the Court, and may then send him in custody to the Magistrate, or take sufficient bail for his appearance before the Magistrate.

The Court shall send to the Magistrate the evidence and documents relevant to the charge, and may bind over any person to appear and give evidence before such Magistrate.

The Magistrate shall receive such charge and proceed with it according to law.

644. Subject to the power conferred on the High Court by section 639 and by the twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth of Victoria, chapter 104, section 15, the forms set forth in the fourth schedule hereto annexed, with such variation as the circumstances of each case require, shall be used for the respective purposes therein mentioned.

645. The language which, when this Code comes into force, is the language of any Court subordinate to a High Court, shall continue to be the language of such subordinate Court until the Local Government otherwise orders ;

but it shall be lawful for the Local Government from time to time to declare what language shall be the language of every such Court.

646. Whenever the Registrar of a Court of Small Causes has any doubt upon any question of law or usage having the force of law, or as to the construction of a document which construction may

affect the merits of the decision, he may state a case for the opinion of the Judge; and all the provisions herein contained relative to the stating of a case by the Judge shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to the stating of a case by the Registrar.

647. The procedure herein prescribed shall be followed, as far as it can be made applicable, in all proceedings in any Court of civil jurisdiction other than suits and appeals.

The High Court may from time to time make rules to provide for the admission, in such proceedings, of affidavits as evidence of the matters to which such affidavits respectively relate; and such rules, on being published in the local official Gazette, shall have the force of law.

648. If any person to be arrested or any property to be attached under this Code, resides or is situate outside the District within which the Court issuing the warrant of arrest or making the order of attachment is situate, such Court shall send to the District Court within the local limits of whose jurisdiction such person or property resides or is situate, a copy of the warrant or order, together with the probable amount of the costs of the arrest or attachment.

The District Court shall, on receipt of such copy and amount, cause the arrest or attachment to be made by its own officers or by a Court subordinate to itself, and shall inform the Court which issued or made such warrant or order of the arrest or attachment,

and the Court making any arrest under this section shall send the person arrested to the Court by which the warrant of arrest was issued.

649. The rules contained in chapter XIX shall apply to the execution of civil process for arrest, any judicial process for sale or payment. the arrest of a person or the sale of property or payment of money, which may be desired or ordered by a Civil Court in any civil proceeding.

650. The provisions of chapters XIV and XV relating to witnesses shall apply to all persons required to give evidence, or to produce documents in any proceeding under this Code.

651. Whoever offers any resistance or illegal obstruction to the lawful apprehension of himself under this Code, or under the warrant of any Court of Civil Judicature, or escapes or attempts to escape from any custody in which he is lawfully detained under this Code or under such warrant, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or with both.

652. The High Court may from time to time make rules consistent with this Code to regulate any matter connected with the procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature subject to its superintendence. All such rules shall be published in the local official Gazette, and shall thereupon have the force of law.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

(See section 3).

A.—STATUTE REPEALED.

Year and chapter.	Title.	Extent of repeal.
29 Char. II. chap. 7 ...	An Act for the better observance of the Lord's day commonly called Sunday.	The whole.

B.—ACTS REPEALED.

Number and year.	Subject or title.	Extent of repeal.
IX of 1840 ...	For amending the law administered in Her Majesty's Courts of Justice with reference to Arbitrations, Damages, and interested Witnesses.	So much as has not been repealed.
XXIII of 1840 ...	For executing within the local limits of the jurisdiction of Her Majesty's Courts legal Process issued by authorities in the Mufassal.	So far as it relates to the execution of the process of Civil Courts.
VIII of 1841 ...	Interpleader ...	The whole.
XXVI of 1841 ...	Extending 3 & 4 Wm. IV, c. 42 ...	So much as has not been repealed.
XIV of 1848 ...	Commissions for taking affidavits ...	The whole.
XVII of 1852 ...	Special cases ...	The whole.
XXXIII of 1852 ...	Enforcement of judgments ...	The whole Act, except so far as it relates to the decrees of Military Courts of Requests.
VI of 1855 ...	Writs of execution ...	The whole.
XXXIV of 1855 ...	Execution of judgments ...	The whole.
VIII of 1859 ...	For simplifying the procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature not established by Royal Charter.	So much as has not been repealed.
XXIII of 1861 ...	To amend Act VIII of 1859 ...	So much as has not been repealed.
XX of 1862 ...	To provide for the levy of Fees and Stamp-duties in the High Court, &c.	So much as has not been repealed.
XXIV of 1862 ...	To continue in force Act XX of 1862	So much as has not been repealed.
IX of 1863 ...	To amend the Code of Civil Procedure	The whole.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

ACTS REPEALED—*continued.*

Number and year.	Subject or title.	Extent of repeal.
XVIII of 1863 ...	To make provision for the speedy and efficient disposal of the business, &c.	So much as has not been repealed.
XXXII of 1863 ...	To continue in force Act XX of 1862 ...	So much as has not been repealed.
XI of 1865 ...	Mufassal Small Cause Courts Act ...	Sections 8, 9, 10, 11, para. 2, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 42 and 47, and in section 32 the words "in the manner prescribed in the twenty-second section of this Act" and "contained in the twenty-second, twenty-third, twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth sections of this Act."
"	"	"
XIV of 1865 ...	Central Provinces Courts Act ...	Sections 17 and 18.
XIX of 1865 ...	Panjáb Courts Act ...	Sections 13 and 17.
V of 1866 ...	To provide a summary procedure on Bills of Exchange, &c.	In the title, the words ' <i>to provide a summary procedure on Bills of Exchange and</i> ' The preamble down to and including the words 'Notes; and' In section 1, the definitions of 'High Court' and 'Local Government.' Sections two to eight (both inclusive). Section fourteen.
XXIV of 1866 ...	High Court, North-Western Provinces	So much as has not been repealed.
X of 1867 ...	References by Mufassal Small Cause Courts.	The whole.
XXVI of 1867 ...	To amend the law relating to Stamp Duties.	So much as has not been repealed.
XV of 1869 ...	Prisoners' Testimony Act ...	So much of sections 15 and 16 as relates to process issued by a Civil Court.
IX of 1873 ...	Panjáb Appeals Act, 1873 ...	Sections 9 and 10.
VI of 1874 ...	The Privy Council Appeals Act, 1874...	The whole.

C.—REGULATIONS REPEALED.

Bengal Regulation XX of 1810.	Cantonments ...	So much of section XIX as relates to civil process.
Madras Regulation XIV of 1816.	Vakils ...	Section 27.

THE SECOND SCHEDULE

(See section 5).

Chapters and Sections of this Code extending to Mufassal Courts of Small Causes.

PRELIMINARY : Sections 1, 2, 3 and 5.

CHAPTER	I.—Of the Jurisdiction of the Courts and <i>Res Judicata</i> , except section 11.
CHAPTER	II.—Of the Place of Suing, except section 20, paragraph 4, and sections 22 to 24 (both inclusive).
CHAPTER	III.—Of Parties and their Appearances, Applications and Acts.
CHAPTER	IV.—Of the Frame of the Suit, except section 42 and section 44, rule a.
CHAPTER	V.—Of the Institution of Suits.
CHAPTER	VI.—Of the Issue and Service of Summons, except section 77.
CHAPTER	VII.—Of the Appearance of the Parties and consequence of Non-appearance.
CHAPTER	VIII.—Section 111, Set-off.
CHAPTER	IX.—Of the Examination of the Parties by the Court, except section 119.
CHAPTER	X.—Of Discovery and the Admission, &c., of Documents.
CHAPTER	XII.—Section 155, first paragraph, Judgment where either party fails to produce his evidence.
CHAPTER	XIII.—Of Adjournments.
CHAPTER	XIV.—Of the Summoning and Attendance of Witnesses.
CHAPTER	XV.—Of the Hearing of the Suit and Examination of Witnesses, except sections 182 to 188 (both inclusive).
CHAPTER	XVII.—Of Judgment and Decree, except sections 204, 207, 211, 212, 213, 214 and 215.
CHAPTER	XVIII.—Sections 220, 221 and 222, of Costs.
CHAPTER	XIX.—Of the Execution of Decrees, sections 230 to 236 (both inclusive), 239 to 258 (both inclusive), 259 (except so far as relates to the recovery of wives), 266 (except so far as relates to immoveable property), 267 to 272 (both inclusive), 273 (so far as relates to decrees for moveable property), 275 to 280 (both inclusive), 283, 284 (so far as relates to moveable property), 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293 (so far as relates to re-sales under 297), 294 to 303 (both inclusive), 328 to 333 (both inclusive, so far as relates to moveable property), 336 to 343 (both inclusive).
CHAPTER	XXI.—Of the Death, Marriage and Insolvency of Parties.
CHAPTER	XXII.—Of the Withdrawal and Adjustment of Suits.
CHAPTER	XXIII.—Of Payment into Court.
CHAPTER	XXIV.—Of requiring Security for Costs.
CHAPTER	XXV.—Of Commissions.
CHAPTER	XXVI.—Suits by Paupers.
CHAPTER	XXVII.—Suits by and against Government or Government Servants.
CHAPTER	XXVIII.—Suits by Aliens and by and against Foreign and Native Rulers, except the first paragraph of section 433.
CHAPTER	XXIX.—Suits by and against Corporations and Companies.
CHAPTER	XXX.—Suits by and against Trustees, Executors and Administrators.
CHAPTER	XXXI.—Suits by and against Minors and Persons of unsound Mind.
CHAPTER	XXXII.—Suits by and against Military Men.
CHAPTER	XXXIII.—Interpleader.
CHAPTER	XXXIV.—Of Arrest and Attachment before Judgment.
CHAPTER	XXXVII.—Reference to Arbitration, sections 506 to 522 (both inclusive).
CHAPTER	XXXVIII.—Of proceedings on Agreement of Parties.
CHAPTER	XLVI.—Reference to and Revision by High Court.
CHAPTER	XLVII.—Of Review of judgment.
CHAPTER	XLIX.—Miscellaneous, sections 610 to 617 (both inclusive), section 618 (so far as relates to arrests), sections 649 to 652 (both inclusive).

THE THIRD SCHEDULE.

(See section 7).

Bombay Enactments.

Bombay Regulation XXIX, 1827.

” ” ” VII, 1830.

” ” ” I, 1831.

” ” ” XVI, 1831.

Act XIX of 1835.

” XIII of 1842.

THE FOURTH SCHEDULE.

(See section 644.)

FORMS OF PLEADINGS AND DECREES.

A.—PART I. PLAINTS.

No. 1.

FOR MONEY LENT.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , he lent the defendant rupees repayable on demand [or on the day of].
2. That the defendant has not paid the same, except rupees paid on the day of 18 .

[If the plaintiff claims exemption from any law of limitation, say :—

3. The plaintiff was a minor [or insane] from the day of till the day of].
4. The plaintiff prays judgment for rupees, with interest at per cent. from the day of 18 .

[NOTE.—The object of stating when the debt is to be repaid is merely to fix a date for interest. If, therefore interest is not claimed, the statement may be omitted.]

No. 2.

FOR MONEY RECEIVED TO PLAINTIFF'S USE.

(Title.)

A. B., and G. H., the above-named plaintiffs, state as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant received rupees [or a cheque on the Bank for Rs.] from one E. F. for the use of the plaintiffs.
2. That the defendant has not paid [or delivered] the same accordingly.
3. The plaintiffs pray judgment for rupees, with interest at per cent. from the day of 18 .

No. 3.

FOR PRICE OF GOODS SOLD BY A FACTOR.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , he and E. F., since deceased, delivered to the defendant [one thousand barrels of flour, five hundred maunds of rice, or as the case may be] for sale upon commission.
2. That on the day of 18 [or, on some day unknown to the plaintiff, before the day of 18], the defendant sold the said merchandise for rupees.
3. That the commission and expenses of the defendant thereon, amount to rupees.
4. That on the day of 18 , the plaintiff demanded from the defendant the proceeds of the said merchandise.
5. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 4.

FOR MONEY RECEIVED BY DEFENDANT THROUGH THE PLAINTIFF'S MISTAKE OF FACT.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff agreed to buy and the defendant agreed to sell bars of silver at annas per tola of fine silver.
2. That the plaintiff procured the said bars to be assayed by one E. F., who was paid by the defendant for such assay, and that the said E. F. declared each of the said bars to contain 1,500 tolas of fine silver, and that the plaintiff accordingly paid the defendant Rs. annas therefor.
3. That each of the said bars did contain only 1,200 tolas of fine silver.
4. That the defendant has not repaid the sum so overpaid.

[Demand of judgment.]

[NOTE.—A demand of repayment is not necessary, but it may affect the question of interest or the costs.]

No. 5.

FOR MONEY PAID TO A THIRD PARTY AT THE DEFENDANT'S REQUEST.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , at the request [or by the authority] of the defendant, the plaintiff paid to one E. F. rupees.
2. That, in consideration thereof, the defendant promised [or became bound] to pay the same to the plaintiff on demand [or as the case may be.]
3. That [on the day of 18 , the plaintiff demanded payment of the same from the defendant, but] he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

[NOTE.—If the request or authority is implied, the plaint should state facts raising the implication.]

No. 6.

FOR GOODS SOLD AT A FIXED PRICE AND DELIVERED.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , E. F. of deceased sold and delivered to the defendant [one hundred barrels of flour, or, the goods mentioned in the schedule hereto annexed, or, sundry goods].
2. That the defendant promised to pay rupees for the said goods on delivery [or on the day of some day before the plaint was filed].
3. That he has not paid the same.
4. That the said E. F. in his lifetime made his will, whereby he appointed the plaintiff executor thereof.
5. That on the day of 187 the said E. F. died.
6. That on the day of probate of the said will was granted to the plaintiff by the Court of .
7. The plaintiff as executor as aforesaid [Demand of judgment].

[NOTE.—If a day was fixed for payment it should be stated as furnishing a date for the commencement of action.]

No. 7.

GOODS SOLD AT A REASONABLE PRICE AND DELIVERED.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , plaintiff sold and delivered to the defendant [sundry articles of house furniture] but no express agreement was made as to the price.
2. That the same were reasonably worth rupees.
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

[NOTE.—The law implies a promise to pay so much as the goods are reasonably worth.]

No. 8.

FOR GOODS DELIVERED TO A THIRD PARTY AT DEFENDANT'S REQUEST AT A FIXED PRICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , plaintiff sold to the defendant [*one hundred barrels of flour*] and, at the request of the defendant, delivered the same to one E. F.
2. That the defendant promised to pay to the plaintiff rupees therefor.
3. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 9.

FOR NECESSARIES FURNISHED TO THE FAMILY OF DEFENDANT'S TESTATOR WITHOUT HIS EXPRESS REQUEST, AT A REASONABLE PRICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , plaintiff furnished to [*Mary Jones*] the wife of *James Jones* deceased, at her request, sundry articles of [*food and clothing*], but no express agreement was made as to the price.
2. That the same were necessary for her.
3. That the same were reasonably worth rupees.
4. That the said *James Jones* refused to pay the same.
5. That the defendant is the executor of the last will of the said *James Jones*.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 10.

FOR GOODS SOLD AT A FIXED PRICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff sold to E. F. of deceased [*all the crops then growing on his farm in*].
2. That the said E. F. promised to pay the plaintiff rupees for the same.
3. That he did not pay the same.
4. That the defendant is administrator of the estate of the said E. F.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 11.

FOR GOODS SOLD AT A REASONABLE PRICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , E. F. of sold to the defendant [*all the fruit growing in his orchard in*], but no express agreement was made as to the price.
2. That the same was reasonably worth rupees.
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.
4. That on the day of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William duly adjudged the said E. F. to be a lunatic and appointed the plaintiff committee of his estate with the usual powers for the management thereof.
5. The plaintiff as committee as aforesaid [Demand of judgment.]

[NOTE.—When the lunatic's estate is not subject to the ordinary original jurisdiction of a High Court, for paragraphs 4 and 5 substitute the following:—]

4. That on the day of the Civil Court of duly adjudged the said E. F. to be of unsound mind and incapable of managing his affairs and appointed the plaintiff Manager of his estate.
5. The plaintiff as Manager as aforesaid [Demand of judgment.]

No. 12.

FOR GOODS MADE AT DEFENDANT'S REQUEST, AND NOT ACCEPTED.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , E. F. of agreed with the plaintiff that the plaintiff should make for him [*six tables and fifty chairs*], and that the said E. F. should pay for the same upon delivery thereof rupees.
2. That the plaintiff made the said goods, and on the day of 18 offered to deliver the same to the said E. F., and has ever since been ready and willing so to do.
3. That the said E. F. has not accepted the said goods or paid for the same.
4. That on the day of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William duly adjudged the said E. F. to be a lunatic and appointed the defendant committee of his estate.
5. The plaintiff prays judgment for rupees with interest from the day of , at the rate of per cent. per annum, to be paid out of the estate of the said E. F. in the hands of the defendant.

No. 13.

FOR DEFICIENCY UPON A RE-SALE [GOODS SOLD AT AUCTION].

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , plaintiff put up at auction sundry [*articles of merchandise*], subject to the condition that all goods not paid for and removed by the purchaser thereof, within [*ten days*] after the sale, should be re-sold by auction on his account of which condition the defendant had notice.
2. That the defendant purchased [*one crate of crockery*] at the said auction at the price of rupees.
3. That the plaintiff was ready and willing to deliver the same to the defendant on the said day and for [*ten days*] thereafter, of which the defendant had notice.
4. That the defendant did not take away the said goods purchased by him, nor pay therefor, within [*ten days*] after the sale, nor afterwards.
5. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff re-sold the said [*crate of crockery*], on account of the defendant, by public auction, for rupees.
6. That the expenses attendant upon such re-sale amounted to rupees.
7. That the defendant has not paid the deficiency thus arising, amounting to rupees.

[Demand of judgment.]

NOTE to § 4. Unless the seller agreed to deliver, the purchaser must fetch the goods. See Act IX of 1872, sec. 93.]

No. 14.

FOR THE PURCHASE-MONEY OF LANDS CONVEYED.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff sold • [and conveyed] to the defendant [the house and compound No. , in the city of or, a farm known as , in or, a piece of land lying, &c.]
2. That the defendant promised to pay the plaintiff rupees for the said [house and compound, or farm, or land].
3. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

NOTE.—Where there has been no actual conveyance, say, in § 1, "sold to the defendant the house, &c., and placed him in possession of the same."

No. 15.

FOR THE PURCHASE-MONEY OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY CONTRACTED TO BE SOLD, BUT NOT CONVEYED.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant mutually agreed that the plaintiff should sell to the defendant, and that the defendant should purchase from the plaintiff [the house No. in the town of , or one hundred bighás of land in , bounded by the East Indian railroad, and by other lands of the plaintiff] for rupees.
2. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff tendered [or, was ready and willing, and offered to execute] a sufficient instrument of conveyance of the said property to the defendant, on payment of the said sum, and still is ready and willing to execute the same.
3. That the defendant has not paid the said sum.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 16.

FOR SERVICES AT A FIXED PRICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant [hired plaintiff as a clerk, at the salary of rupees per year].
2. That from the [said day] until the day of 18 , the plaintiff served the defendant as his clerk].
3. That the defendant has not paid the said salary.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 17.

FOR SERVICES AT A REASONABLE PRICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That between the day of 18 , and the day of 18 , at , plaintiff [executed sundry drawings, designs and diagrams] for the defendant, at his request; but no express agreement was made as to the sum to be paid for such services.
2. That the said services were reasonably worth rupees.
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 18.

FOR SERVICES AND MATERIALS AT A FIXED PRICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , plaintiff [furnished the paper for and printed one thousand copies of a book called] for the defendant, at his request [and delivered the same to him].
2. That the defendant promised to pay rupees therefor.
3. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 19.

FOR SERVICES AND MATERIALS AT A REASONABLE PRICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , plaintiff built a house [known as No. , in], and furnished the materials therefor, for the defendant, at his request; but no express agreement was made as to the price to be paid for such work and materials.
2. That the said work and materials were reasonably worth rupees.
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 20.

FOR RENT RESERVED IN A LEASE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant entered into a covenant with the plaintiff, under their hands, a copy of which is hereto annexed.

[Or state the substance of the agreement.]

2. That the defendant has not paid the rent of the [month] ending on the day of 18 , amounting to rupees.

[Demand of judgment.]

Another Form.

1. That the plaintiff let to the defendant a house No. 27 Chowringhee for seven years to hold from the day of 187 at rupees a year, payable quarterly.
2. That of such rent quarters are due and unpaid.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 21.

FOR USE AND OCCUPATION AT A FIXED RENT.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant hired from the plaintiff [the house No. , street], at the rent of rupees, payable on the first days of .
2. That the defendant occupied the said premises from the day of 18 to the day of 18 .
3. That the defendant has not paid rupees, being the part of said rent due on the first day of 18 .

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 22.

FOR USE AND OCCUPATION AT A REASONABLE RENT.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, executor of the will of *X. Y.*, deceased, states as follows:—

1. That the defendant occupied the [house No. , street], by permission of the said *X. Y.*, from the day of 18 , until the day of 18 and no agreement was made as to payment for the use of the said premises.
2. That the use of the said premises for the said period was reasonably worth. rupees.
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.
4. The plaintiff as such executor as aforesaid prays judgment for rupees.

No. 23.

FOR BOARD AND LODGING.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That from the day of 18 , until the day of 18 , the defendant occupied certain rooms in the house [No. , street], by permission of the plaintiff, and was furnished by the plaintiff, at his request, with meat, drink, attendance and other necessities.
2. That in consideration thereof, the defendant promised to pay, [or that no agreement was made as to payment for such meat, drink, attendance or necessities, but the same were reasonably worth] the sum of rupees.
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 24.

FOR FREIGHT OF GOODS.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , plaintiff transported in [his barge, or otherwise] [one thousand barrels of flour, or sundry goods], from to , at the request of the defendant.
2. That the defendant promised to pay the plaintiff the sum of [one rupee per barrel] as freight thereon. [Or, that no agreement was made as to payment for such transportation, but that such transportation was reasonably worth rupees.]
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 25.

FOR PASSAGE-MONEY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , plaintiff conveyed the defendant [in his ship, called the] from to at his request.
2. That the defendant promised to pay the plaintiff rupees therefor. [or that no agreement was made as to the price of the said passage; but that the said passage was reasonably worth rupees.]
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 26.

ON AN AWARD.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant, having a controversy between them concerning [a demand of the plaintiff for the price of ten barrels of oil, which the defendant refused to pay], agreed to submit the same to the award of *E. F.* and *G. H.*, as arbitrators [or, entered into an agreement, a copy of which is hereto annexed.]
2. That on the day of 18 , at , the said arbitrators awarded that the defendant should [pay the plaintiff rupees.]
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

[NOTE.—This will apply where the agreement to refer is not filed in Court.]

No. 27.

ON A FOREIGN JUDGMENT.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , in the State [or Kingdom] of , the Court of that State [or Kingdom], in a suit therein pending between the plaintiff and the defendant, duly adjudged that the defendant should pay to the plaintiff rupees, with interest from the said date.
2. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

PLAINTS UPON INSTRUMENTS FOR THE PAYMENT OF MONEY ONLY.

No. 28.

ON AN ANNUITY BOND.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant by his bond became bound to the plaintiff in the sum of rupees to be paid by the defendant to the plaintiff, subject to a condition that if the defendant should pay to the plaintiff rupees half yearly on the day of and the day of in every year during the life of the plaintiff, the said bond should be void.
2. That afterwards, on the day of 187 , the sum of rupees for of the said half-yearly payments of the said annuity, became due to the plaintiff and is still unpaid.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 29.

PAYER AGAINST MAKER.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of , 18 , at , the defendant by his promissory note now overdue, promised to pay to the plaintiff rupees [days] after date.
2. That he has not paid the same [except rupees, paid on the day of 18].

[Demand of judgment.]

[NOTE.—Where the note is payable after notice, for paras. 1 and 2 substitute:—]

1. That on the day of at the defendant by his promissory note promised to pay to the plaintiff rupees months after notice.
2. That notice was afterwards given by the plaintiff to the defendant to pay the same months after the said notice.
3. That the said time for payment has elapsed, but the defendant has not paid the same.

[Where the note is payable at a particular place, say—]

- 1.—That on the day of 187 at the defendant by his promissory note now overdue promised to pay to the plaintiff at Messrs *A. and Co.* Madras] rupees months after date.
- 2.—That the said note was duly presented for payment [at Messrs *A. and Co.*] aforesaid, but has not been paid.

Written statement of the Defendant.

In the Court, &c.

C. D., the above-named defendant, states as follows:—

1. The defendant made the note sued upon under the following circumstances: The plaintiff and defendant had for some years been in partnership as indigo manufacturers, and it had been agreed between them that they should dissolve partnership, that the plaintiff should retire from the business, that the defendant should take over the whole of the partnership assets and liabilities and should pay the plaintiff the value of his share in the assets after deducting the liabilities.

2. The plaintiff thereupon undertook to examine the partnership books and enquire into the state of the partnership assets and liabilities; and he did accordingly examine the said books and make the said enquiries, and he thereupon represented to the defendant that the assets of the firm exceeded Rs. 1,00,000 and that the liabilities of the firm were less than Rs. 30,000, whereas the fact was that the assets of the firm were less than Rs. 50,000 and the liabilities of the firm largely exceeded the assets.

3. The misrepresentations mentioned in the second para. of this statement induced the defendant to make the note now sued on, and there never was any other consideration for the making of such note.

No. 30.

FIRST INDORSEER AGAINST MAKER.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant, by his promissory note, now overdue, promised to pay to the order of E. F. [or to E. F. or order] rupees [days after date].
2. That the said E. F. indorsed the same to the plaintiff.
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 31.

SUBSEQUENT INDORSEER AGAINST MAKER.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. [As in the preceding form.]
2. That the same was, by the indorsement of the said E. F. and of G. H. and I. J. [or and others] transferred to the plaintiff.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 32.

FIRST INDORSEER AGAINST FIRST INDORSEER.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That E. F., on the day of 18 , at , by his promissory note, now overdue, promised to pay to the defendant or order rupees months after date.
2. That the defendant indorsed the same to the plaintiff.
3. That on the day of 18 the same was duly presented for payment, but was not paid.

[Or state facts excusing want of presentment.]

4. That the defendant had notice thereof.
5. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 33.

SUBSEQUENT INDORSEER AGAINST FIRST INDORSEER; THE INDORSEMENT BEING SPECIAL.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That the defendant indorsed to one E. F. a promissory note, now overdue, made [or purporting to have been made] by one G. H., on the day of 18 , at , to the order of the defendant, for the sum of rupees [payable days after date].

2. That the same was by the indorsement of the said E. F., [and others] transferred to the plaintiff. [Or, that the said E. F. indorsed the same to the plaintiff.]

- 3, 4 and 5. [Same as 3, 4 and 5 of the preceding form.]

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 34.

SUBSEQUENT INDORSEER AGAINST HIS IMMEDIATE INDORSEER.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That the defendant indorsed to him a promissory note, now overdue, made [or purporting to have been made] by one *E. F.*, on the day of 18 , at , to the order of one *G. H.*, for the sum of rupees [payable days after date], and indorsed by the said *G. H.* to the defendant.
- 2, 3 and 4. [As in No. 33.]

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 35.

SUBSEQUENT INDORSEER AGAINST INTERMEDIATE INDORSEER.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That a promissory note, now overdue, made [or purporting to have been made] by one *E. F.*, on the day of 18 , at , to the order of one *G. H.*, for the sum of rupees [payable days after date], and indorsed by the said *G. H.* to the defendant, was by the indorsement of the defendant [and others] transferred to the plaintiff.
- 2, 3 and 4. [As in No. 33.]

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 36.

SUBSEQUENT INDORSEER AGAINST MAKER, FIRST AND SECOND INDORSEER.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

A. B. of

against

C. D. of*E. F.* of

and

G. H. of*A. B.*, the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant, *C. D.*, by his promissory note, now overdue, promised to pay to the order of the defendant, *E. F.*, rupees [months after date].
2. That the said *E. F.* indorsed the same to the defendant, *G. H.*, who indorsed it to the plaintiff.
3. That on the day of 18 , the same was presented [or state facts excusing want of presentment] to the said *C. D.* for payment, but was not paid.
4. That the said *E. F.* and *G. H.* had notice thereof.
5. That they have not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 37.

DRAWER AGAINST ACCEPTOR.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , by his bill of exchange, now overdue, the plaintiff required the defendant to pay to him rupees [days after date, or sight thereof].
2. That the defendant accepted the said bill. [If the bill is payable at a certain time after sight, the date of acceptance should be stated, otherwise it is not necessary.]
3. That he has not paid the same.
4. That by reason thereof the plaintiff incurred expenses in and about the presenting and noting of the bill, and incidental to the dishonour thereof.

[Demand of judgment.]

[NOTE.—Where the bill is payable to a third party, for paras. 1, 2, 3, say—]

1. That on &c., at &c., by his bill of exchange, now overdue, directed to the defendant the plaintiff required the defendant to pay to *E. F.* or order
rupees months after date.
2. That the plaintiff delivered the said bill to the said *E. F.* on
3. That the defendant accepted the said bill, but did not pay the same, whereupon the same was returned to the plaintiff.

No. 38.

PAYEE AGAINST ACCEPTOR.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , the defendant accepted a bill of exchange, now overdue, made [*or* purporting to have been made] by one *E. F.*, on the day of 18 , at , requiring the defendant to pay to the plaintiff rupees after sight thereof.
2. That he has not paid the same.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 39.

FIRST INDORSEER AGAINST ACCEPTOR.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , the defendant accepted a bill of exchange, now overdue, made [*or* purporting to have been made] by one *E. F.*, on the day of 18 , at , requiring the defendant to pay to the order of one *G. H.* rupees after sight thereof.
2. That the said *G. H.* indorsed the same to the plaintiff.
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 40.

SUBSEQUENT INDORSEER AGAINST ACCEPTOR.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. [*As in the preceding form, to the end of art. 1.*]
2. That by the indorsement of the said *G. H.* [and others], the same was transferred to the plaintiff.
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 41.

PAYEE AGAINST DRAWER FOR NON-ACCEPTANCE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant, by his bill of exchange, directed to *E. F.*, required the said *E. F.* to pay to the plaintiff rupees [days after sight].
2. That on the day of 18 , the same was duly presented to the said *E. F.* for acceptance, and was dishonoured.
3. That the defendant had due notice thereof.
4. That he has not paid the same.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

[*NOTE.*—Notice of dishonour by non-acceptance must be given at once.]

No. 42.

FIRST INDORSEE AGAINST FIRST INDORSEE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That the defendant indorsed to the plaintiff a bill of exchange, now overdue, made [or purporting to have been made] by one *E. F.*, on the day of 18 , at , requiring one *G. H.* to pay to the order of the defendant rupees [days] after sight [or after date, or at sight] thereof, [and accepted by the said *G. H.* on the day of 18 .]
2. That on the day of 18 , the same was presented to the said *G. H.* for payment, and was dishonoured.
3. That the defendant had due notice thereof.
4. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 43.

SUBSEQUENT INDORSEE AGAINST FIRST INDORSEE; THE INDORSEMENT BEING SPECIAL.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That the defendant indorsed to one *E. F.*, a bill of exchange, now overdue, made [or purporting to have been made] by one *G. H.*, on the day of 18 , at , requiring one *I. J.* to pay to the order of the defendant rupees days after sight thereof [or otherwise], and accepted by the said *I. J.* on the day of 18 . [This clause may be omitted, if not according to the fact.]
2. That the same was, by the indorsement of the said *E. F.* [and others], transferred to the plaintiff.
3. That on the day of 18 the same was presented to the said *I. J.* for payment, and was dishonoured.
4. That the defendant had due notice thereof.
5. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 44.

SUBSEQUENT INDORSEE AGAINST HIS IMMEDIATE INDORSEE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That the defendant indorsed to plaintiff a bill of exchange, now overdue, made [or purporting to have been made] by one *E. F.*, on the day of 18 , at , requiring one *G. H.* to pay to the order of *I. J.* rupees days after sight thereof [or otherwise], [accepted by the said *G. H.*] and indorsed by the said *I. J.* to the defendant.
2. That on the day of 18 , the same was presented to the said *G. H.* for payment, and was dishonoured.
3. That the defendant had due notice thereof.
4. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 45.

SUBSEQUENT INDORSEE AGAINST INTERMEDIATE INDORSEE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That a bill of exchange, now overdue, made [or purporting to have been made] by one *E. F.*, on the day of 18 , at , requiring one *G. H.* to pay to the order of one *I. J.* rupees days after sight thereof [or otherwise], [accepted by the said *G. H.*] and indorsed by the said *I. J.* to the defendant, was, by the indorsement of the defendant [and others], transferred to the plaintiff.
2. That on the day of 18 , the same was presented to the said *G. H.* for payment, and was dishonoured.
3. That the defendant had due notice thereof.
4. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 46.

INDORSEE AGAINST DRAWER, ACCEPTOR AND INDORSEE.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

*Civil Regular No.**A. B. of**against**C. D. of**E. F. of**G. H. of**A. B.*, the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant *C. D.*, by his bill of exchange, now overdue, directed to the defendant *E. F.*, required the said *E. F.* to pay to the order of the defendant *G. H.*, rupees [days after sight thereof].
2. That on the day of 18 , the said *E. F.* accepted the same.
3. That the said *G. H.* indorsed the same to the plaintiff.
4. That on the day of 18 , the same was presented to the said *E. F.* for payment, and was dishonoured.
5. That the other defendants had due notice thereof.
6. That they have not paid the same.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 47.

PAYEE AGAINST DRAWER FOR NON-ACCEPTANCE OF A FOREIGN BILL.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant by his bill of exchange drawn in Calcutta, required one *E. F.* to pay to the plaintiff in [London] pounds sterling, [sixty days] after sight thereof.
2. That on the day of 18 , the same was presented to the said *E. F.* for acceptance, and was dishonoured, and was thereupon duly protested.
3. That the defendant had due notice thereof.
4. That he has not paid the same.

[5. That the value of pounds sterling, at the time of the service of notice of protest on the defendant, was rupees annas.]

Wherefore the plaintiff demands judgment against the defendant for rupees, with [ten per centum] compensation and interest from the day of 18

No. 48.

PAYEE AGAINST ACCEPTOR.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , one *E. F.*, by his bill of exchange, now overdue, directed to the defendant, required the defendant to pay to the plaintiff rupees after date [or days after sight] thereof.
2. That on the day of 18 , the defendant accepted the said bill.
3. That he has not paid the same.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 49.

ON A MARINE [OPEN] POLICY, ON VESSEL LOST BY PERILS OF THE SEA.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That plaintiff was the owner of [or, had an interest in] the ship at the time of its loss, as hereafter mentioned.
2. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendants, in consideration of rupees to them paid [or, which the plaintiff then promised to pay], executed to him a policy of insurance upon the said ship, a copy of which is hereto annexed; [or, whereby they promised to pay to the plaintiff, within days after proof of loss and interest, all loss and damage accruing to him by reason of the destruction or injury of the said ship, during its next voyage from to , whether by perils of the sea or by fire, or by other causes therein mentioned, not exceeding rupees].
3. That the said vessel, while proceeding on the voyage mentioned in the said policy, was on the day of 18 , totally lost by the perils of the sea [or, otherwise].
4. That the plaintiff's loss thereby was rupees.
5. That on the day of 18 , he furnished the defendants with proof of his loss and interest, and otherwise duly performed all the conditions of the said policy on his part.
6. That the defendants have not paid the said loss.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 50.

ON CARGO, LOST BY FIRE:—VALUED POLICY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That plaintiff was the owner of [or, had an interest in] [one hundred bales of cotton] on board the ship at the time of its loss as hereafter mentioned.
2. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant, in consideration of rupees which the plaintiff then paid [or, promised to pay], executed to him a policy of insurance upon the said goods, a copy of which is hereto annexed; [or, whereby it promised to pay to the plaintiff rupees in case of the total loss, by fire or other causes mentioned, of the said goods before their landing at ; or, in case of partial loss, such damage as the plaintiff might sustain thereby, provided the same should exceed per centum of the whole value of the goods].
3. That on the day of 18 , at , while proceeding on the voyage mentioned in the said policy, the said goods were totally destroyed by fire.
- 4 and 5. [As in paragraphs 5 and 6 of the last preceding Form.]

Demand of judgment.]

No. 51.

ON FREIGHT:—VALUED POLICY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That plaintiff had an interest in the freight to be earned by the ship [] on her voyage from to , at the time of her loss as hereafter mentioned, and that a large quantity of goods was shipped upon freight in her at that time.
2. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant in consideration of rupees to it paid, executed to the plaintiff a policy of insurance upon the said freight, a copy of which is hereto annexed [or state its tenor, as before].
3. That the said vessel, while proceeding upon the voyage mentioned in the said policy, was, on the day of 18 , totally lost by [the perils of the sea].
4. That the plaintiff has not received any freight from the said vessel, nor did she earn any on the said voyage, by reason of her loss as aforesaid.
- 5 and 6. [As in Form No. 50.]

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 52.

FOR A LOSS BY GENERAL AVERAGE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That plaintiff was the owner of [or, had an interest in] [one hundred bales of cotton] shipped on board a vessel called the *Y. Z.*, from to , at the time of the loss hereafter mentioned.
2. That on the day of 18 , at , in consideration of rupees [which the plaintiff then promised to pay], the defendant executed to the plaintiff a policy of insurance upon his said goods, a copy of which is hereto annexed [or state its tenor, as before.]
3. That on the day of 18 , while proceeding on the voyage mentioned in the said policy, the said vessel was so endangered by perils of the sea, that the master and crew thereof were compelled to, and did, cast into the sea a large part of her rigging and furniture.
4. That the plaintiff was, by reason thereof, compelled to, and did, pay a general average loss of rupees.
5. That on the day of 18 , he furnished the defendant with proof of his loss and interest, and otherwise duly performed all the conditions of the said policy on his part.
6. That the defendant has not paid the said loss.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 53.

FOR A PARTICULAR AVERAGE LOSS.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

- 1 and 2. [As in the preceding Form.]
3. That on the day of 18 , while on the high seas, the seawater broke into the said ship, and damaged the said [cotton] to the amount of rupees.
- 4 and 5. [As in paragraphs 5 and 6 of the preceding Form.]

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 54.

ON A FIRE INSURANCE POLICY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That plaintiff [was the owner of, or] had an interest in a [dwelling-house, known as No. , street, in the city of] at the time of its destruction [or, injury] by fire as hereinafter mentioned.
2. That on the day of 18 , at , in consideration of rupees [to it paid], the defendant executed to the plaintiff a policy of insurance on the said [premises], a copy of which is hereto annexed [or state its tenor].
3. That on the day of 18 , the said [dwelling-house] was totally destroyed [or, greatly damaged] by fire.
4. That the plaintiff's loss thereby was rupees.
5. That on the day of 18 , he furnished the defendant with proof of his said loss and interest, and otherwise duly performed all the conditions of the said policy on his part.
6. That the defendant has not paid the said loss.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 55.

AGAINST SURETIES FOR PAYMENT OF RENT.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , one *E. F.* hired from the plaintiff, for the term of years, the [house No. street,], at the annual rent of rupees, payable [monthly].
2. That [at the same time and place] the defendant agreed, in consideration of the letting of the said premises to the said *E. F.*, to guarantee the punctual payment of the said rent.
3. That the rent aforesaid for the month of 18 , amounting to rupees, has not been paid.
[If, by the terms of the agreement, notice is required to be given to the surety, add :—]
4. That on the day of 18 , the plaintiff gave notice to the defendant of the non-payment of the said rent, and demanded payment thereof.
5. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

B.—PLAINTS FOR COMPENSATION FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT.

No. 56.

FOR BREACH OF AGREEMENT TO CONVEY LAND.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant entered into an agreement, under their hands, of which a copy is hereto annexed.
[Or That on, &c., the defendant agreed with the plaintiff that, in consideration of a deposit of rupees then paid, and of the further sum of ten thousand rupees payable as hereafter mentioned, he would, on the day of 18 , at , execute to the plaintiff a sufficient conveyance of [the house No. street, in the city of free from all incumbrances; and the plaintiff agreed to pay ten thousand rupees for the same on delivery thereof]
2. That on the day of 18 , the plaintiff demanded the conveyance of the said property from the defendant and tendered rupees to the defendant [or, that all conditions were fulfilled, and all things happened and all times elapsed necessary to entitle the plaintiff to have the said agreement performed by the defendant on his part.]
3. That the defendant has not executed any conveyance of the said property to the plaintiff [or That there is a mortgage upon the said property, made by to , for rupees, registered in the office of , on the day of 18 , and still unsatisfied, or any other defect of title].
4. That the plaintiff has thereby lost the use of the money paid by him as such deposit as aforesaid and of other moneys provided by him for the completion of the said purchase, and has lost the expenses incurred by him in investigating the title of the defendant and in preparing to perform the agreement on his part, and has incurred expense in endeavouring to procure the performance thereof by the defendant.

The plaintiff prays judgment for rupees compensation.

No. 57.

FOR BREACH OF AGREEMENT TO PURCHASE LAND.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant entered into an agreement, under their hands, of which a copy is hereto annexed.
[Or that on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant mutually agreed that the plaintiff should sell to the defendant, and that the defendant should purchase from the plaintiff, forty bighás of land in the village of , for rupees].
2. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff being then the absolute owner of the said property [and the same being free from all incumbrances, as was made to appear to the defendant], tendered to the defendant a sufficient instrument of conveyance of the same [or, was ready and willing, and offered to convey the same to the defendant by a sufficient instrument,] on the payment by the defendant of the said sum.
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 58.

Another Form.

FOR NOT COMPLETING A PURCHASE OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

1. That by an agreement dated the day of 187 , it was agreed by and between the plaintiff and the defendant that the plaintiff should sell to the defendant and the defendant should purchase from the plaintiff a house and land at the price of rupees, upon the terms and conditions following (that is to say)—

(a) That the defendant should pay the plaintiff a deposit of rupees in part of the said purchase-money on the signing of the said agreement, and the remainder on the day of 187 , on which day the said purchase should be completed.

(b) That the plaintiff should deduce and make a good title to the said premises on or before the day of 187 , and on payment of the said remainder of the said purchase-money as aforesaid should execute to the defendant a proper conveyance of the said premises, to be prepared at the defendant's expense.

2. That all conditions were fulfilled, and all things happened and all times elapsed necessary to entitle the plaintiff to have the said agreement performed by the defendant on his part, yet the defendant did not pay the plaintiff the remainder of the said purchase-money as aforesaid on his part.

3. That the plaintiff has thereby lost the expense which he incurred in preparing to perform the said agreement on his part, and has been put to expense in endeavouring to procure the performance thereof by the defendant.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 59.

FOR NOT DELIVERING GOODS SOLD.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant mutually agreed that the defendant should deliver [one hundred barrels of flour] to the plaintiff [on the day of 18 ,] and that the plaintiff should pay therefor rupees on delivery.

2. That on the [said] day, the plaintiff was ready and willing, and offered, to pay the defendant the said sum upon delivery of the said goods.

3. That the defendant has not delivered the same, whereby the plaintiff has been deprived of the profits which would have accrued to him from such delivery.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 60.

FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT TO EMPLOY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant mutually agreed that the plaintiff should serve the defendant as [an accountant, or in the capacity of foreman, or as the case may be], and that the defendant should employ the plaintiff as such, for the term of [one year], and pay him for his services rupees [monthly].

2. That on the day of 18 , the plaintiff entered upon the service of the defendant as aforesaid, and has ever since been, and still is, ready and willing to continue in such service during the remainder of the said year, whereof the defendant always had notice.

3. That on the day of 18 , the defendant wrongfully discharged the plaintiff, and refused to permit him to serve as aforesaid, or to pay him for his services.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 61.

FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT TO EMPLOY, WHERE THE EMPLOYMENT NEVER TOOK EFFECT.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

1. [*As in last preceding Form.*]

2. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff offered to enter upon the service of the defendant, and has ever since been ready and willing so to do.

3. That the defendant refused to permit the plaintiff to enter upon such service, or to pay him for his services.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 62.

FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT TO SERVE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant mutually agreed that the plaintiff should employ the defendant at [an annual] compensation of rupees, and that the defendant should serve the plaintiff as [an artist] for the term of [one year.]

2. That the plaintiff has always been ready and willing to perform his part of the said agreement [and on the day of 18 offered so to do].

3. That the defendant [entered upon the service of the plaintiff on the above-mentioned day, but afterwards, on the day of 18 , he] refused to serve the plaintiff as aforesaid.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 63.

AGAINST A BUILDER FOR DEFECTIVE WORKMANSHIP.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant entered into an agreement, of which a copy is hereto annexed :

[*Or state the tenor of the contract.*]

2. That the plaintiff duly performed all the conditions of the said agreement on his part.]

3. That the defendant [built the house referred to in the said agreement in a bad and unworkmanlike manner].

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 64.

BY THE MASTER AGAINST THE FATHER OR GUARDIAN OF AN APPRENTICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant entered into an agreement, under his hand and seal,* a copy of which is hereto annexed :

[*Or state the tenor of these covenants.*]

2. That after the making of the said agreement the plaintiff received the said [apprentice] into his service as such apprentice for the term aforesaid, and has always performed and been ready and willing to perform all things in the said agreement on his part to be performed.

3. That on the day of 18 , the said [apprentice] wilfully absented himself from the service of the plaintiff, and continues so to do.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

* The form given in Act XIX of 1830 requires the seal of the father or guardian.

No. 65.

BY THE APPRENTICE AGAINST THE MASTER.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant entered into an agreement with the plaintiff and his father, *E. F.*, under their hands and seals, a copy of which is hereto annexed.

2. That after the making of the said agreement the plaintiff entered into the service of the defendant with him after the manner of an apprentice to serve for the term mentioned in the said agreement, and has always performed all things in the said agreement contained on his part to be performed.

3. That the defendant has not [instructed the plaintiff in the business of , or state any other breach, such as cruelty, failure to provide sufficient food, or other ill-treatment.]

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 66.

ON A BOND FOR THE FIDELITY OF A CLERK.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , plaintiff employed one *E. F.* as a clerk.

2. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant agreed with the plaintiff, that if the said *E. F.* should not faithfully perform his duties as a clerk to the plaintiff, or should fail to account to the plaintiff for all moneys, evidences of debt, or other property received by him for the use of the plaintiff, the defendant would pay to the plaintiff whatever loss he might sustain by reason thereof, not exceeding rupees.

[Or, 2. That at the same time and place, the defendant bound himself to the plaintiff, by a writing under his hand, in the penal sum of rupees, conditioned that if the said *E. F.* should faithfully perform his duties as clerk and cashier to the plaintiff, and should justly account to the plaintiff for all moneys, evidences of debt, or other property which should be at any time held by him in trust for the plaintiff, the same should be void, but not otherwise.]

[Or, 2. That at the same time and place, the defendant executed to the plaintiff a bond, a copy of which is annexed.]

3. That between the day of 18 and the day of 18 , the said *E. F.* received money and other property, amounting to the value of rupees, for the use of the plaintiff, for which he has not accounted to him, and the same still remains due and unpaid.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 67.

BY TENANT AGAINST LANDLORD, WITH SPECIAL DAMAGE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant, by an instrument in writing, let to the plaintiff [the house No. street,] for the term of years, covenanting with the plaintiff that he, the plaintiff, and his legal representatives should quietly enjoy possession thereof for the said term. a.

2. That all conditions were fulfilled and all things happened necessary to entitle the plaintiff to maintain this suit.

3. That on the day of during the said term, one *E. F.*, who was the lawful owner of the said house, lawfully evicted the plaintiff therefrom, and still withholds the possession thereof from him.

4. That the plaintiff was thereby [prevented from continuing the business of a tailor at the said place, was compelled to expend rupees in moving, and lost the custom of *G. H.* and *I. J.* by such removal.]

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 68.

FOR BREACH OF WARRANTY OF MOVABLES.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant warranted a steam-engine to be in good working order, and thereby induced the plaintiff to purchase the same of him, and to pay him rupees therefor.
2. That the said engine was not then in good working order, whereby the plaintiff incurred expense in having the said engine repaired, and lost the profits which would otherwise have accrued to him while the engine was under repair.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 69.

ON AN AGREEMENT OF INDEMNITY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant, being partners in trade under the firm of *A. B.* and *C. D.*, dissolved the said partnership, and mutually agreed that the defendant should take and keep all the partnership property, pay all debts of the firm, and indemnify the plaintiff against all claims that might be made upon him on account of any indebtedness of the said firm.
2. That the plaintiff duly performed all the conditions of the said agreement on his part.
3. That on the day of 18 [a judgment was recovered against the plaintiff and defendant by one *E. F.*, in the High Court of Judicature at , upon a debt due from the said firm to the said *E. F.*, and on the day of 18] the plaintiff paid rupees [in satisfaction of the same].
4. That the defendant has not paid the same to the plaintiff.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 70.

BY SHIP-OWNER AGAINST FREIGHT OR FOR NOT LOADING.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant entered into an agreement, a copy of which is hereto annexed.

[Or, 1. That on , at , the plaintiff and defendant agreed by charter party that the defendant should deliver to the plaintiff's ship at , on the day of 18 , five hundred tons of merchandise, which she should carry to , and there deliver, on payment of freight; and that the defendant should have days for loading, days for discharge, and days for demurrage, if required, at rupees per day.]

2. That at the time fixed by the said agreement the plaintiff was ready and willing and offered to receive [the said merchandise, or, the merchandise mentioned in the said agreement] from the defendant.

3. That the period allowed for loading and demurrage has elapsed, but the defendant has not delivered the said merchandise to the said vessel.

Wherefore, the plaintiff demands judgment for rupees for demurrage and rupees additional for compensation.

C.—PLAINTS FOR COMPENSATION UPON WRONGS.

No. 71.

FOR TRESPASS ON LAND.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant entered upon certain land of the plaintiff, known as [and depastured the same with cattle, trod down the grass, cut the timber, and otherwise injured the same].

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 72.

FOR TRESPASS IN ENTERING A DWELLING-HOUSE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That the defendant entered a dwelling-house of the plaintiff called , and made a noise and disturbance therein for a long time, and broke open the doors of the said dwelling-house, and removed, took and carried away the fixtures and goods of the plaintiff therein, and disposed of the same to the defendant's own use, and expelled the plaintiff and his family from the possession of the said dwelling-house, and kept them so expelled for a long time.

2. That the plaintiff was thereby prevented from carrying on his business, and incurred expense in procuring another dwelling-house for himself and family.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 73.

FOR TRESPASS ON MOVEABLES.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant broke open ten barrels of rum belonging to the plaintiff, and emptied their contents into the street [or seized and took the plaintiff's goods, that is to say, iron, rice and household furniture, or as the case may be], and carried away the same and disposed of them to his own use:

[or, seized and took the plaintiff's cows and bullocks, and impounded them and kept them impounded for a long time.]

2. That the plaintiff was thereby deprived of the use of the cows and bullocks during that time, and incurred expense in feeding them and in getting them restored to him; and was also prevented from selling them at fair, as he otherwise would have done, and the said cows and bullocks are diminished in value to the plaintiff [otherwise state the injury according to the facts].

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 74.

FOR THE CONVERSION OF MOVEABLE PROPERTY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , plaintiff was in possession of certain goods described in the schedule hereto annexed [or of one thousand barrels of flour].

2. That on that day, at , the defendant converted the same to his own use, and wrongfully deprived the plaintiff of the use and possession of the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

The Schedule.

No. 75.

AGAINST A WAREHOUSEMAN FOR REFUSAL TO DELIVER GOODS.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant, in consideration of the payment to him of rupees [or, rupees per barrel, per month, &c.], agreed to keep in his godown [one hundred barrels of flour], and to deliver the same to the plaintiff on payment of the said sum.

2. That thereupon the plaintiff deposited with the defendant the said [hundred barrels of flour].

3. That on the day of 18 , the plaintiff requested the defendant to deliver the said goods, and tendered him rupees [*or*, the full amount of storage due thereon], but the defendant refused to deliver the same.

4. That the plaintiff was thereby prevented from selling the said goods to *E. F.*, and the same are lost to the plaintiff.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 76.

FOR PROCURING PROPERTY BY FRAUD.

(*Title.*)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant, for the purpose of inducing the plaintiff to sell him certain goods, represented to the plaintiff that [he, the defendant, was solvent, and worth rupees over all his liabilities].

2. That the plaintiff was thereby induced to sell [and deliver] to the defendant [dry goods] of the value of rupees.

3. That the said representations were false [*or*, state the particular falsehoods], and were then known by the defendant to be so. ●

4. That the defendant has not paid for the said goods. [*Or, if the goods were not delivered*] That the plaintiff, in preparing and shipping the said goods and procuring their restoration, expended rupees.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 77.

FOR FRAUDULENTLY PROCURING CREDIT TO BE GIVEN TO ANOTHER PERSON.

(*Title.*)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant represented to the plaintiff, that one *E. F.* was solvent and in good credit, and worth rupees over all his liabilities [*or*, that *E. F.* then held a responsible situation and was in good circumstances, and might safely be trusted with goods on credit].

2. That the plaintiff was thereby induced to sell to the said *E. F.* [rice] of the value of rupees [on month's credit].

3. That the said representations were false and were then known by the defendant to be so, and were made by him with intent to deceive and defraud the plaintiff [*or*, to deceive and injure the plaintiff].

4. That the said *E. F.* [did not pay for the said goods at the expiration of the credit aforesaid, *or*,] has not paid for the said rice, and the plaintiff has wholly lost the same by reason of the premises.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 78.

FOR POLLUTING THE WATER UNDER THE PLAINTIFF'S LAND.

(*Title.*)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

1. That he is, and at all the times hereinafter mentioned was, possessed of certain land called and situate in , and of a well therein, and of water in the said well, and was entitled to the use and benefit of the said well and of the said water therein, and to have certain springs and streams of water which flowed and ran into the said well to supply the same to flow or run without being fouled or polluted.

2. That on the day of 18 , the defendant wrongfully fouled and polluted the said well and the said water therein and the said springs and streams of water which flowed into the said well.

3. That by reason of the premises the said water in the said well became impure and unfit for domestic and other necessary purposes, and the plaintiff and his family are deprived of the use and benefit of the said well and water.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 79.

FOR CARRYING ON A NOXIOUS MANUFACTURE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That the plaintiff is, and at all the times hereinafter mentioned was, possessed of certain lands called _____ situate in _____
2. That ever since the _____ day of _____ 18 _____, the defendant has wrongfully caused to issue from certain smelting works carried on by the defendant large quantities of offensive and unwholesome smoke and other vapours and noxious matter, which spread themselves over and upon the said lands, and corrupted the air, and settled on the surface of the said lands.
3. That thereby the trees, hedges, herbage and crops of the plaintiff growing on the said lands were damaged and deteriorated in value, and the cattle and live stock of the plaintiff on the said lands became unhealthy, and divers of them were poisoned and died.
4. That by reason of the premises the plaintiff was unable to depasture the said lands with cattle and sheep, as he otherwise might have done, and was obliged to remove his cattle, sheep and farming stock therefrom, and has been prevented from having so beneficial and healthy a use and occupation of the said lands as he otherwise would have had.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 80.

FOR OBSTRUCTING A WAY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That plaintiff is, and at the time hereafter mentioned was, possessed of [a house in the town of _____].
2. That he was accustomed to pass [with vehicles, or, on foot] along a certain way leading from his said house to [the highway].
3. That on the _____ day of _____ 18 _____, the defendant obstructed the said way, so that the plaintiff could not pass [with vehicles, or, on foot, or, in any manner] along the said way [and has ever since obstructed the same].
4. [State special damage, if any.]

[Demand of judgment.]

Another Form.

1. That the defendant wrongfully dug a trench and heaped up earth and stones in the public highway leading from _____ to _____ so as to obstruct it.
2. That thereby the plaintiff, while lawfully passing along the said highway, fell over the said earth and stones [or, into the said trench] and broke his arm, and suffered great pain, and was prevented from attending to his business for a long time, and incurred expense for medical attendance.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 81.

FOR DIVERTING A WATER-COURSE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That the plaintiff is, and at the time hereinafter mentioned was, possessed of a mill situated on a [stream], known as the _____, in the village of _____, district of _____.
2. That by reason of such possession the plaintiff was entitled to the flow of the said stream for working the said mill.
3. That on the _____ day of _____ 18 _____, the defendant, by cutting the bank of the said stream, diverted the water thereof, so that less water ran into the plaintiff's mill.
4. That by reason thereof, the plaintiff has been unable to grind more than _____ sacks per day, whereas, before the said diversion of water, he was able to grind _____ sacks per day.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 82.

FOR OBSTRUCTING A RIGHT TO USE WATER FOR IRRIGATION.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That the plaintiff is, and was at the time hereinafter mentioned, possessed of certain lands situate, &c., and entitled to take and use a portion of the water of a certain stream for irrigating the said lands.
2. That on the day of the defendant prevented the plaintiff from taking and using the said portion of the said water as aforesaid, by obstructing and diverting the said stream.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 83.

FOR WASTE BY A LESSER.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , the defendant hired from him the
[house No. street] for the term of .
2. That the defendant occupied the same under such hiring.
3. That during the period of such occupation, the defendant greatly injured the pre-
mises [defaced the walls, tore up the floors, and broke down the doors; or otherwise specify
the injuries as far as possible].
- The plaintiff prays judgment for rupees compensation.

No. 84.

FOR ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant assaulted and beat him.

The plaintiff prays judgment for rupees compensation.

No. 85.

FOR ASSAULT AND BATTERY, WITH SPECIAL DAMAGE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18, at , the defendant assaulted and beat the plaintiff, until he became insensible.
2. That the plaintiff was thereby disabled from attending to his business for [six weeks thereafter], and was compelled to pay rupees for medical attendance, and has been ever since disabled [from using his right arm]. [Or otherwise state the damage, as the case may be.]

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 86.

FOR ASSAULT AND FALSE IMPRISONMENT.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant assaulted the plaintiff and imprisoned him for days [or hours]; [state special damage, if any, thus:—]

2. That by reason thereof the plaintiff suffered great pain of body and mind and was exposed and injured in his credit and circumstances, and was prevented from carrying on his business and from providing for his family by his personal care and attention, and incurred expense in obtaining his liberation from the said imprisonment, [or otherwise as the case may be].

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 87.

FOR INJURIES CAUSED BY NEGLIGENCE ON A RAILROAD.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , the defendants were common carriers of passengers by railway between and .

2. That on that day the plaintiff was a passenger in one of the carriages of the defendants on the said road.

3. That while he was such passenger, at [or, near the station of], ; or, between the stations of and , a collision occurred on the said railway, caused by the negligence and unskilfulness of the defendants' servants, whereby the plaintiff was much injured [having his leg broken, his head cut, &c., and state the special damage, if any, as], and incurred expense for medical attendance, and is permanently disabled from carrying on his former business as a salesman.

[Demand of judgment.]

[Or thus:—2. That on that day the defendants by their servants so negligently and unskilfully drove and managed an engine and a train of carriages attached thereto upon and along the defendants' railway which the plaintiff was then lawfully crossing, that the said engine and train were driven and struck against the plaintiff, whereby, &c., as in § 3.]

No. 88.

FOR INJURIES CAUSED BY NEGLIGENT DRIVING.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. The plaintiff is a shoe-maker, carrying on business at .
The defendant is a merchant of .

2. On the [23rd May 1875], the plaintiff was walking eastward along Chowringhee, in the city of Calcutta, at about three o'clock in the afternoon. He was obliged to cross Harington street, which is a street running into Chowringhee at right angles. While he was crossing this street, and just before he could reach the foot-pavement on the further side thereof, a carriage of the defendant's drawn by two horses, under the charge and control of the defendant's servants, was negligently, suddenly, and without any warning, turned at a rapid and dangerous pace out of Harington Street into Chowringhee. The pole of the carriage struck the plaintiff, and knocked him down, and he was much trampled by the horses.

3. By the blow and fall and trampling the plaintiff's left arm was broken, and he was bruised and injured on the side and back, as well as internally, and in consequence thereof the plaintiff was for four months ill and in suffering, and unable to attend to his business, and incurred heavy medical and other expenses, and sustained great loss of business and profits.

The plaintiff claims rupees damages.

(Title.)

Written Statement of Defendant.

1. The defendant denies that the carriage mentioned in the plaint was the defendant's carriage, or that it was under the charge or control of the defendant's servants. The carriage belonged to [Messrs. *E. F.* and *G. H.*] of Street, Calcutta, livery stable-keepers, employed by the defendant to supply him with carriages and horses; and the person under whose charge and control the said carriage was, was the servant of the said Messrs. *E. F.* and *G. H.*

2. The defendant does not admit that the said carriage was turned out of Harington Street either negligently, suddenly, or without warning, or at a rapid or dangerous pace.

3. The defendant says, that the plaintiff might and could, by the exercise of reasonable care and diligence, have seen the said carriage approaching him, and avoided any collision with it.

4. The defendant does not admit the statements of the third paragraph of the plaint.

No. 89.

FOR LIBEL; THE WORDS BEING LIBELLOUS IN THEMSELVES.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18, at the defendant published in a newspaper, called the [or, in a letter addressed to *E. F.*], the following words concerning the plaintiff:—

[Set forth the words used.]

2. That the said publication was false and malicious.

[Demand of judgment.]

NOTE.—If the libel was in a language not the language of the Court, set out the libel *verbatim* in the foreign language in which it was published, and then proceed thus:—"Which said words, being translated into the language, have the meaning and effect following, and were so understood by the persons to whom they were so published, that is to say, [here set out a literal translation of the libel in the language of the Court.]

No. 90.

FOR LIBEL; THE WORDS NOT BEING LIBELLOUS IN THEMSELVES.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That the plaintiff [is, and] was, on and before the day of 18 merchant, doing business in the city of

2. That on the day of 18, at the defendant published in a newspaper, called the [or, in a letter addressed to *E. F.* or otherwise show how published], the following words concerning the plaintiff:—

["*A. B.*, of this city, has modestly retired to foreign lands. It is said that creditors to the amount of rupees are anxiously seeking his address."]

3. That the defendant meant thereby that [the plaintiff had absconded to avoid his creditors, and with intent to defraud them].

4. That the said publication was false and malicious.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 91.

FOR SLANDER; THE WORDS BEING ACTIONABLE IN THEMSELVES.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18, at the defendant falsely and maliciously spoke, in the hearing of *E. F.* [or, sundry persons], the following words concerning the plaintiff: "He is a thief".

2. That, in consequence of the said words, the plaintiff lost his situation as in the employ of

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 92.

FOR SLANDER; THE WORDS NOT BEING ACTIONABLE IN THEMSELVES.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant falsely and maliciously said to one E. F. concerning the plaintiff: ["He is a young man of remarkably easy conscience"].
2. That the plaintiff was then seeking employment as a clerk, and the defendant meant, by the said words, that the plaintiff was not trustworthy as a clerk.
3. That, in consequence of the said words, [the said E. F. refused to employ the plaintiff as a clerk].

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 93.

FOR MALICIOUS PROSECUTION.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant obtained a warrant of arrest from [a magistrate of the said city, or, as the case may be,] on a charge of , and the plaintiff was arrested thereon, and imprisoned for [days, or, hours, and gave bail in the sum of rupees to obtain his release]
2. That in so doing, the defendant acted maliciously and without reasonable or probable cause.
3. That on the day of 18 , the said magistrate dismissed the complaint of the defendant, and acquitted the plaintiff.
4. That many persons, whose names are unknown to the plaintiff, hearing of the said arrest, and supposing the plaintiff to be a criminal, have ceased to do business with him; or, that, in consequence of the said arrest, the plaintiff lost his situation as clerk to one E. F., or, that by reason of the premises the plaintiff suffered pain of body and mind, and was prevented from transacting his business, and was injured in his credit, and incurred expense in obtaining his release from the said imprisonment and in defending himself against the said complaint.

[Demand of judgment.]

D.—PLAINTS IN SUITS FOR SPECIFIC PROPERTY.

No. 94.

BY THE ABSOLUTE OWNER FOR THE POSSESSION OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That X. Y. was the absolute owner of [the estate, or, the share of the estate, called , situate in the District of , the Government revenue of which is rupees and the estimated value rupees or, of the house No. , street in the town of Calcutta, the estimated value of which is rupees].
2. That on the day of 18 , Z illegally dispossessed the said X. Y. of the said estate [or share or house].
3. That the said X. Y. has since died intestate, leaving the plaintiff the said A. B. his heir him surviving.
4. That the defendant withholds the possession of the estate [or share or house] from the plaintiff.

The plaintiff prays judgment:

- (1) For the possession of the said premises;
- (2) For rupees compensation for withholding the same.

Another Form.

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. On the day of , the plaintiff, by an instrument in writing let to the defendant a house and premises No. 52, Russell Street, in the for a term of five years from the day of , at the monthly rent of rupees 300.

2. By the said instrument the defendant covenanted to keep the said house and premises ingood and tenantable repair.

3. The said instrument also contained a clause of re-entry, entitling the plaintiff to re-enter upon the said house and premises, in case the rent thereby reserved, whether demanded or not, should be in arrear for twenty-one days, or in case the defendant should make default in the performance of any covenant upon his part to be performed.

4. On the day of 187 a month's rent became due, and on the day of 187 another month's rent became due; on the day of 187 both had been in arrear for twenty-one days, and both are still due.

5. On the same day of 187 the house and premises were not and are not now in good or tenantable repair, and it would require the expenditure of a large sum of money to re-instate the same in good and tenantable repair, and the plaintiff's reversion is much depreciated in value. The plaintiff claims:

- (1) Possession of the said house and premises;
- (2) Rupees for arrears of rent;
- (3) Rupees compensation for the defendant's breach of his covenant to repair;
- (4) Rupees for the occupation of the house and premises from the day of 187 to the day of recovering possession.

No. 95.

BY THE TENANT.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That one *E. F.* is the absolute owner of [a piece of land in the town of Calcutta.], bounded as follows: , the estimated value of which is rupees .

2. That on the day of 18 , the said *E. F.* let the said premises to the plaintiff for years, from .

3. That the defendant withholds the possession thereof from the plaintiff.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 96.

FOR MOVEABLE PROPERTY WRONGFULLY TAKEN.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , plaintiff owned [or was possessed of] one hundred barrels of flour, the estimated value of which is rupees .

2. That on that day, at , the defendant took the same.

The plaintiff prays judgment:

- (1) For the possession of the said goods, or for rupees in case such possession cannot be had;
- (2) For rupees compensation for the detention thereof.

No. 97.

FOR MOVEABLES WRONGFULLY DETAINED.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , plaintiff owned [or, state facts showing a right to the possession] the goods mentioned in the schedule hereto annexed [or describe the goods], the estimated value of which is rupees .

2. That from that day until the commencement of this suit, the defendant has detained the same from the plaintiff.

3. That before the commencement of this suit, to wit, on the day of 18 , the plaintiff demanded the same from the defendant, but he refused to deliver them.

The plaintiff prays judgment:

- (1) For the possession of the said goods, or for rupees, in case such possession cannot be had;
- (2) For rupees compensation for the detention thereof.

The schedule.

No. 98.

AGAINST A FRAUDULENT PURCHASER AND HIS TRANSFEREE WITH NOTICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1 That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant [C. D.], for the purpose of inducing the plaintiff to sell him certain goods, represented to the plaintiff that [he was solvent, and worth rupees over all his liabilities].

2. That the plaintiff was thereby induced to sell and deliver to the said C. D. [one hundred boxes of tea], the estimated value of which is rupees.

3. That the said representations were false, and were then known by the said C. D. to be so. [Or, That at the time of making the said representations, the said C. D. was insolvent, and knew himself to be so.]

4. That the said C. D. afterwards transferred the said goods to the defendant E. F. without consideration [or who had notice of the falsity of the representation].

The plaintiff prays judgment:

- (1) For the possession of the said goods, or for rupees, in case such possession cannot be had;
- (2) For rupees compensation for the detention thereof.

E.—PLAINTS IN SUITS FOR SPECIAL RELIEF.

No. 99.

FOR RESCISSION OF A CONTRACT ON THE GROUND OF MISTAKE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , the defendant represented to the plaintiff that a certain piece of ground belonging to the defendant, situated at , contained [ten bighás].

2. That the plaintiff was thereby induced to purchase the same at the price of rupees in the belief that the said representation was true, and signed an instrument of agreement, of which a copy is hereto annexed. But no conveyance of the same has been executed to him.

3. That on the day of 18 , the plaintiff paid the defendant rupees as part of such purchase-money.

4. That the said piece of ground contained in fact only [five bighás].

The plaintiff prays judgment:

- (1) For rupees, with interest from the day of 18 ;
- (2) That the said agreement of purchase be delivered up and cancelled.

No. 100.

FOR AN INJUNCTION RESTRAINING WASTE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That plaintiff is the absolute owner of [*describe the property*].

2. That the defendant is in possession of the same under a lease from the plaintiff.

3. That the defendant has [cut down a number of valuable trees, and threatens to cut down many more for the purpose of sale] without the consent of the plaintiff.

The plaintiff prays judgment, that the defendant be restrained by injunction from committing or permitting any further waste on the said premises.

[*Pecuniary compensation might also be prayed.*]

No. 101.

FOR ABATEMENT OF A NUISANCE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That plaintiff is, and at all the times hereinafter mentioned was, the absolute owner of [the house No. , street, Calcutta].
 2. That the defendant is, and at all the said times was, the absolute owner of [a plot of ground in the same street].
 3. That on the day of 18 , the defendant erected upon his said lot a slaughter-house, and still maintains the same; and from that day until the present time has continually caused cattle to be brought and killed there [and has caused the blood and offal to be thrown into the street opposite the said house of the plaintiff].
 4. That [the plaintiff has been compelled, by reason of the premises, to abandon the said house, and has been unable to rent the same].
- The plaintiff prays judgment, that the said nuisance be abated.

No. 102.

FOR AN INJUNCTION AGAINST THE DIVERSION OF A WATER-COURSE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

[As in No. 81.]

The Plaintiff prays judgment, that the defendant be restrained by injunction from diverting the water as aforesaid.

No. 103.

FOR RESTORATION OF MOVEABLE PROPERTY, THREATENED WITH DESTRUCTION, AND FOR AN INJUNCTION.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That plaintiff is, and at all times hereinafter mentioned was, the owner of [a portrait of his grandfather, which was executed by an eminent painter], and of which no duplicate exists [or state any facts showing that the property is of a kind that cannot be replaced by money].
2. That on the day of 18 , he deposited the same for safe-keeping with the defendant.
3. That on the day of 18 , he demanded the same from the defendant, and offered to pay all reasonable charges for the storage of the same.
4. That the defendant refuses to deliver the same to the plaintiff, and threatens to conceal, dispose of, cut or injure the same if required to deliver it up.
5. That no pecuniary compensation would be an adequate compensation to the plaintiff for the loss of the said [painting].

The plaintiff prays judgment:—

- (1) That the defendant be restrained by injunction from disposing of, injuring, or concealing the said [painting];
- (2) That he return the same to the plaintiff.

No. 104.

INTERPLEADER.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That before the date of the claims hereinafter mentioned, one *G. H.* deposited with the plaintiff [describe the property] for [safe keeping].
2. That the defendant, *C. D.*, claims the same [under an alleged assignment thereof to him from the said *G. H.*]

3. That the defendant, *E. F.*, also claims the same [under an order of the said *G. H.* transferring the same to him].

4. That the plaintiff is ignorant of the respective rights of the defendants.

5. That he has no claim upon the said property, and is ready and willing to deliver it to such persons as the Court shall direct.

6. That this suit is not brought by collusion with either of the defendants.

The plaintiff prays judgment :

- (1) That the defendants be restrained, by injunction, from taking any proceedings against the plaintiff in relation thereto;
- (2) That they be required to interplead together concerning their claims to the said property;
- [(3) That some person be authorized to receive the said property pending such litigation];
- (4) That upon delivering the same to such [person], the plaintiff be discharged from all liability to either of the defendants in relation thereto.

No. 106.

ADMINISTRATION BY CREDITOR.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows —

1. *E. F.*, late of _____, was at the time of his death, and his estate still is, indebted to the plaintiff in the sum of [here insert nature of debt and security, if any].

2. The said *E. F.* made his Will, dated the _____ day of _____ and thereof appointed *C. D.* executor [or, devised his estate in trust, &c. or, died intestate, as the case may be].

3. The said Will was proved by the said *C. D.* [or, letters of administration were granted, &c.].

4. The defendant has possessed himself of the moveable [and immoveable, or, the proceeds of the immoveable] property of the said *E. F.*, and has not paid the plaintiff his said debt.

5. The said *E. F.* died on or about the _____ day of _____

6. The plaintiff prays that an account may be taken of the moveable [and immoveable] property of the said *E. F.*, deceased, and that the same may be administered under the decree of the Court.

No. 106.

ADMINISTRATION BY SPECIFIC LEGATEES.

(Title.)

[Alter Form 105 thus :—]

[Omit paragraph 1 and commence paragraph 2] *E. F.*, late of _____, duly made his last Will, dated the _____ day of _____ and thereof appointed *C. D.* executor, and by such Will bequeathed to the plaintiff [here state the specific legacy].

For paragraph 4, substitute—

The defendant is in possession of the moveable property of the said *E. F.*, and, amongst other things, of the said [here name the subject of the specific bequest].

For the commencement of paragraph 6 substitute—

The plaintiff prays that the defendant may be ordered to deliver to him the said [here name the subject of the specific bequest] or that, &c.

No. 107.

ADMINISTRATION BY PECUNIARY LEGATEES.

(Title.)

[Alter Form 105 thus :—].

[Omit paragraph 1 and substitute for paragraph 2] *E. F.*, late of _____, duly made his last Will, dated the _____ day of _____, and thereof appointed *C. D.* executor, and by such Will bequeathed to the plaintiff a legacy of rupees _____

In paragraph 4, substitute "legacy" for "debt."

Another Form.

Between *E. F.* *Plaintiff,*
 and
G. H. *Defendant.*

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

1. *A. B.* of *K* in the duly made his last Will, dated the [first day of March 1873], whereby he appointed the defendant and *M. N.* [who died in the testator's life-time] executors thereof, and bequeathed his property, whether moveable or immoveable, to his executors in trust, to pay the rents and income thereof to the plaintiff for his life; and after his decease, and in default of his having a son who should attain twenty-one, or a daughter who should attain that age or marry, upon trust as to his immoveable property for the person who would be the testator's heir-at-law, and as to his moveable property for the persons who would be the testator's next-of-kin if he had died intestate at the time of the death of the plaintiff, and such failure of his issue as aforesaid.

2. The testator died on the [first day of July 1873], and his Will was proved by the defendant on the [fourth of October 1873]. The plaintiff has not been married.

3. The testator was at his death entitled to moveable and immoveable property; the defendant entered into the receipt of the rents of the immoveable property and got in the moveable property; he has sold some part of the immoveable property.

The plaintiff claims—

(1) To have the moveable and immoveable property of *A. B.* administered in this Court, and for that purpose to have all proper directions given and accounts taken.

(2) Such further or other relief as the nature of the case may require.

Between *E. F.* *Plaintiff,*
 and
G. H. *Defendant.*

Written Statement of Defendant.

1. *A. B.*'s Will contained a charge of debts; he died insolvent; he was entitled at his death to some immoveable property which the defendant sold, and which produced the nett sum of rupees ... and the testator had some moveable property which the defendant got in, and which produced the nett sum of rupees ...

2. The defendant applied the whole of the said sums and the sum of rupees ... which the defendant received from rents of the immoveable property in the payment of the funeral and testamentary expenses and some of the debts of the testator.

3. The defendant made up his accounts and sent a copy thereof to the plaintiff on the [tenth of January 1875], and offered the plaintiff free access to the vouchers to verify such accounts, but he declined to avail himself of the defendant's offer.

4. The defendant submits that the plaintiff ought to pay the costs of this suit.

No. 108.

EXECUTION OF TRUSTS.

IN THE COURT OF AT

Civil Regular No.

A. B. of *Plaintiff,*
 against
C. D. of the beneficiary [or, one
 of the beneficiaries], *Defendant.*

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

1. That he is one of the trustees under an instrument of settlement bearing date on or about the ... day of ... made upon the marriage of the said *E. F.* and *G. H.* the father and mother of the defendant [or, an instrument of assignment of the estate and effects of *E. F.* for the benefit of *C. D.*, the defendant, and other the creditors of *E. F.*].

2. The said *A. B.* has taken upon himself the burden of the said trust, and is in possession of [or, of the proceeds of] the moveable and immoveable property conveyed [or assigned] by the before-mentioned deed.

3. The said *C. D.* claims to be entitled to a beneficial interest under the before-mentioned deed.

4. The plaintiff is desirous to account for all the rents and profits of the said immoveable property [and the proceeds of the sale of the said, or of part of the said, immoveable property, or moveable, or the proceeds of the sale of, or of part of, the said moveable, property, or the profits accruing to the plaintiff as such trustee in the execution of the said trust]; and he prays that the Court will take the accounts of the said trust, and also that the whole of the said trust estate may be administered in the Court for the benefit of the said *C. D.*, the defendant, and all other persons who may be interested in such administration, in the presence of the said *C. D.* and such other persons so interested as the Court may direct, or that the said *C. D.* may shew good cause to the contrary.

N. B.—Where the suit is by a beneficiary, the plaint may be modelled, mutatis mutandis, on the plaint by a legatee.]

NO. 109.

FORECLOSURE OR SALE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. By an instrument of mortgage bearing date on or about the day of 18 , a house with the garden and appurtenances, situated within the jurisdiction of this Court, were conveyed [or assigned] by the defendant to him the plaintiff, his heirs [or executors, administrators,] and assigns, for securing the principal sum of Rs. together with interest thereon after the rate of Rs. per centum per annum, subject to redemption upon payment by the said defendant of the said principal and interest at a day long since past.

2. There is now due from the defendant to the plaintiff the sum of Rs. for principal and interest on the said mortgage.

3. The plaintiff prays (a) that the Court will order the defendant to pay him the said sum of Rs. , with such further interest as may accrue between the filing of the plaint and the day of payment, and also the costs of this suit, on some day to be named by the Court, and in default that the equity of redemption of the said mortgaged premises may be foreclosed and the plaintiff placed in possession of the same premises; or (b) that the said premises may be sold, and the proceeds applied in and towards the payment of the amount of the said principal, interest and costs; and (c) that if such proceeds shall not be sufficient for the payment in full of such amount, the defendant do pay to the plaintiff the amount of the deficiency with interest thereon at the rate of six per cent. per annum until realization; and (d) that for that purpose all proper directions may be given and accounts taken by the Court.

NO. 110.

REDEMPTION.

(Title.)

[Alter Form 109 thus.—]

Transpose parties and also the facts in paragraph 1.

or paragraph 2, substitute—

2. There is now due from the plaintiff to the defendant, for principal and interest on the said mortgage, the sum of Rs. which the plaintiff is ready and willing to pay to the defendant, of which the defendant, before filing this plaint, had notice.

For paragraph 3, substitute—

The plaintiff prays that he may redeem the said premises and that the defendant may be ordered to re-convey [or re-assign] the same to him upon payment of the said sum of Rs. and interest, with such costs (if any), as the Court may order upon a day to be named by the Court, and that the Court will give all proper directions for the preparation and execution of such re-conveyance [or assignment], and doing such other acts as may be necessary to put him into possession of the said premises, freed from the said mortgage.

NO. 111.

SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE. (No. 1).

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. By an agreement dated the day of and signed by the above-named defendant, *C. D.*, he the said *C. D.* contracted to buy of [or sell to] him certain immoveable property, therein described and referred to, for the sum of Rs. .

2. He has applied to the said *C. D.* specifically to perform the said agreement on his part, but he has not done so.

3. The said *A. B.* has been and still is ready and willing specifically to perform the agreement on his part, of which the said *C. D.* has had notice.

4. The plaintiff prays that the Court will order the said *A. B.* specifically to perform the said agreement, and to do all acts necessary to put the said *A. B.* in full possession of the said property [or to accept a conveyance and possession of the said property] and to pay the costs of the suit.

[*N. B.*—In suit for delivery up, to be cancelled, of any agreement, omit paragraphs 2 and 3, and substitute a paragraph stating generally the grounds for requiring the agreement to be delivered up to be cancelled, such as that the plaintiff signed it by mistake, under distress, or by the fraud of the defendant, and alter the prayer according to the relief sought.]

No. 112.

SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE. (No. 2).

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , the defendant was absolutely entitled to certain immoveable property described in the agreement hereto annexed.

2. That on the same day, the plaintiff and defendant entered into an agreement, under their hands, a copy of which is hereto annexed.

3. That on the day of 18 , the plaintiff tendered rupees to the defendant, and demanded a conveyance of the said property.

4. That on the day of 18 , the plaintiff again demanded such conveyance. [Or, that the defendant refused to convey the same to the plaintiff.]

5. That the defendant has not executed such conveyance.

6. That the plaintiff is still ready and willing to pay the purchase-money of the said property to the defendant.

The plaintiff prays judgment :

(1) That the defendant execute to the plaintiff a sufficient conveyance of the said property [following the terms of the agreement]

(2) For rupees compensation for withholding the same.

No. 113.

PARTNERSHIP.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. He and the said *C. D.*, the defendant, have been for the space of years [or months] last past carrying on business together at within the jurisdiction of this Court, under certain articles of partnership in writing, signed by them respectively, [or, under a certain deed sealed and executed by them respectively, or, under a verbal agreement between them, the said plaintiff and defendant].

2. Divers disputes and differences have arisen between the plaintiff and defendant as such partners, whereby it has become impossible to carry on the said business in partnership with advantage to the partners.

3. The plaintiff desires to have the said partnership dissolved, and he is ready and willing to bear his share of the debts and obligations of the partnership according to the terms of the said articles [or deed, or agreement].

4. The plaintiff prays the Court to decree a dissolution of the said partnership, and that the accounts of the said partnership trading may be taken by the Court, and the assets thereof realized, and that each party may be ordered to pay into Court any balance due from him upon such partnership-account, and that the debts and liabilities of the said partnership may be paid and discharged, and that the costs of the suit may be paid out of the partnership-assets, and that any balance remaining of such assets, after such payment and discharge, and the payment of the said costs, may be divided between the plaintiff and defendant, according to the terms of the said articles [or deed, or agreement], or that, if the said assets shall prove insufficient, he the plaintiff and the said defendant may be ordered to contribute in such proportions as shall be just to a fund to be raised for the payment and discharge of such debts, liabilities and costs. And to give such other relief as the Court shall think fit.

This plaint was filed by
Pleader for the plaintiff,

of
or by

[*N. B.*—In suits for winding-up of any partnership, omit the prayer for dissolution : but instead thereof insert a paragraph stating the fact of the partnership having been dissolved.]

No. 114.

FORMS OF CONCISE STATEMENTS.

[Code of Civil Procedure, section 58.]

Money lent.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for money lent [and interest].
Several demands.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs., whereof rs. is for the price of
Rent.	goods sold, and	rs. for money lent, and
Salary, &c.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for arrears of rent.
	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for arrears of salary as a clerk [or, as the case
	may be].	
Interest.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for interest upon money lent.
General average.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a general average contribution.
Freight, &c.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for freight and demurrage.
Banker's balance.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for money deposited with the defendant as a
Fees, &c., as	banker.	
pleader.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for fees for work done [and
Commission.	money expended, as a pleader.	rs.
	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for commission earned as [state character, a
	auctioneer, cotton-broker, &c.].	
Medical attendance, &c.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for medical attendances.
Return of premium.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a return of premiums paid upon policies
Warehouse rent.	of insurance.	
Carriage of goods.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for the warehousing of goods.
Use and occupation of houses.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for the carriage of goods by railway.
	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for the use and occupation of a house.
Hire of goods.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for the hire of [furniture].
Work done.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for work done as a [surveyor].
Board and lodging.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for board and lodging.
Schooling.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for the [board, lodging and] tuition of X. Y.
Money received.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for money received by the defendant as pleader
Fees of office.	[or factor, or collector, or, &c.] of the plaintiff.	
	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for fees received by the defendant under colour
	of the office of	
Money over-paid.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a return of money overcharged for the car-
	riage of goods by railway.	
	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a return of fees overcharged by the defend-
	ant as	
Return of money by stake-holder.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a return of money deposited with the defend-
	ant as stake-holder.	
Money won from stake-holder.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for money entrusted to the defendant as stake-
	holder, and become payable to plaintiff.	
Money entrusted to agent.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a return of money entrusted to the defendant
Money obtained by fraud.	as agent of the plaintiff.	
	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a return of money obtained from the plain-
	tiff by fraud.	
Money paid by mistake.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a return of money paid to the defendant by
	mistake.	
Money paid for consideration which has failed.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a return of money paid to the defendant for
	[work to be done, or work left undone; or, a bill to be taken up, or, a bill not taken up, or, &c.]	
	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a return of money paid as a deposit upon
	shares to be allotted.	
Money paid by surety for defendant.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for money paid for the defendant as his surety.
Rent paid.	The plaintiff's claim is	
Money paid on accommodation-bill.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for money paid for rent due by the defendant.
	for the defendant's accommodation.	rs. upon a bill of exchange accepted [or indorsed]
Contribution by surety.	The plaintiff's claim is	
By co-debtor.	the plaintiff as surety.	rs. for a contribution in respect of money paid by
	The plaintiff's claim is	
	the plaintiff and the defendant, paid by the plaintiff.	rs. for a contribution in respect of a joint debt of
Money paid for calls.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for money paid for calls upon shares, against
Money payable under award.	which the defendant was bound to indemnify the plaintiff.	
	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for money payable under an award.
Life-policy.	The plaintiff's claim is	
	deceased.	rs. upon a policy of insurance upon the life of X. Y.,
Money-bond.	The plaintiff's claim is	
	rs. and interest.	rs. upon a bond to secure payment of
Foreign judgment.	The plaintiff's claim is	
Bills of exchange, &c.	[the Empire of Russia].	rs. upon a judgment of the Court in
	The plaintiff's claim is	
	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. upon a cheque drawn by the defendant.
	indorsed] by the defendant.	rs. upon a bill of exchange accepted [or drawn, or
	The plaintiff's claim is	
	the defendant.	rs. upon a promissory note made [or indorsed] by
	The plaintiff's claim is	
	against the defendant, C. D., as drawer [or indorser] of a bill of exchange.	rs. against the defendant, A. B., as acceptor, and
Surety.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. against the defendant as surety for the price of
	goods sold.	

The plaintiff's claim is *rs.* against the defendant, *A. B.*, as principal, and against the defendant, *C. D.*, as surety, for the price of goods sold [*or* for arrears of rent, *or* for money lent, *or* for money received by the defendant, *A. B.*, as traveller for the plaintiff, *or, &c.*].

Calls. The plaintiff's claim is *rs.* for calls upon shares.

Indorsement for costs, &c.

[*Add to the above Forms*] and *rs.* for costs; and if the amount claimed be paid to the plaintiff or his pleader within *days* [*or, if the summons is to be served out of the jurisdiction, insert the time for appearance limited by the order*] from the service hereof, further proceedings will be stayed.

Damages and other claims.

Agent, &c.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to employ the plaintiff as traveller.
•	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for wrongful dismissal from the defendant's employment as traveller [and <i>rs.</i> for arrears of wages].
)	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for the defendant's wrongfully quitting the plaintiff's employment as manager.
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of duty as factor [<i>or, &c.</i>] of the plaintiff [and <i>rs.</i> for money received as factor, <i>or &c.</i>]
Apprentices.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of the terms of a deed of apprenticeship of <i>X. Y.</i> to the defendant [<i>or</i> plaintiff].
Arbitration.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for non-compliance with the award of <i>X. Y.</i>
Assault, &c.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for assault [and false imprisonment, and for malicious prosecution].
By husband and wife.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for assault and false imprisonment of the plaintiff, <i>C. D.</i>
Against husband and wife.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for assault by the defendant, <i>C. D.</i>
Pleader.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for injury by the defendant's negligence as pleader of the plaintiff.
Bailment.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for negligence in the custody of goods [and for wrongfully detaining the same].
Pledge.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for negligence in the keeping of goods pawned [and for wrongfully detaining the same].
Hire.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for negligence in the custody of furniture [<i>or</i> a carriage] lent on hire, [and for wrongfully, &c.].
Banker.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for wrongfully neglecting [<i>or</i> refusing] to pay the plaintiff's cheque.
Bill.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to accept the plaintiff's drafts.
Bond. •	The plaintiff's claim is upon a bond conditioned not to carry on the trade of a
Carrier.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for refusing to carry the plaintiff's goods by railway.
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for refusing to carry the plaintiff by railway.
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of duty in and about the carriage and delivery of coals by railway.
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of duty in and about the carriage and delivery of machinery by sea.
Charter-party.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of charter-party of ship [<i>Mary</i>].
Claim for return of goods; damages.	The plaintiff's claim is for return of household furniture, [<i>or, &c.</i>] or their value, and for damages for detaining the same.
Damages for depriving of goods.	The plaintiff's claim is for wrongfully depriving plaintiff of goods, household furniture, &c.
Defamation.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for libel.
Wrongful distress.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for slander.
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for improperly distraining.

[*This Form shall be sufficient whether the distress complained of be wrongful or excessive, or irregular.*]

Ejectment.	The plaintiff's claim is to recover possession of a house, No. <i> </i> in <i> </i> Street, or of a farm called Blackacre, situate in the <i> </i> of <i> </i> in the <i> </i> of <i> </i>
To establish title and recover rents.	The plaintiff's claim is to establish his title to [<i>here describe property</i>] and to recover the rents thereof.

[*The two previous Forms may be combined.*]

Fishery.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for infringement of the plaintiff's right of fishing.
Fraud.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for fraudulent misrepresentation on the sale of a horse [<i>or</i> a business, <i>or</i> shares, <i>or, &c.</i>].
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for fraudulent misrepresentation of the credit of <i>A. B.</i>
Guarantee.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract of guarantee for <i>A. B.</i>
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to indemnify the plaintiff as the defendant's agent to distrain.
Insurance.	The plaintiff's claim is for a loss under a policy upon the ship [<i>Royal Charter</i>], and freight of cargo [<i>or</i> for return of premiums].

[*This Form shall be sufficient whether the loss claimed be total or partial.*]

Fire insurance	The plaintiff's claim is for a loss under a policy of fire insurance upon house and furniture.
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to insure a house.
Landlord and tenant.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to keep a house in repair.
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breaches of covenants contained in a lease of a farm.
Medical man.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for injury to the plaintiff from the defendant's negligence as a medical man.

Mischivous animal.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for injury by the defendant's dog.
Negligence.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for injury to the plaintiff by the negligent driving of the defendant or his servants.
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for injury to the plaintiff while a passenger on the defendant's railway by the negligence of the defendant's servants.
Act XIII of 1855.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for injury to the plaintiff at the defendant's railway-station from the defective condition of the station.
	The plaintiff's claim is as executor of <i>A. B.</i> deceased, for damages for the death of the said <i>A. B.</i> , from injuries received while a passenger on the defendant's railway, by the negligence of the defendant's servants.
Promise of marriage.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of promise of marriage.
Sale of goods.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of contract to accept and pay for goods.
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for non-delivery [or short delivery, or defective quality, or other breach of contract of sale] of cotton [or, &c.].
Sale of goods.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of warranty of a horse.
Sale of land.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to sell [or purchase] land.
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to let [or take] a house.
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to sell [or purchase] the lease, with good-will, fixtures, and stock-in-trade of a public-house.
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of covenant for title [or for quiet enjoyment, or, &c.] in a conveyance of land.
Trespass on land.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for wrongfully entering the plaintiff's land and drawing water from his well [or cutting his grass, or felling his timber, or pulling down his fences, or removing his gate, or using his road or path, or crossing his field, or depositing sand there, or carrying away gravel from thence, or carrying away stones from his river].
Support.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for wrongfully taking away the support of plaintiff's land [or house, or mine].
Way.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for wrongfully obstructing a way [public highway, or private way].
Water-course, &c.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for wrongfully diverting [or obstructing, or polluting, or diverting water from] a water-course.
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for wrongfully discharging water upon the plaintiff's land [or into the plaintiff's mine].
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for wrongfully obstructing the plaintiff's use of a well.
Pasture.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for the infringement of the plaintiff's right of pasture.

[This Form shall be sufficient whatever the nature of the right to pasture be.]

Light.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for obstructing the access of light to plaintiff's house.
Patent.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for the infringement of the plaintiff's patent.
Copy-right.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for the infringement of the plaintiff's copy-right.
Trade-mark.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for wrongfully using [or imitating] the plaintiff's trade-mark.
Work.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to build a ship [or to repair a house, &c.].
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to employ the plaintiff to build a ship, &c.
Nuisance.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages to his house, trees, crops, &c., caused by noxious vapours from the defendant's factory [or, &c.].
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages from nuisance by noise from the defendant's works [or stables, or, &c.].
Injunction.	[Add to indorsement] :—and for an injunction.
	[Add to indorsement where claim is to land, or to establish title, or both] :—
Meane profits.	and for meane profits.
Arrears of rent.	and for an account of rents or arrears of rent.
Breach of covenant.	and for breach of covenant for [repairs].

1. Creditor to administer Estate.

The plaintiff's claim is as a creditor of *X. Y.*, of _____ deceased, to have the moveable and immoveable property of the said *X. Y.* administered. The defendant, *C. D.*, is sued as the administrator of the said *X. Y.*, [and the defendants, *E. F.* and *G. H.*, as his coheirs at law.]

2. Legatee to administer Estate.

The plaintiff's claim is as a legatee under the will dated the _____ day of _____ 18____ of *X. Y.*, deceased, to have the moveable and immoveable property of the said *X. Y.* administered. The defendant, *C. D.*, is sued as the executor of the said *X. Y.* [and the defendants, *E. F.* and *G. H.*, as his devisees].

3. Partnership.

The plaintiff's claim is to have an account taken of the partnership dealings between the plaintiff and defendant [under articles of partnership dated the _____ day of _____], and to have the affairs of the partnership wound up.

4. By mortgages.

The plaintiff's claim is to have an account taken of what is due to him for principal, interest and costs on a mortgage dated the _____ day of _____, made between [parties] [or, by deposit of title-deeds], and that the mortgage may be enforced by foreclosure or sale.

5. *By mortgagor.*

The plaintiff's claim is to have an account taken of what, if anything, is due on a mortgage dated _____ and made between [*parties*], and to redeem the property comprised therein.

6. *Raising Portions.*

The plaintiff's claim is that the sum of _____ rs. which by an indenture of settlement, dated _____, was provided for the portions of the younger children of _____ may be raised.

7. *Execution of Trusts.*

The plaintiff's claim is to have the trusts of an indenture dated _____ and made between [*parties*] carried into execution.

8. *Cancellation, or Rectification.*

The plaintiff's claim is to have a deed dated _____ and made between [*parties*] set aside or rectified.

9. *Specific Performance.*

The plaintiff's claim is for specific performance of an agreement dated the _____ day of _____ for the sale by the plaintiff to the defendant of certain [freehold] hereditaments at _____

No. 115.

PROBATE.

1. *By an executor or legatee propounding a will in solemn form.*

The plaintiff claims to be executor of the last will dated the _____ day of _____ of C. W. late of _____ deceased, who died on the _____ day of _____ and to have the said will established. This summons is issued against you as one of the next-of-kin of the said deceased [*or, as the case may be*].

2. *By an executor or legatee of a former will, or a next-of-kin, &c., of the deceased seeking to obtain the revocation of a probate granted in common form.*

The plaintiff claims to be executor of the last will dated the _____ day of _____ of C.D., late of _____ deceased, who died on the _____ day of _____ and to have the probate of a pretended will of the said deceased, dated the _____ day of _____ revoked. This summons is issued against you as the executor of the said pretended will [*or, as the case may be*].

3. *By an executor or legatee of a will when letters of administration have been granted as in an intestacy.*

The plaintiff claims to be executor of the last will of C. D., late of _____ deceased, who died on the _____ day of _____ dated the _____ day of _____ The plaintiff claims that the grant of letters of administration of the estate of the said deceased obtained by you should be revoked, and probate of the said will granted to him.

4. *By a person claiming a grant of administration as a next-of-kin of the deceased, but whose interest as next-of-kin is disputed.*

The plaintiff claims to be the brother and sole next-of-kin of C.D. of _____ deceased, who died on the _____ day of _____ intestate, and to have as such a grant of administration to the personal estate of the said intestate. This writ is issued against you because you have entered a caveat, and have alleged that you are the sole next-of-kin of the deceased [*or, as the case may be*].

Indorsements of character of Parties.

The plaintiff's claim is as executor [*or administrator*] of C.D., deceased, for, &c.

The plaintiff's claim is against the defendant, A. B., as executor [*or, &c.*] of C.D., deceased, for, &c.

The plaintiff's claim is against the defendant, A.B., as executor of X. Y. deceased, and against the defendant, C.D., in his personal capacity, for, &c.

The claim of the plaintiff, C.D., is as executrix of X. Y., deceased, and the claim of the plaintiff, A.B., as her husband, for

By husband
and wife-
executrix.

Trustees.

The plaintiff's claim is as [*or, the plaintiff's claim is against the defendant as*] trustee under the will of A.B. [*or under the settlement upon the marriage of A.B. and X. Y. his wife*].

Public officer.

The plaintiff's claim is as public officer of the _____ Bank, for _____ The plaintiff's claim is against the defendant as public officer of the _____ Bank,

for _____ The plaintiff's claim is against the defendant, A.B., as principal, and against the defendant, C.D., as public officer, of the _____ Bank, as surety, for _____

Heir and
devisee.

The plaintiff's claim is against the defendant as heir-at-law of A.B., deceased.

The plaintiff's claim is against the defendant, C.D., as devisee, of lands under the will of A.B.

F.—MISCELLANEOUS.
No. 116.
Section 58 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Court of olden
Register of Civil Suits in the year 18 . . .

Date of presentation of plaint.		No. of Suit.																			
PLAINTIFF.		DEFENDANT.																			
Name.	Description.	Place of abode.	Particulars.	Amount or value.	When the Cause of Action accrued.	APPEARANCE.		JUDGMENT.		APPEAL.		EXECUTION.				RETURN OF EXECUTION.					
						Day for parties to appear.	Plaintiff.	Defendant.	Date.	For whom.	For what, or amount.	Date of Appeal.	Judgment in Appeal.	Date of applica- tion.	Date of Order.	Against whom.	For what, and amount if money.	Amount of Costs.	Amount paid into Court.	Arrested.	Minute of other Return than payment of Arrest, and date of every Return.

No. 117.

SUMMONS FOR DISPOSAL OF SUIT.

Sections 64 and 68 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

To

dwelling at

WHEREAS
has instituted a suit against you for
you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person
or by a duly authorized Pleader of the Court, duly instructed,
and able to answer all material questions relating to the
suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able
to answer all such questions, on the

day of 18, at o'clock
in the forenoon, to answer the above-named plaintiff; and
as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the
final disposal of the suit, you must be prepared to produce
all your witnesses on that day; and you are hereby required
to take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day
before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in
your absence; and you will bring with you, or send by your
Pleader

, which the
plaintiff desires to inspect, and any documents on which you
intend to rely in support of your defence.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court this
day of 18.

L. S.

Judge.

Should you apprehend your witnesses will not attend of
own accord, you can have subpoenas from this
Court to compel the attendance of any witness, and the
production of any document that you have a right to
upon the witness to produce, on applying to the Court
at any time before the trial, on your depositing
necessary subsistence-money.
If you admit the demand, you should pay the money into
Court with the costs of the suit, to avoid the summary
execution of the decree, which may be against your
person or property, or both, if necessary.

S

NOTICE

NOTE.—If written statements are required, say—You are (or such a party is, as the case may be)
required to put in a written statement by the day of

No. 118.

SUMMONS FOR SETTLEMENT OF ISSUES.

Sections 64 and 68 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

To

dwelling at

WHEREAS
has instituted a suit against you for
you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person
or by a duly authorized Pleader of the Court, duly
instructed, and able to answer all material questions
relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some
other person able to answer all such questions, on
the day of 18, at o'clock in the

forenoon, to answer the above-named plaintiff; and you are
hereby required to take notice that, in default of your
appearance on the day before mentioned, the issues will be
settled in your absence; and you will bring with you, or send
by your Pleader
, which the plaintiff desires
to inspect, and any document on which you intend to rely
in support of your defence.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court this
day of 18

L. S.

Judge.

NOTICE.—1. Should you apprehend your witnesses will not
attend of their own accord, you can have
subpoenas from this Court to compel the attend-
ance of any witness, and the production of
any document that you have a right to call on
the witness to produce, on applying to the Court
at any time before the trial, on your depositing
their necessary subsistence-money.
2. If you admit the demand, you should pay the
money into Court with the costs of the suit,
to avoid the summary execution of the decree,
which may be against your person or property,
or both, if necessary.

NOTE.—If written statements are required, say—You are (or such a party is, as the case may be)
required to put in a written statement by the day of

No. 119.

SUMMONS TO APPEAR.

Section 68 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

NO. OF SUIT.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Plaintiff.

Defendant.

To

(Name, description and address.)

WHEREAS [here enter the name, description and address of the plaintiff] has instituted a suit in this Court against you [here state the particulars of the claim as in the register]: you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person on the day of at in the forenoon [If not specially required to appear in person, state—"in person or by a pleader of the Court duly instructed and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions"] to answer the above-named plaintiff. [If the summons be for the final disposal of the suit, this further direction shall be added here; "and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must be prepared to produce all your witnesses on that day"]; and you are hereby required to take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence; and you will bring with you (or send by your agent) [here mention any document the production of which may be required by the plaintiff] which the plaintiff desires to inspect, and any document on which you intend to rely in support of your defence.

No. 120.

ORDER FOR TRANSMISSION OF SUMMONS FOR SERVICE IN THE JURISDICTION OF ANOTHER COURT.

Section 85 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

The

day of

18 .

WHEREAS it is stated in the plaint that , the defendant in the above suit is at present residing in , but that the right to sue accrued within the jurisdiction of this Court: it is ordered that a summons returnable on the day of 18 be forwarded for service on the said defendant, to the Court of with a duplicate of this proceeding.

L. S.

Judge.

No. 121.

TO ACCOMPANY RETURN OF SUMMONS OF ANOTHER COURT.

Section 85 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil suit No.

of 18 .

The

day of

18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

Read proceeding from the

for service on

forwarding

in

Civil

No.

of that Court.

Read bailiff's endorsement on the back of the process stating that the and proof of the above having been duly taken by me on the [oath or] affirmation of and it is ordered that the be returned to the with a copy of this proceeding.

L. S.

Judge.

NOTE.—This form will be applicable to process other than summons, the service of which may have to be effected in the same manner.

No. 122.

DEFENDANT'S STATEMENT.

Section 110 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

I, the undersigned defendant [*or one of the defendants*], disclaim all interest under the will of the said *E. F.* in the plaint named [*or, as heir-at-law of, or, as next-of-kin, or one of the next-of-kin, of E. F., deceased, in the said plaint named*].

Or, I the undersigned defendant state, that I admit [or deny] [here repeat in the language of the plaint the statements admitted or denied].

Or, I the undersigned defendant submit that, upon the facts stated in the plaint, it does not appear that there is any agreement which can be legally enforced [or, that it appears upon the said plaint that I am jointly liable with one E. F., who is not a party to the suit, and not severally liable as by the plaint appears, or, that it appears by the said plaint that G. H. should have been a joint plaintiff with the said A. B. in the said suit, or, as the case may be].

Or, that the plaintiff has conveyed [or assigned] his interest in the said mortgage [or equity of redemption] to one I. J. [or, that I have conveyed or assigned to H. L. by way of further charge for securing the sum of Rs. , the equity of redemption in the property sought by the suit to be foreclosed].

Or, that since the dissolution of the partnership the plaintiff has executed an instrument, whereby the plaintiff covenants to discharge all debts and liabilities of the partnership, and generally to release me from all claims and liabilities either by or to himself and others in respect of the said partnership trading [or, as the case may be].

(Signed) C. D.,
Defendant.

No. 123.

INTERROGATORIES.

Section 121 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

3

Civil Suit No.

of 18

A. B.

against

C. D., E. F. and G. H.

Interrogatories on behalf of the above-named *A. B.* [*or C. D.*] for the examination of the above-named [*E. F. and G. H., or A. B.*].

1. Did not &c.

2. Has not &c.

The defendant *E. F.* is required to answer the interrogatories numbered

The defendant *G. H.* is required to answer the interrogatories numbered

No. 124.

FORM OF NOTICE TO PRODUCE DOCUMENTS.

Section 131 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

C

Civil Suit No.

of 18

A. B.

against

C. D.

Take notice that the plaintiff [*or defendant*] requires you to produce for his inspection the following documents referred to in your plaint [*or written statement, or affidavit*], dated the day of 18 .

Describe documents required.

X. Y. Pleader for the plaintiff [*or the defendant*].

To Z.

Pleader for the defendant [*or plaintiff*].

No. 125.

SUMMONS TO ATTEND AND GIVE EVIDENCE.

Sections 159 and 163 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

To

WHEREAS your attendance is required to
on behalf of the _____ in the above cause, you are hereby required [personally
to appear before this Court] on the _____ day of _____ 18____, at the hour of _____ A. M.
[and] to bring with you or to send to this Court

A sum of Rs. _____, being your travelling and other expenses and subsistence-
allowance for one day, is herewith sent. If you do not comply with this order, you will be
subject to the consequence of non-attendance laid down in the Code of Civil Procedure,
section 170.

Notice—(1). If you are summoned only to produce a document and not to give evidence,
you shall be deemed to have complied with the summons if you cause such document to be
produced in this Court on the day and hour aforesaid.

(2). If you are to be detained beyond the day aforesaid, a sum of Rs.
_____ will be tendered to you for each day's attendance beyond the day specified.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this _____ day of _____ 18____.

L. S.

Judge.

No. 126.

SUMMONS TO ATTEND AND GIVE EVIDENCE.

Sections 159 and 163 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Another Form.

No. OF SUIT.

IN THE COURT OF _____ AT _____

Plaintiff.

Defendant.

To _____ (Name, description and address.)

You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person on the
day of _____ at _____ in the forenoon, to give evidence on behalf of the
plaintiff [or the defendant] in the above-mentioned suit, and to produce [here describe with
convenient certainty any document the production of which may be required. If the sum-
mons be only to give evidence, or if it be only to produce a document, it must be expressed
accordingly] and you are not to depart thence until you have been examined [or have pro-
duced the document] and the Court has risen, or unless you have obtained the leave of the
Court.

FORMS OF DECREES.

No. 127.

SIMPLE MONEY-DECREE.

(Title.)

Claim for

THIS cause coming on _____ for final disposal before _____ in the
presence of _____, on the part of the plaintiff, and _____ on the part of
the defendant, it is ordered that the _____ do pay to _____ the
the sum of Rs. _____, with interest thereon at the rate of _____ per cent.
per _____ from _____ to the date of realization of the said sum,
and do also pay to the _____ the costs of this suit as taxed by
the officer of the Court, with interest thereon at the rate aforesaid from the date of taxa-
tion to the date of realization.

Costs of suit.

PLAINTIFF.				DEFENDANT.			
	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.
1. Stamp for plaint	...			Stamp for power	...		
2. Do. for power	...			Do. petition	...		
3. Do. exhibits	...			Pleader's fee	...		
4. Pleader's fees on Rs.	...			Subsistence for witnesses	...		
5. Translation fee	...			Service of process	...		
6. Subsistence for witness	...			Translation fee	...		
for attendance	...			Commissioner's fee	...		
7. Commissioner's fee	...						
8. Service of process	...						
9. &c.	...						
TOTAL	...			TOTAL	...		

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 128.

DECREE FOR SALE IN A SUIT BY A MORTGAGEE OR PERSON ENTITLED TO A LIEN.

(Title.)

It is ordered that it be referred to the Registrar [or Taxing Officer] to take an account of what is due to the plaintiff for principal and interest on the mortgage [or lien] mentioned in the plaint, and to tax the plaintiff's costs of this suit, and that the Registrar do certify to the Court on the day of what he shall find to be due for principal and interest as aforesaid, and for costs; And upon the defendant paying into Court what shall be certified to be due to the plaintiff for principal and interest as aforesaid, together with the said costs, within six months after the Registrar or Taxing Officer shall have presented his certificate, it is ordered that the plaintiff do reconvey the said mortgaged premises free and clear from all incumbrances done by him, or any claiming by, from, or under him, and do deliver up to the Registrar [or Taxing Officer] all deeds and writings in his custody or power relating thereto, and that upon such reconveyance being made, and deeds and writings being delivered up, the Registrar [or Taxing Officer] shall pay out to the plaintiff the said sum so paid in as aforesaid for principal, interest and costs; but in default of the defendant paying into Court such principal, interest and costs as aforesaid by the time aforesaid, then it is ordered that the said mortgaged premises [or the premises subject to the said lien] be sold with the approbation of the Registrar [or Taxing Officer]. And it is ordered that the money to arise by such sale be paid into Court, to the end that the same may be duly applied in payment of what shall be found due to the plaintiff for principal, interest and costs as aforesaid, and that the balance (if any) shall be paid to the defendant.

No. 129.

FINAL DECREE FOR FORECLOSURE.

(Title.)

Whereas it appears to the Court that the defendant has not paid into Court the sum which was on the day of last certified by the Registrar to be due to the Plaintiff for principal and interest upon the mortgage in the plaint mentioned, and for costs, pursuant to the order made in this suit on the day of last, and that the period of six months has elapsed since the said day of .

It is ordered that the Defendant do stand absolutely debarred and foreclosed of and from all equity of redemption of, in, and to, the said mortgaged premises.

No. 130.

PRELIMINARY ORDER—ADMINISTRATION SUIT.

Section 213 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

It is ordered that the following accounts and inquiries be taken and made; that is to say:—

In creditor's suit—

1. That an account be taken of what is due to the Plaintiff and all other the creditors of the deceased.

In suits by legatees—

2. An account be taken of the legacies given by the testator's will.

In suits by next-of-kin—

An inquiry be made and account taken of what, or of what share, if any, the plaintiff is entitled to as next-of-kin [or one of the next-of-kin] of the intestate.

[After the first paragraph, the Order will, where necessary, order, in a creditor's suit, inquiry and, accounts for legatees, heirs-at-law, and next-of-kin. In suits by claimants other than creditors, after the first paragraph, in all cases, an order to inquire and take an account of creditors, will follow the first paragraph, and such of the others as may be necessary will follow, omitting the first formal words. The form is continued as in a creditor's suit.]

3. An account of the funeral and testamentary expenses.

4. An account of the moveable property of the deceased come to the hands of the Defendant, or to the hands of any other person by his order or for his use.

5. An inquiry what part (if any) of the moveable property of the deceased is outstanding and undisposed of.

6. And it is further ordered, that the Defendant do, on or before the _____ day of _____ next, pay into Court all sums of money which shall be found to have come to his hands, or to the hands of any person by his order or to his use.

7. And that if the Registrar shall find it necessary for carrying out the objects of the suit to sell any part of the moveable property of the deceased, that the same be sold accordingly, and the proceeds paid into Court.

8. And that Mr. E. F. be Receiver in the suit [or proceeding], and receive and get in all outstanding debts and outstanding moveable property of the deceased, and pay the same into the hands of the Registrar [and shall give security by bond for the due performance of his duties to the amount of _____ rupees].

9. And it is further ordered, that if the moveable property of the deceased be found insufficient for carrying out the objects of the suit, then the following further inquiries be made, and accounts taken, that is to say,—

(a) an inquiry what immoveable property the deceased was seised of or entitled to at the time of his death;

(b) an inquiry what are the incumbrances (if any) affecting the immoveable property of the deceased, or any part thereof;

(c) an account, so far as possible, of what is due to the several incumbrancers, and to include a statement of the priorities of such of the incumbrancers as shall consent to the sale hereinafter directed.

10. And that the immoveable property of the deceased, or so much thereof as shall be necessary to make up the fund in Court sufficient to carry out the object of the suit, be sold with the approbation of the Judge, free from incumbrances (if any) of such incumbrancers as shall consent to the sale, and subject to the incumbrances of such of them as shall not consent.

11. And it is ordered, that G. H. shall have the conduct of the sale of the immoveable property, and shall prepare the conditions and contracts of sale subject to the approval of the Registrar, and that in case any doubt or difficulty shall arise the papers shall be submitted to the Judge to settle.

12. And it is further ordered, that, for the purpose of the inquiries hereinbefore directed, the Registrar shall advertise in the newspapers according to the practice of the Court, or shall make such inquiries in any other way which shall appear to the Registrar to give the most useful publicity to such inquiries.

13. And it is ordered, that the above inquiries and accounts be made and taken, and that all other acts ordered to be done be completed, before the _____ day of _____ and that the Registrar do certify the result of the inquiries, and the accounts, and that all other acts ordered are completed, and have his certificate in that behalf ready for the inspection of the parties on the _____ day of _____

14. And, lastly, it is ordered, that this suit [or matter] stand adjourned for making final decree to the _____ day of _____

[Such part only of this order is to be used as is applicable to the particular case.]

No. 131.

FINAL DECREE IN AN ADMINISTRATION SUIT BY A LEGATEE.

Section 213 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

1. It is ordered that the defendant _____ do on or before the _____ day of _____ pay into Court the sum of Rs. _____, the balance by the said certificate found to be due from the said defendant on account of the estate of _____, the testator, and also the sum of Rs. _____ for interest, at the rate of Rs. _____ per centum per annum, from the _____ day of _____ to the _____ day of _____ amounting together to the sum of Rs. _____

2. Let the Registrar [*or Taxing Officer*] of the said Court tax the costs of the plaintiff and defendant in this suit, and let the amount of the said costs, when so taxed, be paid out of the said sum of Rs. ordered to be paid into Court as aforesaid, as follows:—

(a.)—The costs of the plaintiff to Mr. , his attorney [*or pleader*], and the costs of the defendant to Mr. , his attorney [*or pleader*].

(b.)—And (if any debts are due), with the residue of the said sum of Rs. after payment of the plaintiff's and defendant's costs as aforesaid, let the sums found to be owing to the several creditors mentioned in the schedule to the Registrar's certificate, together with subsequent interest on such of the debts as bear interest, be paid; and after making such payments, let the amount coming to the several legatees mentioned in the schedule, together with subsequent interest (to be verified as aforesaid), be paid to them.

3. And if there should then be any residue, let the same be paid to the residuary legatee.

DECREE IN AN ADMINISTRATION SUIT BY A LEGATEE, WHERE AN EXECUTOR IS HELD PERSONALLY LIABLE FOR THE PAYMENT OF LEGACIES.

Section 213 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

1. Declare that the defendant is personally liable to pay the legacy of Rs. bequeathed to the plaintiff;
2. And it is ordered, that an account be taken of what is due for principal and interest on the said legacy;
3. And it is also ordered, that the defendant do within weeks after the date of the Registrar's certificate, pay to the plaintiff the amount of what the Registrar shall certify to be due for principal and interest;
4. And it is ordered, that the defendant do pay the plaintiff his costs of suit, the same to be taxed in case the parties differ.

FINAL DECREE IN AN ADMINISTRATION SUIT BY NEXT-OF-KIN.

Section 213 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

1. Let the Registrar of the said Court tax the costs of the plaintiff and defendant in this suit, and let the amount of the said plaintiff's costs, when so taxed, be paid by the defendant to the plaintiff out of the sum of Rs. , the balance by the said certificate found to be due from the said defendant on account of the personal estate of *E. F.*, the intestate, within one week after the taxation of the said costs by the said Registrar, and let the defendant retain for her own use out of such sum her costs, when taxed.
2. And it is ordered, that the residue of the said sum of Rs. , after payment of the plaintiffs' and defendant's costs as aforesaid, be paid and applied by defendant as follows:—
 - (a.)—Let the defendant, within one week after the taxation of the said costs by the Registrar as aforesaid, pay one-third share of the said residue to the plaintiffs, *A. B.*, and *C.*, his wife, in her right, as the sister and one of the next-of-kin of the said *E. F.*, the intestate.
 - (b.)—Let the defendant retain for her own use one other third share of the said residue, as the mother, and one other of the next-of-kin of the said *E. F.*, the intestate.
 - (c.)—And let the defendant, within one week after the taxation of the said costs by the Registrar as aforesaid, pay the remaining one-third share of the said residue to *G. H.*, as the brother and the other next-of-kin of the said *E. F.*, the intestate.

No. 132.

ORDER—DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Section 215 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

It is declared that the partnership in the plaint mentioned between the plaintiff and defendant ought to stand dissolved as from the day of , and it is ordered that the dissolution thereof as from that day be advertised in the Gazette, &c.

And it is ordered that be the Receiver of the partnership-estate and effects in this suit, and do get in all the outstanding book-debts and claims of the partnership.

And it is ordered that the following accounts be taken:—

1. An account of the credits, property and effects now belonging to the said partnership;
2. An account of the debts and liabilities of the said partnership;
3. An account of all dealings and transactions between the plaintiff and defendant, from the foot of the settled account exhibited in this suit and marked (A), and not disturbed by any subsequent settled accounts.

And it is ordered that the goodwill of the business heretofore carried on by the plaintiff and defendant as in the plaint mentioned, and the stock-in-trade, be sold on the premises, and that the Registrar may, on the application of any of the parties, fix a reserved bidding for all or any of the lots at such sale, and that either of the parties is to be at liberty to bid at the sale.

And it is ordered that the above accounts be taken and all the other acts required to be done be completed before the day of , and that the Registrar do certify the result of the accounts, and that all other acts are completed, and have his certificate in that behalf ready for the inspection of the parties on the day of .

And, lastly, it is ordered that this suit stand adjourned for making a final decree to the day of .

No. 133.

PARTNERSHIP. FINAL DECREE.

Section 215 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Regular No.

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

It is ordered that the fund now in Court, amounting to the sum of Rs. be applied as follows:—

1. In payment of the debts due by the partnership set forth in the Registrar's certificate amounting in the whole to Rs.

2. In payment of the costs of all parties in this suit, amounting to Rs.

[These costs must be ascertained before the decree is drawn up].

3. In payment of the sum of Rs. to the plaintiff as his share of the partnership-assets, of the sum of Rs. , being the residue of the said sum of Rs. now in Court to the defendant as his share of the partnership-assets.

[Or, And that the remainder of the said sum of Rs. be paid to the said plaintiff (or defendant) in part payment of the sum of Rs. certified to be due to him in respect of the partnership-accounts.

And that the defendant (or plaintiff) do on or before the day of pay to the plaintiff (or defendant) the sum of Rs. being the balance of the said sum of Rs. due to him, which will then remain due].

No. 134.

CERTIFICATE OF NON-SATISFACTION OF DECREE

Section 224 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

CERTIFIED that no [or partial, as the case may be, and if partial, state to what extent] satisfaction of the decree of this Court, in Civil Suit No. of 18 a copy of which is hereunto attached, has been obtained by execution within the jurisdiction of this Court.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 135.

NOTICE TO SHOW CAUSE WHY EXECUTION SHOULD NOT ISSUE.

Section 248 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18 .

Miscellaneous No.

of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

WHEREAS

has made application to this Court for execution of decree in Civil Suit No. 18 , this is to give you notice that you are to appear before this Court on the day of 18 , either in person or by a Pleader of this Court, or agent duly authorized and instructed to show cause, if any, why execution should not be granted.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

WHEREAS
has failed to satisfy a decree passed against _____ on the _____ day of _____.
_____ 18 _____ in favour of _____ for Rs. _____ it is ordered that the defendant
be, and is hereby, prohibited and restrained, until the further order of this Court, from

receiving from the following property in the possession of the said
 that is to say, to which the defendant is
 entitled, subject to any claim of the said , and the said is hereby
 prohibited and restrained, until the further order of this Court, from delivering the said
 property to any person or persons whomsoever.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 139.

ATTACHMENT IN EXECUTION.

PROHIBITORY ORDER, WHERE THE PROPERTY CONSISTS OF DEBTS NOT SECURED BY
 NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS

Section 268 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

To

WHEREAS
 has failed to satisfy a decree passed against on the day of
 18 , in Civil Suit No. of 18 , in favour of
 for Rs. : it is ordered that the defendant be, and
 hereby, prohibited and restrained, until the further order of this Court, from receiving from you
 a certain debt alleged now to be due from you to the said defendant, namely,
 and that you, the said
 , be, and you are hereby, prohibited and restrained, until the
 further order of this Court, from making payment of the said debt, or any part thereof, to
 any person whomsoever.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 140.

ATTACHMENT IN EXECUTION.

PROHIBITORY ORDER, WHERE THE PROPERTY CONSISTS OF SHARES IN A PUBLIC
 COMPANY, &c.

Section 268 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

To

Defendant, and to

Company

, Manager of

has failed

WHEREAS
 to satisfy a decree passed against on the day of 18 , in Civil Suit No. of 18 ,
 in favour of for Rs. it is ordered that you, the defendant, be, and you are hereby, prohibited and restrained, until
 the further order of this Court, from making any transfer of shares in
 the aforesaid Company, namely,
 or from receiving payment of any dividends thereof; and you
 , the Manager of the said Company, are hereby prohibited and restrained from per-
 mitting any such transfer or making any such payment.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 141.

ATTACHMENT IN EXECUTION.

PROHIBITORY ORDER, WHERE THE PROPERTY CONSISTS OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY. .

Section 274 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

To

Defendant.

WHEREAS you have failed to satisfy a decree passed against you on the
 day of 18 , in Civil Suit No. of 18 , in favour of
 for Rs. : it is ordered that
 you, the said , be, and you are hereby, prohibited and restrained,
 until the further order of this Court, from alienating the property specified in the schedule
 hereunto annexed, by sale, gift, or otherwise, and that all persons be, and that they are hereby
 prohibited from receiving the same by purchase, gift, or otherwise.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .
 SCHEDULE.

L. S.

Judge.

No. 142.

ATTACHMENT.

PROHIBITORY ORDER, WHERE THE PROPERTY CONSISTS OF MONEY OR OF ANY SECURITY
IN THE HANDS OF A COURT OF JUSTICE OR OFFICER OF GOVERNMENT.

Sections 272 and 486 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

SIR,

THE plaintiff having applied, under section of the Code of Civil Procedure,
 for an attachment of certain money now in your hands (*here state how the money is supposed
 to be in the hands of the person addressed, on what account, &c.*), I request that you will
 hold the said money subject to the further order of this Court.

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient Servant,

L. S.

Dated the

day of

18 .

Judge.

No. 143.

ORDER FOR PAYMENT TO THE PLAINTIFF, &C., OF MONEY, &C., IN THE HANDS
OF A THIRD PARTY.

Section 277 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18 .

Miscellaneous No. of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

TO THE BAILIFF OF THE COURT AND TO

WHEREAS the following property
 in execution of a decree in Civil Suit No. of 18 , has been attached
 18 , in favour of , passed on the day of
 for Rs. : it is ordered

that the property so attached, consisting of Rs. in money, and Rs. in Bank Notes, or a sufficient part thereof to satisfy the said decree, shall be paid over by you the said to , and that the said property, so far as may be necessary for the satisfaction of the said decree, shall be sold by you, the Bailiff of the Court, by public auction in the manner prescribed for sale in execution of decrees, and that the money which may be realized by such sale, or a sufficient part thereof to satisfy the said decree, shall be paid over to the said , and the remainder, if any, shall be paid to you, the said

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 141.

NOTICE TO ATTACHING CREDITOR.

Section 278 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18 .

Miscellaneous No. of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

WHEREAS has made application to this Court for the removal of attachment on placed at your instance in execution of the decree in Civil Suit No. of 18 this is to give you notice to appear before this Court on day of 18 , the , either in person or by a Pleader of the Court duly instructed, to support your claim as attaching creditor.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 145.

WARRANT OF SALE OF PROPERTY IN EXECUTION OF A DECREE FOR MONEY.

Section 287 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18 .

Miscellaneous No. of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

TO THE BAILIFF OF THE COURT.

THESE ARE TO COMMAND YOU to sell by auction, after giving days' previous notice, by affixing the same in this Court-house, and after making due proclamation,* the

property attached under a Warrant from this Court dated the of 18 in execution of a decree in favour of in suit No. of 18 or so much of the said property as shall realize the sum of Rs. , being the of the said decree and costs still remaining unsatisfied.

YOU ARE FURTHER COMMANDED to return this Warrant on or before the day of 18 with an endorsement certifying the manner in which it has been executed, or the reason why it has not been executed.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

* This proclamation shall specify the time, the place of sale, the property to be sold, the revenue assessed, should the property consist of land paying revenue to Government, and the amount for the recovery of which the sale is ordered.

No. 146.

NOTICE TO PERSON IN POSSESSION OF MOVEABLE PROPERTY SOLD IN EXECUTION.

Section 300 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

WHEREAS
has been the purchaser at a sale by auction in execution of the decree in the above suit of
now in your possession, you are
hereby prohibited from delivering possession of the said
to any persons except the said

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 147.

PROHIBITORY ORDER AGAINST PAYMENT OF DEBTS SOLD IN EXECUTION TO ANY OTHER THAN THE PURCHASER.

Section 301 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

and to

WHEREAS
has become the purchaser at a public sale in execution of the decree in the above suit of
certain debt due from you
to you , that is to say , it is ordered that
you be and you are hereby prohibited from receiving, and you
from making payment of, the said debt to any person or persons except the said

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 148.

PROHIBITORY ORDER AGAINST THE TRANSFER OF SHARES SOLD IN EXECUTION.

Section 301 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

and

Manager of

Company

WHEREAS
has become the purchaser at a public sale in execution of the decree in the above suit of certain shares in the above Company, that is to say
of
standing in the name of you it is ordered

that you be, and you are hereby, prohibited from making, any transfer of the said shares to any person except the said the purchaser aforesaid, or from receiving any dividends thereon: and you , Manager of the said Company, from permitting any such transfer or making any such payment to any person except the said , the purchaser aforesaid.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

Judge.

No. 149.

ORDER CONFIRMING SALE OF LAND, &C.

Section 312 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18 .
A. B. of
against
C. D. of

WHEREAS the following land (or immoveable property) was on the day of 18 sold by the Bailiff of this Court in execution of the decree in this suit; and whereas thirty days have elapsed and no application has been made (or objection allowed) to the said sale, it is ordered that the said sale be, and the said sale is hereby, confirmed.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

SCHEDULE.

L. S.

Judge.

No. 150.

CERTIFICATE OF SALE OF LAND.

Section 316 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. _____ of 18 ____
A. B. of
against
C. D. of

THIS is to certify that _____ has been declared the purchaser
at a sale by public auction on the _____ day of _____ 18____ of _____ the
in execution of decree in this suit, and that the said sale has been duly confirmed by the
Court.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 151.

ORDER FOR DELIVERY TO CERTIFIED PURCHASER OF LAND AT A SALE IN EXECUTION.

Section 318 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To THE BAILIFF OF THE COURT.

WHEREAS

has become the certified purchaser of

at a sale in execution of decree in Civil Regular No.

of 18 , and whereas such land is in the possession of

you

are hereby ordered to put the said

, the certified purchaser, as

aforesaid, into possession of the said

and if need be, to remove any person who may refuse to vacate the same.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of

L. S.

Judge.

No. 152.

AUTHORITY TO THE COLLECTOR TO STAY PUBLIC SALE OF LAND ON SECURITIES
BEING GIVEN.

Section 326 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18 .

A. B. of .

against

C. D. of

To

Collector of

SIR,

In answer to your communication No. , dated representing that the sale in execution of decree in this suit of land, lying within your district, paying revenue to Government, is objectionable, I have the honour to inform you that you are authorized, on security to the amount of Rs. decreed to the in the above suit, being given to your satisfaction, to make provision for the satisfaction of the said decree in the manner recommended by you instead of proceeding to a public sale of

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your obedient Servant,

L. S.

Judge.

No. 153.

ORDER FOR COMMITTAL FOR RESISTING, &C., EXECUTION OF DECREE FOR LAND.

Section 329 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

To

WHEREAS it appears to the Court that
'has without just cause resisted (or obstructed) the execution of the decree of the Court

passed against
in Civil Suit, No. of 18 , on the day of 18
was adjudged to , whereby certain land or immoveable property
be committed to custody for a period of , it is ordered that the said days.
GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 154.

WARRANT OF ARREST IN EXECUTION.

Section 337 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF AT
Civil Suit No. of 18 .
Miscellaneous No. of 18 .
A. B. of
against
C. D. of

TO THE BAILIFF OF THE COURT.

WHEREAS was adjudged by a decree of
the Court, in No. of 18 , dated
18 , to pay to the plain-
tiff the sum of Rs. as noted in the mar-
gin, and whereas the said sum of Rs. has not been paid to the said plaintiff in
satisfaction of the said decree, these are to com-
mand you to arrest the said defendant, and unless
the said defendant shall pay to you the said sum
of Rs. , together with Rs. for the costs of executing this process, to bring
the said defendant before the Court with all con-
venient speed. You are further commanded to
return this warrant on or before the day
of 18 , with an endorsement certifying
the day and manner in which it has been executed, or the reason why it has not been executed.
GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

Principal
Interest
Costs
Execution

TOTAL

L. S.

Judge.

No. 155.

NOTICE OF PAYMENT INTO COURT.

Section 377 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE 187 .
B. No.

A. B. v. C. D.

TAKE notice that the defendant has paid into Court Rs. and says that that
sum is enough to satisfy the plaintiff's claim [or the plaintiff's claim for, &c.].

To Mr. X, Z.,

the Plaintiff's Pleader,

Z.,

Defendant's Pleader.

No. 156.

COMMISSION TO EXAMINE ABSENT WITNESSES.

Section 386 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF AT
Civil Suit No. of 18 .
A. B. of
against
C. D. of

To WHEREAS the evidence of is required by the you are requested to take the
in the above suit; and whereas

examination on interrogatories [*or viva voce*] of such witnesses and you are hereby appointed a Commissioner for that purpose, and you are further requested to make return of such examination so soon as it may be taken [Process to require the attendance of the witness will be issued by this Court on your application.]*

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of

L. S.

Judge.

* Not necessary where the commission goes to another Court.

No. 157.

COMMISSION FOR A LOCAL INVESTIGATION, OR TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS.

Sections 392 and 395 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18 .
A. B. of
against
C. D. of

To

WHEREAS it is deemed requisite, for the purposes of this suit, that a commission for should be issued; you are hereby appointed Commissioner for the purpose of

[process to compel the attendance before you of any witnesses, or for the production of any documents which you may desire to examine or inspect. will be issued by this Court on your application]†

A sum of Rs. , being your fee in the above, is herewith forwarded.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

† Not necessary where the commission goes to another Court.

No. 158.

WARRANT OF ARREST BEFORE JUDGMENT.

Section 478 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18 .
A. B. of
against
C. D. of

TO THE BAILIFF OF THE COURT.

WHEREAS , the plaintiff in the above suit, has proved to the satisfaction of the Court that there is probable cause for believing that the defendant is about to these are to command you to take the said into custody, and to bring before the Court, in order that he may show cause why he should not furnish security to the amount of rupees for personal appearance before the Court, until such time as the said suit shall be fully and finally disposed of, and until execution or satisfaction of any decree that may be passed against in the suit.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 159.

ORDER FOR COMMITTAL.

Section 481 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

WHEREAS , Plaintiff in this suit, has made application to the Court that security be taken for the appearance of the Defendant to answer any judgment that may be passed against in the suit; and whereas the Court has called upon the Defendant to furnish such security, or to offer a sufficient deposit in lieu of security, which has failed to do; it is ordered that the said Defendant be committed to custody until the decision of the suit; or if judgment be given against until the execution of the decree.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 160.

ATTACHMENT BEFORE JUDGMENT, WITH ORDER TO CALL FOR SECURITY FOR FULFILMENT OF DECREE.

Section 484 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

TO THE BAILIFF OF THE COURT.

WHEREAS has proved to the satisfaction of the Court that the Defendant in the above suit these are to command you to call upon the said Defendant on or before the day of either to furnish security for the sum of rupees to produce and place at the disposal of this Court when required or the value thereof, or such portion of the value as may be sufficient to fulfil any decree that may be passed against or to appear and show cause why should not furnish security; and you are further ordered to attach the said and keep the same under safe and secure custody until the further order of the Court, and in what manner you shall have executed this warrant make appear to the Court immediately after the execution hereof, and have you here then this Warrant.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 161.

ATTACHMENT BEFORE JUDGMENT, ON PROOF OF FAILURE TO FURNISH SECURITY.

Section 485 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

TO THE BAILIFF OF THE COURT.

WHEREAS , the Plaintiff in this suit, has applied to the Court to call upon the Defendant, to furnish security to fulfil any decree that may be passed against in the suit, and whereas the Court has called upon

the said _____ to furnish such security which _____ has failed to do
the said _____; these are to command you to attach _____ the property of
safe and secure custody until the further order of the Court, and in what manner you shall and keep the same under
have executed this warrant make appear to this Court immediately after the execution
hereof, and have you here then this Warrant.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 162.

ATTACHMENT BEFORE JUDGMENT.

**PROHIBITORY ORDER, WHERE THE PROPERTY TO BE ATTACHED CONSISTS OF MOVE-
ABLE PROPERTY, TO WHICH THE DEFENDANT IS ENTITLED, SUBJECT TO A LIEN
OR RIGHT OF SOME OTHER PERSONS TO THE IMMEDIATE POSSESSION THEREOF.**

Section 486 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

Defendant.

It is ordered that you the said _____ be, and you are hereby, prohibited and restrained until the further order of this Court from receiving from _____ the following property in the possession of the said _____ that is to say to which the defendant is entitled, subject to any claim of the said _____ and the said _____ is hereby prohibited and restrained, until the further order of this Court, from delivering the said property to any persons whomsoever.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18

L. S.

Judge.

No. 163.

ATTACHMENT BEFORE JUDGMENT.

PROHIBITORY ORDER, WHERE THE PROPERTY CONSISTS OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY.

Section 486 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

Defendant.

It is ordered that you the said _____ be, and you are hereby prohibited and restrained, until the further order of this Court, from alienating the property specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, by sale, gift, or otherwise, and that all persons be, and that they are hereby, prohibited from receiving the same by purchase, gift, or otherwise.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

SCHEDULE.

L. S.

Judge.

No. 164.

ATTACHMENT BEFORE JUDGMENT.

PROHIBITORY ORDER, WHERE THE PROPERTY CONSISTS OF MONEY IN THE HANDS OF
OTHER PERSONS, OR OF DEBTS NOT BEING NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS.

Section 486 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

It is ordered that the defendant hereby, prohibited and restrained, until the further order of this Court, from receiving from the [money now in hands belonging to the said defendant or debts, as the case may be, describing them.] and that the said be and hereby prohibited and restrained, until the further order of this Court, from making payment of the said [money, &c.], or any part thereof, to any person whomsoever.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 165.

ATTACHMENT BEFORE JUDGMENT.

PROHIBITORY ORDER, WHERE THE PROPERTY CONSISTS OF SHARES IN A PUBLIC
COMPANY, &c.

Section 486 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

Defendant and

to

Manager of

Company.

It is ordered that be and hereby prohibited and restrained, until the further order of the Court, from making any transfer of shares in the aforesaid Company, or from receiving payment of any dividends thereof, and you Manager of the said Company, are hereby prohibited and restrained from permitting any such transfer, or making any such payment.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 166.

TEMPORARY INJUNCTIONS.

Section 492 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Upon motion made unto this Court by Pleader of (or Counsel for) the plaintiff A. B., and upon reading the petition of the said plaintiff in this matter filed (this day) [or the plaint filed in this cause on the day of , or the written statement of the said plaintiff filed on the day of] and upon hearing the evidence of and in support thereof, [if after notice and defendant not appearing, add, and also the evidence of as to service of notice of this motion upon the defendant C.D.] This Court doth order that an injunction be awarded to restrain the

defendant *C. D.*, his servants, workmen and agents from pulling down, or suffering to be pulled down the house in the plaint in the said suit of the plaintiff mentioned [or in the written statement or petition of the plaintiff and evidence at the hearing of this motion mentioned] being No. 9, Oilmongers Street, Hindupur, in the Taluq of and from selling the materials whereof the said house is composed, until the hearing of this cause or until the further order of this Court.

Dated this day of 187 .

Civil Judge. -

[*Where the injunction is sought to restrain the negotiation of a bill, note or security, the ordering part of the order may run thus:—*] to restrain the defendants and from parting with out of the custody of them or any of them, or endorsing, assigning or negotiating the promissory note in question, dated on or about the &c., mentioned in the plaintiff's plaint [or petition] and the evidence heard at this motion, until the hearing of this cause, or until the further order of this Court.

[*In copyright cases*] to restrain the defendant, *C. D.*, his servants, agents, or workmen from printing, publishing, or vending a book, called , or any part thereof, until the, &c.

[*Where part only of a book is to be restrained*] to restrain the defendant, *C. D.*, his servants, agents, or workmen, from printing, publishing, selling, or otherwise disposing of such parts of the book in the plaint [or petition and evidence, &c.] mentioned to have been published by the defendant as hereinafter specified, namely, that part of the said book which is entitled and also that part which is entitled (or which is contained in p. both inclusive) until the &c.

[*In patent cases*] to restrain the defendant, *C. D.*, his agents, servants and workmen, from making or vending any perforated bricks (or, as the case may be) upon the principle of the inventions in the plaintiff's plaint [or petition, &c., or written statement, &c.,] mentioned, belonging to the plaintiffs, or either of them, during the remainder of the respective terms of the patents in the plaintiff's plaint (or, as the case may be) mentioned, and from counterfeiting, imitating or resembling the same inventions, or either of them, or making any addition thereto, or subtraction therefrom, until the hearing, &c.

[*In cases of trade-marks*] to restrain the defendant, *C. D.*, his servants, agents or workmen, from selling, or exposing for sale, or procuring to be sold, any composition or blacking (or, as the case may be) described as or purporting to be blacking manufactured by the plaintiff, *A. B.*, in bottles having affixed thereto such labels as in the plaintiff's plaint [or petition, &c.] mentioned, or any other labels so contrived or expressed as, by colorable imitation or otherwise, to represent the composition or blacking sold by the defendant to be the same as the composition or blacking manufactured and sold by the plaintiff, *A. B.*, and from using trade-cards so contrived or expressed as to represent that any composition or blacking sold or proposed to be sold by the defendant is the same as the composition or blacking manufactured or sold by the plaintiff, *A. B.*, until the, &c.

[*To restrain a partner from in any way, interfering in the business*] to restrain the defendant, *C. D.*, his agents and servants, from entering into any contract, and from accepting, drawing, endorsing or negotiating any bill of exchange, note or written security, in the name of the partnership firm of *B. & D.*, and from contracting any debt, buying and selling any goods, and from making or entering into any verbal or written promise, agreement or undertaking, and from doing or causing to be done, any act, in the name or on the credit of the said partnership firm of *B. & D.*, or whereby the said partnership firm can or may in any manner become or be made liable to or for the payment of any sum of money, or for the performance of any contract, promise or undertaking, until the, &c.

No. 167.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR INJUNCTION.

Section 494 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

Take notice that I, *A. B.*, intend to apply at the sitting of the Court at aforesaid, on the day of for an injunction to restrain *C. D.* from further prosecuting a suit which he has commenced against me in to recover damages for the breach of the contract for the specific performance of which this suit was commenced [or to restrain him from receiving and giving discharges for any of the debts due to the partnership in the matter of the partnership between us for the winding up of which the suit was commenced, or from digging the turf from the land which was agreed to be sold by him to me by the agreement, the specific performance of which this suit is commenced to enforce, or, as the case may be].

Dated this day of 18 .

To *C. D.*

A. B.

[*N. B.—Where the injunction is to be applied for against a party whose name and address does not appear upon any proceeding already filed in the suit, it must be stated in full to enable the proper officer to serve the notice.*]

No. 168.

APPOINTMENT OF A RECEIVER.

Section 503 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18

A. B. of
against
C. D. of

To

WHEREAS has been attached in execution of a decree passed in the above suit on the day of 18, in favour of : you are hereby (subject to your giving security to the satisfaction of the Registrar) appointed Receiver of the said property under section 503 of the Code of Civil Procedure, with full powers under the provisions of that section.

You are required to render a due and proper account of your receipts and disbursements in respect of the said property on . You will be entitled to remuneration at the rate of per cent. upon your receipts under the authority of this appointment

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18

L. S.

Judge.

No. 169.

BOND TO BE GIVEN BY RECEIVER.

Section 503 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of

A. B. of
against
C. D. of

KNOW all men by these presents, that we, A. B. of, &c., and C. D. of, &c., and E. F. of, &c., are jointly and severally bound to G. H., Registrar of the Court of in Rs. , to be paid to the said G. H. or his attorney, executors, administrators or assigns. For which payment to be made we bind ourselves, and each of us, in the whole, our and each of our heirs, executors and administrators, jointly and severally, by these presents.

Dated this day of 18

And whereas a plaint has been filed in this Court by A. B. against C. D. for the purpose of (*here insert object of suit*).

And whereas the said A. B. has been appointed, by order of the above-mentioned Court, to receive the rents and profits of the immoveable property, and to get in the outstanding moveable property of C. D., the testator in the said plaint named.

Now the condition of this obligation is such, that if the above-bounden A. B. shall duly account for all and every the sum and sums of money which he shall so receive on account of the rents and profits of the immoveable property, and in respect of the moveable property of the said C. D. [*or, as may be*] at such periods as the said Court shall appoint, and shall duly pay the balances which shall from time to time be certified to be due from him as the said Court hath directed or shall hereafter direct, then this obligation shall be void, otherwise it shall remain in full force.

A. B.
C. D.

Signed and delivered by the above-bounden in the presence of

NOTE.—If deposit of money be made, the memorandum thereof should follow the terms of the condition of the bond.

No. 170.

ORDER OF REFERENCE TO ARBITRATION UNDER AGREEMENT OF PARTIES.

Section 508 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

To

WHEREAS the above-mentioned plaintiff and defendant have agreed to refer the matters in difference between them in the above suit to your arbitration and award, you are hereby appointed accordingly to determine all the said matters in difference between the parties, and with power, by consent of the parties, to determine which party shall pay the costs of this reference.

You are required to deliver your award in writing to this Court on or before the day of 18, or such other day as this Court may further fix.

Process to compel the attendance before you of any witnesses, or for the production of any documents which you may desire to examine or inspect, will be issued by this Court on our application, and you are empowered to administer to such witnesses oath or affirmation.

A sum of Rs. , being your fee in the above suit, is herewith forwarded.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18

L. S.

Judge.

No. 171.

ORDER OF REFERENCE TO ARBITRATION BY COURT, WITH CONSENT.

Section 508 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

UPON reading a petition of the plaintiff, filed this day, and on the consent of
 for the defendant, and upon hearing for the plaintiff and
 for the defendant, it is ordered, by and with the consent
 of all the parties, that all matters in difference in this suit, including all dealings and trans-
 actions between all parties, be referred to the final determination of

, who is to make
 his award in writing and submit the same to this Court, together with all proceedings,
 depositions, and exhibits in this suit, within one month from the date hereof. And it is
 ordered further, by and with the like consent, that the said arbitrator is to be at liberty to
 examine the parties and their witnesses upon oath or affirmation, which he is empowered to
 administer, and that the said arbitrator shall have all such powers or authorities as are vested
 in arbitrators under the Code of Civil Procedure, including therein power to call for all books
 of account that he may consider necessary. And it is further ordered, by and with the like
 consent, that the costs of this suit, together with the costs of reference to arbitration, up
 to and including the award of the said arbitrator, and the enforcement thereof, do abide
 the result of the finding of the said arbitrator. And it is further ordered, by and with the
 like consent, that the said arbitrator be at liberty to appoint a competent accountant to
 assist him in the investigation of the several matters referred to him as aforesaid, and that
 the remuneration of such accountant and other charges attending thereto be in the discre-
 tion of the said arbitrator.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 172.

SUMMONS IN SUMMARY SUIT ON NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENT.

Section 532 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

No. OF SUIT.

IN THE COURT OF AT

Plaintiff.
Defendant.

To [Here enter the defendant's name, description and address.]

Whereas [here enter the plaintiff's name, description and address] has instituted a
 suit in this Court against you under Chapter XXXIX of the Code of Civil Procedure for Rs.
 principal and interest [or Rs. balance of principal and interest] due
 to him as the payee [or indorsee] of a bill of exchange [or hundi or promissory note], of
 which a copy is hereto annexed, you are hereby summoned to obtain leave from the Court
 within seven days from the service hereof, inclusive of the day of such service, to appear and
 defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you. In default
 whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after the expiration of such seven days to
 obtain a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum of Rs. [here state the sum claimed]
 and the sum of Rs. for costs.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the Court supported by affidavit
 or declaration showing that there is a defence to the suit on the merits, or that it is reasonable
 that you should be allowed to appear in the suit.

[Here copy the bill of exchange, hundi or promissory note, and all endorsements upon it.]

No. 173.

MEMORANDUM OF APPEAL.

Section 540 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

MEMORANDUM OF APPEAL.

(Name, &c., as in Register.) Plaintiff—Appellant.
 (Name, &c., as in Register.) Defendant—Respondent.

[Name of Appellant] [plaintiff or defendant] above-named appeals to the High Court
 at [or District Court at , as the case may be] against the decree of
 in the above suit, dated the day of , for the following
 reasons, namely [here state the grounds of objection].

No. 175.

NOTICE TO RESPONDENT OF THE DAY FIXED FOR THE HEARING OF THE APPEAL.

Section 553 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

, Appellant, v.

, Respondent.

APPEAL from the

dated the of the Court of
day of

18 .

Respondent.

To

Take notice that an appeal from the decree of
in this case has been presented byand registered in this Court, and that the
day of 18 has been fixed by this Court for the hearing of this appeal.If no appearance is made on your behalf by yourself, your pleader, or by some one by
law authorized to act for you in this appeal, it will be heard and decided *ex parte* in your
absence.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

NOTE.—If a stay of execution has been ordered, intimation should be given of the fact
on this notice.]

No. 176.

DECREE ON APPEAL.

Section 579 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

, Appellant, v.

, Respondent.

Appeal from the

of the Court of dated the
day of 18 .

Memorandum of Appeal.

, Plaintiff.
, Defendant.• Plaintiff [or defendant] above-named appeals to the Court at
against the decree of in the above suit, dated the
day of 18 , for the following reasons, namely ;

[here state the reasons]

This appeal coming on for hearing on the day of 18 ,
before , in the presence of ,
for the Appellant, and of for the Respondent, it is ordered—

[here state the relief granted]

The costs of this appeal, amounting to , are to be paid by
The costs of the original suit are to be paid by

GIVEN under my hand, this day of 18 .

Judge.

No. 177.

REGISTER OF APPEALS FROM APPELLATE DECREES.

Section 587 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

HIGH COURT AT

REGISTER OF APPEALS FROM APPELLATE DECREES.

[illegible]

No. 178.

NOTICE TO SHOW CAUSE WHY A REVIEW SHOULD NOT BE GRANTED.

Section 626 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

, Plaintiff, v.

, Defendant.

To

TAKE notice that _____ has applied to this Court for a review of its judgment passed on the _____ day of _____ 18 _____ in the above case. The _____ day of _____ 18 _____ is fixed for you to show cause why the Court should not grant a review of its judgment in this case.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this _____ day of _____ 18 _____



Judge.

No. 179.

NOTICE OF CHANGE OF PLEADER.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

TO THE REGISTRAR OF THE COURT.

TAKE notice that I, A. B. [or C. D.], have hitherto employed as my pleader G. H. of _____ in the above-mentioned cause, but that I have ceased to employ him, and that my present pleader is J. K. of _____

A. B. [or C. D.]

No. 180.

MEMORANDUM TO BE PLACED AT FOOT OF EVERY SUMMONS, NOTICE, DECREE, OR ORDER OF COURT, OR ANY OTHER PROCESS OF THE COURT.

Hours of attendance at the office of the Registrar [place of office] from ten till four, except on [here insert the day on which the office will be closed], when the office will be closed at one.

WHITLEY STOKES,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 4, 1877.

PART VI.

Bill of the Legislative Council of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The following Report of a Select Committee, together with the Bill as settled by them, was presented to the Council of the Governor General of India for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 28th March 1877 :—

We, the undersigned Members of the Select Committee to which the Bill for the limita-

From Financial Department, No. 178, dated 5th May 1873.

„ Government of Bombay, No. 4418, dated 31st July 1875.

Note by Sir R. Garth, C.J., dated 8th March 1876.

„ by Secretary, Legislative Department, dated August 1876.

„ by Hon'ble Mr. Hobhouse, dated 22nd October 1876.

From Home Department, No. 1884, dated 18th December 1876.

Observations by Sir R. Garth, C.J., dated 18th January 1877.

Suggestions by Bābu Opendro Nauth Mullick, dated 2nd March 1877.

Remarks by Bābu Abināsh Chandra Bannerjee, Munsif of Agra, dated 7th March 1877.

Note by N. H. Thomson, Esq., dated 23rd March 1877.

From Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce,

● No. 216, dated 19th March 1877, and enclosures.

tion of suits and for other purposes was referred, have the honour to report that we have considered the Bill and the papers noted in the margin.

2. We have postponed the commencement of the proposed Act to 1st October 1877, the day on which the Code of Civil Procedure is to come into force.

3. We have declared that nothing in the proposed Act shall operate to revive any right to sue which was barred under Act IX of 1871.

4. We have struck out as unnecessary the definition of 'minor.'

5. We have extended to appeals and applications, the provisions of section 13 as to excluding the day on which the right to sue accrued.

6. We have also excluded, in the case of appeals, the time necessary for obtaining a copy of the judgment.

7. In computing the period prescribed for any suit, we think that the time during which the plaintiff has been prosecuting any proceeding (whether it be a suit, an appeal or an application for execution) against the same defendant in a Court unable to entertain it should be excluded.

8. We have made a similar alteration in section 17, so as to exclude the time occupied by a judgment-debtor in setting aside an execution-sale.

9. In the Schedule we have made the following substantial amendments :—

10. We have provided (No. 11) for suits by persons against whom orders are passed under sections 280, 281, 282, 335 of the Code of Civil Procedure, to establish their right to, or to the present possession of, property comprised in the order.

11. In the case of suits for the restitution of conjugal rights, we think that the refusal mentioned in the third column should be by a husband or wife of full age and sound mind. It is clear, for instance, that the refusal of a minor wife should not make time run against the husband.

12. We have made the No. (104) relating to suits by managers of the joint estates of undivided families apply as well to Muhammadans as to Hindús. In Lower Bengal, the joint family system prevails among both classes of religionists.

13. We have altered Nos. 125, 123 and 124 as follows :—

115. To obtain a declaration that an adoption is invalid	Six years	When the alleged adoption becomes known to the plaintiff.
116. To obtain a declaration that an adoption is valid	Ditto ...	When the rights of the adopted son as such are interfered with.
123. By a person excluded from joint family property to enforce a right to share therein	Twelve years	When the exclusion becomes known to the plaintiff.
124. By a Hindú for arrears of maintenance ...	Ditto ...	When the arrears are payable.
125. By a Hindú for a declaration of his right to maintenance	Ditto ...	When the right is denied.

14. We have struck out No. 135 as being comprised in No. 139, and No. 168 as being now useless.

15. We have provided for application for a re-hearing on an appeal heard *ex parte*.

16. We have cut down from 90 to 30 days the time allowed a pauper to apply for leave to appeal.

17. We have provided a general clause for applications for which no period is expressly provided.

18. We have made a few changes in wording and arrangement, and we recommend that the Bill thus amended be passed. But first we think that it should be republished.

ARTHUR HOBHOUSE.

E. C. BAYLEY.

F. R. COCKERELL.

JOTYNDRA MOHAN TAGORE.

No. II. THE INDIAN LIMITATION BILL, 1877.

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I. SUITS. II. APPEALS. III. APPLICATIONS.

A Bill for the Limitation of Suits, and for other Purposes.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the law relating to the limitation of suits, appeals and certain applications to Courts; And whereas it is also expedient to provide rules for acquiring by possession the ownership of easements and other property; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

PART I.

PRELIMINARY.

Short title.

1. This Act may be called 'The Indian Limitation Act, 1877.'

It extends to the

whole of British India; but nothing contained in sections two and three or in Parts II

Extent of Act.

and III applies—

- (a) to suits under the Indian Divorce Act, or
- (b) to suits under Madras Regulation VI of 1831;

Commencement.

And it shall come into force on the first day of October 1877.

2. On and from that day Act No. IX of 1871 Repeal of Act IX of 1871. (*An Act for the Limitation of Suits and for other purposes*) shall be repealed.

But all references to such Act shall be read as if made to this Act; and nothing herein or in that Act contained shall be deemed to affect any title acquired, or to revive any right to sue barred, under that Act or under any enactment thereby repealed.

Notwithstanding anything herein contained, any suit mentioned in No. 143, No. 144 or No. 145 of the schedule hereto annexed, may be brought within five years next after the said first day of October 1877, unless where the period prescribed for such suit by the said Act No. IX of 1871, shall have expired before the completion of the said five years.

3. In this Act, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or Interpretation-clause. context—

'plaintiff' includes also any person from or through whom a plaintiff derives his right to sue:

'easement' includes also a right, not arising from contract, by which one person is entitled to remove and appropriate for his own profit any part of the soil belonging to another, or anything growing in, or attached to, or subsisting upon, the land of another:

'bill of exchange' includes also a hundî:

'trustee' does not include a benâmidâr, a mortgagee remaining in possession after the mortgage has been satisfied, or a wrong-doer in possession without title:

'suit' does not include an appeal or an application:

'registered' means duly registered under the law for the registration of documents in force at the time and place of executing the document referred to in the context:

'foreign country' means any country other than British India;

and nothing shall be deemed to be done in 'good faith' which is not done with due care and attention.

PART II.

LIMITATION OF SUITS, APPEALS AND APPLICATIONS.

4. Subject to the provisions contained in sections five to twenty-six (inclusive), instituted, &c., after every suit instituted, appeal presented, and application made after the period of limitation prescribed therefor by the schedule hereto annexed, shall be dismissed, although limitation has not been set up as a defence.

Explanation.—A suit is instituted in ordinary cases when the plaint, stamped in accordance with the law for the time being in force, is presented to the proper officer: in the case of a pauper, when his application for leave to sue as a pauper is filed;

and in the case of a claim against a company which is being wound up by the Court, when the claimant first sends in his claim to the official liquidator.

Illustrations.

(a).—A suit is instituted after the prescribed period of limitation. Limitation is not set up as a defence and judgment is given for the plaintiff. The defendant appeals. The appellate court must dismiss the suit.

(b).—An appeal presented after the prescribed period is admitted and registered. The appeal shall, nevertheless, be dismissed.

5. If the period of limitation prescribed for any suit, appeal or application

Proviso where Court is closed when period expires.

expires on a day when the Court is closed, the suit, appeal or application may be instituted, presented or made on the day that the Court re-opens :

Any appeal or application for a review of judgment may be admitted

Proviso as to appeals and applications for review.

after the period of limitation prescribed therefor, when the appellant or applicant satisfies the Court that he had sufficient cause for not presenting the appeal or making the application within such period.

6. When, by any special or local law now or hereafter in force in British India, a period of limitation is specially prescribed for any suit, appeal or application,

Different periods of limitation prescribed by local laws.

nothing herein contained shall affect or alter the period so prescribed.

And nothing herein contained shall affect the periods of limitation prescribed for appeals from, or applications to review, any decree, order or judgment of

Appeals from decrees of High Courts on original side.

a High Court in the exercise of its original jurisdiction.

7. If a person entitled to sue be, at the time from which the period of limitation is to be reckoned,

Legal disability.

a minor, or insane, or an idiot, he may institute the suit within the same period after the disability has ceased, as would otherwise have been allowed from the time prescribed therefor in the third column of the schedule hereto annexed.

When he is, at the time from which the period of limitation is to be reckoned, affected by two disabilities, or when before his disability has ceased he is affected by another disability, he may institute the suit within the same period after both disabilities have ceased as would otherwise have been allowed from the time so prescribed.

Double and successive disabilities.

When his disability continues up to his death, his representative in interest may institute the suit within the same period after the death as would otherwise have been allowed from the time so prescribed.

When such representative is at the date of the death affected by any disability, the rules contained in the former part of this section shall apply.

Disability of representative.

Nothing in this section shall be deemed to extend, for more than three years from the cessation of the disability or the death of the person affected thereby, the period within which the suit must be brought.

Illustrations.

(a). The right to sue for the hire of a boat accrues to A during his minority. He attains majority four years after such accrual. He may institute his suit at any time within three years from the date of his attaining majority.

(b). A, to whom a right to sue for a legacy has accrued during his minority, attains majority eleven years after such accrual. A has, under the ordinary law, only one year remaining within which to sue. But under this section an extension of two years will be allowed him, making in all a period of three years from the date of his attaining majority, within which he may bring his suit.

(c). A right to sue accrues to Z during his minority. After the accrual, but while Z is still a minor, he becomes insane. Time runs against Z from the date when his insanity ceases.

(d). A right to sue accrues to X during his minority. X dies before attaining majority and is succeeded by Y his minor son. Time runs against Y from the date of his attaining majority.

(e). A right to sue for an hereditary office accrues to A, who at the time is insane. Six years after the accrual A recovers his reason. A has six years, under the ordinary law, from the date when his insanity ceased within which to institute a suit. No extension of time will be given him under this section.

(f). A right to sue as landlord to recover possession from a tenant accrues to A who is an idiot. A dies three years after the accrual, his idiocy continuing up to the date of his death. A's representative in interest has, under the ordinary law, nine years from the date of A's death within which to bring a suit. This section does not extend that time, except where the representative is himself under disability when the representation devolves upon him.

8. When one of several joint creditors or claimants is under any such disability, and when a discharge can be given without the concurrence of such person, time will run against them all: but where no such discharge can be given, time will not run as against any of them until they all are free from disability.

Disability of one joint creditor.

Disability, and when a discharge can be given without the

concurrence of such person, time will run against them all: but where no such discharge can be given, time will not run as against any of them until they all are free from disability.

Illustrations.

(a) A incurs a debt to a firm of which B, C and D are partners. B is insane and C is a minor. D can give a discharge of the debt without the concurrence of B and C. Time runs against B, C and D.

(b) A incurs a debt to a firm of which E, F and G are partners. E and F are insane, and G is a minor. Time will not run against any of them until they are all free from disability.

9. When once time has begun to run, no subsequent disability or inability to sue stops it:

Continuous running of time.

Disability or inability to sue stops it:

Provided that where letters of administration to the estate of a creditor have been granted to his debtor, the running of the time prescribed for a suit to recover the debt shall be suspended while the administration continues.

10. Notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, no suit against a person in whom property has become vested in trust for any specific purpose, or

Suits against express trustees and their representatives.

no suit against a person in whom property has become vested in trust for any specific purpose, or

against his representatives, for the purpose of following in his or their hands such property, shall be barred by any length of time.

Explanation.—A purchaser in good faith for value from a trustee is not his representative within the meaning of this section.

11. Suits instituted in British India on contracts entered into in a foreign country are subject to the rules prescribed by this Act.

12. No foreign rule of limitations shall be a defence to a suit instituted in British India on a contract entered into in a foreign country, unless the rule has extinguished the contract, and the parties were domiciled in such country during the period prescribed by such rule.

PART III.

COMPUTATION OF PERIOD OF LIMITATION.

13. In computing the period of limitation prescribed for any suit, appeal or application, the day from which such period is to be reckoned shall be excluded.

In computing the period of limitation prescribed for an appeal, an application for leave to appeal as a pauper, and an application for a review of judgment, the day on which the judgment complained of was pronounced, and the time requisite for obtaining a copy of the decree, sentence or order appealed against or sought to be reviewed, shall be excluded.

Where a decree is appealed against or sought to be reviewed, the time requisite for obtaining a copy of the judgment on which it is founded shall also be excluded.

In computing the period of limitation prescribed for an application to set aside an award, the time requisite for obtaining a copy of the award shall be excluded.

14. In computing the period of limitation prescribed for any suit, the time during which the defendant has been absent from British India shall be excluded, unless service of a summons to appear and answer in the suit can, during such absence, be made under the Code of Civil Procedure, section 89.

15. In computing the period of limitation prescribed for any suit, the time during which the plaintiff has been prosecuting with due diligence another proceeding, whether in a Court of first instance or in a Court of appeal, against the defendant or some person whom he represents, shall be excluded, where the proceeding is founded upon the same cause of action, and is prosecuted in good faith in a Court which, from defect of jurisdiction, or other cause like nature, is unable to entertain it.

In computing the period of limitation prescribed for a suit proceedings in which have been stayed by order under the Code of Civil Procedure, section 20, the interval between the institution of the suit and the date of so staying proceedings, and the time requisite for going from the Court in which proceedings are stayed to the Court in which the suit is re-instituted, shall be excluded.

In computing the period of limitation prescribed for any application, the time during which the applicant has been making another application for the same relief, shall be excluded, where the last-mentioned application is made in good faith to a Court which from defect of jurisdiction, or other cause of a like nature, is unable to grant it.

Explanation 1.—In excluding the time during which a former suit or application was pending or being made, the day on which that suit or application was instituted or made, and the day on which the proceedings therein ended, shall both be counted.

Explanation 2.—A plaintiff resisting an appeal presented on the ground of want of jurisdiction, shall be deemed to be prosecuting a suit within the meaning of this section.

16. In computing the period of limitation prescribed for any suit, the institution of which has been stayed by injunction or order, the time of the continuance of the injunction or order, shall be excluded.

17. In computing the period of limitation prescribed for a suit for possession by a purchaser at a sale in execution of a decree, the time during which the judgment-debtor has been prosecuting a proceeding to set aside the sale, shall be excluded.

18. When a person who would, if he were living, have a right to sue, dies before the right accrues, the period of limitation shall be computed from the time when there is a representative in interest of the deceased capable of suing.

When a person against whom, if he were living, a right to sue would have accrued, dies before the right accrues, the period of limitation shall be computed from the time when there is a representative whom the plaintiff may sue.

Nothing in the former part of this section applies to suits for the possession of immoveable property or of an hereditary office.

19. When any person having a right to sue has, by means of fraud, been kept from the knowledge of such right or of the title on which it is founded, or where any document necessary to establish such right has been fraudulently concealed, the time limited for commencing a suit,

(a) against the person guilty of the fraud or accessory thereto, or,

(b) against any person claiming through him otherwise than in good faith and for a valuable consideration,

shall be computed from the time when the fraud first became known to the person injuriously affected thereby, or, in the case of the concealed document, when he first had the means of producing it or compelling its production.

20. If before the expiration of the period prescribed for a suit in respect of any property or right a substantial acknowledgment of liability in respect of such property or right has been made in writing signed by the party against whom such property or right is claimed, or by some person through whom he derives title or liability, a new period of limitation, according to the nature of the original liability, shall be computed from the time when the acknowledgment was so signed.

When the writing containing the acknowledgment is undated, oral evidence may be given of the time when it was signed. But oral evidence of its contents shall not be received unless it has been destroyed wrongfully by the person on whom the acknowledgment would be binding.

EXPLANATION 1.—For the purposes of this section an acknowledgment may be sufficient, though it omits to specify the exact nature of the property or right, or avers that the time for payment, delivery or performance has not yet come, or is accompanied by a refusal to pay, deliver or perform, or is coupled with a claim to a set-off, or is addressed to a person other than the person entitled to the property or right :

EXPLANATION 2.—In this section “signed” means signed either personally or by an agent generally or specially authorised in this behalf.

EXPLANATION 3.—Nothing in this section renders one of several partners or executors chargeable by reason only of a written acknowledgment signed by another of them.

Illustrations.

Z, a bond-debtor, himself writes a letter promising to pay the debt to his creditor A. Z affixes his seal, but does not sign the letter :

Z pays part of the debt, making no written record of the fact of the payment, and promises orally to pay the rest :

Z publishes an advertisement, requesting his creditors to bring in their claims for examination :

In none of these cases is the debt taken out of the operation of this Act,

21. When interest on a debt or legacy is, before the expiration of the prescribed period, paid as such by the person liable to pay the debt or legacy, or by his agent generally or specially authorized in this behalf,

or when part of the principal of a debt is, before the expiration of the prescribed period, paid by the debtor or by his agent generally or specially authorized in this behalf,

a new period of limitation, according to the nature of the original liability, shall be computed from the time when the payment was made :

Provided that, in the case of part-payment of principal, the debt has arisen from a contract in writing and the fact of the payment appears in the hand-writing of the person making the same, on the instrument, or in his own books, or in the books of the creditor.

Where mortgaged land is in the possession of the mortgagee, the receipt of the produce of such land shall be deemed to be a payment for the purpose of this section.

22. When, after the institution of a suit, a new plaintiff or defendant is substituted or added, the suit shall, as regards him, be deemed to have been instituted when he was so made a party :

Provided that, when a plaintiff dies, and the suit is continued by his representatives in interest, it shall, as regards them, be deemed to have been instituted when it was instituted by the deceased plaintiff :

Provided also, that, when a defendant dies, and the suit is continued against his representatives in interest, it shall, as regards them, be deemed to have been instituted when it was instituted against the deceased defendant.

23. In the case of a suit for the breach of a contract, where there are successive breaches, a fresh right to sue arises, and a fresh period of limitation begins to run, upon every fresh breach.

Nothing in the former part of this section applies to suits for the breach of contracts for the payment of money by instalments, where, on default made in payment of one instalment, the whole becomes due.

Illustration.

(a).—A contracts to pay an annuity to B for his life by quarterly instalments. A fails to pay any of the instalments. Here upon every fresh failure, a fresh right to sue arises and a fresh period of limitation begins to run ; and this Act may bar the remedy on the earlier breaches without affecting the remedy on the later breaches.

24. In the case of a continuing breach of contract and in the case of a continuing wrong independent of contract, a fresh right to sue arises, and a fresh period of limitation begins to run, at every moment of the time during which the breach or the wrong, as the case may be, continues.

Illustrations.

(a).—A, a tenant, covenants with B, his landlord, to keep certain buildings in repair. At every moment of the time during which the buildings continue out of repair and B retains his right of entry, a fresh right to sue arises and a fresh period of limitation begins to run.

(b).—A diverts B's watercourse. At every moment of the time during which the diversion continues and B retains his right of entry, a fresh right to sue arises and a fresh period of limitation begins to run. •

25. In the case of a suit for compensation for an act lawful in itself which becomes unlawful in case it causes damage, the period of limitation shall be computed from the time when the damage accrues.

Illustration.

A owns the surface of a field. B owns the subsoil. B digs coal thereout without causing any immediate apparent injury to the surface, but at last the surface subsides. The period of limitation runs from the time of the subsidence.

26. All instruments shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be made with reference to the Gregorian calendar.

Illustrations.

(a).—A Hindú makes a promissory note bearing a Native date only, and payable four months after date. The period of limitation applicable to a suit on the note runs from the expiry of four months after date computed according to the Gregorian calendar.

(b).—A Hindú makes a bond, bearing a Native date only, for the repayment of money within one year. The period of limitation applicable to a suit on the bond runs from the expiry of one year after date computed according to the Gregorian calendar.

PART IV.

ACQUISITION OF OWNERSHIP BY POSSESSION.

27. Where the access and use of light or air to and for any building have been peaceably enjoyed therewith, as an easement, and as of right, without interruption, and for twenty years

and where any way or watercourse, or the use of any water, or any other easement (whether affirmative or negative) has been peaceably and openly enjoyed by any person claiming title thereto as an easement and as of right, without interruption, and for twenty years,

the right to such access and use of light or air, way, watercourse, use of water, or other easement, shall be absolute and indefeasible.

Each of the said periods of twenty years shall be taken to be a period ending within two years next before the institution of the suit wherein the claim to which such period relates is contested.

EXPLANATION.—Nothing is an interruption within the meaning of this section, unless where there is an actual discontinuance of the possession or enjoyment by reason of an obstruction by the act of some person other than the claimant, and unless such obstruction is submitted to or acquiesced in for one year after the claimant has notice thereof and of the person making or authorizing the same to be made.

Illustrations.

(a).—A suit is brought in 1881 for obstructing a right of way. The defendant admits the obstruction

but denies the right of way. The plaintiff proves that the right was peaceably and openly enjoyed by him, claiming title thereto as an easement and as of right, without interruption, from 1st January 1860 to 1st January 1880. The plaintiff is entitled to judgment.

(b).—In a like suit also brought in 1881 the plaintiff merely proves that he enjoyed the right in manner aforesaid from 1858 to 1878. The suit shall be dismissed, as no exercise of the right by actual user has been proved to have taken place within two years next before the institution of the suit.

(c).—In a like suit the plaintiff shows that the right was peaceably and openly enjoyed by him for twenty years. The defendant proves that the plaintiff on one occasion during the twenty years had asked his leave to enjoy the right. The suit shall be dismissed.

(d).—A diverts B's watercourse and claiming title thereto as an easement, peaceably and openly enjoys the same for twenty years without interruption. At the end of that period A's right to the watercourse becomes absolute and indefeasible.

28. Provided that, when any land or water upon, over, or from which any easement has been enjoyed or derived has been held under or by virtue of any interest for life or any term of years exceeding three years from the granting thereof, the time of the enjoyment of such easement during the continuance of such interest or term, shall be excluded in the computation of the said last-mentioned period of twenty years, in case the claim is, within three years next after the determination of such interest or term, resisted by the person entitled, on such determination, to the said land or water.

Illustration.

A sues for a declaration that he is entitled to a right of way over B's land. A proves that he has enjoyed the right for twenty-five years; but B shows that during ten of these years C had a life interest in the land, that on C's death B became entitled to the land, and that within two years after C's death he contested A's claim to the right. The suit must be dismissed, as A, with reference to the provisions of this section, has only proved enjoyment for fifteen years.

29. At the determination of the period hereby limited to any person for instituting a suit for possession of any property, his right to such property shall be extinguished.

30. Where a series of trespassers adverse to one another and to the rightful owner of any immoveable property or hereditary office take and keep possession thereof for several periods each less than the period so limited, but collectively exceeding such period, the person who is in possession of such property or office when the title of the rightful owner would have been extinguished had the trespassers not been adverse to one another, shall have a right to such possession.

Nothing in this section shall operate to bar any right to possession which any earlier trespasser may have against any later trespasser who has illegally dispossessed him.

SCHEDULE.

(See section 4).

FIRST DIVISION: SUITS.

Description of suit.	Period of limitation.	Time from which period begins to run.
<i>Part I.—Thirty days.</i>		
1.—To contest an award of the Board of Revenue under Act No. XXIII of 1863 (<i>to provide for the adjudication of claims to waste-lands</i>).	Thirty days ...	When notice of the award is delivered to the plaintiff.
<i>Part II.—Ninety days.</i>		
2.—For doing, or for omitting to do, an act in pursuance of any enactment in force for the time being in British India.	Ninety days ...	When the act or omission took place.
<i>Part III.—Six months.</i>		
3.—Under the Specific Relief Act, 1877, section 9, to recover possession of immoveable property.	Six months ..	When the dispossession occurs.
4.—Under Act No. IX of 1860 (<i>to provide for the speedy determination of certain disputes between workmen engaged in Railway and other public works and their employers</i>), section one.	Ditto	When the wages, hire or price of work claimed accrued due.
5.—Under the Code of Civil Procedure, chapter XXXIX (<i>Of summary procedure on negotiable instruments</i>).	Ditto ...	When the instrument sued upon becomes due and payable.
<i>Part IV.—One year.</i>		
6.—Upon a Statute, Act, Regulation or Bye-law, for a penalty or forfeiture.	One year ...	When the penalty or forfeiture is incurred.
7.—For the wages of a household servant, artisan or labourer not provided for by this schedule, No. 4.	Ditto ...	When the wages sued for accrue due.
8.—For the price of food or drink sold by the keeper of a hotel, tavern or lodging house.	Ditto ...	When the food or drink is delivered.
9.—For the price of lodging ...	Ditto ...	When the price becomes payable.
10.—To enforce a right of pre-emption, whether the right is founded on law, or general usage, or on special contract.	Ditto ...	When the purchaser takes actual possession, under the sale sought to be impeached, of the whole of the property sold.
11.—By a person against whom an order is passed under section 280, 281, 282 or 335 of the Code of Civil Procedure, to establish his right to, or to the present possession of, the property comprised in the order.	Ditto	The date of the order.
12.—To set aside any of the following sales:— (a) sale in execution of a decree of a Civil Court;	Ditto	When the sale is confirmed, or would otherwise have become final and conclusive had no such suit been brought.

SCHEDULE—continued.

FIRST DIVISION: SUITS—continued.

Description of suit.	Period of limitation.	Time from which period begins to run.
<i>Part IV.—One year—continued.</i>		
(b) sale in pursuance of a decree or order of a Collector or other officer of revenue;		
(c) sale for arrears of Government revenue, or for any demand recoverable as such arrears;		
(d) sale of a patni taluq sold for current arrears of rent.		
<i>Explanation.</i> —In this clause 'patni' includes any intermediate tenure saleable for current arrears of rent.		
13.—To alter or set aside a decision or order of a Civil court in any proceeding other than a suit.	One year ...	The date of the final decision or order in the case by a Court competent to determine it finally.
14.—To set aside any act of an officer of Government in his official capacity, not herein otherwise expressly provided for.	Ditto ...	The date of the act.
15.—Against Government to set aside any attachment, lease or transfer of immoveable property by the revenue authorities for arrears of Government revenue.	Ditto ...	When the attachment, lease or transfer is made.
16.—Against Government to recover money paid under protest in satisfaction of a claim made by the revenue authorities on account of arrears of revenue or on account of demands recoverable as such arrears.	Ditto ...	When the payment is made.
17.—Against Government for compensation for land acquired for public purposes.	Ditto ...	The date of determining the amount of the compensation.
18.—Like suit for compensation when the acquisition is not completed.	Ditto ...	The date of the refusal to complete.
19.—For false imprisonment ...	Ditto ...	When the imprisonment ends.
20.—By executors, administrators or representatives under Act No. XII of 1855 (to enable the executors, administrators or representatives to sue and be sued for certain wrongs).	Ditto ...	The date of the death of the person wronged.
21.—By executors, administrators or representatives under Act No. XIII of 1855 (to provide compensation to families for loss occasioned by the death of a person caused by actionable wrong).	Ditto ...	The date of the death of the person killed.
22.—For any other injury to the person ...	Ditto ...	When the injury is committed.
23.—For a malicious prosecution	Ditto ...	When the plaintiff is acquitted, or the prosecution is otherwise terminated.
24.—For libel ...	Ditto	When the libel is published.
25.—For slander ...	Ditto	When the words are spoken.
26.—For loss of service occasioned by the seduction of the plaintiff's servant or daughter.	Ditto	When the loss occurs.

SCHEDULE—continued.

FIRST DIVISION: SUITS—continued.

Description of suit.	Period of limitation.	Time from which period begins to run.
	<i>Part V.—One year—continued.</i>	
27.—For inducing a person to break a contract with the plaintiff.	One year ...	The date of the breach.
28.—For an illegal, irregular or excessive distress.	Ditto ...	The date of the distress.
29.—For wrongful seizure of moveable property under legal process.	Ditto ...	The date of the seizure.
	<i>Part V.—Two years.</i>	
30.—Against a carrier for losing or injuring goods.	Two years ...	When the loss or injury occurs.
31.—Against a carrier for delay in delivering goods.	Ditto ...	When the goods ought to be delivered.
32.—Against one who, having a right to use property for specific purposes, perverts it to other purposes.	Ditto ...	When the perversion first becomes known to the person injured thereby.
33.—Under Act No. XII of 1855 (<i>to enable executors, administrators or representatives to sue and be sued for certain wrongs</i>) against an executor, administrator or other representative.	Ditto ...	When the wrong complained of is done.
34.—For the recovery of a wife ...	Ditto ...	When possession is demanded and refused.
35.—For the restitution of conjugal rights ...	Ditto ...	When restitution is demanded and is refused by the husband or wife, being of full age and sound mind.
36.—For compensation for any malfeasance, misfeasance or nonfeasance independent of contract and not herein specially provided for.	Ditto ...	When the malfeasance misfeasance or nonfeasance takes place.
	<i>Part VI.—Three years.</i>	
37.—For obstructing a way or a watercourse.	Three years ...	The date of the obstruction.
38.—For diverting a watercourse ...	Ditto ...	The date of the diversion.
39.—For trespass upon immoveable property.	Ditto ...	When the trespass takes place.
40.—For infringing copyright or any other exclusive privilege.	Ditto ...	When the infringement takes place.
41.—To restrain waste ...	Ditto ...	When the waste begins.
42.—For compensation for injury caused by an injunction wrongfully obtained.	Ditto ...	When the injunction ceases.
43.—Under the Indian Succession Act, section 320 or 321, to compel a refund by a legatee or a person to whom an executor or administrator has distributed assets.	Ditto ...	The death of the testator or intestate, or (where the legacy or assets has or have been paid or distributed) the expiration of two years next after such payment or distribution, whichever event first occurs.
44.—By a ward who has attained majority, to set aside a sale by his guardian.	Ditto ...	The date of the sale.
45.—To contest an award under any of the following Regulations of the Bengal Code:— VII of 1822, IX of 1825, and IX of 1833.	Ditto ...	The date of the final award or order in the case.

SCHEDULE—continued.

FIRST DIVISION : SUITS—continued. ●

Description of suit.	Period of limitation.	Time from which period begins to run.
<i>Part VI.—Three years—contd.</i>		
46.—By a party bound by such award to recover any property comprised therein.	Three years ...	The date of the final award or order in the case.
47.—By any person bound by an order respecting the possession of property made under the Code of Criminal Procedure, chapter XL, or the Bombay Mámlatdárs' Act, or by any one claiming under such person, to recover the property comprised in such order.	Ditto	The date of the final order in the case.
48.—For specific moveable property lost, or acquired by theft, or dishonest misappropriation or conversion, or for compensation for wrongfully taking or detaining the same.	Ditto ...	When the person having the right to the possession of the property first learns in whose possession it is.
49.—For other specific moveable property, or for compensation for wrongfully taking or injuring or wrongfully detaining the same.	Ditto ...	When the property is wrongfully taken or injured, or when the detainer's possession becomes unlawful.
50.—For the hire of animals, vehicles, boats or household furniture.	Ditto ...	When the hire becomes payable.
51.—For the balance of money advanced in payment of goods to be delivered.	Ditto ...	When the goods ought to be delivered.
52.—For the price of goods sold and delivered, where no fixed period of credit is agreed upon.	Ditto	The date of the delivery of the goods.
53.—For the price of goods sold and delivered to be paid for after the expiry of a fixed period of credit.	Ditto	When the period of credit expires.
54.—For the price of goods sold and delivered to be paid for by a bill of exchange, no such bill being given.	Ditto ...	When the period of the proposed bill elapses.
55.—For the price of trees or growing crops sold by the plaintiff to the defendant where no fixed period of credit is agreed upon.	Ditto ...	The date of the sale.
56.—For the price of work done by the plaintiff for the defendant at his request, where no time has been fixed for payment.	Ditto ...	When the work is done.
57.—For money payable for money lent ...	Ditto ...	When the loan is made.
58.—Like suit when the lender has given a cheque for the money.	Ditto ...	When the cheque is paid.
59.—For money lent under an agreement that it shall be payable on demand.	Ditto ...	When the demand is made.
60.—For money payable to the plaintiff for money paid for the defendant.	Ditto ...	When the money is paid.
61.—For money payable by the defendant to the plaintiff for money received by the defendant for the plaintiff's use.	Ditto ...	When the money is received.
62.—For money payable for interest upon money due from the defendant to the plaintiff.	Ditto ...	When the interest becomes due.

SCHEDULE—continued.

• FIRST DIVISION : SUITS—continued.

Description of suit.	Period of limitation.	Time from which period begins to run.
	<i>Part VI—Three years—contd.</i>	
63.—For money payable to the plaintiff for money found to be due from the defendant to the plaintiff on accounts stated between them.	Three years . . .	When the accounts are stated in writing unless where the debt is made payable at a future time and then when that time arrives.
64.—For compensation for breach of a promise to do anything at a specified time, or upon the happening of a specified contingency.	Ditto . . .	At the time specified or upon the contingency happening.
65.—On a single bond, where a day is specified for payment.	Ditto . . .	The day so specified.
66.—On a single bond where no such day is specified.	Ditto . . .	The date of executing the bond.
67.—On a bond subject to a condition . . .	Ditto . . .	When the condition is broken.
68.—On a bill of exchange or promissory note payable at a fixed time after date.	Ditto . . .	When the bill or note falls due.
69.—On a bill of exchange payable at sight, or after sight, but not at a fixed time.	Ditto . . .	When the bill is presented.
70.—On a bill of exchange accepted payable at a particular place.	Ditto . . .	When the bill is presented at that place.
71.—On a bill of exchange or promissory note payable at a fixed time after sight or after demand.	Ditto . . .	When the fixed time expires.
72.—On a bill of exchange or promissory note payable on demand and not accompanied by any writing restraining or postponing the right to sue.	Ditto . . .	When the demand is made.
73.—On a promissory note or bond payable by instalments.	Ditto . . .	The expiration of the first term of payment, as to the part then payable; and, for the other parts, the expiration of the respective terms of payment.
74.—On a promissory note or bond payable by instalments, which provides that, if default be made in payment of one instalment, the whole shall be due.	Ditto . . .	The time of the first default, unless where the payee or obligee waives the benefit of the provision, and then when fresh default is made in respect of which there is no such waiver.
75.—On a promissory note given by the maker to a third person to be delivered to the payee after a certain event should happen.	Ditto . . .	The time of the delivery to the payee.
76.—On a dishonoured foreign bill where protest has been made and notice given.	Ditto . . .	When the notice is given.
77.—By the payee against the drawer of a bill of exchange which has been dishonoured by non-acceptance.	Ditto . . .	The date of the refusal to accept.
78.—By the acceptor of an accommodation-bill against the drawer.	Ditto . . .	When the acceptor pays the amount of the bill.
79.—Suit on a bill of exchange or promissory note not herein expressly provided for.	Ditto . . .	When the bill or note becomes payable.

SCHEDULE—continued.

FIRST DIVISION: SUITS—continued.

Description of suit.	Period of limitation.	Time from which period begins to run.
<i>Part VI.—Three years—contd.</i>		
80.—By a surety against the principal debtor	Three years	When the surety pays the creditor.
81.—By a surety against a co-surety ...	Ditto	... When the plaintiff pays anything in excess of his own share.
82.—Upon any other contract to indemnify	Ditto	... When the plaintiff is actually damaged.
83.—By an attorney or vakil for his costs of a suit or a particular business, there being no express agreement as to the time when such costs are to be paid.	Ditto	... The termination of the suit or business, or (where the attorney or vakil properly discontinues the suit or business), the date of such discontinuance.
84.—For the balance due on a mutual, open and current account, where there have been reciprocal demands between the parties.	Ditto	... The latest date at which any item is entered in the account by or on behalf of the defendant.
85.—On a policy of insurance when the sum assured is payable immediately after proof of the death or loss has been given to or received by the insurers.	Ditto	... When proof of the death or loss is given or received, to or by the insurers, whether by or from the plaintiff, or any other person.
86.—By the assured to recover premia paid under a policy voidable at the election of the insurers.	Ditto	... When the insurers elect to avoid the policy.
87.—Against a factor for an account.	Ditto	... When the account is demanded, or where no such demand is made, when the agency terminates.
88.—By a principal against his agent for moveable property received by the latter and not accounted for.	Ditto	... When the account is demanded and refused, or the agency terminates, whichever first happens.
89.—Other suits by principals against agents for neglect or misconduct.	Ditto	... When the neglect or misconduct becomes known to the plaintiff.
90.—To cancel or set aside an instrument not otherwise provided for.	Ditto	When the facts entitling the plaintiff to have the instrument cancelled or set aside become known to him.
91.—To declare the forgery of an instrument issued, or registered, or attempted to be enforced against the plaintiff.	Ditto	The date of the issue, registration, or attempt, whichever last happens.
92.—For property which the plaintiff has conveyed while insane.	Ditto	... When the plaintiff is restored to sanity, and has knowledge of the conveyance.
93.—To set aside a decree obtained by fraud, or for other relief on the ground of fraud.	Ditto	... When the fraud becomes known to the party wronged.
94.—For relief on the ground of mistake in fact.	Ditto	... When the mistake becomes known to the plaintiff.
95.—For money paid upon an existing consideration which afterwards fails.	Ditto	... The date of the failure.

SCHEDULE—continued.

FIRST DIVISION: SUITS—continued.

Description of suit.	Period of limitation.	Time from which period begins to run.
<i>Part VI.—Three years—contd.</i>		
96.—To make good out of the general estate of a deceased trustee the loss occasioned by a breach of trust.	Three years ...	The date of the trustee's death, or, if the loss has not then resulted, the date of the loss.
97.—For contribution by a party who has paid the whole amount due under a joint decree, or by a sharer in a joint estate who has paid the whole amount of revenue due from himself and his co-sharers.	Ditto	The date of the plaintiff's advance in excess of his own share.
98.—By a co-trustee to enforce against the estate of a deceased trustee a claim for contribution.	Ditto	When the right to contribution accrues.
99.—For a seaman's wages	Ditto	The end of the voyage during which the wages are earned.
100.—By a Muhammadan for exigible dower (<i>mu'ajjal</i>).	Ditto	When the dower is demanded and refused, or (where during the continuance of the marriage no such demand has been made) when the marriage is dissolved by death or divorce.
101.—By a Muhammadan for deferred dower (<i>mu'wajjal</i>).	Ditto	When the marriage is dissolved by death or divorce.
102.—By a mortgagor after the mortgage has been satisfied, to recover surplus collections received by the mortgagee.	Ditto ...	The date of the receipt.
103.—For an account and a share of the profits of a dissolved partnership.	Ditto ..	The date of the dissolution.
104.—By the manager of a joint estate of an undivided family for contribution in respect of a payment made by him on account of the estate.	Ditto . .	The date of the payment.
105.—By a lessor for the value of trees cut down by his lessee contrary to the terms of the lease.	Ditto	When the trees are cut down.
106.—For the profits of immoveable property belonging to the plaintiff wrongfully received by the defendant.	Ditto	When the profits are received, or, where the plaintiff has been dispossessed by a decree afterwards set aside on appeal, the date of the decree of the appellate Court.
107.—For arrears of rent ...	Ditto	When the arrears become due.
108.—By a vendor of immoveable property to enforce his lien for unpaid purchase-money.	Ditto	The time fixed for completing the sale, or (where the title is accepted after the time fixed for completion) the date of the acceptance.
109.—For a call by a company registered under any Statute or Act.	Ditto	When the call is payable.

SCHEDULE—*continued*.FIRST DIVISION: SUITS—*continued*.

Description of suit.	Period of limitation.	Time from which period begins to run.
<i>Part VI.—Three years.—continued.</i>		
110.—For specific performance of a contract.	Three years.	The date fixed for the performance, or if no such date is fixed, when the plaintiff has notice that performance is refused.
111.—For the rescission of a contract	Ditto	When the facts entitling the plaintiff to have the contract rescinded first become known to him.
112.—For the breach of any contract, express or implied, not in writing registered, and not herein specially provided for.	Ditto	When the contract is broken, or (where there are successive breaches) when the breach sued for occurs, or (where the breach is continuing) when it ceases.
<i>Part VII.—Six years.</i>		
113.—Upon a foreign judgment as defined in the Code of Civil Procedure.	Six years	The date of the judgment.
114.—On a promise or contract in writing registered.	Ditto	When the period of limitation would begin to run against a suit brought on a similar promise or contract not registered.
115.—To obtain a declaration that an adoption is invalid.	Ditto	When the alleged adoption becomes known to the plaintiff.
116.—To obtain a declaration that an adoption is valid.	Ditto	When the rights of the adopted son as such are interfered with.
117.—Suit for which no period of limitation is provided elsewhere in this schedule.	Ditto	When the right to sue accrues.
<i>Part VIII.—Twelve years.</i>		
118.—By an auction-purchaser or any one claiming under him to avoid incumbrances or under-tenures in an entire estate sold for arrears of Government revenue, the estate being, by virtue of such sale, freed from incumbrances and under-tenures.	Twelve years	When the sale becomes final and conclusive.
119.—To avoid incumbrances or under-tenures in a <i>patni taluq</i> or other saleable tenure sold for arrears of rent, the taluq or tenure being, by virtue of such sale, freed from incumbrances and under-tenures.	Ditto	When the sale becomes final and conclusive.
120.—Upon a judgment obtained in British India, or a recognizance.	Ditto	The date of the judgment or recognizance.
121.—For a legacy or for a share of a residue bequeathed by a testator, or for a distributive share of the property of an intestate.	Ditto	When the legacy or share becomes payable or deliverable.

SCHEDULE—*continued*.FIRST DIVISION : SUITS—*continued*.

Description of suit.	Period of limitation.	Time from which period begins to run.
<i>Part VIII.— Twelve years— continued.</i>		
122.—For possession of an hereditary office .	Twelve years ..	When the defendant, or some person through whom he claims, took possession of the office adversely to the plaintiff. <i>Explanation.</i> —An hereditary office is possessed when the profits thereof are usually received, or (if there are no profits) when the duties thereof are usually performed. The date of the alienation.
123.—Suit during the life of a Hindú female by a Hindú entitled to the possession of land on her death to have an alienation made by the female declared to be void except for her life.	Ditto	The date of the alienation.
124.—By a Hindú governed by the law of the Mitákshará to set aside his father's alienation of ancestral property.	Ditto	When the alienee takes possession of the property.
125.—By a person excluded from joint-family property to enforce a right to share therein.	Ditto	When the exclusion becomes known to the plaintiff.
126.—By a Hindú for arrears of maintenance	Ditto	... When the arrears are payable.
127.—By a Hindú for a declaration of his right to maintenance.	Ditto	... When the right is denied.
128.—For the resumption or assessment of rent-free land.	Ditto	When the right to resume or assess the land first accrued : Provided that no such suit shall be maintained where the land forms part of a permanently-settled estate, and has been held rent-free from the time of the Permanent Settlement.
129.—To establish a periodically recurring right.	Ditto	When the plaintiff is first refused the enjoyment of the right.
130.—To enforce payment of money charged upon immoveable property.	Ditto	When the money sued for becomes due.
<i>Explanation.</i> —The allowance and fees respectively called <i>málíkína</i> and <i>haqq</i> s shall, for the purpose of this clause, be deemed to be money charged upon immoveable property.		

SCHEDULE—continued.

FIRST DIVISION : SUITS—continued.

Description of suit.	Period of limitation.	Time from which period begins to run.
<p style="text-align: center;"><i>Part VIII.— Twelve years— continued.</i></p>		
131.—To recover moveable property conveyed or bequeathed in trust, deposited or pawned and afterwards bought from the trustee, depositary or pawnee in good faith and for value as property to which the vendor was absolutely entitled.	Twelve years ...	The date of the purchase.
132.—To recover possession of immoveable property conveyed or bequeathed in trust or mortgaged and afterwards purchased from the trustee or mortgagee, in good faith and for value, as property to which the vendor was absolutely entitled.	Ditto ...	The date of the purchase.
133.—Suit instituted in a Court not established by Royal Charter by a mortgagee for possession of immoveable property mortgaged.	Ditto ...	When the mortgagee is first entitled to possession.
134.—By a purchaser at a private sale for possession of immoveable property sold, when the vendor was out of possession at the date of the sale.	Ditto ...	When the vendor is first entitled to possession.
135.—Like suit by a purchaser at a sale in execution of a decree, when the execution-debtor was out of possession at the date of the sale.	Ditto ...	When the execution-debtor is first entitled to possession.
136.—By a purchaser of land at a sale in execution of a decree, for possession of the purchased land, when he never has had possession.	Ditto ...	The date of the sale.
137.—By a landlord to recover possession from a tenant.	Ditto ...	When the tenancy is determined.
138.—By a remainderman, a reversioner (other than a landlord), or a devisee, for possession of immoveable property.	Ditto ...	When his estate falls into possession.
139.—Like suit by a Hindú entitled to the possession of immoveable property on the death of a Hindú female.	Ditto ...	When the female dies.
140.—For possession of immoveable property, when the plaintiff, while in possession of the property, has been dispossessed or has discontinued the possession.	Ditto ...	The date of the dispossession or discontinuance.

SCHEDULE—continued.

FIRST DIVISION : SUITS—continued.

Description of application.	Period of limitation.	Time from which period begins to run.
	<i>Part VIII.— Twelve years— continued.</i>	
141.—Like suit, when the plaintiff has become entitled by reason of any forfeiture or breach of condition.	Twelve years ...	When the forfeiture was incurred or the condition broken.
142.—For possession of immoveable property or any interest therein not hereby otherwise specially provided for.	Ditto ...	When the possession of the defendant, or of some person through whom he claims, became adverse to the plaintiff.
	<i>Part IX.—Thirty years.</i>	
143.—Against a depositary or pawnee to recover moveable property deposited or pawned.	Thirty years ...	The date of the deposit or pawn.
144.—Against a mortgagee to recover possession of immoveable property mort-	Ditto	The date of the mortgage Provided that all claims to redeem, arising under instruments of mortgage of immoveable property situate in British Burma, which have been executed before the first day of May 1863, shall be governed by the rules of limitation in force in that province immediately before the same day.
145.—Before a Court established by Royal Charter in the exercise of its ordinary original civil jurisdiction by a mortgagee to recover from the mortgagor the possession of immoveable property mortgaged.	Ditto	When any part of the principal or interest was last paid on account of the mortgage debt.
146.—Any suit in the name of the Secretary of State for India in Council.	Ditto	When the right to sue accrued.

SCHEDULE—continued.
SECOND DIVISION : APPEALS.

Description of appeals.	Period of limitation.	Time from which period begins to run.
147.—Under the Code of Civil Procedure to the Court of a District Judge.	Thirty days	The date of the decree or order appealed against.
148.—Under the Code of Criminal Procedure to any Court other than the High Court.	Ditto ...	The date of the sentence or order appealed against.
149.—Under the same Code to the High Court except in the case provided for by No. 151.	Sixty days ...	Ditto.
150.—Under the Code of Civil Procedure to the High Court.	Ninety days ...	The date of the decree or order appealed against.
151.—Under the Code of Criminal Procedure from a judgment of acquittal.	Six months ...	The date of the judgment appealed against.

THIRD DIVISION : APPLICATIONS.

Description of application.	Period of limitation.	Time from which period begins to run.
152.—Under the Code of Civil Procedure to set aside an award.	Ten days ...	When the award is submitted to the Court, and notice of the submission has been given to the persons and in manner prescribed by the High Court.
153.—For an order under section 258 of the same Code compelling a decreeholder to certify payment or adjustment.	Ditto ...	When the payment or adjustment is made.
154.—For dismissal of a suit on the ground of the plaintiff's bankruptcy or insolvency.	Ditto ...	When the plaintiff's assignee or receiver neglects or refuses to continue the suit.
155.—For leave to appear and defend a suit under chapter XXXIX of the Code of Civil Procedure.	Ditto ...	When the summons is served.
156.—For an order under section 629 of the same Code restoring to the file a rejected application for review.	Fifteen days	When the application for review is rejected.
157.—By a plaintiff for an order to set aside a judgment by default.	Thirty days	The date of the judgment.
158.—By a defendant for an order to set aside a judgment <i>ex parte</i> .	Ditto	The date of executing any process for enforcing the judgment.
159.—Under the Code of Civil Procedure, by a person dispossessed of immovable property, and disputing the right of the decreeholder to be put into possession.	Ditto ...	The date of the dispossession.
160.—To set aside a sale in execution of a decree, on the ground of irregularity in publishing or conducting the sale.	Ditto ...	The date of the sale.
161.—Complaining of resistance or obstruction to delivery of possession of immovable property decreed or sold in execution of a decree, or of dispossession in the delivery of possession to the decreeholder or the purchaser of such property.	Ditto	The date of the resistance, obstruction or dispossession.

SCHEDULE—continued.

THIRD DIVISION: APPLICATIONS—continued.

Description of application.	Period of limitation.	Time from which period begins to run.
162.—Under section 363 or 365 of the Code of Civil Procedure by a person claiming to be the legal representative of a deceased plaintiff.	Thirty days ...	The date of the plaintiff's death.
163.—For re-admission of an appeal dismissed for want of prosecution.	Ditto ...	The date of the dismissal.
164.—For a rehearing of an appeal heard <i>ex parte</i> in the absence of the respondent.	Ditto ...	The date of the decree.
165.—For leave to appeal as a pauper.	Ditto ...	The date of the decree appealed against.
166.—By a purchaser at an execution-sale to set aside the sale on the ground that the person whose interest in the property purported to be sold had no saleable interest therein.	Sixty days ...	The date of the sale.
167.—For a review of judgment.	Ninety days ...	The date of the decree.
168.—For payment of the amount of a decree by instalments.	Six months ...	The date of the decree.
169.—Under the Code of Civil Procedure, that an award be filed in Court.	Ditto ...	The date of the award.
170.—For the execution of a decree or order of any Civil Court not provided for by No. 173.	Three years ...	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The date of the decree or order, or 2. (where there has been an appeal) the date of the final decree or order of the Appellate Court, or 3. (where there has been a review of judgment) the date of the decision passed on the review, or 4. (where the application next hereinafter mentioned has been made) the date of applying in accordance with law to the proper Court to enforce, or keep in force, the decree or order, or 5. (where the notice next hereinafter mentioned has been issued) the date of issuing a notice under the Code of Civil Procedure, section 248, or 6. (where the application is to enforce payment of an instalment which the decree or order directs to be paid at a specified date) the date so specified. <p><i>Explanation I.</i>—Where the decree or order has been passed severally in favour of more persons than one,</p>

SCHEDULE—continued.

THIRD DIVISION : APPLICATIONS—continued.

Description of application.	Period of limitation.	Time from which period begins to
		<p>distinguishing portions of the subject-matter as payable or deliverable to each, the application mentioned in clause 4 of this Number shall take effect in favour only of such of the said persons or their representatives as it may be made by. But when the decree or order has been passed jointly in favour of more persons than one, such application, if made by any one or more of them, or by his or their representatives, shall take effect in favour of them all.</p> <p>Where the decree or order has been passed, severally, against more persons than one, distinguishing portions of the subject-matter as payable or deliverable by each, the application shall take effect against only such of the said persons or their representatives as it may be made against. But where the decree or order has been passed, jointly, against more persons than one, the application, if made against any one or more of them, or against his or their representatives, shall take effect against them all.</p> <p><i>Explanation II.</i>—"proper Court" means the Court whose duty it is (whether under section 226 or 227 of the Code of Civil Procedure or otherwise) to execute the decree or order.</p>
171.—Applications for which no period of limitation is provided elsewhere in this schedule.	Three years	When the right to apply accrued.
172.—For the execution of any such decree or order of which a certified copy has been registered under the Indian Registration Act.	Six years	<p>The date of the decree or order, or (where there has been an appeal) the date of the final decree or order of the Appellate Court, or (where there has been a review of judgment) the date of the decision passed on the review.</p>

SCHEDULE—*concluded*.THIRD DIVISION: APPLICATIONS—*concluded*.

Description of application.	Period of limitation.	Time from which period begins to run.
173.—To enforce a judgment, decree or order of any Court established by Royal Charter in the exercise of its ordinary original civil jurisdiction, or an order of Her Majesty in Council.	Twelve years	<p>When a present right to enforce the judgment, decree or order accrued to some person capable of releasing the right:</p> <p>Provided that when the judgment, decree or order has been revived, or some part of the principal money secured thereby, or some interest on such money has been paid, or some acknowledgment of the right thereto has been given in writing, signed by the person liable to pay such principal or interest or his agent, to the person entitled thereto or his agent, the twelve years shall be computed from the date of such revivor, payment or acknowledgment, or the latest of such revivors, payments or acknowledgments, as the case may be.</p>

WHITLEY STOKES,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 11, 1877.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal,
the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

No. 1962A

GENERAL — *The 22nd March 1877.*—Mr. F. D. Moran is appointed temporarily to be a Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the Seventh Grade, with effect from the 7th October last.

The 2nd April 1877 —In modification of the orders of the 21th ultimo, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 28th idem, Mr. C. H. Swinden, Officiating Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade, is posted to Rajmahal.

Baboo Banka Behary Bakshi, Sub-Deputy Collector, Sonthal Pergunnahs, is transferred to Malda.

The 4th April 1877 —Mr. W. C. Muller, Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of the Rajshahye and Cooch Behar Division, is permitted to take, from the 15th February 1877, the furlough for one year granted to him under orders of the 20th September 1876.

The Hon'ble V. H. Schalch, c.s. 1, Member, Board of Revenue, is allowed subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding thirty days, with effect from the 11th instant, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, preparatory to retiring from the Service.

The 5th April 1877 —Mr. F. F. Handley, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Pooree, is transferred to Cuttack.

The 6th April 1877 —Baboo Bhoirub Nath Palit is confirmed in the First Grade of Sub-Deputy Collectors, *vice* Baboo Soshee Sikhur Dutt.

Moulvi Abdool Wassay Ahmed, who was, under orders of the 15th December 1875, appointed to act as a Sub-Deputy Collector of the First Grade, *vice* Baboo Soshee Sikhur Dutt, will continue to act as such during the absence, on duty, of Baboo Soorjee Coomar Sen, or until further orders.

Baboo Monomotho Coomar Bose, Officiating Sub-Deputy Collector, Satkhira, in the 24-Pergunnahs, is confirmed in the Second Grade of Sub-Deputy Collectors, *vice* Baboo Bhoirub Nath Palit.

Baboo Nobin Krishna Banerjee, who was, under orders of the 11th December 1876, appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade, is appointed to act as a Sub-Deputy Collector of the First Grade during the absence, on duty, of Baboo Bhoirub Nath Palit, or until further orders.

Baboo Gossain Das Dutt, who was, under orders of the 13th ultimo, appointed to act as a Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector in Hooghly, is posted to Julpigoree.

Baboo Shyamadhub Roy, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Julpigoree, on leave, is posted to Hooghly.

The 7th April 1877.—Mr. H. L. Oliphant, Officiating Judicial Commissioner, Chota Nagpore, is confirmed in that appointment, *vice* Colonel J. S. Davies, retired.

Major R. C. Money is promoted to the Second Grade of Deputy Commissioners, *vice* Mr. H. L. Oliphant, but to continue to act as manager of the Durbhunga estate.

Mr. J. Ware-Edgar, C.S.I., Deputy Commissioner, Darjeeling, is appointed temporarily to be a Deputy Commissioner of the Second Grade, *vice* Major R. C. Money.

Mr. T. Smith, Deputy Commissioner of the Fourth Grade, is appointed to be temporarily a Deputy Commissioner of the Third Grade, *vice* Mr. J. Ware-Edgar. Mr. Smith will continue to act as District and Sessions Judge of Midnapore.

Mr. J. Anderson, Officiating Deputy Commissioner, Chittagong Hill Tracts, is appointed temporarily to be Deputy Commissioner of the Fourth Grade.

Mr. J. Pratt, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Mymensingh, having returned to duty on the forenoon of the 24th March 1877, the unexpired portion of the privilege leave granted to him under orders of the 13th February last is cancelled.

Mr. F. J. G. Campbell, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Sewan division of the Sarun district, is appointed, in addition to his own duties, to have temporary charge of the Gopalgunge division of that district, with effect from the 1st instant.

Moulvi Azhural Huq, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Gopalgunge division of the Sarun district, is posted temporarily to Sewan, in that district, with effect from the 1st instant.

Mr. E. W. Molony, Commissioner of the Patna Division, is allowed subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding fifteen days, from the 29th March 1877, the date on which he reported his return to India from furlough.

The 9th April 1877.—In modification of the orders of the 14th February 1877, the following gentlemen are appointed temporarily to be Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors of the Seventh Grade in the districts mentioned opposite their respective names:—

Baboo Chunder Coomar Dutt, Mymensingh.

„ Frankissen Roy, Julpigoree.

„ Nilmoney Cowar, Rungpore.

„ Shamapudo Chowdry, Dinagepore.

In modification of the orders of the 5th March 1877, Baboo Tarini Lal Chowdry is appointed temporarily to be a Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the Seventh Grade in Chittagong.

In modification of the orders of the 6th March 1877, the following gentlemen are appointed temporarily to be Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors of the Seventh Grade in the districts mentioned opposite their respective names:—

Baboo Nobin Chunder Mitter, Sarun.

„ Khetter Gopal Roy, Jessore.

In modification of the orders of the 7th March 1877, Baboo Poorna Chunder Ray is appointed temporarily to be a Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the Seventh Grade in Manbhoom.

Baboo Sree Nath Gupta, Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade at Bongong, is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the First Grade at Meherpore, in Nuddea, *vice* Baboo Khetter Gopal Ray.

Baboo Hem Chunder Mittra, Canoongoe of the First Grade at Kishnaghur, is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade at Bongong, in Nuddea, *vice* Baboo Sree Nath Gupta.

Baboo Joggut Chunder Shome, Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade, 24-Pergunnahs, is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the First Grade at Baraset, *vice* Baboo Poorna Chunder Ray.

Baboo Suchitanundo Mookerjee, Canoongoe of the First Grade at Diamond Harbour, is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade at the Sudder Station of the 24-Pergunnahs, *vice* Baboo Joggut Chunder Shome.

Baboo Annoda Prasad Pattak, Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade at Bood-Bood, in Burdwan, is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the First Grade, *vice* Baboo Frankissen Roy.

Baboo Dina Nath Dé, Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade in Howrah, is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the First Grade, *vice* Baboo Nilmoney Cowar.

Baboo Binod Behary Sarkar, Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade in Beerbhoom, is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the First Grade, *vice* Baboo Shama Pudo Chowdry.

Moonshee Suja-ut Ali Ahmed is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade at Tumlook, in Midnapore, *vice* Baboo Dina Nath Dé.

Baboo Shashi Bhusan Sen, Canoongoe of the First Grade, is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade at Contai, in Midnapore, *vice* Baboo Binod Behary Sarkar.

The 10th April 1877.—Mr. W. H. M. Gun, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Balasore, is allowed leave for 10 days, to enable him to attend the High Proficiency Examination in Bengali in July next.

Baboo Nobin Chunder Sen, Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of the Chittagong Division, having resumed charge of his duties on the 2nd instant, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him under orders of the 29th January 1877 is cancelled.

Mr. W. Heysham, Railway Deputy Collector, is vested with the powers of a Collector under the Land Acquisition Act X of 1870, for public purposes.

Baboo Rashomoy Dutt, Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade in Noakholly, is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the First Grade in Chittagong, *vice* Baboo Tarini Lal Chowdry.

Baboo Hurry Puddo Ghose, Canoongoe of the First Grade at Cox's Bazar, is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade in Noakholly, *vice* Baboo Rashomoy Dutt.

Mr. C. J. S. Faulder, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Pubna, was on leave for 23 days, from 11th January 1877, under Section 14, Chapter IV of the Civil Leave Code.

Baboo Hurree Churn Ghose, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Patna, is allowed leave for one month and fifteen days, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 10th April 1877, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. H. Savage, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, in charge of the Raneeunge division of the Burdwan district, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X of 1870.

Mr. H. B. Lawford is appointed to be District and Sessions Judge of Nuddea, but will continue to act as District and Sessions Judge of the 24-Pergunnahs.

Mr. J. Monro is appointed to be District and Sessions Judge of Jessore, but will continue to act as Inspector-General of Police.

Mr. W. Cornell, District and Sessions Judge, Bankoora, is appointed to act in the First Grade of Judges, *vice* Mr. L. R. Tottenham, about to proceed on furlough.

Mr. F. W. V. Peterson, who was, under the orders of the 7th April 1876, appointed to be temporarily a Deputy Commissioner of the Third Grade, is confirmed in that grade, *vice* Major R. C. Money, promoted. Mr. Peterson will continue to act as District and Sessions Judge of Furreedpore.

Mr. H. J. Newbery is appointed to be a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade, *vice* Mr. Peterson. Mr. Newbery will continue to act as Magistrate and Collector of Chittagong.

Mr. A. Manson is appointed to be a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the Second Grade, *vice* Mr. Newbery. Mr. Manson will continue to act as a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade in Purneah.

Mr. G. Toynbee is appointed to be Second Inspector of Registration Offices, *vice* Mr. Manson. Mr. Toynbee will continue to act as Magistrate and Collector of Cuttack.

The following officers are appointed to act as Joint-Magistrates and Deputy Collectors of the First Grade :—

Mr. R. M. Waller,	<i>vice</i> Mr. E. S. Moseley.
" R. C. Dutt,	" " J. R. Hallett.
" F. F. Handley,	" " D. W. M. Testro.
" A. H. Haggard,	" " G. E. Porter.
" C. J. O'Donnell,	" " A. C. Brett.

The following officers are appointed to act as Joint-Magistrates and Deputy Collectors of the Second Grade :—

Mr. K. G. Gupta.
" H. M. Tobin.
" H. H. Risley.
" G. A. Grierson.
" F. H. Harding.

The following gentlemen are appointed to act as Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors in the districts mentioned opposite their names :—

Baboo Bhoirub Nath Palit, Patna.
" Abinash Churn Mullick, Gya.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Central Examination Committee :—

Mr. J. A. Bourdillon, c.s.		Mr. H. M. Tobin, c.s.
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Mr. J. R. Hand, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Sonthal Pergunnahs, is allowed leave for two years, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, together with subsidiary leave for 18 days, under Section 10.

Mr. A. W. Scanlan, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Julpigoree, is transferred to the Sonthal Pergunnahs.

Baboo Taran Chunder Sircar, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Pubna, is transferred to Julpigoree.

Baboo Ishan Chunder Sen, Acting Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is posted to Pubna.

Mr. H. J. H. Fasson, now on special duty in Julpigoree, is appointed to be an Assistant Settlement Officer to conduct the settlement of the Noabad talooks in Chittagong, *vice* Mr. J. O. Veasey.

Mr. J. G. Ritchie, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, in charge of the Diamond Harbour division of the district of 24-Pergunnahs, is posted to the Sudder Station of Gya.

Baboo Tarini Churn Mitter, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Howrah, is appointed to have charge of the Diamond Harbour division of the district of 24-Pergunnahs.

Mr. A. Rattray, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is posted to the Sudder Station of Howrah.

LEGISLATIVE.—*The 29th March 1877.*—The Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to accept the resignation tendered by the Hon'ble George Parbury of his seat in the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making laws and regulations.

POLICE.—*The 5th April 1877.*—Mr. J. H. Warender Clark, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Noakholly, is transferred to Hooghly.

This cancels the orders of the 12th ultimo, transferring Mr. Clark to Palamow, in Lohardugga.

The 10th April 1877.—Mr. D. Lacey, District Superintendent of Police, who reported his return from furlough on the 14th ultimo, is allowed subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding thirty days, to enable him to rejoin his appointment.

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Tathom Hitchens, Acting District Superintendent of Police, Midnapore, is appointed to be District Superintendent of Police, Hazareebagh, *vice* Mr. W. P. Davis.

Mr. John Biscoe Birch, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Sarun, is appointed to act until further orders as District Superintendent of Police, Midnapore.

The following acting promotions of officers in the Police Department are made with effect from the date on which Lieutenant-Colonel Buttanshaw may avail himself of furlough:—

Mr. A. H. Giles, to act in the Second Grade of District Superintendents.

„ D. Lacey, to act in the Third Grade.

„ A. E. C. Bolst, to act in the Fourth Grade

Mr. G. R. K. Meares, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Gya, is appointed to act as District Superintendent of Police, Sarun, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel Buttanshaw, proceeding on leave.

Mr. B. Rattray, Assistant Superintendent of Police, is appointed to act as District Superintendent of Police, Purneah, during the absence, on leave, of Major W. L. N. Kuyvett, or until further orders.

The following gentlemen are appointed to act as Assistant Superintendents of Police until further orders:—

Mr. W. D. Abercrombie.

Mr. G. Rivett-Carnac.

ECCLIASTICAL.—*The 10th April 1877.*—The Revd. A. Rust is appointed to be River Chaplain, with effect from the 13th ultimo, the date on which he took charge of the Floating Church.

REGISTRATION.—*The 4th April 1877.*—Syud Kassim Hossein, Special Sub-Registrar of Durbhunga, is allowed leave for two months, under Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code.

EDUCATION.—*The 4th April 1877.*—Moulvi Abdool Hye, Secretary to the Mozufferpore Municipality, is appointed to be a member of the District School Committee of Mozufferpore.

The 6th April 1877.—In supersession of the orders of the 5th March 1877, Baboo Chandra Nath Moitra, Head Master of the Bankoora Zillah School, is appointed to be Secretary to the Bankoora District School Committee.

The 10th April 1877.—Mr. W. Booth, Professor, Presidency College, is allowed leave on medical certificate for fifteen days, under Section 14, Chapter IV of the Civil Leave Code.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the District School Committee at Patna:—

Mr. A. C. Mangles, Officiating Opium Agent, Behar.

„ L. C. Abbott, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Patna.

Pundit Chuttu Ram Tewaree, Sanskrit Professor, Patna College

Mr. F. J. Rowe, Inspector of Schools, Western Circle, is appointed to act as Principal of the Kishnaghur College, during the absence, on deputation, of Mr. E. Lethbridge, or until further orders.

OPIMUM.—*The 7th March 1877.*—Mr. A. Anderson, Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Futteh-gurh, is allowed furlough for one year, under Section 12, Chapter IV of the Civil Leave Code, together with the necessary subsidiary leave.

The 5th April 1877.—In modification of the orders of the 22nd ultimo, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 28th idem, Mr. H. Osborne, Sub-Deputy Opium Agent of Shahabad, is appointed to officiate as Sub-Deputy Opium Agent of Futteh-gurh during the absence, on furlough, of Mr. A. Anderson, or until further orders.

Mr. C. L. Harrison is appointed to be Sub-Deputy Opium Agent of Tehta, but to continue to officiate as Sub-Deputy Opium Agent of Gya.

The 10th April 1877.—Mr. C. A. C. Gennoe, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Julpigoree, on leave, is appointed to be temporarily an Assistant Opium Agent, Benares, *vice* Mr. E. F. J. Porcelli, on leave.

Mr. G. Rivett-Carnac officiated as an Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent in the Benares from the 1st to the 5th December 1876, both days inclusive.

MEDICAL.—*The 5th April 1877.*—The following revised list of members of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Rampore Hât is published for general information :—

Magistrate of Moorshedabad	...	...	...	...
Civil Surgeon of ditto	...	...	...	...
Sub-Divisional Officer of Rampore Hât	...	...	...	} <i>Ex officio members.</i>
Moonsif of Rampore Hât	...	...	...
District Engineer, East Indian Railway	...	...	...
Locomotive Foreman, ditto	...	...	...
Medical Officer, ditto	...	...	...
C. J. Hampton, Esq., Zemindar.				
Maharajah Gopal Chunder Sing, Bahadoor, Zemindar.				
Baboo Annanta Lall Mondul, Zemindar and Banker.				
„ Bipro Churn Ghosal, Zemindar and Putnidar.				
„ Gour Soonder Chowduri, ditto.				
„ Protap Chandra Chowduri, ditto.				
Moulvi Koodrotoollah, Khan Bahadoor, ditto.				
„ Abdoo Sobhan, ditto.				
Syud Noorunnobi, ditto.				
„ Lutful Huq, Zemindar and Mooktear.				
Baboo Ganga Narain Ghose, Pleader and Zemindar.				

The 7th April 1877.—Surgeon C. W. Owen is appointed to do duty in the Presidency General Hospital as a temporary arrangement.

Mr. H. C. Wright, Acting Manager of the Bankoora Indigo Concern, is appointed to be a member of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Bankoora.

Third Grade Assistant Surgeon Mutty Lall Mookerjee is appointed temporarily to the dispensary at Chittagong during the absence, on duty, of Assistant Surgeon Unnoda Churn Kastogree at the North Suburban Hospital.

The 10th April 1877.—Third Grade Assistant Surgeon Poorna Chunder Singh was in medical charge of the civil station of Burrisal from the 8th to the 18th January 1877, in addition to his duties of the dispensary at that station, during the absence of the Civil Surgeon in the interior of Backergunge.

Second Grade Assistant Surgeon Raj Kristo Ghosal, a supernumerary at the Presidency, is appointed temporarily to the Shumbhoo Nath Pundit Dispensary at Bhowanipore, with effect from the 19th ultimo, vice Second Grade Assistant Surgeon Baney Madhub Tagore.

Surgeon W. D. Stewart, Civil Surgeon of Cuttack, is allowed leave for forty-two days, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 7th instant, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

Baboo Opendro Narain Mozoomdar, Pleader, is appointed to be Secretary to the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Contai, in Midnapore.

MUNICIPAL.—*The 20th March 1877.*—The following gentlemen are appointed to be Commissioners of the Municipality of Bazitpore, in the district of Mymensingh :—

Baboo Grish Chunder Chowdry, Talookdar. | Baboo Dwarka Nath Bose, Zemindar's Naib.

ROAD CESS.—*The 5th April 1877.*—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Branch Road Cess Committee at Magoora, in the district of Jessore :—

Mr. Julian Robert Savi, Indigo Planter. | Baboo Jago Mohun Mozoomdar, Jotedar.
„ William Alfred Savi, „ | „ Joy Nath Sen, Mooktear.

The 10th April 1877.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Branch Road Cess Committee of Madaripore, in Furreedpore.

Sub-Inspector of Schools, *ex-officio*.

Baboo Madan Mohun Das, Mooktear.

„ Panchanan Roy, Zemindar.

„ Bhagavati Charan Chowdhuri, Mooktear.

„ Sashi Kumar Roy, Mooktear,

„ Ram Chandra Roy Chowdhuri, Talookdar.

R. L. MANGLES.

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 9th April 1877.—Whereas the scheme for making a new cut between the rivers Pudda and Kuntabutty, passing through the villages of Aircha, Dukhin Sealo, Anolia, Boaleepara, Arpara, Isail, and Prykura, known as Uthali, in thana Jaffergunge, in the district of Dacca, has been abandoned, the declaration of 31st August 1874, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of 2nd September, 1874, regarding the acquisition, at the expense of the Dacca District Road Cess Fund, of the strip of land measuring, more or less, 311 beghas 13 cottahs 6 dhoors of standard measurement, within the aforesaid villages, is hereby cancelled.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

No. 1752.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,—FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

PAY AND ALLOWANCES.

Fort William, the 27th March 1877.

READ—

A letter from the Chief Secretary to the Government of Bombay, No. 5865, dated the 14th October 1876, and its enclosures, containing a proposal that the Collector of Customs at Karachi should be empowered to sanction charges not exceeding in the aggregate Rs. 50 a year on account of the conveyance hire of persons sent by him on emergent business from one part of Karachi to another.

RESOLUTION.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to rule that, when it is necessary to hire conveyance for a messenger of any rank despatched on urgent business to a place in the neighbourhood of the Office to which the business appertains, the expense actually incurred may be charged to the Government, provided the head of the Office certifies that the charge was unavoidable.

ORDERED that the above resolution be communicated to the other Departments of the Government of India, to all Local Governments and Administrations, to the Comptroller-General and Head Commissioner of Paper Currency, to other Chiefs of Departments administered by the Government of India in the Financial Department, to all Accountants-General, and to Deputy Accountants-General in independent charge.

R. B. CHAPMAN, *Secy. to the Govt. of India.*

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

The 20th March 1877.—The following Notification is published for general information.

H. J. S. COTTON,

Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1742.—The rate of conversion of Indian into sterling money for Overland Money Orders has been changed to 1s. 8½d. per rupee. Schedule 15 of the Tariff Table is therefore in force until further notice.

W. WATERFIELD, *Offg. Comptroller-General.*

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 23rd February 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the site of a Post Office in mouzah Akbarpore, pergunnah Puchrookhy, sub-division Nowdah, zillah Gya, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 cottah 14 dhoores of standard measurement, bounded on the north by the existing lane leading from the house of Nagoo Telin; on the east by waste land and house of Nagoo Telin; on the south by the house of Mahadeo Kahar and shops of Bhutto Tely; and on the west by the land lying by the road from Nowada to Rojowiy, is required within the aforesaid mouzah.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 24th March 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that additional land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, namely, for the Railway Terminal Station in the town of Howrah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose 16 cottahs 10 chittacks of land by standard measurement, with buildings thereon, are required. The premises are situate in mouzah Howrah, pergunnah Borae, district Hooghly, and bounded on the north and east by land belonging to the East Indian Railway Company; on the south by the Howrah Ghat Road; and on the west by land and premises the property of Mrs. Emma Watling, but at present under acquisition under the provisions of Act X of 1870.

The plan of the land mentioned above can be seen at the Office of the Railway Deputy Collector, Board of Revenue, Calcutta.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 27th March 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz for the construction of a new station road from the Railway Station at Julpigoree running in an easterly direction through paddy-fields to the Rungpore Road in front of the cemetery in taluk Khorla, pergunnah Bykantopore, zillah Julpigoree, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land in length, more or less, 1,055 feet, with an average breadth of 72 feet, and in area 5 beeghas 5 cottahs 10 doors of standard measurement, is required within the aforesaid Khorla taluk.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1963A.

The 21st March 1877.—Mr. H. Bell is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate for the Sahebgunge Bench, in the Sonthal Pergunnahs, and is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

The 22nd March 1877.—Baboo Kalce Kinkur Banerjee, Pleader, is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate for the Jhenida Bench, in the Jessore district, and is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

The 4th April 1877.—Moulvi Abdool Bari is appointed to officiate as Moonsif of Monghyr during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Burma Dutt, or until further orders.

The 7th April 1877.—Moulvi Fazlul Kadir, Officiating Moonsif of Lohardugga, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

Mr. E. D. Ezra is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate for the Town of Calcutta under Section 8, Act IV of 1877.

The 9th April 1877.—Baboo Nuffer Chunder Bhutto, B.L., Moonsif of Backergunge, is appointed to act until further orders as Small Cause Court Judge and as a Subordinate Judge of that district, *vice* Baboo Promotho Nath Mookerjee, transferred to Furreedpore.

The 10th April 1877.—Baboo Gopee Nath Mattay, Moonsif of Bhagulpore, is transferred temporarily to Chumparun, *vice* Baboo Matadan, appointed to act as a Subordinate Judge. Baboo Gopeenath Mattay is vested, under Section 29 of Act VI of 1871, with the jurisdiction of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such courts up to the amount of fifty rupees.

Moulvi Abdul Bari, B.L., Officiating Moonsif of Monghyr, is appointed to act as Moonsif of Bhagulpore during the absence, on duty, of Baboo Gopeenath Mattay, or until further orders.

The following gentlemen, who have, under separate orders of this date, been appointed to act as Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors in the districts mentioned against their names, are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class:—

Baboo Bhoirub Nath Palit, Patna.

„ Abinash Churn Mullick, Gya.

The Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to accept the resignation tendered by the following gentlemen of their appointments as Honorary Magistrates in the district of Durbhunga:—

Mohunt Luchmon Doss.

| Baboo Doorga Dutt Sing.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE TO MOONSIFS.—*The 5th April 1877.*—Moulvi Abdul Azeez, Moonsif of Behar, in the district of Patna, is allowed privilege leave of absence for one month, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from 1st April 1877, or from any subsequent date.

The 6th April 1877.—Baboo Shyam Chand Dhur, Moonsif of Manbazar, in the Chota Nagpore Division, is allowed leave of absence for three months, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of that already granted to him on the 30th January 1877.

Baboo Abinash Chunder Mitter, Moonsif of Bogra, in the district of Rungpore, is allowed leave of absence for one month, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of that already granted to him on the 12th February 1877.

The 7th April 1877.—Baboo Gopee Nath Banerjee, Second Moonsif of Midnapore, is allowed leave of absence for three months, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of that already granted to him on the 11th October 1876.

The leave of absence for a month and a half granted to Baboo Burmah Dutt, Moonsif of Monghyr, in the district of Bhagulpore, and notified in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 28th March 1877, will take effect from the 26th March 1877, instead of from the 15th idem.

R. L. MANGLICK,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ERRATUM.

The 10th April 1877.—In the list of Commissioners for the Municipality of Kandi, in the district of Moorshedabad, published with the Government Notification dated the 3rd March last, in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 7th idem, for "Bahoo Mohendro Narain Ghosal" read "Bahoo Mohendro Narain Ghose."

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 29th March 1877.—It is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to sanction the transfer of the head-quarters of the Moureswar Sub-Registry Office, in the district of Beerbhoom, from Sikoda to Moureswar.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd April 1877.—It is hereby notified that, under Section 3, Regulation VI of 1819, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to declare the Itakata ferry, on the road from Adumdighee to Badulgatchee, in the Bogra district, to be a public ferry.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 5th April 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under Section 299 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Tumlook, in the district of Midnapore, at a meeting, to extend to that Municipality the provisions of Part IX, Chapter II of the said Act V (B.C.) of 1876.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 5th April 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under Section 77 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, in compliance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Commillah, in the district of Tipperah, made at a meeting convened expressly for the purpose, and of which due notice was given, to sanction the imposition within the limits of the said Municipality of Commillah of a tax upon persons occupying holdings therein according to their circumstances and the property to be protected within the Municipality.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 9th April 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under Section 234 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Commillah at a meeting, to extend to that Municipality the provisions of Part VII, Chapter II of the said Act V (B.C.) of 1876, with the exception of Sections 257 to 270, both inclusive.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 9th April 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under Section 234 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Commillah at a meeting, to extend to that Municipality the provisions of Part VII, Chapter II of the said Act V (B.C.) of 1876, except those of Sections 257 to 270, both inclusive.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 10th April 1877.—Under Section 3, Act I (B.C.) of 1876 (an Act to provide for the voluntary registration of Mahomedan marriages and divorces), the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to grant a license to Moulvi Abdus Subhan authorising him to register Mahomedan marriages and divorces and to exercise the other functions of a Mahomedan Registrar within the thana of Teknaf, including the outposts of Nhila and Ukhia, in the subdivision of Cox's Bazar, in the Chittagong district. The head-quarters of the office will be at Nhila.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 27th March 1877.—The following bye-laws, made under Section 313, Act V (B.C.) of 1876, by the Municipal Commissioners of Patna at a meeting, have been confirmed by the Lieutenant-Governor under Section 314 thereof, and are hereby published for general information :—

For Regulating the Time and Mode of Collecting the Taxes.

1. Every officer authorized to grant receipts shall be provided with a certificate of his authority to collect, and every such certificate shall bear the seal of the Municipality and the signature of the Chairman. Every collecting officer, at the time of demanding payment, shall be bound to show this certificate if required.

2. Every person required in writing to furnish any schedule or return which the Commissioners may lawfully require him to furnish shall send such schedule or return to the Office of the Commissioners within one week from the date of the service of the requisition in the manner described in Section 367 of the Act. Any person failing to do so shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5 for the omission, and to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day the omission shall, after warning, continue. Any person submitting a false or incorrect schedule or return shall be liable to a penalty of Rs. 20, provided that nothing in this bye-law shall be held to prevent the institution of a criminal prosecution under the Penal Code should the facts appear to warrant such a proceeding.

3. Payment of purchase-money for property sold, and delivery of the property, shall be made immediately after the sale; and if the purchaser fail to pay the full amount of his bid, it shall be lawful for the distraining officer, at his discretion, to sell the property again on the same or any other day, and the first purchaser shall, in such case, be responsible to the Commissioners for any loss, which shall be recoverable as a debt due to them.

For Regulating the Conduct of Persons Employed by the Commissioners.

4. All persons employed by the Commissioners, whose services may be no longer required, shall be liable to discharge after receipt of previous notice, or pay in advance, for the period of one month; and no such person shall withdraw from the duties of his office without having given previous notice for the period of one month, on pain of forfeiture of one month's salary.

5. All persons now holding, or who may hereafter be appointed to, any office under the Commissioners shall, when required so to do, furnish good security to such amount as the Commissioners may from time to time fix; and any person failing to furnish such security within reasonable time, or within such time as the Commissioners may appoint, shall be held to have thereby forfeited his appointment, and may be removed from office.

For Regulating the Disposal of Offensive Matter, Rubbish, and Dead Bodies of Animals.

6. Every person within whose premises any animal may die shall, within four hours after its death, or, if death occurs at night, within two hours after day-light, either remove, at his own expense the carcass to such place as may be set apart by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcass, or report its death to the conservancy overseer of the division within which such premises may be situated; and in such latter case shall pay to the said overseer the expense of removing the carcass at such rate as the Commissioners may determine: and in cases where the said person is not the owner of the animal, and the owner is known, the owner shall alone be responsible for the payment of such expense, and such expense shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners. No overseer, when called upon, shall neglect to remove a carcass.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

7. No person shall deposit, or cause to be deposited, any carcass, or any part of a carcass, in any place other than such places as may from time to time be appointed by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcass.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

8. No person shall carry night-soil through the streets otherwise than in a closely covered receptacle of such description and pattern as shall be required from time to time by the Municipal Commissioners, and between such hours as the Municipal Commissioners may from time to time direct.

For Regulating Traffic in the Streets.

9. No person shall drive any vehicle of any description at any time between three quarters of an hour after sunset and one hour before sunrise without a sufficient light, except when, in the opinion of the Magistrate, there may be sufficient moonlight to render such light unnecessary.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 5.

10. No owner of any carriage shall allow it to be driven by a driver under 14 years of age.

Penalty for disobedience on the owner's part, Rs. 10.

11. No elephant or camel shall at any time be taken through any of the principal streets without the written permission of the Chairman or Vice-Chairman.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 50.

For Regulating or Prohibiting the use of Fire-balloons, Fire-works, Fire-arms, or Missiles in the vicinity of public roads.

12. No one shall let off any fire-balloon, fire-works, fire-arms, or any missile in or near a public street without the consent of the Municipal Commissioners previously obtained.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

General Bye-laws.

13. No person shall construct, or place over, or by the side of, any public drain, any bridge, platform, building, or structure of any kind, except by and with the written permission of the Commissioners, and in such manner as they shall direct.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 3 daily.

14. If any house, wall, or other erection, or any part thereof, fall upon any public highway, or into any public drain, the owner of such house, wall, or erection, shall remove it after notice within the time prescribed by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 5 daily.

15. No person shall prepare any channel, or convey water by any channel, across any public thoroughfare except in such manner as shall have been first approved by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 2 daily.

16. No person shall steep in any river, khal, tank, or ditch, within municipal limits, any jute, hemp, bamboos, or other vegetable matter likely to render the water of such river, khal, tank, or ditch offensive or noxious to the neighbourhood.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 5; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 2 daily.

17. No person shall, without the written permission of the Commissioners, set up any obstruction in any *nulla* or water-course; and the Commissioners may order the removal of any such obstruction on grounds of public health.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 4 daily.

18. The owner or occupier of any part of the bank of any *nulla* or water-course shall keep it free from filth, dense vegetation, or other obstruction, and shall at all times allow the Commissioners, or any of their servants duly authorized, to have access to such *nulla* or water-course for any purpose of public conservancy.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 5 daily.

19. No person shall let loose, or cause or allow to be let loose, or allow to get loose, any diseased or worn-out animal on any highway, or into any place whence such animal can escape into any highway.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

20. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in any burial ground in a grave constructed of masonry in such manner that the top of the coffin, or the body where no coffin is used, shall be at a less depth than five feet from the surface ground.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

21. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, in any burial ground, any corpse or part of a corpse, in a grave not constructed of masonry, which shall be less than six feet deep.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

22. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, any grave in any burial ground at a less distance than two feet from any other existing grave.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

23. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, a grave in any burial place in any other line than that marked out by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

24. No grave once used shall be opened for the burial of another body without the permission of the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

25. No one shall carry a corpse, or part of a corpse, through any highway, unless it be decently covered and totally concealed from public view.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

26. Every person who shall bring or convey, or cause to be conveyed, any corpse, or part of a corpse, to any burning ground, shall burn, or cause the same to be burnt, within twelve hours after its arrival at the said burning ground.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

27. No person, when burning, or causing to be burnt, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in any burning ground, shall permit the same or any part thereof to remain without the flesh thereof being completely consumed to ashes, or shall permit the bones, clothes, or other articles connected with the burning of such corpse to remain at or near such burning ground unless the same be completely reduced to ashes.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

28. No person, while carrying any corpse, or part of any corpse, through the precincts falling within municipal limits, shall deposit it in or near any highway except for the purpose of ordinary relief.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

29. No person shall picket animals, or collect carts, or form any encampment, upon any public ground without the permission of the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

R. L. MANGLES.

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 3rd April 1877.—THE following bye-laws, framed by the Municipal Commissioners of Maldah at a meeting under section 313 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, having been confirmed by the Lieutenant-Governor under section 314 thereof, are hereby published for general information.

For regulating the time and mode of collecting taxes.

1. EVERY officer authorized to grant receipts shall be provided with a certificate of his authority to collect, and every such certificate shall bear the seal of the Municipality and the signature of the Chairman. Every collecting officer, at the time of demanding payment, shall be bound to show this certificate if required.

2. Every person required, in writing, to furnish any schedule or return which the Commissioners may lawfully require him to furnish, shall send such schedule or return to the office of the Commissioners within one week from the date of the service of the requisition, in the manner described in section 367 of the Act. Any person failing to do so shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5 for the omission, and to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day the omission shall, after warning, continue. Any person submitting a false or incorrect schedule or return shall be liable to a penalty of Rs. 20, provided that nothing in this bye-law shall be held to prevent the institution of a criminal prosecution under the Penal Code, should the facts appear to warrant such a proceeding.

3. Payment of purchase money for property sold, and delivery of the property, shall be made immediately after the sale; and if the purchaser fail to pay the full amount of his bid, it shall be lawful for the distraining officer, at his discretion, to sell the property again on the same or any other day, and the first purchaser shall, in such case, be responsible to the Commissioners for any loss, which shall be recoverable as a debt due to them.

For regulating the conduct of persons employed by the Commissioners.

4. All persons employed by the Commissioners, whose services may be no longer required, shall be liable to discharge after receipt of previous notice, or pay in advance, for the period of one month unless discharged at once for misconduct; and no such person shall withdraw from the duties of his office without having given previous notice for the period of one month, on pain of forfeiture of one month's salary.

5. All persons now holding, or who may hereafter be appointed to, any office under the Commissioners shall, when required so to do, furnish good security to such amount as the Commissioners may from time to time fix; and any person failing to furnish such security within reasonable time, or within such time as the Commissioners may appoint, shall be held to have thereby forfeited his appointment, and may be removed from office.

For regulating the disposal of offensive matter, rubbish, and dead bodies of animals.

6. Every person within whose premises any animal may die shall, within four hours after its death, or, if death occurs at night, within two hours after daylight, either remove at his own expense the carcass to such place as may be set apart by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcass, or report its death to the conservancy overseer of the division

within which such premises may be situated; and in such latter case shall pay to the said overseer the expense of removing the carcass at such rate as the Commissioners may determine; and in cases where the said person is not the owner of the animal, and the owner is known, the owner shall alone be responsible for the payment of such expenses, and such expense shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners. No overseer, when called upon, shall neglect to remove a carcass.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

For the regulation and management of privies.

7. Every owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises, from which offensive matter is not removed by the said owner or occupier, shall give free access to the servants of the Municipality to his house, land, or premises, for the removal of any night-soil or filth within such hours as may have been fixed on by the Municipal Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 5.

8. On receipt of a notice from the Municipal Commissioners, every owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises, in or on which any well-privy, or other noxious or improperly constructed privy, may be situated, shall fill up, close, or otherwise alter the construction of the said privy, as may be directed in the notice; and if the orders contained in the notice be not carried out within 15 days, the Commissioners may fill up, close, or otherwise alter the said privy, and any expense incurred in so doing shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

9. No owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises, in or on which any privy may be situated, shall allow night-soil or filth of any kind to flow or be discharged from such privy into any drain, water-course, river, tank, hollow, or excavation (or any place containing waste and stagnant water).

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

10. No person shall throw, deposit, or discharge any night-soil, sewage, or the contents of any drain, privy, or cess-pool, into any river, tank, khal, water-course, or receptacle for water, or dispose of the abovementioned kinds of offensive matter in any other way than as the Municipal Commissioners may from time to time direct.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

11. The Municipal Commissioners may direct the use of lime, coal-tar, carbolic acid, or other deodorants or disinfectants in any privy or premises if at any time it seem to them necessary for the preservation of public health, or for the prevention of infection or spread of disease: provided that the Municipal Commissioners shall be bound to supply such deodorants, &c., at cost price, and the price shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

General bye-laws.

12. No person shall put, or cause to be put, on any house, or other building, any spout or other thing intended for the conveyance and discharge of water, which shall be so placed that the water discharged therefrom shall be thrown or fall upon any public road or thoroughfare; and the Commissioners shall have power to take down and alter any such spout now in existence, and to recover the costs as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 5.

13. No person shall construct, or place over, or by the side of, any public drain, any bridge, platform, building, or structure of any kind, except by and with the written permission of the Commissioners, and in such manner as they shall direct.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 8 daily.

14. If any house, wall, or other erection, or any part thereof, fall upon any public highway, or into any public drain, the owner of such house, wall, or erection, shall remove it after notice within the time prescribed by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 5 daily.

15. No person shall prepare any channel, or convey water by any channel, across any public thoroughfare, except in such manner as shall have been first approved by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 2 daily.

16. No person shall picket animals, or collect carts, or form any encampment, upon any public ground without the permission of the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd April 1877.—The following description of the boundary of the Dum-Dum Cantonment is hereby published for general information :—

Number of pillar.	Description.	BEARING.		Direct distance in feet.
		Deg.	Min.	
1	Situated at south-west corner of the junction of Church road with the Calcutta and Jessore road, bearing with south-east corner of Protestant Church $353^{\circ} 30'$, from which it is distant 294 feet. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	292	30	2,244
2	Situated on the south side of Church road at north-west corner of garden known as Bankahi-ki-hatta. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	190	...	207
3	Situated on west side of the garden Bankahi-ki-hatta and immediately south of the kutchra road leading to the garden. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	281	30	277
4	Situated on the south side of the kutchra road from the garden, at its junction with the pucca road running past the west end of the Family Barracks. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	191	30	28
5	Situated east side of the road running past the Family Barracks. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	282	30	280
6	Situated at the edge of a drain in Nya Bustee Deiglah. The boundary line follows the drain. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	19	30	69
7	Situated at the junction of two drains and on south side of the kutchra road, running in front of Nya Bustee Deiglah. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	291	30	162
8	Situated on east side of road leading to the conservancy pits at its crossing with the road running in front of Nya Bustee Deiglah. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	238	...	680
9	Situated on south-eastern side of road leading to conservancy pits. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	192	30	117
10	Situated at north-western corner of the plot of ground set apart for conservancy pits. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	100	...	434
11	Situated at north-eastern corner of the plot of ground set apart for conservancy pits. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	185	...	300
12	Situated at south-east corner of the plot of ground set apart for conservancy pits. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	291	...	750
13	Situated at south-west corner of the plot of ground set apart for conservancy pits. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	331	30	60
14	Situated at south-west corner of the plot of ground set apart for conservancy pits. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	55	...	1,110
15	Situated on west side of kutchra road leading to the Sudder Bazar, near its crossing with the road leading to the conservancy pits. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	18	...	558
16	Situated on west side of road leading to Sudder Bazar, and opposite the west end of the Family Barracks. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	15	30	600
17	Situated at west side of road leading to bazar and at north-east corner of Dr. Ameerodeen's dwelling-house. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	280	30	188
18	Situated at north-west corner of Dr. Ameerodeen's dwelling-house. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	287	30	137
19	Situated on the edge of a drain near north-eastern corner of a tank. The boundary line follows the drain. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	288	...	166
20	Situated on the edge of a drain at the north-western corner of the tank referred to above. The boundary line follows the drain. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	229	30	23

Number of pillar.	Description.	BEARING.		Direct distance in feet.
		Deg.	Min.	
21	Situated on the west side of a tank on edge of drain. Boundary line follows the drain. Bearing and distance to next pillar	291	30	91
22	Situated at the end of the drain referred to above, and at the corner of a kutchra road. Bearing and distance to next pillar	220	...	14
23	Situated on the east side of the kutchra road leading to Baghgollah. The boundary line crosses the road, and runs along the front of some huts. Bearing and distance to next pillar	291	30	200
24	Situated at the junction of two garden fences near the south-west corner of a tank adjoining the village known as Jemidaree. Bearing and distance to next pillar	21	...	247
25	Situated on east front of the village known as Jemidaree. Bearing and distance to next pillar	13	30	82
26	Situated on east front of the village known as Jemidaree. Bearing and distance to next pillar	13	30	266
27	Situated on the drain which runs past the east front of the village Jemidaree to the north-east of the village. Bearing and distance to next pillar	96	30	30
28	Situated at the corner of the drain, where it turns towards the north. The boundary line follows the drain. Bearing and distance to next pillar	16	30	205
29	Situated on the edge of the drain. The boundary line follows the drain. Bearing and distance to next pillar	16	...	170
30	Situated on edge of drain at south side of footpath leading to the village Gurrandangah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	24	...	156
31	Situated near a large tamarind tree. Bearing and distance to next pillar	100	...	48
32	Situated at the corner of a drain and west of a jheel. Bearing and distance to next pillar	13	...	394
33	Situated at the corner of a drain on the south side of a kutchra road leading to the village Gurrandangah. The boundary line runs across country. Bearing and distance to next pillar	102	30	482
34	Situated at the corner of a garden west of the native latrines. Bearing and distance to next pillar	33	30	440
35	Situated at the corner of a garden north of the latrines. Bearing and distance to next pillar	108	...	817
36	Situated near the south-east corner of the compound attached to Mr. Moriarty's bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar	114	...	857
37	Situated on the edge of a nullah north of native infantry lines and west of Horse Shoe tank. Bearing and distance to next pillar	12	...	189
38	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	280	...	106
39	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	11	...	37
40	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	82	...	109
41	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	97	30	80
42	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	31	30	100
43	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	87	30	50
44	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	37	...	75
45	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	94	30	83
46	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	36	...	137
47	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	340	...	46

Number of Pillar.	Description.	BEARING.		Direct distance in feet.
		Deg.	Min.	
48	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	31	30	36
49	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	83	30	40
50	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	42	...	132
51	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	13	...	106
52	Situated on the edge of the nullah. The boundary line follows an embankment running straight across towards the hospital. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	98	...	1,400
53	Situated near the edge of a tank north of the European infantry hospital. Bearing and distance to next pillar.	41	30	466
54	Situated at corner of a footpath leading to the village Gowsallah. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	110	...	395
55	Situated at south corner of the village of Gowsallah and north-west of Commissariat Warrant Officer's Quarters. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	30	30	786
56	Situated at the re-entering angle of a garden and north of the Commissariat godown. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	128	...	540
57	Situated at west side of the Calcutta and Jessore road and north-east of Commissariat godown. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	39	...	619
58	Situated on the east side of the Calcutta and Jessore road and immediately north of the old cemetery. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	136	30	753
59	Situated on the side of the road leading to the rifle ranges and east of the old cemetery. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	51	30	5,164
60	Situated north of the stop butts and south-west of Kaderhattee bazar. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	144	...	3,123
61	Situated on the south side of the footpath leading to Rajahat. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	242	...	2,061
62	Situated on the south side of the footpath leading from the Gun-cotton Magazine to Rajahat. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	241	...	2,382
63	Situated on the south side of the Gun-cotton Magazine road, south-east of the Proof House. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	247	30	735
64	Situated on the south side of the Gun-cotton Magazine road, about south from Proof House. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	256	...	270
65	Situated on south side of the Gun-cotton Magazine road near the point where it comes towards the Proof House road. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	253	30	400
66	Situated on the edge of a drain on south side of old kutchra road running from bungalow No. 23, towards the Gun-cotton Magazine. Bearing and distance to next pillar	238	...	418
67	Situated on the edge of a drain on south side of old kutchra road running from bungalow No. 23 towards the Gun-cotton Magazine. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	234	...	90
68	Situated on the south side of the old kutchra road leading from bungalow No. 23 towards the Gun-cotton Magazine. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	250	...	78
69	Situated on the south side of the old kutchra road leading from bungalow No. 23 towards the Gun-cotton Magazine and at the east end of a small jheel. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	193	30	88
70	Situated at the south-east corner of the small jheel referred to above. Bearing and distance to next pillar	253	30	217
71	Situated on the south side of the small jheel. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	162	30	40

Number of pillar.	Description.	BEARING.		Direct distance in feet.
		Deg.	Min.	
72	Situated on the south side of the small jheel and north of the village Munchilghattee. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	246	30	177
73	Situated on edge of a drain north of the village Mundulghattee. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	271	...	208
74	Situated on edge of a drain at north-west corner of the village Mundulghattee. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	187	...	324
75	Situated on north side of the kutchra road leading to the village Munchilghattee and east of bungalow No. 23. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	195	...	215
76	Situated south of bungalow No. 23. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	238	...	76
77	Situated south of bungalow No. 23 and near north-west corner of a tank. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	292	30	183
78	Situated on south-west of bungalow No. 23. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	256	30	190
79	Situated at north-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 22 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	216	30	660
80	Situated at north-east of the compound belonging to No. 21 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	203	30	268
81	Situated at south-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 21 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	295	30	82
82	Situated at north-east of the compound belonging to No. 20 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	200	30	516
83	Situated at north-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 18 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	203	30	256
84	Situated at south-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 18 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	280	...	25
85	Situated at the north-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 17 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	218	30	329
86	Situated at north-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 14 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	221	30	481
87	Situated at east side of the compound belonging to No. 12 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	192	...	191
88	Situated at south-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 12 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	281	...	124
89	Situated at north-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 11 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	195	...	416
90	Situated on east side of the compound belonging to No. 11 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	284	...	241
91	Situated on east side of the compound belonging to No. 11 bungalow and at a re-entering angle. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	202	30	526
92	Situated at south-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 11 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	283	...	517
93	Situated on east side of the compound belonging to No. 7 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	203	30	146
94	Situated at south-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 7 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	287	30	78
95	Situated at north-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 5 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	197	30	846

No. of pillar.	Description.	BEARING.		Direct distance in feet.
		Deg.	Min.	
96	Situated at south-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 2 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar	289	...	1,321
97	Situated at south-west corner of the compound belonging to No. 31 bungalow and on east side of the Calcutta and Jessore road. Bearing and distance to next pillar	286	30	88
98	Situated on west side of the Calcutta and Jessore road immediately opposite pillar No. 97. Bearing and distance to next pillar	24	...	979
99	Situated on the west side of the Calcutta and Jessore road, nearly opposite the entrance to No. 30 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar	47	...	900
100	Situated on the west side of the Calcutta and Jessore road, nearly opposite the south-west corner of the cap factory enclosure. Bearing and distance to pillar No. 1...	28	...	625

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 17th March 1877.—The following rules for the guidance of punchayets and for giving effect to the provisions of the Village Chowkeedaree Act, 1870, which have been prescribed by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal under the authority vested in him by Section 65 of the said Act, are published for general information :—

RULES.

I. The Magistrate may determine the year current in a village, and inform the punchayet accordingly for action under Section 16 of the Act. The list under this section shall be made out in columns containing the information required by the law, opposite the names of the persons liable to assessment, as follows :—

Name.	Trade, &c.	Amount assessed.
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The list shall be published in some conspicuous place in the village. The name of the member of the punchayet who has been appointed to receive and collect the rate, to grant receipts for the same, and to keep the accounts thereof, shall be mentioned at the foot of the list.

II. The list before publication shall be signed by each member of the punchayet.

III. Three or more members of the punchayet shall sit at a given time and place, to be notified beforehand, at least once during each week within one month after the publication of any assessment has been made, for the purpose of hearing and disposing of appeals. A note of the orders passed on each appeal disposed of shall be recorded and preserved.

IV. The collecting member of the punchayet shall keep and be responsible for all papers, accounts, and records connected with the administration of the Act by the punchayet.

V. A record of all proceedings taken under Section 27 *et seq.* of the Act shall be made and preserved by the collecting member of the punchayet. Two members of the punchayet shall be present at every sale held under Section 29.

VI. The record of any proceeding, order, or action of the punchayet, or any member or members of the punchayet, shall be kept in the form of a diary, which shall be open to general inspection.

VII. If, under Section 30, any dissenter disputes his liability and informs any member of the punchayet of the fact, the punchayet shall postpone the sale of any property which may have been distrained for five days, and shall refer the objector to the Magistrate to obtain orders within that period.

VIII. The following form of accounts shall be kept by the punchayet :—

Register I.—Of Collections.

Name.	Trade, &c.	Amount assessed.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
I.	II.	III.												

The entries in the first three columns will be similar to those entered in the three columns of the list to be prepared under Section 16 (*vide* Rule I) ; the twelve following columns are for the twelve months of the year, beginning with the first month of the year current in the village, and should be headed accordingly. Opposite each villager's name will be entered his monthly quota in these columns under each month as paid in by him. Each villager should be instructed to satisfy himself, when paying the cess, that the entry of the payment is duly made by the collecting member of the punchayet. This check, when properly understood and worked, will probably be of more value as proof of payment than receipts, which should nevertheless be granted under Section 22 of the Act.

Register II.—Of Receipts and Disbursements.—This will be an account in the simplest form of single entry, to be totalled and carried over at the close of every month, as follows :—

Date.	Summa.	Amount.	Date.	Kuruch.	Amount.
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IX. Each chowkeedar shall keep an acquittance roll, to be renewed every year, in which shall be entered by the collecting member of the punchayet every sum of money paid to him as salary. This acquittance roll shall be examined and signed by the sub-inspector or officer in charge of the thana once a month, or when the chowkeedar attends at the police office under Section 39 of the law.

The officer shall explain to the chowkeedar the nature of the entries, and report if the chowkeedar's salary has not been duly paid.

X. The thana police should receive from the chowkeedar and forward all reports, proceedings, explanations, and correspondence the punchayet may wish to transmit to the Magistrate.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd April 1877.—Under the provisions of Section 24 of Act I (B.O.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to cancel Rules 39 and 42 of the revised rules published at pages 1053-1057, 1110-1114, and 1127-1131, in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 23rd August 30th August, and 6th September 1876 respectively, and to sanction the substitution of the following in their stead :—

39. The registers and indexes shall be kept in Urdu or in Bengali, as the District Registrar of each district may direct. Copies under Sections 12, 15, and 22 should be prepared in the language in which the registers are kept.

42. Names shall be indexed according to their first letter, and shall be arranged in the order of the Urdu or Bengali alphabet, as the case may be. A mere title or designation of race shall not be taken as the index word.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

The following Notification of the Government of India in the Home Department is republished for general information :—

The 20th March 1877.—Assistant Surgeon Shib Kristo Das is dismissed from the service of Government.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 22nd March 1877.—Under Section 3, Act I (B.C.) of 1876, an Act to provide for the voluntary registration of Mahomedan marriages and divorces, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to grant a license to Moulvi Abu Yousaf Mahamed Ali authorizing him to register Mahomedan marriages and divorces, and to exercise the other functions of a Mahomedan registrar within the limits of the thana of Barkamta, in the Sudder sub-division of Tipperah. The head-quarters of the Office will be at Chandina.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd April 1877.—With the view of affording facilities for registering security bonds executed by, or on behalf of, village headmen appointed for the collection of water-rates under Rule 7 of the Rules framed under Act III (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased, under the provisions of Section 7 of the Indian Registration Act III of 1877, to appoint Baboo Gunga Nath Roy, Deputy Collector of Dunwar, to be a Joint Sub-Registrar within the executive sub-division of Arrah, with jurisdiction concurrent with that of the Sub-Registrars of Arrah and Jagudishpore. Under the same section, His Honor also appoints Moulvi Mahomed-ul-Nabi, Sub-Deputy Collector of Nasrigunge, to be a Joint Sub-Registrar within the sub-divisions of Buxar and Sasseram, with jurisdiction concurrent with that of the Sub-Registrars of those places. For the purposes of the Registration Act and Rules, the Sub-Registrars now appointed will be subordinate to the Registrar of Shahabad, so far as the registration of these security bonds is concerned.

This Notification will take effect from the 1st April 1877.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 14th March 1877.—It is hereby notified that under the provisions of Section 78 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876 the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the imposition, from 1st April next, of a tax on carriages, horses, and other animals mentioned in the third Schedule of the Act within the First Class Municipality of Midnapore, with the exceptions authorized by Section 122, according to the rates directed by the Municipal Commissioners at a meeting, and which are mentioned below :—

	Rs.	A.	P.	
For every four-wheeled carriage drawn by two horses	...	4	8	0 a quarter.
„ four-wheeled carriage drawn by one horse or two ponies under thirteen hands	...	1	8	0 „
„ two-wheeled carriage	...	2	4	0 „
„ horse	...	2	0	0 „
„ pony under thirteen hands, mule, and donkey	...	0	12	0 „
„ elephant	...	6	0	0 „
„ camel	...	2	0	0 „

Animals under eleven hands in height, and carriages the wheels of which do not exceed 24 inches in diameter, are exempted.

2. His Honor also sanctions the levy of fees on the registration of carts within the Municipality of Midnapore, with the exception noted in Act V (B.C.) of 1876, at the rates directed by the Municipal Commissioners at a meeting and mentioned below :—

	Rs.	A.	P.	
Every cart drawn by a horse or horses	...	4	0	0 a year.
„ other cart	...	2	0	0 „

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th March 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that under Section 78 of the Bengal Municipal Act V (B.C.) of 1876 the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, at the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Nowabgunge, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, made at a special meeting, to sanction the imposition, from the 1st April 1877, by the Commissioners, under Section 122 of the Act, of a tax on carriages, horses, and other animals named in the schedule published below, at the rates therein specified :—

	Rs.	A.	P.	
For every four-wheeled carriage drawn by two horses	...	4	8	0 per quarter.
„ four-wheeled carriage drawn by one horse or a pair of ponies under 13 hands	...	3	0	0 „
„ two-wheeled carriage	...	2	8	0 „
„ horse	...	2	0	0 „
„ pony under 13 hands, and every mule and donkey	0	12	0	„
„ elephant	...	6	0	0 „
„ camel	...	2	0	0 „

Animals under 11 hands in height, and carriages the wheels of which do not exceed 24 inches in diameter, are exempted.

2. The Lieutenant-Governor has also been pleased, under the said Section 78 of the aforementioned Act V (B.C.) of 1876, to sanction, at the recommendation of the Commissioners at a meeting, the registration by them, under Section 133 of the Act, of all carts kept or habitually used within the Municipality of Nowabgunge, and the levying, from the 1st April 1877, of a fee of Rs. 3 per annum upon every cart for such registration.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th March 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under Section 78 of the Bengal Municipal Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Augurparah, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, made at a special meeting, to sanction the imposition, from the 1st April 1877, by the Commissioners, under Section 122 of the Act, of a tax on carriages, horses, and other animals mentioned below, at the rates specified against them respectively :—

	Rs.	A.	P.	
For every four-wheeled carriage drawn by two horses	...	4	8	0 per quarter.
„ four-wheeled carriage drawn by one horse or a pair of ponies under 13 hands	...	3	0	0 „
„ two-wheeled carriage	...	2	8	0 „
„ horse	...	2	0	0 „
„ pony under 13 hands, and for every mule and donkey	...	0	12	0 „
„ elephant	...	6	0	0 „
„ camel	...	2	0	0 „

Animals under 11 hands in height, and carriages the wheels of which do not exceed 24 inches in diameter, are exempted.

2. The Lieutenant-Governor has also been pleased, under the same section of the Bengal Municipal Act, to sanction, on the recommendation of the Commissioners at a meeting, the registration by them, under Section 133 of the Act, of all carts kept or habitually used within the Municipality of Augurparah, and the levying, from the 1st April 1877, of a fee of Rs. 4 per annum upon every cart for such registration.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th March 1877.—Under Section 4 of Act VII of 1871 (the Indian Emigration Act), the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to approve of the appointment of Mr. Robert W. S. Mitchell, Emigration Agent for Trinidad, to act as Emigration Agent for Jamaica, in addition to his other duties, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. W. M. Anderson.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th March 1877.—It is hereby notified that Dwarkanath Bhattachargya, described in the following roll, recently Nazir of the Court of the District Judge of East Burdwan, has been dismissed from that appointment for criminal breach of trust, and is hereby declared to be disqualified from serving Government hereafter in any capacity :—

Name of individual and in what capacity lately employed.	Father's Name.	Residence and district.	Age.	Religion or Caste.	Crime of which guilty.
Dwarkanath Bhattachargya, late Nazir of the Court of the District Judge of East Burdwan.	Ramjiban Bhattachargya.	Gora Bazar, Berhampore, Moorsshedabad district.	34	Hindu, Brahmin	Criminal breach of trust.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th March 1877.—The following bye-laws, framed by the Municipal Commissioners of the Suburbs of Calcutta at a meeting under section 313 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, having been confirmed by the Lieutenant-Governor under section 314 thereof, are hereby published for general information :—

For regulating the time and mode of collecting the taxes.

1. EVERY officer authorized to grant receipts shall be provided with a certificate of his authority to collect, and every such certificate shall bear the seal of the municipality and the signature of the Chairman. Every collecting officer at the time of demanding payment shall be bound to show this certificate if required.

2. Every person required in writing to furnish any schedule or return which the Commissioners may lawfully require him to furnish shall send such schedule or return to the office of the Commissioners within one week from the date of the service of the requisition, in the manner described in section 367 of the Act. Any person failing to do so shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5 for the omission, and to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day the omission shall, after warning, continue.

3. Payment of purchase-money for property sold and delivery of the property shall be made immediately after the sale; and if the purchaser fail to pay the full amount of his bid, it shall be lawful for the distraining officer at his discretion to sell the property again on the same or any other day, and the first purchaser shall in such case be responsible to the Commissioners for any loss, which shall be recoverable as a debt due to them.

For regulating the conduct of persons employed by the Commissioners.

4. All persons employed by the Commissioners, whose services may be no longer required, shall be liable to discharge after receipt of previous notice or pay in advance for the period of one month, and no such person shall withdraw from the duties of his office without having given previous notice for the period of one month, on pain of forfeiture of one month's salary.

5. All persons now holding, or who may hereafter be appointed to, any office under the Commissioners shall, when required so to do, furnish good security to such amount as the Commissioners may from time to time fix; and any person failing to furnish such security within reasonable time, or within such time as the Commissioners may appoint, shall be held to have thereby forfeited his appointment, and may be removed from office.

For regulating the disposal of offensive matter, rubbish, and dead bodies of animals.

6. Every person within whose premises any animal may die shall, within four hours after its death, or, if death occurs at night, within two hours after daylight, either remove at his own expense the carcass to such place as may be set apart by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcass, or report its death to the conservancy overseer of the division within which such premises may be situated; and in such latter case shall pay to the said overseer the expense of removing the carcass at such rate as the Commissioners may from time to time determine; and in cases where the said person is not the owner of the animal, and the owner is known, the owner shall alone be responsible for the payment of such expense, and such expense shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners. No overseer called upon shall neglect to remove a carcass.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

7. No person shall deposit, or cause to be deposited, any carcass, or any part of a carcass, in any place other than such places as may from time to time be appointed by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcass.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

For the regulation and management of privies.

8. Every owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises from which offensive matter is not removed by the said owner or occupier shall give free access to the servants of the municipality to such parts of his house, land, or premises where night-soil or filth is kept, for the removal of such night-soil or filth, within such hours as may have been fixed on by the Municipal Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

9. Every person shall construct his privy above ground, and shall provide his privy or premises with a suitable movable receptacle of metal or earthenware.

Penalty for infringement after notice, a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

10. No owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises in or on which any privy may be situated, shall allow night-soil or filth of any kind to flow or be discharged from such privy into any drain, water-course, river, tank, hollow, or excavation (or any place containing waste and stagnant water).

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

11. No person shall throw, deposit, or discharge any night-soil, sewage, or the contents of any drain, privy, or cesspool, into any river, tank, khal, water-course, or receptacle for water, or dispose of the abovementioned kinds of offensive matter in any other way than as the Municipal Commissioners may from time to time direct.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

12. The Municipal Commissioners may direct the use of lime, coal-tar, carbolic acid, or other deodorants or disinfectants in any privy or premises if at any time it seems to them necessary for the preservation of public health, or for the prevention of infection or spread of disease: provided that the Municipal Commissioners shall be bound to supply such deodorants, &c., at cost price, and the price shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

13. No person shall carry night-soil through the streets otherwise than in a closely covered receptacle of such description and pattern as shall be required from time to time by the Municipal Commissioners, and between such hours as the Municipal Commissioners at a meeting may from time to time direct.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

14. No nightman, sweeper, or other person carrying night-soil through the streets, shall loiter or deposit any vessel containing, or intended to contain, night-soil on or by the side of any public road or street.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

15. No place shall be used for the collection of night-soil or as a *tollah* dépôt without a license from the Municipal Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

16. Every holder of a license for the keeping of a public necessary shall register his name in the office of the Municipal Commissioners, and that of every servant or member of his family employed in conducting such public necessary or removing night-soil therefrom.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

17. Every person so registered shall be supplied on payment with a ticket or badge, and shall be bound to produce his ticket or badge at all times when called upon to do so by any municipal or police officer duly empowered to demand the same.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

18. Every holder of a license for the keeping of a public necessary shall make the floors, drains, and seats of his privy pucca, if required so to do by a written notice, and shall construct or provide such receptacles for the night-soil as the Commissioners shall require, and shall provide a sufficient supply of water to keep the same in a cleanly state.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

General Bye-Laws.

19. No person shall put, or cause to be put, on any house or other building any spout or other thing intended for the conveyance and discharge of water which shall be so placed that the water discharged there from shall be thrown or fall upon any public road or thoroughfare, and the Commissioners shall have power to take down and alter any such spout now in existence and to recover the costs as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

20. No person shall construct or place over, or by the side of, any public drain any bridge, platform, building, or structure of any kind, except by and with the written permission of the Commissioners, and in such manner as they shall direct.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, a fine not exceeding Rs. 3 daily.

21. If any house, wall, or other erection, or any part thereof, fall upon any public highway or into any public drain, the owner of such house, wall, or erection shall remove it after notice within the time prescribed by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, a fine not exceeding Rs. 5 daily.

22. No person shall prepare any channel, or convey water by any channel, across any public thoroughfare, except in such manner as shall have been first approved by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, a fine not exceeding Rs. 2 daily.

23. No person shall steep in any river, *khal*, tank, or ditch within municipal limits any jute, hemp, bamboos, or other vegetable matter likely to render the water of such river, *khal*, tank, or ditch offensive or noxious to the neighbourhood.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 5; penalty for continued infringement after notice, a fine not exceeding Rs. 2 daily.

24. No person shall, without the written permission of the Commissioners, set up any obstruction in any drain, *nullah*, or water-course; and the Commissioners may order the removal of any such obstruction on grounds of public health.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, a fine not exceeding Rs. 4 daily.

25. The owner or occupier of any part of the bank of any *nullah* or water-course shall keep it free from filth, dense vegetation, or other obstruction, and shall at all times allow the Commissioners, or any of their servants duly authorized, to have access to such *nullah* or water-course for any purpose of public conservancy.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, a fine not exceeding Rs. 5 daily.

26. No person shall let loose, or cause or allow to be let loose, or allow to get loose, any diseased or worn-out animal on any highway, or into any place whence such animal can escape any into highway.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

27. No person shall picket animals, or collect carts, or form any encampment upon any public ground without the permission of the Commissioners.

28. No person shall throw, or place, or permit his servants to throw or place, on any road or street any broken glass, broken bottles, or crockery. Such rubbish shall be removed on payment from private premises or may be placed directly in the conservancy carts.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

For regulating the burial-grounds.

29. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in any burial-ground in a grave constructed of masonry in such manner that the top of the coffin, or the body, where no coffin is used, shall be at a less depth than five feet from the surface ground.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

30. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, in any burial-ground any corpse or part of a corpse in a grave not constructed of masonry which shall be less than six feet deep.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

31. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, any grave in any burial-ground at a less distance than two feet from any other existing grave.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

32. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, a grave in any burial place in any other line than that marked out by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

33. No grave once used shall be opened for the burial of another body without the permission of the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

34. No one shall carry a corpse or part of a corpse, through any highway unless it be decently covered and totally concealed from public view.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

35. Every person who shall bring or convey, or cause to be brought or conveyed, any corpse, or part thereof, to any burning-ground shall completely burn, or cause the same to be completely burnt, within four hours after its arrival at the said burning-ground.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

36. No person, when burning or causing to be burnt, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in any burning-ground shall permit the same, or any part thereof, to remain without being completely reduced to ashes, or shall permit the clothes or other articles connected with the burning of such corpse to remain at or near such burning ground unless the same be completely reduced to ashes.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

37. No person shall open any grave within six months of the burial of any body therein, or shall exhume any corpse, except with the written permission of the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

38. No person while carrying any corpse, or part of a corpse, through the precincts falling within municipal limits shall deposit it on or near any public highway except for the purpose of ordinary relief.

Penalty for infringement, a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th March 1877.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to transfer the headquarters of the Burhee sub-district, in Hazareebagh, from Jainagor to Burhee. This arrangement will take effect from the 1st proximo.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st March 1877.—Under Section 3, Act I (B.C.) of 1876 (an Act to provide for the voluntary registration of Mahomedan marriages and divorces), the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to grant a license to Kazeer Azhur Ali authorizing him to register Mahomedan marriages and divorces, and to exercise the other functions of a Mahomedan registrar within the thanas of Nattore Baraigram, and Singra (East), in the Nattore sub-division, in the district of Rajshahye. The head-quarters of the Office will be at Nattore.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication]

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th March 1877.—It is hereby notified that under the provisions of Section 234 of the Bengal Municipal Act V (B.C.) of 1876 the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Hazareebagh at a meeting, to extend to that Municipality the provisions of Sections 235 to 255 (both inclusive) of Part VII, Chapter II of the said Act V (B.C.) of 1876.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 27th March 1877.—It is hereby notified that under Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871 the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the abolition of the Sub-Registry Office at Sikandrah, in the district of Monghyr, and the addition of thana Sikandrah to the sub-district of Jamui, to which it formerly belonged. The change will have effect from the 1st April next.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st March 1877.—Under Section 50, Act X of 1872 (the Code of Criminal Procedure), the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct the Magistrate of the district of Dinagepore, the Joint-Magistrate of Dinagepore, and Moulvie Mahomed Ali Khan, or either of them, to sit together with Baboo Permeswar Dau, Roy Radha Gobindo Roy Shahib Bahadoor, and Moulvie Mazahar Hossein Chowdhury, or any one or more of them, or with any one or more of such Honorary Magistrates as may from time to time be appointed by Government for the purpose, as a Bench at Dinagepore for the trial of offences arising within the sudder sub-division of the Dinagepore district. The Bench thus constituted shall exercise the powers of a Magistrate of the second class, and the power to try summarily all or any of the offences mentioned in Section 225 of the said Act.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 5th April 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a sanitary purpose, in Churung Sahi, in the city of Pooree, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 8 gunths and $9\frac{1}{4}$ biswas by the local measure, equal to 1 rood 16 poles 6 yards and 1 foot by the English measure, and bounded on the north by Gagadhur Badoo Mahapatra's garden; on the south by the ditch belonging to Chowdry Bisuanath Doss and the public latrine to the west of the Narendra tank; on the east by the path on the west bank of that tank leading from Churung Sahi Lane and joining the Mitiaui Road between the trunk road and Manglaghat; and on the west by the waste land belonging to Chowdry Bisuanath Doss, is required within the aforesaid Churung Sahi.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 9th April 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Corporation of the Town of Calcutta for a public purpose, viz. for a roadway through Tantee Para, Bustee in extension of Mitter's Lane, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose pieces of land Nos. 132, 133, Machooa Bazar Street, No. 34, Mooktaram Baboo's Street, and Nos. 2 and 3, Mitter's Lane, measuring 15½ cottahs, more or less, and bounded on the north by Mooktaram Baboo's Street and Mitter's Lane; on the south by Machooa Bazar Street; on the east partly by No. 34, Mooktaram Baboo's Street, belonging to Torongomoye Dassee, partly by Mitter's Lane, partly by No. 3, Mitter's Lane, belonging to Doyamoye Dassee, partly by No. 132, Machooa Bazar Street, belonging to Preonath Sett, and partly by No. 133, Machooa Bazar Street, belonging to Romanath Sett; and on the west partly by Mitter's Lane, partly by No. 2, Mitter's Lane, belonging to Russick Loll Mitter, partly by No. 3, Mitter's Lane, belonging to Doyamoye Dassee, partly by No. 132, Machooa Bazar Street, belonging to Preonath Sett, and partly by No. 133, Machooa Bazar Street, belonging to Romanath Sett, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th March 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a municipal police outpost at Raipurah, police-station Futwah, sub-district Barh, zillah Patna, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 3 cottahs 9 dhooors 10 dhookies is required. The said land is bounded on the west by the public road and the houses of Jeelun Koomar and Bisan Nath Tatoo; on the east by waste land and the house of Soorja Tatoo; on the south-east by the house of Thakoor Singh; on the north by the road and the house of Kokil Tamooli.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 2nd April 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the cost of the Dacca Municipality for a public purpose, viz. for the site of a municipal pound and bullock sheds, it is hereby declared that two adjoining plots of land measuring, more or less, respectively 588 and 3,443 square feet, bounded on the north by a public pucca building, well, and the Purba Durwaza Road; south by the Begumbazar Road; east by the land belonging to Nawab Abdool Gunny, c.s.i.; and west by the Begumbazar and Purba Darwaza Roads, are required.

2. This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 4th April 1877.

No. 114.—Notification.—Mr. E. S. B. Pereira, Assistant Engineer (temporary rank), First Grade, assumed charge of the Bhagulpore Division on the 18th ultimo, after noon.

No. 115.—Transfers.—Baboo Bhuggobutty Churn Mookerjee, Supervisor, Second Grade, from the Chittagong to the Presidency Division, in the interests of the public service.

No. 116.—Baboo Wooma Churn Mitter, Accountant, Fourth Grade, from the Darjeeling Division to the Central Office of Accounts, Bengal, in the interests of the public service.

2. Baboo Wooma Churn Mitter joined the above office on the 26th ultimo, before noon,

Bengal Government (Public Works Department)
Notification No. 54, of the 16th February 1877.

and the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him is cancelled.

No. 117.—Leave of absence.—Baboo Nebarun Chunder Chatterjee, Accountant, Fourth Grade, attached to the Central Office of Accounts, Bengal, is allowed privilege leave for two months and twelve days, under Civil Leave Code, Chapter IV, 12, with effect from the 9th ultimo.

The 9th April 1877.

No. 118.—Mr. A. R. Kalberer, Accountant (temporary rank), Third Grade, attached to the above office, is allowed privilege leave for one month and sixteen days, under the above rules, with effect from the 23rd ultimo.

The 10th April 1877.

No. 119.—Mr. T. F. Parkinson, Executive Engineer, Second Grade, Hazareebagh Division, is allowed furlough for eighteen months, under Civil Leave Code, Chapter IV, Section 12.

2. Mr. Parkinson is also allowed preparatory leave for thirty days, under the above Code, Chapter IV, 24.

No. 120.—*Notifications*.—Mr. W. H. Nightingale, Executive Engineer (temporary rank), Third Grade, assumed charge of the First Calcutta Division on the 2nd current, after noon.

No. 121.—The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, is republished for information :—

327.—*London Gazette*.—The following extracts are published for general information :—
London Gazette dated 23rd February 1877, page 923.

Brevet.

* * * * *

The undermentioned officers to be Colonels :—

* * * * *

Lieutenant-Colonel James Dowell Swayne, Bengal Staff Corps, dated 12th December 1876.

No. 122.—*Corrigendum*.—In Notification from this Department No. 99, of the 12th March 1877, for “ before noon ” read “ after noon.”

J. E. T. NICOLLS, *Major-Genl., R.E.,*
Secretary to the Government of Bengal
in the Public Works Department.

IRRIGATION.

NOTIFICATION—ESTABLISHMENT.

The 4th April 1877.

No. 104.—*Transfer*.—Mr. R. H. Rhind, Executive Engineer, First Grade, is transferred, in the interests of the public service, from the Northern Drainage and Embankment Division of the South-Western Circle to the Sone Circle.

The 5th April 1877.

No. 105.—*Notification*.—Major J. M. McNeile, R.E., Officiating Superintending Engineer, Third Grade, made over charge of the Orissa Circle to Mr. J. P. H. Walker on the forenoon of the 4th April 1877, and is attached to the South-Western Circle from that date.

No. 106.—*Reversion*.—Consequent on the return from furlough of Mr. J. P. H. Walker, Superintending Engineer, First Grade (temporary rank), Major J. M. McNeile, R.E., Officiating Superintending Engineer, Third Grade, will revert to his permanent appointment of Executive Engineer, First Grade, with effect from the forenoon of the 4th April 1877.

No. 107.—*Leave*.—Subsidiary leave not exceeding one month is granted to Major J. M. McNeile, R.E., Executive Engineer, First Grade, South-Western Circle, with effect from the 7th April 1877.

The 6th April 1877.

No. 108.—*Notification*.—Mr. J. P. H. Walker, Superintending Engineer, First Grade (temporary rank), reported his return to India on the 29th

No. 100, dated 8th March 1875.

March 1877 from the furlough granted him in the orders

marginally noted.

No. 109.—*Posting*.—Mr. J. P. H. Walker, Superintending Engineer, First Grade (temporary rank), to be Superintending Engineer of the Orissa Circle.

No. 110.—*Leave*.—Mr. J. P. H. Walker, Superintending Engineer, First Grade (temporary rank), is granted subsidiary leave from the 29th March to the forenoon of the 4th April 1877, on his return from furlough.

No. 111.—*Notifications*.—Mr. J. P. H. Walker, Superintending Engineer, First Grade (temporary rank), took over charge of the Orissa Circle from Major J. M. McNeile, R.E., Officiating Superintending Engineer, Third Grade, on the forenoon of the 4th April 1877.

No. 112.—Mr. W. G. L. Cotton, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, reported his return to India on the forenoon of the 30th March 1877 from the furlough granted him in the orders marginally noted.
No. 101, dated 8th March 1876.

No. 113.—*Posting*.—Mr. W. G. L. Cotton, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, is posted to the South-Western Circle, with effect from the 30th March 1877.

The 9th April 1877.

No. 114.—*Leave*.—Baboo Grish Chunder Dass, Overseer, First Grade, Arrah Division, is granted sick leave for six months, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 20th March 1877.

No. 115.—*Transfer*.—Mr. J. P. Cleghorn, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, is transferred, in the interests of the public service, from the Dehree Workshop to the Buxar Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 27th March 1877.

No. 116.—*Declarations*.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that additional land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a lock at Kantapukhar and Chuck Raghu, pergunnah Kharija Mundleghat, zillah Howrah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 20 beeghas 1 cottah 3 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on the north and west by the extension of Canal Range No. II; on the south by the Roopnara river; and on the east by the waste land belonging to zemindar Sri Nath Ghosal, is required within the aforesaid villages of Kantapukhar and Chuck Raghu.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

No. 117.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the excavation of a drainage channel in the village of Oolipore, pergunnah Khurruckpore, zillah Midnapore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 4 beeghas 11 cottahs of standard measurement, having a total length of 4,887 feet and 14 feet average width, is required within the aforesaid village of Oolipore.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Dated 10th April 1877.

No. 118.—*Notification*.—With reference to the orders marginally noted, Corporal G. Trusler, R.E., Overseer, First Grade, reported his arrival at Arrah on the 30th March 1877, and is posted to the Buxar Division, which he joined on the afternoon of the 1st instant.
No. 86, dated 24th March 1877.

No. 119.—Mr. J. F. Williamson, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, Arrah Division, returned to duty on the forenoon of the 2nd instant from the privilege leave granted him in the orders marginally noted.
No. 61, dated 5th March 1877.

No. 120.—*Transfers*.—The undermentioned transfers are made in the interests of the public service :—

Mr. T. R. Roberts, Assistant Engineer, first Grade, from the Brahmini to the Mahanuddy Division of the Orissa Circle.

Mr. A. C. G. Rogers, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, from the Mahanuddy to the Brahmini Division of the Orissa Circle.

No. 121.—*Leave*.—Mr. C. W. Hope, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, Western Sone Survey Division, is granted furlough to Europe for eight months, under Chapter IV, Section 12 of the Civil Leave Code, together with subsidiary leave for ten days, under Chapter VI, Section 24, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 122.—Baboo Kally Dass Bhattacharjee, Overseer, First Grade, Mahanuddy Division, is granted sick leave for six months, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 15th February 1877.

F. T. HAIG, Colonel, R.E.,
Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal
in the P. W. Dept., Irrigation Branch.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2381, dated 4th April 1877.—Surgeon B. B. Gupta, M.B., received charge of the Balasore Jail from Surgeon J. M. Zorab on the afternoon of the 10th March 1877.

H. BEVERLEY,
Offg. Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

Circular Orders issued by Authority of the High Court of Judicature at
Fort William in Bengal.

CIVIL

No. 5, dated the 8rd March 1877.

The High Court is pleased to direct that the forms of Certificate under Act XXVII of 1860, hereunto annexed, be substituted for the forms prescribed in Circular Order No. 90 of 4th December 1856, as amended by Circular Order No. 60 of 6th August 1860.

FORM OF CERTIFICATE OF REPRESENTATION UNDER ACT XXVII OF 1860.

To

A. B.

Whereas in pursuance of the orders of this Court, dated in the matter of the estate of the late this Certificate is granted to you agreeably to the provisions of Act XXVII of 1860, you are hereby authorized and empowered to collect all debts due to the said giving acquittances for all sums received by you.

You are further empowered to receive interest and dividends on the Government Securities and on the Bank shares and other shares in public Companies noted below due to the said estate, and to negotiate and transfer such securities and shares.

You shall, after the expiration of twelve months from the date of this Certificate, and thereafter whenever this Court shall require you to do so, file a statement on oath of all monies recovered or realised by you under this Certificate, failing which this Certificate may be cancelled.

You shall further adhere strictly to such laws as have been or may be passed by the Governor-General in Council for the guidance of persons holding Certificates for the collection of debts due to the estate of the deceased persons.

Government Promissory Notes

No.

of 18

of the

per cent. loans

for Rs.

Share Certificates

No.

of 18

of the Bank, &c.

FORM OF CERTIFICATE.

To

A. B.

Whereas in pursuance of the orders of this Court, dated in the matter of the estate of the late this Certificate is granted to you, agreeably to the provisions of Act XXVII of 1860, you are hereby authorized and empowered to collect all debts due to the said giving acquittances for all sums received by you.

You are further empowered to receive interest and dividends on the Government Securities and on the Bank shares and other shares in public Companies noted below due to the said estate.

You shall, after the expiration of twelve months from the date of this Certificate, and thereafter whenever this Court shall require you to do so, file a statement on oath of all monies recovered or realised by you under this Certificate, failing which this Certificate may be cancelled.

You shall further adhere strictly to such laws as have been or may be passed by the Governor-General in Council for the guidance of persons holding Certificates for the collection of debts due to the estate of the deceased persons.

Government Promissory Notes

No.

of 18

of the

per cent loan

for Rs.

Share Certificates

No.

of 18

of the Bank, &c.

No. 6, dated the 8rd March 1877.

The High Court directs that Registering Officers be informed when documents which have been registered are discredited by judgments of the Civil Courts wherever there is a strong *prima facie* case which indicates the propriety of a prosecution.

2. There are obvious objections to an indiscriminate resort to criminal proceedings, but the Court desires to impress upon Judicial Officers how important it is that, where manifest fraud has been committed, there should be a really efficient prosecution.

GENERAL LETTER No. 4.

To

ALL JUDGES AND MAGISTRATES.

Dated Calcutta, the 7th March 1877.

SIR,

HIGH COURT,
ENGLISH DEPARTMENT,
Civil and Criminal.

* No. 2410, dated the 28th August 1876.

IN forwarding herewith, for your information and that of your subordinates, an extract from a letter* from the Financial Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, directing the submission, with future annual stamp administration reports, of an abstract statement showing separately the revenue realized by stamps in each district for civil, criminal, and revenue processes, I am directed to request that the necessary returns for civil and criminal processes, in the form prescribed by the Government of India, may be forwarded at the close of each official year to the Accountant-General, Bengal, a duplicate being sent at the same time to the High Court.

2. An abstract of the returns will be prepared by the Accountant-General and sent to the Board of Revenue, for submission to Government with the abstract of the returns from the revenue courts.

I have the honor to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient servant,

W. M. SOUTTAR,
Registrar.

Extract from a letter from the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Financial Department, to the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces,—No. 2410, dated 28th August 1876.

PARA. 1.—I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 2904-133, dated 26th July 1876, forwarding a report on the stamp revenue administration of the province for the year 1875-76, together with your review thereof.

3. In the present report the cost of the process service establishment is shewn as a charge against the stamp revenue. This is not correct. The cost of these establishments is no more a proper charge against the stamp revenue than is the cost of judicial establishments generally.

4. It is, however, important to know how far the revenue levied by stamps for the service of processes corresponds with the cost of their establishments; and I am to request that a return in the following form may be obtained from each district for civil, criminal, and revenue processes separately, and that abstracts of these returns for the whole province may be appended to the annual stamp administration report:—

Dr.							
Process fees, gross	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Less share of charges in the Stamp Department	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Process fees, net	...	...	...	...	Rs.	...	...
Cr.							
Process serving establishment	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Add 12 per cent. for estimated cost of pensions	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other contingencies	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
						Total Rs.	...
RESULT.							
Surplus	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Deficit	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Ordered that the above paragraphs be forwarded to the other Local Governments, with a request that district returns in the form therein prescribed may be obtained, and abstracts thereof appended to their future reports.

No. 2346.

Copy forwarded to the Officiating Secretary to the Board of Revenue, in the Miscellaneous Revenue Department, with the request that the orders of the Government of India may be complied with when submitting future annual stamp administration reports.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

H. H. BISLEY,
Acting Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Sheriff's Office, the 21st March 1877.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fourth Criminal Sessions of the year 1877, of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court-house, in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the sixteenth day of April next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Session be then and there to prosecute.

J. F. OGILVY, *Sheriff*.

সরিফ আফিস, সন ১৮৭৭ সাল ২১ মার্চ।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে সুবে বাঙ্গালার কোর্ট উইলিয়ম দুর্গের অধীন শহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্ত্য জন্য আগামি সন ১৮৭৭ সালের ১৬ই আশ্বিন সোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাই কোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৮৭৭ সালের চতুর্থ ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদীর বিরুদ্ধে ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে ইতি।

J. F. OGILVY, *Sheriff*.

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICE.

UNDER Section 14, Act XI of 1865, notice is hereby given that subject to the orders of Government, the Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Narail will sit again in that Court on the dates mentioned below :—

Monday, the 16th April 1877.
Tuesday, the 17th " "
Wednesday, the 18th " "

J. WESTON, *Judge*.

NARAIL SMALL CAUSE COURT, the 4th April 1877.

ECOLESIASTICAL.

THE VENERABLE JOSEPH BALLY, M.A., Archdeacon of Calcutta and Commissary of the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop, having proceeded to England on leave, the Reverend Brownlow Thomas Atlay, M.A., Senior Chaplain of St. Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, has been appointed Commissary of the Bishop during the absence of Archdeacon Bally, and to perform the duties of the Archdeacon until his return to Calcutta.

CHARLES SANDERSON, *Registrar and Secretary*.

CALCUTTA, 10th April 1877.

TREASURY NOTICES.

BABOO BHOBOTOSH BANERJEE, Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Darjeeling Treasury from 5th April 1877, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

J. A. CRAVEN, *for Commissioner*.

BABOO CHUNDRA KUMAR DATTA, Officiating Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Mymensing Treasury in the place of Assistant Collector Mr. J. D. Anderson, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

F. B. PEACOCK,
Offg. Commissioner.

DACCA COMMR.'s OFFICE, the 6th April 1877.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICE.

List of Minor Scholarships awarded for 1877.

	Names of Scholars.	Age.	Schools they came from.	Where tenable.	Term of scholar- ships.	No. of marks obtained.
<i>Burdwan District.</i>						
1	Surendra Nath Chuckerbutty...	15	Bonowaribad	Bonowaribad	2 years ..	310
2	Kalipodo Chatterjee	15	Anur School	Kunchiakol	Ditto ...	296
3	Monmohun Mookerjee	15	Sridharpur	Calcutta F. C. Institution	Ditto ...	295
4	Kunja Behary Adhicary	15	Bamnesh	Seal's Free College	Ditto ...	295
5	Kali Prasanna Bannerjee	15	Dahat	Cuttwa H. E.	Ditto ...	290
6	Upendra Ch. Mookerjee	15	Bankanara	Cuttack Collegiate School	Ditto ...	250
7	Harish Ch. Sinha	14	Rancegunge	Searsale H. E.	Ditto ...	244
<i>Midnapore District.</i>						
1	Sreenath Sinha	14	Contai	Hare School	2 years ..	237
2	Ramial Chatterjee	15	Kedra	Sealdah Medical School	Ditto ...	204
3	Kaje Abdul Hasi	15	Ramjebunpur	Midnapore H. S.	Ditto ...	163
4	Trailakhya Nath Upadhyia	15	Moissadol	Tumlook H. E.	Ditto ...	145
<i>Birbhoom District.</i>						
1	Thakur Kristo Das	15	Illambazar	Beerbhoom Government	2 years ...	244
<i>Bankoora District.</i>						
1	Purna Ch. Sinha	14	Bankoora Mission School	Bankoora Government	2 years ...	268
<i>Hooghly District.</i>						
1	Purna Ch. Chatterjee	15	Santragachi	Howrah Government	2 years ...	319
2	Sunder Ch. Ghose	16	Loidyabati	Hooghly Surveying	Ditto ...	317
3	Sorodprasad Bhattacharji	13	Gur Bhovanipur	Metropolitan Institution	Ditto ...	234

List of Vernacular Scholarships awarded for 1877.

<i>Burdwan District.</i>						
1	Ram Tarun Dobe	13	Legodarapur	Kunchiakol H. E.	4 years ...	277
2	Jogendra Nath Hazra	14	Chhatari Vr.	Barakpur Government	Ditto ...	263
3	Umesh Ch. Chaudhury	13	Shearsole	Shearsole H. E.	Ditto ...	260
4	Tripura Ch. Mozondar	13	Dholepur	P. Gopinathpur	Ditto ...	245
5	Bhuban Mohun Mitra	13	Golsi Model	Burdwan Moharajahs School	Ditto ...	245
<i>Midnapore District.</i>						
1	Aghora Ch. Dey	13	Hardinge	Midnapore H. S.	4 years ...	242
2	Tarapodo Mohapatra	13	Dewlia Model	Howrah Government	Ditto ...	236
3	Modhusudan Jana	14	Tumlook	Tumlook H. E.	Ditto ...	230
4	Jayhari Berra	11	Midnapore Model	Midnapore H. E.	Ditto ...	216
5	Prabodha Ch. Ghose	12	Dewlia Model	Ditto	Ditto ...	209
6	Kaminy Coomar Gupta	14	Hardinge	Dacca Medical School	Ditto ...	200
7	Ajodhanath Dekhit	15	Tumlook	Tumlook H. E.	Ditto ...	190
<i>Beerbhoom District.</i>						
1	Indra Ch. Mookerjee	13	Soory Vr.	Birbhoom Government	4 years ...	305
2	Shool Bhusan Mookerjee	12	Panchthopi	Kandi H. E.	Ditto ...	246
3	Benod Behary Mookerjee	13	Bogtur	Ditto	Ditto ...	223
<i>Bankoora District.</i>						
1	Bepin Behary Ghosh	14	Rajgram	Kunchiakol H. E.	4 years ...	218
2	Ram Narayan Sukul	14	Maharaj	Bankoora Government	Ditto ...	203
3	Hridoyanath Mondol	14	Kunchiakol	Dighuri	3 years ...	194
<i>Hooghly District.</i>						
1	Kristo Mohun Dass	11	Rishra	Konnugur H. E.	4 years ...	333
2	Shib Ch. Basu	13	Konnugur	Ditto	Ditto ...	323
3	Aghorenath Banerjee	10	Ramkrishnapur	Howrah Government	Ditto ...	304
4	Matilal Shadhu	12	Hooghly Model	Hooghly Collegiate	Ditto ...	283
5	Dhurno Das Bannerjee	10	Panpur	Amptah	Ditto ...	256
6	Purna Ch. Ghose	10	Jagutbulluppur	Howrah Government	Ditto ...	227

FRED. ROWE, *Inspector of Schools, Western Circle.*

OPIUM NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 397B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fifth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1875-76, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Thursday, the 3rd May 1877, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 4,000 chests, viz.—

					Chests.
Behar	Opium	...	...	...	2,085
Benares	"	...	...	...	1,915
Total					4,000

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 14th November 1876, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazette*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 8th and 18th May 1877 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given

by purchasers in the sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Tuesday, the 8th May 1877, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Friday, the 18th May 1877.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

Dates.	Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Monday, 4th June 1877	2,085	1,915	4,000
On or about Wednesday, 4th July	2,085	1,915	4,000
On or about Thursday, 2nd August	2,085	1,915	4,000
On or about Wednesday, 5th September	2,080	1,920	4,000
On or about Wednesday, 3rd October.	2,080	1,920	4,000
On or about Friday, 2nd November	2,080	1,920	4,000
On or about Monday, 3rd December	2,080	1,920	4,000
Total	14,575	13,425	28,000

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 27th March 1877.

No. 415B.

SEALED tenders are hereby invited for the supply of coal, pitch, and iron clamps, required for the opium chests of the Behar Agency of the season 1876-77

OPIMUM.

A. Money, Esq., C.B.

Tenders will be received in the Office of the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, up to noon of the 16th April 1877.

All particulars as to time and place of delivery, as well as to quantity, description, and quality of the articles, can be obtained on personal application at the said Office.

The party or parties whose tenders may be accepted will be required to enter into an engagement, and, as security for its fulfilment, to deposit with the Board such amount as they may think proper to demand.

The Board reserve to themselves the right of rejecting any tender without assigning any reason for doing so.

By order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Officiating Secretary.*

FORT WILLIAM, the 29th March 1877.

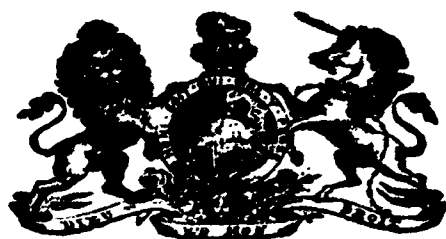
Statement showing the importation, of Salt (private property) in bond and afloat on River Hooghly, subject to Customs Duty, on 31st March 1877.

	Government Golas.	Private Golas.	Afloat.	Total.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Liverpool Punga	17,02,106	7,26,164	1,83,853	26,12,123
French Kurkutch	66,719	35,166	.....	1,01,885
Italian Punga	34,390	.....	.....	34,390
Ditto Kurkutch	1,54,081	36,525	.....	1,90,606
Malabar ditto	1,207	..	.....	1,207
Bombay ditto	43,167	33,872	.....	77,039
Madras ditto	1,69,325	...	.....	1,69,325
Coconada ditto	9,833	...	.....	9,833
Arabian and Persian Gulfs Kurkutch and Muscat Rock	4,17,419	24,626	.....	4,42,045
Tuticorin Kurkutch	6,938	...	.....	6,938
Cadiz ditto	26,376	...	.....	26,376
Aden ditto	10,446	...	.....	10,446
Ceylon ditto	48,538	...	.....	48,538
Egyptian ditto	42,000	1,16,469	.....	1,58,469
Total	27,32,545	9,72,822	1,83,853	38,89,220

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

T. B. LANE, *Collector of Customs.*

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 7th April 1877.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 11, 1877.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department, is republished for general information :—

*No. 1939.—Fort William, the 4th April 1877.—Notifications.—Accounts and Finance.—*Mr. E. W. Kellner is appointed to be Deputy Accountant-General, Bengal, substantive *pro tempore*. Mr. Kellner will, however, continue to officiate as Deputy Comptroller-General until further orders.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, are republished for general information :—

*No. 327.—Fort William, the 2nd April 1877.—London Gazette.—*The following extracts are published for general information :—

“ *London Gazette,*” dated 23rd February 1877, page 923.

Brevet.

* * * * *

The undermentioned officers to be Colonels :—

* * * * *

Lieutenant-Colonel William Robert Gordon, Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 12th December 1876.

Lieutenant-Colonel James Burn, Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 12th December 1876.

* * * * *

*No. 328.—Retirements.—*The undermentioned Officers are permitted to retire from the service from the date specified, under the provisions of G. G. O. No. 8 of the 1st January 1877.

No.	Rank and Name.	Corps.	Ordinary pension.	Annuity.	Capitalized value of annuity.	Date of retirement.	Where to be paid.
	.	.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	.	.
3	Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet-Colonel) James Snow Davies	Staff Corps ..	456 6 0	668 12 0	.....	1st April 1877	England.
	.	.	456	.	.	.	.

*No. 336.—Furlough and Leave.—*The undermentioned officers are granted furlough to Europe, with the necessary subsidiary leave :—

* * * * *

Lieutenant-Colonel John Macdonald, Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Superintendent, Revenue Survey Department, in charge Midnapore District Survey, Bengal,—private affairs,

for two years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868, embarking on or after the 25th April 1877.

* * * *

No. 337.—The following extract from list No. 5, dated the 9th March 1877, received from the India Office, is published for general information :—

Granted extensions of leave.

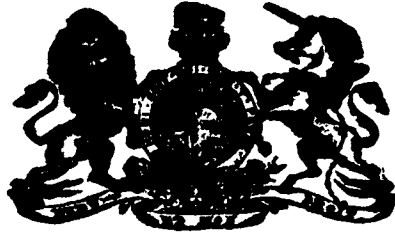
Lieutenant J. F. Rivett-Carnac, S. G., 6 months, M. C.

No. 338.—*Volunteer Corps.—Regulations—*

The following addition is to be made to paragraph 133 of the Regulations for the Volunteer Forces in India :—

“Corporals and privates, when fully qualified, may be appointed Instructors to Volunteer Corps on probation for one year, with the honorary rank of Sergeant, and will receive during their probation the pay of their Regimental rank, with the allowances of a 1st or 2nd Class Sergeant Instructor, as the case may be. At the end of the year of probation they will, if confirmed, be placed on the Unattached List, and permanently promoted to the rank of Sergeant.”

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 11, 1877.

PART II.

Advertisements.

[N.B.—Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this part of the Gazette, cannot be received after Noon on Monday.]

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Midnapore will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 21st day of April 1877, corresponding with 10th Bysack 1284, B. S., and 11th Bysack 1284, U. S., Saturday, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 12th day of January 1877.

Number on the register A.	Number on the revenue roll.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Name of Proprietor.	Sudder jumna.	Arrears of Government revenue for which the estate will be sold.
1708	242	Khagragerria, pergunnah Subbong.	<i>Permanently-settled Estate.</i> Mothoosooten Rai, Kuornarain Rai, Harneobind Rai, sons, Srimatia Soorja Dei, mother and mohafez Jhotoo Rai, minor, and wife of late Lukhiarain Rai, Srimatia Kousalamoui, Srimattia Aballamoni, and Madanmohan De.	Rs. A. P. 725 10 2	Rs. A. P. 0 4 11
1069	203	Mangalpur, pergunnah Pattas-pur.	<i>Temporarily-settled Estate.</i> Anandola Rai, Kasimath Mitter, and Chowdhari Gopendranandan Das Mchapatra.	2,069 0 0	245 14 9
2010	1100	Nischinta, alias Khagragerria, pergunnah Subbong.	<i>Permanently-settled Estate.</i> Okhoyram Sen, Madanmohan De, Rajnarain Sen, Indramohan De, Rangolata, mother of Radhunath De, and Thakoordeen De, minors, Sridhar De, Nimaichandra De, Janki Dei, Parbatti Dei, Srimati Satti Dasi, Srimati Harmohani Dasi and Durgamani Dasi.	653 10 7	0 8 7
2290	1260	Rolnan, pergunnah Subbong	Manikram Mojomdar, Autauram Mojomdar, Bhaktaram Mojomdar, Rajiblochan Mojomdar, Kaliprasad Mojomdar, Panchanan Mojomdar, Ramdeb Bakoora, Bhattacharn Bakoora, Puddalochan Bhosnyah, Moaktaram Mojomdar, Taraprasad De, Sibnarain De, minor, father and mohafez Ghassiram De, Ramkristo De, Srimati Birajmanmohini Debi and Srimati Birajmanmohini Debi. Deduct joint share of Manikram Mojomdar and others, and separate accounts of Taraprasad De and others, which will not be sold.	1,595 15 10 1,416 15 0	
2623	1465	Sridharpur, pergunnah Moyrachour.	Balance being the separate account of Ramkristo De, will be sold for arrears of Government revenue Rs. 63-7-4. Gopinath Berni, Bunsidhar Pandah, Srimattia Prasannomoi, Prasannokoomar Berah, wife and son of Nabakristo Berah, Menajoodin Mahamed, Srimati Rajeswari Dei, Koroonamoi Dei, wives of Fakir Chandra Pallask, Soondarnaram Myti, Mothoormohan Maite, Santoseram Maite. Deduct separate accounts of Menajoodin Mahamed and others, which will not be sold.	183 0 10 929 14 2 419 6 8	63 7 4
2725	1507	Tildapara, pergunnah Baroichour.	Balance being the joint share of Gopinath Bara, Bunsidhar Pandah, Srimattia Prasannomoi, Prasannokoomar Berah, wife and son of Nabakristo Berni, will be sold for arrears of Government revenue Rs. 6-7-11. Chandrasekhar Kar, Radhakristo Das, father and mohafez of Kuchoonath Das, minor, Jodoonath Das, and Jitram Kar.	510 7 6 505 1 7	6 7 11 9 1 12
2760	1519	Ooturoosootpur, pergunnah Kasijorah.	Bykantonath Koondoo, Pearimoni Debbia, Nilkanto De, Srinaram Myti, Srinath Charn Nandi, Lukhinarain Patra, Srimatia Soondari Dasi, Mohan Patra, Bhajahari Patra, Soondari Dasi, Srimatia Mohamaiah Dei, wife of Gora Chand, Mohapatra, and Srimatia Janki Dei, wife of Bhagabacharn Bhattacharji. Deduct joint share of Bykanto Nath Koondoo, and separate accounts of Srinaram Maite and others, which will not be sold.	3,505 3 1 2,225 3 1	
			Balance being the separate account of Pearimoni Debbia and Nilkanto De, will be sold for arrears of Government revenue Rs. 83-12-0.	1,280 0 0	83 12 0

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estate in the district of Bogra will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 15th day of May 1877, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 28th day of March 1877.

CLASS I.—*Permanently-settled Estate.*

No. of touzi.	Name of Mehal.	Name of Proprietor.	Government revenue.	Amount of arrear due up to March 1877.	REMARKS.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
176-177	Mehal Sukumayi and others, pergunnah Apail.	Krishnakanta Ray ...	1,621 5 4	639 0 0	

BOGRA COLLECTORATE, the 6th April 1877.

C. F. MAGRATH, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Beerbhoom will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on Monday, 21st May 1877, corresponding with 9th Jaist 1284 B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 28th day of March 1877.

No. on the rent roll.	Class.	Names of mehals and pergunnahs.	The nature of the demand for which the estate is to be sold.	Proprietor.	Government revenue.	REMARKS.	
					Rs. A. P.		
214	First class.	Shahajapore, pergunnah Barbeksing.	Arrears of revenue Rs. 58-11-1.	Prem Narain Chowdhury, Giria Chundra Mojundar, Lakhimoni Debya, guardian, mother of Umesh Chundra Mojundar, Annanda Chundra, Dolegovinda, Chandru Mohun, Hera Mohun, Ram Mohun, Ram Chundra, Sheeb Chundra, Rash Mohun, Kristo Kanta, Bhagab ti Debya, second, Ram Chundra, Kali Das, Ram Tana, Radhaballab, Kristo Gopal, Kristoballab Chowdhury, Kamalmani, Drabemoye, Anumati Debya, Kashiath Chundra, Peetambari Debya, Kumed Kumari Debya, Ishun Chundra Chakroverti, Ram Gopal Chowdhury, Peary Mohun Chowdhury, Brojo Lal Chatteraj, Gopi Sundari Debi, Radha Mohun Chowdhury, Atar ichoma, <i>alias</i> Mokumeah, Sheikh Jeat ichoma, Ajjian Nesa Bebi, Jozdis Chowdhury, Rajkumari Debi, Kashi Nath Chundra, rekristo Chowdhury, Srenarain Chowdhury, Monumohini Debya, guardian, mother of minor radha Binod Chowdhury, Matangini Debi, Ambica Charn Ghotak, Nil Madhub Bandopadhyay, Tin Cowry Hatt, and Kritaithomoye Debi.	Sudder jumma ... That, exclusive of the separate share of Lakhimoui Debya, guardian, mother of Umesh Chundra Mojundar ... Peary Mohun Chowdhury ... Radha Mohun Chowdhury ... Brojo Lal Chatteraj and Gopi Sundari Debi ... Ram Gopal Chowdhury ... Atar ichoma, <i>alias</i> Makumeah, Jeat ichoma, and Ajjian Nesa ebi ... Ambica Charn Ghotak ...	2,116 14 0 804 14 3 40 0 9 50 1 6 30 0 6 80 1 6 106 12 9 57 10 4½ 1,029 9 7½ is 1,067 4 4½	The rights and interests of the proprietors in the estates, except those of the persons mentioned in the foregoing column, will be sold.

BEERBHOOM COLLECTORATE, the 9th April 1877.

T. GRANT, *Offg. Collector.*

Hooghly Floating Bridge.

Statement of Receipts from Local Traffic for the week ending 5th April 1877.

	FOOT-PASSENGERS.		VEHICLES.		Total.	REMARKS.
	Calcutta to Howrah.	Howrah to Calcutta.	Calcutta to Howrah.	Howrah to Calcutta.		
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Total of the week ...	478 18 9	460 0 9	615 5 6	637 11 0	2,091 15 0	
Total of previous thirteen weeks ...	5,163 0 9	5,005 15 3	7,098 2 9	6,581 2 6	23,798 5 3	
Total ...	5,641 14 6	5,466 0 0	7,713 8 3	7,068 13 6	25,890 4 3	

CALCUTTA, the 9th April 1877.

(1255—1)

G. H. SIMMONS, *Secretary.*

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

NOTICE.

UNDER SECTION 69 OF ACT V (B.C.) OF 1870.

THE following packages, landed at the jetties from the undermentioned ships, have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item, they will be sold under Section 72 of the said Act.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	Number, Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1877.			
April 4	1 Case, B. L. & Co. ...	Order	Ship Glamis Castle.
" 4	2 Cases, O G C O in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ship Eurydice.
" 6	2 Cases, B H in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ship Ivanhoe.
" 6	1 Case, 137 in a diamond, top C. & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	10 Cases, 331 in a diamond, top C. & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	4 Cases, C W in a diamond, top H B, bottom N ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	1 Case, 317 in a diamond, top C. & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	1 Case, C N B in a diamond, bottom C ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	55 Packages, 120 in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	34 Cases, D P, with C below in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	9 Cases, D, with 985 below in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	7 Cases, 320 in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	6 Packages, 20 in a diamond, bottom Bombay ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	24 Bags, 320 in a diamond or no mark ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	13 Bags, 3211 in a diamond or no mark ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	1 Case, 518 in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	1 Case, E A in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	4 Cases, 131, with 3 top in a diamond, top G G, bottom P B. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	5 Cases, M M with A below in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	28 Cases, 226 in a diamond, top N M, bottom K M ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	9 Cases Tin Plates, no mark ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	1 Case Soap, no mark ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	1 Case, O M & K M, with 3018 below in a diamond, bottom M. P. & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	199 Cases, 181 in a diamond, top S E C, bottom M. C C. & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	1 Case, 210, with 3 top in a diamond, top S V, bottom M R ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	1 Case, T D P in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	25 Cases, W M & K M in a block, bottom M. P. & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	3 Cases, W M & K M in a diamond, with M. P. & Co. below. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	100 Barrels, K L & S ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	7 Cases, D with 986 below in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 2	1 Bar Square Iron, no mark ...	Ditto	S. S. Mediator
" 2	1 Bar Round Iron ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 2	192 Bars Flat Iron ...	Ditto	Queen Margaret.
" 2	1 Bar Square Iron ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 2	8 Bundles Flat Bars ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 2	1 Case, A H H ...	Ditto	S. S. Bengal.
" 2	50 Bales, A T C or B M in a diamond, bottom A ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 2	50 Bales, A T C or P M C with D below ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 2	1 Case, B & C, with S below in a diamond, bottom S E C. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, N C D in a diamond ...	Ditto	Queen Victoria.
" 7	1 Case, P S C in a diamond, top D R, bottom D A ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, B, with 1182 below in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 7	1 Case, S P D ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 2	3 Cases, D P with C below ...	Ditto	S. S. Bengal.
" 2	1 Case, D. R. & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 2	1 Case, Major Foster, 89th Regiment, Rangoon ...	Addressed	Ditto.
" 2	2 Cases, J D B, Moulmain ...	Order	Ditto.
" 2	3 Cases, M with 18 below in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 2	1 Case, N. F. & Co. in a block, top L. W. & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 2	1 Case, W H T ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 6	25 Cases, W M & K M with M. P. & Co. below ...	Ditto	Ship Ivanhoe.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enfused for payment of Interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 31st March 1877.

PARTICULARS.	4) PER CENT. LOANS				4) PER CENT. LOANS		5) PER CENT. LOANS FOR	Total amount
	of 1854-55	of 1854-55	of 1854-55	of 1854-55	of 1854-55	of 1854-55	10 years, 15 years, Repayable, June 1877, June 1882	
Balance of 15th March 1877	55,000	33,173	2,346	14,54,508	31,56,100	1,53,39,300	1,07,04,500	12,92,16,025
Stock transferred to London	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,000
ADD—								
Amount enfused at Madras between 16th and 31st March 1877	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	66,000
Amount enfused at Bombay between 16th and 31st March 1877	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,88,800
Amount enfused at Calcutta between 16th and 31st March 1877	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,65,500
TOTAL	55,000	33,173	2,346	14,54,508	31,56,100	1,53,39,300	1,07,04,500	13,01,37,125
Deduct—								
Amount written off in the London Registers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,13,200
Balance on 31st March 1877	55,000	33,173	2,346	14,54,508	31,56,100	1,53,39,300	1,07,04,500	13,01,18,925

NOTE.—From 9th June 1867 to 31st Jan. 1877—Enfused from India 2,401 lakhs; re-transferred from London 2,156 lakhs

1st Feb. 1877 to 16th Feb.	22	"	"	"	"	"	6
" 16th " " to 28th "	4	"	"	"	"	"	6
" 1st Mar. " to 15th Mar.	6	"	"	"	"	"	6
" 16th " " to 31st "	12	"	"	"	"	"	3
	2,445	"	"	"	"	"	2,477
		"	"	"	"	"	2,415
Balance against London	...	"	"	"	"	"	32

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE, BANK OF ENGLAND,
Calcutta, the 3rd April 1877.

W. D. CRICKSHANK,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 3rd April 1877

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
		Rs.	A. P.			Rs.	A.
Capital paid up	...	3,00,00,000	0 0	Government Securities	...	94,97,785	6
Reserve Fund	...	16,71,119	3 5	Loans on Government Securities, &c., at Head Office and Branches	...	60,04,071	5
Public Deposits at Head Office	...	76,76,769	11 11	Accounts of credit on Government Securities, &c., at Head Office and Branches	...	49,73,029	7
Ditto at Branches	...	1,06,56,761	10 4	Bills discounted and purchased at Head Office and Branches	...	2,11,72,980	15
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	...	1,88,18,021	9 6	Balances with other Banks	...	11,19,532	9
Bank Post Bills, &c.	...	3,07,457	8 7	Bullion	...	4,93,490	1
Sundries	...	8,92,697	3 5	Dead Stock	...	10,34,093	6
				Stamps	...	10,803	8
				Sundries	...	2,86,780	15
						4,35,43,367	12
				Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office, Rs.	70,74,957	15 5	
				Cash and Currency Notes at Branches	94,65,701	2 5	
						1,65,40,659	1
Rupees	...	6,00,83,026	14 2				
				Rupees	...	6,00,83,026	14

J. GORDON,

Chief Acctt. & Dy. Secy.
(1247-1)

By order of the Directors,

W. D. CRICKSHANK,

Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

BANK OF BHNGAL,
Calcutta, the 5th April 1877.

LOST CURRENCY NOTES.

THE following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned:—

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
468	L 83-77237	100	Messrs. Colvin, Cowie & Co.
"	-77238	100	
"	-77239	100	
"	-77240	100	
"	-77241	100	
"	-77242	100	
"	-77256	100	R. DeDombal.
"	-77262	100	
469	L 83-14139	100	
470	N 7-02892	1,000	
471	L 83-86932	100	
475	L 91-04458	20	Messrs. H. A. Coggan & Co.
"	L 90-18704	20	
"	L 86-56931	10	
"	L 87-35815	10	
"	L 96-78881	10	
"	L 74-93081	10	
"	L 76-46967	10	The District Superintendent of Police, Patna.
576	L 67-59490	50	
477	L 83-88656	100	
478	L 83-65069	100	
479	L 81-80426	50	
"	-60797	50	
1	L 52-87045	500	Amerto Lal Mookerjee.
"	-72730	500	
3	L 51-31120	100	
5	L 91-62525	20	
"	to	each.	
"	-62554	20	
7	L 83-03230	100	J. Linehan, Inspector of Police, "G" Town Divn.
"	L 82-63653	100	
"	L 89-71719	20	
"	-97710	20	
"	L 59-09574	10	
"	L 62-89497	10	
"	-89496	10	The Dist. Supdt. of Police, Midnapore.
"	-89495	10	
"	-89494	10	
"	L 59-99797	10	
"	L 42-60808	10	
"	L 59-96663	10	
"	L 61-47082	10	A. Younan, Supdt. of Police, Northern Divn., Calcutta.
10	N 6-07787	500	
"	-07788	500	

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
546	L 32-46446	10	S. Toom.
547	L 67-04542	50	Mohima Chandra Da Gupta.
548	L 83-60455	100	W. O. A. Beckett.
549	L 87-62812	10	Mrs. A. Cox.
550	L 57-65081	10	Motookdhary Lal.
551	L 81-25950	50	F. Wyatt.
552	L 46-13109	20	Tara Chand Das.
"	L 15-76066	5	
"	L 24-00549	5	
553	A 93-61868	20	
554	L 11-49294	5	
555	L 66-93356	50	
"	L 81-05283	50	R. E. Forest.
"	L 69-14396	100	
556	L 25-57888	5	
"	L 21-18842	5	
557	L 52-73869	500	
"	L 82-35245	100	Goluck Chundra Coondoo.
"	L 83-07567	100	
"	L 64-70138	20	
"	L 90-73109	20	
"	-56736	20	
558	L 21-85129	5	Ramrutton Taccor.
1	L 96-82975	10	
2	L 59-30565	10	
3	L 17-23286	5	
"	-23262	5	
4	L 59-02413	10	Geah Mohamed.
5	L 59-75569	10	
6	L 64-16642	20	
7	L 25-60409	5	
8	L 39-67369	10	
"	L 87-06165	10	Muttu Lall Dey Chowdhury.
360	L 21-33838	5	
"	-33839	5	
361	L 89-59783	20	
"	-59283	20	
362	L 76-12757	10	The Manager, Commercial Union Assurance Company, Calcutta.
"	-12756	10	
363	L 25-60338	5	
"	-60339	5	
364	L 61-90268	10	
"	L 74-01093	10	Pitumber Banerjee.
365	L 95-44590	10	
"	-44591	10	
366	L 22-10392	5	
"	-10390	5	
"	L 15-47608	5	Dhurmo Das Palit.
"	-47601	5	
"	L 20-65709	5	
"	-65760	5	

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
2	A 71—58376 } —58379 } L 23—61836 } —61833 }	20 } 5 }	Perbutty Churn Biswas.
3	L 16—06096 } —06095 }	5	J. H. Bancroft.

R. E. HAMILTON,

Offg. Asst. Commr. of Paper Currency.

PAPER CURRENCY DEPT., the 10th April 1877.

Notice.

List of Unclaimed Packages in the Custom House Wharf

Mark or Number of Packages.	Ships.
1 Case, [A. S. & Co.] 2230	... City of Poonah.
3 Bars Flat Iron, no mark	... Ditto.
1 Bar Flat Iron, no mark	Sultan.
1 Bundle Square Iron, no mark	Ditto.
1 Parcel, S H & H J	Ditto.
1 Bundle Rod Iron, no mark	Star of Denmark.
1 Bundle Hoop Iron, H P C	Pandora.
3 Bars Flat Iron, no mark	Thessalas.
1 Keg, [B W] W S	British Sceptro.
1 Case, D H M 19	Ditto.
20 Bundles Round Iron, no mark	Ditto.
2 Bundles Square Iron, no mark	Ditto.
2 Bars Square Iron, no mark	Ditto.
22 Bars Flat Iron, no mark	Ditto.
1 Case, D D	Ditto.
2 Bars Flat Iron, no mark	Queen Victoria.
1 Cake Spelter, S	Queen Margaret.
1 Parcel, Borradaile, Schiller & Co.	Ditto.
1 Parcel, no mark	Ditto.
2 Barrels, no mark	Cathcart.
4 Bars Round Iron, no mark	Ditto.
6 Bars Flat Iron, no mark	Ditto.
1 Parcel, K. M. Sein	Almora.
1 Parcel, Hafezoollah & Co.	Ditto.
1 Case, no mark	Orion.
1 Case, N K M	City of Venice.
1 Case, no mark	City of Manchester.
72 Kegs, D D 524-95	Ditto.
18 Anvils, D D 506-23	Ditto.
3 Cases, D D 596-98	Ditto.
16 Iron Rollers, no mark	Duke of Argylo.
1 Case, K C S	St. Maur.
22 Bars Flat Iron, no mark	Ditto.
2 Cases, [D H M] C	City of Madrid.
46 Bars Flat Iron, no mark	Ditto.
1 Bundle Corrugated Iron, D	Ditto.
2 Bars Round Iron, B M S	El dorado.
1 Case, C. P. & Co., 335	Ditto.
2 Bars Round Iron, T. M. Gribble, Esq.	Ditto.
1 Case, no mark	Ditto.
4 Bundles Nail Rod Iron, no mark.	Ditto.
1 Case, [R G H C S] C & B 69	Ditto.
1 Case, W. M. B. & Co., 50, or Captain Kerr.	Ditto.
2 Bundles Twist, no mark	Ditto.
1 Case, no mark	Ditto.
1 Case, no mark	Ditto.
1 Package, [S S] S E C 1-50	Duke of Lancaster.
1 Case, Alexander Watson, Esq.	Ditto.
1 Cake Spelter, L	Ditto.
1 Bundle Sheet Iron, D W F	Peshawur.
1 Case, N J H, Madras	Viceroy.
1 Case, no mark	Ditto.
1 Sheet Galvanized Iron, no mark	Darien.
1 Bundle Sheet Iron, R P	City of Edinburgh.
1 Sheet Iron, no mark	Ditto.
3 Bars Round Iron, J S	Ditto.
2 Bars Flat Iron, no mark	Ditto.
2 Broken Iron Pipes, no mark	Ditto.
2 Cases, E S 266-267	City of Cambridge.
3 Cases, T. H. Biggs, Esq., Accountant-General's Office, Lahore.	Indus.
1 Case, Captain Drury, Meerut	Ditto.
1 Parcel, S H & H J	Ditto.
1 Parcel, Dwarkanath Dutt & Nephew.	Ditto.

Mark or Number of Packages.

Ships.

2 Iron Rails, no mark	... British Sceptro.
1 Case, Mrs. Talbot	... Sir John Lawrence.
1 Case, A C	... Commilla.
11 Kegs, no mark	... C. N.
7 Cases Gunpowder, &c., at Moyapore Magazine [E] A. B. & Co.	Cholula.

N. B.—The above will be sold if not cleared within the 14th of April 1877.

T. B. LANE, Collector of Customs.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS, the 7th April 1877.

UNDER instructions from the Collector of Customs, Messrs. Mackenzie, Lyall and Co. will sell by auction at 3 P.M., on Monday next, the 16th instant, in the Exchange Hall—

C-D B & D S-D—80-82—3 Bales Alhambras, containing about 600 pieces, *ex Ivanhoe*, taken over under the provisions of Section 27, Act VI, 1863.

ACCOUNTANT for the Durbhungah Collectorate. This vacancy has been filled up.

Serampore Municipality.

A COMPETENT person is required to make a survey of the drainage of the villages of Mahesh and Rishra. Terms Rs. 200.

1242—2) A. H. HAGGARD, Chairman.

Wanted

A SEVENTH Master for the Pubna Government School on Rs. 20 per mensem. Candidates should send in their applications to the address of the undersigned on or before the 20th April 1877. Preference will be given to those who have passed the University F. A. Examination.

ISWAR CHANDRA BASU,
Secy., Dist. School Comtee., Pubna.

Wanted

A KANUNGO for the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Cachar. Salary attached to the post Rs. 50 per mensem. A thorough knowledge of surveying is indispensable.

Applications, with copies of testimonials, to reach the undersigned on or before the 1st of May 1877.

M. O. BOYD, Offg. Dy. Commr.
CACHAR, the 3rd April 1877.

Wanted

A HEAD Clerk and Accountant for the Municipality at City Moorshedabad; salary Rs. 75 per mensem. None need apply who do not possess a thorough knowledge of the system of accounts and sufficient experience in office routine.

Security required to the extent of Rs. 500.

E. S. ANDREW, Sub-Divnl. Officer,
City Moorshedabad.

The 6th April 1877.

(1248—1)

Wanted

A N Overseer for the Road Cess Committee of Pooree District; salary Rs. 150, and travelling allowance Rs. 50 per mensem.

Qualifications—

(1) To be able to make an accurate survey and take levels correctly.

(2) Prepare plan for district roads and all small bridges.

Apply early to Vice-Chairman, with certificates and copies of testimonials, &c.

(1250—1)

F. F. HANDLEY, Vice-Chairman.

Notice.

WANTED a Record-keeper for the District Judge's Court of Sylhet. Salary Rs. 30 per mensem, rising to Rs. 50 by biennial increment. He must be well acquainted with the Bengali language, and must possess a tolerable knowledge of English and Persian. Preference will be given to one who has already served in the record department. Applications will be received up to the 22nd proximo.

H. MUSPRATT, District Judge,
SYLHET, the 29th March 1877.

Bank of Bengal.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Bank of Bengal and Public Debt Office will be closed on Wednesday, the 11th instant, on account of the Hindoo festival "Chait Sankranti" in conformity with Government Notification No. 3464, of 29th October 1867.

By order of the Directors,
W. D. CRUICKSHANK, *Offg. Secy. & Treasurer.*
CALCUTTA, the 4th April 1877. (1243—1)

WE have this day authorized Mr. Francis Arthur Eagleton to sign our firm. SIMPSON & Co.
CALCUTTA, the 29th March 1877. (1235—3)

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned intends to apply for admission as a Vakcel of the High Court.
AUSHOOTOSH DHAR, B.L.,
(1249—4) *Pleader, Judge's Court, 21-Pergunnahs.*

In pursuance of Rule 17 of the High Court Rules dated 11th September 1873, it is hereby notified that the undersigned intends to apply to the High Court to be admitted to practise as a Vakcel of the said Court.

BACHARAM GHOSH, *Pleader,*
(1237—4) *Judge's Court, 24-Pergunnahs.*

NOTICE is hereby given that there is certain Government Paper in this Office purporting to belong to Bebee Murray, pensioner of Colonel P. Murray.

A. B. MILLER, *Official Assignee.*
OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE'S OFFICE, CALCUTTA,
The 22nd March 1877. (1224—6)

Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.

WILL sell on Monday next, the 16th instant, on account of the concerned, *ex City of Manchester*, [L S N] 22 or 722—A Case of Hosiery, more or less damaged by sea water. (1256—1)

Amluckie Tea Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Amluckie Tea Company, Limited, will be held at the registered Office, 12, Mission Row, Calcutta, on Thursday, the 19th day of April current, at 3 P.M., for the purpose of confirming the resolution passed at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on the 9th instant.

BROG, DUNLOP AND CO.,
Managing Agents.
CALCUTTA, the 10th April 1877. (1258—1)

Bishnath Tea Company "Limited."**NOTICE OF SEVENTEENTH DIVIDEND.**

WARRANTS for the final dividend of 5 per cent. on the capital called up to 31st December last (making 15 per cent. for the season 1876), declared at the meeting of Shareholders held on the 29th ultimo, will be granted on or after the 6th instant on presentation of scrip.

WILLIAMSON, MAGOR & Co., *Secretaries.*
CALCUTTA, the 2nd April 1877. (1240—2)

Outlecheria Tea Company, "Limited."

THE Sixth Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the registered Office, No. 12, Mission Row, on Wednesday, the twenty-fifth day of April 1877, at 4 P.M., for the purpose of receiving the Directors' report and accounts for the season ending 31st December last, declaring a further dividend, and transacting such other business as may be brought forward.

The share transfer books of the Company will be closed from the 16th to 25th instant, both days inclusive.
BROG, DUNLOP & Co., *Secretaries.*
CALCUTTA, 9th April 1877. (1253—3)

Eastern Cachar Tea Company, "Limited."**SEASON 1876.****NOTICE**

Is hereby given that the Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Eastern Cachar Tea Company, Limited, will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 14, Old Court House Street, on Wednesday, the 18th April, at noon, to receive the Directors' report and accounts for the year ending 31st January 1877, to declare a dividend, and to transact such other business as may be brought forward.

OCTAVIUS, STEEL & Co., *Agents & Secretaries.*
CALCUTTA, the 27th March 1877. (1230—4)

Jokai (Assam) Tea Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that the fourth and final call of Rs. 25 per share on the new issue of capital has been made payable on the 16th April next, at the Company's Bankers, the Delhi and London Bank, "Limited."

By order of the Directors,
BALMER, LAWRIE & Co.
103, CLIVE STREET, 10th March 1877. (1191—3)

Cocheela Tea Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that at 12 o'clock on the 23rd day of April 1877, an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above Company will be held at the registered Office of the Company, 104, Clive Street, when resolutions will be proposed for the confirmation of the following resolution, which was duly passed at a general meeting of the Company held on the 7th day of April 1877, namely—

"That the 15th Article of Association of the Company be amended by adding between the words ('new shares') and the words ('shall be considered') the following words, namely ('unless it shall be otherwise determined at the general meeting sanctioning such increase of capital')."

Immediately after the conclusion of the above general meeting another general meeting of the Company will be held, when it will be proposed that the capital of the Company be increased by the creation of 1,000 new shares of the nominal value of Rs. 100 each, and that no dividends be paid on such new shares for the period ending on the 31st December 1877, and that in the meantime, in lieu of dividends, the said new shares shall carry interest payable yearly out of the funds of the Company at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum, and that such interest shall be paid in priority to any dividends upon the old shares of the Company, and that after the 31st December 1879 the said new shares shall be considered as part of the original subscribed capital of the Company, and shall be subject to the same provisions in all respects as if it had been part of the original capital. Further, that the new shares be offered, in the first place, to the present shareholders respectively in the proportion of one new share to every two old shares held by them respectively, and that if any shareholder shall refuse or neglect to take up any shares so offered to him as aforesaid, such shares may be disposed of as the Directors may think most to the interest of the Company.

BORREADALE, SCHILLER & Co., *Managing Agents.*
CALCUTTA, 7th April 1877. (1252—2)

Bengal Iron Works Company, "Limited."

An Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the registered Office, No. 3, Park Place, on Thursday, 19th April 1877, at noon, for the purpose of confirming the Resolution passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting held 3rd April 1877, viz.—

That Clauses 53 and 54 of the Articles of Association be expunged, and the following two clauses substituted:—

53. The business of the Company shall for the future be conducted and carried on in India by the firm of Messrs. Marillier and Edwards, of which firm Mr. Alexander Ranken McIntosh is now the sole partner, and such firm shall continue to be Agents and Secretaries of the Company until the Company shall by special resolution otherwise direct subject to the control of the Directors, and to suspension and removal in manner hereinafter contained.

54. The said firm of Marillier and Edwards shall and will, during the time they shall act as such Agents and Secretaries, hold and remain the Proprietors of 150 shares in the Capital Stock of the Company, and shall be remunerated by an allowance of Rs. 1,000 per month until a commission of 2½ per cent. on the proceeds of the Company's sales shall give a return exceeding that sum, when the said Agents and Secretaries shall be remunerated by such a commission in lieu of the allowance, and such allowance or commission, as the case may be, shall cover the charges to which the said Agents and Secretaries may be from time to time put in providing a suitable office and establishment in Calcutta for the use of the Company.

MARILLIER AND EDWARDS,
Agents and Secretaries.
CALCUTTA, 4th April 1877. (1244—2)

Bengal Iron Works Company, "Limited."

Minute of the Proceedings of the Fourth Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Bengal Iron Works Company, Limited, held at the Office of the Company, 3, Fairlie Place, Calcutta, 3rd April 1877, at noon.

PRESENT:

R. Steel, Esq., *Chairman.*

F. J. Crooke, Esq.; E. Morriss, Esq.; A. R. McIntosh, Esq.; J. F. Rutherford, Esq.; Baboo Poolin Chandra Roy; A. R. Cox, Esq., by his Attorney R. Steel, Esq.; John Morison, Esq., by his Attorney W. J. Ker, Esq.

The notice calling the meeting having been read—

It was proposed by Baboo Poolin Chandra Roy, seconded by Mr. J. F. Rutherford, and carried unanimously—

That the Directors' Report and the Accounts for the half-year ending 31st December 1876, which have been printed and circulated among the Shareholders, be adopted and approved as correct.

It was proposed by Mr. F. J. Crooke, seconded by Mr. E. Morriss, and carried unanimously—

That Mr. R. Steel be re-elected a Director of the Company.

It was proposed by Mr. J. F. Rutherford, seconded by Mr. A. R. McIntosh, and carried unanimously—

That the appointment of Mr. F. J. Crooke and Mr. E. Morriss be confirmed.

It was proposed by Mr. John Morison by his Attorney Mr. W. J. Ker, seconded by Baboo Poolin Chandra Roy, and carried unanimously—

That Messrs. M. Meuzens and J. Tod be re-elected Auditors for the current year.

With a vote of thanks to the chair the meeting separated.

ROBERT STEEL, *Chairman.*

Minute of the Proceedings of an Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of the Bengal Iron Works Company, Limited, held at the registered Office of the Company, 3, Fairlie Place, on Tuesday, the 3rd April 1877, immediately after the Ordinary General Meeting.

PRESENT:

Robert Steel, Esq., *Chairman.*

F. J. Crooke, Esq.; E. Morriss, Esq.; A. R. McIntosh, Esq.; J. F. Rutherford, Esq.; Baboo Poolin Chandra Roy; A. R. Cox, Esq., by his Attorney R. Steel, Esq.; John Morison, Esq., by his Attorney W. J. Ker, Esq.

The notice calling the meeting having been read—

It was proposed by Mr. Robert Steel, and seconded by Mr. J. F. Rutherford, and carried—

That clauses Nos. 53 and 54 of the Articles of Association be expunged, and the following two clauses substituted, viz—

53. The business of the Company shall for the future be conducted and carried on in India by the firm of Messrs. Marillier and Edwards, of which firm Mr. Alexander Rankin McIntosh is now the sole partner, and such firm shall continue to be Agents and Secretaries of the Company until the Company shall by special resolution otherwise direct subject to the control of the Directors, and to suspension and removal in manner hereinafter contained.

54. The said firm of Marillier and Edwards shall and will, during the time they shall act as such Agents and Secretaries, hold and remain the proprietors of 150 shares in the capital stock of the Company, and shall be remunerated by an allowance of Rs. 1,000 per month until a commission of 2½ per cent. on the proceeds of the Company's sales shall give a return exceeding that sum, when the said Agents and Secretaries shall be remunerated by such a commission in lieu of the allowance, and such allowance or Commission, as the case may be, shall cover the charges to which the said Agents and Secretaries may be from time to time put in providing a suitable office and establishment in Calcutta for the use of the Company.

With a vote of thanks to the chair the meeting separated.

(1245-1)

ROBERT STEEL, *Chairman.*

In the goods of William Forbes, deceased.

PURSUANT to the Trustees and Mortgagees Powers Act, 1866, notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of William Forbes, deceased, late of Debrooghur, in Upper Assam, are hereby required to send in writing the particulars of their claims or demands to the undersigned, at No. 6, Hastings Street, Calcutta, on or before the 1st day of May next, and that after such date the Administrator will be at liberty to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the persons entitled thereto, regard being had only to the claims of which the said Administrator then has notice, and that the said Administrator will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose claim the said Administrator has not had notice at the time of such distribution.

Dated this 1st day of March 1877.

(1177-3)

ORR & HARRISS, *Attorneys-at-Law.*

In the goods of Lewis Auldjo Cooke, deceased.

PURSUANT to the Trustees and Mortgagees Powers Act, 1866, notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Lewis Auldjo Cooke, of Moss Terrace, Elgin, in Scotland, deceased, are hereby required to send in writing the particulars of their claims or demands to the undersigned at No. 6, Hastings Street, Calcutta, on or before the 1st day of May next, and notice is also hereby given that at the expiration of the last mentioned day the administrator will be at liberty to distribute the assets of the said Lewis Auldjo Cooke, deceased, or any part thereof amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims of which the said administrator then has notice, and that the said administrator will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose claim the said administrator has not had notice at the time of such distribution. Dated this first day of March 1877.

(1176-3)

ORR & HARRISS, *Attorneys-at-Law.*

In the Goods of William Coish, deceased.

PURSUANT to the Trustees and Mortgagees Powers Act, 1866, notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of William Coish, late of No. 7, Esplanade Row, Calcutta, boat and shoe-maker, deceased, and probate of whose last will and testament was granted by the High Court at Calcutta in its testamentary and intestate jurisdiction on the 29th of March 1877, to Mrs. Frances Coish, of No. 7, Esplanade Row, Calcutta, the widow and sole executrix named in and appointed by the said will of the above-named deceased, are hereby required to send in writing the particulars of their claim or demands to the said executrix at her residence, No. 7, Esplanade Row, Calcutta, on or before the 10th day of July next, and notice is hereby given that after such date the said executrix will be at liberty to distribute the assets of the said William Coish, deceased, or any part thereof amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard to the claims of which the said executrix then has notice, and that the said executrix will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose claim the said executrix has not had notice at the time of such distribution.

Dated this 10th day of April 1877.

(1251-3)

CHAUNTELL, KNOWLES, & ROBERTS,
Attorneys for the Executrix.

PURSUANT to a decree of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, made in suit No. 232 of 1876 (wherein Albert Birmingham Miller, Official Assignee of the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta and Assignee of the estate and effects of William DeMonte Sinnes, an Insolvent, is plaintiff, and Frederick John Fergusson, the Official Trustee of Bengal, is Defendant), and dated the 30th day of November 1876, the creditors of the late firm of Messrs. Joseph Barretto and Sons, of the Town of Calcutta, Merchants and Agents; who have executed a certain trust deed for the benefit of creditors dated the 10th day of March 1827 and expressed to be made between Luis Joseph Barretto and Edward Brightman, surviving members of the said firm of Messrs. Joseph Barretto and Sons of the first part, John Palmer, William Ainslie, George Ballard,

William Melville, and Robert Browne, of the second part, and the several persons, creditors of the said Luis Joseph Barretto and Edward Brightman, who by themselves or their respective attorneys should execute the said Indenture of the third part, and all other persons claiming to be interested in the said trust deed are, on or before Saturday, the 28th day of July 1877, to send to the Office of the Registrar of this Court in its Original Side their names, addresses, and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree.

Every creditor holding any security may produce or transmit the same to the Registrar with particulars of his claim, or shall produce the same before the Judge for the time being exercising original jurisdiction in the Court-house on Saturday, the 11th day of August 1877, at 11 of the clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.

R. BELCHAMBERS, Registrar.

DIGNAM AND ROBINSON, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

The 16th March 1877. (1222-3)

PURSUANT to a decree of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, made in suit No. 35 of 1877, wherein Rajnundun Mitter is plaintiff and Priscilla Ethelvina Paul, wife of John Francis Paul, residing at No. 17, Kerr's Lane, in the town of Calcutta, is defendant, and dated the 8th day of February 1877, the creditors of Richard Pallas Trezevant, who formerly carried on business at No. 1, Park Street, in the town of Calcutta, and at No. 87, Lower Circular Road, in the Suburbs of Calcutta, as a wine merchant and general dealer under the style or firm of Richard, Dunlop and Co., and who died on or about the 23rd day of September 1876, are, on or before Saturday, the 5th day of May 1877, to send to the Office of the Registrar of this Court on its Original Side, their names, addresses, and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or, in default thereof, they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree.

Every creditor holding any security may produce or transmit the same to the Registrar with the particulars of his claim, or shall produce the same before the Judge exercising original jurisdiction in the Court-house on Saturday, the 19th day of May 1877, at eleven of the clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims

DIGNAM AND ROBINSON,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

HIGH COURT, ORIGINAL SIDE.

The 5th April 1877.

R. BELCHAMBERS,
Registrar.

(1257-1)

POSTAL NOTICES.

SEA AND OVERLAND MAILS.

For	Box closes at	Date.	Per Steamer.
Madras, Ceylon, and the Intermediate Ports	7 P.M.	11th April	India.
Ceylon, Straits, Hong-Kong, United States of America, and the Colonies of Queensland, New South Wales and Victoria, <i>via</i> Torres Straits (letters, &c., for the latter Colony must be specially superscribed)	7	14th	From Bombay.
Rangoon and Moulin in	7	15th	Meera
Akyab and Kyauk Phyo.	7	15th	Mahratta.
Port Blair and Camorta		17th	Satara.
Persian Gulf		17th	From Bombay.
Madras and Ceylon		18th	Peshawar.

The next Overland Mail *via* Bombay will close at the General Post-Office on Friday, the 13th April 1877, by which mails for Mauritius, St. Denis, Réunion, and Zanzibar, can be forwarded.

2. Book-post and pattern-packets must be posted on the 12th April 1877.

N.B.—The Letter Box will close at 7 P.M. precisely, after which hour Overland letters, fully prepaid and bearing an extra postage stamp of two annas on each cover, will be received up to 7-30 P.M., or bearing an extra postage stamp of four annas on each cover up to 8 P.M.

W. ALPIN, *Offg. Post-Master of Calcutta.*
CALCUTTA, the 10th April 1877.

List of Unclaimed Letters lying in the Calcutta Post-Office on the 3rd April 1877.

Allan, W. H.	Lackerstien, N. L.
Ashby, G.	Landeshut, Mrs.
Balmer, Lawrie & Co.	Lane, W.
Bernard de Valleror.	Leeming, J.
Blamsten, Monsr. C.	Leggett, A. T.
Bluett, Mrs. F. M.	Lidwell, Miss F.
Boissaye, Monsicur.	Linton, Mr.
Boswell, W.	Lohr, Chas.
Boyce, Miss M.	Lorimer, J.
Branche, W.	Mackenzie, G. R.
Burke, M.	Mackintosh, D. S.
Carew, D.	McArthur, J.
Carrington, E. W.	Michael, S.
Cram, J.	Molesworth, G.
Cresswell, Doyne & Co.	Morrison, Frank.
Davies, H.	Newmarch, Mrs.
Denison, Col. R. A.	Neville, Walter.
Dodgson, Chas. H.	Oram, J.
Doods, J.	Parker, H. B.
Edwards, G. W.	Percy, Hugh L. H.
Elston, E.	Perroux, Mrs. C.
Fagan, St. Leger.	Reid, Louis D.
Falmon, B.	Reid, Mrs. M. A.
Farmer, Mrs. L.	Roberts, Harry.
Ferrari, Dr. D. A.	Simpson, Miss.
Floyd, H. P.	Sancenson, L.
Forbes, G. G. I.	Shepherd, John.
George, David.	Smale, John.
Giovanni, Mons.	Smith, Mrs. E. F.
Goodard, Mrs.	Stone, A. F.
Gordon, James.	Thomson, W. P.
Granger, John H.	Wallace Alex. (C. Engr.)
Hackerdon, Mrs. A. H.	Wane, Innes B.
Hay, C. W. W.	Watkins, Miss C. F. A.
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Henford, T. E.	Wingcom, Miss.
Higgins, J.	Wood, G. D.
Horner, F.	Wood, Marshall.
Jackson, Mrs. H. W.	Woods, Miss.
Jones, Mrs. S.	Wotherspoon, Geo.
Kiernan, Mrs.	Yates, B. J.

Letters marked "Care of Post-Office to be kept till called for."

Ameer Ally.	Jenkinson, Mrs.
Andrew, Walter G. G.	Johnstone, Ross
Arthur, Geo.	Jones, B. F.
Battye, Major H. D.	Kaikhosru Nowrooj Kabraji
Beale, William.	Kelly, Edward.
Beaton, James.	King, H. W.
Biggs, Robert O. C.	Legget, E.
Bogie, James.	MacIntyre, A.
Bonerjee, Dr. S. A.	Meyer, H. G.
Brink, Miss P. A.	Moran, Frank Conyngham.
Brownfield, M.	Moseley, Capt. W. H.
Bromehead, Revd.	Middleton, Lewis.
Caddy, D. G.	Mirza Bazhoal Hossein.
Campbell, Major C. W.	Paulson, W. H.
Campbell, Mrs. William.	Penny, P.
Carrington & Wigley.	Pierce, Mrs. J. O.
Clarkson, Mr.	Power, W.
Cranbourn, Mrs.	Reed, J.
Crossly, R.	Richardson, Geo.
Donegan, N.	Schapira, D.
Duncan, James.	Scolfi, A. L.
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Good, J. W.	Willard, J. C.
Graham, Mrs.	William, Grav.
Hudson, Thos.	Williams, C. A.
Huguenot, M.	Williams, W. J.
Jackson, J. W.	Zacharias, A. H.

Papers.

Battye, Major H. D.	Richardson, Geo.
Bellany, J.	Ryder, A.
Caddy, D.	Stewart, A.
Hollaht, Capt.	Williams, C. A.
Jones, B. F.	

Registered Letters.

Agents, Sunderchuck Coal Company.	Ferrari, Dr. A.
Cosing, H.	Forbes, Mrs. L. R.
Duff, G.	Francis, Marples.
Fagan, L.	Hill, G. W.
	Santon, Dias.
	Stewart, Alex.

W. ALPIN, Offg. Post-Master of Calcutta.

THE following are the latest hours for posting letters in the General Post Office:—

Mails.	Final clearance of letter box.	Latest hour for receipt of registered letters and parcels.	REMARKS.
All stations on Loop Line, between Howrah and Ramporehaut, and on Chord, between Calcutta and Assensole	5-30 A.M.		
DUM-DUM.			
1st Despatch	8 A.M.	7-30 A.M.	
2nd ditto	7-30 P.M.	5 P.M.	
BARRACKPORE.			
1st Despatch	6-30 A.M.	5 P.M.	
2nd ditto	6 P.M.	5 P.M.	
BARRASBT.			
1st Despatch	1-30 P.M.	1 P.M.	
2nd ditto	7-30 P.M.	5 P.M.	
HOWRAH.			
1st Despatch	6 A.M.	5 P.M.	
2nd ditto	2 P.M.	1-30 P.M.	
3rd ditto	5 P.M.	4-30 P.M.	
4th ditto	7 P.M.	5 P.M.	
All stations on railway line between Howrah and Burdwan	2 P.M.	1-30 P.M.	
All stations on the East Indian Railway Loop Line in the Assam Provinces, Purneah, Julporee, Dargeeling, Berhampore, Barla, Maldah, and Dinapore districts	5 P.M.	4-30 P.M.	
All stations in the Dacca, Chittagong, Tipperah, Noakhali, Cachar, Sylhet, Kishinagar, Pubna, Fureedpore, Burisal, Mymensing, and Bogra districts	6-45 P.M.	5 P.M.	Mail train.
All stations on the Eastern Bengal Railway for Dacca	6-30 A.M.	5 P.M.	Slow train.
All stations on the East Indian Railway Chord Line in the North-Western Provinces, Punjab, Scind, and Central Provinces, as well as those in the Bombay and Madras Presidencies	*7 P.M.	5 P.M.	* With a late letter, fee of 1 anna up to 8 P.M.
Oolobarah, Midnapore, Cuttack, Balasore, Pooree, and places in the Madras Presidency up to Vizagapatnam	6 P.M.	5 P.M.	
Registered letters and parcels are received during the week from	7 to 8 A.M. & 12 to 5 P.M.		
And on Sundays, from	7 to 8 A.M. & 4 to 5 P.M.		

There is a Pillar Box at the gate of the East Indian Railway Station at Howrah which is closed at the following hours:—

5-15 A.M.	(Week days only.)
2-15 P.M.	
5-45 P.M.	
10-15 P.M.	

The peons usually leave this Office with deliveries on week days:—

1st Delivery	8 A.M.
2nd ditto	12-30 P.M.
3rd ditto	4 P.M.

On Sundays there will be two deliveries, viz.—

1st Delivery	at 8 A.M.
2nd ditto	at 12-30 P.M.

W. ALPIN, Offg. Post-Master.

GENERAL POST OFFICE, CALCUTTA,
The 2nd November 1875.

Nuddea Rivers.

Weekly Water Report showing the least depth of water in the Bhagiruttee, Matabangah, and Jellinghee Rivers for the week ending Friday, the 6th April 1877.

Names of Rivers.	Least depth of water
BHAGIRUTTEE.	Ft. In
Entrance below Chourasia	6 0
Thence to Noorpore Junction, 6 miles	4 6
Thence to Jungipore, 9 miles	3 0
From Jungipore to Berhampore, 47 miles	3 0
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 50 miles	2 9*
From Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles	2 6†

MATABANGAH.

Entrance	
Thence to Tatarparah	
From Tatarparah to Hât Bolia	} Closed
From Hât Bolia to Boalmaree	
From Boalmaree to Alickdeah	
From Alickdeah to Kissengunge	

JELLINGHEE AND BYRUB.

Entrance of Byrub from the Ganges	5 6
Thence to Junction with the Jellinghee	3 3
From Junction of Byrub and Jellinghee to Teakatta	4 0
From Teakatta to Nuddea	3 9

Height of water on gauge at Berhampore on the 9th April 1877, above zero, 1 foot 6½ inches.

T. H. WICKES, C.E.,

Exe. Engr., Nuddea Rivers Division.

BERHAMPORE, the 9th April 1877.

* Boats drawing 3 feet can pass.

† In one place only boats drawing 3 feet can pass.

The following books may be had from the office of Superintendent, Government Printing, No. 8, Hastings Street. No orders can be attended to unless accompanied by a remittance. When postage stamps are forwarded, one anna additional should be sent for every rupee's worth of stamps for discount in exchanging them for cash. Service labels are not received.

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The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 11, 1877.

PART IV.

Bill of the Bengal Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

THE following Bill was read in the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 7th April 1877, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon in two weeks :—

A Bill to provide for the levy of a cess for the construction and maintenance of Provincial Public Works.

WHEREAS it is expedient to empower the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal to levy a cess on immovable property and to apply the proceeds of the same to the construction and maintenance of Provincial Public Works; It is enacted as follows :—

1. This Act may be called "the Provincial Public Works Act, 1877."

It shall extend to all the districts in which "the District Road Cess Act, 1871," is, or may from time to time be, in force. But the Lieutenant-Governor may exempt any district, or sub-division of a district, or any estate or tenure from the operation of this Act.

It shall come into force from the date on which it may be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* with the assent of the Governor-General.

2. From and after the commencement of this Act, all immovable property situated within the territories in which this Act is, or may from time to time be, in force, shall be liable to the payment of a cess (hereinafter called "the public works cess"), to be applied to the construction and maintenance of provincial public works, and such cess shall be recoverable from the several owners and occupiers of such property as hereinafter provided.

3. All valuations of immovable property which have been or may from time to time be confirmed under Parts II, III, and IV of the District Road Cess Act, 1871, shall be deemed to be valuations of immovable property for the purposes of this Act.

4. The Lieutenant-Governor shall from year to year determine the rate at which the public works cess shall be leviable in each district; such rate shall not exceed one half of an anna in the rupee of the annual value of the lands in such district, and shall be leviable from the dates fixed for the levy of the road cess under section 2 of the said District Road Cess Act.

5. All holders of estates or tenures, and cultivating ryots, shall pay the public works cess at the rate determined under the last preceding section, and in the manner and the proportions prescribed for the payment of the road cess by section 21 of the said District Road Cess Act; and the provisions of sections 22, 24, 25, 26, and 27 of the said Act shall apply to the public works cess.

6. Every mine, quarry, tramway, railway, or other immoveable property not included within the provisions of Part II and Part IV of the said District Road Cess Act, shall be liable to the payment of the public works cess at the rate determined under section four of this Act and in the manner and subject to the limitations prescribed for the payment of the road cess by section 28 of the said District Road Cess Act; and subject to section 8 of this Act, the provisions of sections 36 and 37 of the said Act shall apply to the public works cess.

7. All houses of any of the classes mentioned in Schedule (E) annexed to the said District Road Cess Act, shall, save as is provided in section 40 of the said Act, be liable to the payment of the public works cess at the rate determined under section four of this Act and in the manner prescribed for the payment of the road cess by section 39 of the said District Road Cess Act; and, subject as aforesaid, the provisions of sections 45, 46, 47, and 48 of the said Act shall apply to the public works cess.

8. Every amount which may become due to Government in respect of any arrears of the public works cess shall be deemed to be a demand under section 1 of Bengal Act VII of 1868 (*an Act to make further provision for the recovery of arrears of Land Revenue and Public Demands recoverable as arrears of Land Revenue*), and shall be recoverable as such.

9. The proceeds of the public works cess shall be paid into the public treasury, and shall be applied to the construction and maintenance of provincial public works in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor may direct. Accounts of the monies received and expended under the provisions of this Act shall be kept in such form as the Lieutenant-Governor may prescribe.

10. In this Act the words and expressions "house," "estate," "tenure," "Collector," "district," "immoveable property," "holder of an estate or tenure," and "cultivating ryot," shall have the meanings attributed to them respectively in the said District Road Cess Act.

11. The Lieutenant-Governor shall have power to declare, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, what works are to be deemed provincial public works for the purposes of this Act.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

THE transfer to the local Government of the charges for the construction and maintenance of extraordinary public works has made it necessary to raise additional funds to meet this liability. It is proposed to raise a part of the amount by the levy of an additional cess based upon the road cess valuations which have now been completed throughout the greater part of Bengal. The Bill is little more than an application of the road cess procedure to the purposes of the new assessment.

H. J. RYMONDS.

31st March 1877.

W. E. H. FORSYTH,

Offg. Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,

Legislative Department.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 11. 1877.

PART V.

Acts of the Legislative Council of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

[Third Publication.]

The following Act of the Governor-General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor-General on the 14th March 1877, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. VI of 1877.

An Act for postponing the day on which the Opium Act, 1876, is to come into force.

WHEREAS the Opium Act, No. XXIII of 1876, section one, enacts that the said Act shall come into
Preamble.

force on the first day of April 1877: And whereas it is expedient to postpone the day on which such Act shall come into force; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

1. The said Act No. XXIII of 1876 shall come into force, not on the first day of April 1877, but on such day as the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, direct in this behalf.

WHITLEY STOKES,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

[Second Publication.]

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor General on the 30th March 1877, and is hereby promulgated for General information :—

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THE THIRD SCHEDULE.—Bombay enactments.

THE FOURTH SCHEDULE.—Forms.

An Act to Consolidate and amend the Laws relating to the Procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the laws relating to the procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act may be cited as "The Code of Civil Procedure;" and it shall come into force on the first day of October 1877.

This section and section 3 extend to the whole of British India. The other sections extend to the whole of British India except the Scheduled Districts as defined in Act No. XIV of 1874.

2. In this Act, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—

"chapter." "chapter" means a chapter of this Code :

"district" means the local limits of the jurisdiction of a principal civil

"district Court." Court of original jurisdiction (hereinafter called a 'District Court'), and includes the local limits of the ordinary original civil jurisdiction of a High Court : every Court of a grade inferior to that of a District Court and every Court of Small Causes shall, for the purposes of this Code, be deemed to be subordinate to the High Court and the District Court :

"pleader" means every person entitled to appear and plead for another in Court, and includes an advocate, a vakil and an attorney of a High Court :

"Government Pleader" includes also any officer appointed by the Local Government to perform all or any of the functions expressly imposed by this Code on the Government Pleader.

"Collector" means every officer performing the duties of a Collector of land-revenue :

"judgment" means the statement given by the Judge as the grounds of the order or decree by which a suit or other judicial proceeding is determined :

"decree" means the formal order of the Court in which the result of the decision of the suit or other judicial proceeding is embodied. An order on appeal, remanding a suit for re-trial, is not within this definition :

"Judge." "Judge" means the presiding officer of a Court :

"judgment-debtor" means any person against whom a decree or order has been made :

"decree-holder" means any person in whose favour a decree or any order capable of execution has been made, and includes any person to whom such decree or order is transferred :

"written" includes printed and lithographed, and "writing" includes print and lithography :

"signed" includes "marked" when the person making the mark is unable to write his name :

"foreign Court" means a court situate beyond the limits of British India and not having authority in British India nor established by the Governor General in Council :

"foreign judgment" means the judgment of a foreign Court :

"public officer" means a person falling under any of the following descriptions (namely) :—

Every Judge ;

Every covenanted servant of Her Majesty ;

Every commissioned officer in the military or naval forces of Her Majesty while serving under Government ;

Every officer of a Court of Justice whose duty it is, as such officer, to investigate or report on any matter of law or fact, or to make, authenticate or keep any document, or to take charge or dispose of any property, or to execute any judicial process, or to administer any oath, or to interpret, or to preserve order in the Court, and every person specially authorized by a Court of Justice to perform any of such duties ;

Every person who holds any office by virtue of which he is empowered to place or keep any person in confinement ;

Every officer of Government whose duty it is, as such officer, to prevent offences, to give information of offences, to bring offenders to justice, or to protect the public health, safety or convenience ;

Every officer whose duty it is, as such officer, to take, receive, keep or expend any property on behalf of Government, or to make any survey, assessment or contract on behalf of Government, or to execute any revenue process, or to investigate, or to report on any matter affecting the pecuniary interests of Government, or to make, authenticate or keep any document relating to the pecuniary interests of Government, or to prevent the infraction of any law for the protection of the pecuniary interests of Government, and every officer in the service or pay of Government, or remunerated by fees or commission for the performance of any public duty.

And in any part of British India in which this Code operates, "Government" includes the Government of India as well as the Local Government.

3. The enactments specified in the first schedule hereto annexed are hereby repealed to the extent mentioned in the third column of the same schedule.

But when in any Act, Regulation or Notification passed or issued prior to the day on which this Code comes into force, reference is made to Act VIII of 1859, Act XXIII of 1861, or the 'Code of Civil Procedure,' or to any other Act hereby repealed, such reference shall, so far as may be practicable, be read as applying to this Code or the corresponding part thereof ;

Nothing herein contained shall affect the procedure prior to decree in any suit instituted or appeal presented before this Code comes into force.

4. Save as provided in the second paragraph of section 3, nothing herein contained shall be deemed to affect the following enactments (namely) :—

The Central Provinces Courts Act, 1865 :

The Panjáb Courts Act, 1865 :

Act No. XXVII of 1867 :

The Oudh Civil Courts Act, 1871 :

The Panjáb Appeals Act, 1873 :

The Burma Courts Act, 1875 :

or any local law prescribing a special procedure for suits between landlord and tenant,

or any local law providing for the partition of immoveable property.

And where under any of the said Acts concurrent civil jurisdiction is given to the Commissioner and the Deputy Commissioner, the Local Government may declare which of such officers shall for the purposes of this Code be deemed to be the District Court.

5. The chapters and sections of this Code specified in the second schedule hereto annexed extend (so far as they are applicable) to Courts of Small Causes constituted under Act No. XI of 1865. The other chapters and sections of this Code do not extend to such Courts. And nothing herein contained shall be deemed to enlarge the powers which such Courts now possess for the purposes of effecting attachments or executing decrees.

6. Nothing in this Code affects the jurisdiction or procedure—

(a) of Military Courts of Request ;

(b) of a single officer duly appointed in the Presidency of Bombay to try small suits in military bázars at cantonments and stations occupied by the troops of that Presidency ; or

(c) of Village Munsifs or Village Panchayats under the provisions of the Madras Code

(d) of the Recorder of Rangoon sitting as an Insolvent Court in Rangoon, Maulmain, Akyab or Bassein,

or shall operate to give any Court jurisdiction over suits of which the amount or value of the subject-matter exceeds the pecuniary limits (if any) of its ordinary jurisdiction.

7. With respect to—

Saving of certain Bombay laws.

(a) the jurisdiction exercised by certain jâgirdârs and other authorities invested with powers under the provisions of Bombay Regulation XIII of 1830 and Act XV of 1840 in the cases therein mentioned; and

(b) cases of the nature defined in the enactments specified in the third schedule hereto annexed,

the procedure in such cases and in the appeals to the Civil Courts allowed therein, shall be according to the rules laid down in this Code, except where those rules are inconsistent with any specific provisions contained in the enactments mentioned or referred to in this section.

8. Save as provided in sections 3, 25, 86, 223, 225, 386 and chapter XXXIX, this

Presidency Small Cause Courts.

Code shall not extend to any suit or proceeding in any Court of Small Causes established in the towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay.

But the Local Government may, by notification published in the official Gazette, extend to any such Court this Code or any part thereof, except so far as relates to appeals and reviews of judgment.

Division of Code.

9. This Code is divided into ten Parts as follows:—

The first Part: Suits in General.

The second Part: Incidental Proceedings.

The third Part: Suits in particular Cases.

The fourth Part: Provisional Remedies.

The fifth Part: Special Proceedings.

The sixth Part: Appeals.

The seventh Part: Reference to and Revision by the High Court.

The eighth Part: Review of Judgment.

The ninth Part: Special Rules relating to the Chartered High Courts.

The tenth Part: Certain Miscellaneous Matters.

PART I.

OF SUITS IN GENERAL.

CHAPTER I.

OF THE JURISDICTION OF THE COURTS AND RES JUDICATA.

No person exempt from jurisdiction by reason of descent or place of birth.

10. No person shall, by reason of his descent or place of birth, be in any civil proceeding exempted from the jurisdiction of any of the Courts.

11. The Courts shall (subject to the provisions

Courts to try all civil suits unless specially barred.

herein contained) have jurisdiction to try all suits of a civil nature excepting suits of which their cognizance is barred by any enactment for the time being in force.

Explanation.—A suit in which the right to property or to an office is contested is a suit of a civil nature, notwithstanding that such right may depend entirely on the decision of questions as to religious rites or ceremonies.

12. Except where a suit has been stayed under section 20, the Court shall

Pending suits.

not try any suit in which the matter in issue is also directly and substantially

in issue in a previously instituted suit for the same relief between the same parties, or between parties under whom they or any of them claim, pending in the same or any other Court, whether superior or inferior, in British India having jurisdiction to grant such relief, or in any Court beyond the limits of British India established by the Governor General in Council and having like jurisdiction, or before Her Majesty in Council.

Explanation.—The pendency of a suit in a foreign Court does not preclude the Courts in British India from trying a suit founded on the same cause of action.

13. No Court shall try any suit or issue, in

Res judicata.

which the matter directly and substantially in issue has been heard and finally decided by a Court of competent jurisdiction, in a former suit between the same parties, or between parties under whom they or any of them claim, litigating under the same title.

Explanation I.—The matter above referred to must in the former suit have been alleged by one party and either denied or confessed, expressly or impliedly, by the other.

Explanation II.—Any matter which might and ought to have been made ground of defence or attack in such former suit shall be deemed to have been a matter directly and substantially in issue in such suit.

Explanation III.—Any relief claimed in the plaint, which is not expressly granted by the decree, shall, for the purpose of this section, be deemed to have been refused.

Explanation IV.—A decision is final within the meaning of this section when it is such as the Court making it could not alter (except on review) on the application of either party or reconsider of its own motion. A decision liable to appeal may be final within the meaning of this section until the appeal is made.

Explanation V.—Where persons litigate *bond fide* in respect of a private right claimed in common for themselves and others, all persons interested in such right shall, for the purpose of this section, be deemed to claim under the persons so litigating.

Explanation VI.—Where a foreign judgment is relied on, the production of the judgment duly authenticated is presumptive evidence that the Court which made it had competent jurisdiction, unless the contrary appear on the record; but such presumption may be removed by proving the want of jurisdiction.

When foreign judgment no bar to suit in British India.

14. No foreign judgment shall operate as a bar to a suit in British India—

(a) if it has not been given on the merits of the case;

(b) if it appears on the face of the proceedings to be founded on an incorrect view of international law or of any law in force in British India;

(c) if it is in the opinion of the Court before which it is produced contrary to natural justice;

(d) if it has been obtained by fraud;

(e) if it sustains a claim founded on a breach of any law in force in British India.

CHAPTER II.

OF THE PLACE OF SUING.

15. Every suit shall be instituted in the Court of the lowest grade competent to try it.

Suits to be instituted where subject-matter situate.

16. Subject to the pecuniary or other limitations prescribed by any law, suits

- (a) for the recovery of immoveable property,
 - (b) for the partition of immoveable property,
 - (c) for the foreclosure or redemption of a mortgage of immoveable property,
 - (d) for the determination of any other right to or interest to or in immoveable property,
 - (e) for compensation for wrong to immoveable property,
 - (f) for the recovery of moveable property actually under distraint or attachment,
- shall be instituted in the Court within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the property is situate:

Provided that suits to obtain relief respecting, or compensation for wrong to, immoveable property held by or on behalf of the defendant may, when the relief sought can be entirely obtained through his personal obedience, be instituted either in the Court within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the property is situate, or in the Court within the local limits of whose jurisdiction he actually and voluntarily resides, or carries on business, or personally works for gain.

Explanation.—In this section 'property' means property situate in British India.

17. Subject to the limitations aforesaid, all other suits shall be instituted

Suits to be instituted where defendants reside or cause of action arose.

in a Court within the local limits of whose jurisdiction—

- (a) the cause of action arises, or
- (b) all the defendants, at the time of the commencement of the suit, actually and voluntarily reside, or carry on business, or personally work for gain; or
- (c) any of the defendants, at the time of the commencement of the suit, actually and voluntarily resides, or carries on business, or personally works for gain: provided that either the leave of the Court is given, or the defendants who do not reside, or carry on business, or personally work for gain as aforesaid acquiesce in such institution.

Explanation I.—Where a person has a permanent dwelling at one place and also a lodging at another place for a temporary purpose only, he shall be deemed to reside at both places in respect of any cause of action arising at the place where he has such temporary lodging.

Explanation II.—A Corporation or Company shall be deemed to carry on business at its sole or principal office in British India or, in respect of any cause of action arising at any place where it has also a subordinate office, at such place.

Illustrations.

(a.) A is a tradesman in Calcutta. B carries on business in Delhi. B, by his agent in Calcutta, buys goods of A, and requests A to deliver them to the East Indian Railway Company. A delivers the goods accordingly in Calcutta. A may sue B for the price of the goods either in Calcutta, where the cause of action has arisen, or in Delhi, where B carries on business.

(b.) A resides at Simla, B at Calcutta, and C at Delhi. A, B and C being together at Benares, B and C make a joint promissory note payable on demand, and deliver it to A. A may sue B and C at Benares, where the cause of action arose. He may also sue them at Calcutta, where B resides, or at Delhi, where C resides; but in each of these cases, if the non-resident defendant objects, the suit cannot be maintained without the leave of the Court.

18. In suits for compensation for wrong done to person or moveable property, if the wrong was done within the local limits of the jurisdiction of one Court and the defendant resides, or carries on business, or personally works for gain within the local limits of the jurisdiction of another Court, the plaintiff may at his option sue in either of the said Courts.

Illustrations.

(a.) A, residing in Delhi, beats B in Calcutta. B may sue A either in Calcutta or in Delhi.

(b.) A, residing in Delhi, publishes in Calcutta statements defamatory of B. B may sue A either in Calcutta or in Delhi.

(c.) A, travelling on the line of a Railway Company whose principal office is at Howrah, is upset and injured at Allahabad by negligence imputable to the Company. He may sue the Company either at Howrah or at Allahabad.

19. If the suit be to obtain relief respecting, or compensation for wrong to, immoveable property situate within the limits of a single district, but within the jurisdiction of different Courts, the suit may be instituted in the Court within whose jurisdiction any portion of the property is situate; provided that, in respect of the value of the subject-matter of the suit, the entire claim be cognizable by such Court.

If the immoveable property be situate within the limits of different districts, the suit may be instituted in any Court, otherwise competent to try it, within whose jurisdiction any portion of the property is situate.

20. If a suit which may be instituted in more than one Court is instituted in a Court within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the defendant or all the defendants does not or do not actually and voluntarily reside, or carry on business, or personally work for gain, the defendant or any defendant may, after giving notice in writing to the other parties of his intention to apply to the Court to stay proceedings, apply to the Court accordingly;

and if the Court, after hearing such of the parties as desire to be heard, is satisfied that justice is more likely to be done by the suit being instituted in some other Court, it may stay proceedings either finally or till further order, and make such order as it thinks fit as to the costs already incurred by the parties or any of them.

In such case, if the plaintiff so requires, the Court shall return the plaint with an endorsement thereon of the order staying proceedings.

Every such application shall be made at the earliest possible opportunity, and in all cases before the issues are settled; and any defendant not so applying shall be deemed to have acquiesced in the institution of the suit.

21. Where the Court, under section 20, stays

Remission of court-fee where suit instituted in another Court. proceedings, and the plaintiff re-institutes his suit in another Court, the plaint shall not be chargeable with any court-fee; provided that the proper fee has been levied on the institution of the suit in the former Court, and that the plaint has been returned by such Court.

22. Where a suit may be instituted in more

Procedure where Courts in which suit may be instituted are subordinate to the same appellate Court. Courts than one, and such Courts are subordinate to the same appellate Court, any defendant, after giving notice in writing to the other parties of his intention to apply to such Court to transfer the suit to another Court, may apply accordingly; and the appellate Court, after hearing the other parties, if they desire to be heard, shall determine in which of the Courts having jurisdiction the suit shall proceed.

23. Where such Courts are subordinate to

Procedure where they are not so subordinate. different appellate Courts, but are subordinate to the same High Court, any defendant, after giving notice in writing to the other parties of his intention to apply to the High Court to transfer the suit to another Court having jurisdiction, may apply accordingly. If the suit is brought in any Court subordinate to a District Court, the application, together with the objections, if any, filed by the other parties, shall be submitted through the District Court to which such Court is subordinate. The High Court may, after considering the objections, if any, of the other parties, determine in which of the Courts having jurisdiction the suit shall proceed.

24. Where such Courts are subordinate to

Procedure where they are subordinate to different High Courts. different High Courts, any defendant may, after giving notice in writing to the other parties of his intention to apply to the High Court within whose jurisdiction the Court in which the suit is brought is situate, apply accordingly.

If the suit is brought in any Court subordinate to a District Court, the application, together with the objections, if any, filed by the other parties, shall be submitted through the District Court to which such Court is subordinate,

and such High Court shall, after considering the objections, if any, of the other parties, determine in which of the several Courts having jurisdiction the suit shall proceed.

25. The High Court or District Court may, on

Transfer of suits. the application of any of the parties, after giving notice to the parties and hearing such of them as desire to be heard, or of its own motion, without giving such notice, withdraw any suit whether pending in a Court of first instance or in a Court of appeal subordinate to such High Court or District Court, as the case may be, and try the suit itself, or transfer it for trial to any other such subordinate Court competent to try the same in respect of its nature and the amount or value of its subject-matter.

For the purposes of this section, the Courts of Additional and Assistant Judges shall be deemed to be subordinate to the District Court.

The Court trying any suit withdrawn under this section from a Court of Small Causes shall, for the purposes of such suit, be deemed to be a Court of Small Causes.

CHAPTER III.**OF PARTIES AND THEIR APPEARANCES, APPLICATIONS AND ACTS.****26. All persons may be joined as plaintiffs in**

Persons who may be joined as plaintiffs. whom the right to any relief claimed is alleged to exist, whether jointly, severally, or in the alternative, in respect of the same cause of action. And judgment may be given for such one or more of the plaintiffs as may be found to be entitled to relief, for such relief as he or they may be entitled to, without any amendment. But the defendant, though unsuccessful, shall be entitled to his costs occasioned by so joining any person who is not found entitled to relief, unless the Court in disposing of the costs of the suit otherwise directs.

27. Where a suit has been instituted in the

Court may substitute name of the wrong person as or add plaintiff for or to plaintiff suing. plaintiff, or where it is doubtful whether it has been instituted in the name of the right plaintiff, the Court may, if satisfied that the suit has been so commenced through a *bond fide* mistake, and that it is necessary for the determination of the real matter in dispute so to do, order any other person or persons to be substituted or added as plaintiff or plaintiffs upon such terms as the Court thinks just.

28. All persons may be joined as defendants

Persons who may be joined as defendants. against whom the right to any relief is alleged to exist, whether jointly, severally or in the alternative, in respect of the same matter. And judgment may be given against such one or more of the defendants as may be found to be liable, according to their respective liabilities, without any amendment.

29. The plaintiff may, at his option, join as

Joinder of parties liable on same contract. parties to the same suit all or any of the persons severally, or jointly and severally, liable on any one contract, including parties to bills of exchange, hundis and promissory notes.

30. Where there are numerous parties having

One party may sue the same interest in one suit, or defend on behalf of one or more of such parties all in same interest. may, with the permission of the Court, sue or be sued, or may defend in such suit, on behalf of all parties so interested. But the Court shall in such case give, at the plaintiff's expense, notice of the institution of the suit to all such parties either by personal service or (if from the number of parties or any other cause such service is not reasonably practicable), then by public advertisement, as the Court in each case may direct.

31. No suit shall be defeated by reason of the

Suit not to fail by misjoinder of parties, and reason of misjoinder. the Court may in every suit deal with the matter in controversy so far as regards the rights and interests of the parties actually before it.

Nothing in this section shall be deemed to enable plaintiffs to join in respect of distinct causes of action.

32. The Court may, on or before the first hear-

Court may dismiss or add parties. ing, upon the application of either party, and on such terms as the Court thinks just, order that the name of any party, whether as plaintiff or as defendant, improperly joined, be struck out; and the Court may at any time, either upon or without such application, and on such terms as the Court thinks just, order that any plaintiff be made a defendant or that any defendant be made a plaintiff, and that the name of any person who ought to have been joined whether as plaintiff or defendant or whose presence before the Court may be necessary in order to enable the Court effectually and completely to adjudicate upon and settle all the questions involved in the suit, be added.

No person shall be added as a plaintiff, or as the next friend of a plaintiff, without his own consent thereto.

No one to be added as plaintiff or as next friend without his consent.

Any person on whose behalf a suit is instituted

Parties to suits instituted or defended under section 30.

or defended under section 30 may apply to the Court to be made a party to such suit.

All parties whose names are so added as de-

Defendants added to be served.

fendants shall be served with a summons in manner hereinafter mentioned, and (sub-

ject to the provisions of the Indian Limitation Act, section 22) the proceedings as against them shall be deemed to have begun only on the service of such summons.

The Court may give the conduct of the suit to

Conduct of suit.

such plaintiff as it deems proper.

33. Where a defendant is added, the plaint, if

Where defendant added, plaintiff to amend.

previously filed, shall, unless the Court direct otherwise, be amended in such manner

as may be necessary, and an amended copy of the summons shall be served on the new defendant and the original defendants.

34. All objections for want of parties, or for

Time for taking objections as to non-joinder or misjoinder of parties.

joinder of parties who have no interest in the suit, or for misjoinder as co-plaintiffs or co-defendants, shall be taken

at the earliest possible opportunity, and in all cases before the first hearing; and any such objection not so taken shall be deemed to have been waived by the defendant.

35. When there are more plaintiffs than one,

Each of several plaintiffs or defendants may authorize any other to appear, &c., for him.

any one or more of them may be authorized by any other of them to appear, plead or act for such other in

any such proceeding under this Code: and in like manner when there are more defendants than one, any one or more of them may be authorized by any other of them to appear, plead or act for such other in any such proceeding.

The authority shall be in writing, signed by the

Authority to be in writing signed and filed.

party giving it, and shall be filed in Court.

Recognized Agents and Plead-ers.**36. Any appearance, application or act in or**

Appearances, &c., may be in person, by recognized agent or by pleader.

to any Court, required or authorized by law to be made or done by a party to a suit or appeal in such Court, may,

except when otherwise expressly provided by any

law for the time being in force, be made or done by the party in person, or by his recognized agent, or by a pleader duly appointed to act on his behalf:

Provided that any such appearance shall be made by the party in person if the Court so direct.

37. The recognized agents of parties by whom

Recognized agents.

such appearances, applications and acts may be made

or done are—

(a) persons holding general powers-of-attorney

Persons holding powers-of-attorney from parties out of jurisdiction.

from parties not resident within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court within which limits the ap-

pearance, application or act is made or done, authorizing them to make and do such appearances, applications and acts on behalf of such parties;

(b) mukhtárs duly certificated under any law

Certificated mukhtárs.

for the time being in force, and holding special powers-

of-attorney authorizing them to do, on behalf of their principals, such acts as may legally be done by mukhtárs;

(c) persons carrying on trade or business for

Persons carrying on trade or business for parties out of jurisdiction.

and in the names of parties not resident within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court within which limits

the appearance, application or act is made or done, in matters connected with such trade or business only, where no other agent is expressly authorized to make and do such appearances, applications and acts.

Nothing in the former part of this section applies

Recognized agents in Panjáb, Oudh and Central Provinces.

to the territories now administered respectively by the Lieutenant Governor of the Panjáb, and the Chief Com-

missioners of Oudh and the Central Provinces; but in those territories the recognized agents of parties by whom such appearances, applications and acts may be made and done shall be such persons as the Local Government may from time to time, by notification in the official Gazette, declare in this behalf.

38. Processes served on the recognized agent

Service of process on recognized agent.

of a party to a suit or appeal shall be as effectual as if the same had been served on the

party in person, unless the Court otherwise directs.

The provisions of this Code for the service of process on a party to a suit shall apply to the service of process on his recognized agent.

39. The appointment of a pleader to make or

Appointment of pleader.

do any appearance, application or act as aforesaid shall be in writing, and such ap-

pointment shall be filed in court.

When so filed, it shall be considered to be in force until revoked with the leave of the Court, by a writing signed by the client and filed in Court, or until the client or the pleader dies, or all proceedings in the suit are ended so far as regards the client.

No advocate of any High Court established by Royal Charter shall be required to present any document empowering him to act.

40. Processes served on the pleader of any party or left at the office or ordinary residence of such pleader, relative to a suit or appeal, and whether the same be for the personal appearance of the party or not, shall be presumed to be duly communicated and made known to the party whom the pleader represents; and, unless the Court otherwise directs, shall be as effectual for all purposes in relation to the suit or appeal as if the same had been given to or served on the party in person.

Service of process on pleader.

41. Besides the recognized agents described in section 37, any person residing within the jurisdiction of the Court may be appointed an agent to accept service of process.

Agent to receive process.

Such appointment may be special or general and shall be made by an instrument in writing signed by the principal, and such instrument, or, if the appointment be general, a duly attested copy thereof, shall be filed in Court.

His appointment to be in writing and to be filed in Court.

CHAPTER IV.

OF THE FRAME OF THE SUIT.

42. Every suit shall, as far as practicable, be so framed as to afford ground for a final decision upon the subjects in dispute, and so to prevent further litigation concerning them.

Suit how to be framed.

43. Every suit shall include the whole of the claim arising out of the cause of action; but a plaintiff may relinquish any portion of his claim in order to bring the suit within the jurisdiction of any Court.

Suit to include the whole claim.

If a plaintiff omit to sue for, or intentionally relinquish, any portion of his claim, he shall not afterwards sue for the portion so omitted or relinquished.

Relinquishment of part of claim.

A person entitled to more than one remedy in respect of the same claim may sue for all or any of his remedies; but if he omits (except with the leave of the Court obtained before the first hearing) to sue for any of such remedies, he shall not afterwards sue for the remedy so omitted.

Omission to sue for one of several remedies.

Illustration.

A lets a house to B at a yearly rent of Rs. 1,200. The rent for the whole of the years 1874 and 1875 is due and unpaid. A sues B only for the rent due for 1875. A shall not afterwards sue B for the rent due for 1876.

44. *Rule a.*—No cause of action shall, unless with the leave of the Court, be joined with suit for the recovery of land, or to obtain a declaration of title to immoveable property, except—

(a) claims in respect of mesne profits or arrears of rent in respect of the property claimed,

(b) damages for breach of any contract under which the property or any part thereof are or is held, and

(c) claims by a mortgagee to enforce any of his remedies under the mortgage.

Rule b.—No claim by or against an executor, administrator or heir as such, shall be joined with claims by or against him personally, unless the last mentioned claims are alleged to arise with reference to the estate in respect of which the plaintiff or defendant sues or is sued as executor, administrator or heir.

Claims by or against executor, administrator, or heir.

45. Subject to the rules contained in section 44, the plaintiff may unite in the same suit several causes of action, and any plaintiffs having causes of action against the same defendant or defendants, may unite such causes of action in the same suit.

Plaintiff may join several causes of action.

But if it appear to the Court that any such causes of action cannot be conveniently tried or disposed of together, the Court may, at any time before the first hearing, of its own motion or on the application of the defendant, order separate trials of any such causes of action to be had, or make such other order as may be necessary or expedient for the separate disposal thereof.

Court may order separation.

When causes of action are united, the jurisdiction of the Court as regards the suit shall depend on the amount or value of the aggregate subject-matters at the date of instituting the suit, whether or not an order has been made under the second paragraph of this section.

46. Any defendant alleging that the plaintiff has united in the same suit several causes of action which cannot be conveniently disposed of in one suit may, at any time before the first hearing, or, where issues are settled, before any evidence is recorded, apply to the Court for an order confining the suit to such of the causes of action as may be conveniently disposed of in one suit.

Defendant may apply to confine suit.

47. If, on the hearing of such application, it appears to the Court that the causes of action are such as cannot all be conveniently disposed of in one suit, the Court may order any of such causes of action to be excluded, and may direct the plaint to be amended accordingly, and may make such order as to costs as may be just.

Court on hearing application may exclude some causes and order amendment.

Every amendment made under this section shall be attested by the signature of the Judge.

CHAPTER V.

OF THE INSTITUTION OF SUITS.

48. Every suit shall be instituted by presenting a plaint to the Court or such officer as it appoints in this behalf.

Suits to be commenced by plaint.

49. The plaint must be distinctly written in the language of the Court; provided that if such language is not English, the plaint may (with the permission of the Court) be written in English; but in such case, if the defendant so require, a translation of the plaint into the language of the Court shall be filed in court.

Language of plaint.

Particulars to be contained in plaint.

50. The plaint must contain the following particulars :—

- (a) the name of the Court in which the suit is brought ;
- (b) the name, description and place of abode of the plaintiff ;
- (c) the name, description and place of abode of the defendant, so far as they can be ascertained ;
- (d) a plain and concise statement of the circumstances constituting the cause of action, and where and when it arose ;
- (e) a demand of the relief which the plaintiff claims ; and
- (f) if the plaintiff has allowed a set-off or relinquished a portion of his claim, the amount so allowed or relinquished.

If the plaintiff seek the recovery of money, the plaintiff must state the precise amount, so far as the case admits.

In a suit for mesne profits : and in a suit for the amount which will be found due to the plaintiff on taking unsettled accounts between him and the defendant the plaintiff need only state approximately the amount sued for.

When the plaintiff sues in a representative character, the plaintiff should shew, not only that he has an actual existing interest in the subject-matter, but that he has taken the steps necessary to enable him to institute a suit concerning it.

Illustrations.

- (a) A sues as B's executor. The plaintiff must state that A has proved B's will.
- (b) A sues as C's administrator. The plaintiff must state that A has taken out administration to C's estate.
- (c) A sues as guardian of D, a Muhammadan minor. A is not D's guardian according to Muhammadan law and usage. The plaintiff must state that A has been specially appointed D's guardian.

The plaintiff must shew that the defendant is or claims to be interested in the subject-matter, and that he is liable to be called upon to answer the plaintiff's demand.

Illustration.

A dies leaving B his executor, C his legatee, and D a debtor to A's estate. C sues D to compel him to pay his debt in satisfaction of C's legacy. The plaintiff must shew that B has causelessly refused to sue D, or that B and D have colluded for the purpose of defrauding C, or other such circumstances rendering D liable to C.

If the cause of action arose beyond the period ordinarily allowed by any law for instituting the suit, the plaintiff must shew the ground upon which exemption from such law is claimed.

51. The plaint shall be subscribed by the plaintiff and his pleader (if any), and shall be verified at the foot by the plaintiff or, with the permission of the Court, by some other person proved to the satisfaction of the Court to be acquainted with the facts of the case.

52. The verification must be to the effect that the same is true to the knowledge of the person making it, except as to matters stated on information and belief, and that as to those matters he believes it to be true.

The verification shall be signed by the person making it, and when he makes it out of court he shall sign it in the presence of a witness, who shall also sign it.

The Court shall examine such witness as to the fact of the signature, unless the person making the verification is present.

53. The plaint may, at the discretion of the Court, and at or before the first hearing, be rejected, returned for amendment within a time to be fixed by the Court, or amended then and there, upon such terms as to the payment of costs occasioned by the amendment as the Court thinks fit,

(a) if it do not state correctly and without prolixity the several particulars hereinbefore required to be specified therein ; or

(b) if it contain any particulars other than those so required ; or

(c) if it be not subscribed and verified as hereinbefore required ; or

(d) if it do not disclose a cause of action ; or

(e) if it is not framed in accordance with section 42 ; or

(f) if it is wrongly framed by reason of non-joinder or misjoinder of parties, or because the plaintiff has joined causes of action which ought not to be joined in the same suit.

Provided that a plaint cannot be altered so as to convert a suit of one character into a suit of another and inconsistent character.

Attestation of amendment.

the Judge.

When a plaint is amended, the amendment shall be attested by the signature of

When the plaint shall be rejected.

54. The plaint shall be rejected in the following cases :—

(a) if the relief sought is undervalued, and the plaintiff, on being required by the Court to correct the valuation within a time to be fixed by the Court, fails to do so ;

(b) if the relief sought is properly valued, but the plaint is written upon paper insufficiently stamped, and the plaintiff, on being required by the Court to supply the requisite stamp-paper within a time to be fixed by the Court, fails to do so ;

(c) if the suit appear from the statement in the plaint to be barred by any positive rule of law ;

(d) if the plaint having been returned for amendment within a time fixed by the Court is not amended within such time.

55. When a plaint is rejected, the Judge shall record with his own hand an order to that effect with the reason for such order.

56. The rejection of the plaint on any of the grounds hereinbefore mentioned shall not of its own force preclude the plaintiff from presenting a fresh plaint in respect of the same cause of action.

When the plaint shall be returned to be presented to the proper Court.

57. The plaint shall be returned to be presented to the proper Court in the following cases :

(a) If a suit has been instituted in a Court whose grade is lower or higher than that of the Court competent to try it, where such Court exists, or where no option as to the selection of the Court is allowed by law :

(b) If, in a suit relating to immoveable property, but not coming under the proviso to section 16, it appear that no part of such property is situate within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court to which the plaint is presented :

(c) If, in any other case, it appear that the cause of action did not arise, and that none of the defendants are dwelling or carrying on business, or personally working for gain, within such local limits.

On returning a plaint, the Judge shall, with his own hand, endorse thereon the date of its presentation and re'urn, the name of the party presenting it and a brief statement of the reason for returning it.

58. The plaintiff shall endorse on the plaint, or annex thereto, a memorandum of the documents (if any) which he has filed along with it; and if the plaint be admitted, shall present as many copies on plain paper of the plaint as there are defendants, unless the Court by reason of the length of the plaint or the number of the defendants, or for any other sufficient reason, permit him to present a like number of concise statements of the nature of the claim made, or of the relief

or remedy required in the suit, in which case he shall present such statements.

If the plaintiff sues, or the defendant or any of the defendants is sued, in a representative capacity, such statements shall show in what capacity the plaintiff or defendant sues or is sued.

The plaintiff may, by leave of the Court, amend such statements so as to make them correspond with the plaint.

The chief ministerial officer of the Court shall sign such memorandum and copies or statements if, on examination, he finds them to be correct.

The Court shall also cause the particulars mentioned in section 50 to be entered in a book to be kept for the purpose and called the Register of civil suits. Such entries shall be numbered in every year according to the order in which the plaint is admitted.

59. If a plaintiff sue upon a document in his possession or power, he shall produce it in Court when the plaint is presented, and shall at the same time deliver the document or a copy thereof to be filed with the plaint.

If he rely on any other documents (whether in his possession or power or not) as evidence in support of his claim, he shall enter such documents in a list to be added or annexed to the plaint.

60. In the case of any such document not in his possession or power, he shall, if possible, state in whose possession or power it is.

61. In case of any suit founded upon a bill of exchange or other negotiable instrument, if it be proved that the instrument is lost, and if an indemnity be given by the plaintiff, to the satisfaction of the Court, against the claims of any other person upon such instrument, the Court may make such decree as it would have made if the plaintiff had produced the instrument in Court when the plaint was presented, and had at the same time delivered a copy of the instrument to be filed with the plaint.

62. If the document on which the plaintiff sues be an entry in a shop-book or other book in his possession or power, the plaintiff shall produce the book at the time of filing the plaint, together with a copy of the entry on which he relies.

The Court, or such officer as it appoints in this behalf, shall forthwith mark the document for the purpose of identification; and after examining and comparing the copy with the original and attesting the copy if found correct, shall return the book to the plaintiff and cause the copy to be filed.

63. A document which ought to be produced in Court by the plaintiff when the plaint is presented, or to be entered in the list to be added or annexed to the plaint, and which is not produced or entered accordingly, shall not, without the leave of the Court, be received in evidence on his behalf at the hearing of the suit.

Nothing in this section applies to documents produced for cross-examination of the defendant's witnesses, or in answer to any case set up by the defendant, or handed to a witness merely to refresh his memory.

CHAPTER VI.

OF THE ISSUE AND SERVICE OF SUMMONS.

Issue of Summons.

64. When the plaint has been registered, and the copies or concise statements required by section 58 have been filed, a summons may be issued to each defendant to appear and answer the claim on a day to be therein specified, or as soon thereafter as may be practicable,

(a) in person, or

(b) by a pleader duly instructed and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or

(c) by a pleader accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions.

Every such summons shall be signed by the Judge or such officer as he appoints, and shall be sealed with the seal of the Court:

Provided that no such summons shall be issued when the defendant has appeared at the presentation of the plaint and admitted the plaintiff's claim.

65. Every such summons shall be accompanied with one of the copies or concise statements mentioned in section 58.

Copy or statement annexed to summons.

66. If the Court see reason to require the personal appearance of the defendant, the summons shall order him to appear in person in Court on the day therein specified.

Court may order defendant or plaintiff to appear in person.

If the Court see reason to require the personal appearance of the plaintiff on the same day, it may make an order for such appearance.

67. No party shall be ordered to appear in person unless he resides

No party to be ordered to appear in person unless resident within 50 or, where there is a railway, 200 miles.

(a) within the local limit of the Court's ordinary original jurisdiction, or

(b) without such limits and at a place less than fifty, or, where there is railway-communication for five-sixths of the distance between the place where he resides and the place where the Court is situate, two hundred miles from the Court-house.

68. The Court shall determine, at the time of issuing the summons, whether it shall be for the settlement of issues only, or for the final disposal of the suit; and the summons shall contain a direction accordingly:

Summons to be either to settle issues or for final disposal.

Provided that, in every suit cognizable by Courts of Small Causes, the summons shall be for the final disposal of the suit.

69. The day for the appearance of the defendant shall be fixed by the Court with reference to its current business, the place of residence of the defendant and the time necessary for the service of the summons; and the day shall be so fixed as to allow the defendant sufficient time to enable him to appear and answer on such day.

Fixing day for appearance of defendant.

What shall be deemed 'sufficient time' must be determined with reference to the circumstances of the case.

70. The summons to appear and answer shall order the defendant to produce any document in his possession or power, containing evidence relating to the merits of the plaintiff's case, or upon which the defendant intends to rely in support of his case.

Summons to order defendant to produce documents required by plaintiff or relied on by defendant.

71. When the summons is for the final disposal of the suit, it shall direct the defendant to produce, on the day fixed for his appearance, the witnesses upon whose evidence he intends to rely in support of his case.

On issue of summons or final disposal, parties to be directed to produce their witnesses.

Service of Summons.

72. The summons shall be delivered to the proper officer of the Court, to be served by him or one of his subordinates.

Delivery of summons for service.

73. Service of the summons shall be made by delivering or tendering a copy thereof signed by the Judge or such officer as he appoints in this behalf, and sealed with the seal of the Court.

Mode of service.

74. When there are more defendants than one, service of the summons shall be made on each defendant:

Service on several defendants.

Provided that, if the defendants are partners, and the suit relates to a partnership-transaction or to an actionable wrong in respect of which relief is claimable from the firm, the service may be made, unless the Court directs otherwise, either (a) on one defendant for himself and for the other defendants, or (b) on any person having the management of the business of the partnership at the principal place, within the local limits of the Court's ordinary original civil jurisdiction, of such business.

75. Whenever it may be practicable, the service shall be made on the defendant in person, unless he have an agent empowered to accept the service, in which case service on such agent shall be sufficient.

Service to be on defendant in person, when practicable, or on his agent.

76. In a suit relating to any business or work against a person who does not reside within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court from which the summons issues, service on any manager or agent, who, at the time of service, personally carries on such business or work for such person within such limits, shall be deemed good service.

Service on agent by whom defendant carries on business.

For the purpose of this section, the master of a ship is the agent of his owner or charterer.

77. In a suit to obtain relief respecting, or compensation for wrong to, immoveable property, if the service cannot be made on the defendant in person, and the defendant have no agent empowered to accept the service, it may be made on any agent of the defendant in charge of the property.

Service on agent in charge, in suits for immoveable property.

78. If in any suit the defendant cannot be found and if he have no agent empowered to accept the service of the summons on his behalf, the service may be made on any adult male member of the family of the defendant who is residing with him.

When service may be on male member of defendant's family.

Explanation.—A servant is not a member of the family within the meaning of this section.

79. When the serving-officer delivers or tenders a copy of the summons to the defendant personally, or to an agent or other person on his behalf, he shall require the signature of the person to whom the copy is so delivered or tendered to an acknowledgment of service endorsed on the original summons.

Person served to sign acknowledgment.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

(See section 3).

A.—STATUTE REPEALED.

Year and chapter.	Title.	Extent of repeal.
29 Char. II. chap. 7 ...	An Act for the better observance of the Lord's day commonly called Sunday.	The whole.

B.—ACTS REPEALED.

Number and year.	Subject or title.	Extent of repeal.
IX of 1840 ...	For amending the law administered in Her Majesty's Courts of Justice with reference to Arbitrations, Damages, and interested Witnesses.	So much as has not been repealed.
XXIII of 1840 ...	For executing within the local limits of the jurisdiction of Her Majesty's Courts legal Process issued by authorities in the Mufassal.	So far as it relates to the execution of the process of Civil Courts.
VIII of 1841 ...	Interpleader ...	The whole.
XXVI of 1841 ...	Extending 3 & 4 Wm. IV, c. 42 ...	So much as has not been repealed.
XIV of 1848 ...	Commissions for taking affidavits ...	The whole.
XVII of 1852 ...	Special cases ...	The whole.
XXIII of 1852 ...	Enforcement of judgments ...	The whole Act, except so far as it relates to the decrees of Military Courts of Requests.
VI of 1855 ...	Writs of execution ...	The whole.
XXIV of 1855 ...	Execution of judgments ...	The whole.
VIII of 1859 ...	For simplifying the procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature not established by Royal Charter.	So much as has not been repealed.
XXIII of 1861 ...	To amend Act VIII of 1859 ...	So much as has not been repealed.
XX of 1862 ...	To provide for the levy of Fees and Stamp-duties in the High Court, &c.	So much as has not been repealed.
XXIV of 1862 ...	To continue in force Act XX of 1862	So much as has not been repealed.
IX of 1863 ...	To amend the Code of Civil Procedure	The whole.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

ACTS REPEALED—*continued.*

Number and year.	Subject or title.	Extent of repeal.
XVIII of 1863 ...	To make provision for the speedy and efficient disposal of the business, &c.	So much as has not been repealed.
XXXII of 1863 ...	To continue in force Act XX of 1862 ...	So much as has not been repealed.
XI of 1865 ...	Mufassal Small Cause Courts Act ...	Sections 8, 9, 10, 11, para. 2, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 42 and 47, and in section 32 the words "in the manner prescribed in the twenty-second section of this Act" and "contained in the twenty-second, twenty-third, twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth sections of this Act."
"		
XIV of 1865 ...	Central Provinces Courts Act ...	Sections 17 and 18.
XIX of 1865 ...	Panjáb Courts Act ...	Sections 13 and 17.
V of 1866 ...	To provide a summary procedure on Bills of Exchange, &c.	In the title, the words ' <i>to provide a summary procedure on Bills of Exchange and</i> ' The preamble down to and including the words 'Notes; and' In section 1, the definitions of 'High Court' and 'Local Government.' Sections two to eight (both inclusive). Section fourteen.
XXIV of 1866 ...	High Court, North-Western Provinces	So much as has not been repealed.
X of 1867	References by Mufassal Small Cause Courts.	The whole.
XXVI of 1867	To amend the law relating to Stamp Duties.	So much as has not been repealed.
XV of 1869	Prisoners' Testimony Act ...	So much of sections 15 and 16 as relates to process issued by a Civil Court.
IX of 1873 ...	Panjáb Appeals Act, 1873 ...	Sections 9 and 10.
VI of 1874 ...	The Privy Council Appeals Act, 1874...	The whole.

C.—REGULATIONS REPEALED.

Bengal Regulation XX of 1810.	Cantonments ...	So much of section XIX as relates to civil process.
Madras Regulation XIV of 1816.	Vakíls ...	Section 27.

THE SECOND SCHEDULE.

(See section 5).

Chapters and Sections of this Code extending to Mufassal Courts of Small Causes.

PRELIMINARY: Sections 1, 2, 3 and 5.

- CHAPTER I.—Of the Jurisdiction of the Courts and *Res Judicata*, except section 11.
 CHAPTER II.—Of the Place of Suing, except section 20, paragraph 4, and sections 22 to 24 (both inclusive).
 CHAPTER III.—Of Parties and their Appearances, Applications and Acts.
 CHAPTER IV.—Of the Frame of the Suit, except section 42 and section 44, rule *a*.
 CHAPTER V.—Of the Institution of Suits.
 CHAPTER VI.—Of the Issue and Service of Summons, except section 77.
 CHAPTER VII.—Of the Appearance of the Parties and consequence of Non-appearance.
 CHAPTER VIII.—Section 111, Set-off.
 CHAPTER IX.—Of the Examination of the Parties by the Court, except section 119.
 CHAPTER X.—Of Discovery and the Admission, &c., of Documents.
 CHAPTER XII.—Section 155, first paragraph, Judgment where either party fails to produce his evidence.
 CHAPTER XIII.—Of Adjournments.
 CHAPTER XIV.—Of the Summoning and Attendance of Witnesses.
 CHAPTER XV.—Of the Hearing of the Suit and Examination of Witnesses, except sections 182 to 188 (both inclusive).
 CHAPTER XVII.—Of Judgment and Decree, except sections 204, 207, 211, 212, 213, 214 and 215.
 CHAPTER XVIII.—Sections 220, 221 and 222, of Costs.
 CHAPTER XIX.—Of the Execution of Decrees, sections 230 to 236 (both inclusive), 239 to 258 (both inclusive), 259 (except so far as relates to the recovery of wives), 266 (except so far as relates to immoveable property), 267 to 272 (both inclusive), 273 (so far as relates to decrees for moveable property), 275 to 280 (both inclusive), 283, 284 (so far as relates to moveable property), 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293 (so far as relates to re-sales under 297), 294 to 303 (both inclusive), 328 to 333 (both inclusive, so far as relates to moveable property), 336 to 343 (both inclusive).
 CHAPTER XXI.—Of the Death, Marriage and Insolvency of Parties.
 CHAPTER XXII.—Of the Withdrawal and Adjustment of Suits.
 CHAPTER XXIII.—Of Payment into Court.
 CHAPTER XXIV.—Of requiring Security for Costs.
 CHAPTER XXV.—Of Commissions.
 CHAPTER XXVI.—Suits by Paupers.
 CHAPTER XXVII.—Suits by and against Government or Government Servants.
 CHAPTER XXVIII.—Suits by Aliens and by and against Foreign and Native Rulers, except the first paragraph of section 433.
 CHAPTER XXIX.—Suits by and against Corporations and Companies.
 CHAPTER XXX.—Suits by and against Trustees, Executors and Administrators.
 CHAPTER XXXI.—Suits by and against Minors and Persons of unsound Mind.
 CHAPTER XXXII.—Suits by and against Military Men.
 CHAPTER XXXIII.—Interpleader.
 CHAPTER XXXIV.—Of Arrest and Attachment before Judgment.
 CHAPTER XXXVII.—Reference to Arbitration, sections 506 to 522 (both inclusive).
 CHAPTER XXXVIII.—Of proceedings on Agreement of Parties.
 CHAPTER XLVI.—Reference to and Revision by High Court.
 CHAPTER XLVII.—Of Review of judgment.
 CHAPTER XLIX.—Miscellaneous, sections 640 to 647 (both inclusive), section 648 (so far as relates to arrests), sections 649 to 652 (both inclusive).

THE THIRD SCHEDULE.

(See section 7).

Bombay Enactments.

- Bombay Regulation XIX, 1827.
 " " VII, 1830.
 " " I, 1831.
 " " XVI, 1831.
 Act XIX of 1835.
 " XIII of 1842.

THE FOURTH SCHEDULE.

(See section 644.)

FORMS OF PLEADINGS AND DECREES.

A.—PART I. PLAINTS.

• No. 1.

FOR MONEY LENT.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

1. That on the _____ day of _____ 18____, at _____, he lent the defendant _____ rupees repayable on demand [*or* on the _____ day of _____].
2. That the defendant has not paid the same, except _____ rupees paid on the _____ day of _____ 18____.

[If the plaintiff claims exemption from any law of limitation, say :—

3. The plaintiff was a minor [or insane] from the day of till the
day of].
4. The plaintiff prays judgment for rupees, with interest at per cent.
from the day of 18 .

[NOTE.—The object of stating when the debt is to be repaid is merely to fix a date for interest. If, therefore, interest is not claimed, the statement may be omitted.]

No. 2.

FOR MONEY RECEIVED TO PLAINTIFF'S USE.

(Title.)

A. B., and G. H., the above-named plaintiffs, state as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the
Defendant received rupees [or a cheque on the Bank for Rs.] from
one E. F. for the use of the plaintiffs.
2. That the defendant has not paid [or delivered] the same accordingly.
3. The plaintiffs pray judgment for rupees, with interest at per cent.
from the day of 18 .

No. 3.

FOR PRICE OF GOODS SOLD BY A FACTOR.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at he and *E. F.*, since deceased, delivered to the defendant [*one thousand barrels of flour, five hundred maunds of rice, or as the case may be*] for sale upon commission.
2. That on the day of 18 [*or, on some day unknown to the plaintiff, before the day of 18*], the defendant sold the said merchandise for rupees.
3. That the commission and expenses of the defendant thereon, amount to rupees.
4. That on the day of 18 , the plaintiff demanded from the defendant the proceeds of the said merchandise.
5. That he has not paid the same.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 4.

FOR MONEY RECEIVED BY DEFENDANT THROUGH THE PLAINTIFF'S MISTAKE OF FACT.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff agreed to buy and the defendant agreed to sell bars of silver at annas per tola of fine silver.
2. That the plaintiff procured the said bars to be assayed by one E. F., who was paid by the defendant for such assay, and that the said E. F. declared each of the said bars to contain 1,500 tolas of fine silver, and that the plaintiff accordingly paid the defendant Rs. annas therefor.
3. That each of the said bars did contain only 1,200 tolas of fine silver.
4. That the defendant has not repaid the sum so overpaid.

[Demand of judgment.]

[NOTE.—A demand of repayment is not necessary, but it may affect the question of interest or the costs.]

No. 5.

FOR MONEY PAID TO A THIRD PARTY AT THE DEFENDANT'S REQUEST.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , at the request [or by the authority] of the defendant, the plaintiff paid to one E. F. rupees.
2. That, in consideration thereof, the defendant promised [or became bound] to pay the same to the plaintiff on demand [or as the case may be.]
3. That [on the day of 18 , the plaintiff demanded payment of the same from the defendant, but] he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

[NOTE.—If the request or authority is implied, the plaint should state facts raising the implication.]

No. 6.

FOR GOODS SOLD AT A FIXED PRICE AND DELIVERED.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , E. F. of deceased sold and delivered to the defendant [one hundred barrels of flour, or, the goods mentioned in the schedule hereto annexed, or, sundry goods].
2. That the defendant promised to pay rupees for the said goods on delivery [or on the day of some day before the plaint was filed].
3. That he has not paid the same.
4. That the said E. F. in his lifetime made his will, whereby he appointed the plaintiff executor thereof.
5. That on the day of 187 the said E. F. died.
6. That on the day of probate of the said will was granted to the plaintiff by the Court of .
7. The plaintiff as executor as aforesaid [Demand of judgment].

[NOTE.—If a day was fixed for payment it should be stated as furnishing a date for the commencement of interest.]

No. 7.

GOODS SOLD AT A REASONABLE PRICE AND DELIVERED.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , plaintiff sold and delivered to the defendant [sundry articles of house furniture] but no express agreement was made as to the price.
2. That the same were reasonably worth rupees.
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

[NOTE.—The law implies a promise to pay so much as the goods are reasonably worth.]

No. 8.

FOR GOODS DELIVERED TO A THIRD PARTY AT DEFENDANT'S REQUEST AT A FIXED PRICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , plaintiff sold to the defendant [*one hundred barrels of flour*] and, at the request of the defendant, delivered the same to one E. F.
2. That the defendant promised to pay to the plaintiff rupees therefor.
3. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 9.

FOR NECESSARIES FURNISHED TO THE FAMILY OF DEFENDANT'S TESTATOR WITHOUT HIS EXPRESS REQUEST, AT A REASONABLE PRICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , plaintiff furnished to [*Mary Jones*] the wife of *James Jones* deceased, at her request, sundry articles of [*food and clothing*], but no express agreement was made as to the price.
2. That the same were necessary for her.
3. That the same were reasonably worth rupees.
4. That the said *James Jones* refused to pay the same.
5. That the defendant is the executor of the last will of the said *James Jones*.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 10.

FOR GOODS SOLD AT A FIXED PRICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff sold to E. F. of deceased [*all the crops then growing on his farm in*].
2. That the said E. F. promised to pay the plaintiff rupees for the same.
3. That he did not pay the same.
4. That the defendant is administrator of the estate of the said E. F.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 11.

FOR GOODS SOLD AT A REASONABLE PRICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , E. F. of sold to the defendant [*all the fruit growing in his orchard in*], but no express agreement was made as to the price.
2. That the same was reasonably worth rupees.
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.
4. That on the day of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William duly adjudged the said E. F. to be a lunatic and appointed the plaintiff committee of his estate with the usual powers for the management thereof.
5. The plaintiff as committee as aforesaid [Demand of judgment.]

[NOTE.—When the lunatic's estate is not subject to the ordinary original jurisdiction of a High Court, for paragraphs 4 and 5 substitute the following:—]

4. That on the day of the Civil Court of duly adjudged the said E. F. to be of unsound mind and incapable of managing his affairs and appointed the plaintiff Manager of his estate.
5. The plaintiff as Manager as aforesaid [Demand of judgment.]

No. 12.

FOR GOODS MADE AT DEFENDANT'S REQUEST, AND NOT ACCEPTED.

(Title.)

* A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , E. F. of agreed with the plaintiff that the plaintiff should make for him [*six tables and fifty chairs*], and that the said E. F. should pay for the same upon delivery thereof rupees.
2. That the plaintiff made the said goods, and on the day of 18 offered to deliver the same to the said E. F., and has ever since been ready and willing so to do.
3. That the said E. F. has not accepted the said goods or paid for the same.
4. That on the day of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William duly adjudged the said E. F. to be a lunatic and appointed the defendant committee of his estate.
5. The plaintiff prays judgment for rupees with interest from the day of , at the rate of per cent. per annum, to be paid out of the estate of the said E. F. in the hands of the defendant.

No. 13.

FOR DEFICIENCY UPON A RE-SALE [GOODS SOLD AT AUCTION].

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , plaintiff put up at auction sundry [*articles of merchandise*], subject to the condition that all goods not paid for and removed by the purchaser thereof, within [*ten days*] after the sale, should be re-sold by auction on his account of which condition the defendant had notice.
2. That the defendant purchased [*one crate of crockery*] at the said auction at the price of rupees.
3. That the plaintiff was ready and willing to deliver the same to the defendant on the said day and for [*ten days*] thereafter, of which the defendant had notice.
4. That the defendant did not take away the said goods purchased by him, nor pay therefor, within [*ten days*] after the sale, nor afterwards.
5. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff re-sold the said [*crate of crockery*], on account of the defendant, by public auction, for rupees.
6. That the expenses attendant upon such re-sale amounted to rupees.
7. That the defendant has not paid the deficiency thus arising, amounting to rupees.

[Demand of judgment.]

NOTE to § 4. Unless the seller agreed to deliver, the purchaser must fetch the goods. See Act IX of 1872, sec. 33.]

No. 14.

FOR THE PURCHASE-MONEY OF LANDS CONVEYED.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff sold [and conveyed] to the defendant [the house and compound No. , in the city of or, a farm known as , in or, a piece of land lying, &c.]
2. That the defendant promised to pay the plaintiff rupees for the said [house and compound, or farm, or land].
3. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

NOTE.—Where there has been no actual conveyance, say, in § 1, "sold to the defendant the house, &c., and placed him in possession of the same."

No. 16.

FOR THE PURCHASE-MONEY OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY CONTRACTED TO BE SOLD, BUT NOT CONVEYED.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant mutually agreed that the plaintiff should sell to the defendant, and that the defendant should purchase from the plaintiff [the house No. in the town of , or one hundred bighás of land in , bounded by the East Indian railroad, and by other lands of the plaintiff] for rupees.

2. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff tendered [or, was ready and willing, and offered to execute] a sufficient instrument of conveyance of the said property to the defendant, on payment of the said sum, and still is ready and willing to execute the same.

3. That the defendant has not paid the said sum.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 16.

FOR SERVICES AT A FIXED PRICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant [hired plaintiff as a clerk, at the salary of rupees per year].

2. That from the [said day] until the day of 18 , the plaintiff served the defendant as his clerk].

3. That the defendant has not paid the said salary.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 17.

FOR SERVICES AT A REASONABLE PRICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That between the day of 18 , and the day of 18 , at , plaintiff [executed sundry drawings, designs and diagrams] for the defendant, at his request; but no express agreement was made as to the sum to be paid for such services.

2. That the said services were reasonably worth rupees.

3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 18.

FOR SERVICES AND MATERIALS AT A FIXED PRICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , plaintiff [furnished the paper for and printed one thousand copies of a book called] for the defendant, at his request [and delivered the same to him].

2. That the defendant promised to pay rupees therefor.

3. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 19.

FOR SERVICES AND MATERIALS AT A REASONABLE PRICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , plaintiff built a house [known as No. , in], and furnished the materials therefor, for the defendant, at his request; but no express agreement was made as to the price to be paid for such work and materials.

2. That the said work and materials were reasonably worth rupees.

3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 20.

FOR RENT RESERVED IN A LEASE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant entered into a covenant with the plaintiff, under their hands, a copy of which is hereto annexed.

[Or state the substance of the agreement.]

2. That the defendant has not paid the rent of the [month] ending on the day of 18 , amounting to rupees.

[Demand of judgment.]

Another Form.

1. That the plaintiff let to the defendant a house No. 27 Chowringhee for seven years to hold from the day of 187 at rupees a year, payable quarterly.

2. That of such rent quarters are due and unpaid.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 21.

FOR USE AND OCCUPATION AT A FIXED RENT.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant hired from the plaintiff [the house No. , street], at the rent of rupees, payable on the first days of .

2. That the defendant occupied the said premises from the day of 18 to the day of 18 .

3. That the defendant has not paid rupees, being the part of said rent due on the first day of 18 .

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 22.

FOR USE AND OCCUPATION AT A REASONABLE RENT.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, executor of the will of X. Y., deceased, states as follows:—

1. That the defendant occupied the [house No. , street], by permission of the said X. Y., from the day of 18 , until the day of 18 and no agreement was made as to payment for the use of the said premises.

2. That the use of the said premises for the said period was reasonably worth rupees.

3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

4. The plaintiff as such executor as aforesaid prays judgment for rupees.

No. 23.

FOR BOARD AND LODGING.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That from the day of 18 , until the day of 18 , the defendant occupied certain rooms in the house [No. , street], by permission of the plaintiff, and was furnished by the plaintiff, at his request, with meat, drink, attendance and other necessaries.

2. That in consideration thereof, the defendant promised to pay, [or that no agreement was made as to payment for such meat, drink, attendance or necessaries, but the same were reasonably worth] the sum of rupees.

3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 24.

FOR FREIGHT OF GOODS.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , plaintiff transported in [his barge, or otherwise] [one thousand barrels of flour, or sundry goods], from to , at the request of the defendant.

2. That the defendant promised to pay the plaintiff the sum of [one rupee per barrel] as freight thereon. [Or, that no agreement was made as to payment for such transportation, but that such transportation was reasonably worth rupees.]

3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 25.

FOR*PASSAGE-MONLY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , plaintiff conveyed the defendant [in his ship, called the] from to at his request.

2. That the defendant promised to pay the plaintiff rupees therefor. [Or that no agreement was made as to the price of the said passage; but that the said passage was reasonably worth rupees.]

3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 26.

ON AN AWARD.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant, having a controversy between them concerning [a demand of the plaintiff for the price of ten barrels of oil, which the defendant refused to pay], agreed to submit the same to the award of *E. F.* and *G. H.*, as arbitrators [or, entered into an agreement, a copy of which is hereto annexed.]

2. That on the day of 18 , at , the said arbitrators awarded that the defendant should [pay the plaintiff rupees.]

3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

*NOTE.—This will apply where the agreement to refer is not filed in Court.

No. 27.

ON A FOREIGN JUDGMENT.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , in the Stat^e [or Kingdom] of , the Court of that State [or Kingdom], in a suit therein pending between the plaintiff and the defendant, duly adjudged that the defendant should pay to the plaintiff rupees, with interest from the said date.
2. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

PLAINTS UPON INSTRUMENTS FOR THE PAYMENT OF MONEY ONLY.

No. 28.

ON AN ANNUITY BOND.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant by his bond became bound to the plaintiff in the sum of rupees to be paid by the defendant to the plaintiff, subject to a condition that if the defendant should pay to the plaintiff rupees half yearly on the day of and the day of in every year during the life of the plaintiff, the said bond should be void.
2. That afterwards, on the day of 187 , the sum of rupees for of the said half-yearly payments of the said annuity, became due to the plaintiff and is still unpaid.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 29.

PAYEE AGAINST MAKER.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of , 18 , at , the defendant by his promissory note now overdue, promised to pay to the plaintiff rupees [days] after date.
2. That he has not paid the same [except rupees, paid on the day of 18].

*[Demand of judgment.]**[NOTE.—Where the note is payable after notice, say, 1 or 2 months after—]*

1. That on the day of at the defendant by his promissory note promised to pay to the plaintiff rupees months after notice.
2. That notice was afterwards given by the plaintiff to the defendant to pay the same months after the said notice.
3. That the said time for payment has elapsed, but the defendant has not paid the same.

[Where the note is payable at a particular place, say—]

- 1.—That on the day of 187 at the defendant by his promissory note now overdue promised to pay to the plaintiff [at Messrs. *A. and Co.*, Madras] rupees months after date.
- 2.—That the said note was duly presented for payment [at Messrs. *A. and Co.*] aforesaid, but has not been paid.

Written statement of the Defendant.

In the Court, &c.

C. D., the above-named defendant, states as follows:

1. The defendant made the note sued upon under the following circumstances: The plaintiff and defendant had for some years been in partnership as indigo manufacturers, and it had been agreed between them that they should dissolve partnership, that the plaintiff should retire from the business, that the defendant should take over the whole of the partnership assets and liabilities and should pay the plaintiff the value of his share in the assets after deducting the liabilities.

2. The plaintiff thereupon undertook to examine the partnership books and enquire into the state of the partnership assets and liabilities; and he did accordingly examine the said books and make the said enquiries, and he thereupon represented to the defendant that the assets of the firm exceeded Rs. 1,00,000 and that the liabilities of the firm were less than Rs. 30,000, whereas the fact was that the assets of the firm were less than Rs. 50,000 and the liabilities of the firm largely exceeded the assets.

3. The misrepresentations mentioned in the second para. of this statement induced the defendant to make the note now sued on, and there never was any other consideration for the making of such note.

No. 30.

FIRST INDORSEE AGAINST MAKER.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant, by his promissory note, now overdue, promised to pay to the order of *E. F.* [*or to E. F. or order*] rupees [days after date].
2. That the said *E. F.* indorsed the same to the plaintiff.
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 31.

SUBSEQUENT INDORSEE AGAINST MAKER.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. [*As in the preceding form.*]
2. That the same was, by the indorsement of the said *E. F.* and of *G. H.* and *I. J.* [*or and others*] transferred to the plaintiff.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 32.

FIRST INDORSEE AGAINST FIRST INDORSEE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That *E. F.*, on the day of 18 , at , by his promissory note, now overdue, promised to pay to the defendant or order rupees months after date.
2. That the defendant indorsed the same to the plaintiff.
3. That on the day of 18 the same was duly presented for payment, but was not paid.

[*Or state facts excusing want of presentment.*]

4. That the defendant had notice thereof.
5. That he has not paid the same.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 33.

SUBSEQUENT INDORSEE AGAINST FIRST INDORSEE; THE INDORSEMENT BEING SPECIAL.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That the defendant indorsed to one *E. F.* a promissory note, now overdue, made [*or purporting to have been made*] by one *G. H.*, on the day of 18 , at , to the order of the defendant, for the sum of rupees [*payable days after date*].

2. That the same was by the indorsement of the said *E. F.*, [*and others*] transferred to the plaintiff. [*Or, that the said E. F. indorsed the same to the plaintiff.*]

- 3, 4 and 5. [*Same as 3, 4 and 5 of the preceding form.*]

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 34.

SUBSEQUENT INDORSEER AGAINST HIS IMMEDIATE INDORSEER.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That the defendant indorsed to him a promissory note, now overdue, made [or purporting to have been made] by one *E. F.*, on the day of 18 , at , to the order of one *G. H.*, for the sum of rupees [payable days after date], and indorsed by the said *G. H.* to the defendant.

2, 3 and 4. [As in No. 33.]

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 35.

SUBSEQUENT INDORSEER AGAINST INTERMEDIATE INDORSEER.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That a promissory note, now overdue, made [or purporting to have been made] by one *E. F.*, on the day of 18 , at , to the order of one *G. H.*, for the sum of rupees [payable days after date], and indorsed by the said *G. H.* to the defendant, was by the indorsement of the defendant [and others] transferred to the plaintiff.

2, 3 and 4. [As in No. 33.]

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 36.

SUBSEQUENT INDORSEER AGAINST MAKER, FIRST AND SECOND INDORSEER.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

A. B. of

against

C. D. of*E. F.* of

and

G. H. of*A. B.*, the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant, *C. D.*, by his promissory note, now overdue, promised to pay to the order of the defendant, *E. F.*, rupees [months after date].

2. That the said *E. F.* indorsed the same to the defendant, *G. H.*, who indorsed it to the plaintiff.

3. That on the day of 18 , the same was presented [or state facts excusing want of presentment] to the said *C. D.* for payment, but was not paid.

4. That the said *E. F.* and *G. H.* had notice thereof.

5. That they have not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 37.

DRAWER AGAINST ACCEPTOR.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , by his bill of exchange, now overdue, the plaintiff required the defendant to pay to him rupees [days after date, or sight thereof].

2. That the defendant accepted the said bill. [If the bill is payable at a certain time after sight, the date of acceptance should be stated, otherwise it is not necessary.]

3. That he has not paid the same.

4. That by reason thereof the plaintiff incurred expenses in and about the presenting and noting of the bill, and incidental to the dishonour thereof.

[Demand of judgment.]

[NOTE.—Where the bill is payable to a third party, for paras. 1, 2, 3, say—]

1. That on &c., at &c., by his bill of exchange, now overdue, directed to the defendant the plaintiff required the defendant to pay to *E. F.* or order
rupees months after date.
2. That the plaintiff delivered the said bill to the said *E. F.* on
3. That the defendant accepted the said bill, but did not pay the same, whereupon the same was returned to the plaintiff.

No. 38.

PAYEE AGAINST ACCEPTOR.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , the defendant accepted a bill of exchange, now overdue, made [*or* purporting to have been made] by one *E. F.*, on the day of 18 , at , requiring the defendant to pay to the plaintiff rupees after sight thereof.
2. That he has not paid the same.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 39.

FIRST INDORSEE AGAINST ACCEPTOR.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , the defendant accepted a bill of exchange, now overdue, made [*or* purporting to have been made] by one *E. F.*, on the day of 18 , at , requiring the defendant to pay to the order of one *G. H.* rupees after sight thereof.
2. That the said *G. H.* indorsed the same to the plaintiff.
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 40.

SUBSEQUENT INDORSEE AGAINST ACCEPTOR.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. [*As in the preceding form, to the end of art. 1.*]
2. That by the indorsement of the said *G. H.* [and others], the same was transferred to the plaintiff.
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 41.

PAYEE AGAINST DRAWER FOR NON-ACCEPTANCE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant, by his bill of exchange, directed to *E. F.*, required the said *E. F.* to pay to the plaintiff rupees [days after sight].
2. That on the day of 18 , the same was duly presented to the said *E. F.* for acceptance, and was dishonoured.
3. That the defendant had due notice thereof.
4. That he has not paid the same.

[*Demand of judgment*]

[*NOTE.*—Notice of dishonour by non-acceptance must be given at once.]

No. 42.

FIRST INDORSEE AGAINST FIRST INDORSEE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That the defendant indorsed to the plaintiff a bill of exchange, now overdue, made [or purporting to have been made] by one *E. F.*, on the day of 18 , at , requiring one *G. H.* to pay to the order of the defendant rupees [days] after sight [or after date, or at sight] thereof, [and accepted by the said *G. H.* on the day of 18 .]
2. That on the day of 18 , the same was presented to the said *G. H.* for payment, and was dishonoured.
3. That the defendant had due notice thereof.
4. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 43.

SUBSEQUENT INDORSEE AGAINST FIRST INDORSEE; THE INDORSEMENT BEING SPECIAL.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That the defendant indorsed to one *E. F.*, a bill of exchange, now overdue, made [or purporting to have been made] by one *G. H.*, on the day of 18 , at , requiring one *I. J.* to pay to the order of the defendant rupees days after sight thereof [or otherwise], and accepted by the said *I. J.* on the day of 18 . [This clause may be omitted, if not according to the fact.]
2. That the same was, by the indorsement of the said *E. F.* [and others], transferred to the plaintiff.
3. That on the day of 18 the same was presented to the said *I. J.* for payment, and was dishonoured.
4. That the defendant had due notice thereof.
5. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 44.

SUBSEQUENT INDORSEE AGAINST HIS IMMEDIATE INDORSEE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That the defendant indorsed to plaintiff a bill of exchange, now overdue, made [or purporting to have been made] by one *E. F.*, on the day of 18 , at , requiring one *G. H.* to pay to the order of *I. J.* rupees days after sight thereof [or otherwise], [accepted by the said *G. H.*] and indorsed by the said *I. J.* to the defendant.
2. That on the day of 18 , the same was presented to the said *G. H.* for payment, and was dishonoured.
3. That the defendant had due notice thereof.
4. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 45.

SUBSEQUENT INDORSEE AGAINST INTERMEDIATE INDORSEE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That a bill of exchange, now overdue, made [or purporting to have been made] by one *E. F.*, on the day of 18 , at , requiring one *G. H.*, to pay to the order of one *I. J.* rupees days after sight thereof [or otherwise], [accepted by the said *G. H.*] and indorsed by the said *I. J.* to the defendant, was, by the indorsement of the defendant [and others], transferred to the plaintiff.
2. That on the day of 18 , the same was presented to the said *G. H.* for payment, and was dishonoured.
3. That the defendant had due notice thereof.
4. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 46.

INDORSEE AGAINST DRAWER, ACCEPTOR AND INDORSER.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

*Civil Regular No.**A. B. of**against**C. D. of**E. F. of**G. H. of**A. B.*, the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant, *C. D.*, by his bill of exchange, now overdue, directed to the defendant *E. F.*, required the said *E. F.* to pay to the order of the defendant *G. H.*, rupees [days after sight thereof].
2. That on the day of 18 , the said *E. F.* accepted the same.
3. That the said *G. H.* indorsed the same to the plaintiff.
4. That on the day of 18 , the same was presented to the said *E. F.* for payment, and was dishonoured.
5. That the other defendants had due notice thereof.
6. That they have not paid the same.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 47.

PAYEE AGAINST DRAWER FOR NON-ACCEPTANCE OF A FOREIGN BILL.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant by his bill of exchange drawn in Calcutta, required one *E. F.* to pay to the plaintiff in [London] pounds sterling, [sixty days] after sight thereof.
2. That on the day of 18 , the same was presented to the said *E. F.* for acceptance, and was dishonoured, and was thereupon duly protested.
3. That the defendant had due notice thereof.
4. That he has not paid the same.

[5. That the value of pounds sterling, at the time of the service of notice of protest on the defendant, was rupees annas.]

Wherefore the plaintiff demands judgment against the defendant for rupees, with [ten per centum] compensation and interest from the day of 18

No. 48.

PAYEE AGAINST ACCEPTOR.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , one *E. F.*, by his bill of exchange, now overdue, directed to the defendant, required the defendant to pay to the plaintiff rupees after date [or days after sight] thereof.
2. That on the day of 18 , the defendant accepted the said bill.
3. That he has not paid the same.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 49.

ON A MARINE [OPEN] POLICY, ON VESSEL LOST BY PERILS OF THE SEA.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That plaintiff was the owner of [or, had an interest in] the ship at the time of its loss, as hereafter mentioned.
2. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendants, in consideration of rupees to them paid [or, which the plaintiff then promised to pay], executed to him a policy of insurance upon the said ship, a copy of which is hereto annexed; [or, whereby they promised to pay to the plaintiff, within days after proof of loss and interest, all loss and damage accruing to him by reason of the destruction or injury of the said ship, during its next voyage from to , whether by perils of the sea or by fire, or by other causes therein mentioned, not exceeding rupees].
3. That the said vessel, while proceeding on the voyage mentioned in the said policy, was on the day of 18 , totally lost by the perils of the sea [or, otherwise].
4. That the plaintiff's loss thereby was rupees.
5. That on the day of 18 , he furnished the defendants with proof of his loss and interest, and otherwise duly performed all the conditions of the said policy on his part.
6. That the defendants have not paid the said loss.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 50.

ON CARGO, LOST BY FIRE:—VALUED POLICY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That plaintiff was the owner of [or, had an interest in] [one hundred bales of cotton] on board the ship at the time of its loss as hereafter mentioned.
2. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant, in consideration of rupees which the plaintiff then paid [or, promised to pay], executed to him a policy of insurance upon the said goods, a copy of which is hereto annexed; [or, whereby it promised to pay to the plaintiff rupees in case of the total loss, by fire or other causes mentioned, of the said goods before their landing at ; or, in case of partial loss, such damage as the plaintiff might sustain thereby, provided the same should exceed per centum of the whole value of the goods].
3. That on the day of 18 , at , while proceeding on the voyage mentioned in the said policy, the said goods were totally destroyed by fire.
- 4 and 5. [As in paragraphs 5 and 6 of the last preceding Form.]

Demand of judgment.]

No. 51.

ON FREIGHT:—VALUED POLICY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That plaintiff had an interest in the freight to be earned by the ship [] on her voyage from to , at the time of her loss as hereafter mentioned, and that a large quantity of goods was shipped upon freight in her at that time.
2. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant in consideration of rupees to it paid, executed to the plaintiff a policy of insurance upon the said freight, a copy of which is hereto annexed [or state its tenor, as before].
3. That the said vessel, while proceeding upon the voyage mentioned in the said policy, was, on the day of 18 , totally lost by [the perils of the sea].
4. That the plaintiff has not received any freight from the said vessel, nor did she earn any on the said voyage, by reason of her loss as aforesaid.
- 5 and 6. [As in Form No. 50.]

* [Demand of judgment.]

No. 52.

FOR A LOSS BY GENERAL AVERAGE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That plaintiff was the owner of [or, had an interest in] [one hundred bales of cotton] shipped on board a vessel called the *Y. Z.*, from to , at the time of the loss hereafter mentioned.

2. That on the day of 18 , at , in consideration of rupees [which the plaintiff then promised to pay], the defendant executed to the plaintiff a policy of insurance upon his said goods, a copy of which is hereto annexed [or state its tenor, as before.]

3. That on the day of 18 , while proceeding on the voyage mentioned in the said policy, the said vessel was so endangered by perils of the sea, that the master and crew thereof were compelled to, and did, cast into the sea a large part of her rigging and furniture.

4. That the plaintiff was, by reason thereof, compelled to, and did, pay a general average loss of rupees.

5. That on the day of 18 , he furnished the defendant with proof of his loss and interest, and otherwise duly performed all the conditions of the said policy on his part.

6. That the defendant has not paid the said loss.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 53.

FOR A PARTICULAR AVERAGE LOSS.

(Title.)

A. B., the above named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1 and 2. [As in the preceding Form.]

3. That on the day of 18 , while on the high seas, the seawater broke into the said ship, and damaged the said [cotton] to the amount of rupees.

4 and 5. [As in paragraphs 5 and 6 of the preceding Form.]

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 54.

ON A FIRE INSURANCE POLICY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That plaintiff [was the owner of, or] had an interest in a [dwelling-house, known as No. , street, in the city of ,] at the time of its destruction [or, injury] by fire as hereinafter mentioned.

2. That on the day of 18 , at , in consideration of rupees [to it paid], the defendant executed to the plaintiff a policy of insurance on the said [premises], a copy of which is hereto annexed [or state its tenor].

3. That on the day of 18 , the said [dwelling-house] was totally destroyed [or, greatly damaged] by fire.

4. That the plaintiff's loss thereby was rupees.

5. That on the day of 18 , he furnished the defendant with proof of his said loss and interest, and otherwise duly performed all the conditions of the said policy on his part.

6. That the defendant has not paid the said loss.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 55.

AGAINST SURETIES FOR PAYMENT OF RENT.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , one
E. F. hired from the plaintiff, for the term of years, the [house No. street,
], at the annual rent of rupees, payable [monthly].
2. That [at the same time and place] the defendant agreed, in consideration of the letting of the said premises to the said *E. F.*, to guarantee the punctual payment of the said rent.
3. That the rent aforesaid for the month of
18 , amounting to rupees, has not been paid.
[If, by the terms of the agreement, notice is required to be given to the surety, add:—]
4. That on the day of 18 , the plaintiff gave notice to the defendant of the non-payment of the said rent, and demanded payment thereof.
5. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

B.—PLAINTS FOR COMPENSATION FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT.

No. 56.

FOR BREACH OF AGREEMENT TO CONVEY LAND.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant entered into an agreement, under their hands, of which a copy is hereto annexed.
[Or That on, &c., the defendant agreed with the plaintiff that, in consideration of a deposit of rupees then paid, and of the further sum of ten thousand rupees payable as hereafter mentioned, he would, on the day of 18 , at , execute to the plaintiff a sufficient conveyance of [the house No. street, in the city of free from all incumbrances; and the plaintiff agreed to pay ten thousand rupees for the same on delivery thereof]
2. That on the day of 18 , the plaintiff demanded the conveyance of the said property from the defendant and tendered rupees to the defendant [or, that all conditions were fulfilled, and all things happened and all times elapsed necessary to entitle the plaintiff to have the said agreement performed by the defendant on his part.]
3. That the defendant has not executed any conveyance of the said property to the plaintiff [or That there is a mortgage upon the said property, made by to , for rupees, registered in the office of , on the day of 18 , and still unsatisfied, or any other defect of title].
4. That the plaintiff has thereby lost the use of the money paid by him as such deposit as aforesaid and of other moneys provided by him for the completion of the said purchase, and has lost the expenses incurred by him in investigating the title of the defendant and in preparing to perform the agreement on his part, and has incurred expense in endeavouring to procure the performance thereof by the defendant.

The plaintiff prays judgment for rupees compensation.

No. 57.

FOR BREACH OF AGREEMENT TO PURCHASE LAND.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant entered into an agreement, under their hands, of which a copy is hereto annexed.
[Or that on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant mutually agreed that the plaintiff should sell to the defendant, and that the defendant should purchase from the plaintiff, forty bighás of land in the village of , for rupees].
2. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff being then the absolute owner of the said property [and the same being free from all incumbrances, as was made to appear to the defendant], tendered to the defendant a sufficient instrument of conveyance of the same [or, was ready and willing, and offered to convey the same to the defendant by a sufficient instrument,] on the payment by the defendant of the said sum.
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 58.

Another Form.

FOR NOT COMPLETING A PURCHASE OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

1. That by an agreement dated the day of 187 , it was agreed by and between the plaintiff and the defendant that the plaintiff should sell to the defendant and the defendant should purchase from the plaintiff a house and land at the price of rupees, upon the terms and conditions following (that is to say)—

(a) That the defendant should pay the plaintiff a deposit of rupees in part of the said purchase-money on the signing of the said agreement, and the remainder on the day of 187 , on which day the said purchase should be completed.

(b) That the plaintiff should deduce and make a good title to the said premises on or before the day of 187 , and on payment of the said remainder of the said purchase-money as aforesaid should execute to the defendant a proper conveyance of the said premises, to be prepared at the defendant's expense.

2. That all conditions were fulfilled, and all things happened and all times elapsed necessary to entitle the plaintiff to have the said agreement performed by the defendant on his part, yet the defendant did not pay the plaintiff the remainder of the said purchase-money as aforesaid on his part.

3. That the plaintiff has thereby lost the expense which he incurred in preparing to perform the said agreement on his part, and has been put to expense in endeavouring to procure the performance thereof by the defendant.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 59.

FOR NOT DELIVERING GOODS SOLD.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant mutually agreed that the defendant should deliver [one hundred barrels of flour] to the plaintiff [on the day of 18 ,] and that the plaintiff should pay therefor rupees on delivery.

2. That on the [said] day, the plaintiff was ready and willing, and offered, to pay the defendant the said sum upon delivery of the said goods.

3. That the defendant has not delivered the same, whereby the plaintiff has been deprived of the profits which would have accrued to him from such delivery.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 60.

FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT TO EMPLOY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant mutually agreed that the plaintiff should serve the defendant as [an accountant, or in the capacity of foreman, or as the case may be], and that the defendant should employ the plaintiff as such, for the term of [one year], and pay him for his services rupees [monthly].

2. That on the day of 18 , the plaintiff entered upon the service of the defendant as aforesaid, and has ever since been, and still is, ready and willing to continue in such service during the remainder of the said year, whereof the defendant always had notice.

3. That on the day of 18 , the defendant wrongfully discharged the plaintiff, and refused to permit him to serve as aforesaid, or to pay him for his services.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 61.

FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT TO EMPLOY, WHERE THE EMPLOYMENT NEVER TOOK EFFECT

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. [*As in last preceding Form.*
2. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff offered to enter upon the service of the defendant, and has ever since been ready and willing so to do.
3. That the defendant refused to permit the plaintiff to enter upon such service, or to pay him for his services.

[*Demand of judgment*]

No. 62.

FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT TO SERVE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant mutually agreed that the plaintiff should employ the defendant at [an annual] compensation of rupees, and that the defendant should serve the plaintiff as [an artist] for the term of [one year].
2. That the plaintiff has always been ready and willing to perform his part of the said agreement [and on the day of 18 offered so to do].
3. That the defendant [entered upon the service of the plaintiff on the above-mentioned day, but afterwards, on the day of 18 , he] refused to serve the plaintiff as aforesaid.

[*Demand of judgment*]

No. 63.

AGAINST A BUILDER FOR DEFECTIVE WORKMANSHIP.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant entered into an agreement, of which a copy is hereto annexed :
[*Or state the tenor of the contract.*]
2. That the plaintiff duly performed all the conditions of the said agreement on his part.]
3. That the defendant [built the house referred to in the said agreement in a bad and unworkmanlike manner].

Demand of judgment. :

No. 64.

BY THE MASTER AGAINST THE FATHER OR GUARDIAN OF AN APPRENTICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant entered into an agreement, under his hand and seal,* a copy of which is hereto annexed:

[*Or state the tenor of these covenants.*]

2. That after the making of the said agreement the plaintiff received the said [apprentice] into his service as such apprentice for the term aforesaid, and has always performed and been ready and willing to perform all things in the said agreement on his part to be performed.

3. That on the day of 18 , the said [apprentice] wilfully absented himself from the service of the plaintiff, and continues so to do.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

* The form given in Act XIX of 1850 requires the seal of the father or guardian

No. 65.

BY THE APPRENTICE AGAINST THE MASTER.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant entered into an agreement with the plaintiff and his father, *E. F.*, under their hands and seals, a copy of which is hereto annexed.

2. That after the making of the said agreement the plaintiff entered into the service of the defendant with him after the manner of an apprentice to serve for the term mentioned in the said agreement, and has always performed all things in the said agreement contained on his part to be performed.

3. That the defendant has not [instructed the plaintiff in the business of , or state any other breach, such as cruelty, failure to provide sufficient food, or other ill-treatment.]

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 66.

ON A BOND FOR THE FIDELITY OF A CLERK.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , plaintiff employed one *E. F.* as a clerk.

2. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant agreed with the plaintiff, that if the said *E. F.* should not faithfully perform his duties as a clerk to the plaintiff, or should fail to account to the plaintiff for all moneys, evidences of debt, or other property received by him for the use of the plaintiff, the defendant would pay to the plaintiff whatever loss he might sustain by reason thereof, not exceeding rupees.

[Or, 2. That at the same time and place, the defendant bound himself to the plaintiff, by a writing under his hand, in the penal sum of rupees, conditioned that if the said *E. F.* should faithfully perform his duties as clerk and cashier to the plaintiff, and should justly account to the plaintiff for all moneys, evidences of debt, or other property which should be at any time held by him in trust for the plaintiff, the same should be void, but not otherwise.]

[Or, 2. That at the same time and place, the defendant executed to the plaintiff a bond, a copy of which is annexed.]

3. That between the day of 18 and the day of 18 , the said *E. F.* received money and other property, amounting to the value of rupees, for the use of the plaintiff, for which he has not accounted to him, and the same still remains due and unpaid.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 67.

BY TENANT AGAINST LANDLORD, WITH SPECIAL DAMAGE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant, by an instrument in writing, let to the plaintiff [the house No. street,] for the term of years, covenanting with the plaintiff that he, the plaintiff, and his legal representatives should quietly enjoy possession thereof for the said term.

2. That all conditions were fulfilled and all things happened necessary to entitle the plaintiff to maintain this suit.

3. That on the day of during the said term, one *E. F.*, who was the lawful owner of the said house, lawfully evicted the plaintiff therefrom, and still withholds the possession thereof from him.

4. That the plaintiff was thereby [prevented from continuing the business of a tailor at the said place, was compelled to expend rupees in moving, and lost the custom of *G. H.* and *I. J.* by such removal.]

[Demand of judgment.]

THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

(See section 3).

A.—STATUTE REPEALED.

Year and chapter.	Title.	Extent of repeal.
29 Char. II. chap. 7 ...	An Act for the better observance of the Lord's day commonly called Sunday.	The whole.

B.—ACTS REPEALED.

Number and year.	Subject or title.	Extent of repeal.
IX of 1840 ...	For amending the law administered in Her Majesty's Courts of Justice with reference to Arbitrations, Damages, and interested Witnesses.	So much as has not been repealed.
XXIII of 1840 ...	For executing within the local limits of the jurisdiction of Her Majesty's Courts legal Process issued by authorities in the Mufassal.	So far as it relates to the execution of the process of Civil Courts.
VIII of 1841 ...	Interpleader ...	The whole.
XXVI of 1841 ...	Extending 3 & 4 Wm. IV, c. 42 ...	So much as has not been repealed.
XIV of 1848 ...	Commissions for taking affidavits ...	The whole.
XVII of 1852 ...	Special cases ...	The whole.
XXIII of 1852 ...	Enforcement of judgments ...	The whole Act, except so far as it relates to the decrees of Military Courts of Requests.
VI of 1855 ...	Writs of execution ...	The whole.
XXIV of 1855 ...	Execution of judgments ...	The whole.
VIII of 1859 ...	For simplifying the procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature not established by Royal Charter.	So much as has not been repealed.
XXIII of 1861 ...	To amend Act VIII of 1859 ...	So much as has not been repealed.
XX of 1862 ...	To provide for the levy of Fees and Stamp-duties in the High Court, &c.	So much as has not been repealed.
XXIV of 1862 ...	To continue in force Act XX of 1862	So much as has not been repealed.
IX of 1863 ...	To amend the Code of Civil Procedure	The whole.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

ACTS REPEALED—*continued.*

Number and year.	Subject or title.	Extent of repeal.
XVIII of 1863 ...	To make provision for the speedy and efficient disposal of the business, &c.	So much as has not been repealed.
XXXII of 1863 ...	To continue in force Act XX of 1862 ...	So much as has not been repealed.
XI of 1865 ...	Mufassal Small Cause Courts Act ...	Sections 8, 9, 10, 11, para. 2, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 42 and 47, and in section 32 the words "in the manner prescribed in the twenty-second section of this Act" and "contained in the twenty-second, twenty-third, twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth sections of this Act."
"		
XIV of 1865 ...	Central Provinces Courts Act ...	Sections 17 and 18.
XIX of 1865 ...	Panjáb Courts Act ...	Sections 13 and 17.
V of 1866 ...	To provide a summary procedure on Bills of Exchange, &c.	In the title, the words ' <i>to provide a summary procedure on Bills of Exchange and</i> ' The preamble down to and including the words 'Notes; and' In section 1, the definitions of 'High Court' and 'Local Government.' Sections two to eight (both inclusive). Section fourteen.
XXIV of 1866 ...	High Court, North-Western Provinces	So much as has not been repealed.
X of 1867	References by Mufassal Small Cause Courts.	The whole.
XXVI of 1867	To amend the law relating to Stamp Duties.	So much as has not been repealed.
XV of 1869	Prisoners' Testimony Act ...	So much of sections 15 and 16 as relates to process issued by a Civil Court.
IX of 1873 ...	Panjáb Appeals Act, 1873 ...	Sections 9 and 10.
VI of 1874 ...	The Privy Council Appeals Act, 1874...	The whole.

C.—REGULATIONS REPEALED.

Bengal Regulation XX of 1810.	Cantonments ...	So much of section XIX as relates to civil process.
Madras Regulation XIV of 1816.	Vakíls ...	Section 27.

THE SECOND SCHEDULE.

(See section 5).

Chapters and Sections of this Code extending to Mufassal Courts of Small Causes.

PRELIMINARY: Sections 1, 2, 3 and 5.

- CHAPTER I.—Of the Jurisdiction of the Courts and *Res Judicata*, except section 11.
 CHAPTER II.—Of the Place of Suing, except section 20, paragraph 4, and sections 22 to 24 (both inclusive).
 CHAPTER III.—Of Parties and their Appearances, Applications and Acts.
 CHAPTER IV.—Of the Frame of the Suit, except section 42 and section 44, rule *a*.
 CHAPTER V.—Of the Institution of Suits.
 CHAPTER VI.—Of the Issue and Service of Summons, except section 77.
 CHAPTER VII.—Of the Appearance of the Parties and consequence of Non-appearance.
 CHAPTER VIII.—Section 111, Set-off.
 CHAPTER IX.—Of the Examination of the Parties by the Court, except section 119.
 CHAPTER X.—Of Discovery and the Admission, &c., of Documents.
 CHAPTER XII.—Section 155, first paragraph, Judgment where either party fails to produce his evidence.
 CHAPTER XIII.—Of Adjournments.
 CHAPTER XIV.—Of the Summoning and Attendance of Witnesses.
 CHAPTER XV.—Of the Hearing of the Suit and Examination of Witnesses, except sections 182 to 188 (both inclusive).
 CHAPTER XVII.—Of Judgment and Decree, except sections 204, 207, 211, 212, 213, 214 and 215.
 CHAPTER XVIII.—Sections 220, 221 and 222, of Costs.
 CHAPTER XIX.—Of the Execution of Decrees, sections 230 to 236 (both inclusive), 239 to 258 (both inclusive), 259 (except so far as relates to the recovery of wives), 266 (except so far as relates to immoveable property), 267 to 272 (both inclusive), 273 (so far as relates to decrees for moveable property), 275 to 280 (both inclusive), 283, 284 (so far as relates to moveable property), 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293 (so far as relates to re-sales under 297), 294 to 303 (both inclusive), 328 to 333 (both inclusive, so far as relates to moveable property), 336 to 343 (both inclusive).
 CHAPTER XXI.—Of the Death, Marriage and Insolvency of Parties.
 CHAPTER XXII.—Of the Withdrawal and Adjustment of Suits.
 CHAPTER XXIII.—Of Payment into Court.
 CHAPTER XXIV.—Of requiring Security for Costs.
 CHAPTER XXV.—Of Commissions.
 CHAPTER XXVI.—Suits by Paupers.
 CHAPTER XXVII.—Suits by and against Government or Government Servants.
 CHAPTER XXVIII.—Suits by Aliens and by and against Foreign and Native Rulers, except the first paragraph of section 433.
 CHAPTER XXIX.—Suits by and against Corporations and Companies.
 CHAPTER XXX.—Suits by and against Trustees, Executors and Administrators.
 CHAPTER XXXI.—Suits by and against Minors and Persons of unsound Mind.
 CHAPTER XXXII.—Suits by and against Military Men.
 CHAPTER XXXIII.—Interpleader.
 CHAPTER XXXIV.—Of Arrest and Attachment before Judgment.
 CHAPTER XXXVII.—Reference to Arbitration, sections 506 to 522 (both inclusive).
 CHAPTER XXXVIII.—Of proceedings on Agreement of Parties.
 CHAPTER XLVI.—Reference to and Revision by High Court.
 CHAPTER XLVII.—Of Review of judgment.
 CHAPTER XLIX.—Miscellaneous, sections 640 to 647 (both inclusive), section 648 (so far as relates to arrests), sections 649 to 652 (both inclusive).

THE THIRD SCHEDULE.

(See section 7).

Bombay Enactments.

- Bombay Regulation XIX, 1827.
 " " VII, 1830.
 " " I, 1831.
 " " XVI, 1831.
 Act XIX of 1835.
 " XIII of 1842.

THE FOURTH SCHEDULE.

(See section 644.)

FORMS OF PLEADINGS AND DECREES.

A.—PART I. PLAINTS.

No. 1.

FOR MONEY LENT.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , he lent the defendant rupees repayable on demand [or on the day of].
2. That the defendant has not paid the same, except rupees paid on the day of 18 .

[If the plaintiff claims exemption from any law of limitation, say:—

3. The plaintiff was a minor [or insane] from the day of till the day of].
4. The plaintiff prays judgment for rupees, with interest at per cent. from the day of 18 .

[NOTE.—The object of stating when the debt is to be repaid is merely to fix a date for interest. If, therefore interest is not claimed, the statement may be omitted.]

No. 2.

FOR MONEY RECEIVED TO PLAINTIFF'S USE.

(Title.)

A. B., and G. H., the above-named plaintiffs, state as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant received rupees [or a cheque on the Bank for Rs.] from one E. F. for the use of the plaintiffs.
2. That the defendant has not paid [or delivered] the same accordingly.
3. The plaintiffs pray judgment for rupees, with interest at per cent. from the day of 18 .

No. 3.

FOR PRICE OF GOODS SOLD BY A FACTOR.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , he and E. F., since deceased, delivered to the defendant [one thousand barrels of flour, five hundred maunds of rice, or as the case may be] for sale upon commission.
2. That on the day of 18 [or, on some day unknown to the plaintiff, before the day of 18], the defendant sold the said merchandise for rupees.
3. That the commission and expenses of the defendant thereon, amount to rupees.
4. That on the day of 18 , the plaintiff demanded from the defendant the proceeds of the said merchandise.
5. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 4.

FOR MONEY RECEIVED BY DEFENDANT THROUGH THE PLAINTIFF'S MISTAKE OF FACT.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff agreed to buy and the defendant agreed to sell bars of silver at annas per tola of fine silver.
2. That the plaintiff procured the said bars to be assayed by one E. F., who was paid by the defendant for such assay, and that the said E. F. declared each of the said bars to contain 1,500 tolas of fine silver, and that the plaintiff accordingly paid the defendant Rs. annas therefor.
3. That each of the said bars did contain only 1,200 tolas of fine silver.
4. That the defendant has not repaid the sum so overpaid.

[Demand of judgment.]

[NOTE.—A demand of repayment is not necessary, but it may affect the question of interest or the costs.]

No. 5.

FOR MONEY PAID TO A THIRD PARTY AT THE DEFENDANT'S REQUEST.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , at the request [or by the authority] of the defendant, the plaintiff paid to one E. F. rupees.
2. That, in consideration thereof, the defendant promised [or became bound] to pay the same to the plaintiff on demand [or as the case may be.]
3. That [on the day of 18 , the plaintiff demanded payment of the same from the defendant, but] he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

[NOTE.—If the request or authority is implied, the plaint should state facts raising the implication.]

No. 6.

FOR GOODS SOLD AT A FIXED PRICE AND DELIVERED.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , E. F. of deceased sold and delivered to the defendant [one hundred barrels of flour, or, the goods mentioned in the schedule hereto annexed, or, sundry goods].
2. That the defendant promised to pay rupees for the said goods on delivery [or on the day of some day before the plaint was filed].
3. That he has not paid the same.
4. That the said E. F. in his lifetime made his will, whereby he appointed the plaintiff executor thereof.
5. That on the day of 187 the said E. F. died.
6. That on the day of probate of the said will was granted to the plaintiff by the Court of .
7. The plaintiff as executor as aforesaid [Demand of judgment].

[NOTE.—If a day was fixed for payment it should be stated as furnishing a date for the commencement of interest.]

No. 7.

GOODS SOLD AT A REASONABLE PRICE AND DELIVERED.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , plaintiff sold and delivered to the defendant [sundry articles of house furniture] but no express agreement was made as to the price.
2. That the same were reasonably worth rupees.
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

[NOTE.—The law implies a promise to pay so much as the goods are reasonably worth.]

No. 8.

FOR GOODS DELIVERED TO A THIRD PARTY AT DEFENDANT'S REQUEST AT A FIXED PRICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , plaintiff sold to the defendant [*one hundred barrels of flour*] and, at the request of the defendant, delivered the same to one E. F.
2. That the defendant promised to pay to the plaintiff rupees therefor.
3. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 9.

FOR NECESSARIES FURNISHED TO THE FAMILY OF DEFENDANT'S TESTATOR WITHOUT HIS EXPRESS REQUEST, AT A REASONABLE PRICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , plaintiff furnished to [*Mary Jones*] the wife of *James Jones* deceased, at her request, sundry articles of [*food and clothing*], but no express agreement was made as to the price.
2. That the same were necessary for her.
3. That the same were reasonably worth rupees.
4. That the said *James Jones* refused to pay the same.
5. That the defendant is the executor of the last will of the said *James Jones*.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 10.

FOR GOODS SOLD AT A FIXED PRICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff sold to E. F. of deceased [*all the crops then growing on his farm in*].
2. That the said E. F. promised to pay the plaintiff rupees for the same.
3. That he did not pay the same.
4. That the defendant is administrator of the estate of the said E. F.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 11.

FOR GOODS SOLD AT A REASONABLE PRICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , E. F. of sold to the defendant [*all the fruit growing in his orchard in*], but no express agreement was made as to the price.
2. That the same was reasonably worth rupees.
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.
4. That on the day of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William duly adjudged the said E. F. to be a lunatic and appointed the plaintiff committee of his estate with the usual powers for the management thereof.
5. The plaintiff as committee as aforesaid [Demand of judgment.]

[NOTE.—When the lunatic's estate is not subject to the ordinary original jurisdiction of a High Court, for paragraphs 4 and 5 substitute the following:—]

4. That on the day of the Civil Court of duly adjudged the said E. F. to be of unsound mind and incapable of managing his affairs and appointed the plaintiff Manager of his estate.
5. The plaintiff as Manager as aforesaid [Demand of judgment.]

No. 12.

FOR GOODS MADE AT DEFENDANT'S REQUEST, AND NOT ACCEPTED.

(Title.)

* A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , E. F. of agreed with the plaintiff that the plaintiff should make for him [*six tables and fifty chairs*], and that the said E. F. should pay for the same upon delivery thereof rupees.
2. That the plaintiff made the said goods, and on the day of 18 offered to deliver the same to the said E. F., and has ever since been ready and willing so to do.
3. That the said E. F. has not accepted the said goods or paid for the same.
4. That on the day of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William duly adjudged the said E. F. to be a lunatic and appointed the defendant committee of his estate.
5. The plaintiff prays judgment for rupees with interest from the day of , at the rate of per cent. per annum, to be paid out of the estate of the said E. F. in the hands of the defendant.

No. 13.

FOR DEFICIENCY UPON A RE-SALE [GOODS SOLD AT AUCTION].

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , plaintiff put up at auction sundry [*articles of merchandise*], subject to the condition that all goods not paid for and removed by the purchaser thereof, within [*ten days*] after the sale, should be re-sold by auction on his account of which condition the defendant had notice.
2. That the defendant purchased [*one crate of crockery*] at the said auction at the price of rupees.
3. That the plaintiff was ready and willing to deliver the same to the defendant on the said day and for [*ten days*] thereafter, of which the defendant had notice.
4. That the defendant did not take away the said goods purchased by him, nor pay therefor, within [*ten days*] after the sale, nor afterwards.
5. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff re-sold the said [*crate of crockery*], on account of the defendant, by public auction, for rupees.
6. That the expenses attendant upon such re-sale amounted to rupees.
7. That the defendant has not paid the deficiency thus arising, amounting to rupees.

[Demand of judgment.]

NOTE to § 4. Unless the seller agreed to deliver, the purchaser must fetch the goods. See Act IX of 1872, sec. 33.]

No. 14.

FOR THE PURCHASE-MONEY OF LANDS CONVEYED.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff sold [and conveyed] to the defendant [the house and compound No. , in the city of or, a farm known as , in or, a piece of land lying, &c.]
2. That the defendant promised to pay the plaintiff rupees for the said [house and compound, or farm, or land].
3. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

NOTE.—Where there has been no actual conveyance, say, in § 1, "sold to the defendant the house, &c., and placed him in possession of the same."]

No. 16.

FOR THE PURCHASE-MONEY OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY CONTRACTED TO BE SOLD, BUT NOT CONVEYED.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant mutually agreed that the plaintiff should sell to the defendant, and that the defendant should purchase from the plaintiff [the house No. in the town of , or one hundred bighás of land in , bounded by the East Indian railroad, and by other lands of the plaintiff] for rupees.

2. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff tendered [or, was ready and willing, and offered to execute] a sufficient instrument of conveyance of the said property to the defendant, on payment of the said sum, and still is ready and willing to execute the same.

3. That the defendant has not paid the said sum.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 16.

FOR SERVICES AT A FIXED PRICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant [hired plaintiff as a clerk, at the salary of rupees per year].

2. That from the [said day] until the day of 18 , the plaintiff served the defendant as his clerk].

3. That the defendant has not paid the said salary.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 17.

FOR SERVICES AT A REASONABLE PRICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That between the day of 18 , and the day of 18 , at , plaintiff [executed sundry drawings, designs and diagrams] for the defendant, at his request; but no express agreement was made as to the sum to be paid for such services.

2. That the said services were reasonably worth rupees.

3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 18.

FOR SERVICES AND MATERIALS AT A FIXED PRICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , plaintiff [furnished the paper for and printed one thousand copies of a book called] for the defendant, at his request [and delivered the same to him].

2. That the defendant promised to pay rupees therefor.

3. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 19.

FOR SERVICES AND MATERIALS AT A REASONABLE PRICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , plaintiff built a house [known as No. , in], and furnished the materials therefor, for the defendant, at his request; but no express agreement was made as to the price to be paid for such work and materials.

2. That the said work and materials were reasonably worth rupees.

3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 20.

FOR RENT RESERVED IN A LEASE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant entered into a covenant with the plaintiff, under their hands, a copy of which is hereto annexed.

[Or state the substance of the agreement.]

2. That the defendant has not paid the rent of the [month] ending on the day of 18 , amounting to rupees.

[Demand of judgment.]

Another Form.

1. That the plaintiff let to the defendant a house No. 27 Chowringhee for seven years to hold from the day of 187 at rupees a year, payable quarterly.

2. That of such rent quarters are due and unpaid.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 21.

FOR USE AND OCCUPATION AT A FIXED RENT.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant hired from the plaintiff [the house No. , street], at the rent of rupees, payable on the first days of .

2. That the defendant occupied the said premises from the day of 18 to the day of 18 .

3. That the defendant has not paid rupees, being the part of said rent due on the first day of 18 .

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 22.

FOR USE AND OCCUPATION AT A REASONABLE RENT.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, executor of the will of X. Y., deceased, states as follows:—

1. That the defendant occupied the [house No. , street], by permission of the said X. Y., from the day of 18 , until the day of 18 and no agreement was made as to payment for the use of the said premises.

2. That the use of the said premises for the said period was reasonably worth rupees.

3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

4. The plaintiff as such executor as aforesaid prays judgment for rupees.

No. 23.

FOR BOARD AND LODGING.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That from the day of 18 , until the day of 18 , the defendant occupied certain rooms in the house [No. , street], by permission of the plaintiff, and was furnished by the plaintiff, at his request, with meat, drink, attendance and other necessaries.
2. That in consideration thereof, the defendant promised to pay, [or that no agreement was made as to payment for such meat, drink, attendance or necessaries, but the same were reasonably worth] the sum of rupees.
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 24.

FOR FREIGHT OF GOODS.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , plaintiff transported in [his barge, or otherwise] [one thousand barrels of flour, or sundry goods], from to , at the request of the defendant.
2. That the defendant promised to pay the plaintiff the sum of [one rupee per barrel] as freight thereon. [Or, that no agreement was made as to payment for such transportation, but that such transportation was reasonably worth rupees.]
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 25.

FOR*PASSAGE-MONLY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , plaintiff conveyed the defendant [in his ship, called the] from to at his request.
2. That the defendant promised to pay the plaintiff rupees therefor. [or that no agreement was made as to the price of the said passage; but that the said passage was reasonably worth rupees.]
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 26.

ON AN AWARD.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant, having a controversy between them concerning [a demand of the plaintiff for the price of ten barrels of oil, which the defendant refused to pay], agreed to submit the same to the award of *E. F.* and *G. H.*, as arbitrators [or, entered into an agreement, a copy of which is hereto annexed.]
2. That on the day of 18 , at , the said arbitrators awarded that the defendant should [pay the plaintiff rupees.]
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

*NOTE.—This will apply where the agreement to refer is not filed in Court.

No. 27.

ON A FOREIGN JUDGMENT.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , in the Stat^e [or Kingdom] of , the Court of that State [or Kingdom], in a suit therein pending between the plaintiff and the defendant, duly adjudged that the defendant should pay to the plaintiff rupees, with interest from the said date.
2. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

PLAINTS UPON INSTRUMENTS FOR THE PAYMENT OF MONEY ONLY.

No. 28.

ON AN ANNUITY BOND.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant by his bond became bound to the plaintiff in the sum of rupees to be paid by the defendant to the plaintiff, subject to a condition that if the defendant should pay to the plaintiff rupees half yearly on the day of and the day of in every year during the life of the plaintiff, the said bond should be void.
2. That afterwards, on the day of 187 , the sum of rupees for of the said half-yearly payments of the said annuity, became due to the plaintiff and is still unpaid.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 29.

PAYEE AGAINST MAKER.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of , 18 , at , the defendant by his promissory note now overdue, promised to pay to the plaintiff rupees [days] after date.
2. That he has not paid the same [except rupees, paid on the day of 18].

*[Demand of judgment.]**[NOTE.—Where the note is payable after notice, say, 1 or 2 months after—]*

1. That on the day of at the defendant by his promissory note promised to pay to the plaintiff rupees months after notice.
2. That notice was afterwards given by the plaintiff to the defendant to pay the same months after the said notice.
3. That the said time for payment has elapsed, but the defendant has not paid the same.

[Where the note is payable at a particular place, say—]

- 1.—That on the day of 187 at the defendant by his promissory note now overdue promised to pay to the plaintiff [at Messrs. *A. and Co.*, Madras] rupees months after date.
- 2.—That the said note was duly presented for payment [at Messrs. *A. and Co.*] aforesaid, but has not been paid.

Written statement of the Defendant.

In the Court, &c.

C. D., the above-named defendant, states as follows:

1. The defendant made the note sued upon under the following circumstances: The plaintiff and defendant had for some years been in partnership as indigo manufacturers, and it had been agreed between them that they should dissolve partnership, that the plaintiff should retire from the business, that the defendant should take over the whole of the partnership assets and liabilities and should pay the plaintiff the value of his share in the assets after deducting the liabilities.

2. The plaintiff thereupon undertook to examine the partnership books and enquire into the state of the partnership assets and liabilities; and he did accordingly examine the said books and make the said enquiries, and he thereupon represented to the defendant that the assets of the firm exceeded Rs. 1,00,000 and that the liabilities of the firm were less than Rs. 30,000, whereas the fact was that the assets of the firm were less than Rs. 50,000 and the liabilities of the firm largely exceeded the assets.

3. The misrepresentations mentioned in the second para. of this statement induced the defendant to make the note now sued on, and there never was any other consideration for the making of such note.

No. 30.

FIRST INDORSEE AGAINST MAKER.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant, by his promissory note, now overdue, promised to pay to the order of E. F. [or to E. F. or order] rupees [days after date].
2. That the said E. F. indorsed the same to the plaintiff.
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 31.

SUBSEQUENT INDORSEE AGAINST MAKER.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. [As in the preceding form.]
2. That the same was, by the indorsement of the said E. F. and of G. H. and I. J. [or and others] transferred to the plaintiff.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 32.

FIRST INDORSEE AGAINST FIRST INDORSEE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That E. F., on the day of 18 , at , by his promissory note, now overdue, promised to pay to the defendant or order rupees months after date.
2. That the defendant indorsed the same to the plaintiff.
3. That on the day of 18 the same was duly presented for payment, but was not paid.

[Or state facts excusing want of presentment.]

4. That the defendant had notice thereof.
5. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 33.

SUBSEQUENT INDORSEE AGAINST FIRST INDORSEE; THE INDORSEMENT BEING SPECIAL.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That the defendant indorsed to one E. F. a promissory note, now overdue, made [or purporting to have been made] by one G. H., on the day of 18 , at , to the order of the defendant, for the sum of rupees [payable days after date].

2. That the same was by the indorsement of the said E. F., [and others] transferred to the plaintiff. [Or, that the said E. F. indorsed the same to the plaintiff.]

- 3, 4 and 5. [Same as 3, 4 and 5 of the preceding form.]

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 34.

SUBSEQUENT INDORSEER AGAINST HIS IMMEDIATE INDORSEER.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That the defendant indorsed to him a promissory note, now overdue, made [or purporting to have been made] by one *E. F.*, on the day of 18 , at , to the order of one *G. H.*, for the sum of rupees [payable days after date], and indorsed by the said *G. H.* to the defendant.

2, 3 and 4. [As in No. 33.]

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 35.

SUBSEQUENT INDORSEER AGAINST INTERMEDIATE INDORSEER.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That a promissory note, now overdue, made [or purporting to have been made] by one *E. F.*, on the day of 18 , at , to the order of one *G. H.*, for the sum of rupees [payable days after date], and indorsed by the said *G. H.* to the defendant, was by the indorsement of the defendant [and others] transferred to the plaintiff.

2, 3 and 4. [As in No. 33.]

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 36.

SUBSEQUENT INDORSEER AGAINST MAKER, FIRST AND SECOND INDORSEER.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

A. B. of

against

C. D. of*E. F.* of

and

G. H. of*A. B.*, the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant, *C. D.*, by his promissory note, now overdue, promised to pay to the order of the defendant, *E. F.*, rupees [months after date].

2. That the said *E. F.* indorsed the same to the defendant, *G. H.*, who indorsed it to the plaintiff.

3. That on the day of 18 , the same was presented [or state facts excusing want of presentment] to the said *C. D.* for payment, but was not paid.

4. That the said *E. F.* and *G. H.* had notice thereof.

5. That they have not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 37.

DRAWER AGAINST ACCEPTOR.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , by his bill of exchange, now overdue, the plaintiff required the defendant to pay to him rupees [days after date, or sight thereof].

2. That the defendant accepted the said bill. [If the bill is payable at a certain time after sight, the date of acceptance should be stated, otherwise it is not necessary.]

3. That he has not paid the same.

4. That by reason thereof the plaintiff incurred expenses in and about the presenting and noting of the bill, and incidental to the dishonour thereof.

[Demand of judgment.]

[NOTE.—Where the bill is payable to a third party, for paras. 1, 2, 3, say—]

1. That on &c., at &c., by his bill of exchange, now overdue, directed to the defendant the plaintiff required the defendant to pay to *E. F.* or order
rupees months after date.
2. That the plaintiff delivered the said bill to the said *E. F.* on
3. That the defendant accepted the said bill, but did not pay the same, whereupon the same was returned to the plaintiff.

No. 38.

PAYEE AGAINST ACCEPTOR.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , the defendant accepted a bill of exchange, now overdue, made [*or* purporting to have been made] by one *E. F.*, on the day of 18 , at , requiring the defendant to pay to the plaintiff rupees after sight thereof.
2. That he has not paid the same.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 39.

FIRST INDORSEE AGAINST ACCEPTOR.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , the defendant accepted a bill of exchange, now overdue, made [*or* purporting to have been made] by one *E. F.*, on the day of 18 , at , requiring the defendant to pay to the order of one *G. H.* rupees after sight thereof.
2. That the said *G. H.* indorsed the same to the plaintiff.
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 40.

SUBSEQUENT INDORSEE AGAINST ACCEPTOR.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. [*As in the preceding form, to the end of art. 1.*]
2. That by the indorsement of the said *G. H.* [and others], the same was transferred to the plaintiff.
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 41.

PAYEE AGAINST DRAWER FOR NON-ACCEPTANCE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant, by his bill of exchange, directed to *E. F.*, required the said *E. F.* to pay to the plaintiff rupees [days after sight].
2. That on the day of 18 , the same was duly presented to the said *E. F.* for acceptance, and was dishonoured.
3. That the defendant had due notice thereof.
4. That he has not paid the same.

[*Demand of judgment*]

[*NOTE.*—Notice of dishonour by non-acceptance must be given at once.]

No. 42.

FIRST INDORSEE AGAINST FIRST INDORSEE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That the defendant indorsed to the plaintiff a bill of exchange, now overdue, made [or purporting to have been made] by one *E. F.*, on the day of 18 , at , requiring one *G. H.* to pay to the order of the defendant rupees [days] after sight [or after date, or at sight] thereof, [and accepted by the said *G. H.* on the day of 18 .]
2. That on the day of 18 , the same was presented to the said *G. H.* for payment, and was dishonoured.
3. That the defendant had due notice thereof.
4. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 43.

SUBSEQUENT INDORSEE AGAINST FIRST INDORSEE; THE INDORSEMENT BEING SPECIAL.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That the defendant indorsed to one *E. F.*, a bill of exchange, now overdue, made [or purporting to have been made] by one *G. H.*, on the day of 18 , at , requiring one *I. J.* to pay to the order of the defendant rupees days after sight thereof [or otherwise], and accepted by the said *I. J.* on the day of 18 . [This clause may be omitted, if not according to the fact.]
2. That the same was, by the indorsement of the said *E. F.* [and others], transferred to the plaintiff.
3. That on the day of 18 the same was presented to the said *I. J.* for payment, and was dishonoured.
4. That the defendant had due notice thereof.
5. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 44.

SUBSEQUENT INDORSEE AGAINST HIS IMMEDIATE INDORSEE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That the defendant indorsed to plaintiff a bill of exchange, now overdue, made [or purporting to have been made] by one *E. F.*, on the day of 18 , at , requiring one *G. H.* to pay to the order of *I. J.* rupees days after sight thereof [or otherwise], [accepted by the said *G. H.*] and indorsed by the said *I. J.* to the defendant.
2. That on the day of 18 , the same was presented to the said *G. H.* for payment, and was dishonoured.
3. That the defendant had due notice thereof.
4. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 45.

SUBSEQUENT INDORSEE AGAINST INTERMEDIATE INDORSEE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That a bill of exchange, now overdue, made [or purporting to have been made] by one *E. F.*, on the day of 18 , at , requiring one *G. H.*, to pay to the order of one *I. J.* rupees days after sight thereof [or otherwise], [accepted by the said *G. H.*] and indorsed by the said *I. J.* to the defendant, was, by the indorsement of the defendant [and others], transferred to the plaintiff.
2. That on the day of 18 , the same was presented to the said *G. H.* for payment, and was dishonoured.
3. That the defendant had due notice thereof.
4. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 46.

INDORSEE AGAINST DRAWER, ACCEPTOR AND INDORSER.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

*Civil Regular No.**A. B. of**against**C. D. of**E. F. of**G. H. of**A. B.*, the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant, *C. D.*, by his bill of exchange, now overdue, directed to the defendant *E. F.*, required the said *E. F.* to pay to the order of the defendant *G. H.*, rupees [days after sight thereof].
2. That on the day of 18 , the said *E. F.* accepted the same.
3. That the said *G. H.* indorsed the same to the plaintiff.
4. That on the day of 18 , the same was presented to the said *E. F.* for payment, and was dishonoured.
5. That the other defendants had due notice thereof.
6. That they have not paid the same.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 47.

PAYEE AGAINST DRAWER FOR NON-ACCEPTANCE OF A FOREIGN BILL.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant by his bill of exchange drawn in Calcutta, required one *E. F.* to pay to the plaintiff in [London] pounds sterling, [sixty days] after sight thereof.
2. That on the day of 18 , the same was presented to the said *E. F.* for acceptance, and was dishonoured, and was thereupon duly protested.
3. That the defendant had due notice thereof.
4. That he has not paid the same.
- [5. That the value of pounds sterling, at the time of the service of notice of protest on the defendant, was rupees annas.]

Wherefore the plaintiff demands judgment against the defendant for rupees, with [ten per centum] compensation and interest from the day of 18

No. 48.

PAYEE AGAINST ACCEPTOR.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , one *E. F.*, by his bill of exchange, now overdue, directed to the defendant, required the defendant to pay to the plaintiff rupees after date [or days after sight] thereof.
2. That on the day of 18 , the defendant accepted the said bill.
3. That he has not paid the same.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

No. 49.

ON A MARINE [OPEN] POLICY, ON VESSEL LOST BY PERILS OF THE SEA.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That plaintiff was the owner of [or, had an interest in] the ship at the time of its loss, as hereafter mentioned.
2. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendants, in consideration of rupees to them paid [or, which the plaintiff then promised to pay], executed to him a policy of insurance upon the said ship, a copy of which is hereto annexed; [or, whereby they promised to pay to the plaintiff, within days after proof of loss and interest, all loss and damage accruing to him by reason of the destruction or injury of the said ship, during its next voyage from to , whether by perils of the sea or by fire, or by other causes therein mentioned, not exceeding rupees].
3. That the said vessel, while proceeding on the voyage mentioned in the said policy, was on the day of 18 , totally lost by the perils of the sea [or, otherwise].
4. That the plaintiff's loss thereby was rupees.
5. That on the day of 18 , he furnished the defendants with proof of his loss and interest, and otherwise duly performed all the conditions of the said policy on his part.
6. That the defendants have not paid the said loss.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 50.

ON CARGO, LOST BY FIRE:—VALUED POLICY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That plaintiff was the owner of [or, had an interest in] [one hundred bales of cotton] on board the ship at the time of its loss as hereafter mentioned.
2. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant, in consideration of rupees which the plaintiff then paid [or, promised to pay], executed to him a policy of insurance upon the said goods, a copy of which is hereto annexed; [or, whereby it promised to pay to the plaintiff rupees in case of the total loss, by fire or other causes mentioned, of the said goods before their landing at ; or, in case of partial loss, such damage as the plaintiff might sustain thereby, provided the same should exceed per centum of the whole value of the goods].
3. That on the day of 18 , at , while proceeding on the voyage mentioned in the said policy, the said goods were totally destroyed by fire.
- 4 and 5. [As in paragraphs 5 and 6 of the last preceding Form.]

Demand of judgment.]

No. 51.

ON FREIGHT:—VALUED POLICY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That plaintiff had an interest in the freight to be earned by the ship [] on her voyage from to , at the time of her loss as hereafter mentioned, and that a large quantity of goods was shipped upon freight in her at that time.
2. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant in consideration of rupees to it paid, executed to the plaintiff a policy of insurance upon the said freight, a copy of which is hereto annexed [or state its tenor, as before].
3. That the said vessel, while proceeding upon the voyage mentioned in the said policy, was, on the day of 18 , totally lost by [the perils of the sea].
4. That the plaintiff has not received any freight from the said vessel, nor did she earn any on the said voyage, by reason of her loss as aforesaid.
- 5 and 6. [As in Form No. 50.]

* [Demand of judgment.]

No. 52.

FOR A LOSS BY GENERAL AVERAGE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That plaintiff was the owner of [or, had an interest in] [one hundred bales of cotton] shipped on board a vessel called the *Y. Z.*, from _____ to _____, at the time of the loss hereafter mentioned.

2. That on the _____ day of _____ 18____, at _____, in consideration of _____ rupees [which the plaintiff then promised to pay], the defendant executed to the plaintiff a policy of insurance upon his said goods, a copy of which is hereto annexed [or state its tenor, as before.]

3. That on the _____ day of _____ 18____, while proceeding on the voyage mentioned in the said policy, the said vessel was so endangered by perils of the sea, that the master and crew thereof were compelled to, and did, cast into the sea a large part of her rigging and furniture.

4. That the plaintiff was, by reason thereof, compelled to, and did, pay a general average loss of _____ rupees.

5. That on the _____ day of _____ 18____, he furnished the defendant with proof of his loss and interest, and otherwise duly performed all the conditions of the said policy on his part.

6. That the defendant has not paid the said loss.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 53.

FOR A PARTICULAR AVERAGE LOSS.

(Title.)

A. B., the above named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1 and 2. [As in the preceding Form.]

3. That on the _____ day of _____ 18____, while on the high seas, the seawater broke into the said ship, and damaged the said [cotton] to the amount of _____ rupees.

4 and 5. [As in paragraphs 5 and 6 of the preceding Form.]

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 54.

ON A FIRE INSURANCE POLICY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That plaintiff [was the owner of, or] had an interest in a [dwelling-house, known as No. _____ street, in the city of _____,] at the time of its destruction [or, injury] by fire as hereinafter mentioned.

2. That on the _____ day of _____ 18____, at _____, in consideration of _____ rupees [to it paid], the defendant executed to the plaintiff a policy of insurance on the said [premises], a copy of which is hereto annexed [or state its tenor].

3. That on the _____ day of _____ 18____, the said [dwelling-house] was totally destroyed [or, greatly damaged] by fire.

4. That the plaintiff's loss thereby was _____ rupees.

5. That on the _____ day of _____ 18____, he furnished the defendant with proof of his said loss and interest, and otherwise duly performed all the conditions of the said policy on his part.

6. That the defendant has not paid the said loss.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 55.

AGAINST SURETIES FOR PAYMENT OF RENT.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , one
E. F. hired from the plaintiff, for the term of years, the [house No. street,
], at the annual rent of rupees, payable [monthly].
2. That [at the same time and place] the defendant agreed, in consideration of the letting of the said premises to the said *E. F.*, to guarantee the punctual payment of the said rent.
3. That the rent aforesaid for the month of
18 , amounting to rupees, has not been paid.
[If, by the terms of the agreement, notice is required to be given to the surety, add:—]
4. That on the day of 18 , the plaintiff gave notice to the defendant of the non-payment of the said rent, and demanded payment thereof.
5. That he has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

B.—PLAINTS FOR COMPENSATION FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT.

No. 56.

FOR BREACH OF AGREEMENT TO CONVEY LAND.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant entered into an agreement, under their hands, of which a copy is hereto annexed.
[Or That on, &c., the defendant agreed with the plaintiff that, in consideration of a deposit of rupees then paid, and of the further sum of ten thousand rupees payable as hereafter mentioned, he would, on the day of 18 , at , execute to the plaintiff a sufficient conveyance of [the house No. street, in the city of free from all incumbrances; and the plaintiff agreed to pay ten thousand rupees for the same on delivery thereof]
2. That on the day of 18 , the plaintiff demanded the conveyance of the said property from the defendant and tendered rupees to the defendant [or, that all conditions were fulfilled, and all things happened and all times elapsed necessary to entitle the plaintiff to have the said agreement performed by the defendant on his part.]
3. That the defendant has not executed any conveyance of the said property to the plaintiff [or That there is a mortgage upon the said property, made by to , for rupees, registered in the office of , on the day of 18 , and still unsatisfied, or any other defect of title].
4. That the plaintiff has thereby lost the use of the money paid by him as such deposit as aforesaid and of other moneys provided by him for the completion of the said purchase, and has lost the expenses incurred by him in investigating the title of the defendant and in preparing to perform the agreement on his part, and has incurred expense in endeavouring to procure the performance thereof by the defendant.

The plaintiff prays judgment for rupees compensation.

No. 57.

FOR BREACH OF AGREEMENT TO PURCHASE LAND.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant entered into an agreement, under their hands, of which a copy is hereto annexed.
[Or that on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant mutually agreed that the plaintiff should sell to the defendant, and that the defendant should purchase from the plaintiff, forty bighás of land in the village of , for rupees].
2. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff being then the absolute owner of the said property [and the same being free from all incumbrances, as was made to appear to the defendant], tendered to the defendant a sufficient instrument of conveyance of the same [or, was ready and willing, and offered to convey the same to the defendant by a sufficient instrument,] on the payment by the defendant of the said sum.
3. That the defendant has not paid the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 58.

Another Form.

FOR NOT COMPLETING A PURCHASE OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

1. That by an agreement dated the day of 187 , it was agreed by and between the plaintiff and the defendant that the plaintiff should sell to the defendant and the defendant should purchase from the plaintiff a house and land at the price of rupees, upon the terms and conditions following (that is to say)—

(a) That the defendant should pay the plaintiff a deposit of rupees in part of the said purchase-money on the signing of the said agreement, and the remainder on the day of 187 , on which day the said purchase should be completed.

(b) That the plaintiff should deduce and make a good title to the said premises on or before the day of 187 , and on payment of the said remainder of the said purchase-money as aforesaid should execute to the defendant a proper conveyance of the said premises, to be prepared at the defendant's expense.

2. That all conditions were fulfilled, and all things happened and all times elapsed necessary to entitle the plaintiff to have the said agreement performed by the defendant on his part, yet the defendant did not pay the plaintiff the remainder of the said purchase-money as aforesaid on his part.

3. That the plaintiff has thereby lost the expense which he incurred in preparing to perform the said agreement on his part, and has been put to expense in endeavouring to procure the performance thereof by the defendant.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 59.

FOR NOT DELIVERING GOODS SOLD.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant mutually agreed that the defendant should deliver [one hundred barrels of flour] to the plaintiff [on the day of 18 ,] and that the plaintiff should pay therefor rupees on delivery.

2. That on the [said] day, the plaintiff was ready and willing, and offered, to pay the defendant the said sum upon delivery of the said goods.

3. That the defendant has not delivered the same, whereby the plaintiff has been deprived of the profits which would have accrued to him from such delivery.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 60.

FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT TO EMPLOY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant mutually agreed that the plaintiff should serve the defendant as [an accountant, or in the capacity of foreman, or as the case may be], and that the defendant should employ the plaintiff as such, for the term of [one year], and pay him for his services rupees [monthly].

2. That on the day of 18 , the plaintiff entered upon the service of the defendant as aforesaid, and has ever since been, and still is, ready and willing to continue in such service during the remainder of the said year, whereof the defendant always had notice.

3. That on the day of 18 , the defendant wrongfully discharged the plaintiff, and refused to permit him to serve as aforesaid, or to pay him for his services.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 61.

FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT TO EMPLOY, WHERE THE EMPLOYMENT NEVER TOOK EFFECT

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. [*As in last preceding Form.*
2. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff offered to enter upon the service of the defendant, and has ever since been ready and willing so to do.
3. That the defendant refused to permit the plaintiff to enter upon such service, or to pay him for his services.

[*Demand of judgment*]

No. 62.

FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT TO SERVE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant mutually agreed that the plaintiff should employ the defendant at [an annual] compensation of rupees, and that the defendant should serve the plaintiff as [an artist] for the term of [one year].
2. That the plaintiff has always been ready and willing to perform his part of the said agreement [and on the day of 18 offered so to do].
3. That the defendant [entered upon the service of the plaintiff on the above-mentioned day, but afterwards, on the day of 18 , he] refused to serve the plaintiff as aforesaid.

[*Demand of judgment*]

No. 63.

AGAINST A BUILDER FOR DEFECTIVE WORKMANSHIP.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant entered into an agreement, of which a copy is hereto annexed :
[*Or state the tenor of the contract.*]
2. That the plaintiff duly performed all the conditions of the said agreement on his part.]
3. That the defendant [built the house referred to in the said agreement in a bad and unworkmanlike manner].

Demand of judgment. :

No. 64.

BY THE MASTER AGAINST THE FATHER OR GUARDIAN OF AN APPRENTICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant entered into an agreement, under his hand and seal,* a copy of which is hereto annexed :
[*Or state the tenor of these covenants.*]
2. That after the making of the said agreement the plaintiff received the said [apprentice] into his service as such apprentice for the term aforesaid, and has always performed and been ready and willing to perform all things in the said agreement on his part to be performed.
3. That on the day of 18 , the said [apprentice] wilfully absented himself from the service of the plaintiff, and continues so to do.

[*Demand of judgment.*]

* The form given in Act XIX of 1850 requires the seal of the father or guardian

No. 65.

BY THE APPRENTICE AGAINST THE MASTER.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant entered into an agreement with the plaintiff and his father, *E. F.*, under their hands and seals, a copy of which is hereto annexed.
2. That after the making of the said agreement the plaintiff entered into the service of the defendant with him after the manner of an apprentice to serve for the term mentioned in the said agreement, and has always performed all things in the said agreement contained on his part to be performed.
3. That the defendant has not [instructed the plaintiff in the business of , or state any other breach, such as cruelty, failure to provide sufficient food, or other ill-treatment.]

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 66.

ON A BOND FOR THE FIDELITY OF A CLERK.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , plaintiff employed one *E. F.* as a clerk.
2. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant agreed with the plaintiff, that if the said *E. F.* should not faithfully perform his duties as a clerk to the plaintiff, or should fail to account to the plaintiff for all moneys, evidences of debt, or other property received by him for the use of the plaintiff, the defendant would pay to the plaintiff whatever loss he might sustain by reason thereof, not exceeding rupees.

[Or, 2. That at the same time and place, the defendant bound himself to the plaintiff, by a writing under his hand, in the penal sum of rupees, conditioned that if the said *E. F.* should faithfully perform his duties as clerk and cashier to the plaintiff, and should justly account to the plaintiff for all moneys, evidences of debt, or other property which should be at any time held by him in trust for the plaintiff, the same should be void, but not otherwise.]

[Or, 2. That at the same time and place, the defendant executed to the plaintiff a bond, a copy of which is annexed.]

3. That between the day of 18 and the day of 18 , the said *E. F.* received money and other property, amounting to the value of rupees, for the use of the plaintiff, for which he has not accounted to him, and the same still remains due and unpaid.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 67.

BY TENANT AGAINST LANDLORD, WITH SPECIAL DAMAGE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant, by an instrument in writing, let to the plaintiff [the house No. street,] for the term of years, covenanting with the plaintiff that he, the plaintiff, and his legal representatives should quietly enjoy possession thereof for the said term.

2. That all conditions were fulfilled and all things happened necessary to entitle the plaintiff to maintain this suit.

3. That on the day of during the said term, one *E. F.*, who was the lawful owner of the said house, lawfully evicted the plaintiff therefrom, and still withholds the possession thereof from him.

4. That the plaintiff was thereby [prevented from continuing the business of a tailor at the said place, was compelled to expend rupees in moving, and lost the custom of *G. H.* and *I. J.* by such removal.]

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 68.

FOR BREACH OF WARRANTY OF MOVEABLES.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant warranted a steam-engine to be in good working order, and thereby induced the plaintiff to purchase the same of him, and to pay him rupees therefor.
2. That the said engine was not then in good working order, whereby the plaintiff incurred expense in having the said engine repaired, and lost the profits which would otherwise have accrued to him while the engine was under repair.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 69.

ON AN AGREEMENT OF INDEMNITY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant, being partners in trade under the firm of *A. B.* and *C. D.*, dissolved the said partnership, and mutually agreed that the defendant should take and keep all the partnership property, pay all debts of the firm, and indemnify the plaintiff against all claims that might be made upon him on account of any indebtedness of the said firm.
2. That the plaintiff duly performed all the conditions of the said agreement on his part.
3. That on the day of 18 [a judgment was recovered against the plaintiff and defendant by one *F. F.*, in the High Court of Judicature at , upon a debt due from the said firm to the said *F. F.*, and on the day of 18] the plaintiff paid rupees [in satisfaction of the same].
4. That the defendant has not paid the same to the plaintiff.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 70.

BY SHIP-OWNER AGAINST FREIGHT OR FOR NOT LOADING.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the plaintiff and defendant entered into an agreement, a copy of which is hereto annexed.
[Or, 1. That on , at , the plaintiff and defendant agreed by charter party that the defendant should deliver to the plaintiff's ship at , on the day of 18 , five hundred tons of merchandise, which she should carry to , and there deliver, on payment of freight; and that the defendant should have days for loading, days for discharge, and days for demurrage, if required, at rupees per day.]
2. That at the time fixed by the said agreement the plaintiff was ready and willing and offered to receive [the said merchandise, or, the merchandise mentioned in the said agreement] from the defendant.
3. That the period allowed for loading and demurrage has elapsed, but the defendant has not delivered the said merchandise to the said vessel.

Wherefore, the plaintiff demands judgment for rupees for demurrage and rupees additional for compensation.

C.—PLAINTS FOR COMPENSATION UPON WRONGS.

No. 71.

FOR TRESPASS ON LAND.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

- That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant entered upon certain land of the plaintiff, known as [and depastured the same with cattle, trod down the grass, cut the timber, and otherwise injured the same].

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 72.

FOR TRESPASS IN ENTERING A DWELLING-HOUSE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That the defendant entered a dwelling-house of the plaintiff called , and made a noise and disturbance therein for a long time, and broke open the doors of the said dwelling-house, and removed, took and carried away the fixtures and goods of the plaintiff therein, and disposed of the same to the defendant's own use, and expelled the plaintiff and his family from the possession of the said dwelling-house, and kept them so expelled for a long time.

2. That the plaintiff was thereby prevented from carrying on his business, and incurred expense in procuring another dwelling-house for himself and family.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 73.

FOR TRESPASS ON MOVEABLES.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant broke open ten barrels of rum belonging to the plaintiff, and emptied their contents into the street [or seized and took the plaintiff's goods, that is to say, iron, rice and household furniture, or as the case may be], and carried away the same and disposed of them to his own use:

[or, seized and took the plaintiff's cows and bullocks, and impounded them and kept them impounded for a long time.]

2. That the plaintiff was thereby deprived of the use of the cows and bullocks during that time, and incurred expense in feeding them and in getting them restored to him; and was also prevented from selling them at fair, as he otherwise would have done, and the said cows and bullocks are diminished in value to the plaintiff [otherwise state the injury according to the facts].

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 74.

FOR THE CONVERSION OF MOVEABLE PROPERTY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , plaintiff was in possession of certain goods described in the schedule hereto annexed [or of one thousand barrels of flour].

2. That on that day, at , the defendant converted the same to his own use, and wrongfully deprived the plaintiff of the use and possession of the same.

[Demand of judgment.]

The Schedule.

No. 75.

AGAINST A WAREHOUSEMAN FOR REFUSAL TO DELIVER GOODS.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant, in consideration of the payment to him of rupees [or, rupees per barrel, per month, &c.], agreed to keep in his godown [one hundred barrels of flour], and to deliver the same to the plaintiff on payment of the said sum.

2. That thereupon the plaintiff deposited with the defendant the said [hundred barrels of flour].

3. That on the day of 18 , the plaintiff requested the defendant to deliver the said goods, and tendered him rupees [or, the full amount of storage due thereon], but the defendant refused to deliver the same.

4. That the plaintiff was thereby prevented from selling the said goods to E. F., and the same are lost to the plaintiff.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 76.

FOR PROCURING PROPERTY BY FRAUD.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant, for the purpose of inducing the plaintiff to sell him certain goods, represented to the plaintiff that [he, the defendant, was solvent, and worth rupees over all his liabilities].

2. That the plaintiff was thereby induced to sell [and deliver] to the defendant [dry goods] of the value of rupees.

3. That the said representations were false [or, state the particular falsehoods], and were then known by the defendant to be so.

4. That the defendant has not paid for the said goods. [Or, if the goods were not delivered] That the plaintiff, in preparing and shipping the said goods and procuring their restoration, expended rupees.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 77.

FOR FRAUDULENTLY PROCURING CREDIT TO BE GIVEN TO ANOTHER PERSON.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant represented to the plaintiff, that one E. F. was solvent and in good credit, and worth rupees over all his liabilities [or, that E. F. then held a responsible situation and was in good circumstances, and might safely be trusted with goods on credit].

2. That the plaintiff was thereby induced to sell to the said E. F. [rice] of the value of rupees [on month's credit].

3. That the said representations were false and were then known by the defendant to be so, and were made by him with intent to deceive and defraud the plaintiff [or, to deceive and injure the plaintiff].

4. That the said E. F. [did not pay for the said goods at the expiration of the credit aforesaid, or,] has not paid for the said rice, and the plaintiff has wholly lost the same by reason of the premises.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 78.

FOR POLLUTING THE WATER UNDER THE PLAINTIFF'S LAND.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That he is, and at all the times hereinafter mentioned was, possessed of certain land called and situate in , and of a well therein, and of water in the said well, and was entitled to the use and benefit of the said well and of the said water therein, and to have certain springs and streams of water which flowed and ran into the said well to supply the same to flow or run without being fouled or polluted.

2. That on the day of 18 , the defendant wrongfully fouled and polluted the said well and the said water therein and the said springs and streams of water which flowed into the said well.

3. That by reason of the premises the said water in the said well became impure and unfit for domestic and other necessary purposes, and the plaintiff and his family are deprived of the use and benefit of the said well and water.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 79.

FOR CARRYING ON A NOXIOUS MANUFACTURE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That the plaintiff is, and at all the times hereinafter mentioned was, possessed of certain lands called _____ situate in _____

2. That ever since the _____ day of _____ 18____, the defendant has wrongfully caused to issue from certain smelting works carried on by the defendant large quantities of offensive and unwholesome smoke and other vapours and noxious matter, which spread themselves over and upon the said lands, and corrupted the air, and settled on the surface of the said lands.

3. That thereby the trees, hedges, herbage and crops of the plaintiff growing on the said lands were damaged and deteriorated in value, and the cattle and live stock of the plaintiff on the said lands became unhealthy, and divers of them were poisoned and died.

4. That by reason of the premises the plaintiff was unable to depasture the said lands with cattle and sheep, as he otherwise might have done, and was obliged to remove his cattle, sheep and farming stock therefrom, and has been prevented from having so beneficial and healthy a use and occupation of the said lands as he otherwise would have had.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 80.

FOR OBSTRUCTING A WAY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That plaintiff is, and at the time hereafter mentioned was, possessed of [a house in the town of _____].

2. That he was accustomed to pass [with vehicles, or, on foot] along a certain way leading from his said house to [the highway].

3. That on the _____ day of _____ 18____, the defendant obstructed the said way, so that the plaintiff could not pass [with vehicles, or, on foot, or, in any manner] along the said way [and has ever since obstructed the same].

4. [State special damage, if any.]

[Demand of judgment.]

Another Form.

1. That the defendant wrongfully dug a trench and heaped up earth and stones in the public highway leading from _____ to _____ so as to obstruct it.

2. That thereby the plaintiff, while lawfully passing along the said highway, fell over the said earth and stones [or, into the said trench] and broke his arm, and suffered great pain, and was prevented from attending to his business for a long time, and incurred expense for medical attendance.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 81.

FOR DIVERTING A WATER-COURSE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That the plaintiff is, and at the time hereinafter mentioned was, possessed of a mill situated on a [stream], known as the _____, in the village of _____ district of _____

2. That by reason of such possession the plaintiff was entitled to the flow of the said stream for working the said mill.

3. That on the _____ day of _____ 18____, the defendant, by cutting the bank of the said stream, diverted the water thereof, so that less water ran into the plaintiff's mill.

4. That by reason thereof, the plaintiff has been unable to grind more than _____ sacks per day, whereas, before the said diversion of water, he was able to grind _____ sacks per day.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 82.

FOR OBSTRUCTING A RIGHT TO USE WATER FOR IRRIGATION.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That the plaintiff is, and was at the time hereinafter mentioned, possessed of certain lands situate, &c., and entitled to take and use a portion of the water of a certain stream for irrigating the said lands.

2. That on the day of 18 [the defendant prevented the plaintiff from taking and using the said portion of the said water as aforesaid, by obstructing and diverting the said stream.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 83.

FOR WASTE BY A LESSEE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , the defendant hired from him the [house No. street] for the term of

2. That the defendant occupied the same under such hiring.

3. That during the period of such occupation, the defendant greatly injured the premises [defaced the walls, tore up the floors, and broke down the doors; or otherwise specify the injuries as far as possible].

The plaintiff prays judgment for rupees compensation.

No. 84.

FOR ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant assaulted and beat him.

The plaintiff prays judgment for rupees compensation.

No. 85.

FOR ASSAULT AND BATTERY, WITH SPECIAL DAMAGE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant assaulted and beat the plaintiff, until he became insensible.

2. That the plaintiff was thereby disabled from attending to his business for [six weeks thereafter], and was compelled to pay rupees for medical attendance, and has been ever since disabled [from using his right arm]. [Or otherwise state the damage, as the case may be.]

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 86.

FOR ASSAULT AND FALSE IMPRISONMENT.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant assaulted the plaintiff and imprisoned him for days [or hours]; [state special damage, if any, thus. —]

2. That by reason thereof the plaintiff suffered great pain of body and mind and was exposed and injured in his credit and circumstances, and was prevented from carrying on his business and from providing for his family by his personal care and attention, and incurred expense in obtaining his liberation from the said imprisonment, or otherwise as the case may be. —

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 87.

FOR INJURIES CAUSED BY NEGLIGENCE ON A RAILROAD.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , the defendants were common carriers of passengers by railway between and .

2. That on that day the plaintiff was a passenger in one of the carriages of the defendants on the said road.

3. That while he was such passenger, at [or, near the station of] ; or, between the stations of and , a collision occurred on the said railway, caused by the negligence and unskilfulness of the defendants' servants, whereby the plaintiff was much injured [having his leg broken, his head cut, &c., and state the special damage, if any, as], and incurred expense for medical attendance, and is permanently disabled from carrying on his former business as a salesman.

[Demand of judgment.]

[Or thus:—2. That on that day the defendants by their servants so negligently and unskilfully drove and managed an engine and a train of carriages attached thereto upon and along the defendants' railway which the plaintiff was then lawfully crossing, that the said engine and train were driven and struck against the plaintiff, whereby, &c., as in § 3.]

No. 88.

FOR INJURIES CAUSED BY NEGLIGENT DRIVING.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. The plaintiff is a shoe-maker, carrying on business at .
The defendant is a merchant of .

2. On the [23rd May 1875], the plaintiff was walking eastward along Chowringhee, in the city of Calcutta, at about three o'clock in the afternoon. He was obliged to cross Harington street, which is a street running into Chowringhee at right angles. While he was crossing this street, and just before he could reach the foot-pavement on the further side thereof, a carriage of the defendant's drawn by two horses, under the charge and control of the defendant's servants, was negligently, suddenly, and without any warning, turned at a rapid and dangerous pace out of Harington Street into Chowringhee. The pole of the carriage struck the plaintiff, and knocked him down, and he was much trampled by the horses.

3. By the blow and fall and trampling the plaintiff's left arm was broken, and he was bruised and injured on the side and back, as well as internally, and in consequence thereof the plaintiff was for four months ill and in suffering, and unable to attend to his business, and incurred heavy medical and other expenses, and sustained great loss of business and profits.

The plaintiff claims rupees damages.

(Title.)

Written Statement of Defendant.

1. The defendant denies that the carriage mentioned in the plaint was the defendant's carriage, or that it was under the charge or control of the defendant's servants. The carriage belonged to [Messrs. E. F. and G. H.] of Street, Calcutta, livery stable-keepers, employed by the defendant to supply him with carriages and horses; and the person under whose charge and control the said carriage was, was the servant of the said Messrs. E. F. and G. H.

2. The defendant does not admit that the said carriage was turned out of Harington Street either negligently, suddenly, or without warning, or at a rapid or dangerous pace.

3. The defendant says, that the plaintiff might and could, by the exercise of reasonable care and diligence, have seen the said carriage approaching him, and avoided any collision with it.

4. The defendant does not admit the statements of the third paragraph of the plaint.

No. 89.

FOR LIBEL; THE WORDS BEING LIBELLOUS IN THEMSELVES.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18, at , the defendant published in a newspaper, called the [or, in a letter addressed to E. F.], the following words concerning the plaintiff:—

[Set forth the words used.]

2. That the said publication was false and malicious.

[Demand of judgment.]

NOTE.—If the libel was in a language not the language of the Court, set out the libel verbatim in the foreign language in which it was published, and then proceed thus:—"Which said words, being translated into the language, have the meaning and effect following, and were so understood by the persons to whom they were so published, that is to say, [here set out a literal translation of the libel in the language of the Court]"

No. 90.

FOR LIBEL; THE WORDS NOT BEING LIBELLOUS IN THEMSELVES.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That the plaintiff [is, and] was, on and before the day of 18 merchant, doing business in the city of

That on the day of 18, at , the defendant published in a newspaper, called the [or, in a letter addressed to E. F., or otherwise show how published], the following words concerning the plaintiff:—

["A. B., of this city, has modestly retired to foreign lands. It is said that creditors to the amount of rupees are anxiously seeking his address."]

3. That the defendant meant thereby that [the plaintiff had absconded to avoid his creditors, and with intent to defraud them].

4. That the said publication was false and malicious.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 91.

FOR SLANDER; THE WORDS BEING ACTIONABLE IN THEMSELVES.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18, at , the defendant falsely and maliciously spoke, in the hearing of E. F. [or, sundry persons], the following words concerning the plaintiff: "He is a thief".

2. That, in consequence of the said words, the plaintiff lost his situation as in the employ of

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 92.

FOR SLANDER; THE WORDS NOT BEING ACTIONABLE IN THEMSELVES.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant falsely and maliciously said to one E. F. concerning the plaintiff: ["He is a young man of remarkably easy conscience"].
2. That the plaintiff was then seeking employment as a clerk, and the defendant meant, by the said words, that the plaintiff was not trustworthy as a clerk.
3. That, in consequence of the said words, [the said E. F. refused to employ the plaintiff as a clerk].

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 93.

FOR MALICIOUS PROSECUTION.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant obtained a warrant of arrest from [a magistrate of the said city, or, as the case may be,] on a charge of , and the plaintiff was arrested thereon, and imprisoned for [days, or, hours, and gave bail in the sum of rupees to obtain his release
2. That in so doing, the defendant acted maliciously and without reasonable or probable cause.
3. That on the day of 18 , the said magistrate dismissed the complaint of the defendant, and acquitted the plaintiff.
4. That many persons, whose names are unknown to the plaintiff, hearing of the said arrest, and supposing the plaintiff to be a criminal, have ceased to do business with him; or, that, in consequence of the said arrest, the plaintiff lost his situation as clerk to one E. F., or, that by reason of the premises the plaintiff suffered pain of body and mind, and was prevented from transacting his business, and was injured in his credit, and incurred expense in obtaining his release from the said imprisonment and in defending himself against the said complaint.

[Demand of judgment.]

D.—PLAINTS IN SUITS FOR SPECIFIC PROPERTY.

No. 94.

BY THE ABSOLUTE OWNER FOR THE POSSESSION OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That X. Y. was the absolute owner of [the estate, or, the share of the estate, called , situate in the District of , the Government revenue of which is rupees , and the estimated value rupees or, of the house No. street in the town of Calcutta, the estimated value of which is rupees].
2. That on the day of 18 , Z illegally dispossessed the said X. Y. of the said estate [or share or house].
3. That the said X. Y. has since died intestate, leaving the plaintiff the said A. B. his heir him surviving.
4. That the defendant withholds the possession of the estate [or share or house] from the plaintiff.

The plaintiff prays judgment:

- (1) For the possession of the said premises;
- (2) For rupees compensation for withholding the same.

Another Form.

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. On the day of , the plaintiff, by an instrument in writing let to the defendant a house and premises No. 52, Russell Street, in the for a term of five years from the day of , at the monthly rent of rupees 300.

2. By the said instrument the defendant covenanted to keep the said house and premises in good and tenantable repair.

3. The said instrument also contained a clause of re-entry, entitling the plaintiff to re-enter upon the said house and premises, in case the rent thereby reserved, whether demanded or not, should be in arrear for twenty-one days, or in case the defendant should make default in the performance of any covenant upon his part to be performed.

4. On the day of 187 a month's rent became due, and on the day of 187 another month's rent became due; on the day of 187 both had been in arrear for twenty-one days, and both are still due.

5. On the same day of 187 the house and premises were not and are not now in good or tenantable repair, and it would require the expenditure of a large sum of money to re-instate the same in good and tenantable repair, and the plaintiff's reversion is much depreciated in value. The plaintiff claims:

- (1) Possession of the said house and premises;
- (2) Rupees for arrears of rent;
- (3) Rupees compensation for the defendant's breach of his covenant to repair;
- (4) Rupees for the occupation of the house and premises from the day of 187 to the day of recovering possession.

No. 95.

BY THE TENANT.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That one *E. F.* is the absolute owner of [a piece of land in the town of Calcutta, , bounded as follows:], the estimated value of which is rupees .

2. That on the day of 18 , the said *E. F.* let the said premises to the plaintiff for years, from .

3. That the defendant withholds the possession thereof from the plaintiff.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 96.

FOR MOVEABLE PROPERTY WRONGFULLY TAKEN.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , plaintiff owned [or was possessed of] one hundred barrels of flour, the estimated value of which is rupees .

2. That on that day, at , the defendant took the same.

The plaintiff prays judgment:

- (1) For the possession of the said goods, or for rupees in case such possession cannot be had;
- (2) For rupees compensation for the detention thereof.

No. 97.

FOR MOVEABLES WRONGFULLY DETAINED.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , plaintiff owned [or, state facts showing a right to the possession] the goods mentioned in the schedule hereto annexed [or describe the goods], the estimated value of which is rupees .

2. That from that day until the commencement of this suit, the defendant has detained the same from the plaintiff.

3. That before the commencement of this suit, to wit, on the day of 18 , the plaintiff demanded the same from the defendant, but he refused to deliver them.

The plaintiff prays judgment:

- (1) For the possession of the said goods, or for rupees, in case such possession cannot be had;
- (2) For rupees compensation for the detention thereof.

The schedule.

No. 98.

• AGAINST A FRAUDULENT PURCHASER AND HIS TRANSFEREE WITH NOTICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1 That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant [C. D.], for the purpose of inducing the plaintiff to sell him certain goods, represented to the plaintiff that [he was solvent, and worth rupees over all his liabilities].

2. That the plaintiff was thereby induced to sell and deliver to the said C. D. [one hundred boxes of tea], the estimated value of which is rupees.

3. That the said representations were false, and were then known by the said C. D. to be so. [Or, That at the time of making the said representations, the said C. D. was insolvent, and knew himself to be so.]

4. That the said C. D. afterwards transferred the said goods to the defendant E. F., without consideration [or who had notice of the falsity of the representation].

The plaintiff prays judgment:

- (1) For the possession of the said goods, or for rupees, in case such possession cannot be had;
- (2) For rupees compensation for the detention thereof.

E.—PLAINTS IN SUITS FOR SPECIAL RELIEF.

No. 99.

FOR RESCISSION OF A CONTRACT ON THE GROUND OF MISTAKE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , the defendant represented to the plaintiff that a certain piece of ground belonging to the defendant, situated at , contained [ten bighás].

2. That the plaintiff was thereby induced to purchase the same at the price of rupees in the belief that the said representation was true, and signed an instrument of agreement, of which a copy is hereto annexed. But no conveyance of the same has been executed to him.

3. That on the day of 18 , the plaintiff paid the defendant rupees as part of such purchase-money.

4. That the said piece of ground contained in fact only [five bighás].

The plaintiff prays judgment:

- (1) For rupees, with interest from the day of 18 ;
- (2) That the said agreement of purchase be delivered up and cancelled.

No. 100.

FOR AN INJUNCTION RESTRAINING WASTE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That plaintiff is the absolute owner of [describe the property].

2. That the defendant is in possession of the same under a lease from the plaintiff.

3. That the defendant has [cut down a number of valuable trees, and threatens to cut down many more for the purpose of sale] without the consent of the plaintiff.

The plaintiff prays judgment, that the defendant be restrained by injunction from committing or permitting any further waste on the said premises.

[Pecuniary compensation might also be prayed.]

No. 101.

FOR ABATEMENT OF A NUISANCE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That plaintiff is, and at all the times hereinafter mentioned was, the absolute owner of [the house No. , street, Calcutta].

2. That the defendant is, and at all the said times was, the absolute owner of a plot of ground in the same street]

3. That on the day of 18 , the defendant erected upon his said lot a slaughter-house, and still maintains the same; and from that day until the present time has continually caused cattle to be brought and killed there [and has caused the blood and offal to be thrown into the street opposite the said house of the plaintiff].

4. That [the plaintiff has been compelled, by reason of the premises, to abandon the said house, and has been unable to rent the same].

• The plaintiff prays judgment, that the said nuisance be abated. •

No. 102.

FOR AN INJUNCTION AGAINST THE DIVERSION OF A WATER-COURSE

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

[As in No 81.]

The Plaintiff prays judgment, that the defendant be restrained by injunction from diverting the water as aforesaid.

No. 103.

FOR RESTORATION OF MOVEABLE PROPERTY, THREATENED WITH DESTRUCTION, AND FOR AN INJUNCTION.

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That plaintiff is, and at all times hereinafter mentioned was, the owner of a portrait of his grandfather, which was executed by an eminent painter, and of which no duplicate exists [or state any facts showing that the property is of a kind that cannot be replaced by money].

2. That on the day of 18 , he deposited the same for safe-keeping with the defendant.

3. That on the day of 18 , he demanded the same from the defendant, and offered to pay all reasonable charges for the storage of the same.

4. That the defendant refuses to deliver the same to the plaintiff, and threatens to conceal, dispose of, cut or injure the same if required to deliver it up.

5. That no pecuniary compensation would be an adequate compensation to the plaintiff for the loss of the said painting.

The plaintiff prays judgment:

(1) That the defendant be restrained by injunction from disposing of, injuring, or concealing the said [painting];

(2) That he return the same to the plaintiff.

No. 104.

INTERPLEADER.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That before the date of the claims hereinafter mentioned, one *G. H.* deposited with the plaintiff [describe the property] for [safe keeping].

2. That the defendant, *C. D.*, claims the same [under an alleged assignment thereof to him from the said *G. H.*]

3. That the defendant, *E. F.*, also claims the same [under an order of the said *G. H.* transferring the same to him].

4. That the plaintiff is ignorant of the respective rights of the defendants.

5. That he has no claim upon the said property, and is ready and willing to deliver it to such persons as the Court shall direct.

6. That this suit is not brought by collusion with either of the defendants.

The plaintiff prays judgment :

- (1) That the defendants be restrained, by injunction, from taking any proceedings against the plaintiff in relation thereto;
- (2) That they be required to interplead together concerning their claims to the said property;
- [(3) That some person be authorized to receive the said property pending such litigation];
- (4) That upon delivering the same to such [person], the plaintiff be discharged from all liability to either of the defendants in relation thereto.

No. 105.

ADMINISTRATION BY CREDITOR.

(Title)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

1. *E. F.*, late of _____, was at the time of his death, and his estate still is, indebted to the plaintiff in the sum of [here insert nature of debt and security, if any].

2. The said *E. F.* made his Will, dated the _____ day of _____ and thereof appointed *C. D.* executor [or, devised his estate in trust, &c., or, died intestate, as the case may be].

3. The said Will was proved by the said *C. D.* [or, letters of administration were granted, &c.].

4. The defendant has possessed himself of the moveable [and immoveable, or, the proceeds of the immoveable] property of the said *E. F.*, and has not paid the plaintiff his said debt.

5. The said *E. F.* died on or about the _____ day of _____

6. The plaintiff prays that an account may be taken of the moveable [and immoveable] property of the said *E. F.*, deceased, and that the same may be administered under the decree of the Court.

No. 106.

ADMINISTRATION BY SPECIFIC LEGATEES

(Title.)

[Alter Form 105 thus :—]

[Omit paragraph 1 and commence paragraph 2] *E. F.*, late of _____, duly made his last Will, dated the _____ day of _____ and thereof appointed *C. D.* executor, and by such Will bequeathed to the plaintiff [here state the specific legacy].

For paragraph 4, substitute—

The defendant is in possession of the moveable property of the said *E. F.*, and, amongst other things, of the said [here name the subject of the specific bequest].

For the commencement of paragraph 6 substitute—

The plaintiff prays that the defendant may be ordered to deliver to him the said [here name the subject of the specific bequest] or that, &c.

No. 107.

ADMINISTRATION BY PECUNIARY LEGATEES.

(Title.)

[Alter Form 105 thus :—].

[Omit paragraph 1 and substitute for paragraph 2] *E. F.*, late of _____, duly made his last Will, dated the _____ day of _____, and thereof appointed *C. D.* executor, and by such Will bequeathed to the plaintiff a legacy of rupees _____

In paragraph 4, substitute "legacy" for "debt."

Another Form.

Between *E. F.* *Plaintiff,*
 and
G. H. *Defendant.*

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

1. *A. B.* of *K* in the duly made his last Will, dated the [first day of March 1873], whereby he appointed the defendant and *M. N.* [who died in the testator's life-time] executors thereof, and bequeathed his property, whether moveable or immoveable, to his executors in trust, to pay the rents and income thereof to the plaintiff for his life; and after his decease, and in default of his having a son who should attain twenty-one, or a daughter who should attain that age or marry, upon trust as to his immoveable property for the person who would be the testator's heir-at-law, and as to his moveable property for the persons who would be the testator's next-of-kin if he had died intestate at the time of the death of the plaintiff, and such failure of his issue as aforesaid.

2. The testator died on the [first day of July 1873], and his Will was proved by the defendant on the [fourth of October 1873]. The plaintiff has not been married.

3. The testator was at his death entitled to moveable and immoveable property; the defendant entered into the receipt of the rents of the immoveable property and got in the moveable property; he has sold some part of the immoveable property.

The plaintiff claims—

(1) To have the moveable and immoveable property of *A. B.* administered in this Court, and for that purpose to have all proper directions given and accounts taken.

(2) Such further or other relief as the nature of the case may require.

Between *E. F.* *Plaintiff,*
 and
G. H. *Defendant.*

Written Statement of Defendant.

1. *A. B.*'s Will contained a charge of debts; he died insolvent; he was entitled at his death to some immoveable property which the defendant sold, and which produced the nett sum of rupees and the testator had some moveable property which the defendant got in, and which produced the nett sum of rupees.

2. The defendant applied the whole of the said sums and the sum of rupees which the defendant received from rents of the immoveable property in the payment of the funeral and testamentary expenses and some of the debts of the testator.

3. The defendant made up his accounts and sent a copy thereof to the plaintiff on the [tenth of January 1875], and offered the plaintiff free access to the vouchers to verify such accounts, but he declined to avail himself of the defendant's offer.

4. The defendant submits that the plaintiff ought to pay the costs of this suit.

No. 108.

EXECUTION OF TRUSTS.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Regular No.

A. B. of *Plaintiff,*

against

C. D. of the beneficiary [or, one

of the beneficiaries], *Defendant.*

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

1. That he is one of the trustees under an instrument of settlement bearing date on or about the day of made upon the marriage of the said *E. F.* and *G. H.* the father and mother of the defendant [or, an instrument of assignment of the estate and effects of *E. F.* for the benefit of *C. D.*, the defendant, and other the creditors of *E. F.*].

2. The said *A. B.* has taken upon himself the burden of the said trust, and is in possession of [or, of the proceeds of] the moveable and immoveable property conveyed [or assigned] by the before-mentioned deed.

3. The said *C. D.* claims to be entitled to a beneficial interest under the before-mentioned deed.

4. The plaintiff is desirous to account for all the rents and profits of the said immoveable property [and the proceeds of the sale of the said, or of part of the said, immoveable property, or moveable, or the proceeds of the sale of, or of part of, the said moveable, property, or the profits accruing to the plaintiff as such trustee in the execution of the said trust]; and he prays that the Court will take the accounts of the said trust, and also that the whole of the said trust estate may be administered in the Court for the benefit of the said *C. D.*, the defendant, and all other persons who may be interested in such administration, in the presence of the said *C. D.* and such other persons so interested as the Court may direct, or that the said *C. D.* may shew good cause to the contrary.

N. B.—Where the suit is by a beneficiary, the plaint may be modelled, mutatis mutandis, on the plaint by a legatee.]

No. 109.

FORECLOSURE OR SALE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. By an instrument of mortgage bearing date on or about the day of 18 , a house with the garden and appurtenances, situated within the jurisdiction of this Court, were conveyed [or assigned] by the defendant to him the plaintiff, his heirs [or executors, administrators.] and assigns, for securing the principal sum of Rs. together with interest thereon after the rate of Rs. per centum per annum, subject to redemption upon payment by the said defendant of the said principal and interest at a day long since past.

2. There is now due from the defendant to the plaintiff the sum of Rs. for principal and interest on the said mortgage.

3. The plaintiff prays (a) that the Court will order the defendant to pay him the said sum of Rs. , with such further interest as may accrue between the filing of the plaint and the day of payment, and also the costs of this suit, on some day to be named by the Court, and in default that the equity of redemption of the said mortgaged premises may be foreclosed and the plaintiff placed in possession of the same premises; or (b) that the said premises may be sold, and the proceeds applied in and towards the payment of the amount of the said principal, interest and costs; and (c) that if such proceeds shall not be sufficient for the payment in full of such amount, the defendant do pay to the plaintiff the amount of the deficiency with interest thereon at the rate of six per cent. per annum until realization; and (d) that for that purpose all proper directions may be given and accounts taken by the Court.

No 110.

REDEMPTION.

(Title.)

[Alter Form 109 thus.—]

Transpose parties and also the facts in paragraph 1.

or paragraph 2, substitute—

2. There is now due from the plaintiff to the defendant, for principal and interest on the said mortgage, the sum of Rs. which the plaintiff is ready and willing to pay to the defendant, of which the defendant, before filing this plaint, had notice

For paragraph 3, substitute—

The plaintiff prays that he may redeem the said premises and that the defendant may be ordered to re-convey [or re-assign] the same to him upon payment of the said sum of Rs. and interest, with such costs (if any), as the Court may order upon a day to be named by the Court, and that the Court will give all proper directions for the preparation and execution of such re-conveyance [or assignment], and doing such other acts as may be necessary to put him into possession of the said premises, freed from the said mortgage.

No. 111.

SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE. (No. 1).

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. By an agreement dated the day of and signed by the above-named defendant, *C. D.*, he the said *C. D.* contracted to buy of [or sell to] him certain immoveable property, therein described and referred to, for the sum of Rs. .

2. He has applied to the said *C. D.* specifically to perform the said agreement on his part, but he has not done so.

3. The said *A. B.* has been and still is ready and willing specifically to perform the agreement on his part, of which the said *C. D.* has had notice.

4. The plaintiff prays that the Court will order the said *A. B.* specifically to perform the said agreement, and to do all acts necessary to put the said *A. B.* in full possession of the said property [or to accept a conveyance and possession of the said property] and to pay the costs of the suit.

[*N. B.*—In suit for delivery up, to be cancelled, of any agreement, omit paragraphs 2 and 3, and substitute a paragraph stating generally the grounds for requiring the agreement to be delivered up to be cancelled, such as that the plaintiff signed it by mistake, under distress, or by the fraud of the defendant, and alter the prayer according to the relief sought.]

No. 112.

SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE. (No. 2).

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , the defendant was absolutely entitled to certain immoveable property described in the agreement hereto annexed.

2. That on the same day, the plaintiff and defendant entered into an agreement, under their hands, a copy of which is hereto annexed.

3. That on the day of 18 , the plaintiff tendered rupees to the defendant, and demanded a conveyance of the said property.

4. That on the day of 18 , the plaintiff again demanded such conveyance. [Or, that the defendant refused to convey the same to the plaintiff.]

5. That the defendant has not executed such conveyance.

6. That the plaintiff is still ready and willing to pay the purchase-money of the said property to the defendant.

The plaintiff prays judgment:

(1) That the defendant execute to the plaintiff a sufficient conveyance of the said property [following the terms of the agreement]

(2) For rupees compensation for withholding the same.

No. 113.

PARTNERSHIP.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. He and the said *C. D.*, the defendant, have been for the space of years [or months] last past carrying on business together at within the jurisdiction of this Court, under certain articles of partnership in writing, signed by them respectively, [or, under a certain deed sealed and executed by them respectively, or, under a verbal agreement between them, the said plaintiff and defendant].

2. Divers disputes and differences have arisen between the plaintiff and defendant as such partners, whereby it has become impossible to carry on the said business in partnership with advantage to the partners.

3. The plaintiff desires to have the said partnership dissolved, and he is ready and willing to bear his share of the debts and obligations of the partnership according to the terms of the said articles [or deed, or agreement].

4. The plaintiff prays the Court to decree a dissolution of the said partnership, and that the accounts of the said partnership trading may be taken by the Court, and the assets thereof realized, and that each party may be ordered to pay into Court any balance due from him upon such partnership-account, and that the debts and liabilities of the said partnership may be paid and discharged, and that the costs of the suit may be paid out of the partnership-assets, and that any balance remaining of such assets, after such payment and discharge, and the payment of the said costs, may be divided between the plaintiff and defendant, according to the terms of the said articles [or deed, or agreement], or that, if the said assets shall prove insufficient, be the plaintiff and the said defendant may be ordered to contribute in such proportions as shall be just to a fund to be raised for the payment and discharge of such debts, liabilities and costs. And to give such other relief as the Court shall think fit.

This plaint was filed by of
Pleader for the plaintiff, or by

[*N. B.*—In suits for winding-up of any partnership, omit the prayer for dissolution: but instead thereof insert a paragraph stating the fact of the partnership having been dissolved.]

No. 114.

FORMS OF CONCISE STATEMENTS.

[Code of Civil Procedure, section 58.]

Money lent.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for money lent [and interest].
Several demands.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs., whereof rs. is for the price of
Rent.	goods sold, and	rs. for interest.
Salary, &c.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for money lent, and
	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for arrears of rent.
	may be].	rs. for arrears of salary as a clerk [or, as the case
Interest.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for interest upon money lent.
General average.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a general average contribution.
Freight, &c.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for freight and demurrage.
Banker's balance.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for money deposited with the defendant as a
Fees, &c., as pleader.	banker.	rs. for fees for work done [and rs.
Commission.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for commission earned as [state character, as
	money expended] as a pleader.	rs. for medical attendances.
	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a return of premiums paid upon policies
Medical attendance, &c.	auctioneer, cotton-broker, &c.].	rs. for the warehousing of goods.
Return of premium.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for the carriage of goods by railway.
Warehouse rent.	of insurance.	rs. for the use and occupation of a house.
Carriage of goods.	The plaintiff's claim is	
Use and occupation of houses.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for the hire of [furniture].
Hire of goods.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for work done as a [surveyor].
Work done.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for board and lodging.
Board and lodging.	The plaintiff's claim is	
Schooling.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for the [board, lodging and] tuition of X. Y.
Money received.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for money received by the defendant as pleader
Fees of office.	[or factor, or collector, or, &c.] of the plaintiff.	rs. for fees received by the defendant under colour
	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a return of money overcharged for the car-
Money over-paid.	of the office of	rs. for a return of fees overcharged by the defend-
	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a return of money deposited with the defend-
	riage of goods by railway.	
	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for money entrusted to the defendant as stake-
	ant as	rs. for a return of money entrusted to the defendant
Return of money by stake-holder.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a return of money obtained from the plain-
Money won from stake-holder.	ant as stake-holder.	rs. for a return of money paid to the defendant by
Money entrusted to agent.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a return of money paid to the defendant for
Money obtained by fraud.	as agent of the plaintiff.	rs. upon a bill of exchange accepted [or indorsed]
	The plaintiff's claim is	
	tiff by fraud.	rs. for a contribution in respect of money paid by
Money paid by mistake.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a contribution in respect of a joint debt of
Money paid for consideration which has failed.	mistake.	rs. for money paid for calls upon shares, against
	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for money payable under an award.
	[work to be done, or work left undone; or, a bill to be taken up, or, a bill not taken up, or, &c.]	rs. upon a policy of insurance upon the life of X. Y.,
	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. upon a bond to secure payment of
	shares to be allotted.	rs. upon a judgment of the Court in
Money paid by surety for defendant.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. upon a cheque drawn by the defendant.
Rent paid.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. upon a bill of exchange accepted [or drawn, or
Money paid on accommodation-bill.	for the defendant's accommodation.	rs. upon a promissory note made [or indorsed] by
Contribution by surety.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. against the defendant, A. B., as acceptor, and
By co-debtor.	the plaintiff as surety.	rs. against the defendant as surety for the price of
	The plaintiff's claim is	
	the plaintiff and the defendant, paid by the	
Money paid for calls.	which the defendant was bound to indemnify the plaintiff.	
Money payable under award.	The plaintiff's claim is	
Life-policy.	The plaintiff's claim is	
	deceased.	
Money-bond.	The plaintiff's claim is	
	rs. and interest.	
Foreign judgment.	The plaintiff's claim is	
Bills of exchange, &c.	[the Empire of Russia].	
	The plaintiff's claim is	
	The plaintiff's claim is	
	indorsed] by the defendant.	
	The plaintiff's claim is	
	the defendant.	
	The plaintiff's claim is	
	against the defendant, C. D., as drawer [or indorser] of a bill of exchange.	
Surety.	The plaintiff's claim is	
	goods sold.	

The plaintiff's claim is rs. against the defendant, *A. B.*, as principal, and against the defendant, *C. D.*, as surety, for the price of goods sold [or for arrears of rent, or for money lent, or for money received by the defendant, *A. B.*, as traveller for the plaintiff, or, &c.].

Calls. The plaintiff's claim is rs. for calls upon shares.

Indorsement for costs, &c.

[Add to the above Forms] and rs. for costs; and if the amount claimed be paid to the plaintiff or his pleader within days [or, if the summons is to be served out of the jurisdiction, insert the time for appearance limited by the order] from the service hereof, further proceedings will be stayed.

Damages and other claims.

Agent, &c.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to employ the plaintiff as traveller. The plaintiff's claim is for damages for wrongful dismissal from the defendant's employment as traveller [and rs. for arrears of wages]. The plaintiff's claim is for damages for the defendant's wrongfully quitting the plaintiff's employment as manager. The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of duty as factor [or, &c.,] of the plaintiff [and rs. for money received as factor, or &c.].
Apprentices.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of the terms of a deed of apprenticeship of <i>X. Y.</i> to the defendant [or plaintiff].
Arbitration.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for non-compliance with the award of <i>X. Y.</i>
Assault, &c.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for assault [and false imprisonment, and for malicious prosecution].
By husband and wife.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for assault and false imprisonment of the plaintiff, <i>C. D.</i>
Against husband and wife.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for assault by the defendant, <i>C. D.</i>
Pleader.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for injury by the defendant's negligence as pleader of the plaintiff.
Bailment.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for negligence in the custody of goods [and for wrongfully detaining the same].
Pledge.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for negligence in the keeping of goods pawned [and for wrongfully detaining the same]
Hire.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for negligence in the custody of furniture [or, a carriage] lent on hire, [and for wrongfully, &c.].
Banker.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for wrongfully neglecting [or refusing] to pay the plaintiff's cheque.
Bill.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to accept the plaintiff's drafts.
Bond.	The plaintiff's claim is upon a bond conditioned not to carry on the trade of a
Carrier.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for refusing to carry the plaintiff's goods by railway. The plaintiff's claim is for damages for refusing to carry the plaintiff by railway. The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of duty in and about the carriage and delivery of coals by railway. The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of duty in and about the carriage and delivery of machinery by sea.
Charter-party.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of charter-party of ship [<i>Mary</i>].
Claim for return of goods; damages.	The plaintiff's claim is for return of household furniture, [or, &c.,] or their value, and for damages for detaining the same.
Damages for depriving of goods.	The plaintiff's claim is for wrongfully depriving plaintiff of goods, household furniture, &c.
Defamation.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for libel.
Wrongful distress.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for slander. The plaintiff's claim is for damages for improperly distraining.

[This Form shall be sufficient whether the distress complained of be wrongful or excessive, or irregular.]

Ejectment.	The plaintiff's claim is to recover possession of a house, No. in Street, or of a farm called Blackacre, situate in the of in the of
To establish title and recover rents.	The plaintiff's claim is to establish his title to [here describe property] and to recover the rents thereof.

[The two previous Forms may be combined].

Fishery.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for infringement of the plaintiff's right of fishing.
Fraud.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for fraudulent misrepresentation on the sale of a horse [or a business, or shares, or, &c.]. The plaintiff's claim is for damages for fraudulent misrepresentation of the credit of <i>A. B.</i>
Guarantee.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract of guarantee for <i>A. B.</i> The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to indemnify the plaintiff as the defendant's agent to distrain.
Insurance.	The plaintiff's claim is for a loss under a policy upon the ship [<i>Royal Charter</i>], and freight of cargo [or for return of premiums].

[This Form shall be sufficient whether the loss claimed be total or partial.]

Fire insurance	The plaintiff's claim is for a loss under a policy of fire insurance upon house and furniture. The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to insure a house. The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to keep a house in repair.
Landlord and tenant.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breaches of covenants contained in a lease of a farm.
Medical man.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for injury to the plaintiff from the defendant's negligence as a medical man.

Mischivous animal.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for injury by the defendant's dog.
Negligence.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for injury to the plaintiff by the negligent driving of the defendant or his servants.
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for injury to the plaintiff while a passenger on the defendant's railway by the negligence of the defendant's servants.
Act XIII of 1855.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for injury to the plaintiff at the defendant's railway-station from the defective condition of the station.
	The plaintiff's claim is as executor of <i>A. B.</i> deceased, for damages for the death of the said <i>A. B.</i> , from injuries received while a passenger on the defendant's railway, by the negligence of the defendant's servants.
Promise of marriage.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of promise of marriage.
Sale of goods.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of contract to accept and pay for goods.
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for non-delivery [<i>or</i> short delivery, <i>or</i> defective quality, <i>or</i> other breach of contract of sale] of cotton [<i>or</i> , &c.].
Sale of goods.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of warranty of a horse.
Sale of land.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to sell [<i>or</i> purchase] land.
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to let [<i>or</i> take] a house.
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to sell [<i>or</i> purchase] the lease, with good-will, fixtures, and stock-in-trade of a public-house.
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of covenant for title [<i>or</i> for quiet enjoyment, <i>or</i> , &c.] in a conveyance of land.
Trespass on land.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for wrongfully entering the plaintiff's land and drawing water from his well [<i>or</i> cutting his grass, <i>or</i> felling his timber, <i>or</i> pulling down his fences, <i>or</i> removing his gate, <i>or</i> using his road or path, <i>or</i> crossing his field, <i>or</i> depositing sand there, <i>or</i> carrying away gravel from thence, <i>or</i> carrying away stones from his river].
Support.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for wrongfully taking away the support of plaintiff's land [<i>or</i> house, <i>or</i> mine].
Way.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for wrongfully obstructing a way [public highway, <i>or</i> private, way].
Water-course, &c.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for wrongfully diverting [<i>or</i> obstructing, <i>or</i> polluting, <i>or</i> diverting water from] a water-course.
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for wrongfully discharging water upon the plaintiff's land [<i>or</i> into the plaintiff's mine].
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for wrongfully obstructing the plaintiff's use of a well.
Pasture.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for the infringement of the plaintiff's right of pasture.

[*This Form shall be sufficient whatever the nature of the right to pasture be.*]

Patent.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for obstructing the access of light to plaintiff's house.
Copy-right.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for the infringement of the plaintiff's patent.
Trade-mark.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for the infringement of the plaintiff's copy-right.
Work.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for wrongfully using [<i>or</i> imitating] the plaintiff's trade-mark.
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to build a ship [<i>or</i> to repair a house, &c.].
Nuisance.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to employ the plaintiff to build a ship, &c.
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages to his house, trees, crops, &c., caused by noxious vapours from the defendant's factory [<i>or</i> , &c.].
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages from nuisance by noise from the defendant's works [<i>or</i> stables, <i>or</i> , &c.].
Injunction.	[<i>Add to indorsement</i>] :—and for an injunction.
	[<i>Add to indorsement where claim is to land, or to establish title, or both</i>] :—
Mesne profits.	and for mesne profits.
Arrears of rent.	and for an account of rents or arrears of rent.
Breach of covenant.	and for breach of covenant for [repairs].

1. Creditor to administer Estate.

The plaintiff's claim is as a creditor of *X. Y.*, of _____ deceased, to have the moveable and immoveable property of the said *X. Y.* administered. The defendant, *C. D.*, is sued as the administrator of the said *X. Y.*, [and the defendants, *E. F.* and *G. H.*, as his coheirs at law.]

2. Legatee to administer Estate.

The plaintiff's claim is as a legatee under the will dated the _____ day of _____ 18____ of *X. Y.*, deceased, to have the moveable and immoveable property of the said *X. Y.* administered. The defendant, *C. D.*, is sued as the executor of the said *X. Y.* [and the defendants, *E. F.* and *G. H.*, as his devisees].

3. Partnership.

The plaintiff's claim is to have an account taken of the partnership dealings between the plaintiff and defendant [under articles of partnership dated the _____ day of _____], and to have the affairs of the partnership wound up.

4. By mortgages.

The plaintiff's claim is to have an account taken of what is due to him for principal, interest and costs on a mortgage dated the _____ day of _____, made between [parties] [*or*, by deposit of title-deeds], and that the mortgage may be enforced by foreclosure or sale.

5. *By mortgagor.*

The plaintiff's claim is to have an account taken of what, if anything, is due on a mortgage dated _____ and made between [parties], and to redeem the property comprised therein.

6. *Raising Portions.*

The plaintiff's claim is that the sum of _____ rs. which by an indenture of settlement, dated _____, was provided for the portions of the younger children of _____ may be raised.

7. *Execution of Trusts.*

The plaintiff's claim is to have the trusts of an indenture dated _____ and made between [parties] carried into execution.

8. *Cancellation, or Rectification.*

The plaintiff's claim is to have a deed dated _____ and made between [parties] set aside or rectified.

9. *Specific Performance.*

The plaintiff's claim is for specific performance of an agreement dated the _____ day of _____ for the sale by the plaintiff to the defendant of certain [freehold] hereditaments at _____

No. 115.

PROBATE.

1. *By an executor or legatee propounding a will in solemn form.*

The plaintiff claims to be executor of the last will dated the _____ day of _____ of C. W. late of _____ deceased, who died on the _____ day of _____ and to have the said will established. This summons is issued against you as one of the next-of-kin of the said deceased [or, as the case may be].

2. *By an executor or legatee of a former will, or a next-of-kin, &c., of the deceased seeking to obtain the revocation of a probate granted in common form.*

The plaintiff claims to be executor of the last will dated the _____ day of _____ of C. D., late of _____ deceased, who died on the _____ day of _____ and to have the probate of a pretended will of the said deceased, dated the _____ day of _____ revoked. This summons is issued against you as the executor of the said pretended will [or, as the case may be].

3. *By an executor or legatee of a will when letters of administration have been granted as in an intestacy.*

The plaintiff claims to be executor of the last will of C. D., late of _____ deceased, who died on the _____ day of _____ dated the _____ day of _____ The plaintiff claims that the grant of letters of administration of the estate of the said deceased obtained by you should be revoked, and probate of the said will granted to him.

4. *By a person claiming a grant of administration as a next-of-kin of the deceased, but whose interest as next-of-kin is disputed.*

The plaintiff claims to be the brother and sole next-of-kin of C. D. of _____ deceased, who died on the _____ day of _____ intestate, and to have as such a grant of administration to the personal estate of the said intestate. This writ is issued against you because you have entered a caveat, and have alleged that you are the sole next-of-kin of the deceased [or, as the case may be].

Indorsements of character of Parties.

The plaintiff's claim is as executor [or administrator] of C. D., deceased, for, &c.

The plaintiff's claim is against the defendant, A. B., as executor [or, &c.] of C. D., deceased, for, &c.

The plaintiff's claim is against the defendant, A. B., as executor of X. Y. deceased, and against the defendant, C. D., in his personal capacity, for, &c.

The claim of the plaintiff, C. D., is as executrix of X. Y., deceased, and the claim of the plaintiff, A. B., as her husband, for _____

By husband
and wife-
executrix.
Trustees.

The plaintiff's claim is as [or, the plaintiff's claim is against the defendant as] trustee under the will of A. B. [or under the settlement upon the marriage of A. B. and X. Y. his wife].

Public officer.

The plaintiff's claim is as public officer of the _____ Bank, for _____ The plaintiff's claim is against the defendant as public officer of the _____ Bank, for _____

The plaintiff's claim is against the defendant, A. B., as principal, and against the defendant, C. D., as public officer, of the _____ Bank, as surety, for _____

Heir and
devisee.

The plaintiff's claim is against the defendant as heir-at-law of A. B., deceased.

The plaintiff's claim is against the defendant, C. D., as heir-at-law, and against the defendant, K. F., as devisee, of lands under the will of A. B.

F.—MISCELLANEOUS.

No. 116.

Section 58 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Court of the of holden at
 REGISTER OF CIVIL SUITS in the year 18 .

Date of presentation of plaint.	No. of Suit.	PLAINTIFF.			DEFENDANT.			CLAIM.			APPEARANCE.			JUDGMENT.			APPEAL.			EXECUTION.					RETURN OF EXECUTION.			
		Name.	Description.	Place of abode.	Name.	Description.	Place of abode.	Particulars.	Amount or value.	When the Cause of Action accrued.	Day for parties to appear.	Plaintiff.	Defendant.	Date.	For whom.	For what, or amount.	Date of Appeal.	Judgment in Appeal.	Date of application.	Date of Order.	Against whom.	For what, and amount of money.	Amount of Costs.	Amount paid into Court.	Arrested.	Minute of other Return than payment of Arrest, and date of every Return.		

No. 117.

SUMMONS FOR DISPOSAL OF SUIT.

Sections 64 and 68 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

To

dwelling at

WHEREAS

has instituted a suit against you for
you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person
or by a duly authorized Pleader of the Court, duly instructed,
and able to answer all material questions relating to the
suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able
to answer all such questions, on

the day of 18, at o'clock
in the forenoon, to answer the above-named plaintiff; and
as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the
final disposal of the suit, you must be prepared to produce
all your witnesses on that day; and you are hereby required
to take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day
before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in
your absence; and you will bring with you, or send by your
Pleader, which the
plaintiff desires to inspect, and any documents on which you
intend to rely in support of your defence.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court this
day of 18.

L. S.

Judge.

NOTICE.—1. Should you appear and your witnesses will not attend of
their own accord, you can have subpoenas from this
Court to compel the attendance of any witness, and the
production of any document that you have a right to
call upon the witness to produce, on applying to the
Court at any time before the trial, on your depositing
their necessary subsistence-money.
2. If you admit the demand, you should pay the money into
Court with the costs of the suit, to avoid the summary
execution of the decree, which may be against your
person or property, or both, if necessary.

NOTE.—If written statements are required, say—You are (or such a party is, as the case may be)
required to put in a written statement by the day of

No. 118.

SUMMONS FOR SETTLEMENT OF ISSUES.

Sections 64 and 68 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

To

dwelling at

WHEREAS

has instituted a suit against you for
you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person
or by a duly authorized Pleader of the Court, duly
instructed, and able to answer all material questions
relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some
other person able to answer all such questions, on
the day of 18, at o'clock in the
forenoon, to answer the above-named plaintiff; and you are
hereby required to take notice that, in default of your
appearance on the day before mentioned, the issues will be
settled in your absence; and you will bring with you, or send
by your Pleader, which the plaintiff desires
to inspect, and any document on which you intend to rely
in support of your defence.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court this
day of 18.

L. S.

Judge.

Should you appear and your witnesses will not
attend of their own accord, you can have
subpoenas from this Court to compel the attend-
ance of any witness, and the production of
any document that you have a right to call on
the witness to produce, on applying to the Court
at any time before the trial, on your depositing
their necessary subsistence-money.
2. If you admit the demand, you should pay the
money into Court with the costs of the suit,
to avoid the summary execution of the decree,
which may be against your person or property,
or both, if necessary.

NOTE

NOTE.—If written statements are required, say—You are (or such a party is, as the case may be)
required to put in a written statement by the day of

No. 119.

SUMMONS TO APPEAR.

Section 68 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

NO. OF SUIT.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Plaintiff.

Defendant.

To

(Name, description and address.)

WHEREAS [here enter the name, description and address of the plaintiff] has instituted a suit in this Court against you [here state the particulars of the claim as in the register]: you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person on the day of at in the forenoon [If not specially required to appear in person, state—"in person or by a pleader of the Court duly instructed and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions"] to answer the above-named plaintiff. [If the summons be for the final disposal of the suit, this further direction shall be added here; "and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must be prepared to produce all your witnesses on that day"]; and you are hereby required to take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence; and you will bring with you (or send by your agent) [here mention any document the production of which may be required by the plaintiff] which the plaintiff desires to inspect, and any document on which you intend to rely in support of your defence.

No. 120.

ORDER FOR TRANSMISSION OF SUMMONS FOR SERVICE IN THE JURISDICTION OF ANOTHER COURT.

Section 85 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

The day of 18 .

WHEREAS it is stated in the plaint that , the defendant in the above suit is at present residing in , but that the right to sue accrued within the jurisdiction of this Court: it is ordered that a summons returnable on the day of 18 be forwarded for service on the said defendant, to the Court of with a duplicate of this proceeding.

L. S.

Judge.

No. 121.

TO ACCOMPANY RETURN OF SUMMONS OF ANOTHER COURT.

Section 85 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil suit No. of 18 .

The day of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

Read proceeding from the forwarding in
for service on
Civil No. of that Court.

Read bailiff's endorsement on the back of the process stating that the and proof of the above having been duly taken by me on the [oath or] affirmation of and it is ordered that the be returned to the with a copy of this proceeding.

L. S.

Judge.

NOTE.—This form will be applicable to process other than summons, the service of which may have to be effected in the same manner.

No. 123.

DEFENDANT'S STATEMENT.

Section 110 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

I, the undersigned defendant [or one of the defendants], disclaim all interest under the will of the said *E. F.* in the plaint named [or, as heir-at-law of, or, as next-of-kin, or one of the next-of-kin, of *E. F.*, deceased, in the said plaint named].

Or, I the undersigned defendant state, that I admit [or deny] [*here repeat in the language of the plaint the statements admitted or denied*].

Or, I the undersigned defendant submit that, upon the facts stated in the plaint, it does not appear that there is any agreement which can be legally enforced [or, that it appears upon the said plaint that I am jointly liable with one *E. F.*, who is not a party to the suit, and not severally liable as by the plaint appears, or, that it appears by the said plaint that *G. H.* should have been a joint plaintiff with the said *A. B.* in the said suit, or, as the case may be].

Or, that the plaintiff has conveyed [or assigned] his interest in the said mortgage [or equity of redemption] to one *I. J.* [or, that I have conveyed or assigned to *H. L.* by way of further charge for securing the sum of Rs. , the equity of redemption in the property sought by the suit to be foreclosed].

Or, that since the dissolution of the partnership the plaintiff has executed an instrument, whereby the plaintiff covenants to discharge all debts and liabilities of the partnership, and generally to release me from all claims and liabilities either by or to himself and others in respect of the said partnership trading [or, as the case may be].

(Signed) *C. D.*,

Defendant.

No. 123.

INTERROGATORIES.

Section 121 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18

A. B.

against

C. D., *E. F.* and *G. H.*

Interrogatories on behalf of the above-named *A. B.* [or *C. D.*] for the examination of the above-named [*E. F.* and *G. H.*, or *A. B.*].

1. Did not &c.

2. Has not &c.

The defendant *E. F.* is required to answer the interrogatories numbered

The defendant *G. H.* is required to answer the interrogatories numbered

No. 124.

FORM OF NOTICE TO PRODUCE DOCUMENTS.

Section 131 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18

A. B.

against

C. D.

Take notice that the plaintiff [or defendant] requires you to produce for his inspection the following documents referred to in your plaint [or written statement, or affidavit], dated the day of 18

Describe documents required.

X. Y. Pleader for the plaintiff [or the defendant].To *Z.*

Pleader for the defendant [or plaintiff].

No. 125.

SUMMONS TO ATTEND AND GIVE EVIDENCE.

Sections 159 and 163 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

To

WHEREAS your attendance is required to on behalf of the in the above cause, you are hereby required [personally to appear before this Court] on the day of 18 , at the hour of A. M. [and] to bring with you or to send to this Court

A sum of Rs. , being your travelling and other expenses and subsistence-allowance for one day, is herewith sent. If you do not comply with this order, you will be subject to the consequence of non-attendance laid down in the Code of Civil Procedure, section 170.

Notice—(1). If you are summoned only to produce a document and not to give evidence, you shall be deemed to have complied with the summons if you cause such document to be produced in this Court on the day and hour aforesaid.

(2). If you are to be detained beyond the day aforesaid, a sum of Rs. will be tendered to you for each day's attendance beyond the day specified.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 126.

SUMMONS TO ATTEND AND GIVE EVIDENCE.

Sections 159 and 163 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Another Form.

No. OF SUIT.

IN THE COURT OF AT

Plaintiff.

Defendant.

To (Name, description and address.)

You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person on the day of at in the forenoon, to give evidence on behalf of the plaintiff [or the defendant] in the above-mentioned suit, and to produce [here describe with convenient certainty any document the production of which may be required. If the summons be only to give evidence, or if it be only to produce a document, it must be expressed accordingly] and you are not to depart thence until you have been examined [or have produced the document] and the Court has risen, or unless you have obtained the leave of the Court.

FORMS OF DECREES.

No. 127.

SIMPLE MONEY-DECREE.

(Title.)

Claim for

THIS cause coming on for final disposal before in the presence of , on the part of the plaintiff, and on the part of the defendant, it is ordered that the do pay to the sum of Rs. , with interest thereon at the rate of per cent. per from to the date of realization of the said sum, and do also pay to the the costs of this suit as taxed by the officer of the Court, with interest thereon at the rate aforesaid from the date of taxation to the date of realization.

Costs of suit.

PLAINTIFF.				DEFENDANT.			
	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.
1. Stamp for plaint	...			Stamp for power	...		
2. Do. for power	...			Do. petition	...		
3. Do. exhibits	...			Pleader's fee	...		
4. Pleader's fees on Rs.	...			Subsistence for witnesses	...		
5. Translation fee	...			Service of process	...		
6. Subsistence for witness	...			Translation fee	...		
for attendance	...			Commissioner's fee	...		
7. Commissioner's fee	...						
8. Service of process	...						
9. &c.	...						
TOTAL	...			TOTAL	...		

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18

L. S.

Judge.

No. 128.

DECREE FOR SALE IN A SUIT BY A MORTGAGEE OR PERSON ENTITLED TO A LIEN.

(Title.)

It is ordered that it be referred to the Registrar [or Taxing Officer] to take an account of what is due to the plaintiff for principal and interest on the mortgage [or lien] mentioned in the plaint, and to tax the plaintiff's costs of this suit, and that the Registrar do certify to the Court on the day of what he shall find to be due for principal and interest as aforesaid, and for costs; And upon the defendant paying into Court what shall be certified to be due to the plaintiff for principal and interest as aforesaid, together with the said costs, within six months after the Registrar [or Taxing Officer] shall have presented his certificate; it is ordered that the plaintiff do reconvey the said mortgaged premises free and clear from all incumbrances done by him, or any claiming by, from, or under him, and do deliver up to the Registrar [or Taxing Officer] all deeds and writings in his custody or power relating thereto, and that upon such reconveyance being made, and deeds and writings being delivered up, the Registrar [or Taxing Officer] shall pay out to the plaintiff the said sum so paid in as aforesaid for principal, interest and costs; but in default of the defendant paying into Court such principal, interest and costs as aforesaid by the time aforesaid, then it is ordered that the said mortgaged premises [or the premises subject to the said lien] be sold with the approbation of the Registrar [or Taxing Officer]. And it is ordered that the money to arise by such sale be paid into Court, to the end that the same may be duly applied in payment of what shall be found due to the plaintiff for principal, interest and costs as aforesaid, and that the balance (if any) shall be paid to the defendant.

No. 129.

FINAL DECREE FOR FORECLOSURE.

(Title.)

Whereas it appears to the Court that the defendant has not paid into Court the sum which was on the day of last certified by the Registrar to be due to the Plaintiff for principal and interest upon the mortgage in the plaint mentioned, and for costs, pursuant to the order made in this suit on the day of last, and that the period of six months has elapsed since the said day of It is ordered that the Defendant do stand absolutely debarred and foreclosed of and from all equity of redemption of, in, and to, the said mortgaged premises.

No. 120.

PRELIMINARY ORDER—ADMINISTRATION SUIT.

Section 213 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

It is ordered that the following accounts and inquiries be taken and made; that is to say:—

In creditor's suit—

1. That an account be taken of what is due to the Plaintiff and all other the creditors of the deceased.

In suits by legatees—

2. An account be taken of the legacies given by the testator's will.

In suits by next-of-kin—

3. An inquiry be made and account taken of what, or of what share, if any, the plaintiff is entitled to as next-of-kin [or one of the next-of-kin] of the intestate.

[After the first paragraph, the Order will, where necessary, order, in a creditor's suit, inquiry and accounts for legatees, heirs-at-law, and next-of-kin. In suits by claimants other than creditors, after the first paragraph, in all cases, an order to inquire and take an account of creditors, will follow the first paragraph, and such of the others as may be necessary will follow, omitting the first formal words. The form is continued as in a creditor's suit.]

3. An account of the funeral and testamentary expenses.

4. An account of the moveable property of the deceased come to the hands of the Defendant, or to the hands of any other person by his order or for his use.

5. An inquiry what part (if any) of the moveable property of the deceased is outstanding and undisposed of.

6. And it is further ordered, that the Defendant do, on or before the day of next, pay into Court all sums of money which shall be found to have come to his hands, or to the hands of any person by his order or to his use.

7. And that if the Registrar shall find it necessary for carrying out the objects of the suit to sell any part of the moveable property of the deceased, that the same be sold accordingly, and the proceeds paid into Court.

8. And that Mr. *E. F.* be Receiver in the suit [or proceeding], and receive and get in all outstanding debts and outstanding moveable property of the deceased, and pay the same into the hands of the Registrar [and shall give security by bond for the due performance of his duties to the amount of rupees].

9. And it is further ordered, that if the moveable property of the deceased be found insufficient for carrying out the objects of the suit, then the following further inquiries be made, and accounts taken, that is to say,—

(a) an inquiry what immoveable property the deceased was seised of or entitled to at the time of his death;

(b) an inquiry what are the incumbrances (if any) affecting the immoveable property of the deceased, or any part thereof;

(c) an account, so far as possible, of what is due to the several incumbrancers, and to include a statement of the priorities of such of the incumbrancers as shall consent to the sale hereinafter directed.

10. And that the immoveable property of the deceased, or so much thereof as shall be necessary to make up the fund in Court sufficient to carry out the object of the suit, be sold with the approbation of the Judge, free from incumbrances (if any) of such incumbrancers as shall consent to the sale, and subject to the incumbrances of such of them as shall not consent.

11. And it is ordered, that *G. H.* shall have the conduct of the sale of the immoveable property, and shall prepare the conditions and contracts of sale subject to the approval of the Registrar, and that in case any doubt or difficulty shall arise the papers shall be submitted to the Judge to settle.

12. And it is further ordered, that, for the purpose of the inquiries hereinbefore directed, the Registrar shall advertise in the newspapers according to the practice of the Court, or shall make such inquiries in any other way which shall appear to the Registrar to give the most useful publicity to such inquiries.

13. And it is ordered, that the above inquiries and accounts be made and taken, and that all other acts ordered to be done be completed, before the day of and that the Registrar do certify the result of the inquiries, and the accounts, and that all other acts ordered are completed, and have his certificate in that behalf ready for the inspection of the parties on the day of

14. And, lastly, it is ordered, that this suit [or matter] stand adjourned for making final decree to the day of

[Such part only of this order is to be used as is applicable to the particular case.]

No. 131.

FINAL DECREE IN AN ADMINISTRATION SUIT BY A LEGATEE.

Section 213 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

1. It is ordered that the defendant do on or before the day of pay into Court the sum of Rs. , the balance by the said certificate found to be due from the said defendant on account of the estate of the testator, and also the sum of Rs. for interest, at the rate of Rs. per centum per annum, from the day of to the day of amounting together to the sum of Rs. .

2. Let the Registrar [*or* Taxing Officer] of the said Court tax the costs of the plaintiff and defendant in this suit, and let the amount of the said costs, when so taxed, be paid out of the said sum of Rs. ordered to be paid into Court as aforesaid, as follows:—

(a.)—The costs of the plaintiff to Mr. , his attorney [*or* pleader], and the costs of the defendant to Mr. , his attorney [*or* pleader].

(b.)—And (*if any debts are due*), with the residue of the said sum of Rs. after payment of the plaintiff's and defendant's costs as aforesaid, let the sums found to be owing to the several creditors mentioned in the schedule to the Registrar's certificate, together with subsequent interest on such of the debts as bear interest, be paid; and after making such payments, let the amount coming to the several legatees mentioned in the schedule, together with subsequent interest (to be verified as aforesaid), be paid to them.

3. And if there should then be any residue, let the same be paid to the residuary legatee.

DECREE IN AN ADMINISTRATION SUIT BY A LEGATEE, WHERE AN EXECUTOR IS HELD PERSONALLY LIABLE FOR THE PAYMENT OF LEGACIES.

Section 213 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

1. Declare that the defendant is personally liable to pay the legacy of Rs. bequeathed to the plaintiff;

2. And it is ordered, that an account be taken of what is due for principal and interest on the said legacy;

3. And it is also ordered, that the defendant do within weeks after the date of the Registrar's certificate, pay to the plaintiff the amount of what the Registrar shall certify to be due for principal and interest;

4. And it is ordered, that the defendant do pay the plaintiff his costs of suit, the same to be taxed in case the parties differ.

FINAL DECREE IN AN ADMINISTRATION SUIT BY NEXT-OF-KIN.

Section 213 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

1. Let the Registrar of the said Court tax the costs of the plaintiff and defendant in this suit, and let the amount of the said plaintiff's costs, when so taxed, be paid by the defendant to the plaintiff out of the sum of Rs. , the balance by the said certificate found to be due from the said defendant on account of the personal estate of *E. F.*, the intestate, within one week after the taxation of the said costs by the said Registrar, and let the defendant retain for her own use out of such sum her costs, when taxed.

2. And it is ordered, that the residue of the said sum of Rs. , after payment of the plaintiff's and defendant's costs as aforesaid, be paid and applied by defendant as follows:—

(a.)—Let the defendant, within one week after the taxation of the said costs by the Registrar as aforesaid, pay one-third share of the said residue to the plaintiffs, *A. B.*, and *C.*, his wife, in her right, as the sister and one of the next-of-kin of the said *E. F.*, the intestate.

(b.)—Let the defendant retain for her own use one other third share of the said residue, as the mother, and one other of the next-of-kin of the said *E. F.*, the intestate.

(c.)—And let the defendant, within one week after the taxation of the said costs by the Registrar as aforesaid, pay the remaining one-third share of the said residue to *G. H.*, as the brother and the other next-of-kin of the said *E. F.*, the intestate.

No. 132.

ORDER—DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Section 215 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

It is declared that the partnership in the plaint mentioned between the plaintiff and defendant ought to stand dissolved as from the day of , and it is ordered that the dissolution thereof as from that day be advertised in the *Gazette, &c.*

And it is ordered that be the Receiver of the partnership-estate and effects in this suit, and do get in all the outstanding book-debts and claims of the partnership.

And it is ordered that the following accounts be taken:—

1. An account of the credits, property and effects now belonging to the said partnership;

2. An account of the debts and liabilities of the said partnership;

3. An account of all dealings and transactions between the plaintiff and defendant, from the foot of the settled account exhibited in this suit and marked (A), and not disturbing any subsequent settled accounts.

And it is ordered that the goodwill of the business heretofore carried on by the plaintiff and defendant as in the plaint mentioned, and the stock-in-trade, be sold on the premises, and that the Registrar may, on the application of any of the parties, fix a reserved bidding for all or any of the lots at such sale, and that either of the parties is to be at liberty to bid at the sale.

And it is ordered that the above accounts be taken and all the other acts required to be done be completed before the day of , and that the Registrar do certify the result of the accounts, and that all other acts are completed, and have his certificate in that behalf ready for the inspection of the parties on the day of .

And, lastly, it is ordered that this suit stand adjourned for making a final decree to the day of .

No. 133.

PARTNERSHIP. FINAL DECREE.

Section 215 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Regular No.

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

It is ordered that the fund now in Court, amounting to the sum of Rs. be applied as follows:—

1. In payment of the debts due by the partnership set forth in the Registrar's certificate amounting in the whole to Rs.

2. In payment of the costs of all parties in this suit, amounting to Rs.

[These costs must be ascertained before the decree is drawn up].

3. In payment of the sum of Rs. to the plaintiff as his share of the partnership-assets, of the sum of Rs. , being the residue of the said sum of Rs. now in Court to the defendant as his share of the partnership-assets.

[Or, And that the remainder of the said sum of Rs. be paid to the said plaintiff (or defendant) in part payment of the sum of Rs. certified to be due to him in respect of the partnership-accounts.

And that the defendant (or plaintiff) do on or before the day of pay to the plaintiff (or defendant) the sum of Rs. being the balance of the said sum of Rs. due to him, which will then remain due].

No. 134.

CERTIFICATE OF NON-SATISFACTION OF DECREE.

Section 224 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

CERTIFIED that no [or partial, as the case may be, and if partial, state to what extent] satisfaction of the decree of this Court, in Civil Suit No. of 18 a copy of which is hereunto attached, has been obtained by execution within the jurisdiction of this Court.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 135.

NOTICE TO SHOW CAUSE WHY EXECUTION SHOULD NOT ISSUE.

Section 248 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18 .

Miscellaneous No.

of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

WHEREAS has made application to this Court for execution of decree in Civil Suit No. 18, this is to give you notice that you are to appear before this Court on the day of 18, either in person or by a Pleader of this Court, or agent duly authorized and instructed to show cause, if any, why execution should not be granted.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge

No. 136.

WARRANT OF ATTACHMENT OF MOVEABLE PROPERTY IN DEFENDANT'S POSSESSION IN EXECUTION OF A DECREE FOR MONEY.

Section 254 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

TO THE BAILIFF OF THE COURT.

WHEREAS
on the _____ day of _____ 18____, was ordered, by decree of this Court, passed _____ of _____ 18____, in Suit No. _____ of _____, to pay to the plaintiff the sum of Rs. _____ as noted in the margin; and whereas the said sum of Rs. _____ has not been paid

DECREE.			
Principal			
Interest			
Costs			
Costs of decree . .			
Interest thereon . .			
Total of attachment			
TOTAL			

THESE ARE TO COMMAND YOU to attach the moveable property of the said _____ as set forth in the list hereunto annexed, or which shall be pointed out to you by the said _____, and unless the said _____ shall pay to you the said sum of Rs. _____ together with Rs. _____, the costs of this attachment, to hold the same until further orders from this Court.

YOU ARE FURTHER COMMANDED to return this Warrant on or before the _____ day of _____ 18____, with an endorsement certifying the date and manner in which it has been executed, or why it has not been executed.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this _____ day of _____ 18____

SCHEDULE.

L. S.

Judge.

No. 137.

WARRANT TO THE BAILIFF TO GIVE POSSESSION OF LAND, &c.

Section 263 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

TO THE BAILIFF OF THE COURT.

WHEREAS _____, in the occupancy of _____, has been decreed to _____, the plaintiff in this suit: you are hereby directed to put the said _____ in possession of the same, and you are hereby authorized to remove any person who may refuse to vacate the same.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this _____ day of _____ 18____

L. S.

Judge.

No. 138.

ATTACHMENT IN EXECUTION.

PROHIBITORY ORDER, WHERE THE PROPERTY TO BE ATTACHED CONSISTS OF MOVEABLE PROPERTY, TO WHICH THE DEFENDANT IS ENTITLED SUBJECT TO A LIEN OR RIGHT OF SOME OTHER PERSON TO THE IMMEDIATE POSSESSION THEREOF.

Section 268 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

To

WHEREAS _____ has failed to satisfy a decree passed against _____ on the _____ day of _____ 18____ in favour of _____ for Rs. _____ it is ordered that the defendant be, and is hereby, prohibited and restrained, until the further order of this Court, from

receiving from the following property in the possession of the said
 that is to say, to which the defendant is
 entitled, subject to any claim of the said , and the said is hereby
 prohibited and restrained, until the further order of this Court, from delivering the said
 property to any person or persons whomsoever.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 139.

ATTACHMENT IN EXECUTION.

PROHIBITORY ORDER, WHERE THE PROPERTY CONSISTS OF DEBTS NOT SECURED BY
 NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS

Section 268 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

To

WHEREAS
 has failed to satisfy a decree passed against on the day of
 18 , in Civil Suit No. of 18 , in favour of
 for Rs. : it is ordered that the defendant be, and
 hereby, prohibited and restrained, until the further order of this Court, from receiving from you
 a certain debt alleged now to be due from you to the said defendant, namely,
 and that you, the said
 , be, and you are hereby, prohibited and restrained, until the
 further order of this Court, from making payment of the said debt, or any part thereof, to
 any person whomsoever.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 140.

ATTACHMENT IN EXECUTION.

PROHIBITORY ORDER, WHERE THE PROPERTY CONSISTS OF SHARES IN A PUBLIC
 COMPANY, &C.

Section 268 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

To

Defendant, and to
 Company , Manager of
 has failed
 WHEREAS
 to satisfy a decree passed against
 on the day of 18 , in Civil Suit No. of 18
 in favour of for Rs.
 it is ordered that you, the defendant, be, and you are hereby, prohibited and restrained, until
 the further order of this Court, from making any transfer of shares in
 the aforesaid Company, namely,
 or from receiving payment of any dividends thereof; and you
 , the Manager of the said Company, are hereby prohibited and restrained from per-
 mitting any such transfer or making any such payment.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18

L. S.

Judge.

No. 141.

ATTACHMENT IN EXECUTION.

PROHIBITORY ORDER, WHERE THE PROPERTY CONSISTS OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY.

Section 274 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

To

Defendant.

WHEREAS you have failed to satisfy a decree passed against you on the
 day of 18 , in Civil Suit No. of 18 , in favour of
 for Rs. : it is ordered that
 you, the said , be, and you are hereby, prohibited and restrained,
 until the further order of this Court, from alienating the property specified in the schedule
 hereunto annexed, by sale, gift, or otherwise, and that all persons be, and that they are hereby
 prohibited from receiving the same by purchase, gift, or otherwise.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18

SCHEDULE.

L. S.

Judge.

No. 142.

ATTACHMENT.

PROHIBITORY ORDER, WHERE THE PROPERTY CONSISTS OF MONEY OR OF ANY SECURITY
IN THE HANDS OF A COURT OF JUSTICE OR OFFICER OF GOVERNMENT.

Sections 272 and 486 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

SIR,

THE plaintiff having applied, under section of the Code of Civil Procedure,
 for an attachment of certain money now in your hands (*here state how the money is supposed
 to be in the hands of the person addressed, on what account, &c.*), I request that you will
 hold the said money subject to the further order of this Court.

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient Servant,

L. S.

Dated the

day of

18

Judge.

No. 143.

ORDER FOR PAYMENT TO THE PLAINTIFF, &c., OF MONEY, &c., IN THE HANDS
OF A THIRD PARTY.

Section 277 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18 .

Miscellaneous No. of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

TO THE BAILIFF OF THE COURT AND TO

WHEREAS the following property
 in execution of a decree in Civil Suit No. of 18 , has been attached
 18 , in favour of , passed on the day of
 for Rs. : it is ordered

that the property so attached, consisting of Rs. in money, and Rs. in Bank Notes, or a sufficient part thereof to satisfy the said decree, shall be paid over by you the said , to , and that the said property, so far as may be necessary for the satisfaction of the said decree, shall be sold by you, the Bailiff of the Court, by public auction in the manner prescribed for sale in execution of decrees, and that the money which may be realized by such sale, or a sufficient part thereof to satisfy the said decree, shall be paid over to the said , and the remainder, if any, shall be paid to you, the said .

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 144.

NOTICE TO ATTACHING CREDITOR.

Section 278 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18 .

Miscellaneous No. of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

WHEREAS has made application to this Court for the removal of attachment on placed at your instance in execution of the decree in Civil Suit No. of 18 this is to give you notice to appear before this Court on day of , 18 , either in person or by a Pleader of the Court duly instructed, to support your claim as attaching creditor.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge. e

No. 145.

WARRANT OF SALE OF PROPERTY IN EXECUTION OF A DECREE FOR MONEY.

Section 287 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18 .

Miscellaneous No. of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

TO THE BAILIFF OF THE COURT.

THESE ARE TO COMMAND YOU to sell by auction, after giving days' previous notice, by affixing the same in this Court-house, and after making due proclamation,* the

property attached under a Warrant from this Court dated the of 18 in execution of a decree in favour of in suit No. of 18 or so much of the said property as shall realize the sum of Rs. , being the of the said decree and costs still remaining unsatisfied.

YOU ARE FURTHER COMMANDED to return this Warrant on or before the day of 18 with an endorsement certifying the manner in which it has been executed, or the reason why it has not been executed.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

* This proclamation shall specify the time, the place of sale, the property to be sold, the revenue assessed, should the property consist of land paying revenue to Government, and the amount for the recovery of which the sale is ordered.

No. 146.

NOTICE TO PERSON IN POSSESSION OF MOVEABLE PROPERTY SOLD IN EXECUTION.

Section 300 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

WHEREAS
has been the purchaser at a sale by auction in execution of the decree in the above suit of
now in your possession, you are
hereby prohibited from delivering possession of the said
to any persons except the said

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18

L. S.

Judge.

No. 147.

PROHIBITORY ORDER AGAINST PAYMENT OF DEBTS SOLD IN EXECUTION TO ANY OTHER THAN THE PURCHASER.

Section 301 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

and to

WHEREAS
has become the purchaser at a public sale in execution of the decree in the above suit of
certain debt due from you
to you, that is to say, it is ordered that
you be and you are hereby prohibited from receiving, and you
from making payment of, the said debt to any person or persons except the said

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of

L. S.

Judge.

No. 148.

PROHIBITORY ORDER AGAINST THE TRANSFER OF SHARES SOLD IN EXECUTION.

Section 301 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

and Manager of Company.

WHEREAS
has become the purchaser at a public sale in execution of the decree in the above suit of certain shares in the above Company, that is to say
of
standing in the name of you it is ordered

that you be, and you are hereby, prohibited from making, any transfer of the said shares to any person except the said the purchaser aforesaid, or from receiving any dividends thereon: and you, Manager of the said Company, from permitting any such transfer or making any such payment to any person except the said the purchaser aforesaid.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 149.

ORDER CONFIRMING SALE OF LAND, &c.

Section 312 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18 .
A. B. of
against
C. D. of

WHEREAS the following land (or immoveable property) was on the day of 18 sold by the Bailiff of this Court in execution of the decree in this suit; and whereas thirty days have elapsed and no application has been made (or objection allowed) to the said sale, it is ordered that the said sale be, and the said sale is hereby, confirmed.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

SCHEDULE.

L. S.

Judge.

No. 150. .

CERTIFICATE OF SALE OF LAND.

Section 316 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18 .
A. B. of
against
C. D. of

THIS is to certify that has been declared the purchaser at a sale by public auction on the day of 18 of the in execution of decree in this suit, and that the said sale has been duly confirmed by the Court.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 151.

ORDER FOR DELIVERY TO CERTIFIED PURCHASER OF LAND AT A SALE IN EXECUTION.

Section 318 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

TO THE BAILIFF OF THE COURT.

WHEREAS

WHEREAS _____ has become the certified purchaser of _____ at a sale in execution of decree in Civil Regular No. _____ of 18 _____, and whereas such land is in the possession of _____ you are hereby ordered to put the said _____, the certified purchaser, as afore said, into possession of the said _____ and if need be, to remove any person who may refuse to vacate the same.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of

L. S.

Judge.

No. 152.

**AUTHORITY TO THE COLLECTOR TO STAY PUBLIC SALE OF LAND ON SECURITIES
BEING GIVEN.**

Section 326 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

Collector of

SIR,

In answer to your communication No. _____, dated _____, representing that the sale in execution of decree in this suit of _____ land, lying within your district, paying revenue to Government, is objectionable, I have the honour to inform you that you are authorized, on security to the amount of Rs. _____ decreed to the _____ in the above suit, being given to your satisfaction, to make provision for the satisfaction of the said decree in the manner recommended by you instead of proceeding to a public sale of _____

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your obedient Servant,

L. S.

Judge,

No. 153.

ORDER FOR COMMITTAL FOR RESISTING, &c., EXECUTION OF DECREE FOR LAND.

Section 329 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

To

WHEREAS it appears to the Court that
has without just cause resisted (or obstructed) the execution of the decree of the Court

examination on interrogatories [*or vivâ voce*] of such witnesses and you are hereby appointed a Commissioner for that purpose, and you are further requested to make return of such examination so soon as it may be taken [Process to require the attendance of the witness will be issued by this Court on your application.]*

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of

L. S.

Judge.

* Not necessary where the commission goes to another Court.

No. 157.

COMMISSION FOR A LOCAL INVESTIGATION, OR TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS.

Sections 392 and 395 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF AT
Civil Suit No. of 18 .
A. B. of
against
C. D. of

To

WHEREAS it is deemed requisite, for the purposes of this suit, that a commission for should be issued; you are hereby appointed Commissioner for the purpose of [process to compel the attendance before you of any witnesses, or for the production of any documents which you may desire to examine or inspect, will be issued by this Court on your application]†

A sum of Rs. , being your fee in the above, is herewith forwarded.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

† Not necessary where the commission goes to another Court.

No. 158.

WARRANT OF ARREST BEFORE JUDGMENT.

Section 478 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF AT
Civil Suit No. of 18 .
A. B. of
against
C. D. of

TO THE BAILIFF OF THE COURT.

WHEREAS , the plaintiff in the above suit, has proved to the satisfaction of the Court that there is probable cause for believing that the defendant is about to these are to command you to take the said into custody, and to bring before the Court, in order that he may show cause why he should not furnish security to the amount of rupees for personal appearance before the Court, until such time as the said suit shall be fully and finally disposed of, and until execution or satisfaction of any decree that may be passed against in the suit.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 159.

ORDER FOR COMMITTAL.

Section 481 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To.

WHEREAS , Plaintiff in this suit, has made application to the Court that security be taken for the appearance of the Defendant to answer any judgment that may be passed against in the suit; and whereas the Court has called upon the Defendant to furnish such security, or to offer a sufficient deposit in lieu of security, which has failed to do; it is ordered that the said Defendant be committed to custody until the decision of the suit; or if judgment be given against until the execution of the decree.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .



Judge.

No. 160.

ATTACHMENT BEFORE JUDGMENT, WITH ORDER TO CALL FOR SECURITY FOR FULFILMENT OF DECREE.

Section 484 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

TO THE BAILIFF OF THE COURT.

WHEREAS has proved to the satisfaction of the Court that the Defendant in the above suit these are to command you to call upon the said Defendant on or before the day of either to furnish security for the sum of rupees to produce and place at the disposal of this Court when required or the value thereof, or such portion of the value as may be sufficient to fulfil any decree that may be passed against or to appear and show cause why should not furnish security; and you are further ordered to attach the said and keep the same under safe and secure custody until the further order of the Court, and in what manner you shall have executed this warrant make appear to the Court immediately after the execution hereof, and have you here then this Warrant.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .



Judge.

No. 161.

ATTACHMENT BEFORE JUDGMENT, ON PROOF OF FAILURE TO FURNISH SECURITY.

Section 485 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

TO THE BAILIFF OF THE COURT.

WHEREAS , the Plaintiff in this suit, has applied to the Court to call upon , the Defendant, to furnish security to fulfil any decree that may be passed against in the suit, and whereas the Court has called upon

the said _____ to furnish such security which _____ has failed to do
the said _____; these are to command you to attach _____ the property of
safe and secure custody until the further order of the Court, and in what manner you shall _____ and keep the same under
have executed this warrant make appear to this Court immediately after the execution
hereof, and have you here then this Warrant.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18

L.S.

Judge.

No. 162.

ATTACHMENT BEFORE JUDGMENT.

PROHIBITORY ORDER, WHERE THE PROPERTY TO BE ATTACHED CONSISTS OF MOVE-
ABLE PROPERTY, TO WHICH THE DEFENDANT IS ENTITLED, SUBJECT TO A LIEN
OR RIGHT OF SOME OTHER PERSONS TO THE IMMEDIATE POSSESSION THEREOF.

Section 486 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

Defendant.

It is ordered that you the said _____ be, and you are hereby, prohibited and restrained until the further order of a Court from receiving from the said _____ the following property in the possession of the said _____ that is to say to which the defendant is entitled, subject to any claim of the said _____ and the said _____ is hereby prohibited and restrained, until the further order of this Court, from delivering the said property to any persons whomsoever.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18

L. S.

Judge.

No. 163.

ATTACHMENT BEFORE JUDGMENT.

PROHIBITORY ORDER, WHERE THE PROPERTY CONSISTS OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY.

Section 486 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

42

Civil Suit No.

of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

• To

Defendant.

It is ordered that you the said _____ be, and you are hereby prohibited and restrained, until the further order of this Court, from alienating the property specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, by sale, gift, or otherwise, and that all persons be, and that they are hereby, prohibited from receiving the same by purchase, gift, or otherwise.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18

SCHEDULE.

L.S.

Judeo.

No. 164.

ATTACHMENT BEFORE JUDGMENT.

PROHIBITORY ORDER, WHERE THE PROPERTY CONSISTS OF MONEY IN THE HANDS OF OTHER PERSONS, OR OF DEBTS NOT BEING NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS.

Section 486 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

It is ordered that the defendant be, and he is hereby, prohibited and restrained, until the further order of this Court, from receiving from the [money now in hands belonging to the said defendant or debts, as the case may be, describing them] and that the said be and hereby prohibited and restrained, until the further order of this Court, from making payment of the said [money, &c.], or any part thereof, to any person whomsoever.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18

L. S.

Judge.

No. 165.

ATTACHMENT BEFORE JUDGMENT.

PROHIBITORY ORDER, WHERE THE PROPERTY CONSISTS OF SHARES IN A PUBLIC COMPANY, &c.

Section 486 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

Defendant and

to

Manager of

Company,

It is ordered that be and hereby prohibited and restrained, until the further order of the Court, from making any transfer of shares being in the aforesaid Company, or from receiving payment of any dividends thereof, and you Manager of the said Company, are hereby prohibited and restrained from permitting any such transfer, or making any such payment.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18

L. S.

Judge.

No. 166.

TEMPORARY INJUNCTIONS.

Section 492 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Upon motion made unto this Court by Plaintiff of (or Counsel for) the plaintiff A. B., and upon reading the petition of the said plaintiff in this matter filed (this day) [or the plaint filed in this cause on the day of , or the written statement of the said plaintiff filed on the day of] and upon hearing the evidence of and in support thereof, [if after notice and defendant not appearing, add, and also the evidence as to service of notice of this motion upon the defendant C.D.] This Court doth order that an injunction be awarded to restrain the

defendant *C. D.*, his servants, workmen and agents from pulling down, or suffering to be pulled down the house in the plaint in the said suit of the plaintiff mentioned [*or in the written statement or petition of the plaintiff and evidence at the hearing of this motion mentioned*] being No. 9, Oilmongers Street, Hindupur, in the Taluq of and from selling the materials whereof the said house is composed, until the hearing of this cause or until the further order of this Court.

Dated this day of 187 .

Civil Judge.

[*Where the injunction is sought to restrain the negotiation of a bill, note or security, the ordering part of the order may run thus:—*] to restrain the defendants and from parting with out of the custody of them or any of them, or endorsing, assigning or negotiating the promissory note in question, dated on or about the &c., mentioned in the plaintiff's plaint [*or petition*] and the evidence heard at this motion, until the hearing of this cause, or until the further order of this Court.

[*In copyright cases*] to restrain the defendant, *C. D.*, his servants, agents, or workmen from printing, publishing, or vending a book, called , or any part thereof, until the &c.

[*Where part only of a book is to be restrained*] to restrain the defendant, *C. D.*, his servants, agents, or workmen, from printing, publishing, selling, or otherwise disposing of such parts of the book in the plaint [*or petition and evidence, &c.*] mentioned to have been published by the defendant as hereinafter specified, namely, that part of the said book which is entitled and also that part which is entitled (or which is contained in p. to p. both inclusive) until the &c.

[*In patent cases*] to restrain the defendant, *C. D.*, his agents, servants and workmen, from making or vending any perforated bricks (or, as the case may be) upon the principle of the inventions in the plaintiff's plaint [*or petition, &c., or written statement, &c.*] mentioned, belonging to the plaintiffs, or either of them, during the remainder of the respective terms of the patents in the plaintiff's plaint (or, as the case may be) mentioned, and from counterfeiting, imitating or resembling the same inventions, or either of them, or making any addition thereto, or subtraction therefrom, until the hearing, &c.

[*In cases of trade-marks*] to restrain the defendant, *C. D.*, his servants, agents or workmen, from selling, or exposing for sale, or procuring to be sold, any composition or blacking (or, as the case may be) described as or purporting to be blacking manufactured by the plaintiff, *A. B.*, in bottles having affixed thereto such labels as in the plaintiff's plaint [*or petition, &c.*] mentioned, or any other labels so contrived or expressed as, by colorable imitation or otherwise, to represent the composition or blacking sold by the defendant to be the same as the composition or blacking manufactured and sold by the plaintiff, *A. B.*, and from using trade-cards so contrived or expressed as to represent that any composition or blacking sold or proposed to be sold by the defendant is the same as the composition or blacking manufactured or sold by the plaintiff, *A. B.*, until the &c.

[*To restrain a partner from in any way, interfering in the business*] to restrain the defendant, *C. D.*, his agents and servants, from entering into any contract, and from accepting, drawing, endorsing or negotiating any bill of exchange, note or written security, in the name of the partnership firm of *B. & D.*, and from contracting any debt, buying and selling any goods, and from making or entering into any verbal or written promise, agreement or undertaking, and from doing or causing to be done, any act, in the name or on the credit of the said partnership firm of *B. & D.* or whereby the said partnership firm can or may in any manner become or be made liable to or for the payment of any sum of money, or for the performance of any contract, promise or undertaking, until the, &c.

No. 167.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR INJUNCTION.

Section 494 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

Take notice that I, *A. B.*, intend to apply at the sitting of the Court at aforesaid, on the day of for an injunction to restrain *C. D.* from further prosecuting a suit which he has commenced against me in to recover damages for the breach of the contract for the specific performance of which this suit was commenced [*or to restrain him from receiving and giving discharges for any of the debts due to the partnership in the matter of the partnership between us for the winding up of which the suit was commenced, or from digging the turf from the land which was agreed to be sold by him to me by the agreement, the specific performance of which this suit is commenced to enforce, or, as the case may be*].

Dated this day of 18 .

To *C. D.*

A. B.

[*N. B.—Where the injunction is to be applied for against a party whose name and address does not appear upon any proceeding already filed in the suit, it must be stated in full to enable the proper officer to serve the notice.*]

No. 168.

APPOINTMENT OF A RECEIVER.

Section 503 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18

A. B. of
against
C. D. of

To

WHEREAS

has been attached in execution of a decree passed in the above suit on the day of 18, in favour of : you are hereby (subject to your giving security to the satisfaction of the Registrar) appointed Receiver of the said property under section 503 of the Code of Civil Procedure, with full powers under the provisions of that section.

You are required to render a due and proper account of your receipts and disbursements in respect of the said property on You will be entitled to remuneration, at the rate of per cent. upon your receipts under the authority of this appointment

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18

L. S.

Judge.

No. 169.

BOND TO BE GIVEN BY RECEIVER.

Section 503 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of

A. B. of
against
C. D. of

Know all men by these presents, that we, A. B. of, &c., and C. D. of, &c., and E. F. of, &c., are jointly and severally bound to G. H., Registrar of the Court of in Rs. , to be paid to the said G. H. or his attorney, executors, administrators or assigns. For which payment to be made we bind ourselves, and each of us, in the whole, our and each of our heirs, executors and administrators, jointly and severally, by these presents.

Dated this day of 18

And whereas a plaint has been filed in this Court by A. B. against C. D. for the purpose of (*here insert object of suit*).

And whereas the said A. B. has been appointed, by order of the above-mentioned Court, to receive the rents and profits of the immoveable property, and to get in the outstanding moveable property of C. D., the testator in the said plaint named.

Now the condition of this obligation is such, that if the above-bounden A. B. shall duly account for all and every the sum and sums of money which he shall so receive on account of the rents and profits of the immoveable property, and in respect of the moveable property of the said C. D. [*or, as may be*] at such periods as the said Court shall appoint, and shall duly pay the balances which shall from time to time be certified to be due from him as the said Court hath directed or shall hereafter direct, then this obligation shall be void, otherwise it shall remain in full force.

A. B.
C. D.

Signed and delivered by the above-bounden in the presence of

NOTE.—If deposit of money be made, the memorandum thereof should follow the terms of the condition of the bond.

No. 170.

ORDER OF REFERENCE TO ARBITRATION UNDER AGREEMENT OF PARTIES.

Section 508 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

To

WHEREAS the above-mentioned plaintiff and defendant have agreed to refer the matters in difference between them in the above suit to your arbitration and award, you are hereby appointed accordingly to determine all the said matters in difference between the parties, and with power, by consent of the parties, to determine which party shall pay the costs of this reference.

You are required to deliver your award in writing to this Court on or before the day of 18, or such other day as this Court may further fix.

Process to compel the attendance before you of any witnesses, or for the production of any documents which you may desire to examine or inspect, will be issued by this Court on your application, and you are empowered to administer to such witnesses oath or affirmation.

A sum of Rs. , being your fee in the above suit, is here-
with forwarded.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18

L. S.

Judge.

No. 171.

ORDER OF REFERENCE TO ARBITRATION BY COURT, WITH CONSENT.

Section 508 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

UPON reading a petition of the plaintiff, filed this day, and on the consent of
for the defendant, and upon hearing for the plaintiff and
for the defendant, it is ordered, by and with the consent
of all the parties, that all matters in difference in this suit, including all dealings and trans-
actions between all parties, be referred to the final determination of

, who is to make
his award in writing and submit the same to this Court, together with all proceedings,
depositions, and exhibits in this suit, within one month from the date hereof. And it is
ordered further, by and with the like consent, that the said arbitrator is to be at liberty to
examine the parties and their witnesses upon oath or affirmation, which he is empowered to
administer, and that the said arbitrator shall have all such powers or authorities as are vested
in arbitrators under the Code of Civil Procedure, including therein power to call for all books
of account that he may consider necessary. And it is further ordered, by and with the like
consent, that the costs of this suit, together with the costs of reference to arbitration, up
to and including the award of the said arbitrator, and the enforcement thereof, do abide
the result of the finding of the said arbitrator. And it is further ordered, by and with the
like consent, that the said arbitrator be at liberty to appoint a competent accountant to
assist him in the investigation of the several matters referred to him as aforesaid, and that
the remuneration of such accountant and other charges attending thereto be in the discre-
tion of the said arbitrator.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 172.

SUMMONS IN SUMMARY SUIT ON NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENT.

Section 532 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

No. OF SUIT.

IN THE COURT OF AT

Plaintiff.

Defendant.

To [Here enter the defendant's name, description and address.]

Whereas [here enter the plaintiff's name, description and address] has instituted a
suit in this Court against you under Chapter XXXIX of the Code of Civil Procedure for Rs.
principal and interest [or Rs. balance of principal and interest] due
to him as the payee [or indorsee] of a bill of exchange [or hundi or promissory note], of
which a copy is hereto annexed, you are hereby summoned to obtain leave from the Court
within seven days from the service hereof, inclusive of the day of such service, to appear and
defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you. In default
whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after the expiration of such seven days to
obtain a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum of Rs. [here state the sum claimed]
and the sum of Rs. for costs.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the Court supported by affidavit
or declaration showing that there is a defence to the suit on the merits, or that it is reasonable
that you should be allowed to appear in the suit.

Here copy the bill of exchange, hundi or promissory note, and all endorsements upon it.]

No. 173.

MEMORANDUM OF APPEAL.

Section 540 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

MEMORANDUM OF APPEAL.

(Name, &c., as in Register.) Plaintiff—Appellant.

(Name, &c., as in Register.) Defendant—Respondent.

[Name of Appellant] [plaintiff or defendant] above-named appeals to the High Court
at [or District Court at , as the case may be] against the decree of
in the above suit, dated the day of , for the following
reasons, namely [here state the grounds of objection].

No. 175.

NOTICE TO RESPONDENT OF THE DAY FIXED FOR THE HEARING OF THE APPEAL.

Section 553 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

, Appellant, v.

, Respondent.

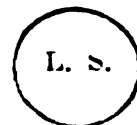
APPEAL from the of the Court of
dated the day of 18 .

Respondent.

To

Take notice that an appeal from the decree of
in this case has been presented byand registered in this Court, and that the
day of 18 has been fixed by this Court for the hearing of this appeal.If no appearance is made on your behalf by yourself, your pleader, or by some one by
law authorized to act for you in this appeal, it will be heard and decided *ex parte* in your
absence.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18



Judge.

NOTE.—If a stay of execution has been ordered, intimation should be given of the fact
on this notice.]

No. 176.

DECREE ON APPEAL.

Section 579 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

● IN THE COURT OF

AT

, Appellant, v.

, Respondent.

Appeal from the of the Court of dated the
day of 18 .

Memorandum of Appeal.

, Plaintiff.

, Defendant.

Plaintiff [or defendant] above-named appeals to the Court at
against the decree of in the above suit, dated the
day of 18 , for the following reasons, namely ;

[here state the reasons]

This appeal coming on for hearing on the day of 18 ,
before , in the presence of ,
for the Appellant, and of for the Respondent, it is ordered—

[here state the relief granted]

The costs of this appeal, amounting to , are to be paid by
The costs of the original suit are to be paid by

GIVEN under my hand, this day of 18 .

Judge.

No. 178.

NOTICE TO SHOW CAUSE WHY A REVIEW SHOULD NOT BE GRANTED.

Section 626 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

, Plaintiff, v.

, Defendant.

To

TAKE notice that _____ has applied to this Court for a review of its judgment passed on the _____ day of _____ 18 _____ in the above case. The _____ day of _____ 18 _____ is fixed for you to show cause why the Court should not grant a review of its judgment in this case.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this _____ day of _____ 18 _____.



Judge.

No. 179.

NOTICE OF CHANGE OF PLEADER.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

TO THE REGISTRAR OF THE COURT.

TAKEN notice that I, A. B. [or C. D.], have hitherto employed as my pleader G. H. of _____ in the above-mentioned cause, but that I have ceased to employ him, and that my present pleader is J. K. of _____

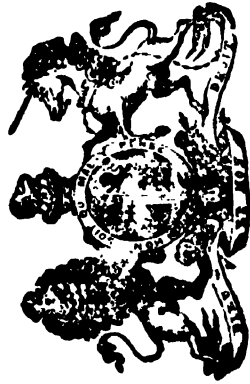
A. B. [or C. D.]

No. 180.

MEMORANDUM TO BE PLACED AT FOOT OF EVERY SUMMONS, NOTICE, DECREE, OR ORDER OF COURT, OR ANY OTHER PROCESS OF THE COURT.

Hours of attendance at the office of the Registrar [place of office] from ten till four, except on [here insert the day on which the office will be closed], when the office will be closed at one.

WHITLEY STOKES,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.



APPENDIX TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 11, 1877.

GENERAL JURY LIST.

LIST of Persons liable to serve on Common Juries in the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the year ensuing from 1st May 1877, pursuant to Act X of 1875.

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.
1	Abbott, G	Firm of Abbott and Co.	... Dhurrumtollah Street	... India	Christian	A revised list will be published on the 25th of April. Pending its publication, errors in name and description can be corrected on communication to the Office of the Clerk of the Crown. Any person who deems himself wrongly included in the list should address the Clerk of the Crown on the subject immediately.
2	Abreo, J	Assistant, Apear and Co.	... Radha Bazar	... ditto	ditto	
3	Abreo, J	Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto	
4	Abro, G W	Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office	... Park Street	... ditto	ditto	
5	Aburrow, A II	Assistant, L. W. Toulmin and Co.	... Radha Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto	
6	Acton, A	Manager, Calcutta Central Press Company, Limited.	... Council House Street	... Great Britain	ditto	

REMARKS.

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.
	A					
7	Adamson, G	Assistant, F. W. Baker and Co.	... 9, Old Court House Street...	Great Britain	Christian	
8	Adels, F C	Clerk, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	India	-ditto	
9	Adels, J P	Head Asst., Office of Supdt. of Rev. Survey	... 10, Middleton Street	ditto	ditto	
10	Adels, J R	Draftsman, Surveyor-General's Office	... Park Street	ditto	ditto	
11	Agar, H	Assistant, E. I. R. Agent's Office	... Dalhousie Square	Great Britain	ditto	
12	Aitken, W R T	Assistant, John Elliot and Co.	... 4, Clive Street	ditto	ditto	
13	Albert, A	Assistant, W. Moran and Co.	... 3, Church Lane	India	ditto	
14	Alexander, G	Assistant, Arlington and Co.	... Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto	
15	Alexander, H	Assistant, Schlöpfer, Putz and Co.	... Clive Street	ditto	ditto	
16	Alexander, J	Printer, <i>Exchange Gazette</i>	... Council House Street	ditto	ditto	
17	Alexander, J H	Assistant, Home Department	... Loudon's Buildings	ditto	ditto	
18	Alexander, W P	Partner, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	... 16, Strand	Great Britain	ditto	
19	Allan, J	Firm of Mackintosh, Burn and Co.	... Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto	
20	Allan, J	Assistant, Foreign Department	... Council House Street	India	ditto	
21	Allan, W	ditto ditto	... ditto	ditto	ditto	
22	Allardice, R	Firm of Steuart and Co.	... Old Court House Corner	Great Britain	ditto	
23	Amos, W G	Firm of W. H. Gilbert and Co.	... Lall Bazar	ditto	ditto	
24	Anderson, A	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	... 16, Strand	ditto	ditto	
25	Anderson, A M	Second Officer, Oriental Bank Corporation...	... Clive Street	ditto	ditto	
26	Anderson, A P	Firm of Shaw, Finlayson and Co.	... Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto	
27	Anderson, B	Assistant, Secretariat, Govt. of India, P. W. D.	... Loudon's Buildings	ditto	ditto	
28	Anderson, G G	Assistant, Firm of Magor and Co.	... 7, New China Bazar Street...	ditto	ditto	
29	Anderson, J	Firm of J. Anderson and Co.	... Church Lane	ditto	ditto	
30	Andrew, J T	Assistant, Audit Office, East Indian Railway	... Writers' Buildings	India	ditto	

31	Andrew, L	...	Head Clerk, Office of Supdg. Engineer, S. W. Circle.	...	...	...
32	Andrews, O A	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	ditto
33	Andrews, G A	...	Offr. Registrar, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	...	Loudon's Buildings	ditto
34	Andrews, J	...	Hotel-keeper	...	Old Court House Street	ditto
35	Andrews, J	...	Assistant, Home Department	...	Loudon's Buildings	ditto
36	Ansted, T E	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	ditto
37	Apcar, A (Jr.)	...	Assistant, Apcar and Co.	...	Radha Bazar Street	ditto
38	Apcar, S T	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
39	Archibald, A M	...	Assistant Accountant, National Bank of India.	...	3, Council House Street	ditto
40	Armstrong, W	...	Assistant, Steuart and Co.	...	Old Court House Corner	ditto
41	Arratoon, C	...	Assistant, Atkinson Brothers	...	Chowringhee Road	ditto
42	Ashburner, G	...	Assistant, Ashburner and Co.	...	Garstin's Place	ditto
43	Ashe, A B	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	ditto
44	Ashe, C	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	ditto
45	Atkinson, D	...	Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	ditto
46	Atkinson, F J	...	Assistant Comptroller-General	...	Treasury Buildings	ditto
47	Atkinson, G A	...	Assistant Auditor, E. I. Railway	...	Writers' Buildings	ditto
48	Augustine, C F	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	ditto
49	Augustine, E W	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	ditto
50	Augustine, J	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
51	Authray, A	...	Assistant, Audit Office, East Indian Railway	...	Writers' Buildings	ditto
52	Avery, W	...	Assistant, Office of Comptroller of Military Accounts.	...	Somerset Buildings	ditto
53	Avetoom, C T	...	Merchant	...	No. 2, Lindsay Street	ditto
54	Ansley, J M	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	ditto
55	Ayres, W H T	...	Supdt., Office of Acctt.-Genl. of Bengal	...	Treasury Buildings	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
B.						
56	Babonau, T W	... Draftsman, Surveyor-General's Office	... 46, Park Street	... Great Britain	Christian	
57	Badham, H	... Proprietor, Firm of Badham Brothers	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto	
58	Bailey, W	... Assistant Book-keeper, Chief Auditor's Office.	... 22, Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
59	Baker, A	... Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, P. W. D.	... Fort William	... ditto	ditto	
60	Baker, F W	... Firm of Baker and Co.	... 9, Old Court House Street...	... ditto	ditto	
61	Baker, W C	... Registrar, Chief Engineer's Office, E. I. R.	... Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
62	Baldwin, W J	... Asst., Dept. of Reve., Agrl., and Commerce	... Loudon's Buildings	... India	ditto	
63	Ball, E	... Assistant, Ranken and Co.	... Old Court House Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
64	Ballantine, C R	... Assistant, Office of Consulting Engineer to the Government of India.	... 20, Writers' Buildings	... India	ditto	
65	Bampton, W R	... Inhabitant	... Joratallao Street	... ditto	ditto	
66	Bancroft, N W	... Head Assistant, Office of Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department.	... Humayoon Place	... Great Britain	ditto	
67	Baness, J F	... Surveyor and Chief Draftsman, Drawing Branch, Surveyor-General's Office.	... Park Street	... India	ditto	
68	Barbour, M	... Assistant, Mookerjee, Clerk and Co.	... Commercial Buildings	... Great Britain	ditto	
69	Barlow, T	... Printer, <i>Indian Daily News</i>	... British Indian Street	... India	ditto	
70	Barnes, T A	... Assistant, T. E. Thomson and Co.	... Esplanade Row	... Great Britain	ditto	
71	Barnett, G	... Assistant, Corfield and Co.	... Government Place	... India	ditto	
72	Barnfather, W	... Supdg. Engineer, W. Circle	... Writers' Buildings	... Great Britain	ditto	
73	Barrett, R	... Road Overseer, 2nd Division, Calcutta	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	... India	ditto	
74	Bartlett, G F	... Sub-Engineer, P. W. D., 3rd Calcutta divn.	... 15, Writers' Buildings	... Great Britain	ditto	
75	Bartlett, G W	... Inspector of Bazars to the Justices of the Peace.	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	... India	ditto	
76	Bartlett, J T	... Asstt. to Mackintosh, Burn and Co.	... Misson Row	... Great Britain	ditto	

77	Bartlett, R	... Coach Builder	... British Indian Street	... India	ditto
78	Baxter, W	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	... Somerset Buildings	... Great Britain	ditto
79	Bayne, R R	... Draftsman, Chief Engineer's Office, E. I. R.	... Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto
80	Beer, J H E	... Manager, Corfield and Co.	... Government Place, East	... ditto	ditto
81	Bell, J •	... Supdt., Office of Acct.-General of Bengal	... Treasury Buildings	... ditto	ditto
82	Bell, R	... Assistant, Nuisance Department of the Justices.	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	... India	ditto
83	Bell, R J	... Asst. Professor, Cathedral Mission College	... Puttuldangah	... Great Britain	ditto
84	Bell, W	... Assistant, Henry S. Cox	... Wellesley Place	... ditto	ditto
85	Bell Irving, W O	... Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co.	... Clive Row	... ditto	Christian
86	Bellamy, J F	... Deputy Supdt., Military Department Press	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto
87	Belletty, J R	... Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept.	... 1, Sudder Street	... India	ditto
88	Belletty, M .	... Assistant, Foreign Department	... Council House Street	... ditto	ditto
89	Belletty, N A	... Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office	... 46, Park Street	... ditto	ditto
90	Bennett, F J	... Examiner, Office of Supdt. Govt. Printing.	... Hastings Street	... Great Britain	ditto
91	Bennett, J	... 3rd Grade Engineer, Calcutta Mint	... Strand	... ditto	ditto
92	Berry, J H	... Assistant Accountant, National Bank	... 3, Council House Street	... ditto	ditto
93	Berwick, J F	... Accountant, Oriental Bank Co.	... Clive Street	... ditto	ditto
94	Beveridge, W W	... Superintendent, Office of Comptroller-General.	... Treasury Buildings	... India	ditto
95	Bibra, L V	... Assistant Engineer to the Justices	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	... Great Britain	ditto
96	Bigge, E	... Assistant, Gisborne and Co.	... Strand	... ditto	ditto
97	Billings, W A	... Deputy Examiner of Public Accounts, Bengal.	... Works 17, Writers' Buildings	... India	ditto
98	Bird, S	... Assistant, Bird and Co.	... Strand	... Great Britain	ditto
99	Birkmyre, W	... Firm of Birkmyre Brothers	... 24, Strand	... ditto	ditto
100	Bishop, W C	... Road Overseer, Justices of the Peace	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto
101	Biss, J K	... Assistant, Commissary-General's Office	... 6, Park Street	... ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling	Residence or Place of Business	Native Country	Religion.
	B.				
102	Biss, R L	Assistant Accountant, Bank of Bengal	Strand	Great Britain	Christian
103	Biss, W H	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
104	Blackwood, H	Assistant, Ele and Hobson	23, Canning Street	ditto	ditto
105	Bland, E	Firm of Bremner and Laycock	Lions' Range	ditto	ditto
106	Bliss, J	Assistant, Harold and Co.	Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto
107	Bloemink, E	Assistant Secretariat Government of India, Public Works Department.	London's Buildings	ditto	ditto
108	Boileau, T	Assistant, Hunter and Co.	156, Dhurumtollah	India	ditto
109	Bois, A	Firm of Cook and Co.	ditto	Great Britain	ditto
110	Bois, E	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
111	Bolst, H A	Assistant, Secretariat Government of India, Public Works Department.	London's Buildings	India	ditto
112	Bolton, T	Assistant, Mathematical Instrument maker, Surveyor General's Office.	9, Park Street	Great Britain	ditto
113	Bonnaud, A L	Assistant, Robert and Charriol	Vansittart Row	India	ditto
114	Bonnaud, G A	Assistant, Office of Controller of Milly. Accts.	Somerset Buildings	ditto	ditto
115	Botellho, J W	Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	ditto	ditto
116	Botellho, T F	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Police, Lower Provinces.	13, Chowringhee Road	ditto	ditto
117	Bourrilhon, A	Foreign Office	Council House Street	ditto	ditto
118	Bowers, J	Foreman, P. W. D. Press, Bengal	Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto
119	Bradbury, H	Head Clerk, Stamp Department, Calcutta Collectorate.	Church Lane	Great Britain	ditto
120	Braddon, J B	Assistant Controller of P. W. Accounts	17, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto
121	Brady, J W	Assistant, T. E. Thomson and Co.	9, Esplanade Row	India	ditto
122	Braham, G	Assistant Llewelyn and Co.	Bentinck Street	ditto	ditto
123	Braham, H	Assistant, Jessop and Co.	Strand	ditto	ditto

124	Brancher, R	...	Assistant, Ewing and Co.	...	New China Bazar Street	...	ditto
125	Bremner, A W	...	Head Assistant, Master Attendant's Office	...	10, Strand	...	Great Britain
126	Bretton, A	...	Assistant, W. Moran and Co.	...	3, Church Lane	...	ditto
127	Brewster, C C	...	Assistant, G. E. Hotel Company, Limited	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto
128	Brewster, R C	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
129	Bridge, A J	...	Joint Manager, G. F. Kellner and Co.	...	13, Government Place	...	ditto
130	Bridgeman, F O	...	Banker, Oriental Bank Corporation	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
131	Bridgnell, J	...	Accountant, Calcutta Mint	...	Strand	...	India
132	Bridgnell, J L	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto
133	Brigden, C	...	Assistant, Westfield and Co.	...	Government Place	...	Great Britain
134	Broad, W	...	Proprietor, Adelphi Hotel	...	Waterloo Street	...	ditto
135	Broadhead, E H	...	Head Assistant, Deputy Commissary General's Office.	...	6, Park Street	...	ditto
136	Broderick, J M	...	Accountant, Examiner of P. W. Accounts	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
137	Brookes, G H	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto
138	Brown, A	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co....	...	16, Strand Road	...	ditto
139	Brown, G S	...	Passing Officer, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	...	ditto
140	Brown, T	...	Assistant, Thacker, Spink and Co.	...	Government Place	...	ditto
141	Brown, T F	...	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co.	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto
142	Brown, T F	...	Firm of Seton and Co.	...	173, Dhurrumtollah Street...	...	ditto
143	Brown, T J	...	Undertaker	...	Bentinck Street	...	India
144	Browne, R D	...	Assistant, G. E. Hotel	...	Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain
145	Bruce, H T	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	India
146	Bruce, J	...	Secretary, D'Arveton College	...	Park Street	...	Great Britain
147	Bryant, A J	...	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Military Department.	...	9, Dacre's Lane	...	ditto
148	Buchan, J	...	Accountant, National Bank	...	3, Council House Street	...	ditto
149	Buchanan, R J	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co....	...	16, Strand Road	...	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.
B.						
150	Burgess, R	Assistant, J. Monteith and Co.	... Old Court House Street	... Great Britain	Christian	
151	Burgess, W W	Assistant, T. E. Thomson and Co.	... 9, Esplanade Row	... India	ditto	
152	Burke, A D	Assistant, Harman and Co.	... 12, Government Place	... Great Britain	ditto	
153	Burke, G H	Assistant, T. E. Thomson and Co.	... 9, Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto	
154	Burnes, J A	Banker, Oriental Bank Corporation	... Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
155	Burnett, G B	Assistant, Corfield and Co.	... 10, Esplanade	... ditto	ditto	
156	Burnham, R	Assistant, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	... India	ditto	
157	Burrows, A	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.	... 4, Garstin's Place	... ditto	ditto	
158	Buskin, E G	Firm of Buskin and Co.	... Strand	... Great Britain	ditto	
159	Buttrum, E	Assistant, Barlow and Co.	... Clive Ghât Street	... ditto	ditto	
160	Byrne, A E	Registrar, Surveyor-General's Office	... 46, Park Street	... India	ditto	
161	Byrne, H B	Assistant, Office of Controller, Military Accounts.	... 5, Somerset Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
C						
162	Caithness, J E	Firm of Cooke and Kelvey	... Old Court House Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
163	Calvert, J	Assistant, Turner, Morrison and Co.	... Lyons' Range	... ditto	ditto	
164	Campbell, T F	Assistant Controller of Military Accounts	... 5, Somerset Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
165	Cantopher, F C	Assistant, Steuart and Co.	... Old Court House Corner	... India	ditto	
166	Carlisle, F	Assistant, Carlisle, Nephews and Co.	... 25, Mango Lane	... Great Britain	ditto	
167	Carlisle, S	ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto	
168	Carpenter, A W	Assistant, Landing and Shipping Company.	... Hare Street	... ditto	ditto	
169	Carrick, J (Jr.)	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co.	... 1, Fairlie Place	... ditto	ditto	
170	Carrit, W	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co....	... 16, Strand	... ditto	ditto	
171	Carter, A M	Auditor, Examiner's Office, Pay Department	... Bankshall Street	... India	ditto	
172	Carter, H	Assistant, Ahmuty and Co.	... Church Lane	... Great Britain	ditto	

173	Carter, W	... Assistant, Petrocchino and Co.	... 23, Canning Street	... ditto	ditto
174	Cartland, C	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... India	ditto
175	Casey, J P	... Head Printer, East Indian Railway	... Dalhousie Square	... Great Britain	ditto
176	Cashman, J H	... Chief Clerk, Office of Secretary to Government of Bengal, Public Works Dept.	... 20, Writers' Buildings	... India	ditto
177	Caston, J F	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Medical Accounts.	... 7, Koilah Ghat Street	... ditto	ditto
178	Cautty, D	... Assistant, G. Abbott and Co.	... Dhurrumtollah Street	... ditto	ditto
179	Chalmer, W A	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto
180	Chamarett, A	... Surveyor and Geog. Examiner	... 46, Park Street	... ditto	ditto
181	Chaplin, M S	... Assistant, M. C. Joakim and Co.	... 2, Elliot Road	... Great Britain	ditto
182	Charlton, J L	... Assistant, Bengal Secretariat, Judl Dept.	... 1, Sudder Street	... India	ditto
183	Charten, W	... Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel Co.	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto
184	Chater, M	... Accountant, Bank of Calcutta	... New China Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto
185	Chaunce, J	... Assistant, Hamilton and Co.	... 9, Weston's Lane	... ditto	ditto
186	Cheetham, G	... Assistant, Carlisle, Nephews and Co.	... 25, Mango Lane	... Great Britain	ditto
187	Chick, N A	... Registrar of Hackney Carriages	... Free School Street	... India	ditto
188	Chinel, E A	... Assistant, Graham and Co.	... 9, Clive Street	... Great Britain	ditto
189	Christien, Fernand	... Firm of H. A. Coggan and Co.	... 74, Dhurrumtollah Street	... India	ditto
190	Christien, Fred.	... ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto
191	Christien, F	... Assistant, J. G. Hanhart, and Co.	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto
192	Clabon, G	... Assistant, Hoare, Miller and Co.	... Stand	... Great Britain	ditto
193	Clark, B	... Assistant Engineer, P. W. Department	... 15, Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto
194	Clark, H (Jr)	... Assistant, Baker & Co.	... 9, Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto
195	Clark, H	... Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	... 16, Strand	... ditto	ditto
196	Clark, J	... Assistant, Badham Brothers	... 16, Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto
197	Clark, J A	... Firm of Clark and Mookerjee	... Commercial Buildings	... ditto	ditto
198	Clark, W H	... Assistant, Calcutta Mint	... Strand	... ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.
C						
199	Clarke, A	... Passing Officer, Bank of Bengal	... Strand	... India	... Christian	
200	Clarke, J	... Assistant, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	... ditto	... ditto	
201	Claxton, E	... Deputy Examiner of Accounts, P. W. Department.	... London's Buildings	... ditto	... ditto	
202	Clinton, M C	... Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Military Department.	... 9, Dacre's Lane	... Great Britain	... ditto	
203	Coard, C W	... Superintendent, Engineering Branch, Surveyor-General's Office.	... Park Street	... ditto	... ditto	
204	Coard, S M	... Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office.	... ditto	... ditto	... ditto	
205	Cock, A	... Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Military Department.	... 9, Dacre's Lane	... ditto	... ditto	
206	Cockburn, E	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	... India	... ditto	
207	Coggan, H A	... Firm of H. A. Coggan & Co.	... 74, Dhurumtollah	... Great Britain	... ditto	
208	Coggan, R T	... ditto	... ditto	... ditto	... ditto	
209	Coleman, C	... Assistant, Agra Bank	... Mango Lane	... ditto	... ditto	
210	Collett, W H	... Manager, G. F. Kellner and Co.	... 13, Government Place	... ditto	... ditto	
211	Collie, H	... Head Assistant, Office of Director of Public Instruction.	... Chowringhee Road	... India	... ditto	
212	Collins, P A	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	... ditto	
213	Connew, C M	... Assistant, F. T. Brooks and Co.	... Clive Row	... Great Britain	... ditto	
214	Connew, R K	... Assistant, Carrutt and Co.	... Mission Row	... ditto	... ditto	
215	Connolly, W G	... Assistant, Atkinson Brothers	... Chowringhee Road	... ditto	... ditto	
216	Connor, J	... Assistant, Office of Superintendent, Revenue Survey, Upper Circle.	... 10, Middleton Street	... India	... ditto	
217	Cooke, G F	... Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	... London's Buildings	... ditto	... ditto	
218	Cooke, H R	... Registrar, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	... ditto	... ditto	

219	Cooke, J E	...	Assistant, Comptroller-General's Office	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
220	Cornelius, J	...	Assistant, Shipping Office	...	Strand	...	ditto
221	Counsell, T A	...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Department.	...	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto
222	Courthope, W F	...	Assistant, Ede and Hobson	...	23, Canning Street	...	Great Britain
223	Cowie, D L	...	Assistant, Colvin, Cowie and Co.	...	1, Hastings Street	...	ditto
224	Cowie, E H	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
225	Cowper, C	...	Assistant, Cox, Steel and Co.	...	21, Strand	...	ditto
226	Cox, E W	...	Assistant to Burn and Co.	...	7, Hastings Street	...	ditto
227	Cox, J	...	Assistant, Robert Campbell and Co.	...	Waterloo Street	...	ditto
228	Cox, W J	...	Assistant, H. S. Cox	...	7, Wellesley Place	...	ditto
229	Craddock, J	...	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.	...	4, Garstin's Place	...	ditto
230	Cranenburgh, D E	...	Pleader, Calcutta Police Court	...	4, Sibtollah Lane	...	India
231	Craw, W	...	Assistant, Branch Department, Bengal Bank.	...	Strand	...	Great Britain
232	Creais, J	...	Ast. Commy. of Ordnance and Arsenals	...	Fort William	...	India
233	Creaton, D C	...	Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	Great Britain
234	Critchley, C E B	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	...	London's Buildings	...	India
235	Crooke, G F	...	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	...	ditto	...	ditto
236	Crow, R M	...	Firm of Lepage and Co.	...	Bow Bazar Street	...	ditto
237	Cruden, J	...	Assistant, Gladstone, Wyllie and Co.	...	Clive Street	...	Great Britain
238	Cruickshank, D	...	Assistant, Begg, Dunlop and Co.	...	Mission Row	...	ditto
239	Cumberlege, F A	...	Assistant to Carritt and Co.	...	ditto	...	ditto
240	Cummings, A	...	Secretary, Great Eastern Hotel Co., Ltd.	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto
241	Cummins, W	...	Supervisor, 3d Calcutta Division	...	15, Writers' Buildings	...	India
242	Cummins, P W	...	Assistant, Francis, Harrison, Hathaway and Co.	...	Government Place	...	Great Britain

<i>No.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Style or Calling.</i>	<i>Residence or Place of Business.</i>	<i>Native Country.</i>	<i>Religion.</i>	<i>REMARKS.</i>
C						
243	Cunliffe, R H	... Assistant, Bengal Secretariat, Judicial Department.	1, Sudder Street	India	Christian	
244	Cunningham, A	... Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co....	16, Strand	Great Britain.	ditto	
245	Cunningham, A C	... 1st Assistant, Office of Superintendent of Revenue Survey.	Middleton Street	ditto	ditto	
246	Currie, W	... Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co....	16, Strand	ditto	ditto	
D						
247	D'Costa, W H	... Head Reader, Bengal Secretariat, Printing Department.	28, Chowringhee Road	India	ditto	
248	D'Cruz, H I,	... Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Military Department.	9, Dacre's Lane	ditto	ditto	
249	D'Cruz, J	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
250	D'Cruz, L	... Assistant, J. Corfield and Co.	Government Place	ditto	ditto	
251	D'Mello, H S	... Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto	
252	D'Mello, J S	... ditto ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	
253	D'Mello, W A	... Assistant, Master Attendant's Office	Strand	ditto	ditto	
254	D'Rozario, F A	... Clerk, Surveyor-General's Office	Part Street	ditto	ditto	
255	D'Rozario, F A	... Firm of P. S. D'Rozario and Co.	Old Court House Corner	ditto	ditto	
256	D'Rozario, F M	... Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Government Place	ditto	ditto	
257	D'Rozario, S P	... Assistant, P. S. D'Rozario and Co.	Old Court House Corner	ditto	ditto	
258	D'Silva, H	... Examiner, Military Department Press	Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto	
259	D'Silva, J	... Assistant, Military Department	ditto	ditto	ditto	
260	D'Silva, J C	... Asst., Dept. of Rev., Agri., and Commerce	London's Buildings	ditto	ditto	
261	D'Silva, M	... Clerk, Foreign Office	Council House Street	ditto	ditto	

262	D'Silva, N	...	Assistant to F. W. Heilgers and Co.	...	Canning Street	...	ditto	ditto
263	D'Souza, A W	...	Registrar, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	...	Louden's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
264	D'Souza, J M	...	Assistant, Military Department Press	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
265	DaCosta, C C	...	Chief Book-keeper, E. I. Railway Office	...	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
266	DaCosta, D W	...	Assistant, Lyall, Rennie and Co.	...	Canning Street	...	ditto	ditto
267	DaCosta, E W	...	Assistant, Office of Secretary to Government of India, Public Works Department.	...	Louden's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
268	DaCosta, John	...	Ashburner and Co.	...	Garstin's place	...	Great Britain	ditto
269	Dallas, J F	...	Superintendent of Roads, &c., Office of the Justices.	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
270	Dalrymple, W M	...	Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	...	30, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
271	Dalziel, J M	...	Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	India	ditto
272	Dando, A C	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
273	Dangerfield, P D	...	Assistant, Colvin, Cowie and Co.	...	1, Hastings Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
274	Daniel, J E	...	Assistant, Smith and Stanistreet	...	Dhurumtollah Street	...	India	ditto
275	Daniell, G	...	Assistant, Cook and Co.	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
276	DaSilva, D J	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
277	Davidson, R	...	Assistant, Delhi and London Bank	...	4, Council House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
278	Davidson, W	...	Assistant, Andrew Yule and Co.	...	7, Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
279	Davidson, W	...	Assistant, Dykes and Co.	...	Waterloo Street	...	ditto	ditto
280	Davis, A A	...	Assistant, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
281	Davis, G J	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner, Commissariat and Stud Accounts.	...	7, Coilah Ghât Street	...	India	ditto
282	Davis, J E	...	Assistant, Robert, Charriot and Co.	...	Vansittart Row	...	ditto	ditto
283	Dawson, C S	...	Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co.	...	1, Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
284	Day, H J	...	Assistant, Steel, McIntosh and Co.	...	3, Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
285	Dayley, W H	...	Assistant, Deputy Commissary-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
286	Deas, G	...	Assistant, Burn and Co.	...	Hastings Street	...	Great Britain	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.
D						
287	DeBeaufort, F	... Assistant, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	... Great Britain	Christian	
288	DeDombal, C	... Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Department.	... Sudder Street	... ditto	ditto	
289	DeDombal, E Durup	... Head Assistant, Bengal Office	... Chowringhee	... India	ditto	
290	Deefholts, H A	... Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept.	... Sudder Street	... ditto	ditto	
291	DeGarnier, F	... Auditor, Office of Examiner, Pay Dept.	... Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto	
292	Delahy, W	... Overseer, P. W. D., Military Works	... Fort William	... ditto	ditto	
293	DeMonte, F W	... Accountant-General's Office, Military Dept.	... Loudon's Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
294	Derrick, J	... Assistant Secretary, Calcutta Bible Society's Depository.	... Creek Row	... Great Britain	ditto	
295	DeRozario, A J	... Store-keeper, G. F. Lackersteen and Co.	... 36, New China Bazar	... India	ditto	
296	DeSouza, M	... Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept.	... Sudder Street	... ditto	ditto	
297	DeSouza, R	... Adjuster, Calcutta Mint	... Strand	... ditto	ditto	
298	Dias, H S C	... Assistant, Financial Department	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto	
299	Dias, J F	... Assistant, Accountant-General, Military Department.	... 9, Dacre's Lane	... ditto	ditto	
300	Dickson, G	... Assistant, Macneill and Co.	... Mission Row	... Great Britain	ditto	
301	Dickson, W	... Assistant, Bengal Bank	... Strand	... ditto	ditto	
302	Dinning, H	... Assistant, Stuart and Co.	... Old Court House Corner	... ditto	ditto	
303	Dissent, C E	... Assistant, Office of Consulting Engineer to the Government of India.	... Writers' Buildings	... India	ditto	
304	Dissent, C T	... Superintendent, Refuse Tax Office of the Justices.	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto	
305	Dobbie, W H	... Assistant, Comptroller-General's Office	... Treasury Buildings	... Great Britain	ditto	
306	Dobson, E	... Assistant to Anderson, Wallace and Co.	... Dhurrumtollah	... ditto	ditto	
307	Doig, W	... Head Mechanical Engineer, Calcutta Mint	... Strand	... ditto	ditto	
308	Donaldson, A	... Assistant, R. B. Rodda and Co.	... 7, Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	

309	Donaldson, W	Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
310	Dougal, R R	Assistant, Gisborne and Co.	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
311	Douglas, S K	Assistant, Carlisle, Nephews and Co.	...	25, Mango Lane	...	ditto	ditto
312	Dover, H	Firm of Wilton and Co.	...	Dhurumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
313	Dowling, A F	Assistant, Gisborne and Co.	...	Strand Road	...	ditto	ditto
314	Dowling, G A	Clerk, Secretariat, Govt. of India, P. W. D.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	India	ditto
315	Dowling, J	Assistant, to Anderson, Wright and Co.	...	21, Strand	...	ditto	ditto
316	Dozey, A	Superintendent, Home Department Press	...	Loudon's Building	...	ditto	ditto
317	Drysdale, D	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co.	...	1, Fairlie Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
318	Duff, D	Bill and Stock Broker	...	Great Eastern Hotel Co., Ltd.	...	ditto	ditto
319	Duncan, R S	Firm of Duncan and Co.	...	Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto
320	Dunkley, C	Assistant, Francis, Ramsay and Co.	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
321	Dunne, T H	Assistant, Office of Superintendent of Revenue Survey	...	10, Middleton Street	...	ditto	ditto
322	Duplessis, A	Examiner, Indian Statesman Press	...	Chowringhee Road	...	India	ditto
323	Duplessis, M E	Reader, Indian Daily News Press	...	British Indian Street	...	ditto	ditto
E							
324	Easton, G	Registrar, Bengal Secretariat	...	28, Chowringhee Road	...	Great Britain	ditto
325	Eden, J	Assistant to Anderson, Wallace and Co.	...	Dhurumtollah	...	India	ditto
326	Edmond, J M	Cabinet-maker	...	Bentinck Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
327	Edmonds, G H	Passing Officer, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
328	Edmonds, J E	Assistant Superintendent, Calcutta Sailors' Home, and Shipping Agent.	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
329	Edward, F	Conservancy Overseer	...	4, Jaun Bazar	...	India	ditto
330	Edwards, J H	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.	...	8, Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
331	Ellis, B	Reader, Bengal Secretariat Press	...	28, Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
332	Ellis, J	Assistant, T. Smith and Co.	...	Dhurumtollah Street	...	India	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.
	E					
333	Ellis, J A S	Accountant, Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	Loudon's Buildings	India	Christian	
334	Ellis, J H	Assistant Master, La.Martiniere School	Loudon Street	Great Britain	ditto	
335	Elworthy, H	Assistant, F. and C. Osler	Old Court House Street	ditto	ditto	
336	Embleton, E	Assistant, Ahmuty and Co.	Church Lane	ditto	ditto	
337	Emmer, C W	Assistant, Public Works Secretariat, India...	Loudon's Buildings	ditto	ditto	
338	Englebrecht, A J	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commis- sariat and Stud Accounts.	7, Koila Ghât Street	India	ditto	
339	Englebrecht, W D B	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
340	Ensoll, F A	Manager, Joseph Bourne and Co.	Wellesley Place	Great Britain	ditto	
341	Esau, A G	Assistant, P W Secretariat, Government of India.	Loudon's Buildings	India	ditto	
342	Eva, S	Melter, Calcutta Mint	Strand Road	Great Britain	ditto	
343	Eyears, J	Firm of Watts and Co.	Wellesley Place	ditto	ditto	
	F					
344	Fegredo, E W	Assistant, Thacker, Spink and Co.	Government Place	India	ditto	
345	Fell, E L	Assistant, Bengal Office	28, Chowringhee Road	ditto	ditto	
346	Fenwick, H B	Assistant Engineer to the Justices	4, Jaun Bazar Street	Great Britain	ditto	
347	Fenwick, H H	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commis- sariat Accounts.	7, Koilah Ghât Street	India	ditto	
348	Fergusson, H	Assistant, Bathgate and Co.	Old Court House Street	Great Britain	ditto	
349	Fermie, D	Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	30, Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto	
350	Fern, E W	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	Loudon's Buildings	ditto	ditto	
351	Finch, J R	Head Assistant, Medical Store Dept.	Wellesley Place	India	ditto	
352	Fink, A H	Assistant, Delhi and London Bank, Limited	Council House Street	ditto	ditto	

353	Fink, A R	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	ditto	...	ditto
354	Fink, J A	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto
355	Fink, W J	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto
356	Finlayson, A	...	Assistant, Hamilton and Co.	...	Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain
357	Fishbourne, E C	...	Assistant, Young, Gray and Co.	...	Mission Row	...	ditto
358	Fleming, W W	...	Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall & Co.	...	30, Dalhousie Square	...	India
359	Fleury, L C	...	Assistant, Bengal Secretariat	...	28, Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
360	Fleury, P W	...	House Builder	...	South Collinga Street	...	ditto
361	Fluker, W H	...	Assistant, Bengal Bank	...	Strand	...	Great Britain
362	Forbes, A F C	...	Assistant, Firm of F. W. Heilgers and Co.	...	Canning Street	...	ditto
363	Forbes, D M	...	Second Grade Engineer, Calcutta Mint	...	Strand	...	ditto
364	Forbes, E R	...	Head Assistant, Office of Superintendent of Emigration.	...	Jaun Bazar Street	...	India
365	Forbes, J H	...	Sub-Agent, Chartered Bank of India, &c	...	5, Council House Street	...	Great Britain
366	Forbes, W A B	...	Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall & Co.	...	30, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
367	Fox, G	...	Assistant, G. Henderson & Co.	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto
368	Fox, T P	...	Assistant, Firm of Ashburner & Co.	...	1, Garstin's Place	...	ditto
369	Fox, W G	...	Commission Agent	...	Free School Street	...	India
370	Francis, C R	...	Assistant, Cook and Co.	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto
371	Francis, E	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Ranksball Street	...	ditto
372	Francis, J T	...	Reader, Foreign Department Press	...	Council House Street	...	ditto
373	Francis, M	...	Head Clerk, Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	ditto
374	Francis, W	...	Assistant, Stewart and Co.	...	8, Old Court House Corner	...	ditto
375	Francis, W L	...	Superintendent, Home Department	...	Ludon's Buildings	...	Great Britain
376	Fransz, N	...	Reader, Public Works Department	...	Government Place	...	India
377	Fraser, J R	...	Bill, Share, and Stock Broker	...	Middleton Street	...	Great Britain
378	Frederick, C	...	Assistant, Bengal Legislative Office.	Council	3, Government Place	...	India

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
F						
379	Frederick, J H	... Assistant Cashier, Oriental Bank	... Clive Street	... India	Christian	
380	Freeman, A	... Supervisor, First Calcutta Division	... 15, Writers' Buildings	... Great Britain	ditto	
381	Freeman, T W	... Accountant, Office of Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Public 17, ditto	... India	ditto	
382	French, P	... Assistant, Home Office	... London's Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
383	French, T R	... Music Master	... Dhurrumtollah Street	... ditto	ditto	
384	Frew, H J	... Superintendent, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Government Place	... Great Britain	ditto	
385	Frost, A M	... Assistant, Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	Public London's Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
386	Frost, C D	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... India	ditto	
387	Pulford, J	... Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	... 46, Park Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
388	Fyfe, W C	... Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
G						
389	Gallie, J	... Assistant, Accountant, Bengal Bank	... Strand	... ditto	ditto	
390	Gantzer, D A	... Accountant, Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	... India	ditto	
391	Gardiner, T J	... Banker, Oriental Bank Corporation	... Clive Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
392	Garrett, J B	... Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel Co.	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto	
393	Garrick, D	... Photographic Artist	... Waterloo Street	... ditto	ditto	
394	George, J	... Head Assistant, Chamber of Commerce	... Clive Street	... India	ditto	
395	George, J B	... Assistant, Whitney Brothers and Co.	... 1, Lall Bazar	... ditto	ditto	
396	George, J S	... Assistant, Bengal Secretariat	... 1, Sudder Street	... ditto	ditto	
397	George, R	... Head Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Police, Lower Provinces.	13, Chowringhee Road	... ditto	ditto	

398	George, S	... Accountant, Office of Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
399	Gibb, H	... Assistant, Turner, Morrison and Co.	6, Lyons' Range	...	Great Britain
400	Gibson, R A	... Draftsman, Surveyor-General's Office.	Park Street	...	India
401	Gill, R E	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	Bank-hall Street	...	ditto
402	Gillon, E A	... Assistant, Wyman and Co.	Hare Street	...	Great Britain
403	Gladman, J	... Assistant, Mathewson and Co.	Hare Street	...	India
404	Glass, A J	... Assistant, Lyall, Rennie and Co.	Canning Street	...	ditto
405	Glass, A W	... Ditto	ditto	...	ditto
406	Glass, P W	... Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co.	Clive Row	...	ditto
407	Gleeson, F G	... Head Clerk, T. Smith and Co.	Dhurruntollah Street	...	ditto
408	Goddard, G W	... Firm of J. Monteith and Co.	Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain
409	Godino, R W	... Assistant, Home Office	London's Buildings	...	India
410	Gomes, J	... Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	...	ditto
411	Gomes, J M	... Overseer of the Justices	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto
412	Gomez, L	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, &c., Accounts.	Coliah Ghât Street	...	ditto
413	Gomez, William	... 2nd Master, Calcutta Free School	Free School Street	...	ditto
414	Gonsalves, E R	... Assistant, Bengal Legislative Council	3, Government Place	...	ditto
415	Gonsalves, F	... Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	...	ditto
416	Gonsalves, F E	... Assistant, Arlington and Co.	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
417	Gonsalves, J	... Assistant, Legislative Department	3, Government Place	...	ditto
418	Gonsalves, J M	... Assistant, Smith Stanistreet and Co.	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
419	Goodall, R D	... Assistant, Sect., Govt. of India, P. W. D.	London's Buildings	...	Great Britain
420	Goodricke, C A	... Assistant, O. Steel and Co.	Old Court House Street	...	ditto
421	Goodwin R	... Assistant, Anderson, Wallace and Co.	Dhurruntollah	...	India
422	Gordon, F A	... Assistant, Office of Contr. of Muly. Accts.	Somerset Buildings	...	Great Britain
423	Gordon, G E	... Assistant, Gladstone, Wylie and Co.	Clive Street	...	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.
G						
424	Gordon, I	Supervisor, Military Pay Examiner's Office	Bankshall Street	India	Christian	
425	Gore, G C	Assistant, Office of Commissary of Ordnance and Aarsenals.	Fort William	ditto	ditto	
426	Gould, T H	Assistant, Newman and Co.	Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto	
427	Govino, R W	Assistant, Home Department	London's Building	ditto	ditto	
428	Gracias, H D	Assistant, Office of Examiner, Commissariat Stud Accounts.	7, Coilah Ghât Street	ditto	ditto	
429	Graham, T M	Assistant, Office of Consulting Engineer to the Government of India.	21, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
430	Grant, W H	Assistant, Francis, Harrison, Hathaway & Co.	Government Place	Great Britain	ditto	
431	Gray, A C	Teacher, Doveton College	Park Street	India	ditto	
432	Gray, H	General Assistant, Bank of Bengal	Strand	Great Britain	ditto	
433	Gray, W	Firm of Robert and Charliol	Vansittart Row	ditto	ditto	
434	Green, E	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	India	ditto	
435	Green, F	Assistant, Ranken and Co.	4, Old Court House Street...	Great Britain	ditto	
436	Greenway, A	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, P. W. D.	London's Building	India	ditto	
437	Gregory, J	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commissariat and Stud Accounts.	Coilah Ghât	ditto	ditto	
438	Gregory, J A	Manager, Great Eastern Hotel Co. Ltd.	Old Court House Street	Great Britain	ditto	
439	Gregory, R	Assistant, Bengal Secretariat	Sudder Street	India	ditto	
440	Gregory, T D	Assistant, Department of Agriculture, Revenue, and Commerce.	London's Building	ditto	ditto	
441	Gregory, W	Assistant, P. W. Secretariat, Government of India.	ditto	ditto	ditto	
442	Gregory, W B	Assistant, Home Department	ditto	ditto	ditto	
443	Gribbin, H	Assistant, Government Printing Office	Hastings Street	Great Britain	ditto	

444	Griffiths, O B	...	Assistant, W. Moran and Co.	...	3, Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
445	Groser, C R	...	Assistant, Cook and Co.	...	Dhurruntollah Street	...	India	ditto
446	Groser, F A	...	ditto ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
447	Groves, G	...	Superintendent, Calcutta Sailors' Home	...	Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
• H.								
448	Halden, J V	...	Store-keeper, Mathematical Establishment.	Instrument	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
449	Halgnette, E W	...	Assistant, Jardine, Skinner & Co.	...	Clive Row	...	India	ditto
450	Hall, G	...	Assistant, T. E. Thomson & Co.	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
451	Hall, T W	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	16, Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
452	Hallett, H W	...	Firm of Watts and Co.	...	Wellesley Place	...	ditto	ditto
453	Hamilton A	...	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co.	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
454	Hamilton, L B	...	Assistant, Lyall, Rennie and Co.	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
455	Handford, T J	...	Firm of Handford and Crew	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
456	Hands, F F	...	Assistant, R. N. Matthewson and Co.	...	Harc Street	...	India	ditto
457	Hannah, W C	...	Hide Broker	...	Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
458	Harman, G B	...	Assistant, Badham Brothers	...	16, Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
459	Harnack, J H	...	Assistant, Harman and Co.	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
460	Harris, P	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
461	Harrison, A W	...	Firm of Francis, Harrison, Hathaway and Co.	...	Government Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
462	Harrison, E G	...	Assistant, O. Steel and Co.	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
463	Harrison, F	...	Assistant, Ramsay, Wakefield and Co.	...	11, Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
464	Harrison, J	...	Assistant, Calcutta Musical Establishment	...	Ohowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
465	Harrison, L	...	Firm of Ranken and Co.	...	4, Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
466	Hart, L	...	Assistant, Balmer, Lawrie and Co.	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
467	Hart, R S	...	Assistant, Cook and Co.	...	Dhurruntollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
468	Hartnell, M	...	Flight Superintendent, I. G. S. N. Co.	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto

<i>No.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Style or Calling.</i>	<i>Residence or Place of Business.</i>	<i>Native Country.</i>	<i>Religion.</i>	<i>REMARKS.</i>
II						
469	Harvey, C	... Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	Loudon's Building	... India	Christian	
470	Harvey, J R	... Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade, East	... ditto	ditto	
471	Harvey, V	... Assistant, Scallan and Co.	Pollock Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
472	Haskew, E J	... Firm of Solomon and Co.	Government Place	... ditto	ditto	
473	Haslam, J	... Assistant, Harold and Co.	Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
474	Hayton, R	... Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co.	Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto	
475	Heberlet, A F	... Commission Agent	Williams' Lane	... India	ditto	
476	Heberlet, J A	... Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto	
477	Heberlet, M A	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	Banksball Street	... ditto	ditto	
478	Hefferan, J E	... ditto ditto	ditto	... ditto	ditto	
479	Heefke, G O C	... Head Draftsman, Office of Joint-Secretary to Government of Bengal, P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.	12, Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
480	Heins, F W	... Assistant, Calcutta Musical Establishment...	Chowringhee Road	... Great Britain	ditto	
481	Hely, W	... Firm of Eastman and Co.	Dhurruntollah Street	... ditto	ditto	
482	Henty, C J	... Assistant, Treasury Department, Bank of Bengal.	Strand Road	... ditto	ditto	
483	Henty, T H	... Bill, Share, and Stock Broker	102, Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
484	Herbert, J H	... Manager, Llewelyn and Co.	Bentinek Street	... India	ditto	
485	Heron, G	... Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	... ditto	ditto	
486	Hewetson, N	... Clerk, Office of Joint-Secretary to Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D., Irrigation Branch	12, Writers' Buildings	... Singapore	ditto	
487	Heysham, H	... Registrar, Legislative Department	3, Government Place	... India	ditto	
488	Heyward, P	... Accountant, Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	Loudon's Building	... Great Britain	ditto	
489	Hicke, E	... Secretary, Trades' Association	Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	

490	Hicks, R M H	...	Supdt., Bank of Bengal, Treasury Dept.	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
491	Higgins, M V	...	Assistant, Haworth and Co.	...	Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
492	Hill, J.	...	Assistant Secretary, Great Eastern Hotel	...	Old Court House Street	...	India	ditto
493	Hilliard, R W	...	Assistant, T. E. Thomson and Co.	...	Esplanade Row	...	Great Britain	ditto
494	Hills, C B	...	Assistant, J. Thomas and Co.	...	Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
495	Hinde, W H	...	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.	...	8, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
496	Hoare, C S	...	Assistant, Finlay, Muir and Co.	...	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
497	Hodges, J	...	Assistant Master, La Martiniere School	...	Loudon Street	...	ditto	ditto
498	Hoff, F C	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	India	ditto
499	Hoff, W W	...	Assistant, Department of Agriculture, Revenue, and Commerce.	...	Loudon's Building	...	ditto	ditto
500	Hogan, C P	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
501	Holland, G F	...	Manager, Great Eastern Hotel	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
502	Holloway, C B	...	Assistant, Bird and Co.	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
503	Holloway, S	...	Conservancy Overseer, Office of Justices of the Peace.	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	India	ditto
504	Holness, E	...	Teacher, Doveton College	...	Park Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
505	Holtom, W A	...	Road Overseer, Office of the Justices	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	India	ditto
506	Hornby, E C	...	Bill and Share Broker	...	109, Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
507	Houghton, H L	...	Assistant, Office of Secretary to Government of Bengal, Public Works Department.	...	20, Writers' Buildings	...	India	ditto
508	Howatson, F	...	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	...	Loudon's Building	...	ditto	ditto
509	Howatson, W E B	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
510	Howell, H	...	Assistant, O Steel and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
511	Hubbard, C E	...	Accountant, Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	...	Loudon's Building	...	ditto	ditto
512	Hubbard, W H	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts, Account Branch.	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.
H						
513	Hubbard, W H (Jr.)	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... India	Christian	
514	Hudson, C	... Assistant, Smith and Stanistreet	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
515	Hudson, J	... Assistant, Atkinson Brothers	... Chowringhee Road	... Great Britain	ditto	
516	Hulbert, W C	... Assistant, W S Cresswell	... 6, Fancy Lane	... ditto	ditto	
517	Hurle, A W	... Assistant, G Henderson and Co.	... Mangoe Lane	... ditto	ditto	
518	Hurst, W	... Merchant	... Hare Street	... ditto	ditto	
519	Hutcheon, J	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	... Somerset Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
520	Hutchinson, J A	... Assistant, Toulmin and Co	... Radha Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto	
521	Hutton, T	... Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto	
522	Hypher, F A	... Clerk, Ernsthausen and Oesterley	... New China Bazar	... India	ditto	
I						
523	Imbert, J C	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto	
524	Incl, W	... Assistant, E Thompson & Co., Gas-fitters	... Bentinck Street	... ditto	ditto	
525	Ingels, T	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade, East	... ditto	ditto	
526	Inglis, W M	... Assistant, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	... ditto	ditto	
527	Innes, J	... Assistant, Stewart and Co	... 8, Old Court House Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
528	Inskipp, C F	... Assistant, Moran and Co	... Church Lane	... ditto	ditto	
529	Ironside, W	... Firm of Dykes and Co	... Waterloo Street	... ditto	ditto	
530	Irving, G	... Assistant, T E Thomson and Co	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto	
531	Irving, W O B	... Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co	... 4, Clive Row	... ditto	ditto	
532	Irwin, W H	... Assistant, Graf and Banziger	... Council House Street	... ditto	ditto	
533	Jacob, R	... Assistant, R S Duncan and Co	... Hare Street	... India	ditto	
534	James, A	... Chief Accountant, Office of Accountant-General, Military Department.	... 9, Dacre's Lane	... Great Britain	ditto	

535	James, A (Sr.)	...	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	London's Building	...	India	ditto
536	James, A (Jr.)	...	ditto	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
537	James, E B	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
538	James, H J	...	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
539	James, J O N	...	Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
540	James, L E	...	Assistant, Officer of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	London's Building	...	ditto	ditto
541	James, W M	...	License Inspector to the Justices	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
542	James, W B	...	Firm of Kerr, Tarruck and Co	11, Clive Row	...	Great Britain	ditto
543	Jamieson, J	...	Assistant, Balmer, Lawrie and Co.	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
544	Jary, J M	...	3rd Grade Meltor, Calcutta Mint	Strand	...	India	ditto
545	Jebb, J S	...	Assistant, Port Commissioners' Office, Calcutta.	Commercial Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
546	Jellicoe, W E	...	Jeweller	Esplanade, East	...	ditto	ditto
547	Jenkins, J	...	Assistant, J Elliot and Co	Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
548	Jevczy, E	...	Superintendent, Lithographic Branch, Surveyor-General's Office.	Camac Street	...	ditto	ditto
549	Jewell, G	...	Assistant, W H Harton and Co	Strand Road	...	India	ditto
550	Jewell, H	...	Assistant, Cones and Co	Lall Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
551	Joachim, H G	...	Assistant, Agent's Office, East Indian Railway.	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
552	Joakim, M	...	Assistant, Home Office	London's Building	...	ditto	ditto
553	John, T	...	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co	1, Fairlie Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
554	Johnson, W H	...	Executive Engineer, Fort William Division	Fort William	...	ditto	ditto
555	Joll, H	...	Executive Engineer, 1st Calcutta Division	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
556	Jones, A	...	Chief Accountant, Office of the Accountant-General, Military Department.	9, Dacre's Lane	...	ditto	ditto
557	Jones, Erasmus	...	Proprietor, Cambrian Press	British Indian Street	...	ditto	ditto

<i>No.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Style or Calling.</i>	<i>Residence or Place of Business.</i>	<i>Native Country.</i>	<i>Religion.</i>	<i>REMARKS</i>
J						
558	Jones, G E	... Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co	... Fairlie Place	... Great Britain	Christian	
559	Jones, G E Warde	... Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	... London's Building	... India	ditto	
560	Jones, H M	... Firm of H M Jones and Co	... 1, Hare Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
561	Jones, W H	... Firm of Robert Campbell and Co	... 4, Mango Lane	... ditto	ditto	
562	Jones, W M	... License Inspector, Justices of the Peace	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	... India	ditto	
563	Judah, W A	... Assistant, Calcutta Mint	... Strand	... ditto	ditto	
K						
564	Kalberer, A	... Assistant, Examiner of P. W. Accounts	... 17, Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
565	Kalberer, L L	... Superintendent, Office of Accountant-General, Bengal.	... Government Place	... Great Britain	ditto	
566	Kavanagh, J J	... Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto	
567	Keane, J	... Sub-Engineer, 1st Calcutta Division	... 6, Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
568	Keel, A E	... Firm of Francis, Harrison, Hathaway & Co	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto	
569	Kelly, F W	... Revenue Surveyor, Office of Superintendent, Revenue Survey, U C	... Middleton Street	... ditto	ditto	
570	Kelly, J	... Accountant, Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	... London's Building	... India	ditto	
571	Kelly, W F	... Chief Clerk to the Personal Assistant to Engineer, East Indian Railway.	... 21, Dalhousie Square	... Great Britain	ditto	
572	Kemp, G L	... Secretary, Standard Life Assurance Co	... Hare Street	... ditto	ditto	
573	Kennedy, J	... Assistant, Military Dept., Printing Office	... Esplanade Row	... India	ditto	
574	Kennelly, J	... Assistant, Wynnan and Co	... Hare Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
575	Kerr, E C	... Assistant, Commissary General's Office	... 6, Park Street	... India	ditto	
576	Kerr, G L	... Assistant, Office of Examiner, Commissariat Stud Accounts.	... 7, Koilah Ghat Street	... ditto	ditto	

577	Kibble, J. W.	...	Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co	...	4, Fairlie Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
578	Kilgour, P M	...	Firm of Stenart and Co	...	Old Court House Corner	...	ditto	ditto
579	King, F St. A	...	Accountant, Delhi and London Bank Limited.	...	4, Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
580	King, L	...	Assistant, Kelly and Co	...	4, Lyon's Range	...	ditto	ditto
581	Kirkpatrick, W H	...	Registrar, Bengal Legislative Council	...	8, Government Place	...	India	ditto
582	Knight, J D	...	Deputy Supdt., Foreign Office Press	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
583	Korper, G B	...	Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
584	Kraal, G A	...	Assistant, W Moran and Co	...	3, Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
585	Krarl, W H	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
L								
586	Lackerteen, E T	...	Assistant, Schlaepfer, Putz and Co	...	Olive Row	...	ditto	ditto
587	Lacroix, E H	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts, Account Branch.	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
588	Lambert, W	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	...	16, Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
589	Landale, A	...	Assistant, W L Toulmin and Co	...	Radha Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
590	Lane, A	...	Accountant, Examiner of P W Accounts, Bengal.	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	India	ditto
591	Lang, T	...	Assistant Secy., Standard Life Assurance Co.	...	Hare Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
592	Langley, H J	...	Assistant, Ranken and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
593	Langstone, C B	...	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
594	Langton, W H	...	Assistant, Ede and Hobson	...	Canning Street	...	ditto	ditto
595	Large, A B	...	Firm of Dykes and Co	...	Waterloo Street	...	ditto	ditto
596	Larpent, F deH	...	Assistant, Comptroller-General's Office	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
597	Latimer, F W	...	Assistant, Office of Private Secretary to the Viceroy.	...	Government House	...	ditto	ditto
598	Lauder, R D	...	Firm of Harley and Co.	...	Lall Bazar	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARK
L						
599	Lawless, W H	... Freight and Ship Broker	... Clive Street	... Great Britain	Christian	
600	Lawrence, J	... Superintendent of Money Order Office	... Government Place	... India	ditto	
601	Lawrence, P	... Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto	
602	Lawson, T M	... Firm of Lawson and Co	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto	
603	Lazarus, C	... Cabinet maker	... Bentinck Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
604	Lee, H T	... Assistant to Harold and Co	... 12, Government Place	... ditto	ditto	
605	Lees, G	... Assistant, Anderson, Wright and Co	... 21, Strand	... ditto	ditto	
606	La Franco, E A	... Zincographer, Surveyor-General's Office	... Park Street	... India	ditto	
607	Leigh, F L	... Assistant, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	... ditto	ditto	
608	Lepage, H L	... Assistant, Lithographic Branch, Surveyor-General's Office.	... Camac Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
609	Leslie, W	... Assistant to T E Thompson and Co	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto	
610	Lewis, F T	... Assistant Accountant, Bank of Bengal	... Strand	... ditto	ditto	
611	Lewis, G A	... Assistant, Firm of Magor and Co	... 7, New China Bazar Street...	... India	ditto	
612	Lewis, G A	... Firm of Murdoch and Co.	... Dhurrumtollah Street	... ditto	ditto	
613	Limond, R	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto	
614	Liadsay, R A	... Assistant, J Davis and Co.	... Mango Lane	... ditto	ditto	
615	Linsell, F G	... Assistant, Badham Brothers	... 16, Old Court House Street...	... Great Britain	ditto	
616	Linton, W	... Proprietor, Spence's Hotel	... Wellesley Place	... India	ditto	
617	Livesay, G K	... Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	... 30, Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
618	Lloyd, E H	... Bill Broker	... Wellesley Street	... ditto	ditto	
619	Logan, M	... Assistant, Bank of Bengal	... Strand	... Great Britain	ditto	
620	Longhurst, C	... Assistant, Superintendent, Stamp Office	... 4, Church Lane	... ditto	ditto	
621	Longley, E F	... Assistant, Bathgate and Co.	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto	
622	Lopez, E	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	... India	ditto	

670	Mackenzie, J	Photographer, Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
671	Mackenzie, N W	Superintendent, Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal.	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
672	Mackenzie, H T	Assistant, Graham and Co.	...	9, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
673	Mackenzie, W	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
674	Mackewan, W H	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co.	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
675	Mackie, T E	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	...	Loudon's Building	...	India	ditto
676	MacLagan, G C	Assistant, Williamson Brothers and Co.	...	4, Clive Ghât Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
677	Macleod, A	In charge Agricultural section, Office of Superintendent, Government Printing.	...	8, Hastings Street	...	ditto	ditto
678	Macleod, C H	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	India	ditto
679	Macleod, G W	Assistant, Accountant-General of Bengal	...	Treasury Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
680	Macleod, H	Assistant, Cook and Co.	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	India	ditto
681	Macnab, A	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	16, Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
682	Macnair, J F	Assistant, Begg, Dunlop and Co.	...	Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
683	Mactavish, W B	Assistant, J Thomas and Co.	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
684	Madge, G H	First Assistant to Mint Master	...	Strand	...	India	ditto
685	Madge, T	Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office	...	Banksall Street	...	ditto	ditto
686	Madge, W C	Sub-Editor, <i>Indian Daily News</i>	...	British Indian Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
687	Maelzer, J G	Supervisor, Military Pay Examiner's Office	...	Banksall Street	...	Australia	ditto
688	Magee, J	Manager, Smith, Stanistreet and Co.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	Great Britain	ditto
689	Main, W	Assistant, T E Thomson and Co.	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
690	Manly, D W	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance.	...	4, Garstin's Place	...	India	ditto
691	Manook, J Z	Bill and Stock Broker	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
692	Manuel, C H	Printer, T Black and Co.	...	Bentinck Street	...	ditto	ditto
693	Manuel, H R	Reader, P W Press, Bengal	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
694	Manuel, H T	Assistant, Home Department	...	Loudon's Building	...	ditto	ditto

No.	NAMES.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS
M						
695	Manuel, J	Asst., Office Acctt-Genl., Military Dept.	... 9, Dacre's Lane	... India	Christian	
696	Manuel, J A	Assistant, Home Department	... Loudon's Building	... ditto	ditto	
697	Marceline, J E	Reader, P. W. D., Printing Branch	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto	
698	Marsden, J	Assistant, Ede and Hobson	... Canning Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
699	Marshall, F H	Assistant, Anderson, Wallace and Co.	... Dhurrumtollah Street	... India	ditto	
700	Martin, E	Assistant, Thomas, Smith and Co.	... ditto	... ditto	ditto	
701	Martin, H G	Copperplate Printer, Surveyor-General's Office.	... Park Street	... ditto	ditto	
702	Martin, J C	Assistant, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	... ditto	ditto	
703	Martin, J P	Stable Keeper	... 20, Meredith's Lane	... ditto	ditto	
704	Martin, W H	Assistant, Mint Master	... Strand	... ditto	ditto	
705	Martinelli, J P	Assistant, Master Attendant's Office	... 10, ditto	... ditto	ditto	
706	Martyr, E L	Assistant, Bengal Office	... Chowringhee Road	... ditto	ditto	
707	Martyr, J	Assistant, Smith Stanistreet and Co.	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
708	Martyrose, C A	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co.	... Fairlie Place	... ditto	ditto	
709	Martyrose, P A	Assistant, M C Joakim and Co.	... 109, Old China Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto	
710	Massin, J	Assistant, T Smith, and Co.	... Dhurrumtollah Street	... ditto	ditto	
711	Masters, A W	Assistant, Office of Superintendent of Emigration.	... Jaun Bazar	... Great Britain	ditto	
712	Masters, E	Assistant, Financial Department	... Government Place	... India	ditto	
713	Mathews, F H	Assistant, Brown and Co.	... 42, Bentinck Street	... ditto	ditto	
714	Mathewson, R N	Firm of R N Mathewson	... Government Place	... Great Britain	ditto	
715	Maundrell, A W J	Assistant, R Scott Thomson and Co.	... ditto	... India	ditto	
716	Mawson, D	Assistant, Cook and Co.	... Dhurrumtollah Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
717	Mawson, W P	Assistant, Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce Department.	... London's Building	... ditto	ditto	

623	Lord, J H	...	Assistant, Francis, Harrison, Hathaway and Co.	Government Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
624	Lovegrove, C W	...	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
625	Low, D	...	Assistant, P. and O. Co.	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
626	Lowen, G	...	Manager, Landing and Shipping Co.	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
627	Lowther, P M	...	Assistant, John Elliot and Co.	4, Clive Street	...	India	ditto
628	Lucas, W	...	Assistant, Badham Brothers	16, Old Court House Street...	...	Great Britain	ditto
629	Lyall, A A	...	Assistant, Lyall, Rennie and Co.	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
630	Lyle, W C	...	Manager, Continental Wine Co.	Old Court House Street	...	India	ditto
631	Lynch, W J	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	5, Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
632	Lyons, E	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	Loudon's Building	...	ditto	ditto
633	Lyons, G	...	Superintendent, House Connection, Establishment of the Justices.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
634	Lyrr, G J	...	Assistant, Examiner of Railway Accounts...	21, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
M							
635	McAllister, J	...	Assistant Accountant, Bank of Bengal	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
636	McCannab, R W	...	Inhabitant	3, Joratallao Street	...	India	ditto
637	McDougall, A C	...	Overseer to the Justices	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
638	McIntosh, A R	...	Firm of O Steel and Co.	3, Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
639	McIntosh, W C	...	Assistant, Duncan Brothers	14, Clive Street	...	India	ditto
640	McInnes, J G	...	Wiseman, Mitchell, Reid and Co.	81, ditto	...	Great Britain	ditto
641	McKean, A B	...	Accountant, Chartered Mercantile Bank	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
642	McKellor, G B	...	Assistant, Williamson, Magor and Co.	7, New China Bazar Street...	...	ditto	ditto
643	McKewan, W H	...	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co.	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
644	McKinnell, E	...	Partner, Adelphi Hotel	Waterloo Street	...	ditto	ditto
645	McLaren, J G	...	Assistant, W Moran and Co.	3, Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.
M						
646	McLean, H J	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	... India	Christian	
647	McLean, J M	... Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	... 16, Strand	... Great Britain	ditto	
648	McLean, J W	... Foreman, G F Lackersteen and Co.	... 36, New China Bazar Street	... India	ditto	
649	McLeod, A	... Foreman, Government Printing Office	... Hastings Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
650	McLeod, H H	... Assistant, Mackilloan and Co.	... 7, Church Lane	... ditto	ditto	
651	McNair, J W	... Assistant, Comptroller-General's Office	... Treasury Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
652	McNair, James W A	... Assistant, Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	... 17, Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
653	McNamara, J E	... Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.	... Garstin's Place	... India	ditto	
654	McPhun, R B	... Assistant, Grindlay and Co.	... Strand Road	... Great Britain	ditto	
655	MacArthur, T J	... Superintendent, Printing Department, E I R	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
656	Macbay, A J	... Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co.	... Fairlie Place	... ditto	ditto	
657	Macdonald, J	... Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	... 30, Dalhousie Square	... India	ditto	
658	Macdonald, J	... Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co.	... 4, Fairlie Place	... Great Britain	ditto	
659	Macfadyen, J	... ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto	
660	Macfie, J G	... Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co.	... Fairlie Place	... ditto	ditto	
661	MacGregor, D	... Sub-Engineer, 1st Calcutta Division	... 15, Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
662	MacGregor, R D	... Assistant, Firm of Duncan Brothers	... 14, Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
663	Mackay, D	... Assistant, Firm of Anderson, Wallace and Co.	... Dhurrumtollah	... ditto	ditto	
664	Mackay, James	... Assistant, Graham and Co.	... 9, Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
665	Mackay, J L	... Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	... 16, Strand	... ditto	ditto	
666	Mackellor, G B	... Assistant, W Magor and Co.	... New China Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto	
667	Mackellor, W J	... Assistant, O Steel and Co.	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto	
668	Mackenzie, B	... Zincographer, Surveyor-General's Office	... Park Street	... ditto	ditto	
669	Mackenzie, G K	... Accountant, Agra Bank, Limited	... 26, Mango Lane	... ditto	ditto	

718	Maxwell, W	...	Assistant, Bathgate and Co.	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
719	May, F W	...	Manager, Madeley and Co.	...	Wellesley Place	...	India	ditto
720	Mayne, F G	...	Assistant, Agra Bank	...	28, Mango Lane	...	Great Britain	ditto
721	Meade, J J	...	Assistant, Colvin, Cowie and Co.	...	1, Hastings Street	...	ditto	ditto
722	Medlycott, A E	...	2nd Grade Melter, Calcutta Mint	...	Strand	...	India	ditto
723	Medlycott, H	...	Accountant, Office of Examiner, P. W. Accounts.	W.	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
724	Meik, G	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
725	Mell, A N	...	Assistant, L W Toulmin and Co.	...	Radha Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
726	Melville, J	...	Firm of Ahmuty and Co.	...	Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
727	Mendes, J A	...	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	...	Old Court House Street	...	India	ditto
728	Mendes, L A	...	Supervisor, P. W. Department	...	1, Commercial Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
729	Mendes, M A	...	Chief Clerk, Office of Superintendent, Government Printing.	Hastings	Street	...	ditto	ditto
730	Mendies, A D	...	Assistant, Surgeon-General's Office	...	Humayoon Place	...	ditto	ditto
731	Mengens, M	...	Assistant, Moran and Co	...	3, Church Lane	...	Great Britain	ditto
732	Meyer, A J	...	Firm of Meyer and Co	...	Cooper's Lane	...	India	ditto
733	Meyer, H	...	Tea Merchant	...	7, Wellesley Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
734	Michael, J H	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	India	ditto
735	Middleton, C	...	Chief Assistant, Store Department, E I R.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
736	Middleton, E	...	Assistant, Grindlay and Co	...	Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
737	Milbourne, W	...	Assistant, Harman and Co	...	12, Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
738	Miller, J	...	Accountant, Department of P. W. Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	...	...	India	ditto
739	Miller, R	...	Assistant, Hoare, Miller and Co	...	Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
740	Millet, C E	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
741	Mills, J	...	Assistant, W L Atkinson and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	India	ditto
742	Milne, J	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
748	Milne, J	...	Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co	...	4, Clive Row	...	Great Britain	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS
M						
744	Milne, J L	... Assistant, Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce Department.	Loudon's Building	... India	Christian	
745	Milne, T K	... Assistant, Gisborne and Co	Strand	... Great Britain	ditto	
746	Milne, W P	... Assistant Engineer, 1st Calcutta Division	15, Writers' Buildings	... India	ditto	
747	Mitchell, D	... Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	46, Park Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
748	Mitchell, J D O	... Store-keeper, Calcutta Jetties	Commercial Buildings	... India	ditto	
749	Moir, A N	... Assistant, City Press	Bentineck Street	... ditto	ditto	
750	Moran, S	... Assistant, W Moran and Co	8, Church Lane	... ditto	ditto	
751	Moon, J	... Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department	Loudon's Building	... India	ditto	
752	Moore, B	... Firm of Moore and Co	Esplanade Row	... Great Britain	ditto	
753	Moore, D O B	... Trade Refuse Department to the Justices	4, Jaun Bazar Street	... India	ditto	
754	Moore, F	... Assistant, Office of Controller, Public Works Accounts.	Dalhousie Square	... Great Britain	ditto	
755	Moore, F	... Deputy Examiner, Public Works Accounts	17, Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
756	Moreno, J A	... Assistant, Bengal Office	Chowringhee Road	... India	ditto	
757	Moreiro, J A	... Examiner, Home Office Press	Loudon's Building	... ditto	ditto	
758	Morrison, D M L	... Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co.	4, Fairlie Place	... Great Britain	ditto	
759	Morrison, J J L L	... Assistant Accountant, Oriental Bank Corporation.	Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
760	Mowat, M	... Professor, Free Church Institution	Beacon Street	... ditto	ditto	
761	Mullen, H E	... Assistant, Thacker, Spink and Co	Government Place	... ditto	ditto	
762	Muller, H A	... Assistant, Calcutta Mint	Strand	... India	ditto	
763	Mumford, J	... Assistant, King, Hamilton and Co	Hare Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
764	Munro, T T	... Assistant, Smith, Stanistreet and Co	Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
765	Murphy, F J	... Druggist	Bow Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto	

766	Murray, F W	...	Assistant, Bengal Secretariat	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
767	Murray, J	...	Firm of Black and Murray	...	Hastings Street	...	ditto	ditto
768	Murray, P S	...	Assistant, Finlay, Muir and Co	...	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
769	Musgrave, B W	...	Assistant, Harold and Co	...	3, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
770	Musgrave, J	...	Draftsman, Geological Museum	...	Hastings Street	...	India	ditto
771	Myhill, W H	...	First Grade Melter, Calcutta Mint	...	Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
772	Napier, J R	...	Manager, <i>Indian Daily News</i>	...	British Indian Street	...	ditto	ditto
773	Nash, F	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
774	Nelson, J F	...	Supervisor, Public Works Department, 2nd Calcutta Division	...	Writers' Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
775	Nerius, J C F	...	Assistant, Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce Department.	...	Loudon's Building	...	India	ditto
776	Neuville, E J P	...	Accountant, Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
777	Newbury, J	...	Assistant Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce Department.	...	London's Building	...	Great Britain	ditto
778	Newing, R D M	...	Assistant, Dykes and Co.	...	Waterloo Street	...	India	ditto
779	Newman, W	...	Assistant Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	...	London's Building	...	ditto	ditto
780	Newsom, W H	...	Firm of Newsom and Co.	...	Chowringhee Road	...	Great Britain	ditto
781	Newton, H W	...	Assistant, Robert and Charriol	...	1, Vansittart's Row	...	ditto	ditto
782	Nicholas, J J	...	Assistant, Apear and Co.	...	Radha Bazar	...	India	ditto
783	Nicholls, W	...	Firm of Nicholls and Co.	...	Wellesley Place	...	ditto	ditto
784	Nightingale, W H	...	Assistant, Cuthbertson and Harper	...	Government Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
785	Niven, H	...	Head Printer, Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
786	Norton, H	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	...	London's Building	...	ditto	ditto
787	Norton, J B	...	Plumber	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
788	Nosworthy, W C	...	Assistant, W Moran and Co.	...	3, Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto

<i>No.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Style or Calling.</i>	<i>Residence or Place of Business.</i>	<i>Native Country.</i>	<i>Religion.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
O						
789	Oates, J	... Store Accountant, E. I. R.	... 22, Dalhousie Square	... Great Britain	Christian	
790	O'Brien, C M	... Hide Broker	... Clive Street	... India	ditto	
791	O'Brien, M	... Head Clerk, Mathematical Instrument Department, Surveyor-General's Office.	... Park Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
792	O'Flaherty, R	... Assistant, Atkinson Brothers	... 14, Chowringhee	... ditto	ditto	
793	O'Sullivan, J P	... Accountant, Examiner of Railway Accounts.	... 21, Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
794	O'Sullivan, T W	... Assistant, Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce Department.	... London's Building	... ditto	ditto	
795	Ogg, A W	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... India	ditto	
796	Ormiston, G A	... Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co.	... Clive Row	... Great Britain	ditto	
797	Orr, P P	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... India	ditto	
798	Osmond, W M	... Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co.	... ditto	... Great Britain	ditto	
799	Ottewill, H. T	... Assistant, Thacker, Spink and Co.	... Government Place	... Great Britain	ditto	
800	Otto, C	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... India	ditto	
801	Otto, F	... ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto	
802	Oung, H	... Assistant, Comptroller-General	... Treasury Buildings	... Burmah	Buddhist	
803	Owen, M	... Assistant, Turner, Morrison and Co.	... Clive Street	... India	Christian	
804	Owen, S	... Inhabitant	... 1, Old Boytakhanna, 2nd lane	... ditto	ditto	
805	Owen, T R	... Assistant, Lithographic Branch, Surveyor-General's Office.	... Camac Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
P						
806	Palmer, A G	... Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	... 46, Park Street	... ditto	ditto	
807	Palmer, C	... Superintendent, Office of Comptroller-General.	... Treasury Buildings	... India	ditto	
808	Palmer, J G	... Assistant, O Steel and Co.	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto	

810	Paterson, J H	Accountant, Office of Accountant-General, London's Building	...	ditto	ditto
811	Parter, A J	Public Works Department.	...	Great Britain	ditto
812	Parker, J C	Assistant, Office of Commissioners for the Commercial Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
813	Parisher, C H	Port of Calcutta.	...	India	ditto
814	Parsons, W	Manager, C and W Scott and Co.	Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto
815	Partridge, T	Assistant, P and O Co.	Strand	ditto	ditto
816	Pascal, E M	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	India	ditto
817	Paterson, Jas.	Assistant, Peel, Jacob and Co.	Clive Street	Great Britain	ditto
818	Patton, J E T	Assistant, Bathgate and Co.	Old Court House Street	India	ditto
819	Paul, A M	Manager, Dunn and Co.	3, Cooper's Lane	ditto	ditto
820	Paxton, A	Secretary to Berkmyra Brothers	24, Strand	Great Britain	ditto
821	Payne, J H	Surveyor, Abkaree Office, Calcutta Col- .torate.	Church Lane	India	ditto
822	Pearce, H L	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co.	1, Fairlie Place	ditto	ditto
823	Peel, O	Shoemaker	Waterloo Street	Great Britain	ditto
824	Pemantle, A H B	Assistant, J Anderson and Co.	Church Lane	India	ditto
825	Pemantle, H	Firm of Pearce and Baist, Brokers	ditto	Great Britain	ditto
826	Pennington, G	Manager, Barlow and Co.	5, Clive Ghat Street	ditto	ditto
827	Pereira, E	Assistant, G F Lackerteen and Co.	36, New China Bazar	India	ditto
828	Pereira, E H	Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	ditto	ditto
829	Pereira, E H	Assistant, T F Brown and Co	Dhurruntollah Street	ditto	ditto
830	Pereira, F	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto
831	Pereira, J F	Assistant, Master Attendant's Office	10, Strand	ditto	ditto
832	Pereira, J J	Head Assistant, Agent for Consignments	Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto
833	Pereira, J J	Examiner, Office of Superintendent, Govern- ment Printing.	8, Hastings Street	ditto	ditto
834	Pereira, J J	Assistant, Office of Secretary to Govern- ment of India, P. W. D	20, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto
835	Pereira, J J	Assistant, Arlington and Co	Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto

P

833	Pereira, J W A	... Assistant, P S D'Rozario and Co	... Lall Bazar Street	... India	Christian	
834	Pereira, T A	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto	
835	Pereira, T R	... Assistant, Home Office	... London's Building	... ditto	ditto	
836	Persey, C W	... Assistant, F and C Osler	... Old Court House Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
837	Peters, J	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	... Somerset Buildings	... India	ditto	
838	Peterson, F W	... Assistant, Bullion Office, Calcutta Mint	... Strand	... ditto	ditto	
839	Peterson, H J	... Assistant, Jessop and Co.	... Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
840	Petrie, D R	... Assistant, Carritt and Co	... Mission Row	... Great Britain	ditto	
841	Phillipe, G W deRHE	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto	
842	Phillipe, L	... Assistant Pipelayer, Calcutta Justices	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto	
843	Phillips, D H	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... Bankshall Street	... India	ditto	
844	Phillips, H	... Assistant, Emigration Office	... 1, Jaun Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto	
845	Phillips, J	... Accountant, Chartered Bank of India	... 5, Council House Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
846	Phillips, N A	... Assistant, Smith, Stanistreet and Co	... Dalhousie Square	... India	ditto	
847	Picachy, L	... Assistant, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	... ditto	ditto	
848	Pickford, A W	... Assistant, Bergg, Dunlop and Co	... 12, Misson Row	... Great Britain	ditto	
849	Picken, J H	... Assistant, T E Thomson and Co	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto	
850	Piesse, L	... Trader	... Durrumtollah Street	... ditto	ditto	
851	Pinlow, W J	... Firm of Harman and Co	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto	
852	Pinkerton, H C	... Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co	... 8, Olive Street	... ditto	ditto	
853	Pinkerton, R	... Assistant, Burn and Co	... 7, Hastings Street	... ditto	ditto	
854	Place, F	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	... Somerset Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
855	Place, H J	... Bill and Stock Broker	... 5, Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto	

856	Playfair, P	...	Assistant, Playfair, Duncan and Co	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
857	Pomeroy, J R	...	Assistant, Turner, Morrison and Co	...	6, Lyon's Range	...	ditto	ditto
858	Porteous, A M	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
859	Porter, S B	...	Assistant, Thomas Watson and Co	...	1, Hare Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
860	Pottenger, G	...	Assistant, Badham Brothers	...	16, Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
861	Potter, J A	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	India	ditto
862	Power, M	...	Registrar, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept.	...	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto	ditto
863	Powlesland, R O	...	Assistant, Burke and Co	...	Dalhousie Square	...	Great Britain	ditto
864	Pratt, H	...	Assistant, F and O Osler	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
865	Prendergast, N J	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
866	Pregrave, E W	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
867	Price, G A	...	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	...	Loudon's Building	...	ditto	ditto
868	Price, J A	...	Assistant Engineer, 1st Calcutta Division, Public Works Department.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
869	Prins, P A	...	Assistant, Grindlay and Co	...	Strand Road	...	India	ditto
870	Pritchard, A H	...	Bill Broker	...	Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto
871	Proby, F M	...	Assistant, Dunn and Co	...	71, Bentinck Street	...	ditto	ditto
872	Prussia, G	...	Accountant, Controller, Public Works Accounts.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
873	Purchase, C A	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
874	Purchase, E B	...	Engineer, Calcutta Mint	...	Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
Q								
875	Quanbrough, F W	...	Assistant, Agra Bank, Limited	...	26, Mango Lane	...	ditto	ditto
876	Quinlow, F P	...	Assistant, Examiner of Railway Accounts...	...	21, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
R								
877	Rauvier, H	...	Assistant Examiner of Accounts, Public Works Department.	...	Loudon's Building	...	ditto	ditto
878	Raphael, J H	...	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	...	Old Court House Street	...	India	ditto

R

879	Ravenscroft, A	... Assistant, Office of Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department.	Humayoon Place	... Great Britain	Christian
880	Ravenscroft, H B	... Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office	Bankshall Street	... India	ditto
881	Read, E	... Assistant, Dykes and Co	Waterloo Street	... Great Britain	ditto
882	Rebeiro, E	... Calcutta Mint	Strand	... India	ditto
883	Rebeiro, J	... Overseer of Roads, 1st Division	4, Jaun Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto
884	Rebeiro, L	... Head Clerk, Drainage Department	ditto	... ditto	ditto
885	Rebeiro, R	... Overseer, Justices of the Peace	ditto	... ditto	ditto
886	Rebello, W A	... Assistant, Public Works Department	Government Place	... ditto	ditto
887	Rebello, W A	... Government Medical Store Department	Wellesley Place	... ditto	ditto
888	Redman, C	... Head Master, Free School	Free School Street	... Great Britain	ditto
889	Reed, W J	... Assistant, Public Works Department	Government Place	... ditto	ditto
890	Reed, W J	... Assistant, Secretariat Government of India, Public Works Department.	London's Buildings	... India	ditto
891	Remedy, W T	... Assistant, Accountant-General, Military Department.	Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto
892	Remfry, J	... Assistant, Hamilton and Co	Old Court House Street	... Great Britain	ditto
893	Renshaw, J E	... Assistant, Watts and Co	Wellesley Place	... ditto	ditto
894	Reynolds, R G	... Assistant, Hunter and Co	Dhurrumtollah Street	... India	ditto
895	Risch, W	... Sub-Editor, "Statesman"	3, Chowringhee Road	... Great Britain	ditto
896	Richards, L	... Firm of Francis, Ramsay and Co	Government Place	... ditto	ditto
897	Riddlesdale, J J	... Assistant, Bourne and Shepherd	Chowringhee Road	... ditto	ditto
898	Ridges, E B	... Firm of Dykes and Co	Waterloo Street	... ditto	ditto
899	Rigordy, C	... Assistant, Consulting Engineer's Office	Writers' Buildings	... India	ditto
900	Rigordy, C (Jr.)	... Clerk, Ernsthausen and Oesterley	New China Bazar	... ditto	ditto
901	Robb, G	... Assistant, Bathgate and Co	Old Court House Street	... Great Britain	ditto

902	Roberts, H	Principal, Doveton College	...	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
903	Roberts, J	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
904	Robertson, C A	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
905	Robins, J	Assistant, Macintosh, Burn and Co	...	Esplanade Row	...	Great Britain	ditto
906	Robinson, A G	Assistant to Anderson, Wright and Co	...	21, Strand	...	ditto	ditto
907	Robinson, C E	Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co	...	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
908	Robinson, F W	Assistant, Rentiers and Co	...	5, Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
909	Robinson, N G	Assistant, Firm of Anderson, Wright & Co.	...	Clive Row	...	Great Britain	ditto
910	Rodgers, T B	Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	...	46, Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
911	Rodrigues, H D	Chief Clerk, Joint-Secretary, Government of Bengal, P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.	...	12, Writers' Buildings	...	India	ditto
912	Rodrigues, J	Assistant, Commissariat and Stud Department.	...	7, Koilah Ghât Street	...	ditto	ditto
913	Rodrigues, J C	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
914	Rodrigues, J H	Assistant, T F Brown and Co	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
915	Rogers, D	Assistant, Calcutta Musical Establishment	...	Chowringhee Road	...	Great Britain	ditto
916	Rogerson, R W	Assistant, T Smith and Co	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
917	Rollo, R G	Chief Clerk, Office of Joint-Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Irrigation Branch, P W D.	...	12, Writers' Buildings	...	India	ditto
918	Rollo, W R	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
919	Romaine, C St.	Assistant, Corfield and Co	...	Esplanade	...	ditto	ditto
920	Romaine, W St.	Assistant, Medical Store Department	...	Wellesley Place	...	ditto	ditto
921	Rose, C	Assistant, Abmuty and Co	...	Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
922	Rose, H A	Zemindar	...	5, Lindsay Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
923	Rose, L E D	Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
924	Rosford, H	Assistant, W H Harton and Co	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
925	Ross, G G	Head Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	...	5, Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto

REMARKS.

Religion.

Native Country.

Residence or Place of Business.

Style or Calling.

K

926	Ross, W	... Assistant to D M Trail	... British Indian Street	... Great Britain	Christian
927	Rostan, C S	... Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Bengal.	... Government Place	... India	ditto
928	Rostan, J B	... Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	... London's Building	... ditto	ditto
929	Rostan, W B	... Superintendent, Comptroller-General's Office.	... Treasury Buildings	... ditto	ditto
930	Rothney, G A J	... Assistant, C W Scott and Co	... British Indian Street	... ditto	ditto
931	Rowe, A H P	... Assistant, Ranken and Co	... 4, Old Court House Street...	... Great Britain	ditto
932	Rowe, D J	... Superintendent, Office Establishment of the Justices.	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto
933	Rubie, P C	... Superintendent, Office of Accountant-General, Bengal.	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto
934	Ruthford, R	... Firm of Cook and Co	... Dhurruntollah Street	... ditto	ditto
935	Rutledge, C T	... Registrar, Military Department	... Explanade Row	... India	ditto
936	Rutledge, D B	... Assistant, ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto
937	Rutledge, T C	... ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto
938	Rymer, F C	... Accountant, Examiner of Public Accounts.	... 17, Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto

S

939	Salmon, J	... Registrar, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.	... Garstin's Place	... Great Britain	ditto
940	Sampson, G H	... Superintendent, Home Office	... London's Building	... India	ditto
941	Sanderson, A	... Deputy Supdt. Govt. Printing	... 8, Hastings Street	... Great Britain	ditto
942	Santo, F D	... Overseer to the Justices	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	... India	ditto
943	Sarkies, J A	... Trader	... 2, Chowringhee Road	... ditto	ditto
944	Sarkies S J	... Produce Broker	... Pollock Street	... ditto	ditto

945	Saunders, R R	...	Assistant, Mackillican and Co	...	7, Church Lane	...	Great Britain	ditto
946	Savi, J A	...	Assistant, Atkinson Brothers	...	Chowringhee Road	...	India	ditto
947	Schurr, H S	...	Assistant to Comptroller-General	...	Treasury Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
948	Scott, C	...	License Inspector to the Justices, Calcutta	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	India	ditto
949	Scott, G C	...	Assistant, Commissary-General's Office	...	6, Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
950	Scott, G J	...	Assistant, Nicol Fleming and Co	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
951	Scott, R	...	Assistant, Mint	...	Strand Road	...	ditto	ditto
952	Scott, W A	...	Assistant, Examiner of Ordnance Office	...	Koilah Ghât Street	...	ditto	ditto
953	Sealy, C S	...	Examiner, Home Department Press	...	Loudon's Building	...	ditto	ditto
954	Sealy, J F	...	Head Clerk, Superintending Engineer's Office, Presidency Circle.	...	15, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
955	Seayfield, S	...	Lithographer	...	7, Dacre's Lane	...	Great Britain	ditto
956	Seton, C	...	Coach Builder	...	Bentineck Street	...	ditto	ditto
957	Seton, G	...	Assistant, Finlay, Muir and Co	...	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
958	Sharpe, C J	...	Assistant, Barlow and Co	...	Clive Ghât Street	...	ditto	ditto
959	Shave, W	...	Gasfitter and Plumber	...	Bentineck Street	...	ditto	ditto
960	Shaw, J W	...	Assistant, Bathgate and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
961	Shekleton, A B	...	Assistant, F W Heilgers and Co	...	186, Canning Street	...	ditto	ditto
962	Shepherd, Geo.	...	Assistant, Magor and Co	...	7, New China Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
963	Sheppard, W H	...	Third Assistant, Office of Superintending Engineer, Presidency Circle.	...	15, Writers' Buildings	...	India	ditto
964	Sherlock, John	...	Assistant to Burn and Co	...	7, Hastings Street	...	ditto	ditto
965	Sherriff, J	...	Firm of Hunter and Co	...	156, Dhurrumtollah Street...	...	ditto	ditto
966	Shilstone, W N	...	Assistant, Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	...	Loudon's Building	...	ditto	ditto
967	Shinn, W	...	Banker, Oriental Bank Corporation	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
968	Shircore, G R	...	Pleader, Small Cause Court	...	154, Bow Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
969	Shircore, M R	...	Superintendent, License Department of the Justices.	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto

S

970	Shircore, S A	Superintendent of Store Office of the Justices.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	India	Christian
971	Siddons, J B	Assistant, Calcutta Collectorate	Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
972	Simmons, C E	Assistant, Hamilton and Co	Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
973	Simmons, G H	Secretary to the Commissioners, Port of Calcutta.	Commercial Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
974	Simpson, J T	Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department, 1st Calcutta Division.	15, Writers' Buildings	...	India	ditto
975	Simpson, R	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
976	Sinclair, E G	Assistant, Thacker, Spink and Co	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
977	Slater, C	Assistant, Kettlewell, Bullen and Co	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
978	Slater, E M	Superintendent, Branch Department, Bank of Bengal.	ditto	...	Great Britain	ditto
979	Smart, A D	Revenue Surveyor, Office of Superintendent of Revenue Survey.	10, Middleton Street	...	ditto	ditto
980	Smith, A	Broker	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
981	Smith, D F	Assistant, Solomon and Co	Government Place	...	India	ditto
982	Smith, D J M	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
983	Smith, E	Superintendent, House of Industry and Leper Asylum.	Amherst Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
984	Smith, E M	Assistant, Registry Office of Hackney Carriages.	Free School Street	...	India	ditto
985	Smith, G ^a	Assistant, Bengal Uncovenanted Medical Hall.	Wellesley Street	...	ditto	ditto
986	Smith, G F	Firm of Greenwood and Co	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
987	Smith, J D	Registrar, Office of Inspector-General of Police.	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto

988	Smith, M	...	Firm of Graham and Co	...	9, Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
989	Smith, S	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner, Commissariat Accounts.	...	7, Coliah Ghât Street	...	ditto	ditto
990	Smith, T	...	Sub-Engineer, 1st Calcutta Division	...	15, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
991	Smith, T S	...	Printer, City Press	...	Bentinck Street	...	India	ditto
992	Smith, W	...	Overseer, Justices of the Peace	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
993	Smith, W	...	Assistant, Legislative Council Office	...	Government Place	...	India	ditto
994	Smith, W	...	Superintendent, Thacker, Spink and Co.'s Press.	...	Fancy Lane	...	ditto	ditto
995	Smith, W A	...	Assistant, Burn and Co	...	Hastings Street	...	.....	ditto
996	Smith, W B	...	Firm of W B Smith and Co., Perfumers	...	Hare Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
997	Smith, W F	...	Manager, J Davis and Co., Milliners	...	Government Place	...	India	ditto
998	Smith, W J	...	Assistant, Home Office	...	London's Building	...	ditto	ditto
999	Smyth, C E	...	Assistant, Turner, Morrison and Co	...	6, Lyon's Range	...	Great Britain	ditto
1000	Smyth, W S	...	Assistant, Military Accountant's Office	...	Coliah Ghât Street	...	India	ditto
1001	Somers, J M	...	Assistant, Gladstone, Wyllie and C	...	Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
1002	Somerville, A	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	...	16, Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1003	Southey, J T	...	Firm of Harman and Co	...	12, Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1004	Soutter, P	...	Superintendent, Drainage Department	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
1005	Spankie, D S	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
1006	Spooner, H B	...	Assistant, Cook and Co	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
1007	Stalman, F	...	Assistant, R B Rodda and Co	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1008	Stamer, G H	...	Assistant, J Andrews	...	Waterloo Street	...	India	ditto
1009	Stranford, G	...	Firm of Ranken and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
1010	Stanley, E J	...	Assistant, Stokes, Coleman and Co	...	Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
1011	Stapleton, E	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1012	Stapleton, J	...	Assistant, Anderson, Wallace and Co	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
1013	Stapleton, R T	...	Assistant, F W Baker and Co	...	9, Old Court House Street...	...	ditto	ditto

<i>No.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Style or Calling.</i>	<i>Residence or Place of Business.</i>	<i>Native Country.</i>	<i>Religion.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
	S					
1014	Stark, P B	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... Great Britain	Christian	
1015	Stenart, C S	... Banker, Oriental Bank Corporation	... Clive Street	... India	ditto	
1016	Stevenson, A J	... Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co	... Mission Row	... Great Britain	ditto	
1017	Stevenson, E C	... Head Assistant, Office of Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department.	... Humayoon Place	... India	ditto	
1018	Stevenson, J	... Assistant, Graham and Co.	... 9, Clive Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
1019	Stewart, C A	... Assistant, Moran and Co.	... Church Lane	... India	ditto	
1020	Stewart, D M	... Assistant, Land Mortgage Bank	... New China Bazar	... Great Britain	ditto	
1021	Stewart, S A	... Executive Engineer, 3rd Calcutta Division...	... 15, Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1022	Stewart, T	... Produce Broker	... 102, (live Street	... ditto	ditto	
1023	Stowell, J A	... Registrar, Home Office	... Loudon's Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1024	Stuart C	... Deputy Registrar, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	... India	ditto	
1025	Stuart, E	... Assistant, Commissary-General's Office	... 6, Park Street	... ditto	ditto	
1026	Stuart J N	... Assistant, Balmer, Lawrie and Co.	... 103, Clive Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
1027	Stuart, T	... Head Assistant, Pay Examiner's Office	... Bankshall Street	... India	ditto	
1028	Sullivan, T J	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	... 5, Somerset Buildings	... Great Britain	ditto	
1029	Summers, A	... Firm of Watson and Summers	... Wellesley Place	... ditto	ditto	
1030	Sunder, C W P	... Clerk, Comptroller-General's Office	... Treasury Buildings	... India	ditto	
1031	Sutherland, A	... Assistant, Wyman and Co.	... 10, Hare Street	... ditto	ditto	
1032	Sutherland, R K	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto	
1033	Swaries, J W	... Assistant, Government Medical Department.	... Store Wellesley Place	... ditto	ditto	
1034	Swaries, P	... Undertaker	... Bentinck Street	... ditto	ditto	
1035	Sweet, J	... Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	... Old Court House Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
1036	Swinden, F G	... Storekeeper, India General Steam Navigation Company, Limited.	... Strand	... India	ditto	

1037	Sykes, A L	...	Firm of Sykes and Co	...	Old Court House Corner	...	Great Britain	ditto
1038	Sykes, E	...	Assistant, Bengal Civil Fund Office	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1039	Symonds, E	...	Firm of Lazarus and Co	...	Bentinck Street	...	ditto	ditto
T								
1040	Tanner, P A	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
1041	Tarrant, O	...	Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
1042	Taylor, G A	...	Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1043	Taylor, J	...	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
1044	Taylor, J A	...	Accountant, Chartered Bank of India, &c....	...	5, Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
1045	Taylor, J E	...	Assistant, Kettlewell, Bullen and Co	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1046	Templeton, E D	...	Assistant, Agelasto and Co.	...	ditto	...	India	ditto
1047	TenBroeke, A H	...	Accountant, Accountant-General's Office, Public Works Department.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
1048	Tetley, E H	...	Assistant, Home Department	...	ditto	...	India	ditto
1049	Thom, J	...	Assistant, Finlay, Muir and Co	...	Clive Row	...	Great Britain	ditto
1050	Thomas, G E	...	Assistant, J Thomas and Co	...	Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
1051	Thomas, W	...	Assistant, Baptist Mission Press	...	Lower Circular Road	...	India	ditto
1052	Thomas, W L	...	Assistant, J Thomas and Co	...	Mission Row	...	Great Britain	ditto
1053	Thompson, F	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	...	5, Somerset Buildings	...	India	ditto
1054	Thompson, G S	...	Firm of W H Harton and Co	...	Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
1055	Thompson, J	...	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co	...	8, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1056	Thompson, J H	...	Assistant, Tonlmin and Co	...	Radha Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
1057	Thompson, E	...	Firm of Anderson, Wallace and Co	...	Dhurruntollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
1058	Thompson, F R	...	Assistant, Agra Bank, Limited	...	26, Mango Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1059	Thompson, J G	...	Assistant, Wyman and Co	...	Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto
1060	Thompson, J T	...	Assistant, Revenue, Agriculture, and Com- merce Department.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	India	ditto

<i>Names</i>	<i>Style</i>	<i>Ca. 'ng.</i>	<i>Residence or Pl</i>	<i>Business.</i>	<i>Native Country.</i>	<i>Relig</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
T							
061 Thompson, R	...	Assistant, Ghadstone, Wyllie and Co	... Olive Street		Great Britain	Christian	
062 Thompson, W	...	Assistant, Anderson, Wright and Co	... 21, Strand		ditto	ditto	
063 Thomson, W A	...	Assistant, to T E Thomson and Co	... Esplanade Row		ditto	ditto	
064 Thorpe, W J	...	Superintendent, Home Office	... Loudon's Buildings		India	ditto	
065 Thurlow, W T	..	Firm of Fraser and Co	... 5, Commercial Buildings		ditto	ditto	
066 Tiery, F T H	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commissariat Accounts.	... Coliah Ghaut Street		ditto	ditto	
067 Tiery, J L	...	Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row		ditto	ditto	
068 Tildin, W D	...	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, P W D.	... Loudon's Buildings		India	ditto	
069 Timms, T A	...	Assistant, Financial Department	... Government Place		ditto	ditto	
070 Tobias, H	...	Assistant, Bank of Bengal	... Strand Road		ditto	ditto	
071 Tod, J	...	Assistant, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.	... Dalhousie Square		Great Britain	ditto	
072 Toussaint, E B	...	Superintendent, Drainage Works	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street		India	ditto	
073 Traill, D H	...	Proprietor, Calcutta Advertiser	... British Indian Street		Great Britain	ditto	
074 Trotter, A E C	...	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co	... Clive Street		ditto	ditto	
075 Tucker, A R	...	Assistant, E Thomson and Co., Gasfitters	... Bentinck Street		ditto	ditto	
076 Tucker, S J	...	ditto	... ditto		ditto	ditto	
077 Tulloch, J C	...	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, P W D.	... Loudon's Buildings		India	ditto	
078 Tulloch, J C	...	Assistant, E. I. Railway Office	... 22, Dalhousie Square		ditto	ditto	
079 Tulloch, R W	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co...	... 16, Strand		Great Britain	ditto	
080 Turnbull, R A	...	Assistant, Andrew Yule and Co	... 7, Clive Row		ditto	ditto	
081 Turnbull, R A	...	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co	... Clive Street		ditto	ditto	
Tu bull, R W	...	Vet. Surgeon, Thomas Smith and Co	... Dhurruntollah Street		ditto	ditto	

1083	Turner, H W	... Assistant, Harold and Co	... 3, Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto
1084	Turner, J	... Assistant, Jessop and Co	... Clive Street	... India	ditto
1085	Turner, W W	... Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, P W D.	... London's Building	... ditto	ditto
1086	Twalling, J W	... Registrar, Financial Department	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto
U					
1087	Uppabait, R D	... Warder, Calcutta Mint	... Strand	... Great Britain	ditto
V					
1088	Vangrieken, E E	... Assistant, Baker and Co	... 9, Old Court House Street...	... India	ditto
1089	Vardon, A	... Assistant, Vardon and Co	... Hare Street	... ditto	ditto
1090	Vardon, E S	... Broker	... Lall Bazar	... ditto	ditto
1091	Vaughan, S	... Assistant, Ernsthausen and Oesterley	... New China Bazar	... Great Britain	ditto
1092	Vernieux, E O	... Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, P W D.	... London's Building	... India	ditto
1093	Vertannes, P	... Assistant, I G S N Co	... Fairlie Place	... ditto	ditto
1094	Vertannes, Z	... Assistant, Ralli and Mavrojan	... Clive Street	... ditto	ditto
1095	Very, J C	... Assistant, Ramsay, Wakefield and Co	... Government Place	... Great Britain	ditto
1096	Victor, J B	... Assistant, Nuisance Department of the Justices.	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	... India	ditto
1097	Vivian, W	... Assistant, Office of Executive Engineer, Public Works Department.	... Writers' Buildings	... Great Britain	ditto
1098	Voss, A	... Assistant, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	... India	ditto
W					
1099	Waddell, Geo. A	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commis- sariat Accounts.	... 7, Coliah Ghat Street	... ditto	ditto
1100	Wagstaff, P	... Chief Assistant, Board of Agency, East Indian Railway.	... Dalhousie Square	... Great Britain	ditto
1101	Wakefield, W S	... Firm of Francis, Ramsay and Co	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
1102	Wakeford, J T	...	...	...	Christian	
1103	Walker, H	...	...	...	ditto	
1104	Walker, H	...	...	...	ditto	
1105	Walker, J	...	...	...	ditto	
1106	Walker, P A	...	...	...	ditto	
1107	Walker, T L	...	...	...	ditto	
1108	Wallace, G	...	...	...	ditto	
1109	Wallace, G A	...	...	...	ditto	
1110	Wallace, P	...	...	...	ditto	
1111	Wallace, P	...	...	...	ditto	
1112	Waller, E D	...	...	...	ditto	
1113	Waller, G D	...	...	...	ditto	
1114	Wallis, A H	...	...	...	ditto	
1115	Wallis, O T	...	...	...	ditto	
1116	Walton, W M	...	...	...	ditto	
1117	Ware, T E	...	...	...	ditto	
1118	Ware, W J	...	...	...	ditto	
1119	Wareham, J	...	...	...	ditto	
1120	Warwick, J B	...	...	...	ditto	
1121	Waters, W B	...	...	...	ditto	
1122	Watson, A F	...	...	...	ditto	
1123	Watson, A G	...	...	...	ditto	

W

1124	Watson, E	...	Firm of Watson and Summers	...	Wellesley Place	...	ditto
1125	Watson, H H	...	Assistant, Surgeon-General's Office	...	Homayoon Place	...	India
1126	Watson, H W A	...	Assistant, Examiner of Ordnance Accounts...	...	Coliah Ghât Street	...	ditto
1127	Watson, J	...	Zincographer, Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	Great Britain
1128	Watson, J [*]	...	Superintendent, Office of Commissariat and Stud Accounts.	...	7, Coliah Ghât Street	...	ditto
1129	Watson, J G	...	Assistant to Nicol, Fleming and Co	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto
1130	Watson, Thomas	...	Tea and General Produce Broker	...	1, Hare Street	...	ditto
1131	Watson, William	...	Firm of Thomas Watson and Co	...	ditto	...	ditto
1132	Watson, W H	...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept.	...	Sudder Street	...	India
1133	Watson, W H	...	Dentist, Corfield and Co	...	10, Esplanade	...	Great Britain
1134	Watts, J	...	Firm of Duncan and Co	...	Bentinck Street	...	ditto
1135	Weatherdon, R	...	Assistant, Ramsay, Wakefield and Co	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1136	Wellstead, J	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	...	16, Strand	...	ditto
1137	Welner, W F	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	India
1138	Wenger, E S	...	Clerk, Office of Jt.-Secy to the Govt. of Bengal, P W D, Irrigation Branch.	...	12, Writers' Buildings	...	Great Britain
1139	Wenger, W L	...	Supdt., Compr.-General's Office	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1140	West, James	...	Accountant, Chartered Bank of India, &c....	...	5, Council House Street	...	ditto
1141	West, R B	...	Assistant, F W Baker and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto
1142	Westerhout, A B	...	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto
1143	Westfield, W F	...	Firm of Westfield and Co	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1144	Westland, W	...	Superintendent, Depositors' Department, Bank of Bengal.	...	Strand	...	ditto
1145	Wetherill, J	...	Assistant, Bengal Civil Fund Office	...	Treasury Buildings	...	India
1146	Wetherill, J E	...	Firm of J. M. Edmond & Co	...	Bentinck Street	...	ditto
1147	Whelan, H G	...	Assistant, Examiner of Commissariat and Stud Accounts.	...	7, Coliah Ghât Street	...	ditto
1148	White, J	...	Assistant, Calcutta Musical Establishment	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.
W						
1149	Whitehead, J J	... Assistant, Comptroller-General of Accounts	Treasury Buildings	... Great Britain	Christian	
1150	Whiteway, E	... Assistant, Francis, Ramsay & Co	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto	
1151	Whyte, J	... Assistant, Kelly & Co	... 4, Lyon's Range	... ditto	ditto	
1152	Wicks, H	... Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co	... 16, Strand	... ditto	ditto	
1153	Wielder, W J	... Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn & Co	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto	
1154	Wigley, F G	... Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	London's Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1155	Wilcox, J L	... Freight and Ship Broker	... 102, Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
1156	Wilkinson, J W	... Accountant. Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	London's Buildings	... India	ditto	
1157	Williams, A B	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto	
1158	Williamson, R	... Assessor of Roads, Justices of the Peace...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto	
1159	Williamson, R	... Assistant, Finlay, Muir & Co	... Clive Row	... Great Britain	ditto	
1160	Wills, F J	... Assistant, Watts & Co	... Wellesley Place	... ditto	ditto	
1161	Wills, G	... Assistant, J. Mackillican & Co	... Church Lane	... ditto	ditto	
1162	Wilson, A	... Assistant, Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1163	Wilson, A B	... Registrar, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	London's Buildings	... India	ditto	
1164	Wilson, G	... Assistant, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.	Dalhousie Square	... Great Britain	ditto	
1165	Wilson, James	... Principal, General Assembly's Institution...	Cornwallis Square	... ditto	ditto	
1166	Wilson, R	... Assistant, Jessop & Co	... Clive Street	... India	ditto	
1167	Wilson, S	... Firm of S. Wilson & Co	... Hare Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
1168	Wilson, S R	... Supervisor, Pay Examiner's Office	... Bankshall Street	... India	ditto	
1169	Wilson, T C	... Assistant, Commissary-General's Office	... 6, Park Street	... ditto	ditto	

1170	Windle, J A	... Executive Engineer, Cutchta and Eastern Canals Division.	14, Writers' Buildings	... Great Britain	ditto
1171	Winston, J A	... Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto
1172	Winterscale, J	... Assistant, R. J. Vallerst & Co	... 7, Swallow Lane	... India	ditto
1173	Wintgens, G	... Superintendent of Roads, &c., Justices of the Peace.	Office of 4, Jaun Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto
1174	Winton, J J	... Accountant, Hong-Kong and Banking Corporation.	Shanghai Old Court House Street	... Great Britain	ditto
1175	Wittenbaker, J	... Assistant, H A Coggan & Co	... 74, Dhurumtollah Street	... India	ditto
1176	Wolff, J T	... Assistant, Mint	... Strand	... Great Britain	ditto
1177	Woollen, C W	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	5, Somerset Buildings	... ditto	ditto
1178	Womack, J G	... Assistant, Harman & Co	... 12, Government Place	... ditto	ditto
1179	Wood, G S P	... Parcel Officer, Peninsular and Steam Navigation Company.	Strand	... India	ditto
1180	Wood, J	... Assistant, Wyman & Co	... 10, Hare Street	... ditto	ditto
1181	Wood, S G	... Accountant, Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	London's Buildings	... ditto	ditto
1182	Wood, T	... Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office, Military Department.	Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto
1183	Wood, T W	... 3rd Grade Accountant, Controller of Public Works Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto
1184	Woodward, J V	... Assistant, Cooke and Kelvey	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto
1185	Wollam, W D	... Superintendent, Foreign Department Press	Council House Street	... Great Britain	ditto
1186	Wollams, A	... Assistant, Ranken & Co	... 4, Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto
1187	Woolterton, C R	... Clerk, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	Somerset Buildings	... ditto	ditto
1188	Wray, G	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	... India	ditto
1189	Wright, C F	... Assistant, Office of Secretary to Government of India, P W D.	London's Building	... ditto	ditto
1190	Wright, G	... Inspector of Nuisances	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
	W					
1191	Wylie, E D	... Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co	... Strand	... Great Britain	Christian	
1192	Wytt, S W	... Clerk, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	... Treasury Buildings	... India	ditto	
	Y					
1193	Yackjee, J P	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	... India	ditto	
1194	Yackjee, J G	... Indigo Broker	... David Jose'phs Lane	... ditto	ditto	
1195	Yates, G R	... Assistant, Gisborne & Co	... Strand	... Great Britain	ditto	
1196	Young, A	... Assistant, Nicol, Fleming & Co	... Fairlie Place	... ditto	ditto	
1197	Yule, G U	... Assistants, Steel, McIntosh & Co	... Old Court House Street	... India	ditto	
	Z					
1198	Zemin, D. J	... Firm of Arlington & Co	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
1199	Zemin, J	... Teacher, Doveton College	... Park Street	... ditto	ditto	
	A					
1200	Abdallah	... Translator, Office of Inspector-General of Registration.	... 1, Larkin's Lane	... India	Mahomedan	
1201	Abdul Hye	... Head Professor, Arabic Department, Calcutta Madrassa.	... Wellesley Square	... ditto	ditto	
1202	Addy, Bustom Doss	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Medical Accounts.	... 7, Coliah Ghât Street	... ditto	Brahmo	
1203	Addy, Debendro Lall	... Assistant, Wiseman, Mitchell, Reid & Co	... 81, Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
1204	Addy, Gpbind Chunder	... Assistant, Financial Department	... Government Place	... ditto	Hindoo	
1205	Addy, Gorachand	... Deputy Cashier, National Bank of India	... 8, Council House Street	... ditto	ditto	
1206	Addy, Jadub Chunder	... Assistant, Whitney Brothers	... 1, Lall Bazar	... ditto	ditto	
1207	Addy, Nobin Chunder	... Assistant, Gladstone, Wyllie & Co	... Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
1208	Addy, Nuffer Chunder	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto	

1209	Addy, Nursing Dass	... Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Bengal.	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1210	Addy, Rajkisto	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	5, Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1211	Aich, Anundopersad	... Head Clerk, Wards Department	3, Theatre Road	...	ditto	ditto
1212	Aich, Koylas Chunder	... Assistant, Bengal Secretariat, P W D	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
B						
1213	Bagechee, Brojonath	... Assistant, Bengal Acct.-Genl.'s Office	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1214	Banerjee, Addonath	... Head Assistant, Bengal Office	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1215	Banerjee, Ashootosh	... Assistant, Surgeon-General's Office	Humayoon Place	...	ditto	ditto
1216	Banerjee, Bama Churn	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	5, Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1217	Banerjee, Bany Madhub	... Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Military Department.	9, Dacre's Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1218	Banerjee, Bany Madhub	... Computer, Surveyor-General's Office	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
1219	Banerjee, B M	... 3rd Class Assistant, Accountant-General's Office, Military Department.	9, Dacre's Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1220	Banerjee, Boroda Churn	... Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co.	16, Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1221	Banerjee, Behary Lall	... Teacher, Presidency College	College Square	...	ditto	ditto
1222	Banerjee, Bhoobun Mohun	... Printer, Office of the Justices	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
1223	Banerjee, Bissumbur	... Assistant, Office of Examiner, Dockyard Accounts.	2, Coilah Ghât Street	...	ditto	ditto
1224	Banerjee, Charoo Chunder	... Assistant, Home Office	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1225	Banerjee, Chundee Churn	... 2nd Master, Hindoo School	College Square	...	ditto	ditto
1226	Banerjee, Chunder Mohun	... Serishtadar, Calcutta Collectorate	Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1227	Banerjee, Chunder Nath	... Assistant, Ralli Brothers	Olive Row	...	ditto	ditto
1228	Banerjee, Chunder Nath	... Accountant, Executive Engineer's Office, 1st Calcutta Division	15, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.
B						
1229	Banerjee, Degamber	... Assistant, George Henderson & Co	... Mango Lane	India	Hindoo	
1230	Banerjee, Denonath	... Assistant, Officer of Superintending Engineer, North-Eastern Circle.	2, Commercial Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1231	Banerjee, Denonath	... Assistant, Store-keeper's Office, East Indian Railway.	15, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1232	Banerjee, Doorga Dass	... Assistant Inspector, License Department, Municipal Office.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	ditto	ditto	
1233	Banerjee, Dwarka Nath	... Accountant, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1234	Banerjee, Dwarka Nath	... Assistant, Bengal Office	... Chowringhee Road	ditto	ditto	
1235	Banerjee, Gopal Chunder	... Accountant, Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1236	Banerjee, Gopal Chunder	... Head Teacher, Calcutta Normal School	... Jorasanko, Chitpore Road	ditto	ditto	
1237	Banerjee, Gopal Chunder	... Assistant, Atkinson, Tilton & Co	... Clive Ghât Street	ditto	ditto	
1238	Banerjee, Gopee Nath	... Clerk, Comptroller-General's Office	... Treasury Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1239	Banerjee, Gres Chunder	... Assistant, George Henderson & Co	... Mangoe Lane	ditto	ditto	
1240	Banerjee, Haran Chunder	... Assistant Engineer, 2nd Calcutta Division	Imperial Museum	ditto	ditto	
1241	Banerjee, Hara Lall	... Overseer, Executive Engineer's Office, 3rd Calcutta Division.	15, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1242	Banerjee, Hurimohun	... Assistant, Chief Paymaster's Office, East Indian Railway.	Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto	
1243	Banerjee, Hurriah Chunder	... Assistant, Storekeeper's Office, East Indian Railway.	Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1244	Banerjee, Issen Chunder	... Assistant, Mercantile Bank	... Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto	
1245	Banerjee, Issen Chunder	... Head Accountant, Government Printing Office.	8, Hastings Street	ditto	ditto	
1246	Banerjee, Jodub Chunder	... Assistant, Commissioner's Office	3, Theatre Road	ditto	ditto	
1247	Banerjee, Jodoo Nath	... Accountant, I G S N Co	... Fairlie Place	ditto	ditto	

1248	Banerjee, Jogendro Nath	...	Sanscrit Professor, Cathedral Mission College	Putuldangrah	...	ditto	ditto
1249	Banerjee, Jogendro Nath	...	Compiler, Pay Examiner's Office	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1250	Banerjee, Kalichurn	...	Teacher, Free Church Institution	Nimtollah Ghat Street	...	ditto	Christian
1251	Banerjee, Kali Coomar	...	Assistant, Office of Comptroller of Military Accounts, Account Branch.	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	Hindoo
1252	Banerjee, Kalidass	...	Assistant, Tamvaco and Co	Canning Street	...	ditto	ditto
1253	Banerjee, Kalipodo	...	2nd Assistant, Office of Superintendent of Rev Survey.	10, Middleton Street	...	ditto	ditto
1254	Banerjee, Kalipodo	...	2nd grade Accountant, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bengal.	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1255	Banerjee, Kaliprosono	...	4th grade Accountant, Controller of Public Works Accounts.	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1256	Banerjee, Kedar Nath	...	Assistant, Audit Office, East Indian Railway	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1257	Banerjee, Khetter Mohun	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1258	Banerjee, Koylas Chunder	...	Accountant, Office of Executive Engineer, Northern Drainage and Embankment Division.	1, Commercial Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1259	Banerjee, Koylas Chunder	...	Clerk, Comptroller-General's Office	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1260	Banerjee, Lucky Narain	...	Clerk, Chartered Bank of India, &c	5, Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
1261	Banerjee, Madhub Chunder	...	3rd Grade Accountant, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1262	Banerjee, Nilcomul	...	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade, East	...	ditto	ditto
1263	Banerjee, Nilmoney	...	Auditor, Office of Examiner, Pay Dept	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1264	Banerjee, Nobin Chunder	...	Assistant, Surgeon-General's Office	Humayoon Place	...	ditto	ditto
1265	Banerjee, Nobin Chunder	...	Clerk, Comptroller-General's Office	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1266	Banerjee, Nobin Chunder	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, &c., Accounts.	Coilah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
1267	Banerjee, Nolo Gopal	...	Assistant, Office of Commissary-General	6, Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
1268	Banerjee, Nursing Chunder	...	Auditor, Pay Department, Examiner's Office.	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1269	Banerjee, Okhoy Chunder	...	Assistant, W Moran and Co	3, Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.
	B					
1270	Banerjee, Peary Mohun	Head Writer, Chief Engineer's Office, East Indian Railway.	21, Dalhousie Square	India	Hindoo	
1271	Banerjee, Peary Mohun	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept	1, Sudder Street	ditto	ditto	
1272	Banerjee, Peary Mohun	Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office, E. I. R....	Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1273	Banerjee, Peary Mohun	Head Assistant, Abkaree Department, Calcutta Collectorate.	Church Lane	ditto	ditto	
1274	Banerjee, Peary Mohun	Assistant, Home Department	Loudon's Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1275	Banerjee, Pran Coomar	2nd Clerk, Commissioner's Office, Presidency Division.	3, Theatre Road	ditto	ditto	
1276	Banerjee, Preo Nath	Assistant, Presidency Paymaster's Office	Somerset Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1277	Banerjee, Prosono Coomar	Sub-Engineer, P W D, 3rd Calcutta Division.	Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1278	Banerjee, Protap Chunder	Head Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	1, Coliah Ghat Street	ditto	ditto	
1279	Banerjee, Panchanun	Auditor, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance, &c.	4, Garstin's Place	ditto	ditto	
1280	Banerjee, Radha Nath	Estimator, Executive Engineer's Office, P Circle.	15, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1281	Banerjee, Radha Nath	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade, East	ditto	ditto	
1282	Banerjee, Radha Nath	Assistant, Office of Examiner, Commissariat Accounts.	7, Coliah Ghat Street	ditto	ditto	
1283	Banerjee, Rajendro Nath	Head Assistant, Agent's Office, E. I. R.	Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto	
1284	Banerjee, Rajkissen	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commissariat and Stud Accounts.	7, Coliah Ghat Street	ditto	ditto	
1285	Banerjee, Ram Chunder	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Registration.	Larkin's Lane	ditto	ditto	
1286	Banerjee, Ram Chunder	Assistant, Home Department	Loudon's Building	ditto	ditto	
1287	Banerjee, Ruendro Nath	Assistant, Schone, Kilburn and Co	4, Fairlie Place	ditto	ditto	

1288	Banerjee, Rusick Lal	...	Head Assistant, Stationery Dept,	E. I. R.	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1289	Banerjee, Shib Chunder	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1290	Banerjee, Shosi Bhusan	...	Clerk, Chief Paymaster's Office	E. I. R.	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1291	Banerjee, Sreenath	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1292	Banerjee, Sudanundo	...	3rd grade Accountant, Office of Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1293	Banerjee, Tarinee Churn	...	Assistant, to O Steel and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
1294	Banerjee, Troylukho Nath	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1295	Banerjee, Umerto Lall	...	Assistant, Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1296	Banerjee, Woomesh Chunder	...	Assistant, Examiner of Railway Accounts	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1297	Banerjee, Woomesh Chunder	...	Indexer, Chief Engineer's Office, East Indian Railway.	...	21, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1298	Batavayal, Woomesh Chunder	...	2nd Master, Sanskrit College	...	College Square	...	ditto	ditto
1299	Bhadoory, L M	...	Assistant, Duncan and Co	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1300	Bhadoory, Poolin Behary	...	Assistant, Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal.	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1301	Bhadoory, Rajkisto	...	Assistant to John Elliott and Co	...	4, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1302	Bhur, Luckhee Narain	...	Assistant, Superintending Engineer's Office, 1st Circle, Military Works.	...	11, Kyd Street	...	ditto	ditto
1303	Bhur, Sreenath	...	Teacher, Oriental Seminary	...	Chitpore Road, Gorranhutta	...	ditto	ditto
1304	Bluttacharjee, Mohesh Chunder.	...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1305	Biswas, Bhugubutty Churn	...	Wine Merchant	...	Radha Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
1306	Biswas, Chundee Churn	...	Inhabitant	...	28, Cornwallis Street	...	ditto	ditto
1307	Biswas, Gopal Chunder	...	Head Assistant, Medical College	...	College Square	...	ditto	ditto
1308	Biswas, Hem Chunder	...	Sub-Engineer	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1309	Biswas, Jadub Chunder	...	Assistant, Rentiers and Co	...	5, Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
1310	Bomanjee, Satabjee	...	Assistant, Borradaile, Schiller and Co	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	Parsee
1311	Bose, Behary Lall	...	Assistant, James Anderson and Co	...	Church Lane	...	ditto	Hindoo

No.	Name.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
	B					
1312	Bose, Bhobosunker	... 2nd Writer, Deputy Commissary-General's Office.	6, Park Street	India	Hindoo	
1313	Bose, Bidoo Bhoushan	... Inhabitant	... Gooroopersad Chowdry's Lane	ditto	ditto	
1314	Bose, Boycanto Nath	... Deputy Bullion-keeper, Calcutta Mint	... Strand	ditto	ditto	
1315	Bose, Cally Prosono	... Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	London's Building	ditto	ditto	
1316	Bose, Chunder Seekhur	... Jute Inspector to Justices	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	ditto	ditto	
1317	Bose, Debnarain	... Banian	... Putuldangah	ditto	ditto	
1318	Bose, Doyal Chand	... Assistant, Petrocochino and Co	... 23, Canning Street	ditto	ditto	
1319	Bose, Dwarka Nath	... Assistant, Military Accountant's Office, Account Branch.	Somerset Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1320	Bose, Eshan Chunder	... Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	... Ditto	ditto	ditto	
1321	Bose, Goluck Nath	... Assistant, George Henderson and Co	... Mango Lane	ditto	ditto	
1322	Bose, Gopal Chunder	... Assistant, Bank of Bengal	... Strand	ditto	ditto	
1323	Bose, Gopal Chunder	... Overseer, Office of Executive Engineer, Calcutta and Eastern Canals Division.	Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1324	Bose, Govind Gopal	... Inhabitant	... 23, Meer Jafir's Lane	ditto	ditto	
1325	Bose, Grish Chunder	... Head Clerk, Calcutta Registry Office	... Larkin's Lane	ditto	ditto	
1326	Bose, Grish Chunder	... Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co	... Clive Row	ditto	ditto	
1327	Bose, Grish Chunder	... Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Government Place	ditto	ditto	
1328	Bose, Grish Cuander	... Assistant, Mercantile Bank of India	... Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto	
1329	Bose, Grish Chunder	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Banksball Street	ditto	ditto	
1330	Bose, Haran Chunder	... Accountant, Executive Engineer's Office	... 2nd Calcutta Division, Imperial Museum.	ditto	ditto	
1331	Bose, Hurrish Chunder	... Assistant, Young, Gray and Co	... Mission Row	ditto	ditto	
1332	Bose, Hurrish Chunder	... Assistant, Whitney Brothers	... 1, Lall Bazar	ditto	ditto	

1333	Bose, Hurro Coomar	...	Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
1334	Bose, Hurrymohun	...	Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office, East Indian Railway.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1335	Bose, Jogendra Coomar	...	Assistant, Whitney Brothers	...	1, Lall Bazar	...	ditto
1336	Bose, Kalitara	...	Assistant, Public Works Department, Bengal	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1337	Bose, Kedarnath	...	Teacher, Hindoo School	...	College Square	...	ditto
1338	Bose, Khogendranath	...	Clerk, Kettlewell Bullen	...	Strand Road	...	ditto
1339	Bose, Koylas Chunder	...	Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
1340	Bose, Modosodun	...	Assistant, M. C. Joakim and Co	...	Old China Bazar	...	ditto
1341	Bose, Mohendra Nath	...	Assistant Banian, Kettlewell Bullen	...	Strand Road	...	ditto
1342	Bose, Modunmohun	...	Assistant, Petrocochin and Co	...	23, Canning Street	...	ditto
1343	Bose, Nepal Chunder	...	Assistant Accountant, Office of the Justices of the Peace, Account Department.	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto
1344	Bose, Nilmadhub	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1345	Bose, Nilmadhub	...	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co	...	Esplanade	...	ditto
1346	Bose, Norendro Nath	...	Inhabitant	...	Putuldanga	...	ditto
1347	Bose, Noyan Chunder	...	Assistant, Robert and Charriot	...	1, Vansittart Row	...	ditto
1348	Bose, Nundo Gopal	...	Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co	...	4, Fairlie Place	...	ditto
1349	Bose, Omerto Kissen	...	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co	...	Esplanade, East	...	ditto
1350	Bose, Omerto Lall	...	Head Accountant, Graham and Co	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
1351	Bose, Peary Mohun	...	Assistant, Wyman and Co	...	10, Hare Street	...	ditto
1352	Bose, Poran Chunder	...	Assistant, Foreign Department	...	Council House Street	...	ditto
1353	Bose, Prankisto	...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1354	Bose, Rajnarain	...	Banian	...	Putuldangah	...	ditto
1355	Bose, Rajkisto	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1356	Bose, Rakhdass	...	Assistant, R. D. Bose & Co., Wine Merchants.	...	Mission Row	...	ditto
1357	Bose, Rye Churn	...	Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall & Co	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
B						
1358	Bose, Soorjeenarain	... Banian	... Putuldangah	... India	Hindoo	
1359	Bose, Tarucknath	... Assistant Inspector, License Department of the Justices.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto	
1360	Bose, Womesh Chunder	... Compiler, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto	
1361	Bural, Goberdhone	... Assistant, National Bank	... Council House Street	... ditto	ditto	
1362	Bural, Judoo Nath	... Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto	
1363	Bural, Ram Sabuk	... Assistant, East Indian Railway Office	... Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1364	Bhuttacharya Ghonesh Sham	Clerk, Office of Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Public Works Department.	Ditto	... ditto	ditto	
1365	Buzlul, Haq	... Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Police, Lower Provinces.	Chowringhee Road	... ditto	Mahomedan	
1366	Buzlar, Rahman	... Teacher, Calcutta Madrissa	... Wellesley Square	... ditto	ditto	
1367	Bysack, Behary Lall	... Assistant, Bengal Office	... Chowringhee Road	... ditto	Hindoo	
1368	Bysack, Brojogopal	... Inhabitant	... Neenoo Gossain's Lane, Burtollah.	... ditto	ditto	
1369	Bysack, Dehendronath	... Assistant, Land Mortgage Bank	... New China Bazar	... ditto	ditto	
1370	Bysack, Gopal Chunder	... Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office	... Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto	
1371	Bysack, Jogendoo Mohun	... Assistant, Superintending Engineer's Office, 1st Circle, Military Works.	11, Kyd Street	... ditto	ditto	
1372	Bysack, Jugger Nath	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto	
1373	Bysack, Lukhee Narain	... Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	... Loudon's Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1374	Bysack, Mohendro Nath	... Accountant, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	2, Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto	
1375	Bysack, Mohun Chand	... Inhabitant	... Soobaram Bysack's Lane	... ditto	ditto	
1376	Bysack, Mudun Mohun	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade, East	... ditto	ditto	
1377	Bysack, Prem Chand	... Assistant, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	... ditto	ditto	

1378	Bysack, Prosono Coomar	...	Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1379	Bysack, Radha Gobind	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1380	Bysack, Radhanath	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1381	Bysack, Radha Persad	...	Compiler, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1382	Bysack, Radha Romun	...	Assistant, Office of Private Secretary to the Viceroy.	...	Government House	...	ditto	ditto
1383	Bysack, Romanath	...	Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1384	Bysack, Sham Soonder	...	Ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1385	Bysack, Shib Chunder	...	Superintendent, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1386	Bysack, Soorjee Coomar	...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Department.	...	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto	ditto
1387	Bysack, Soorjee Coomar	...	Supervisor, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
C								
1388	Chatterjee, Bani Madhub	...	Assistant, Controller of Military Accounts	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1389	Chatterjee, Beejynath	...	Treasurer, Calcutta Collectorate	...	Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1390	Chatterjee, Bhoobun Mohun	...	Assistant, Colvin, Cowie & Co.	...	1, Hastings Street	...	ditto	ditto
1391	Chatterjee, Bishnu Cuurn	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1392	Chatterjee, Bunkobeharry	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Sudder Street	...	ditto	ditto
1393	Chatterjee, Degumber	...	Head Clerk, Office of Commissioner, Presidency Division.	...	Theatre Road	...	ditto	ditto
1394	Chatterjee, Degumber	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	...	2, Coliah Ghât Street	...	ditto	ditto
1395	Chatterjee, Denonath	...	Assistant, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1396	Chatterjee, Doorga Dass	...	Assistant, O. Steel & Co	...	14, Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
1397	Chatterjee, Gooro Prosuno	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1398	Chatterjee, Gooro Prosunno	...	Assistant, F. T. Brooks & Co.	...	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Name.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
C						
1399	Chatterjee, Gopal Chunder ..	Assistant, Accountant-General, Milly. Dept.	9, Dacre's Lane	India	Hindoo	
1400	Chatterjee, Gopal Chunder...	Assistant, Wyman & Co.	10, Hare Street	ditto	ditto	
1401	Chatterjee, Gopal Chunder...	Assistant, Anderson, Wright & Co.	21, Strand	ditto	ditto	
1402	Chatterjee, Gungadhar ...	Assistant, Accountant's Department, Office of the Justices of the Peace.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	ditto	ditto	
1403	Chatterjee, Hurriah Chunder	Superintendent, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	Coilah Ghât Street	ditto	ditto	
1404	Chatterjee, Huribangs ...	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade, East	ditto	ditto	
1405	Chatterjee, Issen Chunder ...	Assistant, George Henderson and Co.	Mangoe Lane	ditto	ditto	
1406	Chatterjee, Judoonath ...	Assistant, Office of Private Secretary to the Viceroy.	Government House	ditto	ditto	
1407	Chatterjee, Judoonath ...	Assistant, Consulting Engineer's Office	Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1408	Chatterjee, Judoonath ...	Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	Somerset Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1409	Chatterjee, Judoonath ...	Assistant, Office of Commissary-General	6, Park Street	ditto	ditto	
1410	Chatterjee, Judoonath ...	Accountant, Office of Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1411	Chatterjee, Kalinath ...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commissariat Accounts.	7, Coilah Ghât Street	ditto	ditto	
1412	Chatterjee, Kaliprosunno ...	Assistant, Executive Commissariat Office	Park Street	ditto	ditto	
1413	Chatterjee, Kedarnath ...	Assistant, Consulting Engineer's Office	4, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1414	Chatterjee, Khetter Chunder	Assistant, Home Office	Louden's Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1415	Chatterjee, Khetter Chunder	Assistant, Controller-General's Office	Treasury Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1416	Chatterjee, Khetter Chunder	Assistant, Accountant-General's Office, Military Department.	9, Dacre's Lane	ditto	ditto	
1417	Chatterjee, Krishno Chunder	Assistant, Bengal Office	1, Sudder Street	ditto	ditto	
1418	Chatterjee, Madhub Chunder	Assistant, Stewart and Co.	8, Old Court House Street...	ditto	ditto	
1419	Chatterjee, Moheah Chunder	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	Somerset Buildings	ditto	ditto	

1420	Chatterjee, Netie Chand	...	Assistant, Commissariat Examiner's Office	Collah Ghat Street	...	ditto
1421	Chatterjee, Nibaron Chunder	...	4th grade Accountant, Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1422	Chatterjee, Nilmadhub	...	Teacher, Seal's Free College	...	143, Baranosey Ghose's Street	ditto
1423	Chatterjee, Nyan Chund	...	Supervisor, P. W. D., Military Works	...	Fort William	ditto
1424	Chatterjee, Promothonath	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	Bankshall Street	ditto
1425	Chatterjee, Promothonath	...	Assistant, Wyman and Co.	...	10, Hare Street	ditto
1426	Chatterjee, Prosunocoomar	...	Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office, East Indian Railway	...	22, Dalhousie Square	ditto
1427	Chatterjee, Panchanun	...	Assistant, Thacker, Spink and Co.	...	Government Place	ditto
1428	Chatterjee, Rajendronath	...	Clerk, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	...	Treasury Buildings	ditto
1429	Chatterjee, Ramsabuck	...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	...	Government Place	ditto
1430	Chatterjee, Satcowrie	...	Overseer, Calcutta and Eastern Canals Division.	...	14, Writers' Buildings	ditto
1431	Chatterjee, S P	...	Assistant, F. T. Brooks and Co.	...	Clive Row	ditto
1432	Chatterjee, Sharodapersad	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	ditto
1433	Chatterjee, Sharodapersad	...	Assistant, Foreign Department	...	Council House Street	ditto
1434	Chatterjee, Sreenath	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	ditto
1435	Chatterjee, Sumbboo Chunder.	...	Clerk, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	...	Treasury Buildings	ditto
1436	Chatterjee, Surbosook	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	ditto
1437	Chatterjee, Tarini Churn	...	Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	...	20, Dalhousie Square	ditto
1438	Chatterjee, Umbika Churn	...	2nd Assistant, Superintending Engineer's Office, Presidency Circle.	...	15, Writers' Buildings	ditto
1439	Chatterjee, Womesh Chunder.	...	Teacher, Free Church Institution	...	Nimtollah Street	Christian
1440	Chowdhry, Gopal Gobindo	...	Assistant, Office of Controller, P. W. Account	...	Writers' Buildings	Hindoo
1441	Chowdhry, Gyan Chunder...	...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept.	...	1, Sudder Street	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.
C						
1442	Chowdhry, H C	Assistant, Bird and Co.	... Strand Road	India	Hindoo	
1443	Chowdhry, Kirty Chunder...	Assistant Engineer, 3rd Calcutta Division...	15, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1444	Chowdhry, Nicconjobahary	Assistant, Store Department, East Indian Railway.	ditto	ditto	ditto	
1445	Chowdhry, Nilcomul	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Government Place	ditto	ditto	
1446	Chowdhry, Netye Gobind	Supervisor, 1st Calcutta Division	15, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1447	Chowdhry, Nobokisto	Assistant, Superintending Engineer's Office, 1st Circle, Military Works.	11, Kyd Street	ditto	ditto	
1448	Chowdhry, Frankisto	Banian, George Henderson and Co.	Mangoe Lane	ditto	ditto	
1449	Chowdhry, Prosonocoomar...	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Registration.	Larkin's Lane	ditto	ditto	
1450	Chowdhry, Russick Lall	Assistant, Grindlay and Co.	Strand	ditto	ditto	
1451	Chowdhry, Trovluconath...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
1452	Chuckerbutty, Bonomally	Assistant, Government Toshakhana, Foreign Department.	Council House Street	ditto	ditto	
1453	Chuckerbutty, Bhootnath	Assistant Engineer, 3rd Calcutta Division	15, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1454	Chuckerbutty, Debendronath	Assistant, Home Department	London's Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1455	Chuckerbutty, Dwarfnath	Auditor, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
1456	Chuckerbutty, Issen Chunder	Assistant, Burn and Co.	7, Hastings Street	ditto	ditto	
1457	Chuckerbutty, Judoonath	Assistant, East Indian Railway Office	Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1458	Chuckerbutty, Kaliprosunno	Assistant, Home Office	London's Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1459	Chuckerbutty, Khetter Paul	Assistant, Board of Revenue	Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
1460	Chuckerbutty, Nilmoney	Second Master, Hare School	College Square	ditto	ditto	
1461	Chuckerbutty, NobinChunder	Head Assistant, Presidency Executive (omissariat) Office.	6, Park Street	ditto	ditto	
1462	Chuckerbutty, Peary Mohun	Banian, J DeSouza and Co.	Mission Row	ditto	ditto	

1463	Chuckerbutty, Sreekisho	...	Assistant, Office of Controller, Military Accounts.	...	5, Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
1464	Chuckerbutty, Surroop Chr.	...	Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	...	ditto	...	ditto
1465	Chuckerbutty, Thakoor Dass	...	Assistant, Home Office	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto
1466	Chuckerbutty, Womesh Chr.	...	Assistant, Regg, Dunlop and Co. •	...	12, Mission Row	...	ditto
1467	Chunder, Anundo Chunder...	...	Assistant, Examiner of Railway Accounts...	...	21, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1468	Chunder, Bindoo Chunder...	...	Accountant, ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
1469	Chunder, Bissonath	...	Assistant, Office of Acct.-Genl., Bengal	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1470	Chunder, Bonomally	...	Assistant, Graham and Co.	...	9, Clive Street	...	ditto
1471	Chunder, D M	...	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto
1472	Chunder, Kanye Lall	...	Inhabitant	...	Tuntuneah	...	ditto
1473	Chunder, Mohendro Lall	...	Assistant, R Macallister and Co.	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1474	Coomar, Jyogobindo	...	Assistant, Drainage Department, Office of the Justices.	...	1, Jann Bazar Street	...	ditto
1475	Coomar, Nilmoney	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	...	5, Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
1476	Coondoo, Chunder Sukur	...	Clerk, Chartered Bank of India	...	5, Council House Street	...	ditto
1477	Coondoo, Grish Chunder	...	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, P W D	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto
1478	Coondoo, Kalichurn	...	Assistant, Wyman and Co.	...	10, Hare Street	...	ditto
1479	Coondoo, Preonath	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1480	Cowasjee, Hurmusjee	...	Assistant, Graham and Co.	...	9, Clive Street	...	Parsee
D							
1481	Dass, Auditto Churn	...	Assistant, Seallan and Co.	...	Pollock Street	...	Hindoo
1482	Dass, Behary Lall	...	Inhabitant	...	Kopaleetollah	...	ditto
1483	Dass, Banymadhub	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commisariat Accounts.	...	7, Kollah Ghât Street	...	ditto
1484	Dass, Chonee Lal	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1485	Dass, Doyal Chund	...	Banian, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.	...	8, Clive Street	...	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.
D						
1486	Dass, Dwarka Nath	... Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Government Place	... India	Hindoo	
1487	Dass, Gobind Chund	... Banian, Gillanders, Arbutnot and Co.	8, Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
1488	Dass, Gopal Chunder	... Assistant, Office of Justices of the Peace, Accountant's Department.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto	
1489	Dass, Herumbonath	... Apprentice Engineer, 3rd Calcutta Division	15, Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1490	Dass, Hurish Chunder	... Teacher, Free Church Institution	... Nimtollah Street	... ditto	ditto	
1491	Dass, Hurro Sunker	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts, Account Branch.	Somerset Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1492	Dass, Kedar Nath	... Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	Loudon's Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1493	Dass, Kedar Nath	... Overseer, 3rd Calcutta Division	15, Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1494	Dass, Kessub Chunder	... Assistant Accountant, Audit Office, E.I.R.	22, Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
1495	Dass, Khetter Paul	... Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Treasury Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1496	Dass, Kristo Mohun	... Inhabitant	Kopaleetollah	... ditto	ditto	
1497	Dass, Mohesh Chunder	... Assistant, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	Treasury Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1498	Dass, Nilcomul	... Sub-Assistant Auditor, E I Railway	22, Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
1499	Dass, Nobin Chunder	... Second Master, Hindoo School	College Square	... ditto	ditto	
1500	Dass, Nundo Lal	... Second Master, Calcutta Madrissah	Wellesley Square	... ditto	ditto	
1501	Dass, Peary Mohun	... Assistant, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.	Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
1502	Dass, Rajendro Chunder	... Head Assistant, Office of the Justices	4, Jaun Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto	
1503	Dass, Ram Kissen	... Inhabitant	Kopaleetollah	... ditto	ditto	
1504	Dass, Ramdass	... License Inspector to the Justices	4, Jaun Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto	
1505	Dass, Ram Ruttun	... Assistant, Board of Agency, East Indian Railway.	Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	

1506	Dass, Shama Sanker	...	Assistant, Military Accountant's Office	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
1507	Dass, Shib Chunder	...	Assistant, Store Department, East Indian Railway.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1508	Dass, Sreenath	...	Assistant, Military Secretariat	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto
1509	Dass, Sreenibas	...	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbutnot and Co.	...	8, Olive Street	...	ditto
1510	Dass, Tincowrie	...	Broker	...	Sonagachee Lane	...	ditto
1511	Dass, Woornesh Chunder	...	Assistant, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1512	Dass, Wooma Churn	...	Superintendent, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	...	ditto	...	ditto
1513	Deb, Brojendro Kristo	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1514	Deb, Brojo Nath	...	Assistant, John Atkinson and Co.	...	Lyons' Range	...	ditto
1515	Deb, Dwarka Nath	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
1516	Deb, Ghrish Chunder	...	Head Master, Hare School	...	Colootollah	...	ditto
1517	Deb, Shama Churn	...	Auditor, Office of Examiner, Pay Dept.	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1518	Dey, Beer Chund	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1519	Dey, Bostom Churn	...	Head Assistant, Summons and Warrant Department, Office of the Justices of the Peace.	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto
1520	Dey, Bonomali	...	Assistant's Office of Accountant-General, Bengal.	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1521	Dey, Brojonath	...	Accountant, Calcutta Collectorate	...	Church Lane	...	ditto
1522	Dey, Chunder Coomar	...	Assistant, Commissariat Examiner's Office	...	7, Koilah Ghât Street	...	ditto
1523	Dey, Damoodar	...	Assistant, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1524	Dey, Degumber	...	Assistant, George Henderson and Co.	...	Mango Lane	...	ditto
1525	Dey, Doorga Dass	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commissariat Accounts.	...	7, Koilah Ghât Street	...	ditto
1526	Dey, Dwarkanath	...	3rd Grade Accountant, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto

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D						
1527	Dey, Gopal Chunder	... Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Bengal.	Government Place	India.	Hindoo	
1528	Dey, Gopal Chunder	... Accountant, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1529	Dey, Gourisunker	... Professor, General Assembly's Institution	Cornwallis Square	ditto	ditto	
1530	Dey, Hurraram	... Assistant, Gisborne and Co.	Strand	ditto	ditto	
1531	Dey, Judoo Nath	... Accountant, Office of the Justices	4, Jaun Bazar Street	ditto	ditto	
1532	Dey, Kala Chand	... Clerk, Comptroller-General's Office	Treasury Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1533	Dey, Kali Coomar	... Cashier, Government Printing Office	Hastings Street	ditto	ditto	
1534	Dey, Kali Kissen	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	Koilah Ghât	ditto	ditto	
1535	Dey, Kanye Lall	... Assistant, Office of Deputy Commissary-General, Lower Circle.	Park Street	ditto	ditto	
1536	Dey, Kedar Nath	... Assistant, George Henderson and Co.	Mangoe Lane	ditto	ditto	
1537	Dey, Khetter Mohun	... Assistant, Cook and Co.	Dhurruntollah Street	ditto	ditto	
1538	Dey, Khetter Nath	... Assistant, Home Department	Loudon's Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1539	Dey, Kisto Mohun	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
1540	Dey, Muddun Gopal	... Assistant to F. W. Heilgers and Co.	136, Canning Street	ditto	ditto	
1541	Dey, Mutty Lall	... Banian, Chartered Merchandise Bank of India, London, and China.	Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto	
1542	Dey, Nepal Chunder	... Reader, Government Printing Office	8, Hastings Street	ditto	ditto	
1543	Dey, Netro Lall	... Assistant, Stamp Office	4, Church Lane	ditto	ditto	
1544	Dey, Nilmony	... Head Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Registration.	1, Larkin's Lane	ditto	ditto	
1545	Dey, Nobogopal	... Assistant, E F Lackertsen and Co.	36, New China Bazar	ditto	ditto	
1546	Dey, Nundo Lall	... Deputy Store-keeper of Stamps	4, Church Lane	ditto	ditto	
1547	Dey, Prosonno Coomar	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	

1548	Dey, Romanath	... Accountant, Calcutta and Eastern Canals Division.	14, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1549	Dey, Russick Lall	... Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	... 30, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1550	Dey S C	... Assistant, Comptroller-General's Office	... Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1551	Dey, Saroda Persad	... Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	... Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1552	Dey, Tarucknath	... Assistant, Fde and Hobson	... Canning Street	...	ditto	ditto
1553	Dey, Womes Chunder	... Assistant, Wiseman, Mitchel and Co.	... Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1554	Dhole, Hurro Coomar	... Assistant, Schone, Kilburn and Co.	... 4, Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
1555	Dhur, Baney Madub	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts, Account Branch.	... Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1556	Dhur, Chunder Mohun	... Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	... Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1557	Dhur, Gobind Chunder	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Medical Accounts.	7, Coliah Ghât Street	...	ditto	Brahmo
1558	Dhur, Gobind Chunder	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Dockyard Accounts.	2, ditto	...	ditto	Hindoo
1559	Dhur, Gosto Behary	... Accountant, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1560	Dhur, Kala Chand	... Assistant, Stamp Office	... 1, Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1561	Dhur, Kali Dass	... Banian	... Colcotollah	...	ditto	ditto
1562	Dhur, Koonjo Behary	... Assistant to Nicol Fleming and Co.	... Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
1563	Dhur, Kundoo Lall	... Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co.	... 4, Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
1564	Dhur, Nobin Chunder	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1565	Dhur, Rajbullub	... Auditor, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1566	Dhur, Ram Lall	... Assistant, Graham and Co.	... 9, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1567	Dhur, Soobul Chunder	... ditto	... ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1568	Din Muhammad	... Landholder	... 12, Concedanbagan Lane	...	ditto	Mahomedan
1569	Dutt, A-shootosh	... Assistant, Hoare, Muller and Co.	... Strand	...	ditto	Hindoo

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Style or Calling.</i>	<i>Residence or Place of Business.</i>	<i>Native Country.</i>	<i>Religion.</i>	<i>REMARKS.</i>
D					
1570	Dutt, Behary Lall	... Assistant, Oriental Bank	... Shibtollah Lane	India	Hindoo
1571	Dutt, Bhoobun Mohun	... Assistant, Robert and Charriol	... 1, Vansittart Row	ditto	ditto
1572	Dutt, Bholanath	... Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office	... Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto
1573	Dutt, Bishnoo Churn	... ditto ditto	... ditto	ditto	ditto
1574	Dutt, Bolie Chand	... Assitant, Gisborne and Co.	... Strand	ditto	ditto
1575	Dutt, Brindabun Chunder...	... Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.	... 4, Garstin's Place	ditto	ditto
1576	Dutt, Brojo Nath	... Assistant, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.	... Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto
1577	Dutt, Brojonath	... Chief Auditor's Office, E. I. R.	... Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto
1578	Dutt, Budden Chunder	... Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co	... 8, Clive Street	ditto	ditto
1579	Dutt, Budden Chunder	... Assistant, F T Brooks and Co.	... Clive Street	ditto	ditto
1580	Dutt, Bycuntonath	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto
1581	Dutt, Chundy Churn	... Assistant, Crooke, Rome and Co.	... 3 Clive Row	ditto	ditto
1582	Dutt, Doorga Churn	... Assistant, Office of Private Secretary to the Viceroy.	... Government House	ditto	ditto
1583	Dutt, Doyal Chand	... Assistant, Ashburner and Co.	... Garstin's Place	ditto	ditto
1584	Dutt, Dwarka Nath	... Assistant, Civil Engineering College	... College Square	ditto	ditto
1585	Dutt, Dwarka Nath	... Merchant	... Calootollah	ditto	ditto
1586	Dutt, Goberdone	... Assistant, Financial Department	... Treasury Buildings	ditto	ditto
1587	Dutt, Gopal Ciunder	... Inhabitant,	... Jorasanko Chasadhopa Para	ditto	ditto
1588	Dutt, Gopeenath	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto
1589	Dutt, Goshto Lall	... Assistant, Wiseman, Mitchell and Co.	... Clive Street	ditto	ditto
1590	Dutt, Greedharee	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto
1591	Dutt, Johur Lall	... Assistant, Carlisle, Nephews and Co.	... 25, Mango Lane	ditto	ditto
1592	Dutt, Judoo Nath	... Record-keeper, Board of Revenue	... Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto

1593	Dutt, Kashinath	...	Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co.	...	4, Clive Row	...	ditto
1594	Dutt, Kedar Nath	...	Assistant, Grindlay and Co.	...	Strand	...	ditto
1595	Dutt, Kedar Nath	...	Assistant, O Steel and Co.	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto
1596	Dutt, Khetter Pal	...	Accountant, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1597	Dutt, Koomednath	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, ditto	...	ditto
1598	Dutt, Kristo Mohun	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto
1599	Dutt, Lady Mohun	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts, Account Branch.	...	Somerset Building	...	ditto
1600	Dutt, Mohendro Nath	...	Compiler, Pay Department	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1601	Dutt, Nemy Churn	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	ditto	...	ditto
1602	Dutt, Nemy Churn	...	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto
1603	Dutt, Nilamber	...	Assistant, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	...	ditto
1604	Dutt, Nundo Coomar	...	Firm of Shib Chunder Dutt and Co.	...	Council House Street	...	ditto
1605	Dutt, Obhoy Churn	...	Assistant, Home Office	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto
1606	Dutt, Obhoy Coomar	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1607	Dutt, Opendro Nath	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto
1608	Dutt, Peary Mohun	...	Assistant, Bremner and Laycock	...	Lyons' Range	...	ditto
1609	Dutt, Pran Kissen	...	Auditor, Office of Pay Examiner	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1610	Dutt, Preo Nath	...	Supdt., Comptroller-General of Accounts	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1611	Dutt, Prosono Coomar	...	Trader	...	Soorteebagan	...	ditto
1612	Dutt, Punchanun	...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept.	...	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto
1613	Dutt, Raj Coomar	...	Clerk, Chartered Bank of India, &c.	...	5, Council House Street	...	ditto
1614	Dutt, Raj Narain	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1615	Dutt, Rameshur	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
1616	Dutt, Ramkinkur	...	Assistant, Colvin, Gowie and Co.	...	1, Hastings Street	...	ditto
1617	Dutt, Ram Narain	...	Compiler, Office of Pay Examiner	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto

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D						
1618	Dutt, Shama Churn	... Reader, Military Department Press	... Esplanade Row	... India	Hindoo	
1619	Dutt, Shub Chunder	... Assistant, Williamson Brothers and Co.	... Jackson's Ghât Street	... ditto	ditto	
1620	Dutt, Sree Kissen	... Bullion Superintendent, Mint	... Strand	... ditto	ditto	
1621	Dutt, Sree Kissen	... Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co....	... ditto	... ditto	ditto	
1622	Dutt, Sreenath	... Assistant, Home Office	... London's Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1623	Dutt, Sreenath	... Assistant, W Moran and Co.	... 3, Church Lane	... ditto	ditto	
1624	Dutt, Toolsee Dass	... Assistant, Bengal Office	... Chowringhee Road	... ditto	ditto	
1625	Dutt, Toolsee Dass	... Head Clerk, Delhi and London Bank	... 4, Council House Street	... ditto	ditto	
1626	Dutt, Woody Chaud	... Assistant, John Elliot and Co.	... 4, Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
F.						
1627	Fazlur Rahman Khan	... Landholder	... Collingah	... ditto	Mahomedan	
G.						
1628	Gangooly, Behary Lall	... Head Assistant, Office of Superintending Engineer, Western Circle.	... Writers' Buildings	... ditto	Hindoo	
1629	Gangooly, Boycuntonath	... Head Writer, Executive Commissariat Office	... 6, Park Street	... ditto	ditto	
1630	Gangooly, Gopal Chunder	... Assistant, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	... ditto	ditto	
1631	Gangooly, Keshub Chunder	Superintendent, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	Treasury Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1632	Gangooly, Poromartho	... Superintendent, Home Office	... London's Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1633	Gangooly, Prosono Coomar	Assistant, Bengal Office, General Dept.	... Chowringhee Road	... ditto	ditto	
1634	Gangooly, Raj Chunder	... ditto	... 1, Sudder Street	... ditto	ditto	
1635	Gangooly, Shama Churn	... English Lecturer, Sanscrit College	... College Square	... ditto	ditto	
1636	Ghosal, Romanath	... Head Assistant, Legal Remembrancer's Office.	High Court Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1637	Ghose, Ashootosh	... Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	... Somerset Buildings	... ditto	ditto	

1638	Ghose, Bacharam	...	Clerk, Master Attendant's Office	...	11, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1639	Ghose, Bany Madhub	...	Head Assistant, Calcutta School Book Society.	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1640	Ghose, Behary Lall	...	Book-keeper, G F Lackersreen and Co.	...	36, New China Bazar	...	ditto
1641	Ghose, Bejoy Kisto	...	Book-keeper, Kettlewell, Bullen and Co.	...	Strand	...	ditto
1642	Ghose, Bhobun Mohun	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner, Railway Accounts.	...	21, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1643	Ghose, Bhobun Mohun	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner, Dockyard Accounts.	...	Coliah Ghât Street	...	ditto
1644	Ghose, Calla Chand	...	Assistant, Balmer, Lawrie and Co.	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
1645	Ghose, Dmonath	...	Assistant, Surgeon-General's Office	...	Humayoon Place	...	ditto
1646	Ghose, Denanath	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1647	Ghose, Gobind Chunder	...	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Police, L P.	...	13, Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
1648	Ghose, Godadhar	...	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.	...	8, Clive Street	...	ditto
1649	Ghose, Grish Chunder	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade, East	...	ditto
1650	Ghose, Grish Chunder	...	Assistant, George Abbott and Co.	...	Dhurruntollah Street	...	ditto
1651	Ghose, Ishur Chunder	...	Assistant, Ede and Hobson	...	Canning Street	...	ditto
1652	Ghose, Joy Gopal	...	Assistant, George Henderson and Co.	...	Mangoe Lane	...	ditto
1653	Ghose, Judoonath	...	Principal, Seal's Free College	...	114, Baranosey Ghose's Street	...	ditto
1654	Ghose, Judoonath	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1655	Ghose, Juggeshur	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1656	Ghose, Kala Chand	...	Assistant, Balmer, Lawrie and Co.	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
1657	Ghose, Kali Churn	...	Deputy Khazanchee, Chartered Bank of India, &c.	...	5, Council House Street	...	ditto
1658	Ghose, Kali Coomar	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Dockyard Accounts.	...	Coliah Ghât Street	...	ditto
1659	Ghose, Kali Krishna	...	Assistant Comptroller-General's Office	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1660	Ghose, Khetter Chunder	...	Supervisor, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Nati ⁿ Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.
G						
1661	Ghose, Mohendro Lall	... Assistant, Accountant-General's Office, Military Department.	9, Dacre's Lane	... India	Hindoo	
1662	Ghose, Mohendro Nath	... Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	Loudon's Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1663	Ghose, Mudoosoodun	... Assistant, George Abbott and Co.	Dhurrumtollah Street	... ditto	ditto	
1664	Ghose, Mudoosoodun	... Assistant, Cowie and Co.	Hastings Street	... ditto	ditto	
1665	Ghose Mutty Lall	... Assistant, George Abbott and Co.	Dhurrumtollah Street	... ditto	ditto	
1666	Ghose, M L	... 2nd Class Assistant, Accountant-General's Office, Military Department.	9, Dacre's Lane	... ditto	ditto	
1667	Ghose, Nimchand	... Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	Somerset Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1668	Ghose, Nilmony	... Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	... ditto	ditto	
1669	Ghose, Nobin Chunder	... Cashier, Hunter and Co.	156, Dhurrumtollah Street...	... ditto	ditto	
1670	Ghose, Nobin Chunder	... Assistant, Cook and Co.	Dhurrumtollah Street	... ditto	ditto	
1671	Ghose, Nobin Chunder	... Teacher, Calcutta Madrissah	Wellesley Square	... ditto	ditto	
1672	Ghose, Nobogopal	... Assistant, George Henderson and Co.	Mangoe Lane	... ditto	ditto	
1673	Ghose, Nobogopal	... Assistant, Office of Examiner, Commissariat and Stud Department.	7, Coilah Ghat Street	... ditto	ditto	
1674	Ghose, Nobokissen	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	2, ditto	... ditto	ditto	
1675	Ghose, Frankissen	... Superintendent, Comptroller-General's Office	Treasury Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1676	Ghose, Prosuno Coomar	... Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	... ditto	ditto	
1677	Ghose, Prosuno Coomar	... Assistant, Comptroller-General's Office	Treasury Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1678	Ghose, Prosuno Coomar	... Supervisor	Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1679	Ghose, Radhika Narain	... Assistant Engineer, Calcutta and Eastern Canals Division.	14, Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1680	Ghose, Rajender Chunder	... Assistant, Office of Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department.	Humayoon Place	... ditto	ditto	

1681	Ghose, Rajendra Nath	... Professor, General Assembly's Institution ...	Cornwallis Square	...	ditto	ditto
1682	Ghose, Ram Comul	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commis- sariat and Stud Department.	7, Colah Ghât Street	...	ditto	ditto
1683	Ghose, Ram Doyal	... Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office, East Indian Railway.	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1684	Ghose, Romaprosunno	... Assistant Professor, C M College	Patulchannah	...	ditto	ditto
1685	Ghose, Seetanath	... Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co.	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
1686	Ghose, Shama Churn	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	5, Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1687	Ghose, Shib Chunder	... Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.	5, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1688	Ghose, Shib Kissen	... Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.	4, Garstin's Place	...	ditto	ditto
1689	Ghose, Shisher Chunder	... Editor, "Umirtto Bazar Patruka"	Baug Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
1690	Ghose, Sreekishen	... Assistant, Bengal Secretariat, P. W. D.	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1691	Ghose, Sreenath	... Accountant, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bengal.	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1692	Ghose, Surrut Chunder	... Sub-Engineer, Office of Executive Engineer, 3rd Calcutta Division.	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1693	Ghose, Tej Chunder	... Assistant, R Macalister and Co.	Banksall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1694	Ghose, Woody Chand	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	5, Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1695	Goolzar, Shah	... Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	London's Buildings	...	ditto	Christian
1696	Goor, Dhurmodass	... Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office, E. I. R.	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	Indian
1697	Gui, Shab Chunder	... Lecturer, Sangskrit College	College Square	...	ditto	ditto
1698	Gupto, Choonsee Lall	... Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept.	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto	ditto
1699	Gupto, D C	... Proprietor, Gupta Press	Meer Jafir's Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1700	Gupto, Gootropoio	... Assistant, Bengal Secretariat, P. W. D.	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1701	Gupto, Gopal Chunder	... Assistant, Agra Bank	26, Mangoe Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1702	Gupto, Jagdishur	... Assistant to Halford, Smith and Co.	1, Commercial Buildings	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
G						
1703	Gupto, Mohindro Lall	... Assistant, Colvin, Cowie and Co.	... 1, Hastings Street	India	Hindoo	
1704	Gupto, Rakhal Chunder	... Assistant, Chief Engineer's Office, E. I. R.	... 21, Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto	
1705	Gupto, Titoo Ram	... Compiler, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	... Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
1706	Gupto, Wooma Churn	... Assistant, Bengal Secretariat, P. W. D.	... Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto.	
H						
1707	Halder, Kali Coomar	... Assistant, Deputy Agent's Office, E. I. R.	... 22, Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto	
1708	Halder, Kisto Mohun	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto	
1709	Halder, Rajkissen	... Assistant, Gullanders, Arbutnot and Co.	... 8, Clive Street	ditto	ditto	
1710	Hazra, Gossain Dass	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
1711	Hazra, Wooma Churn	... Assistant Inspector, License Department, Municipal Office.	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	ditto	ditto	
I						
1712	Ismail	... Store-keeper and Accountant, Surveyor-General's Office.	... Park Street	ditto	Mahomedan	
K						
1713	Kalimur Rahman	... Assistant, Legislative Council Office	... Government Place	ditto	ditto	
1714	Kasem Husen Syed	... Inhabitant	... 35, South Collingah Street...	ditto	ditto	
1715	Khan, Shama Churn	... Assistant to Nicol, Fleming and Co.	... 1, Fairlie Place	ditto	Hindoo	
1716	Kumar, Amarendra Krishan	... Superintendent, Bill Department, Office of the Justices.	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	ditto	ditto	
1717	Kur, Kisto Chunder	... Assistant to F. W. Baker and Co.	... 9, Old Court House Street...	ditto	ditto	
1718	Kur, Nundo Lall	... Assistant to H. A. Coggan and Co.	... 74, Dhurrumtollah Street	ditto	ditto	

L

1719	Laha, Gopal Chunder	...	Assistant, Office of Superintendent of Revenue Surveys, U. C.	Middleton Street	...	ditto	Christian
1720	Laha, Heera Lal	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts, Account Branch.	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	Hindoo
1721	Laha, Kalinath	...	ditto	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1722	Laha, Prosuno Coomar	...	Assistant, E. I. Railway Office	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1723	Lahoory, Bacharam	...	Assistant, Hoare, Miller and Co.	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1724	Lahoory, Chunder Nath	...	Assistant, E. I. R. Audit Office	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1725	Lahoory, Mohendro Nath	...	Head Assistant, Crooke, Rome and Co.	8, Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
1726	Lahoory, Oghore Nath	...	Clerk, Beg, Dunlop and Co.	12, Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
1727	Lalla Poory	...	Assistant, Chief Engineer's Office, E. I. R.	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto

M

1728	Mema Mul	...	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.	4, Garstin's Place	...	ditto	ditto
1729	Mitter, Bepin Behary	...	Head Assistant, Land Revenue Department, Calcutta Collectorate.	Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1730	Mitter, Bipro Dass	...	Assistant, Colvin, Cowie and Co.	1, Hastings Street	...	ditto	ditto
1731	Mitter, Bhoobun Mohun	...	Trader	Simlah	...	ditto	ditto
1732	Mitter, Byddo Nath	...	Clerk, Office of Joint Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch.	12, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1733	Mitter, Cluroo Chunder	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
1734	Mitter, Dabendro Nath	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1735	Mitter, Dwarka Nath	...	Assistant, George Henderson and Co.	Mangoe Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1736	Mitter, Gooroochurn	...	Book-keeper, Ulmann, Hirschhorn and Co....	Canning Street	...	ditto	ditto

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Style or Calling.</i>	<i>Residence or Place of Business.</i>	<i>Native Country.</i>	<i>Religion.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
1737 Mitter, Grish Chunder ...	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Police, L.P.	Chowringhee Road ...	India	Hindoo	
1738 Mitter, Hurriah Chunder ...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Government Place ...	ditto	ditto	
1739 Mitter, Issen Chunder ...	Teacher, Sed's Free College	148, Baranosey Ghose's Street ...	ditto	ditto	
1740 Mitter, Issen Chunder ...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Public Works Accounts.	Writers' Buildings ...	ditto	ditto	
1741 Mitter, Issur Chunder ...	Assistant, Carlisle, Nephews and Co	25, Mangoe Lane ...	ditto	ditto	
1742 Mitter, Judoo Nath ...	Assistant, Ernsthausen and Oesterley	New China Bazar Street ...	ditto	ditto	
1743 Mitter, Jogendro Chunder...	Sub-Engineer, 3rd Calcutta Division	15, Writers' Buildings ...	ditto	ditto	
1744 Mitter, Jogenbro Nath ...	2nd Assistant, Presidency Ex. Com. Office...	6, Park Street ...	ditto	ditto	
1745 Mitter, Jogendro Nath ...	Clerk, Keblewell, Bullen & Co	Strand Road ...	ditto	ditto	
1746 Mitter, Kally Kinkur ...	Clerk, Turner, Morrison and Co	6, Lyons' Range ...	ditto	ditto	
1747 Mitter, Kanye Lall ...	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place ...	ditto	ditto	
1748 Mitter, Kartic Chunder ...	Teacher, General Assembly's Institution	Cornwallis Square ...	ditto	ditto	
1749 Mitter, Khetter Mohun ...	Assistant, Ernsthausen and Oesterly	8, New China Bazar Street ...	ditto	ditto	
1750 Mitter, Khetter Mohun ...	Assistant, Eagleton and Co	Canning Street ...	ditto	ditto	
1751 Mitter, Koylash Chunder ...	Assistant, Office of Ex. of Ordnance, &c.	2, Coliah Ghât Street ...	ditto	ditto	
1752 Mitter, Mohendro Nath ...	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.	4, Garstin's Place ...	ditto	ditto	
1753 Mitter, Nilmoney ...	Assistant, Duncan and Co	Clive Street ...	ditto	ditto	
1754 Mitter, Nilmoney ...	Engineer	Sham Bazar ...	ditto	ditto	
1755 Mitter, Nobocomar ...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	Strand Road ...	ditto	ditto	
1756 Mitter, Nobo Gopal ...	Editor, National Paper	18, Cornwallis Street ...	ditto	ditto	
1757 Mitter, Nobo Jogendro ...	Book-keeper, Bremner and Laycock	2, Lyons' Range ...	ditto	ditto	
1758 Mitter, Nundo Lall ...	Assistant, Deputy Surveyor-General's Office	Middleton Street ...	ditto	ditto	

1759	Mitter, Prosuno Coomar	...	Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co.	...	4, Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
1760	Mitter, Prosuno Narain	...	Educational Clerk, Presidency Commission- er's Office.	...	3, Theatre Road	...	ditto	ditto
1761	Mitter, Radhamadhub	...	Auditor, Office of Examiner, Pay Department	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1762	Mitter, Radhamadhub	...	Teacher, Seal's Free College	...	148 Baranosey Ghose's Street	...	ditto	ditto
1763	Mitter, Radhica Churn	...	Assistant, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1764	Mitter, Raj Mohun	...	Assistant, Simson, Griffiths and Co.	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
1765	Mitter, Rajendro Nath	...	Head Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Department.	...	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto	ditto
1766	Mitra, Raj Krishna	...	Assistant, Physical Laboratory	...	Presidency College	...	ditto	ditto
1767	Mitter, Rakhal Dass	...	Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office, E. I. R....	...	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1768	Mitter, Russick Lall	...	Assistant, Graham and Co.	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1769	Mitter, Sham Lall	...	Assistant, Store Department, E. I. R.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1770	Mitter, Shustee Chunder	...	Accountant, Controller of P. W. Accounts	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1771	Mitter, Sreecanto	...	Assistant, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company.	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1772	Mitter, Surendro Nath	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1773	Mitter, Umbica Churn	...	Assistant, Ernsthansen and Oesterley	...	8, New China Bazar Street...	...	ditto	ditto
1774	Mitter, Womesh Chunder	...	Compiler, Office of Examiner, Pay Dept.	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1775	Mitter, Womesh Chunder	...	Assistant, Agelasto and Co.	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1776	Mookerjee, Aghorenath	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agri- culture, and Commerce.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1777	Mookerjee, Aghorenath	...	Clerk, Oriental Bank	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1778	Mookerjee, Annodapersad	...	Collector to the Justices	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
1779	Mookerjee, Ashootosh	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1780	Mookerjee, Ashootosh	...	Assistant, Halford, Smith and Co.	...	Commercial Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1781	Mookerjee, Beer Narain	...	Assistant, Office of Director of Public Instruction.	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.
	M					
1782	Mookerjee, Bejoy Gopal ...	Assistant, Office of Superintending Engineer, N. E. Circle.	2, Commercial Buildings ...	India	Hindoo	
1783	Mookerjee, Bhugobutty Churn	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General of Bengal.	Treasury Buildings ...	ditto	ditto	
1784	Mookerjee, Brojonath ...	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, P. W. Department.	Loudon's Buildings ...	ditto	ditto	
1785	Mookerjee, Chunder Coomar	Clerk, Turner, Morrison and Co.	6, Lyons' Range ...	ditto	ditto	
1786	Mookerjee, Debendronath ...	Assistant, Bengal Office	Chowringhee Road ...	ditto	ditto	
1787	Mookerjee, Dwarka Nath ...	Assistant, Atkinson, Tilton and Co.	Clive Ghat Street ...	ditto	ditto	
1788	Mookerjee, Dwarka Nath ...	Supervisor, Office of Executive Engineer, Fort William Division.	Fort William ...	ditto	ditto	
1789	Mookerjee, Gocool Chunder..	Assistant to S. P. Sagrandi	10, Clive Row ...	ditto	ditto	
1790	Mookerjee, Gooroo Churn ...	Assistant, Commissary-General's Office	6, Park Street ...	ditto	ditto	
1791	Mookerjee, Gopal Chunder...	Cashier, Office of Executive Engineer, 4th Calcutta Division.	Writers' Buildings ...	ditto	ditto	
1792	Mookerjee, Gopal Chunder...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept.	1, Sudder Street ...	ditto	ditto	
1793	Mookerjee, Gopal Chunder...	Executive Engineer, Presidency Division ..	2, Commercial Buildings ...	ditto	ditto	
1794	Mookerjee, Gooroo Prosonno (Sr.)	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co.	1, Fairlie Place ...	ditto	ditto	
1795	Mookerjee, Gouri Nath ...	Assistant, Office of Exr. of Dockyard Accts.	Coilah Ghat Street ...	ditto	ditto	
1796	Mookerjee, Grish Cnunder...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Government Place ...	ditto	ditto	
1797	Mookerjee, Grija Bhoosun ...	Assistant Professor, Cathedral Mission College.	Patuldangah ...	ditto	ditto	
1798	Mookerjee, Harankisto ...	Accountant, Office of Examiner, Railway Accounts.	Dalhousie Square ...	ditto	ditto	
1799	Mookerjee, Hurnath ...	Assistant, Ahmuty and Co.	Church Lane ...	ditto	ditto	
1800	Mookerjee, Issen Chunder ...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Government Place ...	ditto	ditto	

1801	Mookerjee, Issur Chunder	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bank-hall Street	...	ditto
1802	Mookerjee, Jugendronath	Collector to the Justices	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto
1803	Mookerjee, Judoonath	Head Master, Sanscrit College	...	College Square	...	ditto
1804	Mookerjee, Judoonath	Assistant, Store Department, E. I. R.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1805	Mookerjee, Judoonath	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	...	Louison's Buildings	...	ditto
1806	Mookerjee, Judoonath	Clerk, Comptroller-General's Office	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1807	Mookerjee, Kalidhone	Accountant, Office of Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Bengal.	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1808	Mookerjee, Kamikanath	Assistant, W. Moran and Co.	...	3, Church Lane	...	ditto
1809	Mookerjee, Kasinath	Assistant, Executive Engineer's Office, 4th Calcutta Division.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1810	Mookerjee, Kedernath	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade, East	...	ditto
1811	Mookerjee, Kedernath	Assistant, Office of Agent, Governor-General, with the ex-King of Oudh.	...	Jorattollao Street, Chowringhee Lane.	...	ditto
1812	Mookerjee, Kintternath	Assistant, Deputy Commissary-General's Office, L. C.	...	Park Street	...	ditto
1813	Mookerjee, Khogendronath	Clerk, Beggs, Lunlop and Co.	...	12, Mission Row	...	ditto
1814	Mookerjee, Koomed Chunder	Assistant, W. Moran and Co.	...	3, Church Lane	...	ditto
1815	Mookerjee, Koylash Chunder	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judl. Dept.	...	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto
1816	Mookerjee, Koylash Chunder	Assistant, Turner, Morrison and Co.	...	6, Lyons' Range	...	ditto
1817	Mookerjee, Koylash Nath	Assistant, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1818	Mookerjee, Lall Chand	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	Christian
1819	Mookerjee, Mirttoonjoy	Assistant, Stationery Office, Store Department.	...	4, Church Lane	...	Hindoo
1820	Mookerjee, Mohendro Nath	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	...	Coilah Ghât Street	...	ditto
1821	Mookerjee, Mutty Lall	Assistant, Superintending Engineer's Office, 1st Circle, Military Works.	...	11, Kyd Street	...	ditto
1822	Mookerjee, Mutty Lall	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
M						
1823	Mookerjee, Nobin Chunder	Assistant, Kelley & Co	... Strand	... India	Hindoo	
1824	Mookerjee, Nobin Chunder	Assistant, Ahmuty & Co	... Church Lane	... ditto	ditto	
1825	Mookerjee, Nobo Coomar	Treasurer, East Indian Railway	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
1826	Mookerjee, Nobo Gopal	Clerk, Turner, Morrison & Co	... 6, Lyons' Range	... ditto	ditto	
1827	Mookerjee, Nobo Kissen	Assistant, Bengal Office	... Chowringhee Road	... ditto	ditto	
1828	Mookerjee, Peary Lall	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Registration.	... Larkin's Lane	... ditto	ditto	
1829	Mookerjee, Peary Mohun	Assistant, Office of Consulting Engineer to Government of India.	... Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1830	Mookerjee, Prannath	Assistant Cashier, East Indian Railway	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
1831	Mookerjee, Radhika Prosad	Executive Engineer	... 14, Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1832	Mookerjee, Radhika Prosonno	Second Assistant, Office of Director of Public Instruction.	... Chowringhee Road	... ditto	ditto	
1833	Mookerjee, Raj Coomar	Auditor, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance, &c.	... 4, Garstin's Place	... ditto	ditto	
1834	Mookerjee, Rajendronath	Overseer, Calcutta and Eastern Canal Division.	... 14, Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1835	Mookerjee, Rajkissen	Assistant, Pay Department, Examiner's Office.	... Coliah Ghât Street	... ditto	ditto	
1836	Mookerjee, Rajkissen	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot & Co	... 8, Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
1837	Mookerjee, Rajkisto	Assistant, R Scott & Co	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto	
1838	Mookerjee, S C	Firm of Mookerjee, Clark & Co	... Commercial Buildings	... ditto	Christian	
1839	Mookerjee, S C	Assistant, F T Brookes & Co	... Clive Row	... ditto	Hindoo	
1840	Mookerjee, Saroda Persad	Assistant, Land Mortgage Bank	... New China Bazar	... ditto	ditto	
1841	Mookerjee, Shosheboosun...	Inhabitant	... Jorasanko	... ditto	ditto	
1842	Mookerjee, Shosheboosun...	Second Writer, Presidency Executive Commissariat Office.	... 6, Park Street	... ditto	ditto	

1843	Mookerjee, Sreenath	...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judl. Dept.	...	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto	ditto
1844	Mookerjee, Tarapada	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	...	Coilah Ghât Street	...	ditto	ditto
1845	Mookerjee, Tarucknath	...	Assistant, Land Mortgage Bank	...	1, New China Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
1846	Mookerjee, Tincowry	...	Accountant, Office of Examiner of Railway Accounts.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1847	Mookerjee, Troylukho Nath	...	Head Assistant, Office of Director-General of Statistics to the Government of India.	...	Russell Street	...	ditto	ditto
1848	Mookerjee, Umbica Churn	...	Assistant, Home Office	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1849	Mookerjee, Woma Churn	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1850	Mookerjee, Womesh Chunder	...	Assistant, Consulting Engineer's Office	...	21, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1851	Mookerjee, Woody Chandra	...	Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1852	Mookerjee, Wopendra Nath	...	Assistant, Secretariat Government of India, P. W. Department.	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1853	Moosa Ali	...	Assistant, Legal Remembrancer's Office	...	High Court Building	...	ditto	Mahomedan
1854	Moostaphee, Hurriah Chunder.	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade, East	...	ditto	Hindoo
1855	Moytro, Obhoy Churn	...	Assistant, Office of Pay Examiner of Railway Accounts.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1856	Mozoomdar, Dwarkanath	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1857	Mozoomdar, Gopal Chunder	...	Manager, Hindu Hostel	...	Lall Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
1858	Mozoomdar, Kali Churn	...	Assistant, Grindlay & Co	...	Hastings Street	...	ditto	ditto
1859	Mozoomdar, Kamika Nath	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commisariat Accounts.	...	7, Coilah Ghât Street	...	ditto	ditto
1860	Mozoomdar, Mohendro Nath	...	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, P. W. Department.	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1861	Mozoomdar, Mutty Lall	...	Assistant, Mookerjee, Clark & Co	...	Commercial Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1862	Mozoomdar, Toyulkanath	...	Assistant, Office of Private Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy.	...	Government House	...	ditto	ditto
1863	Moytro, Okhy Churn	...	Accountant, Examiner of Railway Accounts	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1864	Muhammad Abdul Rowf	...	Translator, Legislative Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	Mahomedan

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.
M						
1865	Muhammad Ali	Landholder	... Holwell's Lane	India	Mahomedan	
1866	Muhammad Zuhurul Huq	ditto	... 15, Golum Sobhan's Lane	ditto	ditto	
1867	Mullick, Anunto Kisan	Assistant, E. I. Railway, Agent's Office	... 22, Dalhousie Square	ditto	Hindoo	
1868	Mullick, Behary Lall	Assistant, George, Henderson & Co	... Mango Lane	ditto	ditto	
1869	Mullick, Baney Lall	Assistant, Gisborne and Co	... Strand	ditto	ditto	
1870	Mullick, Bepin Behary	Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
1871	Mullick, Boyle Chand	Firm of Bissonath, Law and Co	... Larkin's Lane	ditto	ditto	
1872	Mullick, Chunder Coomar	Accountant, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	... 17, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1873	Mullick, Chunder Nath	Inhabitant	... Pathooriaghatta	ditto	ditto	
1874	Mullick, Chundee Churn	Assistant, F. W. Heilgers and Co	... 186, Canning Street	ditto	ditto	
1875	Mullick, Jogobundo	Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office	... 1, Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
1876	Mullick, Kanye Lall	Assistant, Gisborne and Co	... Strand	ditto	ditto	
1877	Mullick, Kristo Chunder	Assistant, Emigration Office	... 1, Jaun Bazar Street	ditto	ditto	
1878	Mullick, Mutty Lall	Assistant, Young, Gray and Co	... Mission Row	ditto	ditto	
1879	Mullick, Peary Lall	Assistant, Gisborne and Co	... Strand	ditto	ditto	
1880	Mullick, Prem Chand	Assistant, Bengal Office	... 1, Sudder Street	ditto	ditto	
1881	Mullick, Radhagovind	Assistant, Legal Remembrancer's Office	... High Court Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1882	Mullick, Raj Kissen	Assistant, Gisborne and Co	... Strand	ditto	ditto	
1883	Mullick, Roop Lall	Assistant, Whitney Brothers	... 1, Lall Bazar	ditto	ditto	
1884	Mullick, Spib Chunder	Supervisor, Office of Executive Engineer, Calcutta and Eastern Canals Division.	... Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1885	Mullick, Soobul Chunder	Firm of Bissonath, Law and Co	... Larkin's Lane	ditto	ditto	
1886	Mullick, Woodub Chunder	Assistant, Gladstone, Wylie and Co	... Clive Street	ditto	ditto	
1887	Mundle, Radha Bullab	Assistant, John Elliott and Co	... 4, ditto	ditto	ditto	

1888	Muttylall, Nundo Gopal	...	Inhabitant	...	Bow Bazar, Mullunga	...	ditto	ditto
1889	Muttylall, Rajendro Lall	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1890	Muttylall, Sham Lall	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1891	Mynuddeen	...	Clerk, Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	ditto	Mahomedan
N								
1892	Nabi Bakhsh	...	Assistant, Lithographic Branch, Surveyor-General's Office.	...	Camac Street	...	ditto	ditto
1893	Nag, Mutty Lall	...	Assistant, Chief Engineer's Office, East Indian Railway.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	Hindoo
1894	Nath, Boloram	...	Draftsman, Surveyor-General's Office	...	1, Camac Street	...	ditto	ditto
1895	Neogy, Chunder Nath	...	Accountant, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1896	Neogy, Russick Lall	...	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Police, Lower Provinces.	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1897	Neogy, Sree Nath	...	Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co	...	30, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1898	Noorul Hussan	...	Inhabitant	...	31, Upper Circular Road	...	ditto	Mahomedan
1899	Nundy, Bonomally	...	Assistant, Graham and Co	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	Hindoo
1900	Nundy, Goono Madhub	...	Assistant, Wyman and Co	...	10, Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto
1901	Nundy, Issur Chunder	...	Head Master, Oriental Seminary	...	Chitpore Road	...	ditto	ditto
1902	Nundy, Koonjo Bebary	...	Clerk, Chartered Bank of India, &c.	...	5, Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
O								
1903	Oonvalla Framjee.	Manchershah	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	Zoroastrian
P								
1904	Paul, Bholanath	...	Head Master, Hindoo School	...	College Square	...	ditto	Hindoo
1905	Paul, Dwarkanath (Sr.)	...	Assistant, National Bank	...	3, Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
1906	Paul, Gunganarain	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1907	Paul, Hem Chunder	...	Assistant, Treasury Department, Bengal Bank.	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto

REMARKS

No.	Name.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS
1908	Paul, Judoonath	...	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	...	Hindoo	
1909	Paul, Judoonath	...	Assistant, John Elliott and Co	...	ditto	
1910	Paul, Mohendro Lall	...	Assistant, Wyman and Co	...	ditto	
1911	Paul, Muddun Gopal	...	Cashier, National Bank of India	...	ditto	
1912	Paul, Nara Narain	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	ditto	
1913	Paul, Nundo Lall	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	ditto	
1914	Paul, Omerto Lall	...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Printing Department.	...	ditto	
1915	Paul, Sham Lall	...	Banian, Jardine, Skinner and Co	...	ditto	
1916	Paulit, Buldeb	...	Assistant, Office of Presidency Paymaster...	...	ditto	
1917	Paulit, Mohendronath	...	Landholder	...	ditto	
1918	Paulit, Nobin Chunder	...	Assistant, Carlisle, Neplews and Co	...	ditto	
1919	Pyne, Bepin Behary	...	Assistant, Graham and Co	...	ditto	
1920	Pyne, Doyal Chand	...	Inhabitant	...	ditto	
1921	Pyne, Dwarkanath	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	...	ditto	
1922	Pyne, Kanye Lall	...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	...	ditto	
1923	Pyne, Khetter Mohun	...	Inhabitant	...	ditto	
1924	Pyne, Kissoree Lall	...	ditto	...	ditto	
1925	Pyne, Nilmaney R	...	Assistant, Begg, Dunlop and Co	...	ditto	
1926	Roodro, Protab Chunder	...	Estimate Checker, Superintending Engineer's Office.	...	ditto	
1927	Roy, Bhuggobutty Churn	...	Assistant, Graham and Co	...	ditto	
1928	Roy, F C	...	Assistant, Bird and Co	...	ditto	

1929	Roy, Gobindo Lall	...	Superintendent, Office of General of Accounts.	Comptroller-	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1930	Roy, Gopal Chunder	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1931	Roy, Hurro Lall	...	Teacher, Hindoo School	...	College Square	...	ditto
1932	Roy, Jadub Chunder	...	Assistant, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	...	ditto
1933	Roy, Judonath	...	Sub-Engineer, Office of Executive Engineer, 3rd Calcutta Division.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1934	Roy, Kartick Chunder	...	Assistant, Gladstone, Wyllie and Co	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
1935	Roy, Kherode Chunder	...	Teacher, Hare School	...	College Square	...	ditto
1936	Roy, Kherode Nath	...	Assistant, Superintending Engineer's Office, North-Eastern Circle.	...	2, Commercial Buildings	...	ditto
1937	Roy, Kristo Chunder	...	Teacher, Hare School	...	College Square	...	ditto
1938	Roy, Kristo Dass	...	Inhabitant	...	Colootollah	...	ditto
1939	Roy, Madhub Chunder	...	Bullion Superintendent, Mint	...	Strand	...	ditto
1940	Roy, Muttu Lall	...	Assistant, Bank of Bengal	...	ditto	...	ditto
1941	Roy, Nobin Chunder	...	Inhabitant	...	Sankeebhanga	...	ditto
1942	Roy, Okhoy Coomar	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
1943	Roy, Poolin Chunder	...	Broker	...	Commercial Buildings	...	ditto
1944	Roy, Poorno Chunder	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1945	Roy, Taruck Nath	...	Assistant, Deputy Commissary-General's Office, L. C.	...	Park Street	...	ditto
1946	Roy, Umbica Churn	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1947	Roy, Wooma Churn	...	Assistant, Williamson, Magor and Co	...	7, New China Bazar Street	...	ditto
1948	Roy Chowdhry, Ramdas	...	Second Assistant, Office of Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department.	...	Humayoon Place	...	ditto
1949	Roy Chowdhry, Shumabilash	...	Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1950	Roy Chowdhry, Shiddessur	...	Clerk, F. W. Baker and Co	...	9, Old Court House Street...	...	ditto
1951	Ruckhit, Heera Lall	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.
S						
1952	Sanawullah	... Draftsman, Surveyor-General's Office	... Park Street	... India	Mahomedan	
1953	Sandel, Kisto Doss	... Assistant to Anderson, Wright and Co	... 21, Strand	... ditto	Hindoo	
1954	Sandyal, Kistonath	... Assistant, Office of Examiner, Medical Accounts.	7, Koilah Ghât Street	... ditto	ditto	
1955	Sarma, Brojonath	... Pundit, Free Church Institution	... Nimtollah Street	... ditto	ditto	
1956	Sastry, Shibonath	... Head Pundit, Hare School	... College Square	... ditto	Brahmo	
1957	Seal, Bejoygopal	... Assistant, Wyman and Co	... 10, Hare Street	... ditto	Hindoo	
1958	Seal, Brojonath	... Assistant, Chief Treasurer and Paymaster's Office, E. I. R.	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
1959	Seal, Doyal Chand	... Cashier, C H Ogbourne	... ditto	... ditto	ditto	
1960	Seal, Gobind Chunder	... Assistant, Comptroller-General's Office	... Treasury Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1961	Seal, Hurry Mohun	... Assistant Banian, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co	... Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
1962	Seal, Kalidass	... Banian, ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto	
1963	Seal, Nilmadhub	... Assistant, Chief Treasurer and Paymaster's Accounts.	... Middleton Row	... ditto	ditto	
1964	Seal, Panchcowrie	... Cashier, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co	... 8, Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
1965	Seal, Ranchand	... Assistant, ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto	
1966	Sen, Bepin Behary	... Assistant, Bisonath Law and Co	... Larkin's Lane	... ditto	ditto	
1967	Sen, Bheem Lall	... Manager, Sagore Dutt's Screw-house	... Radha Bazar	... ditto	ditto	
1968	Sen, Bholanath	... Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co	... 16, Strand	... ditto	ditto	
1969	Sen, Bholanath	... Assistant, Examiner of Claim's Office	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto	
1970	Sen, Bisumbhur	... Bill Examiner, Bank of Bengal	... Strand	... ditto	ditto	
1971	Sen, Brojo Lall	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	1, Coilah Ghât Street	... ditto	ditto	
1972	Sen, Bromonath	... Head Assistant, Bengal Office	... Chowringhee Road	... ditto	ditto	

1973	Sen, Bycanto Nath	...	Assistant, Garrison Engineer's Office, Public Works Department.	Fort William	ditto	ditto
1974	Sen, Denonath	...	Executive Engineer, Presidency Division	2, Commercial Buildings	ditto	ditto
1975	Sen, Doorga Churn	...	Banian	Chorebagan	ditto	ditto
1976	Sen, Dwarkanath	...	Assistant, Robert and Charriol	1, Vansittart Row	ditto	ditto
1977	Sen, Gish Chunder	...	Assistant, Store-keeper's Office, E. I. R.	Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto
1978	Sen, Gungadhur	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto
1979	Sen, Hurro Lall	...	Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office	Park Street	ditto	ditto
1980	Sen, Hurrydass	...	Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co	4, Fairlie Place	ditto	ditto
1981	Sen, Hurryhur	...	Assistant Supdt., Revenue Survey Office	10, Middleton Street	ditto	ditto
1982	Sen, Issen Ohunder	...	Banian, Atkinson and Co	New China Bazar Street	ditto	ditto
1983	Sen, Joygopal	...	Assistant, Garrison Engineer's Office, Public Works Department.	Fort William	ditto	ditto
1984	Sen, Joy Kissen	...	Inhabitant	Simlah	ditto	ditto
1985	Sen, Judoo Nath	...	Supervisor, Calcutta and Eastern Canals Division.	14, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto
1986	Sen, Judoo Nath	...	Assistant, Legislative Council Office	Government Place	ditto	ditto
1987	Sen, Kalipodo	...	Assistant Engineer, Department Public Works.	Fort William	ditto	ditto
1988	Sen, Kaliprosono	...	Assistant, Office of Superintendent of Government Printing.	8, Hastings Street	ditto	ditto
1989	Sen, Mohendro Na	...	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	ditto	ditto
1990	Sen, Novin Kishno	...	Assistant, Emigration Office	1, Jaun Bazar Street	ditto	ditto
1991	Sen, Nundo Lall	...	3rd Grade Accountant, Controller, P W Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto
1992	Sen, Prosad Das	...	Assistant, Black and Murray	Hastings Street	ditto	ditto
1993	Sen, Radhanath	...	Inhabitant	Aheerectollah	ditto	ditto
1994	Sen, Rajcoomar	...	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	ditto	ditto

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	S					
1995	Sen, Rakhal Dass	Cashier, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	16, Strand	India	Hindoo	
1996	Sen, Romacanto	Banian, Fornaro, Huni and Co	Durponarain Thakoor's Street	ditto	ditto	
1997	Seu, Romanath	Assistant, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	Treasury Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1998	Sen, Roopnarain	Compiler, Pay Examiner's Office	Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
1999	Sen, Shama Churn	Khazanchee, Chartered Bank of India, &c.	5, Council House Street	ditto	ditto	
2000	Sen, Soobuldass	Assistant, Office of Executive Engineer, Public Works Department.	Durponarain Thakoor's Street	ditto	ditto	
2001	Sen, Soorjee Coomar	Asst., Office of Examiner of Ordnance, &c.	Coilah Ghât Street	ditto	ditto	
2002	Sen, Woomanarain	Assistant, Barlow and Co.	5, Clive Ghât Street	ditto	ditto	
2003	Sett, Bholanath	Assistant, Examiner of Claim's Office	Government Place	ditto	ditto	
2004	Sett, Brojo Coomar	Accountant, Pay Examiner's Office	Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
2005	Sett, Deno Nath	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
2006	Sett, Gopal Chunder	Accountant, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	ditto	ditto	ditto	
2007	Sett, Joygopal	Assistant, Borradaile, Schiller and Co	Rutton Sircar's Garden Street	ditto	ditto	
2008	Sett, Khetter Pal	Assistant, Bengal Office	Chowringhee Road	ditto	ditto	
2009	Sett, Nilmadhub	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Government Place	ditto	ditto	
2010	Sett, Nobin Chunder	Accountant, Pay Examiner's Office	Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
2011	Sett, Nobocoomar	Inhabitant	Moiraputty Street	ditto	ditto	
2012	Sett, Preonath	Assistant, Atkinson and Co	New China Bazar Street	ditto	ditto	
2013	Sett, Woody Chaud	Inhabitant	Jorasanko	ditto	ditto	
2014	Shaw, Khetter Mohun	Broker	Chorebagan	ditto	ditto	
2015	Shaw, Koylas Chunder (junior)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	
2016	Shaw, Koylas Chunder (senior)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	
2017	Shome, Bepin Behary	Superintendent, Comptroller-General's Office	Treasury Buildings	ditto	ditto	

2018	Shome, Kali Churn	... Supervisor, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
2019	Shome, Sham Lall	... Asst., Presidency Pay Master's Office	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
2020	Showkat Ali	... Trader	...	Upper Circular Road	...	Mahomedan
2021	Sing, Ootum Churn	... Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office, Indian Railway.	East	22, Dalhousie Square	...	Hindoo
2022	Sing, Radroprosono	... Overseer, P W D	...	1, Commercial Buildings	...	ditto
2023	Sircar, Kali Comol	... Accountant, 4th grade, Office of Exr. of P. W. Accts., Bengal.	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
2024	Sircar, Gopal Chunder	... Assistant, Whitney Brothers	...	1, Lall Bazar Street	...	ditto
2025	Sircar, Gopal Mohun	... Treasurer, Office of Private Secretary to the Viceroy.	...	Government House	...	ditto
2026	Sircar, Iscen Chunder	... Sub-Engineer, Public Works Department	...	Sham Fazar	...	ditto
2027	Sircar, Jodunath	... Asst., Bengal Office, Judd. Dept.	...	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto
2028	Sircar, Kali Komul	... 3rd Grade Accountant, Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
2029	Sircar, Kedar Nath	... Assistant, Home Office	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto
2030	Sircar, Mohendro Nath	... Assistant, East Indian Railway Office	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
2031	Sircar, Nilkanto	... Asst. Teacher, Civil Engineering Dept.	...	Presidency College	...	ditto
2032	Sircar, Farruck Chunder	... Firm of Kerr, Tartuck and Co	...	6, College Square	...	ditto
2033	Soor, Koylash Chunder	... Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto
2034	Soor, Pulin Behary	... Assistant, Chemical Laboratory, Presidency College.	...	Presidency College Building	...	ditto
2035	Subhan Buksh	... Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office, Lithographic Branch.	...	Camac Street	...	Mahomedan
2036	Syed Ismail T.	... Assistant, Mathematical Instrument Establishment.	...	Park Street	...	ditto
2037	Takoor, Dabendro Nath	... Assistant, Office of Comptroller-General	...	Treasury Buildings	...	Hindoo

W. F. H. FORSYTH, Clerk of the Crown.

SPECIAL JURY LIST.

LIST of Persons liable to serve on Special Juries in the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the year ensuing from 1st May 1877, pursuant to Act X of 1875.

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.	
A.							
1	Agabeg, A L	Exchange and bill Broker	... Clive Street	... India	Christian	A revised list will be published on the 25th of April. Pending its publication, errors in name and description can be corrected on communication to the Office of the Clerk of the Crown. Any person who deems himself wrongly included in the list should address the Clerk of the Crown on the subject immediately.	
2	Aitchison, F	Firm of Burn and Co	... 9, Hastings Street	... Great Britain	ditto		
3	Anderson, J A	Firm of Anderson, Wright and Co	... 21, Strand	... ditto	ditto		
4	Anderson, T S	Ditto ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto		
5	Anderson, T W	Firm of Macknight, Anderson and Co	... Fairlie Place	... ditto	ditto		
6	Apcar, A A	Firm of Apcar and Co	... Radha Bazar	... India	ditto		
B.							
7	Bagram, J G	Firm of Bagram and Co	... Old China Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto		
8	Bagram, S J	Ditto ditto	... ditto ditto	... ditto	ditto		
9	Balfour, J	Offg. Agent, Oriental Bank Corporation	... Clive Street	... Great Britain	ditto		
10	Berners, W T	Ashburner and Co	... Garstin's Place	... ditto	ditto		
11	Blanford, H F	Professor, Presidency College	... College Square	... ditto	ditto		
12	Blechynden, R	Secretary, East Indian Tea Co	... Church Lane	... ditto	ditto		
13	Brock, C	Firm of Mackenzie, Lyall and Co	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto		
14	Brooks, C J	Firm of Hamilton and Co	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto		
15	Broughton, E	Firm of Bremner, Laycock and Co	... Lyons' Range	... ditto	ditto		
16	Burget, E W	Firm of Wienholt and Brothers	... 4, Lyons' Range	... ditto	ditto		
C.							
17	Carritt, T	Firm of L W Toulmin and Co	... Radha Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto		
18	Chapman, A W	Firm of Wienholt and Brothers	... 4, Lyons' Range	... ditto	ditto		
19	Clarke, A McDougall	Firm of J H Fergusson and Co	... Clive Street	... ditto	ditto		

20	Clarke, E	...	Ditto	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
21	Cochrane, S	...	Manager, Agra Bank	...	Mango Lane	...	ditto
22	Cogswell, E	...	Firm of Haworth and Co	...	Mission Row	...	ditto
23	Cogswell, W H	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
24	Colvin, B D	...	Firm of Colvin, Cowie and Co	...	1, Hastings Street	...	ditto
25	Conroy, G H W	...	Chief Paymaster and Store-keeper, E.I.R.Co	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
26	Creaton, W E	...	Firm of Mackenzie, Lyall and Co	...	ditto	...	ditto
27	Crooke, F J	..	Firm of Crooke, Rome and Co	...	8, Clive Row	...	ditto
D							
28	Daniell, E C	...	Firm of Halford, Smith and Co	...	Commercial Buildings	...	ditto
29	Davidson, A	...	Firm of Grindlay and Co	...	Strand Road	...	ditto
30	Davison, F G	...	Firm of W. Moran and Co	...	Church Lane	...	ditto
31	Dods, James	...	Firm of Ker, Dods and Co	...	Mango Lane	...	ditto
32	Duff, W P	...	Mackenzie, Lyall and Co	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
E							
33	Emin, E M	...	Merchant	...	Portuguese Church Street	India	ditto
F							
34	Finlayson, F	...	Firm of Shaw, Finlayson and Co	...	Harrington Street	Great Britain	ditto
35	Fitze, W H	...	Firm of B. Smyth and Co	...	New China Bazar Street	ditto	ditto
G							
36	Galstaun, M J	...	Merchant	...	Portuguese Church Street	India	ditto
37	Gowenloch, A H	...	Firm of Jessop and Co	...	Clive Street	Great Britain	ditto
38	Griffiths, L E	...	Firm of W. Moran and Co	...	Church Lane	ditto	ditto
39	Gubboy, F S	...	Firm of E. S. Gubboy and Co	...	Ezra Street	India	Jew
H							
40	Hamilton, T F	...	Firm of Ewing and Co	...	New China Bazar Street	Great Britain	Christian

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.			
	H								
41	Harrison, H B	...	Firm of Rutherford and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain	Christian	
42	Harvey, R	...	Manager of the Paikparah Estate	...	Bengal Club	...	ditto	ditto	
43	Henderson, James	...	Firm of George Henderson and Co	...	Mango Lane	...	ditto	ditto	
44	Henderson M	...	Firm of Carlisle, Nephew and Co	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto	
45	Hobson, E A	...	Firm of Edle and Hobson	...	Canning Street	...	ditto	ditto	
46	Horne, J	...	Firm of Duncan Brothers and Co	...	14, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto	
47	Hubbard, J S	...	Assistant, Examiner, Railway Accounts	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto	
48	Hudson, C	...	Firm of Balmer, Lawrie and Co	...	Middleton Row	...	ditto	ditto	
49	Hutchinson, J	...	Firm of L W Toulmin and Co	...	Radha Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto	
	I								
50	Inglis, A B	...	Firm of Begg, Dunlop and Co	...	12, Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto	
51	Isaac, T S	...	Supdtg. Engineer, P W D, Bengal	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto	
	J								
52	Jack, E A	...	Firm of Duncan Brothers and Co	...	14, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto	
53	Jameson, W B	...	Firm of Kerr, Taruck and Co	...	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto	
54	Joakim, M C	...	Merchant and Agent	...	Old China Bazar Street	...	India	ditto	
55	Jones, W H	...	Firm of R. Campbell and Co	...	Waterloo Street	...	ditto	ditto	
	K								
56	Keswick, J J	...	Firm of Jardine, Skinner and Co	...	Clive Row	...	Great Britain	ditto	
57	Kimber, J	...	Engineer for the Town of Calcutta	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto	
58	King, H R	...	Manager, King, Hamilton and Co	...	Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto	
59	King, W Vale	...	Firm of Kelly and Co	...	Lyons' Range	...	ditto	ditto	
60	Knight, R	...	Editor, <i>Indian Statesman</i>	...	3, Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto	

L

61	Landale, D G	...	Manager, George Henderson and Co	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto
62	Laycock, H	...	Firm of Bremner, Laycock and Co	...	Lyons' Range	...	ditto
63	Leitch, H J	...	Firm of Smallwood, Litch and Co	...	Fancy Lane	...	ditto
64	Leslie, Bradford	...	Agent, E. I. Railway	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto
65	Locke, H H	...	Principal, Government School of Arts	...	Bow Bazar Street	...	ditto
66	Longmuir, T	...	Manager, Delhi and London Bank	...	Council House Street	...	ditto
67	Lyall, J M	...	Firm of Lyall, Rennie and Co	...	Olive Street	...	ditto
68	Lyall, R A	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto

M

69	McAlpine, F	...	Firm of J. Montieth and Co	...	21, Old Court House Street	...	ditto
70	McIntosh, A R	...	Firm of McIntosh, Burn and Co	...	14, ditto	...	ditto
71	Mackenzie, R C S	...	Assistant Auditor, East Indian Railway	...	Writers' Buildings	...	India
72	Mackillican, James	...	Firm of Mackillican and Co	...	Church Lane	...	Great Britain
73	Mackinnon, D	...	Firm of Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	...	Strand Road	...	ditto
74	Mackinnon, J	...	Firm of Macneil and Co	...	Lyons' Range	...	ditto
75	MacLachlan, J E	...	Broker	...	Flare Street	...	ditto
76	Macmichael, N	...	Firm of Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	...	16, Strand	...	ditto
77	Magor, R B	...	Firm of Williamson, Magor and Co	...	New China Bazar Street	...	ditto
78	Malchus, M O	...	Broker	...	Swallow Lane	...	India
79	Meugens, J G	...	Firm of Moran and Co	...	8, Church Lane	...	Great Britain
80	Miller, G	...	Firm of Hoare, Miller and Co	...	Strand Road	...	ditto
81	Morriss, E K	...	Agent, Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto
82	Moseley, T H	...	Firm of Gisborne and Co	...	Strand	...	ditto
83	Mudie, J H	...	Firm of Gladstone, Wylie and Co	...	Olive Street	...	ditto

REMARKS.

Religion.

Native Country.

Residence or Place of Business.

Style or Calling.

No. Names.

M

84 Murdoch, James

85 Murray, J C

N

86 Nasmyth, C J

87 Norman, C J

O

88 O'Keefe, J W

P

89 Palmer, O P

90 Parker, A

91 Paterson, J J

92 Patterson, W B (Jr)

93 Pedler, A

94 Potts, A C

R

95 Reid, J M

96 Reily, G M

97 Roberts, R

98 Robertson, A E

99 Ross, R M

...	Firm of Moran and Co	...	Church Lane	...	Great Britain	Christian
...	Firm of Kettlewell, Bullen and Co	...	Strand Road	...	ditto	ditto
...	Firm of Smallwood, Leitch and Co	...	Fancy Lane	...	ditto	ditto
...	Bill, Share, and Stock Broker	...	Baretto's Lane	...	ditto	ditto
...	Firm of Kettlewell, Bullen and Co	...	22, Strand Road	...	ditto	ditto
...	Firm of Macallister and Co	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
...	Firm of Mackenzie, Lyall and Co	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
...	Firm of Jardine, Skinner and Co	...	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
...	Broker	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
...	Professor, Presidency College	...	College Square	...	ditto	ditto
...	Firm of Ewing and Co	...	New China Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
...	Agent, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
...	Manager, Land Mortgage Bank	...	1, New China Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
...	Chief Auditor, E. I. R. Office	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
...	Firm of Gladstone, Wylie and Co	...	101, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
...	Firm of Nicol, Fleming and Co	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto

100	Russell, T M	...	Firm of Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	...	Strand Road	...	ditto	ditto
101	Russell, W H O	...	Secretary, Board of Agency, E. I. Railway	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
102	Rutherford, J F T	...	Firm of Halford and Co	...	Commercial Buildings	...	ditto	ditto

S

103	Scallan, T F	...	Firm of Scallan and Co	...	Pollock Street	...	ditto	ditto
104	Scott, G J	...	Sec., I. G. S. N. Co	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
105	Shaw, D T	...	Firm of Shaw, Finlayson and Co	...	29, Strand Road	...	ditto	ditto
106	Shearin, E	...	Bill, Share, and Stock-Broker	...	Fancy Lane	...	ditto	ditto
107	Simpson, J	...	Agent, Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China.	...	5, Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
108	Smellie, S N	...	Firm of Smellie and Co	...	Swallow Lane	...	ditto	ditto
109	Smith, C M	...	Firm of Graham and Co	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
110	Smith, Johnstone	...	Firm of Halford and Co	...	1, Commercial Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
111	Staunton, R S	...	Firm of Staunton and Co	...	Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
112	Steel, O	...	Firm of O. Steel and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
113	Strand, A	...	Bill, Share, and Stock-Broker	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
114	Struthers, A B	...	Firm of Borradaile, Schiller and Co	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
115	Struthers, C M	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
116	Sutherland, A B	...	Firm of Simson and Co	...	Strand Road	...	ditto	ditto
117	Sykes, G S	...	Firm of Sykes and Co	...	Wellesley Street	...	ditto	ditto

T

118	Tawney, C H	...	Principal, Presidency College	...	College Square	...	ditto	ditto
119	Thurburn, E A	...	Firm of J. Thomas and Co	...	Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
120	Tulloch, H W	...	Firm of Nicol, Fleming and Co	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
121	Turner, H B H	...	Firm of Turner, Morrison and Co	...	Lyons' Range	...	ditto	ditto

<i>No.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Style or Calling.</i>	<i>Residence or Place of Business.</i>	<i>Native Country.</i>	<i>Religion.</i>	<i>REMARKS.</i>
	W					
122	Wakley, T F S	... Personal Assistant to Chief Engineer, E I R..	Dalhousie Square	... Great Britain	Christian	
123	Watson, W	.. Firm of Finlay, Muir and Co	... Clive Row	... ditto	ditto	
124	Whitten, A	... Assistant to Controller of Military Accounts	Park Street	... ditto	ditto	
125	Windram, J	... Manager, National Bank	... Council House Street	... ditto	ditto	
126	Wood, H W I	... Secretary, Bengal Chamber of Commerce	... Commercial Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
127	Wordie, T H	... Firm of Jardine, Skinner and Co	... 4, Clive Row	... ditto	ditto	
128	Wyman, F F	... Firm of Wyman and Co	... Hare Street	... ditto	ditto	
	Y					
129	Yule, George	... Firm of A Yule and Co	... Clive Row	... ditto	ditto	
	B					
130	Banerjee, Mohesh Chunder...	... Pensioner	... Bang Bazar	... India	Hindoo	
131	Banerjee, Raj Krishna	... Professor, Presidency College	... College Square	... ditto	ditto	
132	Banerjee, Tarinee Churn	... Zemindar	... Bow Bazar	... ditto	ditto	
133	Bideashagore, Issur Chunder	... Inhabitant.	... 24, Sookan's Street	... ditto	ditto	
134	Bose, Brindaban	... Firm of Alexander, Bose and Co	... Strand	... ditto	ditto	
135	Bose, Koylas Chunder	... Assistant to the Comptroller-General	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto	
136	Bose, Mohendro Nath	... Merchant	... Ezra Street	... ditto	ditto	
137	Bose, Nundo Lall	... Zemindar	... Shambazar	... ditto	ditto	
138	Bose, Tarinee Churn	... Banian	... Patuldangah	... ditto	ditto	
139	Burmono, Domodur Dass	... Zemindar	... Burra Bazar	... ditto	ditto	
	D					
140	Dass, Grish Chunder	... Superintendent, Government Toshakhana, Foreign Department.	... Council House Street	... ditto	ditto	
141	Dass, Khetter Mohun	... Banian	... Kopaleetollah	... ditto	ditto	
142	Dass, Mohendro Narain	... Banian, R Macallister and Co	... 8, Shibnarain Dass's Lane	... ditto	ditto	

143	Deb, Coar Anundo Krishna	Zemindar	...	Sobha Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
144	Deb, Coar Wopendro Krishna.	Zemindar	...	Sobha Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
145	Dey, Roop Lal	...	Merchant	...	Burra Bazar	...	ditto
146	Dey, Shama Churn	...	Officiating Assistant Comptroller-General	...	Government Place	...	ditto
147	Dhara, Shib Nath	...	Banian	...	Amrutollah Gully	...	ditto
148	Dutt, Dwarka Nath	...	Banian, Jardine, Skinner and Co	...	College Street	...	ditto
149	Dutt, Khristodhone	...	Firm of Shibkristo Daw and Co	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
150	Dutt, Lal Behary	...	Merchant	...	Burra Bazar	...	ditto
151	Dutt, Sagore	...	Landholder	...	Colootollah	...	ditto
152	Dutt, Shib Narain	...	Supervisor, Examiner, Pay Department	...	Banksall Street	...	ditto
153	Dutt, Shoshe Chunder	...	Pensioner	...	Musjedbary Street	...	ditto
G							
154	Ghose, Charoo Chunder	...	Landholder	...	Simla	...	ditto
155	Ghose, Jogendro Narain	...	Zemindar	...	Taltollah	...	ditto
156	Ghose, Khehat Chunder	...	Zemindar	...	Pathooreaghatta	...	ditto
157	Ghose, Nogender Chunder...	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
158	Ghose, Pertab Chunder	...	Inspector of Registration Office	...	1, Larkin's Lane	...	ditto
159	Ghose, Rajnarain	...	Banian	...	Putuldangah	...	ditto
160	Goho, Obhoy Churn	...	Zemindar	...	Hogulkooria	...	ditto
161	Goho, Tara Churn	...	Banian, Duncan Brothers	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
K							
162	Kabiruddin, Ahmad	...	Editor, Urdu Guide	...	Komedanbagan Lane	...	Mahomedan
163	Komul Krishna, Rajah	...	Zemindar	...	Sobha Bazar	...	Hindoo
L							
164	Lahoory, Shamachurn	...	Banian, George Henderson and Co	...	Mangoe Lane	...	ditto
165	Law, Joygobindo	...	Banian	...	Colootollah	...	ditto
166	Law, Shama Churn	...	Merchant	...	Tuntuniah	...	ditto

<i>No.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Style or Calling.</i>	<i>Residence or Place of Business.</i>	<i>Native Country.</i>	<i>Religion.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
M						
167	Mitter, Beer Chand	... Inhabitant	... Simla	India	Hindoo	
168	Mitter, Omirto Lall	... Merchant	... Nimtollah Street	ditto	ditto	
169	Mitter, Peary Chand	... Firm of Peary Chand Mitter and Sons	... 7, Swallow Lane	ditto	ditto	
170	Mitter, Prosuno Coomar	... Banian, Ralli and Mavrojani	... Clive Street	ditto	ditto	
171	Mitter, Sham Chand	... Firm of Ashootosh Dey and Nephews	... Lyons' Range	ditto	ditto	
172	Mitter Woomes Chunder...	... Inhabitant	... Simla	ditto	ditto	
173	Mookerjee, Chundercanto	... Banian	... Aheereetollah	ditto	ditto	
174	Mookerjee, Hem Chunder	... Banian, Tamvaco and Co	... Canning Street	ditto	ditto	
175	Mookerjee, Nilmoney	... Assistant Professor, V L, Presidency College	... College Square	ditto	ditto	
176	Mullick, Ashootosh	... Zemindar	... Munsatollah	ditto	ditto	
177	Mullick, Bollydass	... ditto	... ditto	ditto	ditto	
178	Mullick, Deno Nath	... ditto	... Putuldangah	ditto	ditto	
179	Mullick, Harnath	... Banian, Tamvaco and Co	... Chitpore Road	ditto	ditto	
180	Mullick, Judoo Lall	... Zemindar	... Pathooreaghatta	ditto	ditto	
181	Mullick, Nundo Lall	... ditto	... Jorasanko, Chitpore Road	ditto	ditto	
182	Mullick, Prosad Dass	... ditto	... Burra Bazar	ditto	ditto	
183	Mullick, Soobul Dass	... ditto	... Munsatollah	ditto	ditto	
184	Muttylall, Ramnarain	... ditto	... Bow Bazar	ditto	ditto	
R						
185	Roy, Janokeenath	... ditto	... Durmahatta	ditto	ditto	
186	Roy, Sreenath	... Banian	... Colootollah	ditto	ditto	
187	Roy, Sumbhoonath	... Banian, Sehoene, Kilburn and Co	... Fairlie Place	ditto	ditto	
188	Rustomjee, H M	... Merchant	... Chowringhee Road	ditto	Parsee	

S

189	Seal, Ram Chand	...	Banian, Gladstone, Wyllie and Co	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	Hindoo
190	Sen, Beny Madhub	...	Banian, Steel, McIntosh and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
191	Sen, Joy Gopal	...	Inhabitant	...	Mathaghussa Gully	...	ditto	ditto
192	Sen, Madhub Chunder	...	Dewan, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
193	Sen, Modhoosoodun	...	Treasurer, Agra Bank	...	Mango Lane	...	ditto	ditto
194	Sen, Monee Madhub	...	Banian, Andrew Yule and Co	...	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
195	Sen, Nobin Chunder	...	Agency Department, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
196	Sen, Pran Kissen	...	Store-keeper, Stamp and Stationery Office...	...	Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
197	Sen, Rajendro Nath	...	Banian, Bonded Warehouse	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
198	Sen, Thakoor Churn	...	Banian, Agelasto and Co	...	Shankibanga, Colootollah	...	ditto	ditto
199	Sett, Madhub Kristo	...	Zemindar	...	Burra Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
200	Soor, Umbica Churn	...	Assistant Accountant, Agra Bank	...	Mango Lane	...	ditto	ditto

W. E. H. FORSYTH, Clerk of the Crown.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 18, 1877.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal,
the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

No. 2,182A.

GENERAL.—*The 12th April 1877.*—Mr. C. A. Wilkins officiated as Magistrate and Collector of Patna from the 9th to the 17th March 1877, both days inclusive.

Baboo Ashutosh Gupta, Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade in Dacca is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the First Grade, *vice* Baboo Chunder Coomar Dutt.

Mr. George Dias, Acting Sub-Deputy Collector of the First Grade, Backergunge, is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade in that district, *vice* Baboo Ashutosh Gupta.

The 13th April 1877.—Baboo Protap Chunder Chatterjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Gya, is allowed leave for sixteen days, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave granted to him under orders of the 5th February 1877.

The 16th April 1877.—Baboo Narayan Chunder Naik, Surveyor, is appointed to act as a Sub-Deputy Collector, during the absence, on deputation, of Baboo Komul Nath Ghose, or until further orders, *vice* Baboo Balloram Dass.

Baboo Narayan Chunder Naik is posted to Khoorda, in Pooree.

Mr. L. R. Forbes, Assistant Commissioner, in charge of the Palamow division of the Lohardugga district, is allowed furlough for six months, under Section 7, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, together with subsidiary leave for twenty days.

Mr. W. N. Campbell, Officiating Assistant Commissioner, Hazareebagh, is appointed to have charge of the Palamow division of the Lohardugga district.

Baboo Norendro Nath Chowdry, B.L., is appointed to act as a Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector in Hazareebagh.

The services of Mr. J. Crawford, Under-Secretary to the Government of Bengal, are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Chief Justice.

The 17th April 1877.—Mr. C. A. Wilkins is appointed to act as a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade, *vice* Mr. A. Manson.

Mr. C. W. M. Brett is appointed to act as a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the Second Grade, *vice* Mr. Wilkins.

Mr. J. Scobell Armstrong, C.S., is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in Chumparun from the date of his return from furlough, and to have charge of the Bettiah division of that district. Mr. Armstrong will act as a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade.

Mr. R. Cornish, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, returned from furlough, is posted to the district of Mozufferpore. Mr. Cornish will act as a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade.

In modification of the orders of the 20th March 1877, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 21st idem, Mr. W. E. H. Forsyth, Barrister-at-law, is appointed temporarily to be Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Legislative Department, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. F. Clarke, or until further orders, with effect from the date on which he took charge.

LEGISLATIVE.—*The 16th April 1877.*—The Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to accept the resignation tendered by the Hon'ble V. H. Schalch, C.S.I., of his seat in the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making laws and regulations.

Mr. S. C. Bayley, C.S.I., is, with the sanction of the Governor-General, appointed, under the provisions of the 29th, 30th, and 45th Sections of the Indian Council's Act of 1861, to be a member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making laws and regulations.

POLICE.—*The 14th April 1877.*—Mr. H. G. Wilkins, District Superintendent of Police, reported his departure from India on furlough on the 28th ultimo.

The 16th April 1877.—Baboo Mohendro Nath Hazra, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Hooghly, is appointed to act until further orders as District Superintendent of Police, Noakholly.

This cancels the orders of the 12th March 1877, appointing Mr. H. V. H. Roberts to act as District Superintendent of that district.

ECCLESIASTICAL.—*The 17th April 1877.*—The Revd. W. Ayerst, M.A., is appointed to be Chaplain of Dum-Dum, with effect from the afternoon of the 24th March 1877.

REGISTRATION.—*The 12th April 1877.*—Moulvi Mahomed-ul-Nabi, Sub-Deputy Collector at Nasrigunge, is appointed to be a Joint Sub-Registrar within the sub-divisions of Buxar and Sasseram.

Baboo Gunga Nath Roy, Officiating Deputy Collector at Dunwar, is appointed to be a Joint Sub-Registrar within the executive sub-divisions of Arrah and Jagadispore.

EDUCATION.—*The 5th April 1877.*—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Nizamut School Committee at Moorshedabad, viz.—

Mr. G. Arrow, *vice* Mr. H. C. Fox, who has left the Nizamut service.

Baboo Gunga Das Roy, *vice* Baboo Anund Nath Roy, deceased.

„ Akhoy Coomar Sen, Assistant Surgeon.

The 13th April 1877.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the District School Committee of Julpigoree:—

Baboo Kali Kristo Dutt, L.L., Pleader.

„ Shyama Prosono Roy, Head Master, Government Zillah School, Julpigoree.

The 16th April 1877.—Dr. R. L. Dutt, Officiating Civil Surgeon, is appointed to be a member of the Bankoora District School Committee, *vice* Dr. W. J. Mountain, who has left the district.

Baboo Abinash Chunder Chatterjea, B.A., is appointed as Assistant Professor of the Cuttack College.

Mr. C. B. Clarke, of the Bengal Educational Service, reported his departure from India on furlough on the 26th ultimo.

OPIMUM.—*The 16th April 1877.*—Mr. R. W. Nicholson, Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, is appointed to officiate as Sub-Deputy Opium Agent of Lucknow, in the Benares Agency, during the absence, on furlough, of Mr. C. M. Armstrong, or until further orders.

MEDICAL.—*The 12th April 1877.*—The services of Assistant Surgeon Omerto Lal Moonshee, attached to the Deoghur Charitable Dispensary, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department.

The 13th April 1877.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Bamoonkhund, in the Beerbhoom district :—

Baboo Doorga Dass Kooer	} Landholders.
„ Troylokhonath Mundle	...	...
„ Ram Chand Sircar	...	...
Abdool Hakim Meah	...	...
Syed Montozally	...	...
Nyamutoollah	

The 14th April 1877.—Surgeon W. E. Battersby, M.B., is appointed to act as Superintendent of the Central Jail at Bhagulpore during the absence, on deputation, of Dr. A. S. Lethbridge, or until further orders.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Synthea, in the district of Beerbhoom :—

Baboo Kedar Nath Chatterjee	..	...	Mooktar.
„ Manick Chunder Chowdry	...	...	} Landholders.
„ Dwarkanath Ghose	...	...
„ Nobin Chunder Ghose	...	...

The 16th April 1877.—Surgeon R. N. Mally, 40th Regiment, is appointed to the medical charge of the lock-hospital at Dum-Dum, with effect from the 22nd March 1877.

EMIGRATION.—*The 16th April 1877.*—Mr. M. Power, Officiating Protector of Emigrants and Superintendent of Emigration, having rejoined his appointment on the forenoon of the 10th instant, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him under orders of the 17th February last is cancelled.

The 17th April 1877.—Dr. C. H. Joubert, Officiating Civil Surgeon, Burdwan, is appointed to act until further orders as Protector of Emigrants and Superintendent of Emigration.

MUNICIPAL.—*The 28th March 1877.*—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to approve of the election by the Municipal Commissioners of Serampore, under Section 30 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, of Dr. J. A. Greene as their Vice-Chairman for the year 1877-78.

The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to approve of the election by the Municipal Commissioners of Culna, under Section 30 of Act V (B.C.) 1876, of Baboo Mohendro Lal Gupta as their Vice-Chairman for the year 1877-78.

The 2nd April 1877.—The following gentlemen are appointed, under Section 15 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, to be Commissioners of the Municipality of Patna :—

Mr. A. C. Mangles, Officiating Opium Agent, Behar, *vice* Mr. H. W. Alexander.
„ L. C. Abbott, Officiating Joint-Magistrate, Patna, *vice* Mr. C. A. Wilkins.

The 17th April 1877.—The Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to accept the resignation tendered by the Hon'ble V. H. Schaleh, C.S.I., of his appointment as a Municipal Commissioner of Calcutta.

ROAD CESS.—*The 12th April 1877.*—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Branch Road Cess Committees for the undermentioned sub-divisions in the Backergunge district :—

Patuakhally.

The Sub-Divisional Officer, *ex-officio* Chairman.

Baboo Durga Nunda Das, Head Clerk, Sub-Divisional Court, *Vice-Chairman*.

„ Krishna Kisor Datta, Nazir.

Munshi Salim-uddin, Moonsiff's Serishtadar.

Baboo Umes Chandra Das, Sub-Inspector of Schools.

„ Bhagabati Charan Kar, Zemindar's Agent.

„ Alak Chandra Sen, Zemindar's Agent.

• „ Jaga Bandhu Datta, Pleader.

„ Hara Nath Gupta, Pleader.

„ Chandra Nath Gupta, Pleader.

„ Prasanna Chandra Chaudri, Mooktear.

„ Dina Bandhu Ganguli, Mooktear.

„ Chandra Nath Sen, Mooktear.

Munshi Golam Maharuk Chaudri, Talookdar.

Baboo Durga Charan Das, Zemindar's Agent.

„ Iswar Chandra Chakravarti, Zemindar's Agent.

Perozepore.

The Sub-Divisional Officer, *ex-officio* Chairman.

Baboo Asutosh Mittra, Canal Overseer, *Vice-Chairman*.

- „ Kamala Pati Ghosal, Inspector of Police.
- „ Barada Kanta Basu, Tehsildar of the Tushkhali Government Estate.
- „ Madhab Narayan Ray, Zemindar.
- „ Nara Narayan Ray, Zemindar.
- „ Aidyat Narayan Ray, Zemindar.
- „ Kalinath Biswas, Talookdar.
- „ Deb Nath Datta, Talookdar.
- „ Sastibar Mittra, Talookdar.
- „ Surjya Kumar Thakur, Talookdar.
- „ Isan Chandra Datta, Talookdar.
- „ Sakha Nath Mitra, Talookdar.

Dukhin-Shabazpore.

The Sub-Divisional Officer, *Chairman*.

„ Sub-Divisional Canoongoe, *Vice-Chairman*,

„ Sub-Inspector of Schools,

„ Inspector of Police,

} *Ex-officio.*

Munshi Ali Muddin, Rural Sub-Registrar.

Baboo Abhoy Charan Sen, Pleader.

„ Bharat Chandra Sen, Pleader.

Munshi Abdur Rahaman, Talookdar.

Baboo Nanda Kisor Chakravarti, Mooktear.

„ Krishna Kumar Baksi.

Rajjabali Molla, Mooktear.

Abdul Hosen Talookdar, Mooktear.

Omar Jan Chaudri, Mooktear.

Azmatulla, Talookdar.

The 13th April 1877.—Baboo Nobin Chunder Ghose, Zemindar, is appointed to be a member of the Beerbhoom District Road Cess Committee.

ERRATUM.—*The 16th April 1877.*—In the orders of the 2nd instant, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 4th idem, appointing Mr. A. Weckes, on special duty under the Government of Madras, to succeed Mr. J. Boxwell, for “to be a Magistrate and Collector of the Third Grade,” read “to be Settlement Officer, Midnapore.”

The following notifications are republished from the *Assam Gazette* :—

The 24th March 1877.—During the absence of Mr. H. Muspratt, c.s., on three months' privilege leave, Mr. A. L. Clay, c.s., Deputy Commissioner, Sylhet, is appointed to officiate as District and Sessions Judge of Sylhet and as Sessions Judge of Cachar.

This cancels the notification dated 20th March 1877, published at page 71, Part I of the *Assam Gazette*.

With reference to the notification appointing Mr. A. L. Clay, c.s., to officiate as District and Sessions Judge of Sylhet and as Sessions Judge of Cachar, Mr. J. Knox Wight, c.s., Assistant Commissioner, Third Grade, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Sylhet, in the Fourth Grade of Deputy Commissioners, as a temporary measure.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 14th April 1877.—Under the provisions of Section 1 of Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that from 1st May 1877 all births and deaths occurring within the limits of the town of Mudhoobunnee, in the Durbhunga district, shall be registered.

2. For the purposes of this Act, the boundaries of the said town of Mudhoobunnee shall be the same as those specified in the Government Notification dated 24th March 1869, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of 31st March 1869, for the purposes of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868.

3. From and after 1st May 1877 the whole Act IV (B.C.) of 1873 shall apply to the entire area above defined.

H. J. S. COTTON,
Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 9th April 1877.—Whereas the scheme for making a new cut between the rivers Pudda and Kuntabutty, passing through the villages of Aircha, Dukhin Sealo, Anolia, Boaleepara, Arpara, Isail, and Prykura, known as Uthali, in thana Jaffergerunge, in the district of Dacca, has been abandoned, the declaration of 31st August 1874, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of 2nd September 1874, regarding the acquisition, at the expense of the Dacca District Road Cess Fund, of the strip of land measuring, more or less, 311 beeghas 13 cottahs 6 dhoores of standard measurement, within the aforesaid villages, is hereby cancelled.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

No. 1752.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,—FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

PAY AND ALLOWANCES.

Fort William, the 27th March 1877.

READ—

A letter from the Chief Secretary to the Government of Bombay, No. 5865, dated the 14th October 1876, and its enclosures, containing a proposal that the Collector of Customs at Karáchi should be empowered to sanction charges not exceeding in the aggregate Rs. 50 a year on account of the conveyance hire of persons sent by him on emergent business from one part of Karáchi to another.

RESOLUTION.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to rule that, when it is necessary to hire conveyance for a messenger of any rank despatched on urgent business to a place in the neighbourhood of the Office to which the business appertains, the expense actually incurred may be charged to the Government, provided the head of the Office certifies that the charge was unavoidable.

ORDERED that the above resolution be communicated to the other Departments of the Government of India, to all Local Governments and Administrations, to the Comptroller-General and Head Commissioner of Paper Currency, to other Chiefs of Departments administered by the Government of India in the Financial Department, to all Accountants-General, and to Deputy Accountants-General in independent charge.

R. B. CHAPMAN,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 13th April 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for construction of a post-office building in the village of Sitarampore, zillah Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, half a beegha of standard measurement, bounded on the north by Gora Chund Dutta's shop; on the south by uncultivated land held by Messrs. Apear & Co.; on the east by a corn field possessed by Kangal Gope and Rakhal Bowri, as tenants of Messrs. Apear & Co.; and on the west by the main road from the railway station to Purulia, is required within the aforesaid village of Sitarampore.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 17th April 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for railway purposes in the village of Bissonathpore, pergunnah Sarrapore, zillah Furreedpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 10 beeghas 15 cottahs 6 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on the north by land belonging to the Eastern Bengal Railway Company; west by land occupied by Addynath

Kur, Ramburry Biswas, Okhoy Chowdhoory, Dwarkanath Dam, Nillambur and Mudoosoodun Bawool, Bodone and Luckhikanto Kur; south by boundary of Dhobagattee; and on the east by lands occupied by Rohim Shake, Bodone Kur, Allum Mundle, Boddoroddy Shake, Kaloo Shake, Ekilly Shake, Ramgotee Dass, Bissoo Mullick. Jogomohun Chuongo, and Bamondass Mundle, is required within the aforesaid village of Bissonathpore.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 17th April 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a portion of the Tirhoot State Railway, designated the semi-permanent line, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 8 miles and 686 feet in length and varying from 70 feet to 720 feet in breadth, and passing through the villages and pergunnahs named below, containing an area of 92 acres 1 rood and 22 poles, more or less, is required; the general direction of the line being north and south.

The land plans of the above portion of the line can be seen at the office of the Executive Engineer, Durbhunga Division, at Durbhunga, between the hours of 11 A.M. and 5 P.M. any day, holidays and Sundays excepted.

This declaration is made under Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

				A. R. P.		
Basorhia,	pergunnah Saraisa	...	...	1	3	39
Bazidpur,	Ditto	...	...	6	0	30
Chak Mohammad,	Ditto	...	...	2	1	23
Ballo Chak,	Ditto	...	...	1	3	23
Rámpur,	Ditto	...	...	5	3	5
Pagra,	Ditto	...	...	8	1	33
Yosin Chak,	Ditto	...	...	10	1	15
Nagorgáon,	Ditto	...	...	7	3	11
Modhaipur,	pergunnah Balogotah	...	...	5	3	36
Kosmô	Ditto	...	...	4	0	0
Sirampur,	Ditto	...	...	1	2	32
Mirzapúr,	Ditto	...	...	2	3	35
Molikallipúr,	Ditto	...	...	4	2	21
Sahit,	Ditto	...	...	28	0	39
Total				92	1	22

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 17th April 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by the Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road leading from the compound of the Engineer's bungalow, East Indian Railway Company, to the public road from Pachumba to Serampore, and to the land belonging to the said East Indian Railway Company known as the Serampore Collieries, in the village of Burwadee, Gadce Serampore, zillah Hazareebagh, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2 beeghas 6 cottahs and 14 chittacks of standard measurement is required in the said village of Burwadee, bounded on the north by the East Indian Railway Company's Engineer's compound; on the south by the East Indian Railway Company's Serampore collieries; and on the east and west by waste land and scrub jungle.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 2183A.

The 23rd March 1877.—The name of Baboo Banowaree Madhub Chowdhury is removed from the list of Honorary Magistrates in the district of Rungpore.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be Honorary Magistrates for the Gyebunda Bench, in the district of Rungpore, and are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class :—

Moulvi Rahamutullah Chowdhury, Zemindar of Dhurmapore.

„ Fuckirooddin Chowdhury, „ „

„ Zainuddin Ahmed, Marriage Registrar and Jotedar of Kowarnai.

Baboo Bepin Mohun Shehanovish, Sub-Registrar of Gobindgunge.

The 28th March 1877.—Moulvi Syed Azeezoollah is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate for the Futtickehery Bench, in the district of Chittagong, and is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

The 29th March 1877.—Mr. C. P. Crouch, Officiating District Superintendent of Police, Chittagong Hill Tracts, is vested with powers equivalent to those of a Magistrate of the Second Class and those of a Deputy Collector and Moonsif.

Mr. R. F. Guise, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Chittagong Hill Tracts, is vested with powers equivalent to those of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

Mr. O. B. Wood, Officiating Assistant Superintendent of Police, Chittagong Hill Tracts, is vested with powers equivalent to those of a Magistrate of the Third Class and those of a Deputy Collector and Moonsif.

The 2nd April 1877.—The Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Mr. R. M. Young of his appointment as Honorary Magistrate and Municipal Commissioner for the town of Sahebgunge.

The 16th April 1877.—Baboo Narayan Chunder Naik, who has, under separate orders of this date, been appointed to act as a Sub-Deputy Collector at Khoorda, in Pooree, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

The following officers are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class :—

Baboo Judoonath Sircar, Sub-Deputy Collector, Nowada, in Gya.

„ Nundjee, Sub-Deputy Collector, Palamow, in Lohardugga.

Moulvie Wajeenddeen, Officiating Sub-Deputy Collector, Julpigoree.

Baboo Norendro Nath Chowdry, B.L., who has, under separate orders of this date, been appointed to act as a Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector in Hazareebagh, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

In modification of the orders of the 19th December 1876, Mr. E. McL. Smith, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Southal Pergunnahs, will continue to exercise the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class.

The 17th April 1877.—Baboo I-sen Chunder Sen, Acting Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, who has, under orders of the 10th instant, been posted to Pabna, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

Mr. J. T. Jarbo, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Chittagong Hill Tracts, is vested with powers equivalent to those of a Magistrate of the Second Class and with the powers of an Assistant Superintendent of Police in the Chittagong Hill Tracts.

Baboo Muthura Lall Roy, Moonsif of Budeakhally, in the district of Rungpore, is appointed to be Moonsif of Olipore, in that district.

Baboo Moti Lall Haldar, B.L., Moonsif of Olipore, in the district of Rungpore, is appointed to be Moonsif of Budeakhally, in that district.

The Lieutenant-Governor has been* pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Mr. P. A. Cavorke of his appointment as an Honorary Magistrate for the Town of Calcutta.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th April 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under Section 78 of the Bengal Municipal Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the North Suburban Municipality, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, made at a special meeting, to sanction the imposition from the 1st September 1877 by the Commissioners, under Section 122 of the Act, of a tax on carriages, horses, and other animals mentioned below at the rates specified against them respectively :—

					Per quarter.		
					Rs.	A.	P.
On every carriage	...	...	...	...	1	8	0
„ „ horse, pony, mule, and donkey	...	...	...	...	0	6	0
„ „ elephant	...	...	...	...	6	0	0
„ „ camel	...	...	...	...	2	0	0

2. The Lieutenant-Governor has been also pleased to sanction, on the recommendation of the Commissioners at a meeting, the registration by them, under Section 133 of the Act, of all carts kept or habitually used within the North Suburban Municipality, and the levying from the 1st instant of a fee of Rs. 3 per annum upon every cart for such registration.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 29th March 1877.—It is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to sanction the transfer of the head-quarters of the Moureswar Sub-Registry Office, in the district of Beerbhoom, from Sikoda to Moureswar.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 3th April 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under Section 299 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Tumblook, in the district of Midnapore, at a meeting, to extend to that Municipality the provisions of Part IX, Chapter II of the said Act V (B.C.) of 1876.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 5th April 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under Section 77 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, in compliance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Comillah, in the district of Tipperah, made at a meeting convened expressly for the purpose, and of which due notice was given, to sanction the imposition within the limits of the said Municipality of Comillah of a tax upon persons occupying holdings therein according to their circumstances and the property to be protected within the Municipality.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 9th April 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under Section 234 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Comillah at a meeting, to extend to that Municipality the provisions of Part VII, Chapter II of the said Act V (B.C.) of 1876 with the exception of Sections 257 to 270, both inclusive.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd April 1877.—It is hereby notified that, under Section 3, Regulation VI of 1819, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to declare the Itakata ferry, on the road from Adumdighee to Badulgatchee, in the Bogra district, to be a public ferry.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 10th April 1877.—Under Section 3, Act I (B.C.) of 1876 (an Act to provide for the voluntary registration of Mahomedan marriages and divorces), the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to grant a license to Moulvi Abdus Subhan authorising him to register Mahomedan marriages and divorces and to exercise the other functions of a Mahomedan Registrar within the thana of Teknaf, including the outposts of Nhila and Ukhia, in the sub-division of Cox's Bazar, in the Chittagong district. The head-quarters of the office will be at Nhila.

R. L. MANGLES.

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 27th March 1877.—The following bye-laws, made under Section 313, Act V (B.C.) of 1876, by the Municipal Commissioners of Patna at a meeting, have been confirmed by the Lieutenant-Governor under Section 314 thereof, and are hereby published for general information :—

For Regulating the Time and Mode of Collecting the Taxes.

1. Every officer authorized to grant receipts shall be provided with a certificate of his authority to collect, and every such certificate shall bear the seal of the Municipality and the signature of the Chairman. Every collecting officer, at the time of demanding payment, shall be bound to show this certificate if required.

2. Every person required in writing to furnish any schedule or return which the Commissioners may lawfully require him to furnish shall send such schedule or return to the Office of the Commissioners within one week from the date of the service of the requisition in the manner described in Section 367 of the Act. Any person failing to do so shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5 for the omission, and to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day the omission shall, after warning, continue. Any person submitting a false or incorrect schedule or return shall be liable to a penalty of Rs. 20, provided that nothing in this bye-law shall be held to prevent the institution of a criminal prosecution under the Penal Code should the facts appear to warrant such a proceeding.

3. Payment of purchase-money for property sold, and delivery of the property, shall be made immediately after the sale; and if the purchaser fail to pay the full amount of his bid, it shall be lawful for the distraining officer, at his discretion, to sell the property again on the same or any other day, and the first purchaser shall, in such case, be responsible to the Commissioners for any loss, which shall be recoverable as a debt due to them.

For Regulating the Conduct of Persons Employed by the Commissioners.

4. All persons employed by the Commissioners, whose services may be no longer required, shall be liable to discharge after receipt of previous notice, or pay in advance, for the period of one month; and no such person shall withdraw from the duties of his office without having given previous notice for the period of one month, on pain of forfeiture of one month's salary.

5. All persons now holding, or who may hereafter be appointed to, any office under the Commissioners shall, when required so to do, furnish good security to such amount as the Commissioners may from time to time fix; and any person failing to furnish such security within reasonable time, or within such time as the Commissioners may appoint, shall be held to have thereby forfeited his appointment, and may be removed from office.

For Regulating the Disposal of Offensive Matter, Rubbish, and Dead Bodies of Animals.

6. Every person within whose premises any animal may die shall, within four hours after its death, or, if death occurs at night, within two hours after day-light, either remove, at his own expense the carcass to such place as may be set apart by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcass, or report its death to the conservancy overseer of the division within which such premises may be situated; and in such latter case shall pay to the said overseer the expense of removing the carcass at such rate as the Commissioners may determine; and in cases where the said person is not the owner of the animal, and the owner is known, the owner shall alone be responsible for the payment of such expense, and such expense shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners. No overseer, when called upon, shall neglect to remove a carcass.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

7. No person shall deposit, or cause to be deposited, any carcass, or any part of a carcass, in any place other than such places as may from time to time be appointed by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcass.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

8. No person shall carry night-soil through the streets otherwise than in a closely covered receptacle of such description and pattern as shall be required from time to time by the Municipal Commissioners, and between such hours as the Municipal Commissioners may from time to time direct.

For Regulating Traffic in the Streets.

9. No person shall drive any vehicle of any description at any time between three quarters of an hour after sunset and one hour before sunrise without a sufficient light, except when, in the opinion of the Magistrate, there may be sufficient moonlight to render such light unnecessary.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 5.

10. No owner of any carriage shall allow it to be driven by a driver under 14 years of age.

Penalty for disobedience on the owner's part, Rs. 10.

11. No elephant or camel shall at any time be taken through any of the principal streets without the written permission of the Chairman or Vice-Chairman.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 50.

For Regulating or Prohibiting the use of Fire-balloons, Fire-works, Fire-arms, or Missiles in the vicinity of public roads.

12. No one shall let off any fire-balloon, fire-works, fire-arms, or any missile in or near a public street without the consent of the Municipal Commissioners previously obtained.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

General Bye-laws.

13. No person shall construct, or place over, or by the side of, any public drain, any bridge, platform, building, or structure of any kind, except by and with the written permission of the Commissioners, and in such manner as they shall direct.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 3 daily.

14. If any house, wall, or other erection, or any part thereof, fall upon any public highway, or into any public drain, the owner of such house, wall, or erection, shall remove it after notice within the time prescribed by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice Rs. 5 daily.

15. No person shall prepare any channel, or convey water by any channel, across any public thoroughfare except in such manner as shall have been first approved by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 2 daily.

16. No person shall steep in any river, khal, tank, or ditch, within municipal limits, any jute, hemp, bamboos, or other vegetable matter likely to render the water of such river, khal, tank, or ditch offensive or noxious to the neighbourhood.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 5; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 2 daily.

17. No person shall, without the written permission of the Commissioners, set up any obstruction in any *nulla* or water-course; and the Commissioners may order the removal of any such obstruction on grounds of public health.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 4 daily.

18. The owner or occupier of any part of the bank of any *nulla* or water-course shall keep it free from filth, dense vegetation, or other obstruction, and shall at all times allow the Commissioners, or any of their servants duly authorized, to have access to such *nulla* or water-course for any purpose of public conservancy.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 5 daily.

19. No person shall let loose, or cause or allow to be let loose, or allow to get loose, any diseased or worn-out animal on any highway, or into any place whence such animal can escape into any highway.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

20. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in any burial ground in a grave constructed of masonry in such manner that the top of the coffin, or the body where no coffin is used, shall be at a less depth than five feet from the surface ground.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

21. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, in any burial ground, any corpse or part of a corpse, in a grave not constructed of masonry, which shall be less than six feet deep.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

22. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, any grave in any burial ground at a less distance than two feet from any other existing grave.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

23. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, a grave in any burial place in any other line than that marked out by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

24. No grave once used shall be opened for the burial of another body without the permission of the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

25. No one shall carry a corpse, or part of a corpse, through any highway, unless it be decently covered and totally concealed from public view.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

26. Every person who shall bring or convey, or cause to be conveyed, any corpse, or part of a corpse, to any burning ground, shall burn, or cause the same to be burnt, within twelve hours after its arrival at the said burning ground.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

27. No person, when burning, or causing to be burnt, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in any burning ground, shall permit the same or any part thereof to remain without the flesh thereof being completely consumed to ashes, or shall permit the bones, clothes, or other articles connected with the burning of such corpse to remain at or near such burning ground unless the same be completely reduced to ashes.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

28. No person, while carrying any corpse, or part of any corpse, through the precincts falling within municipal limits, shall deposit it in or near any highway except for the purpose of ordinary relief.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

29. No person shall picket animals, or collect carts, or form any encampment, upon any public ground without the permission of the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

R. L. MANGLES.

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 3rd April 1877.—THE following bye-laws, framed by the Municipal Commissioners of Malda at a meeting under section 313 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, having been confirmed by the Lieutenant-Governor under section 314 thereof, are hereby published for general information.

For regulating the time and mode of collecting taxes.

1. EVERY officer authorized to grant receipts shall be provided with a certificate of his authority to collect, and every such certificate shall bear the seal of the Municipality and the signature of the Chairman. Every collecting officer, at the time of demanding payment, shall be bound to show this certificate if required.

2. Every person required, in writing, to furnish any schedule or return which the Commissioners may lawfully require him to furnish, shall send such schedule or return to the office of the Commissioners within one week from the date of the service of the requisition, in the manner described in section 367 of the Act. Any person failing to do so shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5 for the omission, and to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day the omission shall, after warning, continue. Any person submitting a false or incorrect schedule or return shall be liable to a penalty of Rs. 20, provided that nothing in this bye-law shall be held to prevent the institution of a criminal prosecution under the Penal Code, should the facts appear to warrant such a proceeding.

3. Payment of purchase money for property sold, and delivery of the property, shall be made immediately after the sale; and if the purchaser fail to pay the full amount of his bid, it shall be lawful for the distraining officer, at his discretion, to sell the property again on the same or any other day, and the first purchaser shall, in such case, be responsible to the Commissioners for any loss, which shall be recoverable as a debt due to them.

For regulating the conduct of persons employed by the Commissioners.

4. All persons employed by the Commissioners, whose services may be no longer required, shall be liable to discharge after receipt of previous notice, or pay in advance, for the period of one month unless discharged at once for misconduct; and no such person shall withdraw from the duties of his office without having given previous notice for the period of one month, on pain of forfeiture of one month's salary.

5. All persons now holding, or who may hereafter be appointed to, any office under the Commissioners shall, when required so to do, furnish good security to such amount as the Commissioners may from time to time fix; and any person failing to furnish such security within reasonable time, or within such time as the Commissioners may appoint, shall be held to have thereby forfeited his appointment, and may be removed from office.

For regulating the disposal of offensive matter, rubbish, and dead bodies of animals

6. Every person within whose premises any animal may die shall, within four hours after its death, or, if death occurs at night, within two hours after daylight, either remove

at his own expense the carcass to such place as may be set apart by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcass, or report its death to the conservancy overseer of the division within which such premises may be situated; and in such latter case shall pay to the said overseer the expense of removing the carcass at such rate as the Commissioners may determine; and in cases where the said person is not the owner of the animal, and the owner is known, the owner shall alone be responsible for the payment of such expenses, and such expense shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners. No overseer, when called upon, shall neglect to remove a carcass.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

For the regulation and management of privies.

7. Every owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises, from which offensive matter is not removed by the said owner or occupier, shall give free access to the servants of the Municipality to his house, land, or premises, for the removal of any night-soil or filth within such hours as may have been fixed on by the Municipal Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 5.

8. On receipt of a notice from the Municipal Commissioners, every owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises, in or on which any well-privy, or other noxious or improperly constructed privy, may be situated, shall fill up, close, or otherwise alter the construction of the said privy, as may be directed in the notice; and if the orders contained in the notice be not carried out within 15 days, the Commissioners may fill up, close, or otherwise alter the said privy, and any expense incurred in so doing shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

9. No owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises, in or on which any privy may be situated, shall allow night-soil or filth of any kind to flow or be discharged from such privy into any drain, water-course, river, tank, hollow, or excavation (or any place containing waste and stagnant water).

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

10. No person shall throw, deposit, or discharge any night-soil, sewage, or the contents of any drain, privy, or cess-pool, into any river, tank, khal, water-course, or receptacle for water, or dispose of the abovementioned kinds of offensive matter in any other way than as the Municipal Commissioners may from time to time direct.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 20.

11. The Municipal Commissioners may direct the use of lime, coal-tar, carbolic acid, or other deodorants or disinfectants in any privy or premises if at any time it seem to them necessary for the preservation of public health, or for the prevention of infection or spread of disease: provided that the Municipal Commissioners shall be bound to supply such deodorants, &c., at cost price, and the price shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

General bye-laws.

12. No person shall put, or cause to be put, on any house, or other building, any spout or other thing intended for the conveyance and discharge of water, which shall be so placed that the water discharged therefrom shall be thrown or fall upon any public road or thoroughfare; and the Commissioners shall have power to take down and alter any such spout now in existence, and to recover the costs as a debt due to the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 5.

13. No person shall construct, or place over, or by the side of, any public drain, any bridge, platform, building, or structure of any kind, except by and with the written permission of the Commissioners, and in such manner as they shall direct.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 3 daily.

14. If any house, wall, or other erection, or any part thereof, fall upon any public highway, or into any public drain, the owner of such house, wall, or erection, shall remove it after notice within the time prescribed by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 5 daily.

15. No person shall prepare any channel, or convey water by any channel, across any public thoroughfare, except in such manner as shall have been first approved by the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10; penalty for continued infringement after notice, Rs. 2 daily.

16. No person shall picket animals, or collect carts, or form any encampment, upon any public ground without the permission of the Commissioners.

Penalty for infringement, Rs. 10.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd April 1877.—The following description of the boundary of the Dum-Dum Cantonment is hereby published for general information :—

Number of pillar.	Description.	BEARING.		Direct distance in feet.
		Deg.	Min.	
1	Situated at south-west corner of the junction of Church road with the Calcutta and Jessore road, bearing with south-east corner of Protestant Church $353^{\circ} 30'$, from which it is distant 294 feet. Bearing and distance to next pillar	292	30	2,244
2	Situated on the south side of Church road at north-west corner of garden known as Bankahi-ki-hatta. Bearing and distance to next pillar	190	...	207
3	Situated on west side of the garden Bankahi-ki-hatta and immediately south of the kutchra road leading to the garden. Bearing and distance to next pillar	281	30	277
4	Situated on the south side of the kutchra road from the garden, at its junction with the pucca road running past the west end of the Family Barracks. Bearing and distance to next pillar	191	30	28
5	Situated east side of the road running past the Family Barracks. Bearing and distance to next pillar	282	30	280
6	Situated at the edge of a drain in Nya Bustee Deighlah. The boundary line follows the drain. Bearing and distance to next pillar	19	30	69
7	Situated at the junction of two drains and on south side of the kutchra road, running in front of Nya Bustee Deighlah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	291	30	162
8	Situated on east side of road leading to the conservancy pits at its crossing with the road running in front of Nya Bustee Deighlah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	238	...	680
9	Situated on south-eastern side of road leading to conservancy pits. Bearing and distance to next pillar	192	30	117
10	Situated at north-western corner of the plot of ground set apart for conservancy pits. Bearing and distance to next pillar	100	...	434
11	Situated at north-eastern corner of the plot of ground set apart for conservancy pits. Bearing and distance to next pillar	185	...	300
12	Situated at south-east corner of the plot of ground set apart for conservancy pits. Bearing and distance to next pillar	291	...	759
13	Situated at south-west corner of the plot of ground set apart for conservancy pits. Bearing and distance to next pillar	331	30	60
14	Situated at south-west corner of the plot of ground set apart for conservancy pits. Bearing and distance to next pillar	55	...	1,140
15	Situated on west side of kutchra road leading to the Sudder Bazar, near its crossing with the road leading to the conservancy pits. Bearing and distance to next pillar	18	...	553
16	Situated on west side of road leading to Sudder Bazar, and opposite the west end of the Family Barracks. Bearing and distance to next pillar	15	30	606
17	Situated at west side of road leading to bazar and at north-east corner of Dr. Amcerodeen's dwelling-house. Bearing and distance to next pillar	280	30	188
18	Situated at north-west corner of Dr. Amcerodeen's dwelling-house. Bearing and distance to next pillar	287	30	137
19	Situated on the edge of a drain near north-eastern corner of a tank. The boundary line follows the drain. Bearing and distance to next pillar	288	...	166
20	Situated on the edge of a drain at the north-western corner of the tank referred to above. The boundary line follows the drain. Bearing and distance to next pillar	229	30	23

Number of pillar.	Description.	BEARING.		Direct distance in feet.
		Deg.	Min.	
21	Situated on the west side of a tank on edge of drain. Boundary line follows the drain. Bearing and distance to next pillar	291	30	91
22	Situated at the end of the drain referred to above, and at the corner of a kutchah road. Bearing and distance to next pillar	220	...	14
23	Situated on the east side of the kutchah road leading to Baghgollah. The boundary line crosses the road, and runs along the front of some huts. Bearing and distance to next pillar	291	30	200
24	Situated at the junction of two garden fences near the south-west corner of a tank adjoining the village known as Jemidaree. Bearing and distance to next pillar	21	...	247
25	Situated on east front of the village known as Jemidaree. Bearing and distance to next pillar	13	30	82
26	Situated on east front of the village known as Jemidaree. Bearing and distance to next pillar	13	30	266
27	Situated on the drain which runs past the east front of the village Jemidaree to the north-east of the village. Bearing and distance to next pillar	96	30	30
28	Situated at the corner of the drain, where it turns towards the north. The boundary line follows the drain. Bearing and distance to next pillar	16	30	205
29	Situated on the edge of the drain. The boundary line follows the drain. Bearing and distance to next pillar	16	...	170
30	Situated on edge of drain at south side of footpath leading to the village Gurrandangah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	24	...	156
31	Situated near a large tamarind tree. Bearing and distance to next pillar	100	...	48
32	Situated at the corner of a drain and west of a jheel. Bearing and distance to next pillar	13	...	394
33	Situated at the corner of a drain on the south side of a kutchah road leading to the village Gurrandangah. The boundary line runs across country. Bearing and distance to next pillar	102	30	482
34	Situated at the corner of a garden west of the native latrines. Bearing and distance to next pillar	33	30	440
35	Situated at the corner of a garden north of the latrines. Bearing and distance to next pillar	108	...	817
36	Situated near the south-east corner of the compound attached to Mr. Moriarty's bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar	114	...	857
37	Situated on the edge of a nullah north of native infantry lines and west of Horse Shoe tank. Bearing and distance to next pillar	12	...	189
38	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	280	...	106
39	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	11	...	37
40	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	82	...	109
41	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	97	30	80
42	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	31	30	100
43	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	87	30	50
44	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	37	...	75
45	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	94	30	83
46	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	36	...	187
47	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar	340	...	46

Number of Pillar.	Description.	BEARING.		Direct distance in feet.
		Deg.	Min.	
48	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	31	30	36
49	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	83	30	40
50	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	42	...	132
51	Situated on the edge of the nullah. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	13	...	106
52	Situated on the edge of the nullah. The boundary line follows an embankment running straight across towards the hospital. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	98	...	1,400
53	Situated near the edge of a tank north of the European infantry hospital. Bearing and distance to next pillar.	41	30	466
54	Situated at corner of a footpath leading to the village Gowsallah. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	110	...	395
55	Situated at south corner of the village of Gowsallah and north-west of Commissariat Warrant Officer's Quarters. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	30	30	786
56	Situated at the re-entering angle of a garden and north of the Commissariat godown. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	128	...	540
57	Situated at west side of the Calcutta and Jessore road and north-east of Commissariat godown. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	39	...	619
58	Situated on the east side of the Calcutta and Jessore road and immediately north of the old cemetery. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	136	30	753
59	Situated on the side of the road leading to the rifle ranges and east of the old cemetery. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	51	30	5,164
60	Situated north of the stop butts and south-west of Kaderhattee bazar. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	144	...	3,123
61	Situated on the south side of the footpath leading to Rajahat. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	242	...	2,061
62	Situated on the south side of the footpath leading from the Gun-cotton Magazine to Rajahat. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	241	...	2,382
63	Situated on the south side of the Gun-cotton Magazine road, south-east of the Proof House. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	247	30	735
64	Situated on the south side of the Gun-cotton Magazine road, about south from Proof House. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	256	...	270
65	Situated on south side of the Gun-cotton Magazine road near the point where it comes towards the Proof House road. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	253	30	400
66	Situated on the edge of a drain on south side of old kutcha road running from bungalow No. 23, towards the Gun-cotton Magazine. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	238	...	418
67	Situated on the edge of a drain on south side of old kutcha road running from bungalow No. 23 towards the Gun-cotton Magazine. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	234	...	90
68	Situated on the south side of the old kutcha road leading from bungalow No. 23 towards the Gun-cotton Magazine. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	250	...	78
69	Situated on the south side of the old kutcha road leading from bungalow No. 23 towards the Gun-cotton Magazine and at the east end of a small jheel. Bearing and distance to next pillar .	193	30	88
70	Situated at the south-east corner of the small jheel referred to above. Bearing and distance to next pillar	253	30	217
71	Situated on the south side of the small jheel. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	162	30	40

Number of pillar.	Description.	BEARING.		Direct distance in feet.
		Deg.	Min.	
72	Situated on the south side of the small jheel and north of the village Munchilghattee. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	246	30	177
78	Situated on edge of a drain north of the village Mundulghattee. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	271	...	208
74	Situated on edge of a drain at north-west corner of the village Mundulghattee. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	187	...	824
75	Situated on north side of the kutchra road leading to the village Munchilghattee and east of bungalow No. 23. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	195	...	215
76	Situated south of bungalow No. 23. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	238	...	76
77	Situated south of bungalow No. 23 and near north-west corner of a tank. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	292	30	183
78	Situated on south-west of bungalow No. 23. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	256	30	190
79	Situated at north-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 22 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	216	30	660
80	Situated at north-east of the compound belonging to No. 21 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar	203	30	268
81	Situated at south-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 21 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	295	30	82
82	Situated at north-east of the compound belonging to No. 20 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar	200	30	516
83	Situated at north-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 18 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	203	30	256
84	Situated at south-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 18 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	280	...	25
85	Situated at the north-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 17 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	218	30	329
86	Situated at north-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 14 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	221	30	481
87	Situated at east side of the compound belonging to No. 12 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	192	...	191
88	Situated at south-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 12 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	281	...	124
89	Situated at north-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 11 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	195	...	416
90	Situated on east side of the compound belonging to No. 11 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	284	...	241
91	Situated on east side of the compound belonging to No. 11 bungalow and at a re-entering angle. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	202	30	586
92	Situated at south-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 11 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	283	...	517
93	Situated on east side of the compound belonging to No. 7 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	203	30	146
94	Situated at south-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 7 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar...	287	30	78
95	Situated at north-east corner of the compound belonging to No. 5 bungalow. Bearing and distance to next pillar ...	197	30	846

VIII. The following form of accounts shall be kept by the punchayet :—

Register I.—Of Collections.

Name. I.	Trade, &c. II.	Amount assessed. III.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

The entries in the first three columns will be similar to those entered in the three columns of the list to be prepared under Section 16 (*vide* Rule I) ; the twelve following columns are for the twelve months of the year, beginning with the first month of the year current in the village, and should be headed accordingly. Opposite each villager's name will be entered his monthly quota in these columns under each month as paid in by him. Each villager should be instructed to satisfy himself, when paying the cess, that the entry of the payment is duly made by the collecting member of the punchayet. This check, when properly understood and worked, will probably be of more value as proof of payment than receipts, which should nevertheless be granted under Section 22 of the Act.

Register II.—Of Receipts and Disbursements.—This will be an account in the simplest form of single entry, to be totalled and carried over at the close of every month, as follows :—

Date.	Jumma.	Amount.	Date.	Kuruch.	Amount.

IX. Each chowkeedar shall keep an acquittance roll, to be renewed every year, in which shall be entered by the collecting member of the punchayet every sum of money paid to him as salary. This acquittance roll shall be examined and signed by the sub-inspector or officer in charge of the thana once a month, or when the chowkeedar attends at the police office under Section 39 of the law.

The officer shall explain to the chowkeedar the nature of the entries, and report if the chowkeedar's salary has not been duly paid.

X. The thana police should receive from the chowkeedar and forward all reports, proceedings, explanations, and correspondence the punchayet may wish to transmit to the Magistrate.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd April 1877.—Under the provisions of Section 24 of Act I (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to cancel Rules 39 and 42 of the revised rules published at pages 1053-1057, 1110-1114, and 1127-1131, in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 23rd August 30th August, and 6th September 1876 respectively, and to sanction the substitution of the following in their stead :—

39. The registers and indexes shall be kept in Urdu or in Bengali, as the District Registrar of each district may direct. Copies under Sections 12, 15, and 22 should be prepared in the language in which the registers are kept.

42. Names shall be indexed according to their first letter, and shall be arranged in the order of the Urdu or Bengali alphabet, as the case may be. A mere title or designation of race shall not be taken as the index word.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

The following Notification of the Government of India in the Home Department is republished for general information :—

The 20th March 1877.—Assistant Surgeon Shib Kristo Das is dismissed from the service of Government.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 22nd March 1877.—Under Section 3, Act I (B.C.) of 1876, an Act to provide for the voluntary registration of Mahomedan marriages and divorces, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to grant a license to Moulvi Abu Yousaf Mahamed Ali authorizing him to register Mahomedan marriages and divorces, and to exercise the other functions of a Mahomedan registrar within the limits of the thana of Barkamta, in the Sudder sub-division of Tipperah. The head-quarters of the Office will be at Chandina.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd April 1877.—With the view of affording facilities for registering security bonds executed by, or on behalf of, village headmen appointed for the collection of water-rates under Rule 7 of the Rules framed under Act III (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased, under the provisions of Section 7 of the Indian Registration Act III of 1877, to appoint Baboo Gunga Nath Roy, Deputy Collector of Dunwar, to be a Joint Sub-Registrar within the executive sub-division of Arrah, with jurisdiction concurrent with that of the Sub-Registrars of Arrah and Jagudishpore. Under the same section, His Honor also appoints Moulvi Mahomed-ul-Nabi, Sub-Deputy Collector of Nasrigunge, to be a Joint Sub-Registrar within the sub-divisions of Buxar and Sasseram, with jurisdiction concurrent with that of the Sub-Registrars of those places. For the purposes of the Registration Act and Rules, the Sub-Registrars now appointed will be subordinate to the Registrar of Shahabad, so far as the registration of these security bonds is concerned.

This Notification will take effect from the 1st April 1877.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 17th April 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the cost of the Dacca Municipality for a public purpose, viz. for filling up an unhealthy tank, it is hereby declared that the tank at Armanitolah, in the town of Dacca, measuring 6 beeghas and 20 cottahs, more or less, bounded on the north by the road leading to Mahoottooly; south by the land belonging to Sheikh Kadir Buksh; east by the Noyasarruck road and the land belonging to Messrs. Lucas and Mr. H. Harney; and west by the Armanitolah road is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 5th April 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a sanitary purpose, in Churung Sahi, in the city of Pooree, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 8 gunths and 9½ biswas by the local measure, equal to 1 rood 16 poles 6 yards and 1 foot by the English measure, and bounded on the north by Gagadhur Badoo Mahapatra's garden; on the south by the ditch belonging to Chowdry Bisuanath Doss and the public latrine to the west of the Narendra tank; on the east by the path on the west bank of that tank leading from Churung Sahi Lane and joining the Mitiani Road between the trunk road and Manglaghat; and on the west by the waste land belonging to Chowdry Bisuanath Doss, is required within the aforesaid Churung Sahi.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

R. L. MANGLES,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 9th April 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Corporation of the Town of Calcutta for a public purpose, viz. for a roadway through Tantee Para Bustee in extension of Mitter's Lane, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose pieces of land Nos. 132, 133, Machooa Bazar Street, No. 34, Mooktaram Baboo's Street, and Nos. 2 and 8, Mitter's Lane, measuring 15½ cottahs, more or less, and bounded on the north by Mooktaram Baboo's Street and Mitter's Lane; on the south by Machooa Bazar Street; on the east partly by No. 34, Mooktaram Baboo's Street, belonging to Torongomoye Dassee, partly by Mitter's Lane, partly by No. 3, Mitter's Lane, belonging to Doyamoye Dassee, partly by No. 132, Machooa Bazar Street, belonging to Preonath Sett, and partly by No. 133, Machooa Bazar Street, belonging to Romanath Sett; and on the west partly by Mitter's Lane, partly by No. 2, Mitter's Lane, belonging to Russick Loll Mitter, partly by No. 3, Mitter's Lane, belonging to Doyamoye Dassee, partly by No. 132, Machooa Bazar Street, belonging to Preonath Sett, and partly by No. 133, Machooa Bazar Street, belonging to Romanath Sett, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

R. L. MANGLES, *

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th March 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a municipal police outpost at Raipurah, police-station Futwah, sub-district Barh, zillah Patna, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 3 cottahs 9 dhoores 10 dhookies is required. The said land is bounded on the west by the public road and the houses of Jeelun Koomar and Bisan Nath Tatoo; on the east by waste land and the house of Soorja Tatoo; on the south-east by the house of Thakoor Singh; on the north by the road and the house of Kokil Tamooli.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 2nd April 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the cost of the Dacca Municipality for a public purpose, viz. for the site of a municipal pound and bullock sheds, is hereby declared that two adjoining plots of land measuring, more or less, respectively 588 and 3,443 square feet, bounded on the north by a public pucca building, well, and the Purba Durwaza Road; south by the Begumbazar Road; east by the land belonging to Nawab Abdool Gunny, c.s.r.; and west by the Begumbazar and Purba Darwaza Roads, are required.

2. This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, —BENGAL.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 14th April 1877.

No. 124.—*Notifications.*—Mr. H. Joll, Executive Engineer, Second Grade, assumed charge of the Circular and Eastern Canals Division on the 3rd current, after noon.

No. 125.—Baboo Kally Sunker Chatterjee, Assistant Engineer, Third Grade, joined the Chittagong Division on the 28th ultimo, before noon.

Bengal Government (Public Works Department) Notification No. of the

No. 126.—Mr. G. Adams, Supervisor, Second Grade, joined the Akra Division on the 2nd current, before noon, on return from privilege leave.

The 16th April 1877.

No. 127.—Mr. J. A. Windle, Executive Engineer, Second Grade, assumed charge of the Patna Division on the 6th current, before noon.

Bengal Government (Public Works Department) Notification No. 44, of the 9th February 1877.

No. 128.—Mr. H. O'Lange, Sub-Engineer, Third Grade, joined the Orissa Division on the 29th ultimo, before noon, on return from privilege leave, the unexpired portion of which is cancelled.

LOCAL COMMUNICATIONS.

The 16th April 1877.

No. 129.—Declaration under Section 6, Act X of 1870, of the Government of India.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that additional land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the extension of the road to be constructed at the cost of the District Road Committee of Hooghly of an average width of 25 feet and about 3 miles in length, extending from the village of Indra Chars to Bikihakona and passing through the village of Koolai, in pergunnah Mozufferpore, zillah Hooghly, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 27 beeghas of standard measurement, is required within the aforesaid villages of Indra Chars, Bikihakona, and Koolai.

2. This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. E. T. NICOLL, *Major-Genl., R.E.,*
Secretary to the Government of Bengal
in the Public Works Department.

IRRIGATION.

NOTIFICATION—ESTABLISHMENT.

Dated 16th April 1877.

No. 123.—Posting.—Mr. R. H. Rhind, Executive Engineer, First Grade, to the Arrah Division, which he assumed charge of on the afternoon of the 5th April 1877.

No. 124.—Transfer.—Baboo Avinas Chunder Mookerjee, Sub-Overseer, First Grade, is transferred, in the interests of the public service, from the Western Sone Survey to the Arrah Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 4th April 1877.

No. 125.—Notification.—Mr. G. J. R. Leeson, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, Cossye Division, availed himself on the afternoon of the 31st March 1877 of the privilege leave granted him in the orders marginally noted.

No. 126.—Transfer.—Baboo Peary Mohun Gossamy, Sub-Overseer, First Grade, is transferred, in the interests of the public service, from the Northern Drainage and Embankment Division to the Cossye Division.

No. 127.—Notification.—Baboo Bama Churn Roy, Sub-Overseer, First Grade, Arrah Division, returned to duty on the forenoon of the 2nd April 1877 from the privilege leave granted him in the orders marginally noted.

No. 128.—Transfer.—Lieutenant A. C. Foley, R.E., Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, is transferred, in the interests of the public service, from the Western Sone Survey to the Arrah Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 7th April 1877.

No. 129.—Leave.—Baboo Troyluckho Nath Sircar, Overseer, First Grade, Arrah Division, is granted privilege leave for three months, under Section 12, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 130.—Notifications.—Baboo Koymas Chunder Chowdry, Overseer, First Grade, joined the Cossye Division on the forenoon of the 1st April 1877.

The unexpired portion of the leave, without pay, granted to the Overseer in the orders marginally noted is hereby cancelled.

No. 131.—With reference to the orders marginally noted, Major J. G. Forbes, R.E. Superintending Engineer, First Grade (temporary rank), made over charge of the Sone Circle to Major J. M. Heywood, R.E., on the forenoon of the 3rd April 1877; relieved Mr. Martin, Superintending Engineer, Third Grade (temporary rank), of the charge of the late Gunduck Circle on the afternoon of the 9th idem, and took over charge of the South-Western Circle from Colonel J. F. Stoddard, M.S.C., Superintending Engineer, Second Grade (temporary rank), on the afternoon of the 13th April 1877.

No. 132.—In accordance with the orders marginally noted, the services of Mr. T. Martin, Superintending Engineer, Third Grade (temporary rank), are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, with effect from the afternoon of the 9th April 1877.

No. 133.—In accordance with the orders marginally noted, the services of Colonel J. F. Stoddard, M.S.C., Superintending Engineer, Second Grade (temporary rank), are placed at the disposal of the Military Department, Madras, with effect from the afternoon of the 13th April 1877.

No. 134.—Declaration.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a short embankment at Kristopore, on the right bank of the river Damoodur, in place of filling up a breach in the village of Kristopore, pergunnah Haveli, zillah Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 13 beeghas 10 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on the west by the village of Kristopore; east by the river Damoodur; north by the Sadipore embankment; and south by the retired embankment of Kristopore, is required within the aforesaid village of Kristopore.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Dated the 17th April 1877.

No. 135.—Transfer.—Baboo Jogendro Nath Sen, Temporary Sub-Overseer, First Grade, is transferred, in the interests of the public service, from the Northern Drainage and Embankment Division to the Cossye Division.

No. 136.—Leave.—Sergeant J. Simpson, Overseer, First Grade, Dehree Workshop Division; is granted privilege leave for eleven days, under Chapter III, Section, 2 paragraph 29 of the Public Works Code.

Sergeant Simpson availed himself of the leave on the forenoon of the 26th March 1877, and returned to duty on the forenoon of the 6th April 1877.

F. T. HAIG, Colonel, R.E.,

*Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the P. W. Dept., Irrigation Branch.*

Sheriff's Office, the 18th April 1877.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fifth Criminal Sessions of the year 1877, of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court-house, in the Town of Calcutta, on Wednesday, the sixteenth day of May next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Session be then and there to prosecute.

J. F. OGILVY, Sheriff.

সরিক আফিস, সন ১৮৭৭ সাল ১৮ আশ্বিন ।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে শুরে বাঙ্গালার ফোর্ট উইলিয়ম দুর্গের অধীন শহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্ত্য জন্য আগামি সন ১৮৭৭ সালের ১৬ই মে বুধবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাই কোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৮৭৭ সালের পঞ্চম ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদীর বিরুদ্ধে ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে ইতি ।

J. F. OGILVY, Sheriff.

TREASURY NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that Baboo Uma Kanta Dass, Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Noakhally Treasury from the 18th ultimo, and has been authorized to draw bills on other treasuries

E. E. LEWIS, Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, CHITTAGONG, the 7th April 1877.

BABOO BHOBOTOSH BANERJEE, Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Darjeeling Treasury from 5th April 1877, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

J. A. CRAVEN, for Commissioner.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICES.

Orders by the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

THE undermentioned student has passed the Examination for Honors in Medicine :—

Bhagavatchandra Rudra

... Medical College.

A. W. CROFT, Offg. Registrar.

SENATE HOUSE, the 12th April 1877.

It is hereby notified that at the next Half-yearly Examination of Junior Civilians, Deputy Magistrates, &c., commencing on Monday, the 7th May 1877, four local Examination Committees will be held in this division, viz. one at No. 8, Theatre Road, Calcutta, for officers stationed at the Presidency or employed in the 24-Pergunnahs; one at Kishnaghur, for officers employed in the district of Nuddea; one at Jessore Sudder Station, for officers employed in that district; and one at Berhampore for officers employed in the Moorshedabad district.

C. T. BUCKLAND, *Commissioner.*

OPIUM NOTIFICATION.

No. 397B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fifth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1875-76, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Thursday, the 3rd May 1877, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 4,000 chests, viz.—

					Chests.
Behar	Opium	...	...	...	2,085
Benares	,,	...	...	...	1,915
Total					4,000

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 14th November 1876, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 8th and 18th May 1877 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Tuesday, the 8th May 1877, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Friday, the 18th May 1877.

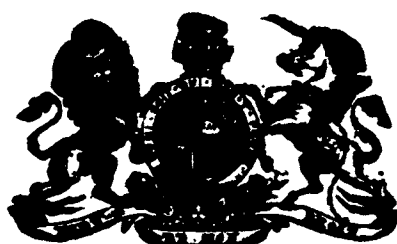
4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

Dates.				Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Monday,	4th June	1877	...	2,085	1,915	4,000
On or about Wednesday,	4th July	"	...	2,085	1,915	4,000
On or about Thursday,	2nd August	"	...	2,085	1,915	4,000
On or about Wednesday,	5th September	"	...	2,080	1,920	4,000
On or about Wednesday,	3rd October	"	...	2,080	1,920	4,000
On or about Friday,	2nd November	"	...	2,080	1,920	4,000
On or about Monday,	3rd December	"	...	2,080	1,920	4,000
Total				14,575	13,425	28,000

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 27th March 1877.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 18, 1877.

PART II.

Advertisements.

[N.B.—Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this part of the Gazette, cannot be received after Noon on Monday.]

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government to the undermentioned estate, situate in the district of Monghyr, will be put up to sale at the Monghyr Collectorate on Tuesday, the 15th May 1877, corresponding with 28th Choitro 1284, F.S.

The purchasers of this estate will be subject to the following conditions of sale :—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

- (1) The purchaser of this estate will be considered as the proprietor of the estate, and the entire proprietary right of Government in such estate will be transferred to him, revenue free, in perpetuity, as the jumma is below one rupee.
- (2) The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the laws in force, and the purchaser to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the Revenue Authorities.
- (3) If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.
- (4) If the amount of purchase-money exceeds Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

Number in statement of Government estates.	Number on district roll.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Approximate area in acres.	GOVERNMENT REVENUE.			Upset price.	REMARKS.
				Revenue assessed.	Road cess.	Total.		
123	4456	Relinquished plot of C land in mousah Soentar, pergunnah Chakyo.	A. B. P. 0 3 37	Rs. A. P. 0 10 2	.....	Rs. A. P. 0 10 2	Rs. A. P. 12 11 4	The upset price has been calculated at 20 times the sudder jumma.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Midnapore will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 21st day of April 1877, corresponding with 10th Bysack 1284, B. S., and 11th Bysack 1284, U. S., Saturday, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 12th day of January 1877.

Number on the register A.	Number on the revenue roll.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Name of Proprietor.	Sudder jumma.	Arrears of Government revenue for which the estate will be sold.
1708	942	Khagrageria, pergunnah Subbung.	<i>Permanently-settled Estate.</i> Modhooooden Rai, Kuornarain Rai, Harucobind Rai, sons, Srimatia Soorja Dei, mother and mohafez Jhotoo Rai, minor, and wife of late Lakhinarain Rai, Srimatia Kousalaimoni, Srimatia Abaliamoni, and Madanmohan De.	Ra. A. P. 725 10 8	Ra. A. P. 0 4 11
1909	203	Mangalpur, pergunnah Pattas-pur.	<i>Temporarily-settled Estate.</i> Anandola Rai, Kasinath Mitter, and Chowdhari Gopendra-nandan Das Mohapatra.	2,060 0 0	246 14 8
2010	1100	Nischint, <i>alias</i> Khagrageria, pergunnah Sabbang.	<i>Permanently-settled Estate.</i> Okhoyram Sen, Madanmohan De, Rajnarain Sen, Indramohan De, Rangalata, mother of Radhanath De, and Thakooradas De, minors, Sridhar De, Nimaichandra De, Janki Dei, Parbatti Dei, Srimati Satti Dasi, Srimati Harmohani Dasi and Durgamani Dasi.	653 10 7	0 8 7
2290	1260	Roinan, pergunnah Subbung	Mamkram Mojoomdar, Autauram Mojoomdar, Bhaktaram Mojoomdar, Rajibolchun Mojoomdar, Kaliprasad Mojoomdar, Panchanan Mojoomdar, Ramdeb Bakoorah, Bharat-charn Bakoorah, Paddalochan Bhoonyah, Mooktaram Mojoomdar, Taraprasad De, Sibnarain De, minor, father and mohafez Ghasuram De, Ramkristo De, Srimati Biraj-manmohini Debi and Srimati Birajmanmohini Debi. Deduct joint share of Mamkram Mojoomdar and others, and separate accounts of Taraprasad De and others, which will not be sold.	1,595 15 10 1,410 15 0	
2623	1465	Sridharpur, pergunnah Moyna-chour.	Balance being the separate account of Ramkristo De, will be sold for arrears of Government revenue Rs. 63-7-4. Gopinath Berah, Bunsidher Pandah, Srimatia Prasannomoi, Prasannokoolar Berah, wife and son of Nabakristo Berah, Menajoodin Mahamed, Srimati Rajessari Dei, Koroonamoi Dei, wives of Fakir Chandra Pallak, Soudarnarain Myti, Mothoomoham Maiti, Santoseram Maiti. Deduct separate accounts of Menajoodin Mahamed and others, which will not be sold.	185 0 10 920 14 2 419 6 8	63 7 4
2735	1807	Tildapara, pergunnah Baroi-chour.	Balance being the joint share of Gopinath Bara, Bunsidher Pandah, Srimatia Prasannomoi, Prasannokoolar Berah, wife and son of Nabakristo Berah, will be sold for arrears of Government revenue Rs. 6-7-11. Chandrasekhar Kar, Radhakristo Das, father and mohafez of Rochoonath Das, minor, Jodoonath Das, and Jitram Kar.	510 7 6 505 1 1	6 7 11 0 10 11
2760	1519	Ooturoosootpur, pergunnah Kasijurah.	Bykantonath Koondoo, Pearimoni Debbia, Nilkanto De, Srinarain Myti, Srinath Charn Nandi, Lakhinarain Patra, Srimatia Soondari Dasi, Mohan Patra, Bhajahari Patra, Soondari Dasi, Srimatia Mohamaiah Dei, wife of Gora Chand Mohapatra, and Srimatia Janki Dei, wife of Bhagabatcharn Bhattacharji. Deduct joint share of Bykanto Nath Koondoo, and separate accounts of Srinarain Maita and others, which will not be sold.	3,505 3 1 2,325 3 1	
			Balance being the separate account of Pearimoni Debbia and Nilkanto De, will be sold for arrears of Government revenue Rs. 83-12-0.	1,280 0 0	83 12 0

MIDNAPORE COLLECTORATE, the 10th March 1877.

H. L. HARRISON, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estate in the district of Bogra will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 15th day of May 1877, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 28th day of March 1877.

CLASS I.—*Permanently-settled Estate.*

No. of mouj.	Name of Mehal.	Name of Proprietor.	Government revenue.	Amount of arrear due up to March 1877.	REMARKS.
176-177	Mehal Sukurmaji and others, pergunnah Apail.	Krishnakanta Ray	Ra. A. P. 1,621 5 4	Ra. A. P. 680 0 0	

BOGRA COLLECTORATE, the 6th April 1877.

C. F. MAGRATH, Offg. Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Maldah will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 23rd day of May 1877, corresponding with 11th Joisto 1284, B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 28th day of March 1877.

Class.	Towji.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Name of Proprietor.	Sudder jumma.	Balance due.	REMARKS.
First Class	514	Mousah Nimnah and others, pergunnah Mokunpore.	Pyari Mohan Choudhury	Ra. A. P. 2,558 11 0	Ra. A. P. 863 0 0	Arrears of revenue due for the fourth quarter of 1876-77.

MALDAH, COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 14th April 1877.

HERBERT MOSLEY, Offg. Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Beerbhoom will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on Monday, 21st May 1877, corresponding with 9th Jaist 1284 B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 28th day of March 1877.

No. on the rent roll.	Class.	Names of mehals and pergunnahs.	The nature of the demand for which the estate is to be sold.	Proprietor.	Government revenue.	REMARKS.
214	First class.	Shahajapore, pergunnah Barbeksung.	Arrears of revenue Rs. 58-11-1.	Prem Narain Chowdhury, Giris Chundra Mojumdar, Lakhmoni Dehya, guardian, mother of Umesh Chundra Mojumdar, Annanda Chundra, Dolegovinda, Chandra Mohun, Hera Mohun, Ram Mohun, Ram Chundra, Sheeb Chundra, Rash Mohun, Kristo Kanta, Bhagabati Dehya, second, Ram Chundra, Kali Das, Ram Tana, Radhaballab, Kristo Gopal, Kristoballab Chowdhury, Kamaalmani, Drab-moye, Anumati Dehya, Kshinath Chundra, Peetambari Dehya, Kumed Kumari Dehya, Ishun Chundra Chakroverti, Ram Gopal Chowdhury, Peary Mohun Chowdhury, Brojo Lal Chatteraj, Gopi Sundari Debi, Radha Mohun Chowdhury, Atar Rohoma, alias Mokumesh, Sheikh Jeat Rohoma, Ajjan Nesa Bebi, Jogdis Chowdhury, Rajkumari Debi, Kashi Nath Chundra, Kristo Chowdhury, Srenarain Chowdhury, Monmahini Dehya, guardian, mother of minor Radha Benod Chowdhury, Matangini Debi, Ambica Charn Ghotak, Nil Madhub Bandapadhyas, Tin Cowry Hati, and Kritathomoye Debi.	Sudder jumma ... That, exclusive of the separate share of Lakhmoni Dehya, guardian, mother of Umesh Chundra Mojumdar ... Peary Mohun Chowdhury ... Radha Mohun Chowdhury ... Brojo Lal Chatteraj and Gopi Sundari Debi ... Ram Gopal Chowdhury ... Atar Rohoma, alias Makumesh, Jeat Rohoma, and Ajjan Nesa Bebi ... Ambica Charn Ghotak ... Rs. A. P. 2,116 14 0 684 14 3 40 0 9 50 1 6 30 0 6 80 1 6 106 12 9 67 10 44 1,029 9 71 is 1,067 4 44	The rights and interests of the proprietors in the estates, except those of the persons mentioned in the foregoing column, will be sold.

BEERBHOOM COLLECTORATE, the 9th April 1877.

T. GRANT, *Offg. Collector.*

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 9th April 1877.

LIABILITIES.			ASSETS.		
	Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	A. P.
Capital paid up ...	2,00,00,000	0 0	Government Securities ...	92,78,883	2 3
Reserve Fund ...	10,71,109	2 5	Loans on Government Securities, &c., at Head Office and Branches ...	49,83,822	12 5
Public Deposits at Head Office ...	Rs. 71,23,329-5-3	1,93,61,755 14 2	Accounts of credit on Government Securities, &c., at Head Office and Branches ...	46,32,312	7 9
Ditto at Branches ...	1,22,38,427-8-11		Bills discounted and purchased at Head Office and Branches ...	2,24,37,656	3 10
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches ...	1,02,01,919	5 3	Balances with other Banks ...	14,75,064	4 7
Bank Post Bills, &c. ...	5,88,174	7 0	Bullion ...	4,97,982	6 5
Sundries ...	9,40,389	4 2	Dead Stock ...	10,33,116	8 9
			Stamps ...	10,346	6 11
			Sundries ...	2,22,598	13 1
				4,45,72,783	1 0
			Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office, Rs. 68,38,395-0-6	1,71,92,565	0 0
			Cash and Currency Notes at Branches ...	1,03,54,169-15-8	
Rupees	8,17,65,948	1 0	Rupees	6,17,05,348	1 0

BANK OF BENGALE,
Calcutta, the 12th April 1877.W. WESTLAND,
Offg. Chief Acctt. & Dy. Secy.
(1261-1)By order of the Directors,
W. D. CRICKSHANK,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

Hooghly Floating Bridge.

Statement of Receipts from Local Traffic for the week ending 12th April 1877.

	FOOT-PASSENGERS.		VEHICLES.		Total.	REMARKS.
	Calcutta to Howrah.	Howrah to Calcutta.	Calcutta to Howrah.	Howrah to Calcutta.		
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Total of the week ...	430 4 0	401 9 9	487 8 9	443 8 9	1,768 15 3	
Total of previous fourteen weeks ...	5,641 14 6	5,486 0 0	7,713 8 3	7,068 13 0	25,890 4 3	
Total	6,078 2 6	5,867 9 9	8,201 1 0	7,513 6 3	27,659 3 6	

CALCUTTA, the 16th April 1877.

(1262-1)

G. H. SIMMONS, *Secretary.*

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

NOTICE.

UNDER SECTION 69 OF ACT V (B.C.) OF 1870.

THE following packages, landed at the jetties from the undermentioned ships, have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item, they will be sold under Section 72 of the said Act.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	Number, Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1877.			
April 10	10 Kegs, B B S ...	Order	Ship Eurydice.
" 10	5 Casks, 317 in a diamond, top C. & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	2 Casks, 284 in a diamond, top C. & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	2 Casks, 331 in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, C C ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	2 Cases, G G ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	2 Casks, H in a diamond, bottom I C D	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	2 Bundles steel, 317 in a diamond, top C. & Co., or no mark.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	23 Cases, L. & Co. in a diamond, top M P	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, L. & Co. in a diamond, top M P, or no mark	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	9 Casks, no mark	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	40 Kegs, C C in a diamond, bottom F. T. B. & Co. or no mark.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	30 Bags, N. D. & Co. in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Package, no mark	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	4 Casks, S K S ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	3 Casks, 579 in a diamond, bottom W L	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	3 Cases, A U T C in a cross	Ditto	S. S. Mira.
" 10	61 Packages, C T in a triangle, bottom C	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	2 Casks, C in a diamond, right and left R D, or 71 in a diamond...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	83 Bales, F O in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Bale, F P H D	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Bale, H D	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	8 Cases, H F X T, bottom R. M. & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, K N D	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	3 Packages, L S G D in a cross	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	3 Cases, M A R in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	2 Bales, N in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	2 Cases, a line with O in centre, bottom E Z	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	50 Bales, P M C, bottom D, or W E in a block	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Bale, P H D	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Bale, P H I	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Bale, S E P H D	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	3 Packages, T	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, 509 in a diamond, bottom W L...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	2 Casks, 523 in a diamond, bottom W L	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	3 Cases, 537 in a diamond, bottom W L	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, 508 in a diamond, bottom W L...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, N C D in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, P S C in a diamond, outside D R D A	Ditto	S. S. Queen Victoria.
" 10	1 Case, 1182, below B in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, S P D	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	44 Cases, A B, bottom C P E M	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	2 Cases, A C	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	3 Cases, 439 in a diamond, outside A. B. & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	2 Cases, 230 in a diamond, outside A. B. & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, 461 in a diamond, outside A. B. & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, 191 in a diamond, outside A. B. & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	2 Cases, B S in a cross, bottom H. S. K. & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	61 Packages, B & C	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, C D	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	5 Cases, D. & Co. in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, D in a diamond, top F, bottom G	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	2 Cases, 635 in a diamond, top E, bottom R	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	4 Cases, F R & Co., bottom H. S. K. & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Bale, G. C. D. & Co. in a cross	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, G. F. K. & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	2 Cases, 272 in a diamond, top H D	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	2 Cases, 3614 with H M S in a diamond, bottom M. P. & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Plate iron, C T	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Ditto, no mark	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	2 Sheets iron, C. B. & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Bundle round iron, C. B. & Co., or no mark	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	6 Bundles flat bars, 11 in white	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	18 Bars flat iron, 11 in white	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	147 Bundles square bars and three half pieces, no mark	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	88 Bars square iron, no mark	Ditto	Ditto.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	Number, Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1877.			
April 10	739 Bars flat iron, no mark ...	Order	S. S. Queen Victoria.
" 10	8 Bundles flat bars, no mark ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	33 Loose square rods, no mark ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, G, bottom J C S ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	8 Cases, K C M ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, K M C, bottom G ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	21 Cases, L. D. & Co., bottom J A ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, L D in a diamond, bottom J A ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, 272 in a diamond, top M D ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, M. L. & Co. in a block, bottom M. P. & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, 185 in a diamond, top M A ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	4 Cases, 256 in a diamond, top M A ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, M S and A S ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, 246 in a diamond, top M A ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	3 Cases, M S S ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	3 Cases, W in a diamond, M in a diamond, and B in a diamond.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	2 Cases, M S D in a diamond, bottom F. T. B. & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, P T and S, bottom L N C ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	3 Cases, P in a triangle, bottom J and C ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	18 Packages, R C P ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	41 Packages, 28 in a block, top R B ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	2 Cases, S H and J H ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	23 Cases, Smyth & Co ...	Addressed	Ditto.
" 10	12 Cases, S P D ...	Order	Ditto.
" 10	2 Cases, 267 in a diamond, top T S ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	116 Packages, 75 in a diamond, bottom T W J W ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	2 Packages, 71 in a diamond, bottom T W J W ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Crate, T J C L in a cross ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	3 Cases, U H C in an inverted triangle ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	8 Cases, W E N ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	2 Cases, W M and K M in a block, bottom M. P. & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Sample, F. C. Mears & Co. ...	Addressed	Ditto.
" 10	1 Sample, Filbruk, Upton & Co., or A C in a diamond	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	11 Packages, A C, Agra ...	Order	S. S. Peshawar.
" 10	3 Cases, B J S in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	2 Cases, B J S ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, 25 in a diamond, bottom B K ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	7 Cases, G. F. K. & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	3 Cases, H. & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	9 Cases, H. C. D. & Co. in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, to the Government of India, Home Department.	Addressed	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, the Secretary to Government, Military ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	2 Cases, to the Secretary to the Government of India, Public Works Department.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, the Military Store-keeper, Fort William, or A B C and S in a cross.	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, J E M C, bottom Q D, or M. & Co. ...	Order	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, J in a diamond, bottom H B ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	3 Cases, L. D. & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	2 Kegs, no mark ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 10	2 Cases, Monteath ...	Addressed	Ditto.
" 9	2 Cases, P W & S ...	Order	Ditto.
" 9	13 Kegs nails, 28 in a diamond, top R B ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 9	2 Cases, William Skinner, Ghagra Fezpoore, Durrung. Assam, care of P and O Steam Navigation Co.	Addressed	Ditto.
" 9	1 Case, H S Smyth & Co., Civil Surgeon, Allahabad	Ditto	Ditto.
" 9	1 Case, Mrs. Silley, 12th Regiment ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 9	1 Case, Dr. G Thibout, Benares College ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 9	1 Case, Major Tupper, R H A, Meerut, Bengal ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 9	200 Kegs, W L in a triangle ...	Order	Ditto.
" 9	3 Cases, W. H. & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 9	1 Sample case, G B ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 9	1 Sample case, Andrew, Yule & Co. ...	Addressed	Ditto.
" 9	1 Sample case, Mr. J Moore, School-master, 3rd (Buffa) Regiment, Bengal	Ditto	Ditto.
" 9	1 Case, sample, Duncan Brothers ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 9	1 Sample case, M X X ...	Order	Ditto.
" 9	1 Sample case, Messrs. Rushton Brothers ...	Addressed	Ditto.
" 9	1 Sample truss, no mark ...	Order	Ditto.
" 9	72 Bundles gas tubes, 678 in a block, top R B ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 9	28 Lengths, 678 in a block, top R B ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 9	7 Bundles sheet iron, M. C. S. & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 13	2 Cases, B B, or no mark ...	Ditto	City of Carthage.
" 13	8 Cases, C. C. F. & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 13	25 Bales, C. W. & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 13	1 Case, D K B below, C in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 13	3 Packages, G L W ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 13	2 Tire bars, G S & S ...	Ditto	Ditto.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	Number, Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1877.			
April 13	1 Bundle wooden Bobin, H M ...	Order	City of Carthage.
" 13	1 Bundle sheet iron, D in a triangle, bottom P ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 13	2 Iron shackles, P. C. M. & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 13	5 Pipes, N ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 13	5 Frame castings, W M ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 13	2 Pipes, L B, or no mark ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 13	4 Bales, J. S. Beam, Rajpootana ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 13	1 Case, K M P in a diamond ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 13	1 Cask, G L W, or no mark ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 13	2 Bales, N in a diamond, bottom N ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 13	2 Packages, O S in a diamond, bottom S ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 13	100 Bales Dragon, P M C, bottom D, or C. W. & Co. in a block	Ditto	Ditto.
" 13	1 Cake spelter, S M ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 13	7 Packages, S in a diamond, bottom A ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 13	3 Packages, 519 in a diamond, bottom W L ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 13	1 Case, Geo. Wallace, Esq., Doora Negurtting, Upper Assam, care of O. Steel & Co.	Addressed	Ditto.
" 13	1 Sample, Kettlewell, Bullen & Co. ...	Ditto	Ditto.
" 13	1 Sample, J. L. Lyall, Esq., Allahabad, or Balmer, Lawrie & Co.	Ditto	Ditto.

The 16th April 1877.

(1263—1)

W. DUFF BRUCE, *Vice-Chairman.*

LOST CURRENCY NOTES.

THE following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned:—

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
475	L 91—04458	20	The District Superintendent of Police, Putna.
	L 90—18704	20	
	L 86—56931	10	
	L 87—35815	10	
	L 96—78881	10	
	L 74—93081	10	
	L 76—46967	10	
576	L 67—59490	50	Amerto Lal Mookerjee.
477	L 83—68656	100	Khetra Mohan Chatterjee.
478	L 83—65069	100	Hara Kissen Das.
479	L 81—60426	50	Messrs. Colvin, Cowie & Co.
"	—60797	50	
1	L 52—87045	500	Okel Chunder Biswas.
"	—72730	500	
3	L 51—31120	100	Deonath Shaw.
5	L 91—62525	20	J Linchan, Inspector of Police, "G" Town Divn.
"	to —62554	each.	
7	L 83—03286	100	The Dist. Supdt. of Police, Midnapore.
	L 82—63653	100	
	L 89—71719	20	
"	—97710	20	
	L 59—09574	10	
	L 62—89497	10	
"	—89496	10	
"	—89495	10	
"	—89494	10	
	L 59—99797	10	
	L 42—60808	10	
	L 59—96663	10	A. Younan, Supdt. of Police, Northern Divn., Calcutta.
	L 61—47032	10	
10	N 6—07787	500	
"	—07788	500	A. H. Rhoades, Jr.
11	A 98—57004	10	
	L 98—23754	10	
	L 39—31824	10	Issen Chandra Das.
12	L 60—27863	100	
"	to —27875	each.	

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
13	L 82—56820	100	Sreemati Harimati Dasee.
"	—56823	100	
"	—56827	100	
"	—15717	100	
14	L 27—39486	5	F. De Maullynes.
"	to —39492	each.	
15	L 75—17242	10	Ram Lal Mookerjee.
	L 76—19231	10	
	L 72—55731	10	
	L 60—15045	10	
	L 58—80591	10	
	L 44—24224	10	
	L 42—72761	10	
	L 72—13351	10	R. Roskell Bayne.
	L 60—14258	10	
	L 72—18187	10	
18	L 81—72052	50	E. R. Henry, c.s.
19	L 83—77880	100	
20	L 83—32900	100	The Post Master General, N.W. Provinces.
"	—26383	100	
"	—32898	100	
"	—24057	100	
"	—32899	100	
	L 66—83458	50	Abdool Rezak.
	L 79—07438	20	
21	L 81—74145	50	The Inspector of River Police, Koyla Ghaut, Calcutta.
22	L 83—91494	100	
"	—98947	100	
"	—86065	100	

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

558	L 21—85129	5	Ramrutton Tacoor.
1	L 96—82975	10	F. J. Biden.
2	L 59—30565	10	Gajendra Mohapatra.
3	L 17—23286	5	J. Winterscale.
"	—23262	5	
4	L 59—02413	10	Geah Bohamed.
5	L 59—75569	10	Narain Sing.
6	L 64—16642	20	Ojoodhia Pershad Bajpie.
7	L 25—69409	5	Mohavarut Dey.
8	L 39—67389	10	Muttu Lall Dey Chowdhury.
	L 87—06165	10	
9	L 25—60682	5	Nobo Kissen Mookerjee.
10	L 25—60595	5	Imam Ali Duftry.
11	A 90—77597	100	Huri Nath Tahabildar.
	A 97—30108	10	
"	—61993	10	

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
12	L 87—28356	10	Hajee Nubbee Bun Mahomed Ibrahim.
	L 86—56789	10	
	L 61—10103	10	
13	L 81—09180	50	Abdool Hossein.
14	A 35—42439	50	Indra Narain Banerjee.
15	L 89—83193	20	Alexander Rae.
	"—84965	20	
16	L 81—14274	50	Gosto Lal Mitter.
17	L 22—65204	5	Nobokristo Chatterjee.
	L 23—85601	5	
18	L 11—80441	5	Dina Nath Mitter.
19	L 65—42985	20	Mohesnarain Roy.
20	L 76—02050	10	Janokeynath Bhuttacharjee.
	L 74—34873	10	
	L 75—07755	10	
21	L 76—12860	10	O. Aratoon.
	L 27—05204	5	
22	L 74—73771	10	Mahomed Sharafatoola.
23	L 75—66683	10	Dwarkanath Gupta.
24	L 46—74290	20	Mrs. E. Tweedie.
25	L 12—79806	20	Dabendranath Ghose.
365	L 95—44590	10	Kedar Nath Mitter.
	"—44591		
366	L 22—10392	5	Dhurmo Das Palit.
	"—10390		
	L 15—47609	5	
	"—47601		
	L 20—65709	5	Perbutty Churn Biswas.
	"—65760		
2	A 71—58376	20	
	"—58379		
	L 23—61836	5	J. H. Baneroff.
	"—61835		
3	L 16—06096	5	Indra Narain Banerjee.
	"—06095		
5	A 35—58886	50	Juggessur Roy.
	"—58885		
7	L 95—64986	10	Bance Madhub Nundee.
	"—64989		
8	L 88—18736	10	Jodu Roy Buna Mull.
	"—18737		
9	L 36—85294	20	Annodapershad Mookerjee.
	"—92416		
10	L 15—93369	5	
	"—93368		
	L 22—68672	5	Mohendro Nath Raha.
	"—68671		
11	L 9—53431	5	Deno Nath Banerjee.
	L 15—52463		
12	L 1—42529	10	
	"—42526		

R. E. HAMILTON.

Offg. Asst. Commr. of Paper Currency.

PAPER CURRENCY DEPT., the 17th April 1877.

Wanted

A Clerk in the Road Cess Department, District Chumparun. Salary Rs. 30. A knowledge of accounts indispensable. Applications, with copies of testimonials, will be received by the Magistrate up to the 30th April. (1259—1)

Wanted

A KANUNGO for the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Cachar. Salary attached to the post Rs. 50 per mensem. A thorough knowledge of surveying is indispensable.

Applications, with copies of testimonials, to reach the undersigned on or before the 1st of May 1877.

M. O. BOYD, *Offg. Dy. Commr.*

CACHAR, the 3rd April 1877.

Notice.

WANTED an Accountant for the Durbhunga Collectorate. Salary Rs. 50 per mensem. Preference will be given to those who have a knowledge of treasury accounts.

Applications, with copies of testimonials, will be received up to the 23rd instant.

A. MACDONNELL, *Offg. Collector.*

DURBHUNGA, the 13th April 1877.

Notice.

THE Directors have made the following change in the Bank's Establishment:—

Mr. G. I. Arbuthnot to be Acting Agent at Nagpore, in the room of Mr. Thos. Dyson, who has obtained leave to Europe.

W. D. CRICKSHANK, *Offg. Secy. and Treasurer.*

BANK OF BENGAL, Calcutta, 16th April 1877. (1265—1)

Notice.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the Taldanda and Machgaon Canals, which were closed for annual repairs from 10th February, were re-opened for traffic on the 10th March 1877.

Notice.

IT is hereby notified for general information that the main Western, Arrah, Doomraon, Beheca, and Buxar Canals will be closed for annual repairs from the 15th May to the 15th June 1877.

F. T. HAIG, *Col. R.E., Joint Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.*

WE have this day authorized Mr. Francis Arthur Eagleton to sign our firm **SIMPSON & Co.** CALCUTTA, the 29th March 1877. (1235—3)

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned intends to apply for admission as a Vakeel of the High Court. **ATSHOOTOSH DUBE, B.L.** (1249—4) *Plader, Judge's Court, 24-Pergunnahs.*

IN pursuance of Rule 17 of the High Court Rules dated 11th September 1873, it is hereby notified that the undersigned intends to apply to the High Court to be admitted to practise as a Vakeel of the said Court.

BACHARAM GHOSH, *Plader, Judge's Court, 24-Pergunnahs.*

(1237—4)

NOTICE is hereby given that there is certain Government Paper in this Office purporting to belong to Bebee Murray, pensioner of Colonel P. Murray.

A. B. MILLER, *Official Assignee.*

OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE'S OFFICE, CALCUTTA.

The 22nd March 1877.

(1224—6)

Bengal Municipal Act, 1876.

SECTION 103.

MUNICIPALITY OF THE SUBURBS OF CALCUTTA.

WHEREAS a valuation and rating list of the rate on the annual value of holdings has been deposited in the Office of the Commissioners as required by Section 103 of "the Bengal Municipal Act, 1876," notice is hereby given that the said list is open to the inspection of all persons desiring to inspect the same at the Office of the said Commissioners during office hours on any day, not being a close holiday, and that the several owners of the holdings included therein are hereby required to pay the quarterly instalments set opposite their names with regularity at the Office appointed by the Commissioners for the receipt of the same, or to the tax-collector or other officer authorized to receive payment; the first payment to be made on the 1st day of April, and every subsequent payment on or before the 1st day of July, the 1st day of October 1877, the 1st day of January 1878; and in default thereof, any arrear that may be due will be realized by distress and sale of the moveable property belonging to the defaulter, or which may be found on the holding in respect of which the valuation is made, and such other proceedings as are allowed by Law.

R. C. STERNDALE,

Vice-Chairman of the Commissioners.

Dated this the 1st day of April 1877. (1266—1)

The East India Tea Company, "Limited."

THE Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the registered Office, No. 5, Garstin's Place, on Monday, the 30th April, at three o'clock, to receive the Directors' Report and accounts, declare a further dividend, and transact such other business as may be brought forward.

R. BLANCHYDEN, *Secretary.*

CALCUTTA, the 16th April 1877.

(1264—2)

Muttuck Tea Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office, No. 9, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta, on Saturday, the 21st April next, at 3 P.M., to receive the Directors' report, to pass the accounts, and to transact such other business as may be brought forward.

C. N. KERNOT, M.D., *Managing Director.*
CALCUTTA, the 21st March 1877. (1210—2)

Outlecherra Tea Company, "Limited."

THE Sixth Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the registered Office, No. 12, Mission Row, on Wednesday, the twenty-fifth day of April 1877, at noon, for the purpose of receiving the Directors' report and accounts for the season ending 31st December last, declaring a further dividend, and transacting such other business as may be brought forward.

The share transfer books of the Company will be closed from the 16th to 25th instant, both days inclusive.

BEGG, DUNLOR & Co., *Secretaries.*
CALCUTTA, 9th April 1877. (1253—3)

Eastern Cachar Tea Company, "Limited."

SEASON 1876.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that the Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Eastern Cachar Tea Company, Limited, will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 14, Old Court House Street, on Wednesday, the 18th April, at noon, to receive the Directors' report and accounts for the year ending 31st January 1877, to declare a dividend, and to transact such other business as may be brought forward.

OCTAVIUS, STEEL & Co., *Agents & Secretaries.*
CALCUTTA, the 27th March 1877. (1230—4)

The India General Steam Navigation Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held on Wednesday, the 2nd day of May next, at noon, at the Office of the Company, No. 4, Fairlie Place, for the purpose of considering a special Resolution which it is intended to propose at the said meeting, with the intention of subsequently confirming the same at a subsequent meeting, in accordance with the provision of Section 51 of the Indian Company's Act, 1886, empowering the Directors to borrow, on such terms as to interest and time of repayment, and on such security, whether by Debentures charged on the property of the Company, or otherwise as they shall think expedient, a sum not exceeding five lakhs of rupees for the purpose of increasing the Company's fleet of Steamers.

By order of the Directors,

G. F. SCOTT, *Secretary.*

4, FAIRLIE PLACE, CALCUTTA, 5th April 1877. (1260—3)

Bengal Iron Works Company, "Limited."

AN Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the registered Office, No. 3, Fairlie Place, on Thursday, 19th April 1877, at noon, for the purpose of confirming the Resolution passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting held 3rd April 1877, viz.—

That Clauses 53 and 54 of the Articles of Association be expunged, and the following two clauses substituted:—

53. The business of the Company shall for the future be conducted and carried on in India by the firm of Messrs. Marillier and Edwards, of which firm Mr. Alexander Ranken McIntosh is now the sole partner, and such firm shall continue to be Agents and Secretaries of the Company until the Company shall by special resolution otherwise direct subject to the control of the Directors, and to suspension and removal in manner hereinafter contained.

54. The said firm of Marillier and Edwards shall and will, during the time they shall act as such Agents and Secretaries, hold and remain the Proprietors of the Company.

in the Capital Stock of the Company, and shall be remunerated by an allowance of Rs. 1,000 per month until a commission of 2½ per cent. on the proceeds of the Company's sales shall give a return exceeding that sum, when the said Agents and Secretaries shall be remunerated by such a commission in lieu of the allowance, and such allowance or commission, as the case may be, shall cover the charges to which the said Agents and Secretaries may be from time to time put in providing a suitable office and establishment in Calcutta for the use of the Company.

MARILLIER AND EDWARDS,
Agents and Secretaries.

CALCUTTA, 4th April 1877.

(1244—2)

Cocheela Tea Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that at 12 o'clock on the 23rd day of April 1877, an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above Company will be held at the registered Office of the Company, 104, Clive Street, when resolutions will be proposed for the confirmation of the following resolution, which was duly passed at a general meeting of the Company held on the 7th day of April 1877, namely—

"That the 15th Article of Association of the Company be amended by adding between the words ('new shares') and the words ('shall be considered') the following words, namely ('unless it shall be otherwise determined at the general meeting sanctioning such increase of capital')."

Immediately after the conclusion of the above general meeting another general meeting of the Company will be held, when it will be proposed that the capital of the Company be increased by the creation of 1,000 new shares of the nominal value of Rs. 100 each, and that no dividends be paid on such new shares for the period ending on the 31st December 1877, and that in the meantime, in lieu of dividends, the said new shares shall carry interest payable yearly out of the funds of the Company at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum, and that such interest shall be paid in priority to any dividends upon the old shares of the Company, and that after the 31st December 1879 the said new shares shall be considered as part of the original subscribed capital of the Company, and shall be subject to the same provisions in all respects as if it had been part of the original capital. Further, that the new shares be offered, in the first place, to the present shareholders respectively in the proportion of one new share to every two old shares held by them respectively, and that if any shareholder shall refuse or neglect to take up any shares so offered to him as aforesaid, such shares may be disposed of as the Directors may think most to the interest of the Company.

BORRADAILE, SCHILLER & Co., *Managing Agents*
CALCUTTA, 7th April 1877. (1252—2)

In the Goods of William Coish, deceased

PURSUANT to the Trustees and Mortgagees Powers Act, 1866, notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of William Coish, late of No. 7 Esplanade Row, Calcutta, boat and shoe-maker, deceased and probate of whose last will and testament was granted by the High Court at Calcutta in its testamentary and intestate jurisdiction on the 29th of March 1877 to Mrs. Frances Coish, of No. 7, Esplanade Row, Calcutta, the widow and sole executrix named in and appointed by the said will of the above-named deceased are hereby required to send in writing the particulars of their claim or demands to the said executrix at her residence, No. 7, Esplanade Row, Calcutta, on or before the 10th day of July next, and notice is hereby given that after such date the said executrix will be at liberty to distribute the assets of the said William Coish, deceased or any part thereof amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard to the claims of which the said executrix then has notice, and that the said executrix will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose claim the said executrix has not had notice at the time of such distribution.

Dated this 10th day of April 1877.

CHAUFERELL, KNOWLES, & ROBERTS,
Attorneys at Law.

**Goods of Harry George Wyatt, deceased,
late of Calcutta.****STATUTARY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.**

PURSUANT to "the Trustees and Mortgagees' Powers' Act, 1866," Notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims against the Estate of the deceased above named, Probate of whose will was granted to the undersigned on the 28th day of November 1876, by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William, are hereby required to send in writing the particulars of their claims to the undersigned at No. 14, Russel Street, in Calcutta, aforesaid, on or before the 31st day of May 1877, after which date the undersigned will distribute the Estate of the deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they have then had notice, and the undersigned will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose claim they shall have not had notice at the time of such distribution.

Executors of the said deceased.

WILLIAM BROAD.

G. E. CUMMING.

CALCUTTA, 28th March 1877.

(1267—2)

INSOLVENT NOTICES.**In the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at
Calcutta.**

In the matter of JOSEPH ANDERSON, of No. 20, Sibtollah Lane, in the Town of Calcutta, formerly a bazar supplier, afterwards in the employ of Baboo Chunder Coonar Bannerjee, of No. 18, Swallow Lane, and at present out of employ, an Insolvent

Notice that the petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act XI Vic., Chap. XXI, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on Monday, the 26th day of March last, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Insolvent in person.

IN the matter of JOSEPH ANDERSON, an Insolvent.

On Monday, the 26th day of March last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 1st day of May next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

IN the matter of HAGER CADREER, of No. 11, Hurreenbarree Lane, in the Town of Calcutta, late a merchant trading in piece-goods from Calcutta to Rangoon, and at present out of work, an Insolvent.

Notice that the petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act XI Vic., Chap. XXI, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on Thursday, the 29th day of March last, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Insolvent in person.

IN the matter of HAGER CADREER, an Insolvent.

On Thursday, the 29th day of March last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 5th day of June next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

B. IN the matter of WILLIAM FORBES GRAHAM, an Insolvent.

On Wednesday, the 4th day of April instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 5th day of June next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

S. J. Leslie, Attorney.

Chief Clerk's Office, the 17th day of April 1877.

POSTAL NOTICES.**List of Unclaimed Letters lying in the
Calcutta Post-Office on the
17th April 1877.**

Anderson, R. T.
Anthony, J.
Ayres, T. J.
Ballard, G.
Baptist, C.
Bates, W.
Bavary, R.
Bawl, R.
Bernard de Valleror.
Blamsten, Monsr. C.
Boyce, Miss M.
Cales, G. F.
Cameron, J.
Cannon, G.
Cardozo, R. J.
Carr, J.
Caser, I. N.
Clark, Miss Annie.
Correa, E. A.
Cresswell, Doyne & Co.
Dalmer, Lawrie & Co.
Davies, H.
Davison, T. M.
Day, Mrs.
Dodgson, Chas. H.
Doods, J.
DuBois, H.
Emilie, Melle.
Fagan, St. Leger.
Falmon, B.
Fan, Mrs. E. M.
Farmer, Mrs. L.
Floyd, H. P.
Forbes, G. J.
Garson, Mrs. C. E. M.
Gordon, James.
Goulbin, Miss P. E.
Granger, John H.
Hackerdon, Mrs. A. H.
Hay, C. W. W.
Hendrix, Rev. E. R.
Henford, T. E.

Jackson, Mrs. H. W.
Jones, Mrs. S.
Lackerstien, N. L.
Lane, W.
Loeming, J.
Lidwell, Miss F.
Linton, Mr.
Lorimer, J.
Mackenzie, G. R.
Mackintosh, D. S.
McArthur, J.
McNevin, F.
Middleton, Lewis.
Milman, W.
Molesworth, G.
Morrison, Frank.
Newmarch, Mrs.
Neville, Walter.
Nicolas, J.
Parker, H. B.
Percy, Hugh L. H.
Pereira, C.
Perroux, Mrs. C.
Rainer, H.
Reardon, J. P.
Reid, Louis D.
Reid, Mrs. M. A.
Roberts, Harry.
Scott, Mrs. G. A.
Shepherd, John.
Shircore, Miss A.
Stainforth, H. M.
Stewart, A. A. I.
Taylor, Miss E.
Thompson, C. L.
Thomson, W. P.
Tipping, R. G.
Wallace, Alex. (C. Engr.)
Wane, Innes B.
Woods, Miss.
Wotherspoon, Geo.
Yates, B. J.

Letters marked "Care of Post-Office to be kept till called for."

Agar, Henry.
Ameer Ally.
Andrew, Walter G. G.
Arthur, Geo.
Battye, Major H. D.
Beale, William.
Biggs, Robert O. C.
Bogie, James.
Bonerjee, Dr. S. A.
Brink, Miss P. A.
Brownfield, M.
Bromehead, Revd.
Caddy, D. G.
Campbell, Mrs. William.
Carrington & Wigley.
Carter, H. Mrs.
Chill, Mr.
Clarkson, Mr.
Cranbourn, Mrs.
Crossly, R.
Donegan, N.
Eaton, Mrs. G. W.
E. F. W.
Forbes, Mrs. L. R.
Frawley, M. A.
Friedwald, Madam F.
Glukman, Leone.
Graham, Mrs.
Gray, William.
Hudson, Thos.
Hughes, I. W.
Jackson, J. W.
Jenkinson, Mrs.

Johnstone, Ross.
Jones, B. F.
Jordon, F. J.
Kaikhosro Nowrosj Kabraj.
Kelly, Edward.
King, H. W.
Lawrie, G. W.
MacIntyre, A.
Mackenzie, Hector.
Macnamara, G. I.
Meyer, H. G.
Moran, Frank Conyngham.
Mirza Bazhoal Hossein.
Nichols, W. J.
Nixon, T. W.
Pierce, Mrs. J. O.
Power, W.
Reed, J.
Richardson, Geo.
Schapira, D.
Simpson, W.
Stone, B. J.
Storey, William.
Taylor, G. W.
Terlecki, Miss.
Thomas, S. B.
Watson, J. B.
Willard, J. C.
Williams, C. A.
Williams, W. J.
Young, Capt. Alx.
Zacharias, A. H.

Papers.

Battye, Major H. D. Holland, Capt.
Bellamy, J. Rydor, A.
Caddy, D. Williams, C. A.

Registered Letters.

Agents, Sunderchuck Coal Forbes, Mrs. L. R.
Company. Francis, Marples.
Cosing, H. Hill, G. W.
Duff, G. Stewart, Alex.
Fagan, L.

W. ALPIN, Offg. Post-Master of Calcutta.

THE following are the latest hours for posting letters in the General Post Office:—

Mails.	Final clearance of letter box.	Latest hour for receipt of registered letters and parcels.	REMARKS.
All stations on Loop Line, between Howrah and Ramporehaut, and on Chord, between Calcutta and Assensole	5-30 A.M.	5 P.M.	
DUM-DUM.			
1st Despatch	8 A.M.	7-30 A.M.	
2nd ditto	7-30 P.M.	5 P.M.	
BARRACKPORE.			
1st Despatch	6-30 A.M.	5 P.M.	
2nd ditto	6 P.M.	5 P.M.	
BARRASSETT.			
1st Despatch	1-30 P.M.	1 P.M.	
2nd ditto	7-30 P.M.	5 P.M.	
HOWRAH.			
1st Despatch	6 A.M.	5 P.M.	
2nd ditto	2 P.M.	1-30 P.M.	
3rd ditto	5 P.M.	4-30 P.M.	
4th ditto	7 P.M.	5 P.M.	
All stations on railway line between Howrah and Burdwan			
All stations on the East Indian Railway Loop Line in the Assam Provinces, Purneah, Julpigoree, Darjeeling, Berhampore, Baylin, Maldah, and Dinagpore districts	5 P.M.	4-30 P.M.	
All stations in the Dacca, Chittagong, Tipperah, Noakhali, Cachar, Sylhet, Kishinagar, Pubna, Fureedpore, Burrial, Mymensing, and Bogra districts	6-45 P.M.	5 P.M.	Mail train.
All stations on the Eastern Bengal Railway for Dacca	6-30 A.M.	5 P.M.	Slow train
All stations on the East Indian Railway Chord Line in the North-Western Provinces, Punjab, Scind, and Central Provinces, as well as those in the Bombay and Madras Presidencies	7 P.M.	5 P.M.	* With a late letter, fee of 1 anna up to 8 P.M.
Ooloobariah, Midnapore, Cuttack, Balasore, Pooree, and places in the Madras Presidency up to Virazpatnam	6 P.M.	5 P.M.	
Registered letters and parcels are received during the week from	7 to 8 A.M. & 12 to 5 P.M.		
And on Sundays, from	7 to 8 A.M. & 4 to 5 P.M.		

There is a Pillar Box at the gate of the East Indian Railway Station at Howrah which is closed at the following hours:—

5-45 A.M. }
2-15 P.M. } (Week days only.)
5-45 P.M. }
10-15 P.M. }

The peons usually leave this Office with deliveries on week days:—

1st Delivery 8 A.M.
2nd ditto 12-30 P.M.
3rd ditto 4 P.M.

On Sundays there will be two deliveries, viz.—

1st Delivery at 8 A.M.
2nd ditto at 12-30 P.M.

W. ALPIN, Offg. Post-Master.

GENERAL POST OFFICE, CALCUTTA,
The 2nd November 1875.

SEA AND OVERLAND MAILS.

For	Box closes at	Date.	Per Steamer.
Madras, Ceylon, and the Intermediate Ports ...	7 P.M.	18th April	<i>Ethiopia.</i>
Madras and Ceylon ...	7 "	18th "	<i>Peshawar.</i>
Straits and Hong-Kong ...	7 "	21st "	<i>Pengwin and A. Agar.</i>
Chittagong, Akyab, Kyauk Phyo, and Sandoway ...	7 "	22nd "	<i>Comilla.</i>
Rangoon, Moulmein, and Straits ...	7 "	22nd "	<i>Bagdad.*</i>
Persian Gulf ...	7 "	23rd "	From Bombay.
Ceylon and the Australian Colonies ...	7 "	25th "	From Bombay.

The next Overland Mail *via* Bombay will close at the General Post-Office on Friday, the 20th April 1877.

2. Book-post and pattern-packets must be posted on the 19th April 1877.

N.B.—The Letter Box will close at 7 P.M. precisely, after which hour Overland letters, fully prepaid and bearing an extra postage stamp of *two annas* on each cover, will be received up to 7-30 P.M., or bearing an extra postage stamp of *four annas* on each cover up to 8 P.M.

W. ALPIN, Offg. Post-Master of Calcutta.

CALCUTTA, the 17th April 1877.

* Mails for Port Blair and Comoota can be sent by this opportunity.

Nuddea Rivers.

Weekly Water Report showing the least depth of water in the Bhagiruttee and Jellinghee Rivers for the week ending Friday, the 13th April 1877.

Names of Rivers.

Least depth of water.

BHAGIRUTTEE.

Ft. In.

Entrance below Chourasia 6 0
Thence to Noorpore Junction, 6 miles ... 4 9
Thence to Jungipore, 9 miles ... 3 0
From Jungipore to Berhampore, 47 miles ... 3 6
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 50 miles ... 2 9
From Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles ... 2 9

JELLINGHEE AND BYRUB.

Entrance of Byrub from the Ganges ... 5 3
Thence to Junction with the Jellinghee ... 3 6
From Junction of Byrub and Jellinghee to Teakatta ... 3 9
From Teakatta to Nuddea ... 2 9

Height of water on gauge at Berhampore on the 16th April 1877, above zero, 1 foot 8½ inches.

T. H. WICKES, C.E.,

Exe. Engr., Nuddea Rivers Division.

BERHAMPORE, the 16th April 1877.

* Boats drawing 3 feet can pass.

The following books may be had from the office of Superintendent, Government Printing, No. 8, Hastings Street. No orders can be attended to unless accompanied by a remittance. When postage stamps are forwarded, one anna additional should be sent for every rupee's worth of stamps for discount in exchanging them for cash. Service labels are not received.

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The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 18, 1877.

PART IV.

Bills of the Bengal Council.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

THE following Bill was read in the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 14th April 1877, and was referred to a Select Committee for report:—

A Bill to extend the provisions of Bengal Act VII of 1873 (the Labor Districts Emigration Act) to the district of Chittagong and to the Chittagong Hill Tracts.

WHEREAS it is expedient to extend the provisions of Bengal Act VII of 1873 (the Labor Districts Emigration Act) to the district of Chittagong and to the Chittagong Hill Tracts: It is enacted as follows:—

1. For the third paragraph of section 3 of the said Act the following shall be substituted:

“The labor districts” means the districts of Assam, Cachar, Sylhet, Chittagong, and the Chittagong Hill Tracts, and “a labor district” means any one of those districts.

2. For the words “the districts of Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet,” in Schedule C and Schedule D of the said Act respectively the words “Assam, Cachar, Sylhet, Chittagong, and the Chittagong Hill Tracts” shall be substituted.

3. The provisions of Part III of the said Act shall be deemed to extend to all laborers who at the time of the commencement of this Act shall be serving in the district of Chittagong or the Chittagong Hill Tracts in accordance with any contracts to labor under which they may have been conveyed to the said districts at the expense of their employers.

4. This Act shall come into force from the date on which it may be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* with the assent of the Governor-General.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

OWING to the large number of imported laborers who are now employed in the tea gardens of Chittagong and the Chittagong Hill Tracts, it has been thought advisable to extend to those districts the provisions of the Labor Districts Emigration Act of 1873. At present that Act is confined to Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet, and the object of the present Bill is to extend it to Chittagong and the Chittagong Hill Tracts.

H. BELL.

The 10th April 1877.

W. E. H. FORSYTH,

Offg. Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Department.

THE following Bill was read in the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 14th April 1877, and was referred to a Select Committee, who are to report thereon in three weeks:—

A Bill to provide for Irrigation in the Provinces subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

WHEREAS it is necessary to make provision for the construction, maintenance, and regulation of canals, for the supply of water therefrom, and for the levy of rates on irrigable and protected lands in the provinces subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal: It is hereby enacted:—

PART I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act may be called "The Bengal Irrigation Act, 1877."

It shall take effect in those districts in the provinces subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, to which the said

Local extent and commencement.

Lieutenant-Governor shall extend it by an order published in the *Calcutta Gazette*; and shall commence on the day which shall be in such order provided for the commencement thereof.

2. On and from such day Bengal Act III of 1876 (the Bengal Irrigation Act) shall be repealed.

This repeal shall not affect the validity or invalidity of anything done or suffered, or any right, title, obligation, or liability accrued before the commencement of this Act.

And all rules prescribed, orders or appointments made, and agreements executed under the said Act shall (so far as they are consistent with this Act) be deemed to be respectively prescribed, made, and executed under this Act.

And all suits and proceedings now pending, which may have been commenced under the said Act, shall be deemed to be commenced under this Act.

3. In this Act—unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—

Interpretation clause.

"Canal."

(i) "Canal" includes—

(a) all canals, channels, and reservoirs hitherto constructed, maintained, or controlled by Government for the supply or storage of water, or which may hereafter be so constructed, maintained, or controlled;

(b) all works, embankments, structures, supply and escape-channels connected with such canals, channels, or reservoirs;

(c) all village-channels as defined in clause (ii) of the section;

(d) all drainage-works as defined in clause (iii) of this section;

(e) any part of a river, stream, lake, natural collection of water, or natural drainage-channel, to which the Lieutenant-Governor has applied the provisions of Part II of this Act, or of which the water has been applied or used for the passing of this Act for the purpose of any existing canal;

(f) all lands on the banks of any canal as defined in articles (a), (b), (c), (d), and (e) of this clause, which have been acquired by Government;

(ii) "Village-channel" means any channel by which water is led from a canal directly into the fields to be irrigated, and includes all subsidiary works connected with any such channel, except the sluice or outlet through which water is supplied from a canal to such channel.

(iii) "Drainage-work" means any work in connection with a system of irrigation which has been or may hereafter be made or improved by the Government for the purposes of the drainage of the country, whether under the provisions of Part IV of this Act or otherwise, and includes escape-channels from a canal, dams, weirs, embankments, sluices, groins, and other works connected therewith, but does not include works for the removal of sewage from towns.

(iv) "Flood-embankment" means any embankment constructed or maintained by the officers of Government in connection with any system of irrigation works for the protection of lands from inundation, or which may be declared by the Lieutenant-Governor to be maintained in connection with any such system; and includes all groins, spurs, dams, and other protective works connected with such embankments.

(v) "Collector" means the head Revenue Officer of a district, and includes any officer appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor to exercise all or any of the powers of a Collector under this Act.

(vi) "Court" means, in the Regulation Provinces, a principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction, and in the Non-Regulation Provinces, the Court of a Commissioner of a Division, unless when the Lieutenant-Governor has appointed (as he is hereby empowered to do), either specially for any case, or generally within any specified local limits, a judicial officer to perform the functions of a judge under this Act, and then the expression Court means the Court of such officer.

(vii) "Canal Officer" means an officer appointed under this Act to exercise control or jurisdiction over a canal or any part thereof; and includes every officer to whom any of the functions of a Canal Officer under this Act have been assigned by the Lieutenant-Governor.

(viii) "Canal Engineer" means any officer of the Public Works Department entrusted with the construction and executive management of canals.

(ix) "Section" means a section of this Act.

(x) "Owner" includes every person having a joint interest in the ownership of the thing specified; and all rights and obligations which attach to an owner under the provisions of this Act shall attach jointly and severally to every person having such joint interest in the ownership.

(xi) "Irrigable lands" means lands so situate as to be capable of receiving canal water for purposes of cultivation.

(xii) "Protected lands" means lands protected from river floods by flood-embankments.

(xiii) "Estate" means (1) any land or share in land subject to the payment to Government of an annual sum in respect of which the name of a proprietor is entered on the register known as the general register of all revenue-paying estates, or in respect of which a separate account may, in pursuance of Section 10 or of Section 11 of Act XI of 1859, have been opened;

(2) any land or share in land of more than 20 acres in extent separately entered in the register of revenue-free tenures;

(3) any land the revenue or rent of which may be payable directly to the Collector or any person specially appointed by him to collect the same;

(4) any land acquired under any rules issued by or under authority of Government for the sale, grant, or clearance of waste lands.

(xiv) "Tenure" includes every interest in land whether rent-paying or not, save an estate as above defined, and save the interest of a cultivating ryot.

(xv) "District" means the portion of territory throughout which any person vested with the power of a Collector is authorized to exercise such powers.

(xvi) "Holder of an estate or tenure" means all or any of the holders thereof; and where two or more persons are jointly holders thereof they shall be jointly and severally liable under this Act.

(xvii) "Cultivating ryot" means a person cultivating land and paying rent therefor not exceeding one hundred rupees per annum.

4. Nothing contained in the Bengal Embankment Act, 1873, shall apply to any canal or flood-embankment as defined in this Act.

5. The Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time declare, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, the officers by whom, and the local limits within which, all or any of the powers or duties hereinafter conferred or imposed shall be exercised or performed.

PART II.

OF THE APPLICATION OF WATER FOR PUBLIC PURPOSES.

6. Whenever it appears expedient to the Lieutenant-Governor that the water of any river or stream flowing in a natural channel, or of any lake or other natural collection of still water, should be applied or used by the Government for the purpose of any existing or projected canal;

the Lieutenant-Governor may, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, declare that the said water will be so applied or used after a day to be named in the said notification, not being earlier than three months from the date thereof.

7. At any time after the day so named, any Canal Officer, acting under the orders of the Lieutenant-Governor in this behalf, may enter

on any land and remove any obstructions, and may close any channels, and do any other thing necessary for such application or use of the said water.

8. As soon as is practicable after the issue of such notification, the Collector shall cause public notice to be given at convenient places stating that the Government intends to apply or use the said water as aforesaid, and that claims for compensation in respect of the matters mentioned in section eleven may be made before him.

A copy of sections eleven, twelve, and thirteen shall be annexed to every such notice.

9. When any claim for compensation is made before the Collector in accordance with the last preceding section, the Collector shall issue a notice requiring all persons interested in the matter in respect of which compensation is claimed, to appear personally or by agent before him at a time and place therein mentioned (such time not being earlier than fifteen days after the date of publication of the notice), and to state the nature of their respective interests in the property affected, and the amount and particulars of their claims to compensation for such interests.

The Collector shall also serve notice to the same effect on the occupier (if any) of the land entered on, and on such persons known or believed to be interested in the matter in respect of which compensation is claimed, or to be entitled to act for persons so interested, as reside within his district.

10. The Collector may also require any person on whom a notice may be served under the last preceding section, and who makes a claim for compensation in accordance therewith, to deliver to him a statement containing, so far as may be practicable, the name of every other person possessing any interest in the property affected or any part thereof as co-proprietor, sub-proprietor, mortgagee, tenant, or otherwise, and of the nature of such interest, and of the rents and profits (if any) received or receivable on account thereof for the year next preceding the date of the statement.

If any person shall fail to comply within the time fixed by the notice with a requisition made under this section, the Collector may impose upon him such daily fine as he may think fit not exceeding fifty rupees; and such fine shall be payable daily until the requisition is complied with; and the Collector may proceed from time to time to levy the amount which has become due in respect of any such fine, notwithstanding that an appeal against the order imposing such fine may be pending;

Provided that whenever the amount levied under any such order shall have exceeded five hundred rupees, the Collector shall report the case specially to the Commissioner, and no further levy in respect of such fine shall be made otherwise than by authority of the Commissioner.

Every person required to make or deliver a statement under this section shall be deemed to be legally bound to do so within the meaning of sec-

tions one hundred and seventy-five and one hundred and seventy-six of the Indian Penal Code.

Damage for which compensation shall not be awarded.

11. No compensation shall be awarded for any damage caused by—

- (a) stoppage or diminution of percolation or floods;
- (b) deterioration of climate or soil;
- (c) stoppage of navigation, or of the means of rafting timber or watering cattle. But compensation may be awarded in respect of any of the following matters:—

Matters in respect of which compensation may be awarded.

- (d) stoppage or diminution of supply of water through any natural channel to any defined artificial channel, whether above or underground, in use at the date of the issue of the notification under section six:
- (e) stoppage or diminution of supply of water to any work erected for purposes of profit on any channel, whether natural or artificial, in use at the date of the said notification:
- (f) stoppage or diminution of supply of water through any natural channel which has been used for purposes of irrigation within the five years next before the date of the said notification:
- (g) damage done in respect of any right to a water-course or the use of any water to which any person is entitled under the Indian Limitation Act, 1871, Part IV:
- (h) any other substantial damage, not falling under any of the above clauses (a), (b), or (c), and caused by the exercise of the powers conferred by this Act, which is capable of being ascertained and estimated at the time of awarding such compensation.

Notwithstanding anything contained in clause (c), compensation may be

Compensation for loss of tolls lawfully levied.

awarded in respect of the loss of any tolls which were lawfully levied on any river or channel at the time of the issue of the notification mentioned in section six.

In determining the amount of compensation under this section, regard shall be had to the diminution in the market-value, at

Diminution in market-value to be considered.

the time of awarding compensation, of the property in respect of which compensation is claimed; and where such market-value is not ascertainable, the amount shall be reckoned at twelve times the amount of the diminution of the annual net profits of such property, caused by the exercise of the powers conferred by this Act.

No right to any such supply of water as is referred to in clauses (d), (e), or (f) of this section, in respect of a work or channel not in use at the date of the notification, shall be acquired as against the Government, except by grant or under the Indian Limitation Act, 1871, Part IV.

12. If any supply of drinking-water is substantially deteriorated or diminished by any works undertaken in accordance

Compensation for loss of drinking-water.

with a declaration made by the Lieutenant-Governor under section six, the Canal Officer shall be bound to provide within convenient distance an adequate supply of good drinking-water in lieu of that so deteriorated or diminished, and no person shall be entitled to claim any further compensation in respect of the said deterioration or diminution.

13. No claim for compensation for any such stoppage, diminution, or damage shall be entertained

Limitation of claims.

after the expiration of six months from such stoppage, diminution, or damage, unless the Collector is satisfied that the claimant had sufficient cause for not making the claim within such period.

14. On the day fixed in the notice mentioned

Enquiry into claim and tender of compensation.

in section nine, the Collector shall proceed to enquire summarily into the claim and to determine the amount of compensation which in his opinion should be allowed therefor, and shall tender such amount to the persons interested who have attended in pursuance of the notice given under section nine.

For the purpose of such enquiry, the Collector shall have power to summon and enforce the attendance of witnesses and to compel the production of documents by the same means, and, as far as may be, in the same manner as is provided in the case of a civil court under the Code of Civil Procedure.

15. The Collector may, if no claimant attends

Postponement of enquiry.

pursuant to the notice, or if for any other cause he thinks fit, from time to time postpone the enquiry to a day to be fixed by him.

16. If the Collector and the persons interest-

Award in case of compensation being agreed on.

ed agree as to the amount of compensation to be allowed, the Collector shall make an award under his hand for the same.

Such award shall be filed in the Collector's

Award to be filed and to be evidence.

office, and shall be conclusive, as between the Collector and the persons interested, of the value of the said property and the amount of compensation allowed for the same.

17. If the Collector and the persons interest-

Collector to refer the matter to Court when compensation not accepted as sufficient.

ed do not agree as to the amount of compensation to be allowed, or if upon the said enquiry any question respecting the title to the property of which the value has been diminished, or any right thereto, or interest therein, arises between or among two or more persons making conflicting claims in respect thereof, the Collector shall refer the matter to the determination of the Court in manner hereinafter provided.

18. If, when the Collector proceeds to make

Collector to record certain particulars in certain cases.

the enquiry as mentioned in sections fourteen and fifteen, no claimant attends, or if any person whom the

Collector has reason to think interested does not attend, the Collector shall hold a proceeding and record the following particulars:—

- (a) the nature and extent of the property of which the value has been diminished and in respect of which compensation is claimed, and the character and extent of the damage done;
- (b) the names of the persons whom he has reason to think interested in such property;
- (c) the amount fixed by him as compensation; and
- (d) the grounds on which such amount was determined;

and shall place the amount so fixed by him in deposit, there to be held on account of the persons interested, and shall issue a notice to the persons believed to be interested informing them that the said amount has been deposited as required by this section, and that should no application be made to the Court (as provided in the next succeeding section) within six weeks of the issue of the notice on the last of the persons named therein, the Collector will pay the amount to any persons legally authorized to receive and to give an acquittance for the same.

19. Any person on whom notice may be served under the last preceding section, and any person interested in any property in respect of which such notice has been issued, may, within six weeks of the service of such notice, apply to the Court stating his objection to the amount of compensation as fixed by the Collector under the last preceding section, and the amount which he claims as compensation. On receipt of such application the Court shall proceed to determine the amount of compensation to be paid on account of the claim and all other matters, as if a reference had been made to it under section seventeen.

20. In making reference under section seventeen the Collector shall state, for the information of the Court, the particulars mentioned in section eighteen.

21. On receipt of a reference under section seventeen the Court shall proceed, as far as may be practicable, in accordance with sections nineteen to twenty-three (inclusive), and sections twenty-six to thirty-six (inclusive), of the Land Acquisition Act, 1870.

Provided that instead of the last clause of the said section twenty-six the following shall be read: "The provisions of this section and of section eleven of the Bengal Irrigation Act, 1877, shall be read to every assessor in a language which he understands, before he gives his opinion as to the amount of compensation to be awarded."

22. Where there are several persons interested, if such persons agree in the apportionment of the compensation the particulars of such apportionment shall be specified in

the award, whether such award be made by the Collector or by the Court, and as between such persons the award shall be conclusive evidence of the correctness of the apportionment.

23. When the amount of compensation has been settled under section sixteen, if any dispute arises as to the apportionment of the same or any part thereof the Collector shall refer such dispute to the decision of the Court.

All costs entailed by such a reference, and the proceedings of the Court thereon, shall be paid by the parties who dispute the apportionment of the compensation in such proportions as the Court may direct, and the Collector shall not be required to disburse any such costs, nor shall any such costs be recovered from the Collector.

24. When the amount of compensation has been settled by the Court, and there is any dispute as to the apportionment thereof, or when a reference to the Court has been made under the last preceding section, the Judge sitting alone shall decide the proportions in which the persons interested are entitled to share in such amount.

An appeal shall lie from every such decision to the High Court, unless the Judge whose decision is appealed from is not the District Judge, in which case the appeal shall lie, in the first instance, to the District Judge.

Every appeal under this section shall be presented within the time and in manner provided by the Code of Civil Procedure for regular appeals in suits.

25. Payment of the compensation shall be made by the Collector in accordance with the award made by him under section sixteen; or the proceeding held by him under section eighteen, if no application be made to the Court as provided by section nineteen; or the award made by the Court, or the decision of the Judge under section twenty-one; or, in the case of an appeal under section twenty-four, in accordance with the decision in appeal, as the case may be.

26. The amount of compensation fixed by any award, proceeding, or decision, as specified in the last preceding section shall

b. the full amount payable by the Government in respect of the claim dealt with therein; and the Government shall not be liable for any further claim to any person whatever in respect of any matter which was the subject of such award, proceeding, or decision; nor shall any such claim be made against the Government in respect of the payment of any portion of such compensation in accordance with any award, proceeding, or decision as aforesaid, or in accordance with any decision of the Judge, or of the District Judge, or of the High Court in appeal, as the case may be, under section twenty-four; and no suit shall be brought to set aside an award or decision under this Act.

27. Nothing contained in the last preceding section shall affect the liability of any person who may receive the whole or

Disputes as to apportionment.

Determination of proportions.

Appeal.

Payment of compensation.

Government not liable to any further claim.

Liability of person receiving compensation not affected.

And to place the amount of compensation in deposit.

Objections may be made to the amount of compensation fixed by the Collector.

Procedure in making reference under section seventeen.

Procedure on receipt of a reference under section seventeen.

Particulars of apportionment to be specified.

any part of any compensation awarded under this Act to pay the same to the person lawfully entitled thereto.

28. Every tenant holding under an unexpired lease, or having a right of occupancy, who is in occupation of any land at the time when any stoppage or diminution of the supply, in respect of which compensation is allowed under section eleven, takes place, may claim an abatement of the rent previously payable by him for the said land, on the ground that the interruption reduces the value of the holding; provided that no part of the said compensation shall have been received by the said tenant in respect of such reduction in the value of his holding.

29. If a water-supply increasing the value of such holding is afterwards restored to the said land otherwise than at the cost of the tenant, the rent of the tenant may be enhanced, in respect of the increased value of such land due to the restored water-supply, to an amount not exceeding that at which it stood immediately before the abatement.

Such enhancement shall be on account only of the restored water-supply, and shall not affect the liability of the tenant to enhancement of rent on any other grounds.

30. All sums of money payable for compensation under this Part shall become due three months after the claim for such compensation is made in respect of the stoppage, diminution, or damage complained of, and simple interest at the rate of six per centum per annum shall be allowed on any such sum remaining unpaid after the said three months, except where the non-payment of such sum is caused by the wilful neglect or refusal of the claimant to receive the same.

Provided that the Collector may at any time invest the whole or any portion of the amount payable as compensation under this Act in any Government securities, and such securities shall be held by the Collector for the benefit of the persons interested, and the persons interested shall be bound to receive such securities with any interest which may have accrued upon them as full payment of the sum which the Collector paid for such securities, and of any sum which he may have paid as expenses incurred in purchasing the same, and of any interest which might otherwise have accrued on such sums.

31. No compensation shall be claimable under this Act in respect of any works executed before it came into force, or of any damage, injury, or loss caused by such works.

32. Service of any notice under this Part shall be made by delivering or tendering a copy thereof signed by the officer therein mentioned.

Whenever it may be practicable, the service of the notice shall be made on the person therein named.

When such person cannot be found, the service may be made on any adult male member of his family residing with him; and if no such adult male member can be found, the notice may be served by fixing the copy on the outer door of the house in which the person therein named ordinarily dwells or carries on business; and if such person has no ordinary place of residence within the district, service of any notice may be made by sending copy of such notice by post in a registered cover addressed to such person at his usual place of residence.

PART III.

OF THE MAINTENANCE OF CANALS.

33. Whenever it shall be necessary to make any enquiry or examination in connection with a projected canal or with the maintenance of an existing canal, or with a projected flood-embankment, or with the maintenance of an existing flood-embankment, any Canal Officer or other person acting under the general or special orders of a Canal Officer, may enter upon such lands as he may think necessary for the purpose, and may exercise all powers and do all things in respect of such lands as he might exercise and do if the Government had issued a notification under the provisions of section four of the Land Acquisition Act, 1870, to the effect that land in that locality is likely to be needed for a public purpose; and may set up and maintain water gauges, and do all other things necessary for the prosecution of such enquiry and examination.

34. Such Canal Officer or other person may also enter upon any land, building, or village-channel on account of which any water-rate is chargeable, for the purpose of inspecting or regulating the use of the water supplied, or of measuring the lands irrigated thereby or chargeable with a water-rate, and of doing all things necessary for the proper regulation and management of the canal from which such water is supplied.

35. In case of any accident being apprehended or happening to a canal or flood-embankment, any Canal Officer, or any person acting under his general or special orders in this behalf, may enter upon any lands adjacent to such canal or flood-embankment, and may execute all works which may be necessary for the purpose of preventing such accident, or repairing any damage done.

36. When such Canal Officer or person proposes, under the provisions of either of the three last preceding sections, to enter into any building or enclosed court or garden attached to a dwelling-house not supplied with water flowing from any canal, and not being adjacent to a flood-embankment, he shall previously give to the occupier of such building, court, or garden such reasonable notice as the urgency of the case may allow.

37. In every case of entry upon any land or building under section seven, section thirty-three, section thirty-four, or section thirty-

five, the Canal Officer or person making the entry shall ascertain and record the nature of any crop, tree, building, or other property, to which damage has been done, and the extent of the damage done to any such property, and shall tender compensation to the proprietors or occupiers for all damage done to the same by the entry or by any works executed. If such tender is not accepted, the Canal Officer shall refer the matter to the Collector, who shall thereupon give notice in writing to the person interested in such land and to the Canal Officer, requiring them to attend before him, on a date to be fixed in the notice, for the purpose of making enquiry as to the amount of compensation.

38. After such enquiry as he may think necessary, the Collector shall decide the amount of compensation payable; and such decision shall be subject to an appeal to the Commissioner of the Division; provided that such appeal be presented to the Commissioner, or to the Collector for transmission to the Commissioner within thirty days of the decision appealed against.

If no such appeal be preferred, the decision of the Collector, or if such appeal be preferred, the decision of the Commissioner, shall be final and conclusive.

39. Suitable means of crossing canals constructed or maintained at the cost of Government shall be provided at such places as the Lieutenant-Governor thinks necessary for the reasonable convenience of the inhabitants of the adjacent lands; and suitable bridges, culverts, or other works shall be constructed to prevent the drainage of the adjacent lands being obstructed by any canal.

On the completion of any canal, or of any convenient section of any canal, the Collector, after causing such inspection to be made as may be necessary, shall certify to the Government that suitable and sufficient means of crossing the canal, and suitable and sufficient means of drainage, as aforesaid, have been provided; or shall report in what respects the provision made for the above purposes is defective; and if at any time after he shall have given such certificate it shall be brought to his notice that the provision made as above has proved insufficient, the Collector shall cause inquiry to be made into the circumstances of the case, and if the statement is established, shall report his opinion thereon for the consideration of the Lieutenant-Governor, and the Lieutenant-Governor shall cause such measures in reference thereto to be taken as he thinks proper.

PART IV.

OF DRAINAGE.

40. Whenever it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor that injury to the public health or public convenience, or to any canal, or to any land for which irrigation from a canal is available, has arisen or may arise from the obstruction of any river,

stream, or natural drainage-course, the Lieutenant-Governor may, by notification published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, prohibit, within limits to be defined in such notification, the formation of any such obstruction, or may, within such limits, order the removal or other modification of such obstruction.

Thereupon so much of the said river, stream, or natural drainage-channel as is comprised within such limits shall be held to be a drainage-work as defined in section three.

41. The Canal Officer or other person authorized by the Lieutenant-Governor in that behalf may, after such publication, issue an order to the person causing or having control over any such obstruction, to remove or modify the same within a time to be fixed in the order.

42. If, within the time so fixed, such person does not comply with the order, the Canal Officer may cause the obstruction to be removed or modified; and if the person to whom the order was issued does not, when called upon, pay the expenses of such removal or modification, such expenses shall be recoverable as a demand under the provisions of section one, Bengal Act VII of 1868 (*an Act to make further provision for the recovery of arrears of land revenue and public demands recoverable as arrears of revenue*).

43. Whenever it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor that any drainage works are necessary for the public-health, or for the improvement or proper cultivation or irrigation of any lands in districts to which the provisions of the Bengal Embankment Act, 1873, do not apply, or that protection from floods or other accumulations of water, or from erosion by a river, is required for any lands,

the Lieutenant-Governor may cause a scheme for such works to be drawn up and carried into execution, and the persons authorized by the Lieutenant-Governor to draw up and execute such scheme may exercise in connection therewith all or any of the powers conferred on Canal Officers by sections thirty-three, thirty-four, and thirty-five, and shall be liable to any or all of the obligations imposed upon Canal Officers by sections thirty-six and thirty-seven.

44. Whenever, in pursuance of a notification made under section forty, any obstruction is removed or modified;

or whenever any drainage-work is carried out under the last preceding section,

all claims for compensation on account of any loss consequent on the removal or modification of the said obstruction or the construction of such work, may be made before the Collector, and he shall deal with the same in the manner provided in Part II; but no compensation shall be allowed for any damage arising from increase of percolation.

45. No such claim shall be entertained after the expiration of six months from the occurrence of the loss complained of, unless the Collector is satisfied that the claimant had

sufficient cause for not making the claim within such period.

PART V.

PAYMENT OF RATES

46. All irrigable lands shall be liable to the payment of a rate (hereinafter called "the irrigation rate"), and all protected lands shall be liable to the payment of a rate (hereinafter called "the protection rate"), and the said rates shall be recoverable from the several owners and occupiers of such lands as hereinafter provided.

Provided that irrigable lands which are also protected lands shall not be liable to the protection rate except in the case hereinafter mentioned.

47. The Lieutenant-Governor shall from year to year determine the amount of the said rates; but the irrigation rate shall not exceed two rupees on every acre, and the protection rate shall not exceed eight annas on every acre.

48. (1) Every holder of an estate shall yearly pay the entire amount of the said rates for the irrigable and protected lands comprised in his estate to the Collector, by such instalments and on such days as may be fixed for payment of the instalments of Government revenue due in respect of his estate, if revenue be payable thereon, and if no revenue be payable thereon, then upon such days as shall be for that purpose appointed by any order of the Lieutenant-Governor under the provisions hereinafter contained.

(2) Every holder of a tenure and holder of revenue-free land of not more than 20 acres in extent shall yearly pay to the holder of the estate within which the land held by him is included the entire amount of the said rates for the irrigable and protected lands comprised in his tenure.

(3) Every cultivating ryot shall pay to the person to whom his rent is payable the entire amount of the said rates for the irrigable and protected lands held by him.

Provided that when a holder of an estate or tenure is entitled, by the terms of his settlement or lease, to enhance the rent of any subordinate tenure-holder or cultivating ryot, such subordinate tenure-holder or cultivating ryot shall only pay one-half of the irrigation or protection rates for which he is assessed to such holder of an estate or tenure, and such half shall be recoverable as hereinafter provided.

Provided also that when any holder of an estate or tenure paying revenue to Government is not entitled to enhance as aforesaid, any subordinate tenure-holder or cultivating ryot shall pay the whole of the irrigation or protection rates for which he is assessed to such holder of an estate or tenure.

49. Every amount which may become due to Government in respect of any arrears of the said rates shall be deemed to be demand under section one of Bengal Act VII of 1868 (an Act to make further provision for the recovery of arrears of land revenue and public

demands recoverable as arrears of land revenue), and shall be recoverable as such.

50. Payment of irrigation and protection rates by the holder of a tenure or by a cultivating ryot shall be made in the proportion of the instalments of rent payable in respect of such tenure or ryottee holding; and if there be no rent payable in respect thereof, then by two equal half-yearly instalments upon such days as shall be appointed by any order of the Lieutenant-Governor made under the provisions hereinafter contained.

51. Every holder of an estate or tenure to whom any sums may be payable under the provisions of this Act may recover the same in the same manner and under the same penalties as if the same were arrears of rent due in respect of the land in respect of which such sum may be payable. And any shareholder in an estate or tenure who may have paid the irrigation or protection rates payable in respect of such estate or tenure, may recover from his co-sharers such sum as may be payable in respect of their shares as arrears of rent, or may take credit for such sums in any adjustment of accounts between himself and his co-sharers.

52. All lands held without payment of rent, and not being estates entered on the register of revenue-free tenures of the district, shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to form a part of the tenure within the local boundaries of which they may be included, and if they be not included within the local boundary of any tenure, then to be a part of the estate within the local boundaries of which they are included, and if they be not included within the local boundaries of any estate, then to be a part of such conterminous estate as the Collector, in whose district such conterminous estate is situated, shall by an order under his seal appoint. And the irrigation or protection rates in respect of such lands shall be payable by the holder of the estate or tenure of which they are deemed to form a part, and shall be recoverable under the provisions of section 49 or section 51, as the case may be. Or such lands may, if the Collector shall see fit, be entered on a separate register to be kept for the purposes of this Act by the Collector, and thereupon irrigation or protection rates shall be payable thereon and shall be recoverable in respect thereof as if the same were an estate.

PART VI.

DUTIES OF GOVERNMENT AND LAND-HOLDERS, &c.

53. It shall be the duty of the Government to provide and maintain an adequate supply of water for irrigation purposes and adequate drainage to all lands assessed with the irrigation rate, and no remission or deduction from the irrigation rate shall be allowed to the persons liable to pay the same except in cases where the Government shall have failed to provide such adequate supply of water, or where the drainage is injuriously obstructed, when the person whose lands are

affected thereby shall be entitled to such remission of the rate as may be authorized by the Lieutenant-Governor.

Provided that in such cases such lands shall, if protected, be liable to pay the protection rate.

54. It shall be the duty of the Government to provide and maintain adequate embankments and protection from floods to all lands assessed with the protection rate, and no remissions or deductions from the protection rate shall be allowed to the person liable to pay the same, except in cases where the Government shall have failed to provide such adequate embankments and protection from floods, when the person whose lands are affected thereby shall be entitled to such remission of the rate as may be authorized by the Lieutenant-Governor.

55. The Government shall not be bound to bring water for purposes of irrigation beyond the boundary of a village, nor, where the irrigable lands are not situate within the limits of a village, within the distance of one mile from such irrigable lands.

56. Every holder of an estate or tenure and cultivating ryot shall be bound to afford a free passage for water for irrigation purposes through or over the lands held or occupied by them to irrigable areas beyond such lands, and for that purpose shall construct and maintain such village-channels as in the opinion of the Collector or Canal Officer may be necessary, and if they fail to do so, the Collector or Canal Officer may require them by notice to execute the necessary works and repairs within a period not being less than fifteen days, and in the event of failure may execute them in his behalf; and all expenses incurred by the execution of such works or repairs shall be a sum due by such holder of an estate or tenure and cultivating ryot to Government, and shall be recoverable in the same manner as arrears of rates under section 50 of this Act.

57. It shall be the duty of the occupiers of irrigable lands, under the supervision and control of the owners thereof, and with their assistance, to construct and maintain village-channels leading the water to their lands from the main channels constructed and maintained by the Government.

58. If any holder of an estate shall in any way obstruct the making of such village-channels or the passing of water through the same, any subordinate tenure-holder or cultivating ryot interested in the construction and maintenance of such village-channels may apply to the Collector or Canal Officer, who shall, if satisfied of the necessity for interference, serve a notice on such holder of an estate directing him to cause such village-channels to be made, or to do or to abstain from doing any act or acts in connection therewith, as by the said notice may be prescribed.

59. In the event of any holder of an estate refusing or neglecting to comply with the terms of such notice, the Collector shall, after due inquiry, cause

such village channels as he deems requisite to be made, and recover the cost of making the same from such holder of an estate in the same manner as arrears of rates recoverable under section 49 of this Act.

60. If any subordinate tenure-holder or cultivating ryot refuse or neglect to make or in any way obstruct the passage of water through such village channels, the owner of the estate in which the lands of such tenure-holder or ryot are comprised may apply to the Collector or Canal Officer, who shall, if satisfied with the necessity for interference, serve a notice on such tenure-holder or ryot directing him to make the necessary village-channels and to afford a free passage to water through the same, or to do or to abstain from doing any act or acts in connection therewith, as by the said notice may be prescribed.

61. In the event of any subordinate tenure-holder or cultivating ryot refusing or neglecting to comply with the terms of the said notice, the Collector shall, after due inquiry, cause such village-channels as he deems requisite to be made, and recover the cost of making the same from such subordinate tenure-holder or cultivating ryot in the same manner as arrears of rates recoverable under section 51 of this Act.

62. The liability of any holder of an estate or tenure, or of any cultivating ryot, incurred under sections 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, and 61 to afford a free passage for water or to construct or maintain village-channels shall in no case extend beyond the limits of his estate, tenure, or holding, and where several persons may be liable as aforesaid, the Collector or Canal Officer shall apportion the work to be done and the proportion of cost to be paid, in accordance with the area of irrigable land held or cultivated by each and irrigated from the village-channel constructed.

PART VII.

OF THE SUPPLY OF WATER.

63. All rules made by the Lieutenant-Governor under section 86 shall be consistent with the following conditions:—

(a) The Canal Officer may not stop the supply of water to any village-channel, or to any person who is rated for such supply, except in the following cases:—

- (i) whenever and so long as it is necessary to stop such supply for the purpose of executing any work ordered by competent authority;
- (ii) whenever and so long as any village-channel is not maintained in such repair as to prevent the wasteful escape of water therefrom;
- (iii) whenever and so long as it is necessary to do so in rotation to supply the legitimate demands of other persons entitled to water;
- (iv) whenever and so long as it may be necessary to stop the supply in order to prevent the wastage or misuse of water.

64. On application being made for a supply of water to be used for purposes other than those of irrigation, the Canal Officer may give permission for water to be taken for such purposes under such special conditions and restrictions as to the limitation and control of the supply as he shall think proper to impose in each case.

65. If water supplied through a village-channel be suffered to run to waste, and if, after enquiry by the Canal Officer, the person through whose act or neglect such water was suffered to run to waste cannot be discovered, all the persons rateable in respect of the water supplied through such village-channel shall be jointly liable for the charges made in respect of the water so wasted, as determined by the Lieutenant-Governor under section eighty-six.

All questions arising under this section shall be decided by the Canal Officer, subject to the provisions of section 78.

PART VIII. OF PROCEDURE.

66. Immediately on the extension of this Act to any district or tract of country a general notice shall be published by the Collector setting forth the liability of all irrigable and protected lands to pay a fixed rate, and the district and general boundaries within which the same shall be levied.

67. Immediately on the issue of such notice the Canal Officer shall prepare and submit to the inspection of the Collector a sketch map showing clearly the extent and boundaries of the irrigable areas commanded by each canal, or portion of a canal within his jurisdiction, and shall prepare a specification of boundaries within which the Canal Engineer shall certify that canals, distributaries, and appliances for delivery of an adequate supply of water exist in good and sufficient repair, and that efficient drainage has been provided to carry off surplus water or flood.

68. The sketch map shall also show clearly the area and boundaries of lands not irrigable but adequately protected from floods by flood-embankments, and the Canal Engineer shall further certify that such embankments are in an efficient state of repair.

69. Upon receipt of such sketch maps and certificates, the Collector shall prepare a list of all holders of estates and tenures within the areas certified by the Canal Engineer as irrigable and protected, and shall serve upon each of such holders of an estate or tenure a notice to return within fifteen days from the issue thereof the following particulars:—

- (a) A list of the occupants of the lands comprised in his estate or tenure,
- (b) The area of such holding,
- (c) The nature of such holding,

(d) The amount of irrigation or protection rate leviable from such occupant, or payable by such holder of an estate or tenure.

70. Before proceeding to check such last mentioned lists, the Collector or Canal Officer shall cause to be published a proclamation addressed to all holders of estates or tenures and cultivating ryots concerned, calling on them to attend either personally or by agent before the Collector or Canal Officer, or any officer authorized by the Collector or Canal Officer in that behalf, at such places and at such times as shall be stated in such proclamation, for the purpose of pointing out their lands and facilitating proper checking of the lists, and of rendering such aid as may be necessary for the purposes of this Act.

Such proclamation shall be published by posting a copy thereof at such place or places near the village in which such lands are situate as to the Collector may seem fit.

After issue of a proclamation as aforesaid, every person concerned shall be legally bound to attend and to give any information which may be required, or to produce any papers that may be called for so far as he may be able.

71. The list shall be checked and tested by the Collector, and after approval by him, shall be published in every village concerned.

72. All objections made by any person whose lands are included in such lists shall be made within fifteen days from the publication of such lists, and shall be heard and determined by the Collector, whose decision shall be final.

73. Copies of such lists as finally corrected by the Collector or Canal Officer shall be given to all holders of estates interested therein, and shall be their warrant to collect and pay the rates mentioned therein.

PART IX. OF JURISDICTION.

74. Whenever a dispute arises between two or more persons in regard to their mutual rights or liabilities in respect of the use, construction, or maintenance of a village-channel, any such person interested may apply in writing to the Canal Officer stating the matter in dispute. Such officer shall thereupon give notice to the other persons interested that, on a day to be named in such notice, he will proceed to inquire into the said matter, and after such inquiry, he may pass his order thereon, or may transfer the matter to the Collector, who shall thereupon inquire into and pass his order on the said matter.

75. Whenever any dispute arises among joint owners of a village-channel as to their shares of expense or as to the amounts severally contributed, or as to failure on the part of any owner to contribute his share, the matter

may be decided after inquiry by the Canal Officer or Collector, as provided in the last preceding section.

76. Any order passed by the Collector under either of the two last preceding sections, and, subject to the provisions of section seventy-eight, any such order passed by a Canal Officer, shall remain in force until set aside by the decree of a Civil Court, and may be executed by any Canal Officer as if it were a decree of the Civil Court.

77. All suits arising out of the exercise of the power of distraint for recovery of irrigation or protection rates, or out of any acts done under color of the exercise of the said power of distraint,

or by persons in receipt of the irrigation or protection rates, against any agents employed by them in the collection of such rates, or the sureties of such agents for money received or for accounts kept by such agents in the course of such employment, or for papers in their possession,

shall be cognizable by the same Court or authority as would have jurisdiction if such rates were rent due for the land irrigated.

78. Every order passed by a Canal Officer under Part VII and Part IX of this Act, shall be appealable to the Collector, provided that the appeal be presented within thirty days of the date on which the Canal Officer made the order appealed against; and no appeal shall lie against any proceeding or order of the Collector under this Act, except as otherwise expressly provided in this Act, but all such proceedings and orders shall be subject to the supervision and control of the Commissioner of the Division and of the Board of Revenue, who may pass such order thereon as they may respectively think fit.

79. Any officer empowered under this Act to conduct any inquiry may exercise all such powers connected with the summoning and examining of witnesses as are conferred on Civil Courts by the Code of Civil Procedure; and every such inquiry shall be deemed a judicial proceeding.

PART X.

OF OFFENCES AND PENALTIES.

80. Whoever voluntarily and without proper authority does any of the acts following, that is to say—

- (1) damages, alters, enlarges, or obstructs any canal or drainage work;
- (2) interferes with, increases or diminishes the supply of water in, or the flow of water from, through, over, or under any canal or drainage work, or by any means raises or lowers the level of the water in any canal or drainage work;
- (3) being responsible for the maintenance of a village-channel, or using a village-channel, neglects to take proper precautions for the prevention of waste of the

water thereof, or interferes with the authorized distribution of the water therefrom or uses such water in an unauthorized manner;

- (4) corrupts or fouls the water of any canal so as to render it less fit for the purposes for which it is ordinarily used;
 - (5) destroys, defaces, or moves any level mark or watergauge fixed by the authority of a public servant;
 - (6) destroys or removes any apparatus, or part of any apparatus for controlling or regulating the flow of water in any canal or drainage-work;
 - (7) passes, or causes animals or vehicles to pass in or across any of the works, banks, or channels of a canal contrary to rules made under this Act, after he has been desired to desist therefrom;
 - (8) without the permission of the Canal Officer causes, or knowingly and wilfully permits any cattle to graze upon any flood-embankments, or tethers, or causes or knowingly and wilfully permits any cattle to be tethered upon any such embankments, or roots up any grass or other vegetation growing on any such embankments, or removes, cuts, or in any way injures or causes to be removed, cut, or otherwise injured any trees, bushes, grass, or hedge intended for the protection of such embankment;
 - (9) violates any rule made under the Act, for breach whereof a penalty may be incurred;
- shall, in case the offence shall not amount to mischief within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code, and on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one month, or to both.

81. Whoever, without the authority of the Canal Officer—

- (1) pierces or cuts through, or attempts to pierce or cut through, or otherwise to damage, destroy, or endanger the stability of any flood-embankment;
- (2) opens, shuts, or obstructs or attempts to open, shut, or obstruct, any sluice in any such embankment;
- (3) makes any dam or other obstruction for the purpose of diverting or opposing the current of a river on the banks whereof are flood-embankments, or refuses or neglects to remove any such dam or obstruction when so required by the Canal Officer;

shall, in case the offence shall not amount to mischief within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code, and on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred rupees, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

82. Whenever any person is convicted of an offence under either of the last two preceding sections, the convicting Magistrate may order that he shall

Obstruction to be removed and damage repaired.

remove the obstruction or repair the damage in respect of which the conviction is held within a period to be fixed in such order. If such person neglects or refuses to obey such order within the fixed period, the Canal Officer may remove such obstruction or repair such damage, and the cost of such removal or repair shall be levied from such person by the Collector as a demand under section one of the aforesaid Bengal Act VII of 1868.

83. Any person in charge of or employed upon any canal, may remove from the lands or buildings belonging thereto, or may take into custody without a warrant and take forthwith before a Magistrate or to the nearest police-station, to be dealt with according to law, any person who within his view commits any of the following offences:—

Persons employed on canal may take offenders into custody.

- (1) wilfully damages or obstructs any canal;
- (2) without proper authority interferes with the supply or flow of water, in or from any canal or in any river or stream, so as to make dangerous or render less useful any canal.

84. Nothing herein contained shall prevent any person from being prosecuted under any other law for any offence punishable under this Act: provided that no person shall be punished twice for the same offence.

Saving of prosecution under other laws.

85. Whenever any person is fined for an offence under this Act, the Magistrate may direct that the whole or any part of such fine may be paid by way of compensation to any person injured by such offence, or to any person who gave information leading to the detection of such offence, or to the conviction of the offender.

Compensation to person injured

PART XI.

OF SUBSIDIARY RULES.

86. The Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time make rules to regulate the following matters:—

Power to make, alter, and cancel rules.

(a) the proceedings of any officer who, under any provision of this Act, is required or empowered to take action in any matter;

(b) the cases in which, the officers to whom, and the conditions subject to which, orders and decisions given under any provisions of this Act, and not expressly provided for as regards appeal, shall be appealable;

(c) the person by whom, the time, place, or manner at or in which, anything for the doing of which provision is made in this Act, shall be done;

(d) the amount of any charge made under this Act;

(e) the dates for payment of instalments of rates under sections 48 and 50.

(f) and generally to carry out the provisions of this Act.

The Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time alter or cancel any rules so made.

Such rules, alterations, and cancelment shall be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and shall thereupon have the force of law.

Provided that no rules shall be made by the Lieutenant-Governor under the powers conferred on him by this section until a draft of the same shall have been published in the *Calcutta Gazette* for one month, after which time the Lieutenant-Governor may pass such rules as originally published, or with such alterations, additions, and omissions as he may think fit.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

THE Government of India having imposed upon the Government of Bengal the duty of maintaining, and paying interest on, its own canals, it has become necessary to raise the required amount by imposing a rate on all lands benefited by such canals or protected from flood by embankments. It is proposed to make all irrigable lands liable to the payment of a rate not exceeding Rs. 2 per acre, and all protected lands, if not irrigable, liable to a rate not exceeding 8 annas per acre. These rates, as a general principle, are to be payable by the cultivator, the zemindar being made responsible for collecting them and handing them over to Government. The duty of constructing and maintaining village-channels is thrown upon the occupiers of land under supervision of the owner thereof, and provision is made in the Bill for the enforcement of these obligations. Remission of rates is to be allowed in cases where the Government may fail to supply sufficient water or to maintain adequate embankments.

In consequence of the principle of compulsory payment of rates being adopted, it becomes necessary to repeal the sections of the Bengal Irrigation Act, 1876, which relate to the voluntary payment of water-rates; and as the present Bill somewhat changes the law relating to the construction and maintenance of village-channels, it has been thought advisable to repeal the whole Act, and to incorporate in the present Bill such of its provisions as are not inconsistent with the new principles involved.

T. E. RAVENSHAW.

The 9th April 1877.

W. E. H. FORSYTH,

Offg. Asst. Secy. to the Govt of Bengal,
Legislative Department.

THE following report of a Select Committee, together with the Bill as amended by them, is, by order of the President, published for general information :—

WE, the undersigned members of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, to whom the Bill "to provide for the levy of a cess for the construction and maintenance of provincial public works" was referred, have the honor to make the following report :—

The alterations which we have made in the Bill do not call for much remark.

In order to save expense we have explained that the notices to be served under sections 22 and 36 of the Road Cess Act may also include the amount of the public works cess.

We have provided for an annual statement of accounts in the *Calcutta Gazette* showing how the cess has been assessed.

We have given the Lieutenant-Governor the same power to make rules as are conferred by the Road Cess Act and made a few verbal changes.

We recommend that the Bill be passed as amended by us.

H. J. REYNOLDS.

T. E. RAVENSHAW.

ISSER CHUNDER MITTER.

KRISTODAS PAL.

The 14th April 1877.

AMENDED BILL.

A Bill to provide for the levy of a cess for the construction and maintenance of Provincial Public Works.

WHEREAS it is expedient to empower the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal to levy a cess on immovable property and to apply the proceeds of the same to the construction, charges and maintenance of Provincial Public Works; it is enacted as follows :—

1. This Act may be called "the Provincial Public Works Act, 1877."

It shall extend to all the districts or parts of districts in which "the District Road Cess Act, 1871" is, or may from time to time be, in force. But the Lieutenant-Governor by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette* may exempt any district, or sub-division of a district, or any estate or tenure from the operation of this Act.

It shall come into force from the date on which it may be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* with the assent of the Governor-General.

2. From and after the commencement of this Act, all immovable property situated within the districts or parts of districts in which this Act is, or may from time to time be, in force, shall be liable to the payment of a cess (hereinafter called "the public works cess"), to be applied to the construction, charges and maintenance of provincial public works, and such cess shall be recoverable from the several owners and occupiers of such property as hereinafter provided

3. All valuations of immovable property which have been or may from time to time be determined under Parts II, III, and IV of the District Road Cess Act, 1871, shall be deemed to be valuations of immovable property for the purposes of this Act.

4. The Lieutenant-Governor shall by an order published in the *Calcutta Gazette* from year to year determine the rate at which the public works cess shall be leviable in each district and the date from which it shall take effect; such rate shall not exceed one half of an anna in the rupee of the annual value of the lands in such district.

5. All holders of estates or tenures, and cultivating ryots, shall pay the public works cess at the rate determined under the last preceding section, and in the manner and the proportions prescribed for the payment of the road cess by section 21 of the said District Road Cess Act; and the provisions of sections 22, 24, 25, 26, and 27, of the said Act shall apply to the public works cess.

6. Every mine, quarry, tramway, railway, or other immovable property, not included within the provisions of Part II and Part IV of the said District Road Cess Act, shall be liable to the payment of the public works cess at the rate determined under section 4 of this Act and in the manner and subject to the limitations prescribed for the payment of the road cess by section 28 of the said District Road Cess Act; and subject to section 8 of this Act, the provisions of sections 36 and 37 of the said Act shall apply to the public works cess.

The notices required to be served under sections 22 and 36 of the said District Road Cess Act may also include the amount of public works cess payable under this Act.

7. All houses of any of the classes mentioned in Schedule (E) annexed to the said District Road Cess Act, shall, save as is provided in section 40 of the said Act, be liable to the payment of the public works cess at the rates specified in the said schedule, and in the manner prescribed for the payment of the road cess by section 39 of the said District Road Cess Act; and, subject as aforesaid, the provisions of sections 45, 46, 47, and 48, of the said Act shall apply to the public works cess.

8. Every amount which may become due to Government in respect of any arrears of the public works cess shall be deemed to be a demand under section 1 of Bengal Act VII of 1868 (*an Act to make further provision for the recovery of arrears of Land Revenue and Public Demands recoverable as arrears of Land Revenue*), and shall be recoverable as such.

9. The proceeds of the public works cess shall be paid into the public treasury, and shall be applied to the construction, charges and maintenance of provincial public works in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor may direct. Accounts of the moneys received and expended under the provisions of this Act shall be kept in such form as the Lieutenant-Governor may prescribe, and a statement showing the receipts, expenditure, and balance, of the public works cess shall be published annually in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

10. In this Act the words and expressions "house," "estate," "tenure," "district," "immoveable property," "holder of an estate or tenure," "cultivating ryots," and "annual value of land," shall have the meanings attributed to them respectively in the said District Road Cess Act.

11. The Lieutenant-Governor shall have power to declare, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, what works are to be deemed provincial public works for the purposes of this Act, and shall have the same powers to make rules for the purposes of this Act as are conferred by section 97 of the said District Road Cess Act.

W. E. H. FORSYTH,

*Offg. Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Legislative Department.*



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 18, 1877.

PART V.

Act of the Legislative Council of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

[Third Publication.]

The following Act of the Governor General of India in Council received the assent of His Excellency the Governor General on the 30th March 1877, and is hereby promulgated for General information :—

ACT No. X OF 1877.

THE CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE.

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An Act to Consolidate and amend the Laws relating to the Procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the laws relating to the procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act may be cited as "The Code of Civil Procedure;" and it shall come into force on the first day of October 1877.

This section and section 3 extend to the whole of British India. The other sections extend to the whole of British India except the Scheduled Districts as defined in Act No. XIV of 1874.

2. In this Act, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—

"chapter." "chapter" means a chapter of this Code :

"district" means the local limits of the jurisdiction of a principal civil Court of original jurisdiction (hereinafter called a 'District Court'), and includes the local limits of the ordinary original civil jurisdiction of a High Court : every Court of a grade inferior to that of a District Court and every Court of Small Causes shall, for the purposes of this Code, be deemed to be subordinate to the High Court and the District Court :

"pleader" means every person entitled to appear and plead for another in Court, and includes an advocate, a vakil and an attorney of a High Court :

"Government Pleader" includes also any officer appointed by the Local Government to perform all or any of the functions expressly imposed by this Code on the Government Pleader.

"Collector" means every officer performing the duties of a Collector of land-revenue :

"judgment" means the statement given by the Judge as the grounds of the order or decree by which a suit or other judicial proceeding is determined :

"decree" means the formal order of the Court in which the result of the decision of the suit or other judicial proceeding is embodied. An order on appeal, remanding a suit for re-trial, is not within this definition :

"Judge." "Judge" means the presiding officer of a Court :

"judgment-debtor" means any person against whom a decree or order has been made :

"decree-holder" means any person in whose favour a decree or any order capable of execution has been made, and includes any person to whom such decree or order is transferred :

"written" includes printed and lithographed, and "writing" includes print and lithography :

"signed" includes "marked" when the person making the mark is unable to write his name :

"foreign Court" means a court situate beyond the limits of British India and not having authority in British India nor established by the Governor General in Council :

"foreign judgment" means the judgment of a foreign Court :

"public officer" means a person falling under any of the following descriptions (namely) :—

Every Judge ;

Every covenanted servant of Her Majesty ;

Every commissioned officer in the military or naval forces of Her Majesty while serving under Government ;

Every officer of a Court of Justice whose duty it is, as such officer, to investigate or report on any matter of law or fact, or to make, authenticate or keep any document, or to take charge or dispose of any property, or to execute any judicial process, or to administer any oath, or to interpret, or to preserve order in the Court, and every person specially authorized by a Court of Justice to perform any of such duties ;

Every person who holds any office by virtue of which he is empowered to place or keep any person in confinement ;

Every officer of Government whose duty it is, as such officer, to prevent offences, to give information of offences, to bring offenders to justice, or to protect the public health, safety or convenience

Every officer whose duty it is, as such officer, to take, receive, keep or expend any property on behalf of Government, or to make any survey, assessment or contract on behalf of Government, or to execute any revenue process, or to investigate, or to report on any matter affecting the pecuniary interests of Government, or to make, authenticate or keep any document relating to the pecuniary interests of Government, or to prevent the infraction of any law for the protection of the pecuniary interests of Government, and every officer in the service or pay of Government, or remunerated by fees or commission for the performance of any public duty.

And in any part of British India in which this Code operates, "Government" includes the Government of India as well as the Local Government.

3. The enactments specified in the first schedule hereto annexed are hereby repealed to the extent mentioned in the third column of the same schedule.

But when in any Act, Regulation or Notification passed or issued prior to the day on which this Code comes into force, reference is made to Act VIII of 1859, Act XXIII of 1861, or the 'Code of Civil Procedure,' or to any other Act hereby repealed, such reference shall, so far as may be practicable, be read as applying to this Code or the corresponding part thereof ;

Nothing herein contained shall affect the procedure prior to decree in any suit instituted or appeal presented before this Code comes into force.

4. Save as provided in the second paragraph of section 3, nothing herein contained shall be deemed to affect the following enactments (namely) :—

The Central Provinces Courts Act, 1865 :
The Panjáb Courts Act, 1865 :
Act No. XXVII of 1867 :
The Oudh Civil Courts Act, 1871 :
The Panjáb Appeals Act, 1873 :
The Burma Courts Act, 1875 :

or any local law prescribing a special procedure for suits between landlord and tenant,
or any local law providing for the partition of immoveable property.

And where under any of the said Acts concurrent civil jurisdiction is given to the Commissioner and the Deputy Commissioner, the Local Government may declare which of such officers shall for the purposes of this Code be deemed to be the District Court.

5. The chapters and sections of this Code specified in the second schedule hereto annexed extend (so far as they are applicable) to Courts of Small Causes constituted under Act No. XI of 1865. The other chapters and sections of this Code do not extend to such Courts. And nothing herein contained shall be deemed to enlarge the powers which such Courts now possess for the purposes of effecting attachments or executing decrees.

6. Nothing in this Code affects the jurisdiction or procedure—

(a) of Military Courts of Request ;

(b) of a single officer duly appointed in the Presidency of Bombay to try small suits in military bazars at cantonments and stations occupied by the troops of that Presidency ; or

(c) of Village Munsifs or Village Panchayats under the provisions of the Madras Code ;

(d) of the Recorder of Rangoon sitting as an Insolvent Court in Rangoon, Maulmain, Akyab or Bassein,

or shall operate to give any Court jurisdiction over suits of which the amount or value of the subject-matter exceeds the pecuniary limits (if any) of its ordinary jurisdiction.

7. With respect to-

Saving of certain Bombay laws.

(a) the jurisdiction exercised by certain jágirdárs and other authorities invested with powers under the provisions of Bombay Regulation XIII of 1830 and Act XV of 1840 in the cases therein mentioned; and

(b) cases of the nature defined in the enactments specified in the third schedule hereto annexed,

the procedure in such cases and in the appeals to the Civil Courts allowed therein, shall be according to the rules laid down in this Code, except where those rules are inconsistent with any specific provisions contained in the enactments mentioned or referred to in this section.

8. Save as provided in sections 3, 25, 86, 223, 225, 386 and chapter XXXIX, this

Presidency Small Cause Courts.

Code shall not extend to any suit or proceeding in any Court of Small Causes established in the towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay.

But the Local Government may, by notification published in the official Gazette, extend to any such Court this Code or any part thereof, except so far as relates to appeals and reviews of judgment.

Division of Code.

9. This Code is divided into ten Parts as follows:—

The first Part: Suits in General.

The second Part: Incidental Proceedings.

The third Part: Suits in particular Cases.

The fourth Part: Provisional Remedies.

The fifth Part: Special Proceedings.

The sixth Part: Appeals.

The seventh Part: Reference to and Revision by the High Court.

The eighth Part: Review of Judgment.

The ninth Part: Special Rules relating to the Chartered High Courts.

The tenth Part: Certain Miscellaneous Matters.

PART I. OF SUITS IN GENERAL.

CHAPTER I.

OF THE JURISDICTION OF THE COURTS AND RES JUDICATA.

No person exempt from jurisdiction by reason of descent or place of birth.

10. No person shall, by reason of his descent or place of birth, be in any civil proceeding exempted from the jurisdiction of any of the Courts.

11. The Courts shall (subject to the provisions

herein contained) have jurisdiction to try all suits of a civil nature excepting suits of which their cognizance is barred by any enactment for the time being in force.

Explanation.—A suit in which the right to property or to an office is contested is a suit of a civil nature, notwithstanding that such right may depend entirely on the decision of questions as to religious rites or ceremonies.

12. Except where a suit has been stayed under

Pending suits.

section 20, the Court shall not try any suit in which the matter in issue is also directly and substantially

in issue in a previously instituted suit for the same relief between the same parties, or between parties under whom they or any of them claim, pending in the same or any other Court, whether superior or inferior, in British India having jurisdiction to grant such relief, or in any Court beyond the limits of British India established by the Governor General in Council and having like jurisdiction, or before Her Majesty in Council.

Explanation.—The pendency of a suit in a foreign Court does not preclude the Courts in British India from trying a suit founded on the same cause of action.

13. No Court shall try any suit or issue, in

Res judicata.

which the matter directly and substantially in issue has been heard and finally decided by a Court of competent jurisdiction, in a former suit between the same parties, or between parties under whom they or any of them claim, litigating under the same title.

Explanation I.—The matter above referred to must in the former suit have been alleged by one party and either denied or confessed, expressly or impliedly, by the other.

Explanation II.—Any matter which might and ought to have been made ground of defence or attack in such former suit shall be deemed to have been a matter directly and substantially in issue in such suit.

Explanation III.—Any relief claimed in the plaint, which is not expressly granted by the decree, shall, for the purpose of this section, be deemed to have been refused.

Explanation IV.—A decision is final within the meaning of this section when it is such as the Court making it could not alter (except on review) on the application of either party or reconsider of its own motion. A decision liable to appeal may be final within the meaning of this section until the appeal is made.

Explanation V.—Where persons litigate *bona fide* in respect of a private right claimed in common for themselves and others, all persons interested in such right shall, for the purpose of this section, be deemed to claim under the persons so litigating.

Explanation VI.—Where a foreign judgment is relied on, the production of the judgment duly authenticated is presumptive evidence that the Court which made it had competent jurisdiction, unless the contrary appear on the record; but such presumption may be removed by proving the want of jurisdiction.

When foreign judgment no bar to suit in British India.

14. No foreign judgment shall operate as a bar to a suit in British India—

(a) if it has not been given on the merits of the case

(b) if it appears on the face of the proceedings to be founded on an incorrect view of international law or of any law in force in British India:

(c) if it is in the opinion of the Court before which it is produced contrary to natural justice:

(d) if it has been obtained by fraud:

(e) if it sustains a claim founded on a breach of any law in force in British India.

CHAPTER II.

OF THE PLACE OF SUING.

15. Every suit shall be instituted in the Court in which suit to of the lowest grade competent to try it.

Suits to be instituted where subject-matter situate.

16. Subject to the pecuniary or other limitations prescribed by any law, suits—
(a) for the recovery of immoveable property,
(b) for the partition of immoveable property,
(c) for the foreclosure or redemption of a mortgage of immoveable property,
(d) for the determination of any other right to or interest to or in immoveable property,
(e) for compensation for wrong to immoveable property,
(f) for the recovery of moveable property actually under distraint or attachment,
shall be instituted in the Court within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the property is situate:

Provided that suits to obtain relief respecting, or compensation for wrong to, immoveable property held by or on behalf of the defendant may, when the relief sought can be entirely obtained through his personal obedience, be instituted either in the Court within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the property is situate, or in the Court within the local limits of whose jurisdiction he actually and voluntarily resides, or carries on business, or personally works for gain.

Explanation.—In this section 'property' means property situate in British India.

17. Subject to the limitations aforesaid, all other suits shall be instituted in a Court within the local limits of whose jurisdiction—
Suits to be instituted where defendants reside or cause of action arose.

(a) the cause of action arises, or
(b) all the defendants, at the time of the commencement of the suit, actually and voluntarily reside, or carry on business, or personally work for gain; or
(c) any of the defendants, at the time of the commencement of the suit, actually and voluntarily resides, or carries on business, or personally works for gain: provided that either the leave of the Court is given, or the defendants who do not reside, or carry on business, or personally work for gain as aforesaid acquiesce in such institution.

Explanation I.—Where a person has a permanent dwelling at one place and also a lodging at another place for a temporary purpose only, he shall be deemed to reside at both places in respect of any cause of action arising at the place where he has such temporary lodging.

Explanation II.—A Corporation or Company shall be deemed to carry on business at its sole or principal office in British India or, in respect of any cause of action arising at any place where it has also a subordinate office, at such place.

Illustrations.

(a.) A is a tradesman in Calcutta. B carries on business in Delhi. B, by his agent in Calcutta, buys goods of A, and requests A to deliver them to the East Indian Railway Company. A delivers the goods accordingly in Calcutta. A may sue B for the price of the goods either in Calcutta, where the cause of action has arisen, or in Delhi, where B carries on business.

(b.) A resides at Simla, B at Calcutta, and C at Delhi. A, B and C being together at Benares, B and C make a joint promissory note payable on demand, and deliver it to A. A may sue B and C at Benares, where the cause of action arose. He may also sue them at Calcutta, where B resides, or at Delhi, where C resides; but in each of these cases, if the non-resident defendant objects, the suit cannot be maintained without the leave of the Court.

18. In suits for compensation for wrong done to person or moveable property, if the wrong was done within the local limits of the jurisdiction of one Court and the defendant resides, or carries on business, or personally works for gain within the local limits of the jurisdiction of another Court, the plaintiff may at his option sue in either of the said Courts.

Illustrations.

(a.) A, residing in Delhi, beats B in Calcutta. B may sue A either in Calcutta or in Delhi.

(b.) A, residing in Delhi, publishes in Calcutta statements defamatory of B. B may sue A either in Calcutta or in Delhi.

(c.) A, travelling on the line of a Railway Company whose principal office is at Howrah, is upset and injured at Allahabad by negligence imputable to the Company. He may sue the Company either at Howrah or at Allahabad.

19. If the suit be to obtain relief respecting, or compensation for wrong to, immoveable property situate in single districts, but within jurisdictions of different Courts, the suit may be instituted in the Court within whose jurisdiction any portion of the property is situate; provided that, in respect of the value of the subject-matter of the suit, the entire claim be cognizable by such Court.

If the immoveable property be situate within the limits of different districts, the suit may be instituted in any Court, otherwise competent to try it, within whose jurisdiction any portion of the property is situate.

20. If a suit which may be instituted in more than one Court is instituted in a Court within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the defendant or all the defendants does not or do not actually and voluntarily reside, or carry on business, or personally work for gain, the defendant or any defendant may, after giving notice in writing to the other parties of his intention to apply to the Court to stay proceedings, apply to the Court accordingly;

and if the Court, after hearing such of the parties as desire to be heard, is satisfied that justice is more likely to be done by the suit being instituted in some other Court, it may stay proceedings either finally or till further order, and make such order as it thinks fit as to the costs already incurred by the parties or any of them.

In such case, if the plaintiff so requires, the Court shall return the plaint with an endorsement thereon of the order staying proceedings.

Every such application shall be made at the earliest possible opportunity, and in all cases before the issues are settled; and any defendant not so applying shall be deemed to have acquiesced in the institution of the suit.

21. Where the Court, under section 20, stays

Remission of court-fee where suit instituted in another Court. proceedings, and the plaintiff re-institutes his suit in another Court, the plaint

shall not be chargeable with any court-fee; provided that the proper fee has been levied on the institution of the suit in the former Court, and that the plaint has been returned by such Court.

22. Where a suit may be instituted in more

Procedure where Courts in which suit may be instituted are subordinate to the same appellate Court. Courts than one, and such Courts are subordinate to the same appellate Court, any defendant, after giving notice in writing to the other parties

of his intention to apply to such Court to transfer the suit to another Court, may apply accordingly; and the appellate Court, after hearing the other parties, if they desire to be heard, shall determine in which of the Courts having jurisdiction the suit shall proceed.

23. Where such Courts are subordinate to

Procedure where they are not so subordinate different appellate Courts, but are subordinate to the same High Court, any defendant, after giving notice in writing to the other parties of his intention to apply to the High Court to transfer the suit to another Court having jurisdiction, may apply accordingly. If the suit is brought in any Court subordinate to a District Court, the application, together with the objections, if any, filed by the other parties, shall be submitted through the District Court to which such Court is subordinate. The High Court may, after considering the objections, if any, of the other parties, determine in which of the Courts having jurisdiction the suit shall proceed.

24. Where such Courts are subordinate to

Procedure where they are subordinate to different High Courts. different High Courts, any defendant may, after giving notice in writing to the other parties of his intention to apply to the High Court within whose jurisdiction the Court in which the suit is brought is situate, apply accordingly.

If the suit is brought in any Court subordinate to a District Court, the application, together with the objections, if any, filed by the other parties, shall be submitted through the District Court to which such Court is subordinate,

and such High Court shall, after considering the objections, if any, of the other parties, determine in which of the several Courts having jurisdiction the suit shall proceed.

25. The High Court or District Court may, on

Transfer of suits. the application of any of the parties, after giving notice to the parties and hearing such of them as desire to be heard, or of its own motion, without giving such notice, withdraw any suit whether pending in a Court of first instance or in a Court of appeal subordinate to such High Court or District Court, as the case may be, and try the suit itself, or transfer it for trial to any other such subordinate Court competent to try the same in respect of its nature and the amount or value of its subject-matter.

For the purposes of this section, the Courts of Additional and Assistant Judges shall be deemed to be subordinate to the District Court.

The Court trying any suit withdrawn under this section from a Court of Small Causes shall, for the purposes of such suit, be deemed to be a Court of Small Causes.

CHAPTER III.**OF PARTIES AND THEIR APPEARANCES, APPLICATIONS AND ACTS.****26. All persons may be joined as plaintiffs in**

Persons who may be joined as plaintiffs. whom the right to any relief claimed is alleged to exist, whether jointly, severally, or in the alternative, in respect of the same cause of action. And judgment may be given for such one or more of the plaintiffs as may be found to be entitled to relief, for such relief as he or they may be entitled to, without any amendment. But the defendant, though unsuccessful, shall be entitled to his costs occasioned by so joining any person who is not found entitled to relief, unless the Court in disposing of the costs of the suit otherwise directs.

27. Where a suit has been instituted in the

Court may substitute name of the wrong person as plaintiff for or to plaintiff suing. name of the wrong person as plaintiff, or where it is doubtful whether it has been instituted in the name of the right plaintiff, the Court may, if satisfied that the suit has been so commenced through a *bond fide* mistake, and that it is necessary for the determination of the real matter in dispute so to do, order any other person or persons to be substituted or added as plaintiff or plaintiffs upon such terms as the Court thinks just.

28. All persons may be joined as defendants

Persons who may be joined as defendants. against whom the right to any relief is alleged to exist, whether jointly, severally or in the alternative, in respect of the same matter. And judgment may be given against such one or more of the defendants as may be found to be liable, according to their respective liabilities, without any amendment.

29. The plaintiff may, at his option, join as

Joinder of parties liable on same contract. parties to the same suit all or any of the persons severally, or jointly and severally, liable on any one contract, including parties to bills of exchange, hundis and promissory notes.

30. Where there are numerous parties having

One party may sue or defend on behalf of all in same interest. the same interest in one suit, one or more of such parties may, with the permission of the Court, sue or be sued, or may defend in such suit, on behalf of all parties so interested. But the Court shall in such case give, at the plaintiff's expense, notice of the institution of the suit to all such parties either by personal service or (if from the number of parties or any other cause such service is not reasonably practicable), then by public advertisement, as the Court in each case may direct.

31. No suit shall be defeated by reason of the

Suit not to fail by misjoinder of parties, and reason of misjoinder. the Court may in every suit deal with the matter in controversy so far as regards the rights and interests of the parties actually before it.

Nothing in this section shall be deemed to enable plaintiffs to join in respect of distinct causes of action.

32. The Court may, on or before the first hearing, upon the application of either party, and on such terms as the Court thinks just, order that the name of any party, whether as plaintiff or as defendant, improperly joined, be struck out; and the Court may at any time, either upon or without such application, and on such terms as the Court thinks just, order that any plaintiff be made a defendant or that any defendant be made a plaintiff, and that the name of any person who ought to have been joined whether as plaintiff or defendant or whose presence before the Court may be necessary in order to enable the Court effectually and completely to adjudicate upon and settle all the questions involved in the suit, be added.

No person shall be added as a plaintiff, or as the next friend of a plaintiff, without his own consent.

Any person on whose behalf a suit is instituted or defended under section 30 may apply to the Court to be made a party to such suit.

All parties whose names are so added as defendants shall be served with a summons in manner hereinafter mentioned, and (subject to the provisions of the Indian Limitation Act, section 22) the proceedings as against them shall be deemed to have begun only on the service of such summons.

The Court may give the conduct of the suit to such plaintiff as it deems proper.

33. Where a defendant is added, the plaintiff, if previously filed, shall, unless the Court direct otherwise, be amended in such manner as may be necessary, and an amended copy of the summons shall be served on the new defendant and the original defendants.

34. All objections for want of parties, or for joinder of parties who have no interest in the suit, or for misjoinder as co-plaintiffs or co-defendants, shall be taken at the earliest possible opportunity, and in all cases before the first hearing; and any such objection not so taken shall be deemed to have been waived by the defendant.

35. When there are more plaintiffs than one, any one or more of them may be authorized by any other of them to appear, plead or act for such other in any proceeding under this Code: and in like manner when there are more defendants than one, any one or more of them may be authorized by any other of them to appear, plead or act for such other in any such proceeding.

The authority shall be in writing, signed by the party giving it, and shall be filed in Court.

Recognized Agents and Pleadings.

36. Any appearance, application or act in or to any Court, required or authorized by law to be made or done by a party to a suit or appeal in such Court, may, except when otherwise expressly provided by any

law for the time being in force, be made or done by the party in person, or by his recognized agent, or by a pleader duly appointed to act on his behalf:

Provided that any such appearance shall be made by the party in person if the Court so direct.

37. The recognized agents of parties by whom such appearances, applications and acts may be made or done are—

(a) persons holding general powers-of-attorney from parties not resident within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court within which limits the appearance, application or act is made or done, authorizing them to make and do such appearances, applications and acts on behalf of such parties;

(b) mukhtars duly certificated under any law for the time being in force, and holding special powers-of-attorney authorizing them to do, on behalf of their principals, such acts as may legally be done by mukhtars;

(c) persons carrying on trade or business for and in the names of parties not resident within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court within which limits the appearance, application or act is made or done, in matters connected with such trade or business only, where no other agent is expressly authorized to make and do such appearances, applications and acts.

Nothing in the former part of this section applies to the territories now administered respectively by the Lieutenant Governor of the Panjáb, and the Chief Commissioners of Oudh and the Central Provinces; but in those territories the recognized agents of parties by whom such appearances, applications and acts may be made and done shall be such persons as the Local Government may from time to time, by notification in the official Gazette, declare in this behalf.

38. Processes served on the recognized agent of a party to a suit or appeal shall be as effectual as if the same had been served on the party in person, unless the Court otherwise directs.

The provisions of this Code for the service of process on a party to a suit shall apply to the service of process on his recognized agent.

39. The appointment of a pleader to make or do any appearance, application or act as aforesaid shall be in writing, and such appointment shall be filed in court.

When so filed, it shall be considered to be in force until revoked with the leave of the Court, by a writing signed by the client and filed in Court, or until the client or the pleader dies, or all proceedings in the suit are ended so far as regards the client.

No advocate of any High Court established by Royal Charter shall be required to present any document empowering him to act.

40. Processes served on the pleader of any party or left at the office or ordinary residence of such pleader, relative to a suit or appeal, and whether the same be for the personal appearance of the party or not, shall be presumed to be duly communicated and made known to the party whom the pleader represents; and, unless the Court otherwise directs, shall be as effectual for all purposes in relation to the suit or appeal as if the same had been given to or served on the party in person.

41. Besides the recognized agents described in section 37, any person residing within the jurisdiction of the Court may be appointed an agent to accept service of process.

Such appointment may be special or general and shall be made by an instrument in writing signed by the principal, and such instrument, or, if the appointment be general, a duly attested copy thereof, shall be filed in Court.

CHAPTER IV.

OF THE FRAME OF THE SUIT.

42. Every suit shall, as far as practicable, be so framed as to afford ground for a final decision upon the subjects in dispute, and so to prevent further litigation concerning them.

43. Every suit shall include the whole of the claim arising out of the cause of action; but a plaintiff may relinquish any portion of his claim in order to bring the suit within the jurisdiction of any Court.

If a plaintiff omit to sue for, or intentionally relinquish, any portion of his claim, he shall not afterwards sue for the portion so omitted or relinquished.

A person entitled to more than one remedy in respect of the same claim may sue for all or any of his remedies; but if he omits (except with the leave of the Court obtained before the first hearing) to sue for any of such remedies, he shall not afterwards sue for the remedy so omitted.

Illustration.

A lets a house to B at a yearly rent of Rs. 1,200. The rent for the whole of the years 1874 and 1875 is due and unpaid. A sues B only for the rent due for 1875. A shall not afterwards sue B for the rent due for 1876.

44. Rule a.—No cause of action shall, unless with the leave of the Court, be joined with a suit for the recovery of immovable property, or to obtain a declaration of title to immovable property, except—

(a) claims in respect of mesne profits or arrears of rent in respect of the property claimed,

(b) damages for breach of any contract under which the property or any part thereof are or is held, and

(c) claims by a mortgagee to enforce any of his remedies under the mortgage.

Rule b.—No claim by or against an executor, administrator or heir as such, shall be joined with claims by or against him personally, unless the last mentioned claims are alleged to arise with reference to the estate in respect of which the plaintiff or defendant sues or is sued as executor, administrator or heir.

45. Subject to the rules contained in section 44, the plaintiff may unite in the same suit several causes of action, and any plaintiffs having causes of action against the same defendant or defendants, may unite such causes of action in the same suit.

But if it appear to the Court that any such causes of action cannot be conveniently tried or disposed of together, the Court may, at any time before the first hearing, of its own motion or on the application of the defendant, order separate trials of any such causes of action to be had, or make such other order as may be necessary or expedient for the separate disposal thereof.

When causes of action are united, the jurisdiction of the Court as regards the suit shall depend on the amount or value of the aggregate subject-matters at the date of instituting the suit, whether or not an order has been made under the second paragraph of this section.

46. Any defendant alleging that the plaintiff has united in the same suit several causes of action which cannot be conveniently disposed of in one suit may at any time before the first hearing, or, where issues are settled, before any evidence is recorded, apply to the Court for an order confining the suit to such of the causes of action as may be conveniently disposed of in one suit.

If, on the hearing of such application, it appears to the Court that the causes of action are such as cannot all be conveniently disposed of in one suit, the Court may order any of such causes of action to be excluded, and may direct the plaint to be amended accordingly, and may make such order as to costs as may be just.

Every amendment made under this section shall be attested by the signature of the Judge.

CHAPTER V.

OF THE INSTITUTION OF SUITS.

48. Every suit shall be instituted by presenting a plaint to the Court or such officer as it appoints in this behalf.

49. The plaint must be distinctly written in the language of the Court; provided that if such language is not English, the plaintiff may (with the permission of the Court) be written in English; but in such case, if the defendant so require, a translation of the plaint into the language of the Court shall be filed in court.

Particulars to be contained in plaint.

50. The plaint must contain the following particulars :—

(a) the name of the Court in which the suit is brought ;

(b) the name, description and place of abode of the plaintiff ;

(c) the name, description and place of abode of the defendant, so far as they can be ascertained :

(d) a plain and concise statement of the circumstances constituting the cause of action, and where and when it arose ;

(e) a demand of the relief which the plaintiff claims ; and

(f) if the plaintiff has allowed a set-off or relinquished a portion of his claim, the amount so allowed or relinquished.

If the plaintiff seek the recovery of money, the plaintiff must state the precise amount, so far as the case admits.

In a suit for mesne profits : and in a suit for the amount which will be found due to the plaintiff on taking unsettled accounts between him and the defendant the plaintiff need only state approximately the amount sued for.

When the plaintiff sues in a representative character, the plaintiff should shew, not only that he has an actual existing interest in the subject-matter, but that he has taken the steps necessary to enable him to institute a suit concerning it.

Illustrations.

(a) A sues as B's executor. The plaint must state that A has proved B's will.

(b) A sues as C's administrator. The plaint must state that A has taken out administration to C's estate.

(c) A sues as guardian of D, a Muhammadan minor. A is not D's guardian according to Muhammadan law and usage. The plaint must state that A has been specially appointed D's guardian.

The plaint must shew that the defendant is or claims to be interested in the subject-matter, and that he is liable to be called upon to answer the plaintiff's demand.

Illustration.

A dies leaving B his executor, C his legatee, and D a debtor to A's estate. C sues D to compel him to pay his debt in satisfaction of C's legacy. The plaint must shew that B has causelessly refused to sue D, or that B and D have colluded for the purpose of defrauding C, or other such circumstances rendering D liable to C.

If the cause of action arose beyond the period ordinarily allowed by any law for instituting the suit, the plaint must shew the ground upon which exemption from such law is claimed.

51. The plaint shall be subscribed by the plaintiff and his pleader (if any), and shall be verified at the foot by the plaintiff or, with the permission of the Court, by some other person proved to the satisfaction of the Court to be acquainted with the facts of the case.

52. The verification must be to the effect that the same is true to the knowledge of the person making it, except as to matters stated on information and belief, and that as to those matters he believes it to be true.

The verification shall be signed by the person making it, and when he makes it out of court he shall sign it in the presence of a witness, who shall also sign it.

The Court shall examine such witness as to the fact of the signature, unless the person making the verification is present.

53. The plaint may, at the discretion of the Court, and at or before the first hearing, be rejected, returned for amendment within a time to be fixed by the Court, or amended then and there, upon such terms as to the payment of costs occasioned by the amendment as the Court thinks fit,

(a) if it do not state correctly and without prolixity the several particulars hereinbefore required to be specified therein ; or

(b) if it contain any particulars other than those so required ; or

(c) if it be not subscribed and verified as hereinbefore required ; or

(d) if it do not disclose a cause of action ; or

(e) if it is not framed in accordance with section 42 ; or

(f) if it is wrongly framed by reason of non-joinder or misjoinder of parties, or because the plaintiff has joined causes of action which ought not to be joined in the same suit.

Provided that a plaint cannot be altered so as to convert a suit of one character into a suit of another and inconsistent character.

Attestation of amendment.

the Judge.

When a plaint is amended, the amendment shall be attested by the signature of

When the plaint shall be rejected.

54. The plaint shall be rejected in the following cases :—

(a) if the relief sought is undervalued, and the plaintiff, on being required by the Court to correct the valuation within a time to be fixed by the Court, fails to do so :

(b) if the relief sought is properly valued, but the plaint is written upon paper insufficiently stamped, and the plaintiff, on being required by the Court to supply the requisite stamp-paper within a time to be fixed by the Court, fails to do so :

(c) if the suit appear from the statement in the plaint to be barred by any positive rule of law :

(d) if the plaint having been returned for amendment within a time fixed by the Court is not amended within such time.

55. When a plaint is rejected, the Judge shall record with his own hand an order to that effect with the reason for such order.

56. The rejection of the plaint on any of the grounds hereinbefore mentioned shall not of its own force preclude the plaintiff from presenting a fresh plaint in respect of the same cause of action.

When the plaint shall be returned to be presented to the proper Court.

57. The plaint shall be returned to be presented to the proper Court in the following cases:

(a) If a suit has been instituted in a Court whose grade is lower or higher than that of the Court competent to try it, where such Court exists, or where no option as to the selection of the Court is allowed by law:

(b) If, in a suit relating to immoveable property, but not coming under the proviso to section 16, it appear that no part of such property is situate within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court to which the plaint is presented:

(c) If, in any other case, it appear that the cause of action did not arise, and that none of the defendants are dwelling or carrying on business, or personally working for gain, within such local limits.

On returning a plaint, the Judge shall, with his own hand, endorse thereon the date of its presentation and return, the name of the party presenting it, and a brief statement of the reason for returning it.

58. The plaintiff shall endorse on the plaint, or annex thereto, a memorandum of the documents (if any) which he has filed along with it; and if the plaint be admitted, shall present as many copies on plain paper of the plaint as there are defendants, unless the Court by reason of the length of the plaint or the number of the defendants, or for any other sufficient reason, permit him to present a like number of concise statements of the nature of the claim made, or of the relief or remedy required in the suit, in which case he shall present such statements.

If the plaintiff sues, or the defendant or any of the defendants is sued, in a representative capacity, such statements shall show in what capacity the plaintiff or defendant sues or is sued.

The plaintiff may, by leave of the Court, amend such statements so as to make them correspond with the plaint.

The chief ministerial officer of the Court shall sign such memorandum and copies or statements if, on examination, he finds them to be correct.

The Court shall also cause the particulars mentioned in section 50 to be entered in a book to be kept for the purpose and called the Register of civil suits. Such entries shall be numbered in every year according to the order in which the plaint is admitted.

59. If a plaintiff sue upon a document in his possession or power, he shall produce it in Court when the plaint is presented, and shall at the same time deliver the document or a copy thereof to be filed with the plaint.

If he rely on any other documents (whether in his possession or power or not) as evidence in support of his claim, he shall enter such documents in a list to be added or annexed to the plaint.

60. In the case of any such document not in his possession or power, he shall, if possible, state in whose possession or power it is.

61. In case of any suit founded upon a bill of exchange or other negotiable instrument, if it be proved that the instrument is lost, and if an indemnity be given by the plaintiff, to the satisfaction of the Court, against the claims of any other person upon such instrument, the Court may make such decree as it would have made if the plaintiff had produced the instrument in Court when the plaint was presented, and had at the same time delivered a copy of the instrument to be filed with the plaint.

62. If the document on which the plaintiff sues be an entry in a shop-book or other book in his possession or power, the plaintiff shall produce the book at the time of filing the plaint, together with a copy of the entry on which he relies.

The Court, or such officer as it appoints in this behalf, shall forthwith mark the document for the purpose of identification; and after examining and comparing the copy with the original and attesting the copy if found correct, shall return the book to the plaintiff and cause the copy to be filed.

63. A document which ought to be produced in Court by the plaintiff when the plaint is presented, or to be entered in the list to be added or annexed to the plaint, and which is not produced or entered accordingly, shall not, without the leave of the Court, be received in evidence on his behalf at the hearing of the suit.

Nothing in this section applies to documents produced for cross-examination of the defendant's witnesses, or in answer to any case set up by the defendant, or handed to a witness merely to refresh his memory.

CHAPTER VI.

OF THE ISSUE AND SERVICE OF SUMMONS.

Issue of Summons.

64. When the plaint has been registered, and the copies or concise statements required by section 58 have been filed, a summons may be issued to each defendant to appear and answer the claim on a day to be therein specified, or as soon thereafter as may be practicable,

(a) in person, or

(b) by a pleader duly instructed and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or

(c) by a pleader accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions.

Every such summons shall be signed by the Judge or such officer as he appoints, and shall be sealed with the seal of the Court:

Provided that no such summons shall be issued when the defendant has appeared at the presentation of the plaint and admitted the plaintiff's claim.

65. Every such summons shall be accompanied with one of the copies or concise statements mentioned in section 58.

Copy or statement annexed to summons.

66. If the Court see reason to require the personal appearance of the defendant, the summons shall order him to appear in person in Court on the day therein specified.

If the Court see reason to require the personal appearance of the plaintiff on the same day, it may make an order for such appearance.

67. No party shall be ordered to appear in person unless he resides

No party to be ordered to appear in person unless resident within 50 or, where there is a railway, 200 miles.

(a) within the local limit of the Court's ordinary original jurisdiction, or

(b) without such limits and at a place less than fifty, or, where there is railway-communication for five-sixths of the distance between the place where he resides and the place where the Court is situate, two hundred miles from the Court-house.

68. The Court shall determine, at the time of issuing the summons, whether it shall be for the settlement of issues only, or for the final disposal of the suit; and the summons shall contain a direction accordingly:

Summons to be either to settle issues or for final disposal.

Provided that, in every suit cognizable by Courts of Small Causes, the summons shall be for the final disposal of the suit.

The day for the appearance of the defendant shall be fixed by the Court with reference to its current business, the place of residence of the defendant and the time necessary for the service of the summons; and the day shall be so fixed as to allow the defendant sufficient time to enable him to appear and answer on such day.

What shall be deemed 'sufficient time' must be determined with reference to the circumstances of the case.

70. The summons to appear and answer shall order the defendant to produce any document in his possession or power, containing evidence relating to the merits of the plaintiff's case, or upon which the defendant intends to rely in support of his case.

Summons to order defendant to produce documents required by plaintiff or relied on by defendant.

71. When the summons is for the final disposal of the suit, it shall direct the defendant to produce, on the day fixed for his appearance, the witnesses upon whose evidence he intends to rely in support of his case.

On issue of summons or final disposal, parties to be directed to produce their witnesses.

Service of Summons.

72. The summons shall be delivered to the proper officer of the Court, to be served by him or one of his subordinates.

Delivery of summons for service.

73. Service of the summons shall be made by delivering or tendering a copy thereof signed by the Judge or such officer as he appoints in this behalf, and sealed with the seal of the Court.

Mode of service.

74. When there are more defendants than one, service of the summons shall be made on each defendant:

Service on several defendants.

Provided that, if the defendants are partners, and the suit relates to a partnership-transaction or to an actionable wrong in respect of which relief is claimable from the firm, the service may be made, unless the Court directs otherwise, either (a) on one defendant for himself and for the other defendants, or (b) on any person having the management of the business of the partnership at the principal place, within the local limits of the Court's ordinary original civil jurisdiction, of such business.

75. Whenever it may be practicable, the service shall be made on the defendant in person, unless he have an agent empowered to accept the service, in which case service on such agent shall be sufficient.

Service to be on defendant in person, when practicable, or on his agent.

76. In a suit relating to any business or work against a person who does not reside within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court from which the summons issues, service on any manager or agent, who, at the time of service, personally carries on such business or work for such person within such limits, shall be deemed good service.

Service on agent by whom defendant carries on business.

For the purpose of this section, the master of a ship is the agent of his owner or charterer.

77. In a suit to obtain relief respecting, or compensation for wrong to, immovable property, if the service cannot be made on the defendant in person, and the defendant have no agent empowered to accept the service, it may be made on any agent of the defendant in charge of the property.

Service on agent in charge, in suits for immovable property.

78. If in any suit the defendant cannot be found and if he have no agent empowered to accept the service of the summons on his behalf, the service may be made on any adult male member of the family of the defendant who is residing with him.

When service may be on male member of defendant's family.

Explanation.—A servant is not a member of the family within the meaning of this section.

79. When the serving-officer delivers or tenders a copy of the summons to the defendant personally, or to an agent or other person on his behalf, he shall require the signature of the person to whom the copy is so delivered or tendered to an acknowledgment of service endorsed on the original summons.

Person served to sign acknowledgment.

80. If the defendant or other person refuse to sign the acknowledgment or to receive the copy of the summons,

Procedure when defendant refuses to accept service,

or if the serving-officer cannot find the defendant, and there is no agent empowered to accept the service

of the summons on his behalf, nor any other person on whom the service can be made,

the serving-officer shall affix a copy of the summons on the outer door of the house in which the defendant ordinarily resides and then return the original to the Court from which it issued, with an endorsement thereon stating that he has so affixed the copy and the circumstances under which he did so.

81. The serving-officer shall, in all cases in which the summons has been served under section 79, endorse or cause to be endorsed on the original summons, the time when and the manner in which the summons was served.

Endorsement of time and manner of service.

82. When a summons is returned under section 80, the Court shall examine the serving-officer on oath touching his proceedings and may make such further enquiry in the matter as it thinks fit; and shall either declare that the summons has been duly served or order such service as it thinks fit.

Examination of serving officer.

Where the Court is satisfied that there is reason to believe that the defendant is keeping out of the way for the purpose of avoiding the service, or that for any other reason the summons cannot be served in the ordinary way, the Court shall order the summons to be served by affixing a copy thereof in some conspicuous place in the Court-house, and also upon some conspicuous part of the house, if any, in which the defendant is known to have last resided, or in such other manner as the Court thinks fit.

83. The service substituted by order of the Court, shall be as effectual as if it had been made on the defendant personally.

Effect of substituted service.

84. Whenever service is substituted by order of the Court, the Court shall fix such time for the appearance of the defendant as the case may require.

When service is substituted, time for appearance to be fixed.

85. If the defendant resides within the jurisdiction of any Court other than the Court in which the suit is instituted, and has no agent resident within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the latter Court empowered to accept the service of the summons, such Court shall send the summons, either by one of its officers or by post, to any Court, not being a High Court, having jurisdiction at the place where the defendant resides, by which it can be conveniently served, and shall fix such time for the appearance of the defendant as the case may require.

Service of summons when defendant resides within jurisdiction of another Court and has no agent to accept service.

The Court to which the summons is sent shall, upon receipt thereof, proceed as if it had been

issued by such Court and shall then return the summons to the Court from which it originally issued, together with the record (if any) made under this paragraph.

86. Whenever any process issued by any Court established beyond the limits of the towns of Calcutta, Madras, Bombay and

Service within Presidency towns and Rangoon of process issued by Mufassal Courts.

Rangoon is to be served within any such town, it shall be sent to the Court of Small Causes within whose jurisdiction the process is to be served,

and such Court of Small Causes shall deal with such process in the same manner as if the process had been issued by itself,

and shall then return the process to the Court from which it issued.

87. If the defendant be in jail, the summons shall be delivered to the officer in charge of the jail in which the defendant is confined, and such officer shall cause the summons to be served upon the defendant.

Service on defendant in jail.

The summons shall be returned to the Court from which it issued, with a statement of the service endorsed thereon and signed by the officer in charge of the jail and by the defendant.

88. If the jail in which the defendant is confined is not in the district in which the suit is instituted, the summons may be sent by post or otherwise to the officer in charge of such jail, and such officer shall cause the summons to be served upon the defendant, and shall return the summons to the Court from which it issued, with a statement of the service endorsed thereon, and signed as provided in section 87.

Procedure if jail be in a different district.

89. If the defendant resides out of British India, and has no agent in British India empowered to accept the service, the summons shall be addressed to the defendant at the place where he is residing, and forwarded to him by post if there be postal communication between such place and the place where the Court is situate.

Service when defendant resides out of British India and has no agent to accept service.

90. If there be a British Resident or Agent of Government in or for the territory in which the defendant resides, the summons may be sent to such Resident or Agent, by post or otherwise, for the purpose of being served upon the defendant; and if the Resident or Agent return the summons with an endorsement under his hand that the summons has been served on the defendant in manner hereinbefore directed, such endorsement shall be conclusive evidence of the service.

Service through British Resident or Agent of Government.

91. The Court may, notwithstanding any hereinbefore contained, substitute for the summons a letter signed by the Judge or such officer as he appoints in this behalf, when the defendant is, in the opinion of the Court, of a rank which entitles him to such mark of consideration.

Substitution of letter for summons.

The letter shall contain all the particulars required to be stated in the summons, and, subject to the provisions contained in section 92, shall be treated in all respects as a summons.

92. When a letter is so substituted for a summons, it may be sent to the defendant by post or by a special messenger selected by the Court; or in any other manner which the Court thinks fit; unless the defendant has an agent empowered to accept service of summons, in which case the letter may be delivered or sent to such agent.

Service of Process.

93. Every process issued under this Code shall be served at the expense of the party on whose behalf it is issued, unless the Court otherwise directs.

The court-fee leviable for such service shall be levied before the process is issued.

94. All notices and orders required by this Code to be given to or served on any person shall be in writing, and shall be served in the manner hereinbefore provided for the service of summons.

Postage.

95. Postage, where chargeable on any notice, summons or letter issued under this Code and forwarded by post, and the fee for registering the same, shall be paid before the communication is forwarded.

CHAPTER VII.

OF THE APPEARANCE OF THE PARTIES AND CONSEQUENCE OF NON-APPEARANCE.

96. On the day fixed in the summons for the defendant to appear and answer, the parties shall be in attendance at the Court-house in person or by their respective pleaders, and the suit shall then be heard, unless the hearing be adjourned to a future day fixed by the Court.

97. If on the day so fixed for the defendant to appear and answer, it be found that the summons has not been served upon him in consequence of the failure of the plaintiff to pay the court-fee leviable for such service, the Court may order that the suit be dismissed:

Provided that no such order shall be passed, although the summons has not been served upon the defendant, if, on the day fixed for him to appear and answer, he attends in person or by a duly authorized agent, when he is allowed to appear by agent.

98. If on the day fixed for the defendant to appear and answer, or on any other subsequent day to which the hearing of the suit is adjourned, neither party appears, the suit shall be dismissed, unless

the Judge, for reasons to be recorded under his hand, otherwise directs.

99. Whenever a suit is dismissed under section 97 or section 98, the plaintiff may (subject to the law of limitation) bring a fresh suit; or if, within the period of thirty days from the date of the order dismissing the suit, he satisfies the Court that there was a sufficient excuse for his not paying the court-fee required within the time allowed for the service of the summons or for his non-appearance, as the case may be, the Court shall pass an order to set aside the dismissal and appoint a day for proceeding with the suit.

100. If the plaintiff appears and the defendant does not appear, the procedure shall be as follows: (a) if it is proved that the summons was duly served, the Court may proceed *ex parte*:

(b). If it is not proved that the summons was when summons not duly served, the Court shall direct a second summons to be issued and served on the defendant:

(c) If it is proved that the summons was served when summons served, on the defendant, but not but not in due time. in sufficient time to enable him to appear and answer on the day fixed in the summons, the Court shall postpone the hearing of the suit to a future day to be fixed by the Court, and shall direct notice of such day to be given to the defendant.

If it is owing to the plaintiff's default that the summons was not served in sufficient time, the Court shall order him to pay the costs occasioned by such postponement.

101. If the Court has adjourned the hearing of the suit *ex parte*, and the defendant, at or before such hearing, appears and assigns good cause for his previous non-appearance, he may, upon such terms as the Court directs as to costs or otherwise, be heard in answer to the suit, as if he had appeared on the day fixed for his appearance.

102. If the defendant appears and the plaintiff does not appear, the Court shall dismiss the suit, unless the defendant admits the claim, or part thereof, in which case the Court shall pass a decree against the defendant upon such admission, and where part only of the claim has been admitted, shall dismiss the suit so far as it relates to the remainder.

103. When a suit is wholly or partially dismissed under this section, the plaintiff shall be precluded from bringing a fresh suit in respect of the same cause of action. But he may apply for an order to set the dismissal aside; and if it be proved that he was prevented by any sufficient cause from appearing when the suit was called on for hearing, the Court shall set aside the dismissal upon such terms as

to costs or otherwise as it thinks fit, and shall appoint a day for proceeding with the suit.

No order shall be made under the second paragraph of this section unless the plaintiff has served the defendant with notice in writing of his application.

104. If, on the day fixed for the hearing of a suit against a defendant residing out of British India, who has no agent empowered to accept service of summons, or on any day to which the hearing has been adjourned, the defendant does not appear, the plaintiff may apply to the Court for permission to proceed with his suit, and the Court may direct that the plaintiff be at liberty to proceed with his suit in such manner and subject to such conditions as the Court thinks fit.

105. If there be more plaintiffs than one, and one or more of them appear, and the others do not appear, the Court may, at the instance of the plaintiff or plaintiffs appearing, permit the suit to proceed in the same way as if all the plaintiffs had appeared, and pass such order as it thinks fit.

106. If there be more defendants than one, and one or more of them appear, and the others do not appear, the suit shall proceed, and the Court shall, at the time of passing judgment, make such order as it thinks fit with respect to the defendants who do not appear.

107. If a plaintiff or defendant, who has been ordered to appear in person under the provisions of section 66 or section 436, does not appear in person, or shew sufficient cause to the Court for failing so to appear, he shall be subject to all the provisions of the foregoing sections applicable to plaintiffs and defendants, respectively, who do not appear.

Of setting aside Decrees ex parte.

108. In any case in which a decree is passed *ex parte* against a defendant under section 100, he may apply to the Court by which the decree was made for an order to set it aside;

and if it be proved to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant was prevented by any sufficient cause from appearing when the suit was called on for hearing, the Court shall pass an order to set aside the decree upon such terms as to costs, payment into Court, or otherwise, as it thinks fit, and shall appoint a day for proceeding with the suit.

109. No decree shall be set aside on any such application as aforesaid, unless notice thereof in writing has been served on the opposite party.

CHAPTER VIII.

OF WRITTEN STATEMENTS AND SET-OFF.

110. The parties may, at any time before or at the first hearing of the suit, tender written statements of their respective cases, and the Court shall receive such statements and place them on the record.

111. If in a suit for the recovery of money the defendant claims to set-off against the plaintiff's demand any ascertained sum of money legally recoverable by him from the plaintiff, and if in such claim of the defendant against the plaintiff both parties fill the same character as they fill in the plaintiff's suit, the defendant may, at the first hearing of the suit, but not afterwards, unless permitted by the Court, tender a written statement containing the particulars of the debt sought to be set-off.

The Court shall thereupon inquire into the same, and if it find that the case fulfils the requirements of the former part of this section, and that the amount claimed to be set-off does not exceed the pecuniary limits of its jurisdiction, the Court shall set-off the one debt against the other.

Such set-off shall have the same effect as a plaintiff in a cross-suit, so as to enable the Court to pronounce a final judgment in the same suit, both on the original and on the cross-claim; but it shall not affect the lien upon the amount decreed of any pleader in respect of the costs payable to him under the decree.

Illustrations.

(a) A bequeaths Rs. 2,000 to B, and appoints C his executor and residuary legatee. B dies and D takes out administration to B's effects. C pays Rs. 1,000 as surety for D. Then D sues C for the legacy. C cannot set-off the debt of Rs. 1,000 against the legacy, for neither C nor D fills the same character with respect to the legacy as they fill with respect to the payment of the Rs. 1,000.

(b) A dies intestate and in debt to B. C takes out administration to A's effects, and B buys part of the effects from C. In a suit for the purchase-money by C against B, the latter cannot set-off the debt against the price, for C fills two different characters, one as the vendor to B, in which he sues B, and the other as representative to A.

(c) A sues B on a bill of exchange. B alleges that A has wrongfully neglected to insure B's goods and is liable to him in compensation which he claims to set-off. The amount not being ascertained cannot be set-off.

(d) A sues B on a bill of exchange for Rs. 500. B holds a judgment against A for Rs. 1,000. The two claims being both definite pecuniary demands may be set-off.

(e) A sues B for compensation on account of a trespass. B holds a promissory note for Rs. 1,000 from A and claims to set-off that amount against any sum that A may recover in the suit. B may do so, for as soon as A recovers, both sums are definite pecuniary demands.

(f) A and B sue C for Rs. 1,000. C cannot set-off a debt due to him by A alone.

(g) A sues B and C for Rs. 1,000. B cannot set-off a debt due to him alone by A.

(h) A owes the partnership firm of B and C Rs. 1,000. B dies leaving C surviving. A sues C for a debt of Rs. 1,500 due in his separate character. C may set-off the debt of Rs. 1,000.

112. Except as provided in the last preceding

No written statement to be received after first hearing unless called for by Court.

section, no written statement shall be received after the first hearing of the suit:—

Court may at any time call for written statement.

Provided that the Court may at any time require a written statement, or additional written statement, from any of the parties, and fix a time for presenting the same:—

Provided also that a written statement, or an additional written statement, may, with the permission of the Court, be received at any time for the purpose of answering written statements so required and presented.

113. If any party from whom a written state-

Procedure when party fails to present written statement called for by Court.

ment is so required fails to present the same within the time fixed by the Court, the Court may pass a decree against him, or make such other order in relation to the suit as it thinks fit.

114. Written statements shall be as brief as

Frame of written statements.

the nature of the case admits, and shall not be argumentative, but shall be con-

fined as much as possible to a simple narrative of the facts which the party by whom or on whose behalf the written statement is made believes to be material to the case, and which he either admits or believes he will be able to prove.

Every such statement shall be divided into paragraphs, numbered consecutively, and each paragraph containing as nearly as may be a separate allegation.

115. Written statements shall be subscribed and

Written statements to be subscribed and verified.

verified in the manner hereinbefore provided for subscribing and verifying plaints, and no written statement

shall be received unless it be so subscribed and verified.

The provisions of section 52 as to examining witnesses as to the fact of signature shall apply in the case of written statements.

116. If it appear to the Court that any written

Rejection of argumentative, prolix or irrelevant written statements.

statement, whether called for by the Court or spontaneously tendered, is argumentative or prolix, or contains matter irrelevant to the suit, the

Court may amend it then and there, or may, by an order to be endorsed thereon, reject the same, or return it to the party by whom it was made for amendment within a time to be fixed by the Court, imposing such terms as to costs or otherwise as the Court thinks fit.

When any amendment is made under this sec-

Attention of amendments.

tion, the Judge shall attest it by his signature.

When a statement has been rejected under this

Effect of rejection.

section, the party making it shall not present another written statement, unless it be expressly called for or allowed by the Court.

CHAPTER IX.

OF THE EXAMINATION OF THE PARTIES BY THE COURT.

117. At the first hearing of the suit, the Court

Ascertainment from each party whether allegations in written statements are admitted or denied.

shall ascertain from the defendant or his pleader whether he admits or denies the allegations of fact made in the plaint and shall ascertain

from each party or his pleader whether he admits or denies such allegations of fact as are made in the written statement (if any) of the opposite party, and as are not expressly or by necessary implication admitted or denied by the party against whom they are made. The Court shall record such admissions and denials.

118. At the first hearing of the suit, or at any

Oral examination of subsequent hearing, any party, or companion of himself or his pleader.

party appearing in person or present in Court, or any

person able to answer any material questions relating to the suit by whom such party or his pleader is accompanied, may be examined orally by the Court; and the Court may, if it thinks fit, put in the course of such examination questions suggested by either party.

119. The substance of the examination shall be

Substance of examination to be written.

reduced to writing by the Judge, and shall form part of the record.

120. If the pleader of any party who appears

Consequence of refusal or inability of pleader to answer.

by a pleader refuses or is unable to answer any material question relating to the

suit which the Court is of opinion that the party whom he represents ought to answer, and is likely to be able to answer if interrogated in person, the Court may postpone the hearing of the suit to a future day, and direct that such party shall appear in person on such day.

If such party fails without lawful excuse to appear in person on the day so appointed, the Court may pass a decree against him, or make such order in relation to the suit as it thinks fit.

CHAPTER X.

OF DISCOVERY AND OF THE ADMISSION, INSPECTION, PRODUCTION, IMPOUNDING AND RETURN OF DOCUMENTS.

121. Any party may at any time by leave of the

Power to deliver interrogatories.

Court, deliver through the Court interrogatories in writing for the examination of

the opposite party, or where there are more opposite parties than one, any one or more of such parties, with a note at the foot thereof stating which of such interrogatories each of such persons is required to answer:

Provided that no party shall deliver more than one set of interrogatories to the same person without the permission of the Court, and that no defendant shall deliver interrogatories for the examination of the plaintiff unless such defendant has previously tendered a written statement and such statement has been received and placed on the record.

122. Interrogatories delivered under section 121 shall be served on the pleader (if any) of the party interrogated or in the manner hereinbefore provided for the service of summonses, and the provisions of sections 79, 80, 81 and 82 shall, in the latter case, apply so far as may be practicable.

123. The Court, in adjusting the costs of the suit, shall, at the instance of any party, inquire or cause inquiry to be made into the propriety of delivering such interrogatories; and if it thinks that such interrogatories have been delivered unreasonably, vexatiously or at improper length, the costs occasioned by the said interrogatories and the answers thereto shall be borne by the party in fault.

124. If any party to a suit be a body corporate or a joint stock company, whether incorporated or not, or any other body of persons empowered by law to sue or be sued, whether in his own name or in the name of any officer or other person, any opposite party may apply to the Court for an order allowing him to deliver interrogatories to any member or officer of such corporation, company or body, and an order may be made accordingly.

125. Any party called upon to answer interrogatories, whether by himself or by any such member or officer, may refuse to answer any interrogatory on the ground that it is irrelevant, or is not put *bona fide* for the purposes of the suit, or that the matter inquired after is not sufficiently material at that stage of the suit, or on any other like ground.

126. Interrogatories shall be answered by affidavit to be filed in Court within ten days from the service thereof or within such further time as the Judge may allow.

127. If any person interrogated omits or refuses to answer, or answers insufficiently, any interrogatory, the party interrogating may apply to the Court for an order requiring him to answer or to answer further, as the case may be. And an order may be made requiring him to answer or to answer further either by affidavit or by *viva voce* examination as the Judge may direct: Provided that the Judge shall not require an answer to any interrogatory which in his opinion need not have been answered under section 125.

128. Either party may, by a notice through the Court, within a reasonable time not less than ten days before the hearing, require the other party to admit (saving all just exceptions to the admissibility of such document in evidence) the genuineness of any document material to the suit.

The admission shall also be made in writing, signed by the other party or his pleader and filed in Court.

If such notice be not given, no costs of proving such document shall be allowed, unless the Judge otherwise orders.

If such notice is not complied with within four days after its being served, and the Judge thinks it reasonable that the admission should have been made, the party refusing shall bear the expense of proving such document, whatever may be the result of the suit.

129. The Court may, at any time during the pendency therein of any suit, order any party to the suit to declare by affidavit all the documents which are or have been in his possession or power relating to any matter in question in the suit, and any party to the suit may, at any time before the first hearing, apply to the Court for a like order.

Every affidavit made under this section shall specify which, if any, of the documents therein mentioned the declarant objects to produce, together with the grounds of such objection.

130. The Court may, at any time during the pendency therein of any suit, order the production by any party thereto of such of the documents in his possession or power relating to any matter in question in such suit or proceeding as the Court thinks right; and the Court may deal with such documents when produced in such manner as appears just.

131. Every party to a suit may at any time before or at the hearing thereof give notice through the Court to any other party in whose plaint, written statement or affidavits reference is made to any document, to produce such document in the presence of such officer as the Court appoints in this behalf, for the inspection of the party giving such notice or of his pleader, and to permit such party or pleader to take copies thereof.

No party failing to comply with such notice shall afterwards be at liberty to put any such document in evidence on his behalf in such suit, unless he satisfies the Court that such document relates only to his own title, or that he had some other and sufficient cause for not complying with such notice.

132. The party to whom such notice is given shall, within ten days from the receipt thereof, deliver through the Court to the party giving the same a notice stating a time within three days from such delivery at which the documents or such of them as he does not object to produce, may be inspected at his pleader's office or some other convenient place, and stating which, if any, of the documents he objects to produce, and on what grounds.

133. If any party served with notice under section 131 omits to give notice under section 132 of the time for inspection, or objects to give inspection, or names an incon-

venient place for inspection, the party desiring it may apply to the Court for an order of inspection.

134. Except in the case of documents referred to in the plaint, written statement, or affidavit of the party against whom the application is made, or disclosed in his affidavit of documents, such application shall be founded upon an affidavit shewing (a) of what documents inspection is sought, (b) that the party applying is entitled to inspect them, and (c) that they are in the possession or power of the party against whom the application is made.

135. If the party from whom discovery of any kind or inspection is sought, objects to the same or any part thereof, and if the Court is satisfied that the right to such discovery or inspection depends on the determination of any issue or question in dispute in the suit, or that for any other reason it is desirable that any such issue or question should be determined before deciding upon the right to the discovery or inspection, the Court may order that the issue or question be determined first and reserve the question as to the discovery or inspection.

136. If any party fail to comply with any order under this chapter to answer interrogatories or for discovery or inspection, which has been duly served, he shall, if a plaintiff, be liable to have his suit dismissed for want of prosecution, and if a defendant, to have his defence, if any, struck out, and to be placed in the same position as if he had not appeared and answered; and the party interrogating or seeking discovery or inspection may apply to the Court for an order to that effect, and the Court may make such order accordingly.

Any party failing to comply with any order under this chapter to answer interrogatories or for discovery or inspection which has been served personally upon him, shall also be deemed guilty of an offence under section 158 of the Indian Penal Code.

137. The Court may, of its own accord, and may, in its discretion, upon the application of any of the parties to a suit, send for, either from its own records or from any other Court, the record of any other suit or proceeding, and inspect the same.

Every application made under this section shall (unless the Court otherwise directs) be supported by an affidavit of the applicant or his pleader, shewing how the record is material to the suit in which the application is made, and that the applicant cannot without unreasonable delay or expense obtain a duly authenticated copy of the record or of such portion thereof as the applicant requires, or that the production of the original is necessary for the purposes of justice.

Nothing contained in this section shall be deemed to enable the Court to use in evidence any document which under the Indian Evidence Act would be inadmissible in the suit.

138. The parties or their pleaders shall bring with them and have in readiness at the first hearing of the suit, to be produced when called for by the Court, all the documentary evidence of every description in their possession or power, on which they intend to rely, and which has not already been filed in Court, and all documents which the Court at any time before such hearing has ordered to be produced.

139. No documentary evidence in the possession or power of any party the production of which has been called for under section 138, and which has not been produced, shall be received at any subsequent stage of the proceedings unless good cause be shewn to the satisfaction of the Court for the non-production thereof. And the Judge receiving any such evidence shall record his reasons for so doing.

140. The Court shall receive the documents respectively produced by the parties at the first hearing, provided that the documents produced by each party be accompanied by an accurate list thereof prepared in such form as the High Court may from time to time direct.

The Court may at any stage of the suit reject any document which it considers irrelevant or otherwise inadmissible, recording the grounds of such rejection.

141. No document shall be placed on the record unless it has been proved or admitted in accordance with the law of evidence for the time being in force. Every document so proved or admitted shall be endorsed with the number and title of the suit, the name of the person producing it, and the date on which it was produced. The Judge shall then endorse with his own hand a statement that it was proved against or admitted by (as the case may be) the person against whom it is used. The document shall then be filed as part of the record:

Provided that, if the document be an entry in a shop-book or other book, the party on whose behalf such book is produced may furnish a copy of the entry, which may be endorsed as aforesaid, and shall be filed as part of the record, and the Court shall mark the entry and shall then return the book to the person producing it.

All documents produced at the first hearing and not so proved or admitted shall be returned to the parties respectively producing them.

142. When a document so proved or admitted is relied on as evidence by either party, but the Court considers it inadmissible, it shall be further endorsed with the addition of the word "rejected," and the endorsement shall be signed by the Judge.

The document shall then be returned to the party who produced it.

143. Notwithstanding anything contained in sections 62, 141 and 142, the Court may, if it see sufficient cause, direct any document or book produced before it in any suit to be impounded and kept in the custody of an officer of the Court, for such period and subject to such conditions as the Court thinks fit.

144. In suits in which an appeal is not allowed, when the suit has been disposed of, and in suits in which an appeal is allowed, when the time for preferring an appeal from the decree has elapsed, or, if an appeal has been preferred, then after the appeal has been disposed of, any person, whether a party to the suit or not, desirous of receiving back any document produced by him in the suit, and placed on the record, shall, unless the document is impounded under section 143, be entitled to receive back the same:

Provided that a document may be returned at any time before either of such events, if the person applying for such return delivers to the proper officer a certified copy of such document to be substituted for the original:

Provided also that no document shall be returned which, by force of the decree, has become void or useless.

On the return of a document which has been admitted in evidence, a receipt shall be given by the party receiving it, in a receipt-book to be kept for the purpose.

145. The provisions herein contained as to documents shall, so far as may be, apply to all other material objects producible as evidence.

CHAPTER XI.

OF THE SETTLEMENT OF ISSUES.

146. Issues arise when a material proposition of fact or law is affirmed by the one party and denied by the other.

Material propositions are those propositions of law or fact which a plaintiff must allege in order to shew a right to sue.

Each material proposition affirmed by one party and denied by the other must form the subject of a distinct issue.

Issues are of two kinds: (a) issues of fact, (b) issues of law.

At the first hearing of the suit, the Court shall, after reading the plaint and the written statements, if any, and after such examination of the parties as may appear necessary, ascertain upon what material propositions of fact or of law the parties are at variance, and shall thereupon proceed to frame and record the issues on which the right decision of the case appears to the Court to depend.

When issues both of law and of fact arise in the same suit, and the Court is of opinion that the

case may be disposed of on the issues of law only, it shall try those issues first, and for that purpose may, if it thinks fit, postpone the settlement of the issues of fact until after the issues of law have been determined.

Nothing in this section requires the Court to frame and record issues when the defendant at the first hearing of the suit makes no defence.

147. The Court may frame the issues from all or any of the following materials:—

(a) allegations made on oath by the parties, or by any persons present on their behalf, or made by the pleaders of such parties or persons;

(b) allegations made in the plaint or in the written statements (if any) tendered in the suit, or in answer to interrogatories delivered in the suit;

(c) the contents of documents produced by either party.

148. If the Court be of opinion that the issues cannot be correctly framed without the examination of witnesses or documents before framing issues, some person not before the Court, or without the inspection of some document not produced in the suit, it may adjourn the framing of the issues to a future day, to be fixed by the Court, and may (subject to the rules contained in the Indian Evidence Act) compel the attendance of any person or the production of any document by the person in whose hands it may be, by summons or other process.

149. The Court may at any time before passing a decree amend the issues or frame additional issues on such terms as it thinks fit, and all such amendments or additional issues as may be necessary for determining the controversy between the parties shall be so made or framed.

The Court may also, at any time before passing a decree, strike out any issues that appear to it to be wrongly framed or introduced.

150. When the parties to a suit are agreed as to the question of fact or law to be decided between them, they may state the same in the form of an issue, and enter into an agreement in writing

(a) that upon the finding of the Court in the affirmative or the negative of such issue, a sum of money specified in the agreement, or to be ascertained by the Court, or in such manner as the Court may direct, shall be paid by one of the parties to the other of them, or that one of them be declared entitled to some right or subject to some liability specified in the agreement,

(b) that upon such finding some property specified in the agreement and in dispute in the suit shall be delivered by one of the parties to the other of them, or as that other may direct, or

(c) that upon such finding one or more of the parties shall do or abstain from doing some particular act, specified in the agreement, and relating to the matter in dispute.

Procedure where Court cannot pronounce judgment at first hearing. may be necessary to

159. The parties may, after the summons has been delivered for service on the defendant, whether it be for the settlement of issues only, or for the final disposal of the suit, obtain, on application to the Court or to such officer as it appoints in this behalf, before the day fixed for such settlement or disposal, as the case may be, summonses to persons whose attendance is required either to give evidence or to produce documents.

160. The party applying for a summons shall before the summons is granted and within a period to be fixed by the Court, pay into court such a sum of money as appears to the Court to be sufficient to defray the travelling and other expenses of the person summoned, in passing to and from the Court in which he is required to attend, and for one day's attendance.

Expenses of witnesses to be paid into court on applying for summons.
If the Court be subordinate to a High Court, regard shall be had, in fixing the scale of such expenses, to the rules (if any) laid down by competent authority.

161. The sum so paid into court shall be tendered to the person summoned, at the time of serving the summons if it can be served personally.

162. If it appear to the Court or to such officer as it appoints in this behalf that the sum paid into court is not sufficient to cover such expenses, the Court may direct such further sum to be paid to the person summoned as appears to be necessary on that account; and, in case of default in payment, may order such sum to be levied by attachment and sale of the moveable property of the party obtaining the summons; or the Court may discharge the person summoned without requiring him to give evidence; or may both order such levy and discharge such person as aforesaid.

Procedure where insufficient sum paid in.
If it be necessary to detain the person summoned for a longer period than one day, the Court may from time to time order the party at whose instance he was summoned, to pay into Court such sum as is sufficient to defray the expenses of his detention for such further period, and in default of such deposit being made, may order such sum to be levied by attachment and sale of the moveable property of the party at whose instance he was summoned; or the Court may discharge the person summoned without requiring him to give evidence; or may both order such levy and discharge such person as aforesaid.

163. Every summons for the attendance of a person to give evidence or produce a document shall specify the time and place at which he is required to attend, and also whether his attendance is required for the purpose of giving evidence or to produce a document, or for both purposes; and any particular document which the person summoned is called on to produce, shall be described in the summons with reasonable accuracy.

164. Any person may be summoned to produce a document, without being summoned to give evidence; and any person summoned merely to produce a document shall be deemed to have complied with the summons, if he cause such document to be produced instead of attending personally to produce the same.

165. Any person present in court may be required by the Court to give evidence or to produce any document then and there in his actual possession or power.

166. Every summons to a person to give evidence or produce a document shall be served as nearly as may be in manner hereinbefore prescribed for the service of summons on the defendant; and the rules contained in chapter VI as to proof of service shall apply in the case of all summonses served under this section.

167. The service shall in all cases be made a sufficient time before the time specified in the summons for the attendance of the person summoned, to allow him a reasonable time for preparation and for travelling to the place at which his attendance is required.

168. If the serving-officer certify to the Court that the summons for the attendance of a person, either to give evidence or to produce a document, cannot be served, the Court shall examine the serving-officer on oath touching the non-service

and upon being satisfied that such evidence or production is material, and that the person for whose attendance the summons has been issued is absconding or keeping out of the way for the purpose of avoiding the service of the summons, may issue a proclamation requiring him to attend to give evidence, or produce the document, at a time and place to be named therein; and a copy of such proclamation shall be affixed on the outer door of the house in which he ordinarily resides.

If he does not attend at the time and place named in such proclamation, the Court may in its discretion, at the instance of the party on whose application the summons was issued, make an order for the attachment of the property of the person whose attendance is required, to such amount as the Court thinks fit, not exceeding the amount of the costs of attachment and of the fine which may be imposed under section 170:

Provided that no Court of Small Causes shall make an order for the attachment of immoveable property.

169. If, on the attachment of his property, such person appears and satisfies the Court that he did not abscond or keep out of the way to avoid service of the summons, and that he had not notice of the proclamation in time to attend at the time and place named therein, the Court shall direct that the property be released from attachment, and shall make such order as to the costs of the attachment as it thinks fit.

170. If such person does not appear, or appearing, fails to satisfy the Court that he did not abscond or keep out of the way to avoid service of the summons, and that he had not notice of the proclamation in time to attend at the time and place named therein, the Court may impose upon him such fine not exceeding five hundred rupees as the Court thinks fit, having regard to his condition in life and all the circumstances of the case, and may order the property attached, or any part thereof, to be sold for the

purpose of satisfying all costs incurred in consequence of such attachment, together with the amount of the said fine, if any :

Provided that if the person whose attendance is required pays into court the costs and fine as aforesaid, the Court shall order the property to be released from attachment.

171. Subject to the rules of this Code as to attendance and appearance and to the provisions of the Indian Evidence Act, if the Court at any time thinks it necessary to examine any person other than a party to the suit, and not named as a witness by a party to the suit, the Court may, of its own motion, cause such person to be summoned as a witness to give evidence, or to produce any document in his possession, on a day to be appointed, and may examine him as a witness or require him to produce such document.

172. Subject as last aforesaid, whoever is summoned to appear and give evidence in a suit must attend at the time and place named in the summons for that purpose, and whoever is summoned to produce a document must either attend to produce it, or cause it to be produced, at such time and place.

173. No person so summoned and attending shall depart unless and until (a) he has been examined or has produced the document and the Court has risen, or (b) he has obtained the Court's leave to depart.

174. If any person on whom a summons to give evidence or produce a document has been served fails to comply with the summons, or if any person so summoned and attending departs in contravention of section 173, the Court may order him to be arrested and brought before the Court :

Provided that no such order shall be made when the Court has reason to believe that the person so failing had a lawful excuse for such failure.

When any person so brought before the Court fails to satisfy it that he had a lawful excuse for not complying with the summons, the Court may sentence him to fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Explanation.—Non-payment or non-tender of a sum sufficient to defray the expenses mentioned in section 160 shall be deemed a lawful excuse within the meaning of this section.

If any person so apprehended and brought before the Court cannot, owing to the absence of the parties or any of them, give the evidence or produce the document which he has been summoned to give or produce, the Court may require him to give reasonable bail or other security for his appearance at such time and place as it thinks fit, and on such bail or security being given, may release him.

175. If any person so failing to comply with a summons absconds or keeps out of the way, so that he cannot be apprehended and brought before the Court, the provisions of sections 168, 169 and 170 shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply.

176. No one shall be bound to attend in person to give evidence or to be examined in Court unless he resides—

(a) within the local limits of its ordinary original jurisdiction, or

(b) without such limits and at a place less than fifty or (where there is railway communication for five-sixths of the distance between the place where he resides and the place where the Court is situate) two hundred miles distant from the Court-house.

177. If any party to a suit present in Court refuses, without lawful excuse, when required by the Court, to give evidence, or to produce any document then and there in his actual possession or power, the Court may in its discretion either pass a decree against him, or make such other order in relation to the suit as the Court thinks fit.

178. Whenever any party to a suit is required to give evidence or to produce a document, the rules as to witnesses contained in this Code shall apply to him so far as they are applicable.

CHAPTER XV.

OF THE HEARING OF THE SUIT AND EXAMINATION OF WITNESSES.

179. On the day fixed for the hearing of the suit, or on any other day to which the hearing is adjourned, the party having the right to begin shall state his case and produce his evidence in support of the issues which he is bound to prove.

Explanation.—The plaintiff has the right to begin unless where the defendant admits the facts alleged by the plaintiff and contends that either in point of law or on some additional facts alleged by the defendant the plaintiff is not entitled to any part of the relief which he seeks, in which case the defendant has the right to begin.

180. The other party shall then state his case and produce his evidence (if any). The party beginning is then entitled to reply.

Where there are several issues, the burden of proving some of which lies on the other party, the party beginning may, at his option, either produce his evidence on those issues or reserve it by way of answer to the evidence produced by the other

party. In the latter case the party beginning may produce evidence on those issues after the other party has produced all his evidence, and the other party may then reply specially on the evidence so produced by the party beginning; but the party beginning will then be entitled to reply generally on the whole case.

181. The evidence of the witnesses in attendance shall be taken orally in open Court in the presence and under the personal direction and superintendence, of the Judge.

182. In cases in which an appeal is allowed, the evidence of each witness shall be taken down in writing, in the language of the Court, by or in the presence and under the personal direction and superintendence of the Judge, not ordinarily in the form of question and answer, but in that of a narrative, and, when completed, shall be read over in the presence of the Judge and of the witness, and also in the presence of the parties or their pleaders, and the Judge shall, if necessary, correct the same and shall sign it.

183. If the evidence is taken down under section 182 in a language different from that in which it was given, and the witness does not understand the language in which it is taken down, the evidence as taken down in writing shall be interpreted to him in the language in which it was given.

184. In cases in which the evidence is not taken down in writing by the Judge, he shall be bound, as the examination of each witness proceeds, to make a memorandum of the substance of what each witness deposes, and such memorandum shall be written and signed by the Judge with his own hand, and shall form part of the record.

185. Where English is not the language of the Court, but all the parties to the suit who appear in person, and the pleaders of such as appear by pleaders, do not object to have such evidence as is given in English taken down in English, the Judge may so take it down with his own hand.

186. The Court may of its own motion or on the application of any party or his pleader take down, or cause to be taken down, any particular question and answer, or any objection to any question, if there appear any special reason for so doing.

187. If any question put to a witness be objected to by a party or his pleader, and the Court allows the same to be put, the Judge shall take down the question, the answer, the objection and the name of the person making it, together with the decision of the Court thereon.

188. The Court may record such remarks as it thinks material respecting the demeanour of any witness while under examination.

189. In cases in which an appeal is not allowed, it shall not be necessary to take down the evidence of the witnesses in writing at length; but the Judge, as the examination of each witness proceeds, shall make a memorandum of the substance of what he deposes, and such memorandum shall be written and signed by the Judge with his own hand, and shall form part of the record.

190. If the Judge be rendered unable to make a memorandum as above required by this chapter, he shall cause the reason of such inability to be recorded, and shall cause the memorandum to be made in writing from his dictation in open Court.

Every memorandum so made shall form part of the record.

191. Where the Judge taking down any evidence, or causing any memorandum to be made under this chapter, dies or is removed from the Court before the conclusion of the suit, his successor may, if he thinks fit, deal with such evidence or memorandum as if he himself had taken it down or caused it to be made.

192. If a witness be about to leave the jurisdiction of the Court, or if other sufficient cause be shewn to the satisfaction of the Court why his evidence should be taken immediately, the Court may, upon the application of either party or of the witness, at any time after the institution of the suit, take the evidence of such witness in manner hereinbefore provided.

Where such evidence is not taken forthwith and in the presence of the parties, such notice as the Court thinks sufficient of the day fixed for the examination shall be given to the parties.

The evidence so taken shall be read over to the witness, and, if he admits it to be correct, shall be signed by him, and may then be read at any hearing of the suit.

193. The Court may at any stage of the suit recall any witness who has been examined and who has not departed in accordance with section 173, and may (subject to the provisions of the Indian Evidence Act) put such questions to him as the Court thinks fit.

CHAPTER XVI. OF AFFIDAVITS.

194. Any Court of first instance and any Appellate Court may at any time for sufficient reason order that any particular fact or facts may be proved by affidavit, or that the affidavit of any witness may be read at the hearing, on such conditions as the Court thinks reasonable:

Provided that where it appears to the Court that either party *bona fide* desires the production of a witness for cross-examination, and that such witness can be produced, an order shall not

be made authorizing the evidence of such witness to be given by affidavit.

195. Upon any application evidence may be given by affidavit, but the Court may at the instance of either party order the attendance for cross-examination of the declarant.

Such attendance shall be in Court unless the declarant is exempted under this Code from personal appearance in Court, or the Court otherwise directs.

196. Affidavits shall be confined to such facts as the declarant is able of his own knowledge to prove, except on interlocutory applications, on which statements of his belief may be admitted, provided that reasonable grounds thereof be set forth.

The costs of every affidavit which shall unnecessarily set forth matters of hearsay or argumentative matter, or copies of or extracts from documents, shall (unless the Court otherwise directs) be paid by the party producing the same.

197. In the case of any affidavit under this Code—

- (a) any Court or Magistrate, or
- (b) any officer whom a High Court may appoint in this behalf, or
- (c) any officer appointed by any other Court which the Local Government has generally or specially empowered in this behalf,

may administer the oath of the declarant.

CHAPTER XVII.

OF JUDGMENT AND DECREE.

198. The Court, after the evidence has been duly taken and the parties have been heard either in person or by their respective pleaders or recognized agents, shall pronounce judgment in open Court, either at once or on some future day, of which due notice shall be given to the parties or their pleaders.

199. A Judge may pronounce a judgment written by his predecessor, but not pronounced, and in such case he shall not be bound by section 198, except as to giving notice.

200. The judgment shall be written in the language of the Court, or in English, or in the Judge's mother-tongue.

201. Whenever the judgment is written in any language other than that of the Court, the judgment shall, if any of the parties so require, be translated into the language of the Court, and the translation shall also be signed by the Judge or such officer as he appoints in this behalf.

202. The judgment shall be dated and signed by the Judge in open Court at the time of pronouncing it, and shall not be altered or added to, save to correct verbal errors or to

supply some accidental defect not affecting a material part of the case, or on review.

203. The judgments of the Courts of Small Causes need not contain more than the points for determination and the decision thereupon.

The judgments of all other Courts shall contain a concise statement of the case, the points for determination, the decision thereon, and the reasons for such decision.

204. In suits in which issues have been framed, the Court shall state its finding or decision, with the reasons thereof, upon each separate issue, unless the finding upon any one or more of the issues be sufficient for the decision of the suit.

205. The decree shall bear date the day on which the judgment was pronounced; and when the Judge has satisfied himself that the decree has been drawn up in accordance with the judgment, he shall sign the decree.

206. The decree must agree with the judgment: it shall contain the number of the suit, the names and descriptions of the parties, and particulars of the claim, as stated in the register, and shall specify clearly the relief granted or other determination of the suit.

The decree shall also state the amount of costs incurred in the suit, and by what parties and in what proportions such costs are to be paid.

If the decree is found to be at variance with the judgment, or if any clerical or arithmetical error be found in the decree, the Court shall, of its own motion or on that of any of the parties, amend the decree so as to bring it into conformity with the judgment or to correct such error: provided that reasonable notice have been given to the parties or their pleaders of the proposed amendment.

207. When the subject-matter of the suit is immoveable property, and such property is identified by boundaries or numbers in a record of settlement or survey, if the decree be for the recovery of a portion only of such property, it shall specify the boundaries or number of such portion.

208. When the suit is for moveable property, if the decree be for the delivery of such property, it shall also state the amount of money to be paid as an alternative if delivery cannot be had.

209. When the suit is for a sum of money due to the plaintiff, the Court may, in the decree, order interest at such rate as the Court deems reasonable to be paid on the principal sum adjudged, from the date of the suit to the date

of the decree, in addition to any interest adjudged on such principal sum for any period prior to the institution of the suit, with further interest at such rate as the Court deems reasonable on the aggregate sum so adjudged, from the date of the decree to the date of payment, or to such earlier date as the Court thinks fit.

210. In all decrees for the payment of money, the Court may for any sufficient reason order that the amount shall be paid by instalments, with or without interest.

And after the passing of any such decree the Court may, on the application of the judgment-debtor, and with the consent of the decree-holder, order that the amount decreed be paid by instalments on such terms as to the payment of interest, the attachment of the property of the defendant, or the taking of security from him, or otherwise, as it thinks fit:

Save as provided in this section and section 206, no decree shall be altered at the request of parties.

211. When the suit is for land or other property yielding rent or other profit, the Court may provide in the decree for the payment of rent or mesne profits in respect of such property from the institution of the suit until the delivery of possession to the party in whose favour the decree is made, or until the expiration of three years from the date of the decree (whichever event first occurs), with interest thereupon at such rate as the Court thinks fit.

Explanation.—'Mesne profits' of property mean those profits which the person in wrongful possession of such property actually received, or might with ordinary diligence have received, therefrom.

212. When the suit is for immoveable property and for mesne profits which have accrued on the property during a period prior to the institution of the suit, and the amount of such profits is disputed, the Court may either determine the amount by the decree itself, or may pass a decree for the property and direct an inquiry into the amount of mesne profits, and dispose of the same on further orders.

213. When the suit is for an account of any property and for its due administration under the decree of the Court, the Court, before making the decree, shall order such accounts and inquiries to be taken and made, and give such other directions as it thinks fit.

In the administration by the Court of the property of any person who dies after this Code comes into force, if such property proves to be insufficient for the payment in full of his debts and liabilities, the same rules shall be observed as to the respective rights of secured and unsecured creditors and as to debts and liabilities proveable, and as to the valuation of annuities and future and contingent liabilities respectively, as may be in force for the time being with respect to the estates of persons adjudged insolvent;

And all persons who in any such case would be entitled to be paid out of such property may come in under the decree for its administration, and make such claims against the same as they may respectively be entitled to by virtue of this Code.

Applications under section 265 of the Indian Contract Act, 1872, shall be deemed to be suits within the meaning of this section.

214. When the suit is to enforce a right of pre-emption in respect of a particular sale of property, and the Court finds for the plaintiff, if the amount of purchase-money has not been paid into Court, the decree shall specify a day on or before which it shall be so paid, and shall declare that on payment of such purchase-money, together with the costs (if any) decreed against him, the plaintiff shall obtain possession of the property, but that if such money and costs are not so paid, the suit shall stand dismissed with costs.

215. When the suit is for the dissolution of a partnership, the Court, before making its decree, may pass an order fixing the day on which the partnership shall stand dissolved, and directing such accounts to be taken and other acts to be done as it thinks fit.

216. If the defendant has set-off the amount of a debt against the claim of the plaintiff, and such set-off has been allowed, the decree shall state what amount is due to the plaintiff and what amount (if any) is due to the defendant, and shall be for the recovery of any sum which appears to be due to either party.

The decree of the Court with respect to any sum awarded to the defendant shall have the same effect, and be subject to the same rules in respect of appeal or otherwise, as if such sum had been claimed by the defendant in a separate suit against the plaintiff.

217. Certified copies of the judgment and decree shall be furnished to the parties on application to the Court, and at their expense.

CHAPTER XVIII.

OF COSTS.

218. When disposing of any application under this Code, the Court may give to either party the costs of such application, or may reserve the consideration of such costs for any future stage of the proceedings.

219. The judgment shall direct by whom the costs of each party are to be paid, whether by himself or by any other party to the suit, and whether in whole or in what part or proportion.

220. The Court shall have full power to give and apportion costs of every application and suit in any manner it thinks fit, and the fact that the Court

has no jurisdiction to try the case is no bar to the exercise of such power :

Provided if the Court directs that the costs of any application or suit shall not follow the event, the Court shall state its reasons in writing.

221. The Court may direct that the costs payable to one party by another shall be set-off against a sum which is admitted or is found in the suit to be due from the former to the latter,

but such direction shall not affect the lien upon the amount decreed of any pleader in respect of the costs payable to him under the decree.

222. The Court may give interest on costs at any rate not exceeding six per cent. per annum and may direct that costs, with or without interest, be paid out of or charged upon the subject-matter of the suit.

CHAPTER XIX.

OF THE EXECUTION OF DECREES.

A.—Of the Court by which Decrees may be executed.

223. A decree may be executed either by the Court which passed it or by the Court to which it is sent for execution under the provisions hereinafter contained.

The Court which passed a decree may, on the application of the decree-holder, send it for execution to another Court,

(a) if the person against whom the decree is passed actually and voluntarily resides or carries on business, or personally works for gain, within the local limits of the jurisdiction of such other Court, or

(b) if such person has not property within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court which passed the decree sufficient to satisfy such decree and has property within the local limits of the jurisdiction of such other Court, or

(c) if the decree directs the sale of immoveable property situate outside the district within which the Court which passed it is situate, or

(d) if the Court, which passed the decree considers for any other reason, which it shall record in writing, that the decree should be executed by such other Court.

The Court which passed a decree may of its own motion send it for execution to any Court subordinate thereto.

The Court to which a decree is sent under this section for execution shall certify to the Court which passed it, the fact of such execution, or where the former Court fails to execute the same, the circumstances attending such failure.

If the decree has been passed in a case cognizable by a Court of Small Causes and the Court which passed it wishes it to be executed in Calcutta, Madras, Bombay or Rangoon, such Court may send to the local Court of Small Causes the copies and certificate respectively mentioned in

clauses (a), (b) and (c) of section 224; and such Court of Small Causes shall thereupon execute the decree as if it had been passed by itself.

If the Court to which a decree is to be sent for execution is situate within the same district as the Court which passed such decree, such Court shall send the same directly to the former Court. But if the Court to which the decree is to be sent for execution is situate in a different district, the Court which passed it shall send it to the District Court of the district in which the decree is to be executed.

224. The Court sending a decree for execution under section 223 shall send therewith

(a) a copy of the decree;

(b) a certificate setting forth that satisfaction of the decree has not been obtained by execution within the jurisdiction of the Court by which it was passed, or, where the decree has been executed in part, the extent to which satisfaction has been obtained and what part of the decree remains unexecuted; and

(c) a copy of any order for the execution of the decree, and if no such order has been made, a certificate to that effect.

225. The Court to which a decree is so sent shall cause such copies and certificate to be filed, without any further proof of the decree or order for execution, or of the copies thereof, or of the jurisdiction of the Court which passed it, unless the former Court, for any special reasons to be recorded under the hand of the Judge, requires such proof.

226. When such copies are so filed, the decree or order may, if the Court to which it is sent be the District Court, be executed by such Court or by any subordinate Court which it directs to execute the same.

227. If the Court to which the decree is sent for execution be a High Court, the decree shall be executed by such Court in the same manner as if it had been made by such Court in the exercise of its ordinary original civil jurisdiction.

228. The Court executing a decree sent to it under this chapter shall have the same powers in executing such decree as if it had been passed by itself. All persons disobeying or obstructing the execution of the decree shall be punishable by such Court in the same manner as if it had passed the decree. And its orders in executing such decree shall be subject to the same rules in respect of appeal, as if the decree had been passed by itself.

229. A decree of any Court established by the authority of the Government of India in Native States, the territories of any Native Prince or State in India, which cannot be executed within the jurisdiction of the Court by which it was made, may be executed in manner herein provided within the jurisdiction of any Court in British India.

B.—Of Application for Execution.

230. When the holder of a decree desires to enforce it, he shall apply to the Court which passed the decree or to the officer, if any, appointed in this behalf, or if the decree has been sent under the provisions hereinbefore contained to another Court, then to such Court or to the proper officer thereof.

The Court may in its discretion refuse execution at the same time against the person and property of the judgment-debtor.

Where an application to execute a decree for the payment of money or delivery of other property has been made under this section and granted, no subsequent application to execute the same decree shall be granted unless the Court is satisfied that on the last preceding application due diligence was used to procure complete satisfaction of the decree; and the order of the Court granting any such subsequent application shall be conclusive evidence that due diligence was used to procure such satisfaction.

And no such subsequent application shall be granted after the expiration of twelve years from any of the following dates (namely) —

(a) the date of the decree sought to be enforced, or of the decree (if any) on appeal affirming the same, or

(b) where the decree or any subsequent order directs the payment of money or the delivery of property by instalments,—the date of the default in paying or delivering the instalment in respect of which the applicant seeks to enforce the decree.

Nothing in this section shall prevent the Court from granting an application for execution of a decree after the expiration of the said term of twelve years, where the judgment-debtor has by fraud or force prevented the execution of the decree at some time within twelve years immediately before the date of the application.

Notwithstanding anything herein contained, proceedings may be taken to enforce any decree within three years after the passing of this Code, unless when the period prescribed for taking such proceedings by the law in force immediately before the passing of this Code shall have expired before the completion of the said three years.

231. If a decree has been passed jointly in favour of more persons than one, any one or more of such persons, or his or their representatives, may apply for the execution of the whole decree for the benefit of them all, or, where any of them has died, for the benefit of the survivors and the representative in interest of the deceased.

If the Court sees sufficient cause for allowing the decree to be executed on an application so made, it shall pass such order as it deems necessary for protecting the interests of the persons who have not joined in the application.

232. If a decree be transferred by assignment in writing or by operation of law from the decree-holder to any other person, the transferee may apply for its execution to the Court which passed it; and if that Court thinks fit, the decree may be executed in the same manner

and subject to the same conditions as if the application were made by such decree-holder :

Provided that where the decree has been transferred by assignment, notice in writing of such application shall be given to the transferor and the judgment-debtor, and the decree shall not be executed until the Court has heard their objections (if any) to such execution ;

Provided also that where a decree against several persons has been transferred to one of them, it shall not be executed against the others.

233. Every transferee of a decree shall hold the same subject to the equities (if any) which the judgment-debtor might have enforced against the original decree-holder.

Transferee to hold subject to equities enforceable against original holder.

234. If a judgment-debtor dies before the decree has been fully executed, the holder of the decree may apply to the Court which passed it to execute the same against the legal representative of the deceased.

Such representative shall be liable only to the extent of the property of the deceased which has come to his hands and has not been duly disposed of; and for the purpose of ascertaining such liability, the Court executing the decree may of its own motion, or on the application of the decree-holder, compel the said representative to produce such accounts as it thinks fit.

235. The application for the execution of a decree shall be in writing, verified in manner hereinbefore provided for the verification of plaints, and shall contain in a tabular form the following particulars (namely) —

- (a) the number of the suit;
- (b) the names of the parties;
- (c) the date of the decree;
- (d) whether any appeal has been preferred the decree;
- (e) whether any and what adjustment of the matter in dispute has been made between the parties subsequently to the decree;
- (f) whether any and what previous applications have been made for execution of the decree and with what result;
- (g) the amount of the debt or compensation, with the interest, if any, due upon the decree, or other relief granted thereby;
- (h) the amount of costs, if any, awarded;
- (i) the name of the person against whom the enforcement of the decree is sought; and
- (j) the mode in which the assistance of the Court is required, whether by the delivery of property specifically decreed, by the arrest and imprisonment of the person named in the application, or by the attachment of his property, or otherwise as the nature of the relief sought may require.

236. If the application be for the attachment

Application for attachment of moveable property to be accompanied with inventory.

of any moveable property belonging to the judgment-debtor but not in his possession, the decree-holder shall

annex to the application an inventory of the property to be attached, containing a reasonably accurate description of the same.

237. If the application be for the attachment

Further particulars when application is for attachment of immoveable property.

of any immoveable property belonging to the judgment-debtor, it shall contain at

the foot a description of the property sufficient to identify it, and also a specification of the judgment-debtor's share or interest therein to the best of the belief of the applicant and so far as he has been able to ascertain the same.

Every such description and specification shall be verified in manner hereinbefore provided for the verification of plaints.

If the property be land registered in the

When application must be accompanied by extract from Collector's register.

Collector's office, the application for attachment shall be accompanied by an authenticated extract from the

register of such office, specifying the persons registered as proprietors of, or as possessing any transferable interest in, the land or its revenue, or as liable to pay revenue for such land, and the shares of the registered proprietors.

*C.—Of staying Execution.***239. The Court to which a decree has been**

When Court may stay execution.

sent for execution under this chapter, shall upon sufficient cause being shewn, stay the

execution of such decree for a reasonable time, to enable the judgment-debtor to apply to the Court by which the decree was made, or to any Court having appellate jurisdiction in respect of the decree or the execution thereof, for an order to stay the execution, or for any other order relating to the decree or execution which might have been made by such Court of first instance or appellate Court if execution had been issued thereby, or if application for execution had been made thereto ;

and in case the property or person of the judgment-debtor has been seized under an execution, the Court which issued the execution may order the restitution or discharge of such property or person pending the result of the application for such order.

240. Before passing an order under section 239,

Power to require security from, or impose conditions upon, judgment-debtor.

to stay execution, or for the restitution of property or the discharge of the judgment-debtor, the Court may

require such security from, or impose such conditions upon, the judgment-debtor as it thinks fit.

241. No discharge under section 239 of the

Liability of judgment-debtor discharged to be retaken.

property or person of a judgment-debtor, shall prevent it or him from being retaken

in execution of the decree sent for execution.

242. Any order of the Court by which the

Order of Court passing decree or of Appellate Court to be binding upon Court applied to.

decree was passed or of such Court of appeal as aforesaid, in relation to the execution of

such decree shall be binding upon the Court to which the decree was sent for execution.

243. If a suit be pending in any Court against

Stay of execution pending suit between decree-holder and judgment-debtor.

the holder of a decree of such Court, on the part of the person against whom the decree was passed, the Court

may (if it think fit) stay execution on the decree, either absolutely or on such terms as it thinks fit, until the pending suit has been decided.

*D.—Questions for Court executing decree.***244. The following questions shall be deter-**

Question to be decided by Court executing decree.

mined by order of the Court executing a decree and not by separate suit (namely)—

(a) questions regarding the amount of any mesne profits as to which the decree has directed inquiry ;

(b) questions regarding the amount of any mesne profits or interest which the decree has made payable in respect of the subject-matter of a suit between the date of its institution and the execution of the decree, or the expiration of three years from the date of the decree ;

(c) any other questions arising between the parties to the suit in which the decree was passed, or their representatives, and relating to the execution of the decree.

Nothing in this section shall be deemed to bar a separate suit for mesne profits accruing between the institution of the first suit and the execution of the decree therein, where such profits are not dealt with by such decree.

*E.—Of the mode of executing Decrees.***245. The Court, on receiving an application for**

Procedure on receiving application for execution of decree.

the execution of a decree, shall ascertain whether it contains the particulars men-

tioned in section 235, or such of them as may be applicable to the case, and whether it is accompanied by the inventory mentioned in section 236 ; and if such particulars or inventory are or is wanting, it shall reject the application or return it for amendment or for the addition of the inventory, as the case may be, or amend it then and there. Every amendment made under this section shall be attested by the signature of the Judge.

When the application is admitted, the Court

Procedure on admitting application.

shall enter in the register of the suit a note of the application and the date on

which it was made, and shall order execution of the decree according to the nature of the application :

Provided that, in the case of a decree for money, the value of the property attached shall as nearly as may be correspond with the amount for which the decree has been made.

246. If cross-decrees between the same parties for the payment of money be produced to the Court, execution shall be taken out only by the party who holds a decree for the larger sum, and for so much only as remains after deducting the smaller sum, and satisfaction for the smaller sum shall be entered on the decree for the larger sum as well as satisfaction on the decree for the smaller sum.

If the two sums be equal, satisfaction shall be entered upon both decrees.

Explanation I.—The decrees contemplated by this section are (a) decrees made by the same Court, (b) decrees sent to the same Court for execution, and (c) decrees of which one is made by the Court and the other is sent to the same Court for execution; but not (d) decrees of which one is made by one Court and the other is made by another Court and not sent for execution to the former Court.

Explanation II.—This section applies where either party is an assignee of one of the decrees and as well in respect of judgment-debts due by the original assignor as by the assignee himself.

Explanation III.—This section does not apply unless

(e) both decrees are capable of execution at the same time;

(f) the decree-holder in one of the suits in which the decrees have been made is the judgment-debtor in the other and each party fills the same character in both suits; and

(g) the sums due under the decrees are definite.

Illustrations.

(a) A holds a decree against B for Rs. 1,000. B holds a decree against A for the payment of Rs. 1,000 in case A fails to deliver certain goods at a future day. B cannot treat his decree as a cross-decree under this section.

(b) A and B, co-plaintiffs, obtain a decree for Rs. 1,000 against C, and C obtains a decree for Rs. 1,000 against B. C cannot treat his decree as a cross-decree under this section.

(c) A obtains a decree against B for Rs. 1,000. C, who is a trustee for B, obtains a decree on behalf of B against A for Rs. 1,000. B cannot treat C's decree as a cross-decree under this section.

247. When two parties are entitled under the same decree to recover from each other sums of different amounts, the party entitled to the smaller sum shall not take out execution against the other party; but satisfaction for the smaller sum shall be entered on the decree.

When the amounts are equal, neither party shall take out execution, but satisfaction for each sum shall be entered on the decree.

248. The Court shall issue a notice to the party against whom execution is applied for, requiring him to shew cause, within a period to be fixed by the Court, why the decree should not be executed against him,

(a) if more than one year has elapsed between the date of the decree and the application for its execution, or

(b) if the enforcement of the decree be applied for against the legal representative of a party to the suit in which the decree was made:

Provido.

Provided that no such notice shall be necessary

in consequence of more than one year having elapsed between the date of the decree and the application for execution, if the application be made within one year from the date of any decree passed on appeal from the decree sought to be executed or of the last order against the party against whom execution is applied for passed on any previous application for execution, or

in consequence of the application being against the legal representative of the judgment-debtor, if upon a previous application for execution against the same person, the Court has ordered execution to issue against him.

Explanation.—In this section the phrase "the Court" means the Court by which the decree was passed, unless the decree has been sent to another Court for execution, in which case it means such other Court.

249. If the person to whom notice is issued under the last preceding section does not appear, or does not shew cause to the satisfaction of the Court why the decree should not be executed, the Court shall order the decree to be executed.

If he offers any objection to the enforcement of the decree, the Court shall consider such objection and pass such order as it thinks fit.

250. When the preliminary measures (if any) Warrant when to required by the foregoing issue. provisions have been taken, the Court, unless it sees cause to the contrary, shall issue its warrant for the execution of the decree.

251. Such warrant shall be dated the day on Date, signature, seal which it is issued, signed by and delivery. the Judge or such officer as the Court appoints in this behalf, sealed with the seal of the Court, and delivered to the proper officer to be executed.

And a day shall be specified in such warrant on or before which it must be executed, and the proper officer shall endorse thereon the day and manner in which it was executed, or if it was not executed, the reason why it was not executed, and shall return it with such endorsement to the Court from which it issued.

252. If the decree be against a party as the legal representative of a deceased person, and the decree be for money to be paid out of the property of the deceased, it may be executed by the Attachment and sale of any such property.

If no such property can be found, and the judgment-debtor fails to satisfy the Court that he has duly applied such property of the deceased as is proved to have come into his possession, the decree may be executed against the judgment-debtor to the extent of the property not duly applied by

him, in the same manner as if the decree had been against him personally.

253. Whenever a person has, before the passing of a decree in an original suit, become liable as surety for the performance of the same or of any part thereof, the decree may be executed against him to the extent to which he has rendered himself liable, in the same manner as a decree may be executed against a defendant :

Provided that such notice in writing as the Court in each case thinks sufficient has been given to the surety.

254. Every decree or order directing a party to pay money, as compensation, or costs, or as the alternative to some other relief granted by the decree or order, or otherwise, may be enforced by the imprisonment of the judgment-debtor, or by the attachment and sale of his property in manner hereinafter provided, or by both.

255. If the decree be for mesne profits or any other matter the amount of which in money is to be subsequently determined, the property of the judgment-debtor may, before the amount due from him under the decree has been ascertained, be attached as in the case of an ordinary decree for money.

256. When a decree is passed for a sum of money only, and the amount decreed does not exceed the sum of one thousand rupees, the Court may, when passing the decree, on the oral application of the decree-holder, order immediate execution thereof by the issue of a warrant directed either against the person of the judgment-debtor if he is within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court, or against his moveable property within the same limits.

Modes of paying money under decree.

257. All money payable under a decree shall be paid as follows (namely)—

(a) into the Court whose duty it is to execute the decree; or

(b) out of Court to the decree-holder; or

(c) otherwise as the Court which made the decree directs.

258. If the money is paid out of Court or the decree is otherwise adjusted to the satisfaction of the decree-holder, he shall certify the payment or adjustment to the Court whose duty it is to execute the decree; and no satisfaction of a decree in part or in whole by such payment or adjustment shall be recognized by such Court unless the payment or adjustment be certified as aforesaid. Where the decree-holder fails to certify as aforesaid, the judgment-debtor may apply to such Court for an order directing the decree-holder to certify as aforesaid, and the Court, after hearing the decree-holder, may make such order, and if the decree-holder disobeys the same, may refuse further to execute the decree.

259. If the decree be for any specific moveable, or for any share in a specific moveable, or for the recovery of a wife, it may be enforced by the seizure, if practicable, of the moveable or share, and by the delivery thereof to the party to whom it has been adjudged, or to such person as he appoints to receive delivery on his behalf, or by the imprisonment of the judgment-debtor, or by attaching his property and keeping the same under attachment until the further order of the Court, or by both imprisonment and attachment, if necessary.

No attachment under this section shall remain in force for more than six months, at the end of which time, if the judgment-debtor has not obeyed the decree, the property attached may be sold, and out of the proceeds the Court may award to the decree-holder such compensation as it thinks fit, and pay the balance, if any, to the judgment-debtor on his application.

260. When the party against whom a decree for the specific performance of a contract, or for restitution of conjugal rights, or for the performance of any other particular act, has been made, has had an opportunity of obeying the decree or injunction and has wilfully failed to obey it, the decree may be enforced by his imprisonment, or by the attachment of his property, or by both.

No attachment under this section shall remain in force for more than one year, at the end of which time, if the judgment-debtor has not obeyed the decree, the property attached may be sold and out of the proceeds the Court may award to the decree-holder such compensation as it thinks fit and may pay the balance, if any, to the judgment-debtor on his application.

261. If the decree be for the execution of a conveyance, or for the endorsement of a negotiable instrument, and the judgment-debtor neglects or refuses to comply with the decree, the decree-holder may prepare the draft of a conveyance or endorsement in accordance with the terms of the decree, and deliver the same to the Court.

The Court shall thereupon cause the draft to be served on the judgment-debtor in manner hereinbefore provided for serving a summons, together with a notice in writing stating that his objections, if any, thereto shall be made within such time (mentioning it) as the Court fixes in this behalf.

The decree-holder may also tender a duplicate of the draft to the Court for execution upon the proper stamp-paper, if a stamp is required by law.

On proof of such service, the Court, or such officer as it appoints in this behalf, shall execute the duplicate so tendered, or may, if necessary, alter the same, so as to bring it into accordance with the terms of the decree, and execute the duplicate so altered :

Provided that if any party object to the draft so served as aforesaid, his objections shall, within

the time so fixed, be stated in writing and argued before the Court, and the Court shall thereupon pass such order as it thinks fit, and execute, or alter and execute, the duplicate in accordance therewith.

262. The execution of a conveyance or the endorsement of a negotiable instrument by the Court under the last preceding section may be in the following form: "*C. D.*, Judge of the Court of (or as the case may be), for *A. B.*, in a suit by *E. F.*, against *A. B.*," or in such other form as the High Court may from time to time prescribe, and shall have the same effect as the execution of the conveyance or endorsement of the instrument by the party ordered to execute or endorse the same.

263. If the decree be for the delivery of any immovable property, possession thereof shall be delivered over to the party to whom it has been adjudged, or to such person as he appoints to receive delivery on his behalf, and, if need be, by removing any person bound by the decree who refuses to vacate the property.

264. If the decree be for the delivery of any immovable property in the occupancy of a tenant or other person entitled to occupy the same, the Court shall order delivery to be made by affixing a copy of the warrant in some conspicuous place on the property, and proclaiming to the occupant by beat of drum, or in such other mode as is customary, at some convenient place, the substance of the decree in regard to the property:

Provided that if the occupant can be found, a notice in writing containing such substance shall be served upon him, and in such case no proclamation need be made.

265. If the decree be for the partition or for the separate possession of a share of an undivided estate paying revenue to Government, the partition of the estate or the separation of the share shall be made by the Collector.

F.—Of Attachment of Property.

266. The following property is liable to attachment and sale in execution of a decree, (namely) lands, houses or other buildings, goods, money, bank-notes, cheques, bills of exchange, hundis, promissory notes, Government securities, bonds or other securities for money, debts, shares in the capital or joint-stock of any railway, banking or other public Company or Corporation, and, except as hereinafter mentioned, all other saleable property, moveable or immovable, belonging to the judgment-debtor or over which, or the profits of which, he has a disposing power which he may exercise for his own benefit, and whether the same be held in the name of the judgment-debtor or by another person in trust for him or on his behalf:

Provided that the following particulars shall not be liable to such attachment or sale (namely)—

(a) the necessary wearing apparel of the judgment-debtor, his wife and children:

- (b) tools of artisans, implements of husbandry and such cattle as may in the opinion of the Court be necessary to enable the judgment-debtor to earn his livelihood as an agriculturist:
- (c) the materials of houses and other buildings belonging to and occupied by agriculturists:
- (d) books of account:
- (e) mere rights to sue for damages:
- (f) any right of personal service:
- (g) stipends allowed to military and civil pensioners of Government, and political pensions:
- (h) one moiety of the salary of a public officer or of the servant of a Railway Company:
- (i) the pay and allowances of persons to whom the Native Articles of War apply:
- (j) the wages of labourers and domestic servants:
- (k) an expectancy of succession by survivorship or other merely contingent or possible right or interest:
- (l) a right to future maintenance.

Explanation.—The particulars mentioned in clauses (g), (h), (i) and (j) are exempt from attachment or sale whether before or after they are actually payable:

Provided also that nothing in this section shall be deemed:

- (a) to exempt the materials of houses and other buildings from attachment or sale in execution of decrees for rent, or
- (b) to affect the statute for the time being in force for punishing mutiny and desertion and for the better payment of the Army and their quarters.

267. The Court may of its own motion or on the application of the decree-holder, summon any person whom it thinks necessary, and examine him in respect to any property liable to be seized in satisfaction of the decree, and may require the person summoned to produce any document in his possession or power relating to such property, and before issuing the summons of its own motion, shall declare the person on whose behalf the summons is so issued.

268. In the case of (a) a debt not secured by a negotiable instrument, (b) a share in the capital of any public company or corporation, (c) other moveable property not in the possession of the judgment-debtor, except property deposited in, or in the custody of, any Court, the attachment shall be made by a written order prohibiting,

(a) in the case of the debt, the creditor from recovering the debt and the debtor from making payment thereof until the further order of the Court:

(b) in the case of the share, the person in whose name the share may be standing, from transferring the same or receiving any dividend thereon:

(c) in the case of the other moveable property except as aforesaid, the person in possession of the same from giving it over to the judgment-debtor.

A copy of such order shall be fixed up in some conspicuous part of the Court-house, and another copy of the same shall be sent in the case of the debt to the debtor, in the case of the share to the proper officer of the company or corporation, and in the case of the other moveable property (except as aforesaid) to the person in possession of the same.

A debtor prohibited under clause (a) of this section may pay the amount of his debt into court, and such payment shall discharge him as effectually as payment to the party entitled to receive the same.

No attachment under this section shall remain in force for more than six months; at the end of which time, if the judgment-debtor has not obeyed the decree, the property attached may be sold, and out of the proceeds the Court may award to the decree-holder such compensation as it thinks fit, and pay the balance, if any, to the judgment-debtor on his application.

269. If the property be moveable property in the possession of the judgment-debtor, other than the property mentioned in the first proviso to section 268, the attachment shall be made by actual seizure, and the attaching officer shall keep the property in his own custody or in the custody of one of his subordinates, and shall be responsible for the due custody thereof:

Provided that when the property seized is subject to speedy and natural decay, or when the expense of keeping it in custody will exceed its value, the proper officer may sell it at once.

The Local Government may from time to time make rules for the maintenance of tenance and custody, which, under attachment, of live-stock and other moveable property, and the officer attaching property under this section shall, notwithstanding the provisions of the former part of this section act in accordance with such rules.

270. If the property be a negotiable instrument not in deposit in a Court, the attachment shall be made by actual seizure, and the instrument shall be brought into court and held subject to the further orders of the Court.

271. If the person executing any process under this Code directing or authorizing seizure of moveable property, has gained access to a house or other building, he may unfasten and open the door of any room in which he has reason to believe any such property to be:

Provided that if the room be in the actual occupancy of a woman, who according to the customs of the country does not appear

in public, the person executing the process shall give notice to her that she is at liberty to withdraw; and after allowing a reasonable time for such woman to withdraw, and giving her every reasonable facility for withdrawing, he may enter such room for the purpose of seizing the property, using at the same time every precaution, consistent with these provisions, to prevent its clandestine removal.

272. If the property be deposited in, or be in the custody of, any Court or public officer, the attachment shall be made by a notice to such Court or officer, requesting that such property, and any interest or dividend becoming payable thereon may be held subject to the further orders of the Court from which the notice issues:

Provided that, if such property is deposited in, or is in the custody of, a Court, any question of title or priority arising between the decree-holder and any other person, not being the judgment-debtor, claiming to be interested in such property by virtue of any assignment, attachment or otherwise, shall be determined by such Court.

273. If the property be a decree for money passed by the Court which passed the decree sought to be executed, the attachment shall be made by an order of the Court directing the proceeds of the former decree to be applied in satisfaction of the latter decree.

If the property be a decree for money passed by any other Court, the attachment shall be made by a notice in writing to such Court under the hand of the Judge of the Court which passed the decree sought to be executed, requesting the former Court to stay the execution of its decree until such notice is cancelled by the Court from which it was sent. The Court receiving such notice shall stay execution accordingly, unless and until

(a) the Court which passed the decree sought to be executed cancels the notice, or

(b) the holder of the decree sought to be executed applies to the Court receiving such notice to execute its own decree.

On receiving such application, the Court shall proceed to execute the decree and apply the proceeds in satisfaction of the decree sought to be executed.

In the case of all other decrees the attachment shall be made by a notice in writing, under the hand of the Judge of the Court which passed the decree sought to be executed to the holder of the decree sought to be attached, prohibiting him from transferring or charging the same in any way; and, when such decree has been passed by any other Court, also by sending to such Court a like notice in writing to abstain from executing the decree sought to be attached until such notice is cancelled by the Court from which it was sent. Every Court receiving such notice shall give effect to the same until it is so cancelled.

The holder of any decree attached under this section shall be bound to give the Court executing the same such information and aid as may reasonably be required.

274. If the property be immoveable, the attachment shall be made by an order prohibiting the judgment-debtor from transferring or charging the property in any way, and all persons from receiving the same from him by purchase, gift or otherwise.

The order shall be proclaimed at some place on adjacent to such property by beat of drum or

other customary mode, and a copy of the order shall be fixed up in a conspicuous part of the property and of the Court-house.

When the property is land paying revenue to Government, a copy of the order shall also be fixed up in the office of the Collector of the District in which the land is situate.

275. If the amount decreed with costs and all charges and expenses resulting from the attachment of any property be paid into Court, or if satisfaction of the decree be otherwise made through the Court, or if the decree is set aside or reversed, an order shall be issued, on the application of any person interested in the property, for the withdrawal of the attachment.

276. When an attachment has been made by actual seizure or by written order duly intimated and made known in manner aforesaid, any private alienation of the property attached, whether by sale, gift, mortgage or otherwise, and any payment of the debt or dividend or a delivery of the share to the judgment-debtor during the continuance of the attachment, shall be void as against all claims enforceable under the attachment.

277. If the property attached, is coin or currency-notes, the Court may, at any time during the continuance of the attachment, direct that such coin or notes, or a part thereof sufficient to satisfy the decree, be paid over to the party entitled under the decree to receive the same.

278. If any claim be preferred to, or any objection be made to the attachment of, any property attached in execution of a decree, on the ground that such property is not liable to such attachment, the Court shall proceed to investigate the claim or objection with the like power as regards the examination of the claimant or objector, and in all other respects, as if he was a party to the suit:

Provided that no such investigation shall be made where the Court considers that the claim or objection was designedly or unnecessarily delayed.

If the property to which the claim or objection applies has been advertised for sale, the Court ordering the sale may postpone it pending the investigation of the claim or objection.

279. The claimant or objector must adduce evidence to show that at the date of the attachment he had some interest in, or was possessed of, the property attached.

280. If upon the said investigation the Court is satisfied that, for the reason stated in the claim or objection, such property was not, when attached, in the possession of the judgment-debtor or of some person in trust for him, or in the occupancy of a tenant or other person paying rent to him, or that, being in the possession of the judgment-debtor at such time, it was

so in his possession, not on his own account or as his own property, but on account of or in trust for some other person, or partly on his own account and partly on account of some other person, the Court shall pass an order for releasing the property wholly or to such extent as it thinks fit, from attachment.

281. If the Court is satisfied that the property was, at the time it was attached, in possession of the judgment-debtor as his own property and not on account of any other person, or was in the possession of some other person in trust for him, or in the occupancy of a tenant or other person paying rent to him, the Court shall disallow the claim.

282. If the Court is satisfied that the property is subject to a mortgage or lien in favour of some person not in possession, and thinks fit to continue the attachment, it may do so, subject to such mortgage or lien.

283. The party against whom an order under section 280, 281 or 282 is passed may institute a suit to establish the right which he claims to the property in dispute, but subject to the result of such suit, if any, the order shall be conclusive.

284. Any Court may order that any property which has been attached, or such portion thereof as may seem necessary to satisfy the decree, shall be sold, and that the proceeds of such sale, or a sufficient portion thereof, shall be paid to the party entitled under the decree to receive the same.

285. Where property not in the custody of any Court has been attached in execution of decrees of more Courts than one, the Court which shall receive or realize such property and shall determine any claim thereto and any objection to the attachment thereof shall be the Court of highest grade, or where there is no difference in grade between such Courts, the Court under whose decree the property was first attached.

G.—Of Sale and Delivery of Property.

(a) General Rules.

286. Sales in execution of decrees shall be conducted by an officer of the Court or by any other person whom the Court may appoint, and, except as provided in section 296, shall be made by public auction in manner herein-after mentioned.

287. When any property is ordered to be sold by public auction in execution of a decree, the Court shall cause a proclamation of the intended sale to be made in the language of such Court. Such proclamation shall state the time and place of sale; and shall specify as fairly and accurately as possible—

- (a) the property to be sold;
- (b) the revenue assessed upon the estate or part of the estate, when the property to be sold is an interest in an estate or a part of an estate paying revenue to Government;

- (c) any incumbrance to which the property is liable;
- (d) the amount for the recovery of which the sale is ordered; and
- (e) every other thing which the Court considers material for the purchaser to know in order to judge of the nature and value of the property.

For the purpose of ascertaining the matters so to be specified, the Court may summon any person whom it thinks necessary, and examine him in respect to any such matters, and require him to produce any document in his possession or power relating thereto.

The High Court shall, as soon as may be after Rules to be made by this Code comes into force, High Court. make rules for the guidance of the Courts in exercise of their duties under this section. The High Court may from time to time alter any rules so made. All such rules shall be published in the local official Gazette and shall thereupon have the force of law. As regards his own Court and the Court of Small Causes at Rangoon the Recorder of Rangoon shall be deemed to be a 'High Court' within the meaning of this paragraph.

Nothing in this section shall apply to cases in which the execution of the decree has been transferred to the Collector.

288. No Judge or other public officer shall be Indemnity of Judges, answerable for any error, &c. misstatement or omission in any proclamation under section 287 unless the same has been committed or made dishonestly.

289. The proclamation shall be made, in manner prescribed by section 274, Mode of making proclamation. on the spot where the property is attached.

If the Court so direct, such proclamation shall also be published in the local official Gazette and in some local newspaper, and the costs of such publication shall be deemed to be costs of the sale.

290. Except in the case of property mentioned in the proviso to section 289, Time of sale. no sale under this chapter shall, without the consent in writing of the judgment-debtor, take place until after the expiration of at least thirty days in the case of immoveable property, and of at least fifteen days in the case of moveable property, calculated from the date on which the notification has been affixed in the court-house of the Judge ordering the sale.

291. The officer conducting any sale under this chapter may in his discretion Power to adjourn sale. adjourn the sale, recording his reasons for such adjournment: Provided that when the sale is made in or within the precincts of the Court-house no such adjournment shall be made without the leave of the Court. Every such Stoppage of sale on tender of debt and costs, or on proof of payment. sale shall be stopped if, before the lot is knocked down, the debt and costs (including the costs of the sale) are tendered to such officer, or proof is given to his satisfaction that the amount of such debt and costs has been paid into the Court that ordered the sale.

292. No officer having any duty to perform in connection with any sale Officers concerned in execution-sales not to bid for or buy property sold. under this chapter shall either directly or indirectly

bid for, acquire, or attempt to acquire, any interest in any property sold at such sale.

293. The deficiency of price (if any), which may Defaulting purchaser happen on a re-sale under answerable for loss by this Code by reason of the re-sale. purchaser's default, and all expenses attending such re-sale, shall be certified to the Court by the officer holding the sale, and shall, at the instance of either the judgment-creditor or the judgment-debtor, be recoverable from the defaulter under the rules contained in this chapter for the execution of a decree for money.

294. No holder of a decree in execution of Decree-holder not to bid for or buy property without permission. which property is sold, shall, without the express permission of the Court, bid for or purchase the property.

When a decree-holder purchases with such permission, the purchase-money and the amount due on the decree may, if he so desires, be set-off against one another, and the Court executing the decree shall enter up satisfaction of the decree in whole or in part accordingly.

295. Whenever assets are realized by sale or Proceeds of execution-sale to be divided rateably among decree-holders. otherwise in execution of a decree, and more persons than one have, prior to the realization, applied to the Court by which such assets are held for execution of decrees for money against the same judgment-debtor, and have not obtained satisfaction thereof, the assets, after deducting the costs of the realization, shall be divided rateably among all such persons:

Provided that, when any property is sold subject to a mortgage or charge, the mortgagee or incumbrancer shall not be entitled to share in any surplus arising from such sale:

Provided also that when any property liable to be sold in execution of a decree is subject to a mortgage or charge, the Court may, with the assent of the mortgagee or incumbrancer, order that the property be sold free from the mortgage or charge giving to the mortgagee or incumbrancer the same right against the proceeds of the sale as he had against the property sold.

If all or any of such assets be paid to a person not entitled to receive the same, any person so entitled may sue such person to compel him to refund the assets.

Nothing in this section affects any right of the Government.

(b). — *Rules as to Moveable Property.*

296. If the property to be sold be a negotiable Rules as to negotiable securities and shares in public Companies. instrument or a share in any public Company or Corporation, the Court may, instead of directing the sale to be made by public auction, authorize the sale of such instrument or share through a broker at the market-rate of the day.

297. In the case of other moveable property, the Price of each lot shall be paid for at the time of sale, or as soon after as the officer holding the sale directs, and in default of payment, the property shall forthwith be again put up and sold.

On payment of the purchase-money, the officer holding the sale shall grant a receipt for the same, and the sale shall become absolute.

298. No irregularity in publishing or conducting the sale of moveable property shall vitiate the sale; but any person sustaining any injury by reason of such irregularity at the hand of any other person may institute a suit against him for compensation, or (if such other person be the purchaser) for the recovery of the specific property and for compensation in default of such recovery.

299. When the property sold is a negotiable instrument or other moveable property of which actual seizure has been made, the property shall be delivered to the purchaser.

300. When the property sold is any moveable property to which the judgment-debtor is entitled subject to the possession of some other person, the delivery thereof to the purchaser shall be made by giving notice to the person in possession prohibiting him from delivering possession of the property to any person except the purchaser.

301. When the property sold is a debt not secured by a negotiable instrument, or is a share in any public Company, the delivery thereof shall be made by a written order of the Court prohibiting the creditor from receiving the debt or any interest thereon, and the debtor from making payment thereof to any person except the purchaser, or prohibiting the person in whose name the share may be standing from making any transfer of the share to any person except the purchaser, or receiving payment of any dividend or interest thereon, and the Manager, Secretary or other proper officer of the Company from permitting any such transfer or making any such payment to any person except the purchaser.

302. If the endorsement or conveyance of the party in whose name a negotiable instrument or a share in any public Company is standing, is required to transfer such instrument or share, the Judge may endorse the instrument or the certificate of the share, or may execute such other document as may be necessary.

The endorsement or execution shall be in the following form or to the like effect:—"A. B. by C. D., Judge of the Court of (or as the case may be); in a suit by E. F. against A. B."

Until the transfer of such instrument or share, the Court may, by order, appoint some person to receive any interest or dividend due thereon, and to sign a receipt for the same; and any endorsement made or document executed or receipt signed as aforesaid shall be as valid and effectual for all purposes as if the same had been made or executed or signed by the party himself.

303. In the case of any moveable property not hereinbefore provided for, the Court may make an order vesting such property in the

purchaser or as he may direct; and such property shall vest accordingly.

(c.)—*Rules as to Immoveable Property.*

304. Sales of immoveable property in execution of a decree may be ordered by any Court other than a Court of Small Causes.

305. When an order for the sale of immoveable property has been made, if the judgment-debtor can satisfy the Court that there is reason to believe that the amount of the decree may be raised by mortgage or lease or private sale of such property, or some part thereof, or of any other immoveable property of the judgment-debtor, the Court may on his application postpone the sale of property comprised in the order for sale for such period as it thinks proper, to enable him to raise the amount.

In such case the Court shall grant a certificate to the judgment-debtor authorizing him, within a period to be mentioned therein, to make the proposed mortgage, lease or sale: provided that all moneys payable under such mortgage, lease or sale, shall be paid into Court and not to the judgment-debtor.

Where such certificate has been granted and so long as it remains in force, the provisions of section 248 shall not apply.

306. On every sale of immoveable property under this chapter, the person declared to be the purchaser shall pay immediately after such declaration a deposit of twenty-five per centum on the amount of his purchase-money to the officer conducting the sale, and, in default of such deposit, the property shall forthwith be put up again and sold.

307. The full amount of purchase money shall be paid by the purchaser before the Court closes on the fifteenth day after the sale of the property, exclusive of such day, or if the fifteenth day be a Sunday or other holiday, then on the first office day after the fifteenth day.

308. In default of payment within the period mentioned in the last preceding section, the deposit, after defraying the expenses of the sale, shall be forfeited to Government, and the property shall be re-sold, and the defaulting purchaser shall forfeit all claim to the property or to any part of the sum for which it may subsequently be sold.

309. Every re-sale of immoveable property in default of payment of the purchase-money within the period allowed for such payment, shall be made after the issue of a fresh notification in the manner and for the period hereinbefore prescribed for the sale.

310. When the property sold in execution of a decree is a share of undivided immoveable property, and two or more persons, of whom one is a co-sharer,

respectively advance the same sum at any bidding at such sale, such bidding shall be deemed to be the bidding of the co-sharer.

311. The decree-holder or any person whose im-
Sale of land not set aside on ground of irregularity unless in case of substantial injury. moveable property has been sold under this chapter may apply to the Court to set aside the sale on the ground of a material irregularity in publishing or conducting it;

but no sale shall be set aside on the ground of irregularity unless the applicant proves to the satisfaction of the Court that he has sustained substantial injury by reason of such irregularity.

312. If no such application as is mentioned in the last preceding section be made, or if such application be made and the objection be disallowed, the Court shall pass an order confirming the sale as regards the parties to the suit and the purchaser.

If such application be made, and if the objection be allowed, the Court shall pass an order setting aside the sale.

No suit to set aside on the ground of such irregularity an order passed under this section shall be brought by the party against whom such order has been made.

313. The purchaser at any such sale may apply to the Court to set aside the sale, on the ground that the person whose property purported to be sold had no saleable interest therein, and the Court may make such order as it thinks fit: provided that no order to set aside a sale shall be made, unless the judgment-debtor and the decree-holder have had opportunity of being heard against such order.

314. No sale of immoveable property shall become absolute until it has been confirmed by the Court.

If sale set aside, price to be returned to purchaser.

315. When a sale of immoveable property is set aside under section 312 or 313,

or when it is found that the judgment-debtor had no saleable interest in the property which purported to be sold and the purchaser is for that reason deprived of it,

the purchaser shall be entitled to receive back his purchase-money (with or without interest as the Court may direct) from any person to whom the purchase-money has been paid.

The repayment of the said purchase-money and of the interest (if any) allowed by the Court may be enforced against such person under the rules provided by this Code for the execution of a decree for money.

316. When a sale of immoveable property has become absolute in manner aforesaid, the Court shall grant a certificate stating the name of the person who, at the time of sale, is declared to be the purchaser and the date of such sale.

317. No suit shall be maintained against the certified purchaser on the ground that the purchase was made on behalf of any other person, or on behalf of some one through whom such other person claims.

Nothing in this section shall bar a suit to obtain a declaration that the name of the certified purchaser was inserted in the certificate fraudulently or without the consent of the real purchaser.

318. When the property sold is in the occupancy of the judgment-debtor or of some person on his behalf, or of some person claiming under a title created by the judgment-debtor subsequently to the attachment of such property, and a certificate in respect thereof has been granted under section 316, the Court shall, on application by the purchaser, order delivery to be made by putting the purchaser or any person whom he may appoint to receive delivery on his behalf in possession of the property, and, if need be, by removing any person who refuses to vacate the same.

319. When the property sold is in the occupancy of a tenant or other person entitled to occupy the same, and a certificate in respect thereof has been granted under section 316, the Court shall order delivery thereof to be made by affixing a copy of the certificate of sale in some conspicuous place on the property, and proclaiming to the occupant by beat of drum or in such other mode as may be customary, at some convenient place, that the interest of the judgment-debtor has been transferred to the purchaser.

320. The Local Government may, with the sanction of the Governor General in Council, declare by notification in the official Gazette that in any local area the execution of decrees in cases in which a Court has ordered any immoveable property to be sold, or the execution of any particular kind of such decrees,

or the execution of decrees ordering the sale of any particular kind of, or interest in, immoveable property,

shall be transferred to the Collector; and rescind or modify any such declaration.

The Local Government may also from time to time prescribe rules for the transmission of the decree from the Court to the Collector, and for regulating the procedure of the Collector and his subordinates in executing the same, and for retransmitting the decree from the Collector to the Court.

321. Whenever the execution of a decree has been so transferred, the Collector may—

(a) sell the property comprised in the decree by public auction and either in one or more lots as he thinks fit;

(b) fix a reasonable reserved price for each lot;

(c) adjourn the sale for a reasonable time, whenever he deems the adjournment necessary for the purpose of obtaining a fair price for the property, recording his reasons for such adjournment:

(d) buy in the property offered for sale and re-sell the same.

322. Whenever the execution of a decree not being a decree directing the sale of immoveable property in pursuance of a contract specifically affecting the same, but being a decree for money in satisfaction of which the Court has ordered the sale of immoveable property, has been so transferred, the Collector may either proceed as the Court would proceed under section 305, or if he has reason to believe that the judgment-debts of the judgment-debtor can be discharged without a sale of the whole of such property, the Collector may (notwithstanding any order under section 303, but subject to such rules as may from time to time be made in this behalf by the Chief Controlling Revenue Authority) raise the amount necessary to discharge such debts with interest thereon according to the decree, or, if the decree makes no provision as to interest, then with interest (if any) at such rate as he thinks fit,

(a) by letting in perpetuity, or for a term, on payment of a premium equivalent to such amount, the whole or any part of the judgment-debtor's immoveable property: or

(b) by mortgaging the whole or any part of such property: or

(c) by selling part of such property: or

(d) by letting on farm or managing by himself or another the whole or any part of such property for any term not exceeding twenty years from the date of the order of sale; or

(e) partly by one of such modes and partly by another or others of them.

For the purpose of managing under this section the whole or any part of such property, the Collector may exercise all the powers of its owner.

323. In the case of a decree for money, if the Collector proposes to proceed under section 322, he shall publish a notice in the language of the district, calling upon all persons holding decrees against the judgment-debtor to notify the same in writing to the Collector within sixty days from the date of such publication.

Such notice shall be published by being posted in the court-house of the Court which made the order under section 304, and at such other places (if any) as the Collector thinks fit.

So long as any letting or management under section 322 continues, the judgment-debtor and his representative in interest shall be incompetent to mortgage, charge, lease or alienate the property so let or managed, or any part thereof.

324. If on the expiration of the letting or management, the amount necessary to discharge such debts in full with the interest (if any) payable thereon has not been raised, the Collector shall notify the fact in writing to the judgment-debtor or his representative, stating at the same time that, if the balance necessary to discharge such debts and interest is not paid to the Collector within six weeks of the date of such notice, the Collector will proceed to sell the said property; and if on the expiration of the said six weeks the said balance

is not so paid, the Collector shall sell such property accordingly.

325. Whenever the Collector sells any property pursuant to the said order of sale or exercises any of the powers conferred upon him by section 321 or 322, he shall inform the Court which made such order of the fact of such sale or exercise, and shall render accounts to such Court of his receipts and payments in respect of the said property, and shall hold the balance at the disposal of such Court.

Such balance (after deducting therefrom any debts due or liabilities incurred to Government by the judgment-debtor) shall be applied rateably in discharging the claims of all the decree-holders who have complied with the said notice; and no other person making any claim against the property so let or managed, or against such proceeds, shall be entitled to be paid thereout.

326. When, in any local area in which no declaration under section 320 is in force, the property attached consists of land or of a share in land, and the Collector represents to the Court that the public sale of the land or share is objectionable, and that satisfaction of the decree may be made within a reasonable period by a temporary alienation or management of the land or share, the Court may authorize the Collector to provide for such satisfaction in the manner recommended by him, instead of proceeding to a sale of the land or share. The provisions of sections 322 to 325 (both inclusive) shall in such case apply to the Collector.

327. The Local Government may from time to time, with the sanction of the Governor General in Council, make special rules for any local area imposing conditions in respect of sale of any class of interests in land in execution of decrees for money, where such interests are so uncertain or undetermined as in the opinion of the Local Government to make it impossible to fix their value:

and if, when this Code comes into operation in any local area, any special rules as to sale of land in execution of decrees are in force therein, the Local Government may continue such rules in force, or may from time to time, with the sanction of the Governor General in Council, modify the same.

All rules so made or continued, and all such modifications of the same, shall be published in the local official Gazette, and shall thereupon have the force of law.

H.—Of Resistance to Execution.

328. If in the execution of a decree for the possession of property, the officer charged with the execution of the warrant is resisted or obstructed by any person, the decree-holder may complain to the Court at any time within one month from the time of such resistance or obstruction.

The Court shall fix a day for investigating the complaint, and shall summon the party against whom the complaint is made to answer the same.

If the Court is satisfied that the resistance or obstruction was occasioned by the judgment-debtor or by some person at his instigation, the Court shall enquire into the matter of the complaint, and pass such order as it thinks fit.

330. If the Court is satisfied that the resistance or obstruction was occasioned by the judgment-debtor or some other person at his instigation, the Court may, at the instance of the decree-holder and without prejudice to any penalty to which such judgment-debtor or other person may be liable, under the Indian Penal Code or any other law, for such resistance or obstruction, commit the judgment-debtor or such other person to jail for a term which may extend to thirty days, and direct that the decree-holder be put into possession of the property.

331. If the resistance or obstruction has been occasioned by any person other than the judgment-debtor claiming in good faith to be in possession of the property on his own account or on account of some person other than the judgment-debtor, the claim shall be numbered and registered as a suit between the decree-holder as plaintiff and the claimant as defendant;

and the Court shall, without prejudice to any proceedings to which the claimant may be liable under the Indian Penal Code or any other law for the punishment of such resistance or obstruction, proceed to investigate the claim in the same manner and with the like power as if a suit for the property had been instituted by the decree-holder against the claimant under the provisions of the Specific Relief Act, 1877, section 9,

and shall pass such order as it thinks fit for executing or staying execution of the decree.

332. If any person other than the defendant is dispossessed of any property in execution of a decree, and such person disputes the right of the decree-holder to dispossess him of such property under the decree, on the ground that the property was *bond fide* in his possession on his own account or on account of some person other than the judgment-debtor, and that it was not comprised in the decree, or that, if it was comprised in the decree, he was not a party to the suit in which the decree was passed, he may apply to the Court.

If, after examining the applicant, it appears to the Court that there is probable cause for making the application, the application shall be numbered and registered as a suit between the applicant as plaintiff and the decree-holder as defendant, and the Court shall proceed to investigate the matter in dispute in the same manner and with the like power as if a suit for the property had been instituted by the applicant against the decree-holder under the provisions of the Specific Relief Act, 1877, section 9, and shall pass such order as it thinks fit for executing or staying execution of the decree.

In hearing applications under this section the Court shall confine itself to the grounds of objection above specified.

Nothing in this section or section 330 applies to a person to whom the judgment-debtor has transferred the property after the institution of the suit in which the decree is made.

333. The order passed under either of sections 331 and 332 shall be in the nature of, and shall have the same force as, a decree in a suit, and shall be subject to the same conditions as to appeal or otherwise.

334. If the purchaser of any immoveable property sold in execution of a decree be resisted or obstructed by the judgment-debtor or any one on his behalf in obtaining possession of the property, the provisions of this chapter relating to resistance or obstruction to a decree-holder in obtaining possession of the property adjudged to him, shall be applicable.

335. If it appear that the resistance or obstruction was occasioned by any person other than the judgment-debtor, not in possession of the property sold, but claiming a right thereto as proprietor, mortgagee, lessee or under any other title, the Court, on the complaint of the purchaser, shall enquire into the matter of the resistance or obstruction, and pass such order thereon as it thinks fit.

The party against whom such order is passed may institute a suit to establish the right which he claims to the present possession of the property, but subject to the result of such suit, if any, the order shall be conclusive.

I.—Of Arrest and Imprisonment.

336. A judgment-debtor may be arrested in execution of a decree at any hour and on any day, and shall as soon as practicable be brought before the Court, and his imprisonment may be in the civil jail of the district in which the Court ordering the imprisonment is situate, or, when such jail does not afford suitable accommodation, in any other place which the Local Government may appoint for the confinement of persons ordered to be imprisoned by the Courts of such district:

Provided that no house shall be entered after sunset and before sunrise for the purpose of making an arrest in houses.

Provided also that when the decree in execution of which a judgment-debtor is arrested is a decree for money and the judgment-debtor pays the amount of the decree and the costs of the arrest to the officer arresting him, such officer shall at once release him.

The Local Government may, by notification published in the official Gazette, direct that whenever a judgment-debtor is arrested in execution of a decree for money and brought before the Court under this section, the Court shall inform him that he may apply under chapter XX to be declared an insolvent, and that he will be discharged if he has not committed any act of bad faith regarding the subject of his application and if he places all his property in possession of a receiver appointed by the Court.

If after such publication the judgment-debtor express his intention so to apply, and if he furnish sufficient security that he will appear when called upon, and that he will within one month apply under section 344 to be declared an insolvent, the Court shall release him from arrest.

But if he fails so to apply, the Court may either direct the security to be realised or commit him to jail in execution of the decree.

337. Every warrant for the arrest of the judgment-debtor shall direct

Warrant for arrest to direct judgment-debtor to be brought up.

the officer entrusted with its execution to bring him before the Court with all convenient speed, unless the amount which he has been ordered to pay, together with the interest thereon and the costs, if any, to which he is liable, be sooner paid.

338. The Local Government may from time to time prescribe scales, graduated according to rank, race and nationality, of monthly allowances payable for the subsistence of judgment-debtors.

Scales of subsistence-allowances.

time prescribe scales, graduated according to rank, race and nationality, of

monthly allowances payable for the subsistence of judgment-debtors.

339. No judgment-debtor shall be arrested in execution of a decree unless

Judgment-debtor's subsistence-money.

and until the decree-holder pays into court such sum as, having regard to the scales so fixed, the Judge thinks sufficient for the subsistence of the judgment-debtor from his arrest until he can be brought before the Court.

When a judgment-debtor is committed to jail in execution of a decree, the Court shall fix for his subsistence such monthly allowance as he may be entitled to according to the said scales, or where no such scales have been fixed, as it considers sufficient with reference to the class to which he belongs.

The monthly allowance fixed by the Court shall be supplied by the party on whose application the decree has been executed, to the proper officer of the Court by monthly payments in advance before the first day of each month.

The first payment shall be made for such portion of the current month as remains unexpired before the judgment-debtor is committed to jail.

340. Sums disbursed by the decree-holder for the subsistence of the judgment-debtor in jail shall be deemed to be costs on the suit:

Subsistence-money to be added to amount of decree.

the subsistence of the judgment-debtor in jail shall be deemed to be costs on the suit:

Provided that the judgment-debtor shall not be detained in jail or arrested on account of any sum so disbursed.

Release of judgment-debtor.

341. The judgment-debtor shall be discharged from jail,

- (a) on the decree being fully satisfied, or
- (b) at the request of the person on whose application he has been imprisoned, or
- (c) on such person omitting to pay the allowance as hereinbefore directed, or
- (d) if the judgment-debtor be declared an insolvent, as hereinafter provided, or
- (e) when the term of his imprisonment as limited by section 342 is fulfilled:

Provided that in the first, second, third and fourth cases mentioned in this section, the judgment-debtor shall not be discharged without the order of the Court.

A judgment-debtor discharged under this section is not thereby discharged from his debt, but

he cannot be re-arrested under the decree in execution of which he was imprisoned.

342. No person shall be imprisoned in execution of a decree for a longer period than six months;

Imprisonment not to exceed six months.

or for a longer period than six weeks if the decree be for the payment of a sum of money not exceeding fifty rupees.

When not to exceed six weeks.

ing fifty rupees.

343. The officer entrusted with the execution of the warrant shall endorse thereupon the day on, and the manner in, which it was executed; and if the latest day specified in the warrant for the return thereof has been exceeded, the reason of the delay; or if it was not executed, the reason why it was not executed, and shall return the warrant with such endorsement to the Court.

Endorsement on warrant.

If the endorsement is to the effect that such officer is unable to execute the warrant, the Court shall examine him on oath touching his alleged inability, and may, if it think fit, summon and examine witnesses as to such inability and shall record the result.

CHAPTER XX.

OF INSOLVENT JUDGMENT-DEBTORS.

344. Any person arrested or imprisoned in execution of a decree for money may apply in writing to be declared an insolvent.

Power to apply to be declared an insolvent.

may apply in writing to be declared an insolvent.

Such application shall be made to the District Court which ordered his arrest or imprisonment, or when the District Court did not make such order, then to the District Court to which the Court that made the order is subordinate.

Contents of application.

345. The application shall set forth—

(a) the fact of such person's arrest or imprisonment, the Court by whose order he was arrested or imprisoned, and the place in which he is in custody;

(b) the amount, kind and particulars of his property, and the value of any such property not consisting of money;

(c) the place or places in which such property is to be found;

(d) his willingness to put it at the disposal of the Court;

(e) the amount and particulars of all pecuniary claims against him; and

(f) the names and residences of his creditors, so far as they are known to or can be ascertained by him.

346. The application shall be subscribed and verified by the applicant in manner hereinbefore prescribed for subscribing and verifying plaints.

Subscription and verification of application.

verified by the applicant in manner hereinbefore prescribed for subscribing and verifying plaints.

347. The Court shall fix a day for hearing the application, and shall cause a copy thereof, with a notice in writing of the time and place at which it will be heard, to be stuck up in Court and served at the applicant's expense on the holder of the decree in execution of which he was arrested or imprisoned, or on the plaintiff of such decree-holder, and on the other creditors (if any) mentioned in the application.

Service on decree-holder of copy of application and notice.

application, and shall cause a copy thereof, with a notice in writing of the time and

place at which it will be heard, to be stuck up in Court and served at the applicant's expense on the holder of the decree in execution of which he was arrested or imprisoned, or on the plaintiff of such decree-holder, and on the other creditors (if any) mentioned in the application.

The Court may, if it thinks fit, publish at the applicant's expense the application in such official Gazette and public newspapers as it thinks fit.

348. The Court may also, if it thinks fit, cause a like copy and notice to be served on any other person alleging himself to be a creditor of the applicant and applying for leave to be heard on the application.

Power to serve other creditors.

349. Where the applicant is under arrest, the Court may, pending the hearing under section 350, order him to be immediately committed to jail; or leave him in the custody of the officer to whom the service of the warrant was entrusted.

Powers of Court as to applicant under arrest.

350. On the day so fixed, or on any subsequent day to which the Court may adjourn the hearing, the Court shall examine the applicant, in the presence of the persons on whom such notice has been served or their pleaders, as to his then circumstances and as to his future means of payment, and shall hear the said decree-holder, the other creditors mentioned in the application and the other persons (if any) alleging themselves to be creditors, in opposition to the applicant's discharge; and may, if it thinks fit, grant time to the said decree-holder and other creditors or persons to adduce evidence showing that the applicant is not entitled to be declared an insolvent.

Declaration of insolvency and appointment of receiver.

351. If the Court is satisfied—

(a) that the statements in the application are substantially true;

(b) that the applicant has not, with intent to defraud his creditors, concealed, transferred or removed any part of his property since the institution of the suit in which was passed the decree in execution of which he was arrested or imprisoned or at any subsequent time;

(c) that he has not, knowing himself to be unable to pay his debts in full, recklessly contracted debts or given an unfair preference to any of his creditors by any payment or disposition of his property;

(d) that he has not committed any other act of bad faith regarding the matter of the application,

the Court may declare him to be an insolvent, and may also, if it think fit, make an order appointing a receiver of his property, or if it does not appoint such receiver, may discharge the insolvent.

352. The creditors mentioned in the application and the other persons (if any) alleging themselves to be creditors of the insolvent, shall then produce evidence of the amount and particulars of their respective pecuniary claims against him; and the Court shall by order determine the persons who have proved themselves to be the insolvent's creditors and their respective debts; and shall frame a schedule of such persons and debts; and the declaration under section 351 shall be deemed to be a decree in favour of each of the said creditors for their said respective debts.

Creditors to prove their debts.

Schedule to be framed.

A copy of every such schedule shall be stuck up in the court-house.

Nothing in this section shall be deemed to entitle a partner in an insolvent firm or, when he has died before the insolvency, his legal represent-

ative, to prove in competition with the creditors of the firm.

353. Any creditor of the insolvent who is not mentioned in such schedule may, within three months from its publication, apply to the Court for permission to produce evidence of the amount and particulars of his pecuniary claims against the insolvent, and in case the applicant proves himself to be a creditor of the insolvent, for an order directing his name to be inserted in the schedule as a creditor for the debt so proved.

Applications by creditors.

Any creditor mentioned in the schedule may within three months from the publication of the schedule apply to the Court for an order altering the schedule so far as regards the amount, nature, or particulars of his own debt, or to strike out the name of another creditor, or to alter the schedule so far as regards the amount, nature, or particulars of the debt of another creditor.

In the case of any application under this section, the Court, after causing such notices as it thinks fit to be served, at the applicant's expense, on the insolvent and the other creditors and hearing their objections, if any, may comply with or reject the application.

354. Every order under section 351 shall be published in the local official Gazette and shall operate to vest in the Receiver all the insolvent's property (except the particulars specified in the first proviso to section 268), whether set forth in his application or not.

Effect of order appointing Receiver.

355. The Receiver so appointed shall give such security as the Court may direct and shall possess himself of all such property, except as aforesaid;

Receiver to give security and collect assets.

and on his certifying that the insolvent has placed him in possession thereof, or has done everything in his power for that purpose, the Court may discharge the insolvent from arrest or imprisonment, as the case may be, upon such conditions (if any) as the Court thinks fit.

356. The Receiver shall proceed under the direction of the Court—

(a) to convert the property into money;

(b) to pay thereout debts, fines and penalties (if any) due by the insolvent to Government;

(c) to pay the said decree-holder's costs;

(d) to distribute the balance among the scheduled creditors rateably according to the amounts of their respective debts, and without any preference;

and such Receiver may retain as a remuneration for the performance of his duties a commission, to be fixed by the Court, not exceeding the rate of five per centum upon the amount of the balance so distributed (the amount of the commission so retained being deemed a distribution), and shall deliver the surplus, if any, to the insolvent or his legal representative.

His right to remuneration.

Delivery of surplus.

357. An insolvent discharged under section 355 shall not be arrested or imprisoned on account of any of the scheduled debts. But (subject to the provisions of section 358) his

Effect of discharge.

property, whether previously or subsequently acquired (except the particulars specified in the first proviso to section 266 and except the property vested in the Receiver), shall, by order of the Court, be liable to attachment and sale until the decrees against him held by the scheduled creditors are fully satisfied or become incapable of being executed.

358. If the aggregate amount of the scheduled debts is two hundred rupees or a less sum, the Court may declare the insolvent absolved from further liability. When Court may declare insolvent absolved from further liability. declare the insolvent discharged as aforesaid absolved from further liability in respect of such debts.

359. Whenever, at the hearing under section 350, it is proved that the dishonest applicant. applicant has

(a) been guilty, in his application, of any concealment or of wilfully making any false statement as to the debts due by him, or respecting the property belonging to him, whether in possession or in expectancy, or held for him in trust;

(b) fraudulently concealed, transferred or removed any property; or

(c) committed any other act of bad faith regarding the matter of the application,

the Court shall, at the instance of any of his creditors, sentence him to imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year from the date of committal.

Or the Court may, if it think fit, send him to the Magistrate to be dealt with according to law.

360. The Local Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, invest in the official Gazette, Courts with powers of invest any Court other than District Courts. a District Court with the powers conferred on District Courts by sections 344 to 359 (both inclusive), and the District Judge may transfer to any Court situate in his district and so invested any case instituted under section 344.

Any Court so invested may entertain any application under section 344 by any person arrested in execution of a decree of such Court.

PART II. OF INCIDENTAL PROCEEDINGS.

CHAPTER XXI.

OF THE DEATH, MARRIAGE AND INSOLVENCY OF PARTIES.

361. The death of a plaintiff or defendant shall not cause the suit to abate if the cause of action survives. No abatement by party's death, if cause of action survive.

Illustrations.

(a) A covenants with B and C to pay an annuity to B during C's life. B and C sue A to compel payment. B dies before the decree: the cause of action survives to C, and the suit does not abate.

(b) In the same case, all the parties die before decree. The cause of action survives to the representative of the survivor of B and C, and he may continue the suit against A's representative.

(c) A sues B for libel. A dies. The cause of action does not survive and the suit abates.

(d) A, a member of a Hindu joint family under the Mitakshara law, institutes a suit for partition of the family property. A dies leaving B, a minor son, his heir. The cause of action survives to B, and the suit does not abate.

362. If there be more plaintiffs or defendants than one, and any of them dies, and if the cause of action survives to the surviving plaintiff or plaintiffs alone, or against the surviving defendant or defendants alone, the Court shall cause an entry to that effect to be made on the record, and the suit shall proceed at the instance of the surviving plaintiff or plaintiffs, or against the surviving defendant or defendants.

363. If there be more plaintiffs than one, and any of them dies, and if the cause of action does not survive to the surviving plaintiff or plaintiffs alone, but survives to him or them and the legal representative of the deceased plaintiff jointly, the Court may, on the application of such legal representative, enter his name on the record in the place of such deceased plaintiff, and the suit shall proceed at the instance of the surviving plaintiff or plaintiffs and such legal representative.

364. If no application be made to the Court by any person claiming to be the legal representative of a deceased plaintiff, the suit shall proceed at the instance of the surviving plaintiff or plaintiffs;

and the legal representative (if any) of the deceased plaintiff shall be made a party and shall be interested in and bound by the decree passed in the suit, in the same manner as if the suit had proceeded at his instance conjointly with the surviving plaintiff or plaintiffs.

365. In case of the death of a sole plaintiff or sole surviving plaintiff, the Court may, where the cause of action survives, on the application of the legal representative of the deceased, enter his name in the place of such plaintiff on the record, and the suit shall thereupon proceed.

366. If no such application be made to the Court by any person claiming to be the legal representative of the deceased plaintiff, the Court may pass an order that the suit shall abate, and award to the defendant the costs which he may have incurred in defending the suit, to be recovered from the estate of the deceased plaintiff;

or the Court may, if it think proper, on the application of the defendant, and upon such terms as to costs or otherwise as it thinks fit, pass such other order as it thinks fit for bringing in the legal representative of the deceased plaintiff, or for proceeding with the suit in order to a final determination of the matter in dispute, or for both those purposes.

Explanation.—A certificate of heirship, or a certificate to collect debts, does not of itself constitute the person holding it the legal representative of the deceased. But when the person holding any such certificate obtains thereby property belonging to the deceased, he may be treated as a legal representative liable in respect of such property.

367. If any dispute arise as to who is the legal representative of a deceased plaintiff, the Court may either stay the suit until the fact has been determined in another suit, or decide at or before the hearing of the suit who shall be admitted to be such legal representative for the purpose of prosecuting the suit.

368. If there be more defendants than one, and any of them die before decree and the cause of action does not survive against the surviving defendant or defendants alone,

and also in case of the death of a sole defendant, or sole surviving defendant, where the right to sue survives,

the plaintiff may make an application to the Court, specifying the name, description and place of abode of any person whom he alleges to be the legal representative of the deceased defendant, and whom he desires to be made the defendant in his stead.

The Court shall thereupon enter the name of such representative on the record in the place of such defendant,

and shall issue a summons to such representative to appear on a day to be therein mentioned to defend the suit ;

and the case shall thereupon proceed in the same manner as if such representative had originally been made a defendant and had been a party to the former proceedings in the suit :

Provided that the person so made defendant may object that he is not the legal representative of the deceased defendant, or may make any defence appropriate to his character as such representative.

369. The marriage of a female plaintiff or defendant shall not cause the suit to abate, but the suit may notwithstanding be proceeded with to judgment, and where the decree is against a female defendant, it may thereupon be executed against her alone.

If the case is one in which the husband is by law liable for the debts of his wife, the decree may, with the permission of the Court, be executed against the husband also ; and in case of judgment for the wife, execution of the decree may with such permission be issued upon the application of the husband, where the husband is by law entitled to the subject-matter of the decree.

370. The bankruptcy or insolvency of a plaintiff in any suit which his assignee or the receiver appointed under section 351 might maintain for the benefit of his creditors shall not bar the suit, unless such assignee or receiver declines to continue the suit and to give security for the costs thereof within such time as the Court may order.

If the assignee or receiver neglect or refuse to continue the suit and to give such security within the time so ordered, the defendant may apply for the dismissal of the suit on the ground of the plain-

tiff's bankruptcy or insolvency, and the Court may dismiss the suit and award to the defendant the costs which he has incurred in defending the same, to be proved as a debt against the plaintiff's estate.

371. When a suit abates or is dismissed under this chapter, no fresh suit shall be brought on the same cause of action.

Effect of abatement on parties' rights.

But the person claiming to be the legal representative of the deceased bankrupt or insolvent plaintiff, may apply for an order to set aside the order for abatement or dismissal ; and if it be proved that he was prevented by any sufficient cause from continuing the suit, the Court shall set aside the abatement or dismissal upon such terms as to costs or otherwise as it thinks fit.

Application to set aside abatement or dismissal.

372. In other cases of assignment, creation or devolution of any interest pending the suit, the suit may, with the leave of the Court, given either with the consent of all parties or after service of notice in writing upon them, and hearing their objections, if any, be continued by or against the person to whom such interest has come, either in addition to or in substitution for the person from whom it has passed, as the case may require.

Procedure in case of assignment pending the suit.

CHAPTER XXII.

OF THE WITHDRAWAL AND ADJUSTMENT OF SUITS.

373. If, at any time after the institution of the suit, the Court is satisfied on the application of the plaintiff (a) that the suit must fail by reason of some formal defect, or (b) that there are sufficient grounds for permitting him to withdraw from the suit or to abandon part of his claim with liberty to bring a fresh suit for the subject-matter of the suit or for the part so abandoned, the Court may grant such permission on such terms as to costs or otherwise as it thinks fit.

If the plaintiff withdraw from the suit, or abandon part of his claim, without such permission, he shall be liable for such costs as the Court may award, and shall be precluded from bringing a fresh suit for the same matter.

Nothing in this section shall be deemed to authorize the Court to permit one of several plaintiffs to withdraw without the consent of the others.

374. In any fresh suit instituted on permission granted under the last preceding section, the plaintiff shall be bound by the law of limitation in the same manner as if the first suit had not been brought.

Limitation-law not affected by first suit.

375. If a suit be adjusted by any lawful agreement or compromise, or if the defendant satisfy the plaintiff in respect to the matter of the suit, such agreement, compromise or satisfaction shall be recorded, and the Court shall pass a decree in accordance therewith so far as it relates to the suit, and such decree shall be final.

Compromise of suits.

CHAPTER XXIII.

OF PAYMENT INTO COURT.

376. The defendant in any suit to recover a debt or damages, may, at any stage of the suit, deposit in Court such sum of money as he considers a satisfaction in full of the claim.

Deposit by defendant of amount in satisfaction of claim.

377. Notice of the deposit shall be given by the defendant to the plaintiff, and the amount of the deposit shall (unless the Court otherwise directs) be paid to the plaintiff on his application.

Notice of deposit.

378. No interest shall be allowed to the plaintiff on any sum deposited by the defendant from the date of the receipt of such notice, whether the sum deposited be in full of the claim or fall short thereof.

Interest on sum deposited not allowed to plaintiff after receipt of notice.

379. If the plaintiff accept such amount only as satisfaction in part of his claim, he may prosecute his suit for the balance; and if the Court decides that the deposit by the defendant was a full satisfaction of the plaintiff's claim, the plaintiff must pay the costs of the suit incurred after the deposit and the costs incurred previous thereto, so far as they were caused by excess in the plaintiff's claim.

If the plaintiff accept such amount as satisfaction in full of his claim, he shall present to the Court a statement to that effect, and such statement shall be filed and the Court shall pass judgment accordingly, and in directing by whom the costs of each party are to be paid, the Court shall consider which of the parties is most to blame for the litigation.

Procedure where he accepts it as satisfaction in full.

Illustrations.

(a) A owes B Rs. 100. B sues A for the amount, having made no demand for payment and having no reason to believe that the delay caused by making a demand would place him at a disadvantage. On the plaint being filed, A pays the money into Court. B accepts it in full satisfaction of his claim, but the Court should not allow him any costs, the litigation being presumably groundless on his part.

(b) B sues A under the circumstances mentioned, in illustration (a). On the plaint being filed, A disputes the claim. Afterwards A pays the money into Court. B accepts it in full satisfaction of his claim. The Court should also give B his costs of suit, A's conduct having shown that the litigation was necessary.

(c) A owes B Rs. 100 and is willing to pay him that sum without suit. B claims Rs. 150 and sues A for that amount. On the plaint being filed, A pays Rs. 100 into Court and disputes only his liability to pay the remaining Rs. 50. B accepts the Rs. 100 in full satisfaction of his claim. The Court should order him to pay A's costs.

CHAPTER XXIV.

OF REQUIRING SECURITY FOR COSTS.

380. If, at the institution or at any subsequent stage of a suit, it appears to the Court that a sole plaintiff is, or (when there are more plaintiffs than one) that all the plaintiffs are, residing out of British India, and that such plaintiff does not, or that no one of such plaintiffs does, possess any sufficient immoveable property within British India independent of the property in suit, the Court may, either of its own motion or on the application of

When security for costs may be required from plaintiff at any stage of suit.

any defendant, order the plaintiff or plaintiffs, within a time to be fixed by the order, to give security for the payment of all costs incurred and likely to be incurred by any defendant.

381. In the event of such security not being furnished within the time so fixed, the Court shall dismiss the suit unless the plaintiff or plaintiffs be permitted to withdraw therefrom under the provisions of section 373.

382. Whoever leaves British India under such circumstances as to afford reasonable probability that he will not be forthcoming whenever he may be called upon to pay costs shall be deemed to be residing out of British India, within the meaning of section 380.

Residence out of British India.

CHAPTER XXV.

OF COMMISSIONS.

A.—Commissions to examine Witnesses.

383. Any Court may in any suit issue a commission for the examination on interrogatories or otherwise of persons resident within the local limits of its jurisdiction, who are exempted under this Code from attending the Court, or who are from sickness or infirmity unable to attend it.

Cases in which Court may issue commission to examine witness.

384. Such order may be made by the Court either of its own motion, or on the application, supported by affidavit, of any party to the suit or of the witness to be examined.

Order for commission may be made either on application of parties or by Court of its own accord.

385. The commission for the examination of a person who resides within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court issuing the same, may be issued to any person whom the Court thinks fit to execute the same.

When witness resides within Court's jurisdiction.

386. Any Court may in any suit issue a commission for the examination of—

(a) any person resident beyond the local limits of its jurisdiction;

(b) persons who are about to leave such limits before the date on which they are required to be examined in Court; and

(c) civil and military officers of Government who cannot, in the opinion of the Judge, attend the Court without detriment to the public service.

Such commission shall ordinarily be issued to any Court not being a High Court, within the local limits of whose jurisdiction such person resides, and which can most conveniently execute the same:

Provided that if he resides beyond the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court issuing the commission and within the towns of Calcutta, Madras, Bombay or Rangoon, the commission shall be issued to the Court of Small Causes within whose jurisdiction he resides:

When witness is within local limits of ordinary original civil jurisdiction of a High Court.

Provided also that, under special circumstances, the commission may be directed to any person whom the Court issuing the commission thinks fit to appoint.

The Court on issuing any commission under this section shall direct whether the commission shall be returned to itself or to any subordinate Court.

387. When any Court to which application is made for the issue of a commission for the examination of a person residing at any place not within British India is satisfied that his evidence is necessary, the Court may issue such commission.

388. Every Court receiving a commission for the examination of any person shall examine him pursuant thereto.

389. After the commission has been duly executed, it shall be returned, together with the evidence taken under it, to the Court out of which it issued, unless the order for issuing the commission has otherwise directed, in which case the commission shall be returned in terms of such order; and the commission and the return thereto, and the evidence taken under it, shall (subject to the provisions of the next following section) form part of the record of the suit.

390. Evidence taken under a commission shall not be read as evidence in the suit without the consent of the party against whom the same is offered, unless

(a) the person who gave the evidence is beyond the jurisdiction of the Court, or dead, or unable from sickness or infirmity to attend to be personally examined, or exempted from personal appearance in Court, or

(b) the Court in its discretion dispenses with the proof of any of the circumstances mentioned in the last preceding clause, and authorizes the evidence of any person being read as evidence in the suit, notwithstanding proof that the cause for taking such evidence by commission has ceased at the time of reading the same.

391. The provisions hereinbefore contained as to the execution and return of commissions shall apply to commissions issued by foreign Courts.

(a) Courts situate beyond the limits of British India and established by the authority of Her Majesty or of the Governor General in Council, or

(b) Courts situate in any part of the British Empire other than British India, or

(c) Courts of any foreign country for the time being in alliance with Her Majesty.

B.—Commissions for Local Investigations.

392. In any suit or proceeding in which the Court deems a local investigation to be requisite or proper for the purpose of elucidating any matter in dispute, or of ascertaining the market-value of any property, or the amount of any mesne profits or damages or annual nett profits, and the same cannot be conveniently conducted by the Judge in person, the Court may issue a commission to such person as it thinks fit, directing him to make such investigation and to report thereon to the Court:

Provided that, when the Local Government has made rules as to the persons to whom such commission shall be issued, the Court shall be bound by such rules.

393. The Commissioner, after such local inspection as he deems necessary, and after reducing to writing the evidence taken by him, shall return such evidence, together with his report in writing, subscribed with his name, to the Court.

The report of the Commissioner and the evidence taken by him (but not the evidence without the report) shall be evidence in the suit and shall form part of the record; but the Court, or any of the parties to the suit may, with the permission of the Court, examine the Commissioner personally in open Court touching any of the matters referred to him or mentioned in his report, or as to the manner in which he has made the investigation.

C.—Commissions to examine Accounts.

394. In any suit in which an examination or adjustment of accounts is necessary, the Court may issue a commission to such person as it thinks fit directing him to make such examination or adjustment.

395. The Court shall furnish the Commissioner with such part of the proceedings and such detailed instructions as appear necessary,

and the instructions shall distinctly specify whether the Commissioner is merely to transmit the proceedings which he may hold on the inquiry, or also to report his own opinion on the point referred for his examination.

The proceedings of the Commissioner shall be received in evidence in the suit, unless the Court has reason to be dissatisfied with them, in which case the Court shall direct such further inquiry as is requisite.

D.—Commission to make Partition.

396. In any suit in which the partition of immoveable property not paying revenue to Government appears to the Court to be necessary, the Court, after ascertaining the several parties interested in such property and their several rights therein, may issue a commission to such persons as it thinks fit to make a partition according to such rights.

The Commissioners shall ascertain and inspect the property, and shall divide the same into as many shares as may be directed by the order under which the commission issues, and shall allot such shares to the parties, and may, if authorized thereto by the said order, award sums to be paid for the purpose of equalizing the value of the shares.

The Commissioners shall then prepare and sign a report, or (if they cannot agree) separate reports, appointing the share of each party, and dis-

tinguishing each share (if so directed by the said order) by metes and bounds. Such report or reports shall be annexed to the commission and transmitted to the Court: and the Court, after hearing any objections which the parties may make to the report or reports shall either quash the same and issue a new commission, or (where the Commissioners agree in their report) pass a decree in accordance therewith.

E.—General Provisions.

397. Before issuing any commission under this chapter, the Court may order such sum (if any) as it thinks reasonable for the expenses of the commission to be paid into Court by the party at whose instance or for whose benefit the commission is issued.

398. Any Commissioner appointed under this chapter may, unless otherwise directed by the order of appointment, examine parties and witnesses and call for papers.

(a) examine the parties themselves and any witness whom they or any of them may produce, and any other person whom the Commissioner thinks proper to call upon to give evidence in the matter referred to him:

(b) call for and examine documents and other things relevant to the subject of inquiry:

(c) at any reasonable time enter upon or into any land or building mentioned in the order.

399. The provisions of this Code relating to the summoning, attendance and examination of witnesses and to the remuneration of, and penalties to be imposed upon, witnesses, shall apply to persons required to give evidence or to produce documents under this chapter, whether the commission in execution of which they are so required has been issued by a Court situate within, or by a Court situate beyond, the limits of British India.

400. Whenever a commission is issued under this chapter, the Court shall direct that the parties to the suit shall appear before the Commissioner in person or by their agents or pleaders.

If the parties do not so appear, the Commissioner may proceed *ex parte*.

PART III.

OF SUITS IN PARTICULAR CASES.

CHAPTER XXVI.

SUITS BY PAUPERS.

401. Subject to the following rules, any suit may be brought by a pauper.

Explanation.—A person is a 'pauper' when he is not possessed of sufficient means to enable him to pay the fee prescribed by law for the plaint in such suit, or, where no such fee is prescribed, when he is not entitled to property worth one hundred rupees other than his necessary wearing apparel and the subject-matter of the suit.

402. No suit shall be brought by a pauper to recover compensation for loss of caste, libel, slander, abusive language or assault.

403. The application for permission to sue by a pauper shall be in writing, and shall contain the particulars required by section 50 in regard to plaintiffs in suits: a schedule of any moveable or immoveable property belonging to the petitioner, with the estimated value thereof, shall be annexed thereto; and it shall be subscribed and verified in the manner hereinbefore prescribed for the subscription and verification of plaints.

404. Notwithstanding anything contained in section 36, the application shall be presented to the Court by the applicant in person unless he is exempted from appearing in Court under section 610 or 611, in which case the application may be presented by a duly authorized agent, who can answer all material questions relating to the application, and who may be examined in the same manner as the party represented by him might have been examined had such party attended in person.

405. If the application be not framed or presented in the manner prescribed by sections 403 and 404, the Court shall reject it.

406. If the application be in proper form and duly presented, the Judge shall examine the petitioner, or his agent when the applicant is allowed to appear by agent, regarding the merits of the claim and the property of the applicant.

When the application is presented by an agent, the Court may, if it thinks fit, order that the applicant be examined by a commissioner in the manner in which the examination of an absent witness may be taken under the provisions of this Code.

407. If it appear to the Court upon such examination

(a) that the applicant is not a pauper, or
(b) that he has, within the two months next before the presentation of the application, disposed of any property fraudulently or with a view to obtain the benefit of this chapter, or
(c) that his allegations do not show a right to sue in such Court, or

(d) that he has entered into any agreement with reference to the subject-matter of the proposed suit under which any other person has obtained an interest in such subject-matter, the Court shall reject the application.

408. If upon such examination the Court sees no reason to refuse the application on any of the grounds stated in section 407, it shall fix a day (of which at least ten days' previous notice shall be given to the opposite party and the Government Pleader) for receiving such evidence as the applicant may adduce in proof of his pauperism, and

for hearing any evidence which may be adduced in disproof thereof.

409. On the day so fixed, or as soon thereafter as may be convenient, the Court shall examine the witnesses (if any) produced by either party, and may cross-examine the applicant or his agent, and shall make a memorandum of the substance of their evidence.

The Court shall also hear any argument which the parties may desire to offer on the question whether, on the face of the application and of the evidence (if any) taken by the Court as herein provided, the applicant is or is not subject to any of the prohibitions specified in section 407.

The Court shall then either allow or refuse to allow the applicant to sue as a pauper.

410. If the application be granted, it shall be numbered and registered, and shall be deemed the plaintiff in the suit, and the suit shall proceed in all other respects as a suit instituted under chapter V, except that the plaintiff shall not be liable to any court-fee (other than fees payable for service of process) in respect of any petition, appointment of a pleader, or other proceeding connected with the suit.

411. If the plaintiff succeeds in the suit, the Court shall calculate the amount of court-fees which would have been paid by the plaintiff if he had not been permitted to sue as a pauper; and such amount shall be a first charge on the subject-matter of the suit, and shall also be recoverable by the Government from any party ordered by the decree to pay the same, in the same manner as costs of suit are recoverable under this Code.

412. If the plaintiff fails in the suit, or if he is dispaupered, the Court shall order the plaintiff, or any person made under section 32 co-plaintiff to the suit, to pay the court-fees which would have been paid by the plaintiff if he had not been permitted to sue as a pauper; and, if it find that the suit was frivolous or vexatious, it may also punish the plaintiff with fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, or with imprisonment for a term which may extend to a month, or with both.

413. Refusal to allow the applicant to sue as a pauper shall be a bar to any subsequent application of the like nature by him in respect of the same right to sue; but the applicant shall be at liberty to institute a suit in the ordinary manner in respect of such right, provided that he first pays the costs (if any) incurred by Government in opposing his application for leave to sue as a pauper.

414. The Court may, on motion by the defendant, or by the Government Pleader, of which one week's notice in writing has been given to the plaintiff, order the plaintiff to be dispaupered—

(a) if he is guilty of vexatious or improper conduct in the course of the suit;

(b) if it appears that his means are such that he ought not to continue to sue as a pauper, or

(c) if he has entered into any agreement with reference to the subject-matter of the suit, under which any other person has obtained an interest in such subject-matter.

415. The costs of an application for permission to sue as a pauper and of an inquiry into pauperism are costs in the suit.

CHAPTER XXVII.

SUITS BY OR AGAINST GOVERNMENT OR PUBLIC OFFICERS.

416. Suits by or against the Government shall be instituted by or against (as the case may be) the Secretary of State in Council.

417. Persons being *ex-officio* or otherwise authorized to act for Government in respect of any judicial proceeding, shall be deemed to be the recognized agents by whom appearances, acts and applications under this Code may be made or done on behalf of Government.

418. In suits by the Secretary of State for India in Council, instead of inserting in the plaint the name and description and place of abode of the plaintiff, it shall be sufficient to insert the words "The Secretary of State for India in Council."

419. The Government Pleader in any Court shall be the agent of the Government for the purpose of receiving processes against the said Secretary of State in Council issuing out of such Court.

420. The Court, in fixing the day for the said Secretary of State in Council to answer to the plaint, shall allow a reasonable time for the necessary communication with the Government through the proper channels, and for the issue of instructions to the Government Pleader to appear and answer on behalf of the said Secretary of State in Council or the Government, and may extend the time at its discretion.

421. The Court may also in any case in which the Government Pleader is not accompanied by any person on the part of the said Secretary of State in Council, who may be able to answer any material questions relating to the suit, direct the attendance of such a person.

422. Where the defendant is a public officer, the Court may send a copy of the summons to the head of the office in which the defendant is employed, for the purpose of being

served on him, if it appear to the Court that the summons may be most conveniently so served.

423. If the public officer on receiving the summons considers it proper to

Extension of time to enable officer to make reference to Government.

make a reference to the Government before answering to the plaintiff, he may apply to

the Court to grant such extension of the time fixed in the summons as may be necessary to enable him to make such reference and to receive orders thereon through the proper channel ;

and the Court upon such application may extend the time for so long as appears to be requisite. . .

424. No suit shall be instituted against the said

Notice previous to suing Secretary of State in Council or public officer.

Secretary of State in Council or against a public officer until the expiration of two

months next after notice in writing has been in the case of the Secretary of State in Council delivered to, or left at the office of, a Secretary to the Local Government or the Collector of the District, and, in the case of a public officer, delivered to him or left at his office, stating the cause of action and the name and place of abode of the intending plaintiff ; and the plaint must contain a statement that such notice has been so delivered or left.

425. No warrant of arrest shall be issued in

Arrests in such suits.

such suit without the consent in writing of the District Judge.

426. If the Government undertake the defence

Application where Government undertakes defence.

of a suit against a public officer, the Government Pleader, upon being furnished with authority to appear

and answer to the plaint, shall apply to the Court, and upon such application the Court shall cause a note of his authority to be entered in the register.

427. If such application is not made by the

Procedure where no such application made.

Government Pleader on or before the day fixed in the notice for the defendant to

appear and answer to the plaint, the case shall proceed as in a suit between private parties, except that the defendant shall not be

liable to arrest, nor his property to attachment, otherwise than in execution of a decree.

428. In a suit against a public officer the

Exemption of public officers from personal appearance.

Court shall exempt the defendant from appearing in person when he satisfies the

Court that he cannot absent himself from his duty without detriment to the public service.

429. When the decree is against the said Secre-

Procedure where decree is against Government or a public officer.

tary of State in Council or against a public officer, a time shall be specified in the

decree within which it shall be satisfied ; and if the decree is not satisfied within the time so specified, the Court shall report the case for the orders of the Local Government.

Execution shall not issue on any such decree unless it remains unsatisfied for the period of

three months computed from the date of the report.

CHAPTER XXVIII.

SUITS BY ALIENS AND BY OR AGAINST FOREIGN AND NATIVE RULERS.

430. Alien enemies residing in British India

When aliens may sue. with the permission of the Governor General in Council and alien friends may sue in the Courts of British India as if they were subjects of Her Majesty.

No alien enemy residing in British India without such permission, or residing in a foreign country, shall sue in any of such Courts.

Explanation.—Every person residing in a foreign country, the Government of which is at war with the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and carrying on business in that country without a license in that behalf under the hand of one of Her Majesty's Secretaries of State or of a Secretary to the Government of India, shall, for the purpose of the second paragraph of this section, be deemed to be an alien enemy residing in a foreign country.

431. A foreign State may sue in the Courts

When a foreign State of British India, provided may sue. that—

(a) it has been recognized by Her Majesty or the Governor General in Council, and

(b) the object of the suit is to enforce the private rights of the head or of the subjects of the foreign State.

The Court shall take judicial notice of the fact that a foreign State has not been recognized by Her Majesty or by the Governor General in Council.

432. Persons specially appointed by order of

Persons specially appointed by Government to prosecute or defend for Princes or Chiefs. Government at the request of any Sovereign Prince or ruling Chief, whether in subordinate alliance with the

British Government or otherwise, and whether residing within or without British India, to prosecute or defend any suit on his behalf, shall be deemed to be the recognized agents by whom appearances, acts and applications under this Code may be made or done on behalf of such Prince or Chief.

433. Any such Prince or Chief, and any ambassador or envoy of

Suits against Sovereign Princes, &c. foreign State may, with the consent of Government certi-

fied by the signature of one of its Secretaries (but not without such consent) be sued in any competent Court not subordinate to a District Court ;

Such consent shall not be given unless—

(a) the Prince, Chief, ambassador or envoy has instituted a suit in such Court against the person desiring to sue him, or

(b) the Prince, Chief, ambassador or envoy by himself or another trades within the local limits of the jurisdiction of such Court ; or

(c) the subject-matter of the suit is immoveable property situate within the said local limits and in the possession of the Prince, Chief, ambassador or envoy.

No such Prince, Chief, ambassador or envoy shall be arrested under this Code; and no decree shall be executed against the property of any such Prince, Chief, ambassador or envoy unless with consent of Government certified as aforesaid.

Sovereign Princes, &c., exempt from arrest.

When their property may be attached.

434. The Governor General in Council may from time to time, by notification in the *Gazette of India*,

Execution in British India of decrees of Courts of Native States.

(a) declare that the decrees of any Courts situate in the territories of any Native Prince or State in alliance with Her Majesty, and not established by the authority of the Governor General in Council, may be executed in British India as if they had been made by the Courts of British India, and

(b) cancel any such declaration.

So long as such declaration remains in force, the said decrees may be executed accordingly.

CHAPTER XXIX.

SUITS BY AND AGAINST CORPORATIONS AND COMPANIES.

435. In suits by a Corporation, or by a Company authorized to sue and be sued in the name of an officer or of a trustee, the plaintiff may be subscribed and verified on behalf of the Corporation or Company by any director, secretary, or other principal officer of the Corporation or Company, who is able to depose to the facts of the case.

Subscription and verification of plaintiff.

436. When the suit is against a Corporation, or against a Company authorized to sue and be sued in the name of an officer or of a trustee, the summons may be served

Service on Corporation or Company.

(a) by leaving it at the registered office (if any) of the Corporation or Company, or

(b) by sending it by post in a letter addressed to such officer or trustee at the office (or if there be more offices than one, at the principal office in British India) of the Corporation or Company, or

(c) by giving it to any director, secretary or other principal officer of the Corporation or Company,

and the Court may require the personal appearance of any director, secretary or other principal officer of the Corporation or Company who may be able to answer material questions relating to the suit.

CHAPTER XXX.

SUITS BY AND AGAINST TRUSTEES, EXECUTORS AND ADMINISTRATORS.

437. In all suits concerning property vested in a trustee, executor or administrator, the trustee, executor or administrator shall represent the persons beneficially interested in such property; and it shall not ordinarily be necessary to make such persons parties to the suit. But the Court may, if it think fit, order them or any of them to be made such parties.

Representation of beneficiaries in suits concerning property vested in trustees, &c.

438. When there are several executors or jointers of executors administrators, they shall all be made parties to a suit against one or more of them:

Provided that executors who have not proved their testator's will, and executors and administrators beyond the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court, need not be made parties.

439. Unless the Court directs otherwise, the husband of a married administratrix or executrix shall not be a party to a suit by or against her.

Husband of married executrix not to join.

CHAPTER XXXI.

SUITS BY AND AGAINST MINORS AND PERSONS OF UNSOUND MIND.

440. Every suit by a minor shall be instituted in his name by an adult person, who in such suit shall be called the next friend of the minor, and may be ordered to pay any costs in the suit as if he were the plaintiff.

Minor must sue by next friend.

Costs.

441. Every application to the Court on behalf of a minor (other than an application under section 451) shall be made by his next friend, or his guardian for the suit.

Applications to be made by next friend or guardian ad litem.

442. If a plaintiff be filed by or on behalf of a minor, without a next friend, the defendant may apply to have the plaintiff taken off the file, with costs to be paid by the pleader or other person by whom it was presented. Notice of such application shall be given to such person by the defendant; and the Court, after hearing his objections, if any, may make such order in the matter as it thinks fit.

Plaintiff filed without next friend to be taken off the file.

Costs.

443. Where the defendant to a suit is a minor, the Court, on being satisfied of the fact of his minority, shall appoint a proper person to be guardian for the suit for such minor, to put in the defence for such minor, and generally to act on his behalf in the conduct of the case.

Guardian ad litem to be appointed by the Court.

A guardian for the suit is not a guardian of person or property within the meaning of the Indian Majority Act, 1875, section 3.

444. Every order made in a suit or on any application before the Court, in or by which a minor is in any way concerned or affected, without such minor being represented by a next friend or guardian for the suit, as the case may be, may be discharged, and, if the pleader of the party at whose instance such order was obtained knew, or might reasonably have known, the fact of such minority, with costs to be paid by such pleader.

Order obtained without next friend or guardian may be discharged.

Costs.

445. Any person being of sound mind and full age may act as next friend of a minor, provided his interest is not adverse to that of such minor, and he is not a defendant in the suit.

Who may be next friend.

446. If the interest of the next friend of a minor is adverse to that of such minor, or if he is so connected with a defendant whose interest is adverse to that of the minor, as to make it unlikely that the minor's interest will be properly protected by him, or if he does not do his duty, or, pending the suit, ceases to reside within British India, or for any other sufficient cause, application may be made on behalf of the minor or by a defendant for his removal; and the Court (if satisfied of the sufficiency of the cause assigned) may order the next friend to be removed accordingly.

447. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, a next friend shall not retire at his own request without first procuring a fit person to be put in his place, and giving security for the costs already incurred.

The application for the appointment of a new next friend shall be supported by affidavit showing the fitness of the person proposed, and also that he has no interest adverse to the minor.

448. On the death or removal of the next friend of a minor, further proceedings shall be stayed until the appointment of a next friend in his place.

449. If the pleader of such minor omits, within reasonable time, to take steps to get a new next friend appointed, any person interested in the minor or the matter at issue may apply to the Court for the appointment of one, and the Court may appoint such person as it thinks fit.

450. A minor plaintiff, or a minor not a party to a suit on whose behalf an application is pending, on coming of age must elect whether he will proceed with the suit or application.

451. If he elects to proceed with it, he shall apply for an order discharging the next friend, and for leave to proceed in his own name.

The title of the suit or application shall in such case be corrected so as to read thenceforth thus :

"*A. B.* late a minor by *C. D.*, his next friend, but now of full age."

452. If he elects to abandon the suit or application, he shall, if a sole plaintiff, or sole applicant, apply for an order to dismiss the suit or application on repayment of the costs incurred by the defendant or respondent, or which may have been paid by his next friend.

453. Any application under section 451 or section 452 may be made *ex parte*; and it must be proved by affidavit that the late minor has attained his full age.

454. A minor co-plaintiff on coming of age, and desiring to repudiate the suit must apply to have his name struck out as co-plaintiff; and the Court, if it find that he is not a necessary party, shall dismiss him from the suit on such terms as to costs or otherwise as it thinks fit.

Notice of the application shall be served on the next friend, as well as on the defendant; and it must be proved by affidavit that the late minor has attained his full age. The costs of all parties of such application and of all or any proceedings theretofore had in the suit shall be paid by such persons as the Court directs.

If the late minor be a necessary party to the suit, the Court may direct him to be made a defendant.

455. If any minor on attaining majority can prove to the satisfaction of the Court that a suit instituted in his name by a next friend was unreasonable or improper, he may, if a sole plaintiff, apply to have the suit dismissed.

Notice of the application shall be served on all the parties concerned: and the Court, upon being satisfied of such unreasonableness or impropriety, may grant the application, and order the next friend to pay the costs of all parties in respect of the application and of anything done in the suit.

456. An order for the appointment of a guardian for the suit may be obtained upon application in the name of the minor. Such application must be supported by an affidavit verifying the fact that the proposed guardian has no interest in the matters in question in the suit adverse to that of the minor, and that he is a fit person to be so appointed.

457. A co-defendant of sound mind and of full age may be appointed guardian for the suit, if he has no interest adverse to that of the minor; but neither a plaintiff, nor a married woman, can be so appointed.

458. If the guardian for the suit of a minor defendant does not do his duty, or if other sufficient ground be made to appear, the Court may remove him, and may order him to pay such costs as may have been occasioned to any party by his breach of duty.

459. If the guardian for the suit dies pending such suit or is removed by the Court, the Court shall appoint a new guardian in his place.

460. When the enforcement of a decree is applied for against the heir or representative, being a minor, of a deceased party, a guardian for the suit of such minor shall be appointed by the Court, and the decree-holder shall serve on such guardian notice of such application.

461. No sum of money or other thing shall be received or taken by a next friend or guardian for the suit at any time on behalf of a minor, at any time before decree or order, unless he has first obtained the leave of the Court, and given security to its satisfaction that such money or other thing shall be duly accounted for, to, and held for the benefit of, such minor.

462. No next friend or guardian for the suit shall, without the leave of the Court, enter into any agreement or compromise on behalf of a minor, with reference to the suit in which he acts as next friend or guardian.

Any such agreement or compromise entered into without the leave of the Court shall be voidable against all parties other than the minor.

463. The provisions contained in sections 440 to 462 (both inclusive) shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply in the case of persons of unsound mind, adjudged to be so under Act No. XXXV of 1858, or under any other law for the time being in force.

464. Nothing in sections 442 to 462 applies to any minor or person of unsound mind, for whose person or property a guardian or manager has been appointed by the Court of Wards or by the Civil Court under any local law.

CHAPTER XXXII.

SUITS BY AND AGAINST MILITARY MEN.

465. When any officer or soldier actually serving the Government in a military capacity is a party to a suit, and cannot obtain leave of absence for the purpose of prosecuting or defending the suit in person, he may authorize any person to sue or defend in his stead.

The authority shall be in writing and shall be signed by the officer or soldier in the presence of (a) his commanding officer or of the next subordinate officer, if the party be himself the commanding officer, or (b) where the officer or soldier is serving in military staff employment, the head or other superior officer of the office in which he is employed. Such commanding or other officer shall countersign the authority which shall be filed in Court.

When so filed, the countersignature shall be sufficient proof that the authority was duly executed, and that the officer or soldier by whom it was granted could not obtain leave of absence for the purpose of prosecuting or defending the suit in person.

Explanation.—In this chapter the expression ‘commanding officer’ means the officer in actual command for the time being of any regiment, corps, detachment or dépôt, to which the officer or soldier belongs.

466. Any person authorized by an officer or soldier to prosecute or defend a suit in his stead may prosecute or defend it in person in the same manner as the officer or soldier could do if present; or he may appoint a pleader to prosecute or defend the suit on behalf of such officer or soldier.

467. Processes served upon any person authorized by an officer or soldier, as in section 465, or upon any pleader appointed as aforesaid by such person to act for, or on behalf of, such officer or soldier, shall be as effectual as if they had been served on the party in person or on his pleader.

468. When an officer or soldier is a defendant, the Court shall send a copy of the summons to his commanding officer for the purpose of being served on him.

The officer to whom such copy is sent, after causing it to be served on the person to whom it is addressed, if practicable, shall return it to the Court with the written acknowledgment of such person endorsed thereon.

If from any cause the copy cannot be so served, it shall be returned to the Court by which it was sent, with information of the cause which has prevented the service.

469. If, in the execution of a decree, a warrant of arrest is to be executed within the limits of a cantonment, garrison, military station or military bazar, the officer charged with the execution of such warrant shall deliver the same to the commanding officer.

The commanding officer shall back the warrant with his signature, and the person named therein is within the limits of his command shall cause him to be arrested and delivered to the officer so charged.

CHAPTER XXXIII.

INTERPLEADER.

470. When two or more persons claim adversely to one another the same payment or property from another person, whose only interest therein is that of a mere stakeholder and who is ready to render it to the right owner, such stakeholder may institute a suit of interpleader against all the claimants for the purpose of obtaining a decision as to whom the payment or property should be made or delivered, and of obtaining indemnity for himself.

Provided that if any suit is pending in which the rights of all parties can properly be decided, the stakeholder shall not institute a suit of interpleader.

471. In every suit of interpleader the plaintiff must, in addition to the other statements necessary for plaints, state—

(a) that the plaintiff has no interest in the thing claimed otherwise than as a mere stakeholder;

- (b) the claims made by the defendants severally; and
- (c) that there is no collusion between the plaintiff and any of the defendants.

472. When the thing claimed is capable of being paid into court or placed in the custody of the Court, the plaintiff must so pay or place it before he can be entitled to any order in the suit.

Procedure at first hearing.

473. At the first hearing the Court may

- (a) declare that the plaintiff is discharged from all liability to the defendants in respect of the thing claimed, award him his costs, and dismiss him from the suit:

or, if it thinks that justice or convenience so require,

- (b) retain all parties until the final disposal of the suit:

and, if it finds that the admissions of the parties or other evidence enable it,

- (c) adjudicate the title to the thing claimed, or else it may

- (d) direct the defendants to interplead one another by filing statements and entering into evidence for the purpose of bringing their respective claims before the Court.

474. Nothing in this chapter shall be taken to enable agents to sue their principals, or tenants to sue their landlords, for the purpose of compelling them to interplead with any persons other than persons making claim through such principals or landlords.

Illustrations.

(a) A deposits a box of jewels with B as his agent. C alleges that the jewels were wrongfully obtained from him by A, and claims them from B. B cannot institute an interpleader-suit against A and C.

(b) A deposits a box of jewels with B as his agent. He then writes to C for the purpose of making the jewels a security for a debt due from himself to C. A afterwards alleges that C's debt is satisfied, and C alleges the contrary. Both claim the jewels from B. B may institute an interpleader-suit against A and C.

475. When the suit is properly instituted, the Court may provide for the plaintiff's costs by giving him a charge on the thing claimed or in some other effectual way.

476. If any of the defendants in an interpleader-suit is actually suing the stakeholder in respect of the subject of such suit, the Court in which the suit against the stakeholder is pending shall, on being duly informed by the Court which passed the decree in the interpleader-suit in favour of the stakeholder, that such decree has been passed, stay the proceedings as against him; and his costs in the suit so stayed may be provided for in such suit; but if, and so far as, they are not provided for in that suit, they may be added to his costs incurred in the interpleader-suit.

PART IV.

PROVISIONAL REMEDIES.

CHAPTER XXXIV.

OF ARREST AND ATTACHMENT BEFORE JUDGMENT.

A.—Arrest before Judgment.

477. If at any stage of any suit, other than a suit for the possession of immoveable property, the plaintiff satisfies the Court by affidavit—

that the defendant, with intent to avoid or delay the plaintiff, or to avoid any process of the Court, or to obstruct or delay the execution of any decree that may be passed against him,

- (a) has absconded or left the jurisdiction of the Court, or
- (b) is about to abscond or to leave the jurisdiction of the Court, or
- (c) has disposed of or removed from the jurisdiction of the Court his property or any part thereof, or

that the defendant is about to leave British India under circumstances affording reasonable probability that the plaintiff will or may thereby be obstructed or delayed in the execution of any decree that may be passed against the defendant in the suit,

the plaintiff may apply to the Court that security be taken for the appearance of the defendant to answer any decree that may be passed against him in the suit.

478. If the Court, after examining the applicant, and making such further investigation as it thinks fit, is satisfied

that the defendant, with any such intent as aforesaid,

- (a) has absconded or left the jurisdiction of the Court, or
- (b) is about to abscond or to leave the jurisdiction of the Court, or
- (c) has disposed of or removed from the jurisdiction of the Court his property or any part thereof, or

that the defendant is about to leave British India under the circumstances last aforesaid,

the Court may issue an order for bringing the defendant before the Court to show cause why he should not give security for his appearance.

479. If the defendant fail to show such cause, the Court shall order him either to deposit in court money or other property sufficient to answer the claim against him, or to give security for his appearance at any time when called upon while the suit is pending, and until execution or satisfaction of any decree that may be passed against him in the suit.

The surety shall bind himself, in default of such appearance, to pay any sum of money which the defendant may be ordered to pay in the suit.

480. The surety for the appearance of the defendant may at any time apply to the Court in which he became such surety to be discharged from his obligation.

On such application being made, the Court shall summon the defendant to appear, or, if it thinks fit, may issue a warrant for his arrest in the first instance.

On the appearance of the defendant pursuant to the summons or warrant, or on his voluntary surrender, the Court shall direct the surety to be discharged from his obligation, and shall call upon the defendant to find fresh security.

481. If the defendant fail to comply with any order under section 479 or section 480, the Court may commit him to jail until the decision of the suit, or, if judgment be given against the defendant, until the execution of the decree: Provided that no person shall be imprisoned under this section in any case for a longer period than six months, nor for a longer period than six weeks when the amount or value of the subject-matter of the suit does not exceed fifty rupees.

482. The provisions of section 339 as to allowances payable for the subsistence of judgment-debtors shall apply to all defendants arrested under this chapter.

B.—Attachment before Judgment.

483. If at any stage of any suit the plaintiff satisfies the Court by affidavit that the defendant, with intent to obstruct or delay the execution of any decree that may be passed against him,

Application before judgment for security from defendant to satisfy decree, and in default, for attachment of property.

(a) is about to dispose of the whole or any part of his property, or to remove the same from the jurisdiction of the Court in which the suit is pending, or

(b) has quitted the jurisdiction of the Court, leaving therein property belonging to him,

the plaintiff may apply to the Court to call upon the defendant to furnish security to satisfy any decree that may be passed against him in such suit, and, on his failing to give such security, to direct that any portion of his property shall be attached until the further order of the Court.

The application shall, unless the Court otherwise directs, specify the property required to be attached and the estimated value thereof.

484. If the Court, after examining the applicant, and making any further investigation which it thinks fit, is satisfied that the defendant is about to dispose of or remove his property, with intent to obstruct or delay the execution of any decree that may be passed against him in the suit, the Court may require him, within a time to be fixed by the Court, either to furnish security in such sum as may be specified in the order, to produce and place at the disposal of

the Court, when required, the said property or the value of the same, or such portion thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the decree, or to appear and show cause why he should not furnish security.

The Court may also in the order direct the conditional attachment of the whole or any portion of the property specified in the application.

485. If the defendant fail to show cause why he should not furnish security, or fail to furnish the security required within the time fixed by the Court, the Court may order that the property specified in the application, or such portion thereof as appears sufficient to satisfy any decree which may be passed in the suit, shall be attached.

If the defendant show such cause or furnish the required security, and the property specified in the application or any portion of it has been attached, the Court shall order the attachment to be withdrawn.

486. The attachment shall be made in the manner herein provided for the attachment of property in execution of a decree for money.

487. If any claim be preferred to the property attached before judgment, such claim shall be investigated in the manner hereinbefore provided for the investigation of claims to property attached in execution of a decree for money.

488. When an order of attachment before judgment is passed, the Court which passed the order shall remove the attachment whenever the defendant furnishes the security required, together with security for the costs of the attachment, or when the suit is dismissed.

489. Attachment before judgment shall not affect the rights, existing prior to the attachment, of persons not parties to the suit, nor bar any person holding a decree against the defendant from applying for the sale of the property under attachment in execution of such decree.

490. Where property is under attachment by virtue of the provisions of this chapter, and a decree is given in favour of the plaintiff, it shall not be necessary to re-attach the property in execution of such decree.

C.—Compensation for Improper Arrests or Attachments.

491. If in any suit in which an arrest or attachment has been effected, it appears to the Court that such arrest or attachment was applied for on insufficient grounds,

or if the suit of the plaintiff fails, and it appears to the Court that there was no probable ground for instituting the suit,

the Court may, on the application of the defendant, award against the plaintiff in its decree such amount, not exceeding one thousand rupees, as

it deems a reasonable compensation to the defendant for the expense or injury caused to him by the arrest or attachment :

Provided, that the Court shall not award under this section a larger amount than it might decree in a suit for compensation.

An award under this section shall bar any suit for compensation in respect of such arrest or attachment.

CHAPTER XXXV.

OF TEMPORARY INJUNCTIONS AND INTERLOCUTORY ORDERS.

A.—Temporary Injunctions.

492. If in any suit it be proved by affidavit or otherwise that any property in dispute in a suit is in danger of being wasted, damaged or alienated by any party to the suit, or wrongfully sold in execution of a decree, or

(b) that the defendant threatens, or is about to remove or dispose of his property with intent to defraud his creditors,

the Court may by order grant a temporary injunction to restrain such act, or give such other order for the purpose of staying and preventing the wasting, damaging, alienation, sale, removal or disposition of the property as the Court thinks fit, or refuse such injunction or other order.

493. In any suit for restraining the defendant from committing a breach of contract or other injury whether compensation be claimed in the suit or not, the plaintiff may, at any time after the commencement of the suit, and either before or after judgment, apply to the Court for a temporary injunction to restrain the defendant from committing the breach of contract or injury complained of, or any breach of contract or injury of a like kind arising out of the same contract or relating to the same property or right.

The Court may by order grant such injunction on such terms as to the duration of the injunction, keeping an account, giving security, or otherwise, as the Court thinks fit, or refuse the same.

In case of disobedience, an injunction granted under this section or section 492 may be enforced by the imprisonment of the defendant for a term not exceeding six months, or the attachment of his property, or both.

No attachment under this section shall remain in force for more than one year, at the end of which time if the defendant has not obeyed the injunction, the property attached may be sold, and out of the proceeds the Court may award to the plaintiff such compensation as it thinks fit and may pay the balance, if any, to the defendant.

494. The Court shall in all cases, except where it appear that the object of granting the injunction would be defeated by the delay, before granting an injunction, direct notice of the application for the same to be given to the opposite party.

495. An injunction directed to a corporation or public company is binding not only on the corporation or company itself, but also on all members and officers of the corporation or company whose personal action it seeks to restrain.

496. Any order for an injunction may be discharged, varied or set aside by the Court, on application made thereto by any party dissatisfied with such order.

497. If it appears to the Court that the injunction was applied for on insufficient grounds, or

if, after the issue of the injunction, the suit is dismissed or judgment is given against the plaintiff by default or otherwise, and it appears to the Court that there was no probable ground for instituting the suit,

the Court may, on the application of the defendant, award against the plaintiff in its decree such sum, not exceeding one thousand rupees, as it deems a reasonable compensation to the defendant for the expense or injury caused to him by the issue of the injunction :

Provided that the Court shall not award under this section a larger amount than it might decree in a suit for compensation.

An award under this section shall bar any suit for compensation in respect of the issue of the injunction.

B.—Interlocutory Orders.

498. The Court may, on the application of any party to a suit, order the sale, by any person named in such order, and in such manner and on such terms as it thinks fit, of any moveable property being the subject of such suit, which is subject to speedy and natural decay.

499. The Court may, on the application of any party to a suit, and on such terms as it thinks fit,

(a) make an order for the detention, preservation or inspection of any property being the subject of such suit ;

(b) for all or any of the purposes aforesaid, authorize any person to enter upon or into any land or building in the possession of any other party to such suit, and

(c) for all or any of the purposes aforesaid, authorize any samples to be taken, or any observation to be made or experiment to be tried, which may seem necessary or expedient for the purpose of obtaining full information or evidence.

The provisions hereinbefore contained as to execution of process shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to persons authorized to enter under this section.

500. An application by the plaintiff for an order under section 498 or section 499 may be made after notice in writing to the defendant at any time after service of the summons.

An application by the defendant for a like order may be made after notice in writing to the plaintiff, and at any time after the applicant has appeared.

501. When land paying revenue to Government, or a tenure liable to sale, is the subject of a suit, if the party in possession of such land or tenure neglects to pay the Government revenue, or the rent due to the proprietor of the tenure, as the case may be, and such land or tenure is consequently ordered to be sold, any other party to the suit claiming to have an interest in such land or tenure may upon payment of the revenue or rent due previously to the sale (and with or without security at the discretion of the Court), be put in immediate possession of the land or tenure;

and the Court in its decree may award against the defaulter the amount so paid, with interest thereupon at such rate as the Court thinks fit, or may charge the amount so paid, with interest thereupon at such rate as the Court orders, in any adjustment of accounts which may be directed in the decree passed in the suit.

502. When the subject-matter of a suit is money or some other thing capable of delivery, and any party thereto admits that he holds such money or other thing as a trustee for another party, or that it belongs or is due to another party, the Court may order the same to be deposited in court or delivered to such last-named party, with or without security, subject to the further direction of the Court.

CHAPTER XXXVI.

APPOINTMENT OF RECEIVERS.

503. Whenever it appears to the Court to be necessary for the realization, preservation or better custody or management of any property, moveable or immoveable, the subject of a suit, or under attachment, the Court may by order

(a) appoint a receiver of such property, and, if need be,

(b) remove the person in whose possession or custody the property may be from the possession or custody thereof;

(c) commit the same to the custody or management of such receiver; and

(d) grant to such receiver such fee or commission on the rents and profits of the property by way of remuneration, and all such powers as to bringing and defending suits, and for the realization, management, protection, preservation and improvement of the property, the collection of the rents and profits thereof, the application and disposal of such rents and profits, and the execution of instruments in writing, as the owner himself has, or such of those powers as the Court thinks fit.

Every receiver so appointed shall give such security (if any) as the Court thinks fit duly to account for what he shall receive in respect of the property,

(f) pass his accounts at such periods and in such form as the Court directs,

(g) pay the balance due from him thereon as the Court directs, and

(h) be responsible for any loss occasioned to the property by his wilful default or gross negligence.

Nothing in this section authorizes the Court to remove from the possession or custody of property under attachment any person whom the parties to the suit, or some or one of them, have or has not a present right so to remove.

504. If the property be land paying revenue to Government, or land of which the revenue has been assigned or redeemed, and the Court considers that the interests of those concerned will be promoted by the management of the Collector, the Court may appoint the Collector to be receiver of such property.

505. The powers conferred by this chapter shall be exercised only by High Courts and District Courts. Provided that whenever the Judge of a Court subordinate to a District Court considers it expedient that a receiver should be appointed in any suit before him, he shall nominate such person as he considers fit for such appointment, and submit such person's name, with the grounds for the nomination, to the District Court, and the District Court shall authorize such Judge to appoint the person so nominated or pass such other order as it thinks fit.

PART V.

OF SPECIAL PROCEEDINGS.

CHAPTER XXXVII.

REFERENCE TO ARBITRATION.

506. If all the parties to a suit desire that any matter in difference between them in the suit be referred to arbitration, they may, at any time before judgment is pronounced, apply in person or by their respective pleaders specially authorized in writing in this behalf, to the Court for an order of reference.

Every such application shall be in writing and shall state the particular matter sought to be referred.

507. The arbitrator shall be nominated by the parties in such manner as may be agreed upon between them.

If the parties cannot agree with respect to such nomination, or if the person whom they nominate refuses to accept the arbitration and the parties desire that the nomination shall be made by the Court, the Court shall nominate the arbitrator.

508. The Court shall, by order, refer to the arbitrator the matter in difference which he is required to determine, and shall fix such time as it thinks reasonable for the delivery of the award, and specify such time in the order.

When once a matter is referred to arbitration, the Court shall not deal with it in the same suit, except as hereinafter provided.

509. If the reference be to two or more arbitrators, provision shall be made in the order for a difference of opinion among the arbitrators.

When reference is to two or more, order to provide for difference of opinion.

- (a) by the appointment of an umpire, or
- (b) by declaring that the decision shall be with the majority if the major part of the arbitrators agree, or
- (c) by empowering the arbitrators to appoint an umpire, or
- (d) otherwise, as may be agreed between the parties; or, if they cannot agree, as the Court determines.

If an umpire is appointed, the Court shall fix such time as it thinks reasonable for the delivery of his award in case he is required to act.

510. If the arbitrator, or, where there are more arbitrators than one, any of the arbitrators, or the umpire, dies, or refuses, or neglects, or becomes incapable to act, or leaves British India under circumstances showing that he will probably not return at an early date, the Court may in its discretion either appoint a new arbitrator or umpire in the place of the person so dying, or refusing, or neglecting, or becoming incapable to act, or leaving British India, or make an order superseding the arbitration, and in such case shall proceed with the suit.

Death, incapacity, &c., of arbitrators or umpire.

511. Where the arbitrators are empowered by the order of reference to appoint an umpire and fail to do so, any of the parties may serve the arbitrators with a written notice to appoint an umpire; and if, within seven days after such notice has been served, or such further time as the Court may in each case allow, no umpire be appointed, the Court, upon the application of the party who has served such notice as aforesaid, may appoint an umpire.

Appointment of umpire by Court.

512. Every arbitrator or umpire appointed under section 509, 510 or 511 shall have the like powers as if his name had been inserted in the order of reference.

Powers of arbitrator or umpire appointed under sections 509, 510, 511.

513. The Court shall issue the same processes to the parties and witnesses whom the arbitrators or umpire desire to examine, as the Court may issue in suits tried before it.

Summoning witnesses.

Persons not attending in accordance with such process, or making any other default, or refusing to give their evidence, or guilty of any contempt during the investigation of the matters referred, shall be subject to the like disadvantages, penalties and punishments by order of the Court on the representation of the arbitrator or umpire, as they would incur for the like offences in suits tried before the Court.

Punishment for default, &c.

514. If from the want of the necessary evidence or information, or from any other cause, the arbitrators cannot complete the award within the period specified in the order, the Court may, if it think fit, either grant a further time, and from time to time enlarge the period for the delivery of the award, or make an order superseding the arbitration, and in such case shall proceed with the suit.

Extension of time for making award.

515. When an umpire has been appointed, he may enter on the reference in the place of the arbitrators.

When umpire may enter on the reference in lieu of arbitrators.

- (a) if they have allowed the appointed time to expire without making an award, or
- (b) when they have delivered to the Court or to the umpire a notice in writing, stating that they cannot agree.

516. When an award in a suit has been made, the persons who made it shall sign it and cause it to be filed in Court, together with any depositions and documents which have been taken and proved before them; and notice of the filing shall be given to the parties.

Award to be signed and filed.

517. Upon any reference by an order of Court, the arbitrators or umpire may, with the consent of the Court, state the award as to the whole or any part thereof in the form of a special case for the opinion of the Court; and the Court shall deliver its opinion thereon; and such opinion shall be added to and form part of the award.

Arbitrators or umpire may state special case.

518. The Court may, by order, modify or correct an award, (a) where it appears that a part of the award is upon a matter not referred to arbitration, provided such part can be separated from the other part and does not affect the decision on the matter referred, or

Court may, on application, modify or correct award in certain cases

(b) where the award is imperfect in form, or contains any obvious error which can be amended without affecting such decision.

519. The Court may also make such order as it thinks fit respecting the costs of the arbitration, if any question arise respecting such costs and the award contain no sufficient provision concerning them.

Order as to costs of arbitration

520. The Court may remit the award or any matter referred to arbitration to the reconsideration of the same arbitrators or umpire, upon such terms as it thinks fit,

When award or matter referred to arbitration may be remitted.

- (a) where the award has left undetermined any of the matters referred to arbitration, or where it determines any matter not referred to arbitration;
- (b) where the award is so indefinite as to be incapable of execution;
- (c) where an objection to the legality of the award is apparent upon the face of it.

award remitted under section 520 becomes void on the refusal of the arbitrators or umpire to reconsider it. But no award shall be set aside except on one of the following grounds (namely)—

(a) corruption or misconduct of the arbitrator or umpire;

(b) either party having been guilty of fraudulent concealment of any matter which he ought to have disclosed, or of wilfully misleading or deceiving the arbitrator or umpire;

(c) the award having been made after the issue of an order by the Court superseding the arbitration and restoring the suit;

and no award shall be valid unless made within the period allowed by the Court.

522. If the Court sees no cause to remit the award or any of the matters referred to arbitration for reconsideration in manner aforesaid, and if no application has been made to set aside the award, or if the Court has refused such application,

the Court shall, after the time for making such application has expired, proceed to give judgment according to the award,

or, if the award has been submitted to it in the form of a special case, according to its own opinion on such case:—

Upon the judgment so given a decree shall follow, and shall be enforced in manner provided in this Code for the execution of decrees. No appeal shall lie from such decree except in so far as the decree is in excess of, or not in accordance with, the award.

523. When any persons agree in writing that any difference between them shall be referred to the arbitration of any person named in the agreement or to be appointed by any Court having jurisdiction in the matter to which the agreement relates, the parties thereto, or any of them, may apply that the agreement be filed in Court.

The application shall be in writing and shall be numbered and registered as a suit between one or more of the parties interested or claiming to be interested as plaintiff or plaintiffs, and the others or other of them as defendants or defendant, if the application have been presented by all the parties, or, if otherwise, between the applicant as plaintiff and the other parties as defendants.

On such application being made, the Court shall direct notice thereof to be given to any of the parties to the agreement other than the applicants, requiring such parties to show cause, within the time specified in the notice, why the agreement should not be filed.

If no sufficient cause be shown, the Court may cause the agreement to be filed, and shall make an order of reference thereon, and may also nominate

the arbitrator when he is not named therein and the parties cannot agree as to the nomination.

524. The foregoing provisions of this chapter, so far as they are consistent with any agreement so filed, shall be applicable to all proceedings under an order of reference made by the Court under section 523, and to the award of arbitration and to the enforcement of the decree founded thereupon.

525. When any matter has been referred to arbitration without the intervention of a Court of Justice, and an award has been made thereon, any person interested in the award may apply to the Court of the lowest grade having jurisdiction over the matter to which the award relates, that the award be filed in Court.

The application shall be in writing and shall be numbered and registered as a suit between the applicant as plaintiff and the other parties as defendants.

The Court shall direct notice to be given to the parties to the arbitration other than the applicant, requiring them to show cause, within a time specified, why the award should not be filed.

526. If no ground such as is mentioned or referred to in section 520 or 521, be shown against the award, the Court shall order it to be filed, and such award shall then take effect as an award made under the provisions of this chapter.

CHAPTER XXXVIII.

OF PROCEEDINGS ON AGREEMENT OF PARTIES.

527. Parties claiming to be interested in the decision of any question of fact or law, may enter into an agreement in writing stating such question in the form of a case for the opinion of the Court, and providing that, upon the finding of the Court with respect to such question,

(a) a sum of money fixed by the parties or to be determined by the Court, shall be paid by one of the parties to the other of them; or

(b) some property, moveable or immovable, specified in the agreement, shall be delivered by one of the parties to the other of them; or

(c) one or more of the parties shall do, or refrain from doing, some other particular act specified in the agreement.

Every case stated under this section shall be divided into consecutively numbered paragraphs, and shall concisely state such facts and documents as may be necessary to enable the Court to decide the question raised thereby.

528. If the agreement is for the delivery of any property, or for the doing, or the refraining from doing, any particular act, the estimated value of the property to be

delivered, or to which any sum specified has reference, shall be stated in the agreement.

529. The agreement, if framed in accordance with the rules hereinbefore contained, may be filed in the Court which would have jurisdiction to entertain a suit, the amount or value of the subject-matter of which is the same as the amount or value of the subject-matter of the agreement.

The agreement, when so filed, shall be numbered and registered as a suit between one or more of the parties claiming to be interested, as plaintiff or plaintiffs, and the other or others of them as defendant or defendants; and notice shall be given to all the parties to the agreement other than the party or parties by whom it was presented.

530. When the agreement has been filed, the parties to it shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Court, and shall be bound by the statements contained therein.

531. The case shall be set down for hearing as a suit instituted under chapter V, the provisions of which shall apply to such suit so far as the same are applicable.

If the Court is satisfied, after an examination of the parties, or taking such evidence as it thinks fit,

(a) that the agreement was duly executed by them, and

(b) that they have a *bona fide* interest in the question stated therein, and

(c) that the same is fit to be decided,

it shall proceed to pronounce judgment thereon, in the same way as in an ordinary suit, and upon the judgment so given a decree shall follow, and shall be enforced in the manner provided in this Code for the execution of decrees.

CHAPTER XXXIX.

OF SUMMARY PROCEDURE ON NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS.

532. In any Court to which this section applies all suits upon bills of exchange, hundis or promissory notes may, in case the plaintiff desires to proceed under this chapter, be instituted by presenting a plaint in the form prescribed by this Code; but the summons shall be in the form contained in the fourth schedule hereto annexed, No. 172, or in such other form as the High Court may from time to time prescribe.

In any case in which the plaint and summons are in such forms respectively, the defendant shall not appear or defend the suit unless he obtains leave from a Judge as hereinafter mentioned so to appear and defend;

and in default of his obtaining such leave or of his appearing and defence in pursuance thereof, the plaintiff shall be entitled to a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum mentioned in the summons, together with interest at the rate specified (if any)

to the date of the decree, and a sum to be fixed by a rule of the High Court, unless the plaintiff claims more than such fixed sum, in which case the costs shall be ascertained in the ordinary way, and such decree may be enforced forthwith.

The defendant shall not be required to pay into Court the sum mentioned in the summons, or to give security therefor, unless the Court thinks his defence not to be *prima facie* sustainable, or feels reasonable doubt as to its good faith.

Explanation.—This section is not confined to cases in which the bill, hundi or note sued upon, together with mere lapse of time, is sufficient to establish a *prima facie* right to recover.

533. The Court shall, upon application by the defendant, give leave to appear and to defend the suit, upon the defendant paying into Court the sum mentioned in the summons or upon affidavits satisfactory to the Court, which disclose a defence or such facts as would make it incumbent on the holder to prove consideration, or such other facts as the Court may deem sufficient to support the application, and on such terms as to security, framing and recording issues, or otherwise, as the Court thinks fit.

534. After decree, the Court may, under special circumstances, set aside the decree, and if necessary stay or set aside execution, and may give leave to appear to the summons and to defend the suit, if it seem reasonable to the Court so to do, and on such terms as the Court thinks fit.

535. In any proceeding under this chapter the Court may order the bill, hundi or note on which the suit is founded to be forthwith deposited with an officer of the Court, and may further order that all proceedings shall be stayed until the plaintiff gives security for the costs thereof.

536. The holder of every dishonoured bill of exchange or promissory note shall have the same remedies for the recovery of the expenses incurred in noting the same for non-acceptance or non-payment, or otherwise, by reason of such dishonour, as he has under this chapter for the recovery of the amount of such bill or note.

537. Except as provided by sections 532 to 536 both inclusive, the procedure in suits under this chapter shall be the same as the procedure in suits instituted under chapter V.

538. Sections 532 to 537 (both inclusive) apply only to—

- (a) the High Courts of Judicature at Fort William, Madras and Bombay;
- (b) the Court of the Recorder of Bangalore;
- (c) the Courts of Small Causes in Calcutta, Madras and Bombay;
- (d) the Court of the Judge of Kharshi.

(e) any other Court having ordinary original civil jurisdiction to which the Local Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, apply them.

In case of such application the Local Government may direct by whom any of the powers and duties incident to the provisions so applied shall be exercised and performed, and make any rules which it thinks requisite for carrying into operation the provisions so applied.

Within one month after such notification has been published, such provisions shall apply accordingly, and the rules so made shall have the force of law.

The Local Government may from time to time alter or cancel any such notification.

CHAPTER XL.

OF SUITS RELATING TO PUBLIC CHARITIES.

539. In case of any alleged breach of any express or constructive trust created for public charitable purposes, or whenever the direction of the Court is deemed necessary for the administration of any such trust, the Advocate General acting *ex-officio*, or two or more persons having a direct interest in the trust and having obtained the consent in writing of the Advocate General, may institute a suit in the High Court or the District Court within the local limits of whose civil jurisdiction the whole or any part of the subject-matter of the trust is situate, to obtain a decree—

- (a) appointing new trustees of the charity;
- (b) vesting any property in the trustees of the charity;
- (c) declaring the proportions in which its objects are entitled;
- (d) authorizing the whole or any part of its property to be let, sold, mortgaged or exchanged;
- (e) settling a scheme for its management; or granting such further or other relief as the nature of the case may require.

The powers conferred by this section on the Advocate General may (where there is no Advocate General) be exercised by the Government Advocate or (where there is no Government Advocate) by such officer as the Local Government may appoint in this behalf.

PART VI. OF APPEALS.

CHAPTER XLI.

OF APPEALS FROM ORIGINAL DECREES.

540. Unless when otherwise expressly provided in this Code or by any other law for the time being in force, an appeal shall lie from the decrees, or from any part of the decrees, of the Courts exercising original jurisdiction to the Courts authorized to hear appeals from the decisions of those Courts.

541. The appeal shall be made in the form of a memorandum in writing presented by the appellant,

and shall be accompanied by a copy of the Memorandum to be accompanied by copy of decree and judgment. (unless the appellate Court dispenses therewith) of the judgment on which it is founded.

Such memorandum shall set forth, concisely and under distinct heads, the grounds of objection to the decree appealed against, without any argument or narrative, and such grounds shall be numbered consecutively.

542. The appellant shall not, without the leave of the Court, urge or be heard in support of any other ground of objection, but the Court in deciding the appeal shall not be confined to the grounds set forth by the appellant:

Provided that the Court shall not rest its decision on any ground not set forth by the appellant, unless the respondent has had sufficient opportunity of contesting the case on that ground.

543. If the memorandum of appeal be not drawn up in the manner hereinbefore prescribed, it may be rejected, or be returned to the appellant for the purpose of being amended within a time to be fixed by the Court, or be amended then and there.

When the Court rejects under this section any memorandum, it shall record the reasons for such rejection.

When a memorandum of appeal is amended under this section the Judge, or such officer as he appoints in this behalf, shall attest the amendment by his signature.

544. Where there are more plaintiffs or more defendants than one in a suit, and the decree appealed against proceeds on any ground common to all the plaintiffs or to all the defendants, any one of the plaintiffs or of the defendants may appeal against the whole decree, and the Appellate Court may reverse or modify the decree in favour of all the plaintiffs or defendants as the case may be.

Of staying and executing Decrees under Appeal.

545. Execution of a decree shall not be stayed by reason only of an appeal having been preferred against the decree; but the Appellate Court may for sufficient cause order the execution to be stayed:

If an application be made for stay of execution of an appealable decree before the expiry of the time allowed for appealing therefrom, the Court which passed the decree may for sufficient cause order the execution to be stayed:

Provided that no order shall be made under this section unless the Court making it is satisfied—

- (a) that substantial loss may result to the party applying for stay of execution unless the order is made;
- (b) that the application has been made without unreasonable delay; and

(c) that security has been given by the applicant for the due performance of such decree or order as may ultimately be binding upon him.

Security required before making order to stay execution.

546. If an order is made for the execution of a decree against which an appeal is pending, the Court which passed the decree shall, on sufficient cause being shown by the appellant, require security to be given for the restitution of any property which may be taken in execution of the decree, or for the payment of the value of such property, and for the due performance of the decree or order of the Appellate Court, or the Appellate Court may for like cause direct the Court which passed the decree to take such security.

And when an order has been passed for the sale of immoveable property in execution of a decree for money and an appeal is pending against such decree, the sale shall on the application of the judgment-debtor be stayed until the appeal is disposed of, on such terms as to giving security or otherwise as the Court which passed the decree thinks fit.

547. No such security as is mentioned in sections 545 and 546 shall be required from the Secretary of State for India in Council, or (when Government has undertaken the defence of the suit) from any public officer sued in respect of an act alleged to be done by him in his official capacity.

No such security to be required from Government or public officers.

Of Procedure in Appeal from Decrees.

548. When a memorandum of appeal is admitted, the Appellate Court or the proper officer of that Court shall endorse thereon the date of presentation, and shall register the appeal in a book to be kept for the purpose.

Registry of memorandum of appeal.

Such book shall be called the Register of Appeals.

Register of appeals.

549. The Appellate Court may, at its discretion, either before the respondent is called upon to appear and answer or afterwards on the application of the respondent, demand from the appellant security for the costs of the appeal, or of the original suit, or of both:

Appellate Court may require appellant to give security for costs.

Provided that the Court shall demand such security in all cases in which the appellant is residing out of British India, and is not possessed of any sufficient immoveable property within British India independent of the property (if any) to which the appeal relates.

When appellant resides out of British India.

If such security be not furnished within such time as the Court orders, the Court shall reject the appeal.

550. When the memorandum of appeal is registered, the Appellate Court shall send notice of the appeal to the Court against whose decree the appeal is made.

Appellate Court to give notice to Court whose decree is appealed against.

If the appeal be from a Court the records of which are not deposited in the Appellate Court, the Court receiving such notice shall send with all practicable despatch all material papers in the suit, or such papers as may be specially called for by the Appellate Court.

Transmission of papers which are not deposited in the Appellate Court.

Either party may apply in writing to the Court against whose decree the appeal is made, specifying any of such papers in such Court of which he requires copies to be made; and copies of such papers shall be made at the expense of the applicant, and shall be deposited accordingly.

Copies of exhibits in Court whose decree is appealed against.

551. The Appellate Court may, if it thinks fit, after fixing a time for hearing the appellant or his pleader, and hearing him accordingly if he appears at such time, confirm the decision of the Court against whose decree the appeal is made, without sending notice of the appeal to such Court and without serving notice on the respondent or his pleader; but in such case the confirmation shall be notified to the same Court.

Power to confirm decision of lower Court without sending it notice.

552. The Appellate Court, unless where it confirms, under section 551, the decision of the lower Court, shall fix a day for hearing the appeal.

Day for hearing appeal.

Such day shall be fixed with reference to the current business of the Court, the place of residence of the respondent, and the time necessary for the service of the notice of appeal, so as to allow the respondent sufficient time to appear and answer the appeal on such day.

553. Notice of the day so fixed shall be stuck up in the appellate court-house, and a like notice shall be sent by the Appellate Court to the Court against whose decree the appeal is made, and shall be served on the respondent or on his pleader in the Appellate Court in the manner provided in chapter VI for the service on a defendant of a summons to appear and answer; and all rules applicable to such summons and to proceedings with reference to the service thereof, shall apply to the service of such notice.

Publication and service of notice of day for hearing appeal.

Instead of sending the notice to the Court against whose decree the appeal is made, the Appellate Court may itself cause the notice to be served on the respondent or his pleader under the rules above referred to.

Appellate Court may itself cause notice to be served.

554. The notice to the respondent shall declare that, if he does not appear in the Appellate Court on the day so fixed, the appeal will be heard *ex parte*.

Contents of notice.

Procedure on Hearing.

555. On the day so fixed, or on any other day to which the hearing may be adjourned, the party having the right to begin shall be heard in support of or against the appeal, as the case may be. The other party shall then be heard, and the party

Right to begin.

having the right to begin shall then be entitled to reply.

Explanation.—If the appeal is from the whole decree, or if there are cross-appeals, the party having the right to begin is the party who had the right to begin on the hearing in the Court whose decree is appealed from.

If the appeal is from only a portion of the decree, and there is no cross-appeal, the appellant has the right to begin.

556. If on the day so fixed, or any other day to which the hearing may be adjourned, the appellant does not attend in person or by his pleader, the appeal shall be dismissed for default.

Dismissal of appeal for appellant's default.

If the appellant attends and the respondent does not attend, the appeal shall be heard *ex parte* in his absence.

Hearing appeal *ex parte*.

557. If on the day so fixed, or any other day to which the hearing may be adjourned, it is found that the notice to the respondent has not been served in consequence of the failure of the appellant to deposit, within the period fixed by the Court, the sum required to defray the cost of issuing the notice, the Court may order that the appeal be dismissed:

Dismissal of appeal where notice has not been served in consequence of appellant's failure to deposit cost of notice.

Provided that no such order shall be passed, although the notice has not been served upon the respondent, if on the day fixed for hearing the appeal the respondent appears in person or by a pleader, or by a duly authorized agent.

Proviso.

558. If an appeal be dismissed under section 556 or section 557, the appellant may apply to the Appellate Court for the re-admission of the appeal; and if it be proved that he was prevented by any sufficient cause from attending when the appeal was called on for hearing or from depositing the sum so required, the Court may re-admit the appeal on such terms as to costs or otherwise as the Court thinks fit to impose upon him.

Re-admission of appeal dismissed for default.

559. If it appear to the Court at the hearing that any person who was a party to the suit in the Court against whose decree the appeal is made, but who has not been made a party to the appeal, is interested in the result of the appeal, the Court may adjourn the hearing to a future day to be fixed by the Court, and direct that such person be made a respondent.

Power to adjourn hearing, and direct persons appearing interested to be made respondents.

560. When an appeal is heard *ex parte* in the absence of the respondent, and judgment is given against him, he may apply to the Appellate Court to re-hear the appeal; and if it be proved that the respondent was prevented by sufficient cause from attending when the appeal was called on for hearing, the Court may re-hear the appeal on such terms as to costs or otherwise as the Court thinks fit to impose upon him.

Re-hearing on application of respondent against whom *ex parte* decree is made.

561. Any respondent, though he may not have appealed against any part of the decree, may upon the hearing not only support the decree on any of the grounds decided against him in the Court below, but take any objection to the decree which he could have taken by way of appeal, provided he has given to the appellant or his pleader seven days' notice of such objection.

Such objection shall be in the form of a memorandum, and the provisions of section 541, so far as they relate to the form and contents of the memorandum of appeal, shall apply thereto.

Form of notice, and provisions applicable thereto.

562. If the Court against whose decree the Remand of case by appeal is made has disposed of the suit upon a preliminary point so as to exclude any evidence of fact which appears to the Appellate Court essential to the determination of the rights of the parties, and the decree upon such preliminary point is reversed in appeal, the Appellate Court may, if it thinks fit, by order remand the case, together with a copy of the order in appeal, to the Court against whose decree the appeal is made, with directions to re-admit the suit under its original number in the register and proceed to investigate the suit on the merits.

The Appellate Court may, if it think fit, direct what issue or issues shall be tried in any case so remanded.

563. When a case is remanded with directions to take any evidence so excluded the Court to which the case is remanded shall not take any other evidence in the case, except evidence tendered to contradict the evidence so taken.

When further evidence barred.

564. The Appellate Court shall not remand a case for a second decision, except as provided in section 562.

Limit to remand.

565. When the evidence upon the record is sufficient to enable the Appellate Court to pronounce judgment, the Appellate Court shall, after re-settling the issues, if necessary, finally determine the case notwithstanding that the judgment of the Court against whose decree the appeal is made has proceeded wholly upon some ground other than that on which the Appellate Court proceeds.

When evidence on record sufficient, Appellate Court shall determine case finally.

566. If the Court against whose decree the appeal is made has omitted to frame or try any issue, or to determine any question of fact, which appears to the Appellate Court essential to the right decision of the suit upon the merits, and the evidence upon the record is not sufficient to enable the Appellate Court to determine such issue or question, the Appellate Court may frame issues for trial, and may refer the same for trial to the Court against whose decree the appeal is made, and in such case shall direct such Court to take the additional evidence required,

When Appellate Court may frame issues and refer them for trial to Court whose decree is appealed against.

and such Court shall proceed to try such issue, and shall return to the Appellate Court its finding thereon together with the evidence.

567. Such finding and evidence shall become

Finding and evidence to be put on record. part of the record in the suit; and either party may, within a time to be fixed by the Appellate Court, present objections to finding. a memorandum of objections to the finding.

After the expiration of the period fixed for presenting such memorandum, the Appellate Court shall proceed to determine the appeal.

568. The parties to an appeal shall not be

Production of additional evidence in Appellate Court. entitled to produce additional evidence, whether oral or documentary, in the Appellate Court. But if

(a) the Court against whose decree the appeal is made refused to admit evidence which ought to have been admitted, or,

(b) the Appellate Court requires any document to be produced or any witness to be examined to enable it to pronounce judgment or for any other substantial cause,

the Appellate Court may allow such evidence to be produced, or document to be received, or witness to be examined.

Whenever additional evidence is admitted by an Appellate Court, the Court shall record on its proceedings the reason for such admission.

569. Whenever additional evidence is allowed

Mode of taking additional evidence. to be received, the Appellate Court may either take such evidence, or direct the Court against whose decree the appeal is made, or any other subordinate Court, to take such evidence and to send it when taken to the Appellate Court.

570. In all cases where additional evidence is

Points to be defined and recorded. directed or allowed to be taken, the Appellate Court shall specify the points to which the evidence is to be confined, and record on its proceedings the points so specified.

Of the Judgment in Appeal.

571. The Appellate Court, after hearing the

Judgment when and where pronounced. parties or their pleaders and referring to any part of the proceedings, whether on appeal or in the Court against whose decree the appeal is made, to which reference may be considered necessary, shall pronounce judgment in open Court, either at once or on some future day, of which notice shall be given to the parties or their pleaders.

572. The judgment shall be written in English;

Language of judgment. provided that if English is not the mother-tongue of the Judge, and he is not able to write an intelligible judgment in English, the judgment shall be written in his mother-tongue or in the language of the Court.

573. When the language in which the judgment

Translation of judgment. is written is not the language of the Court, the judgment shall, if any party

so require, be translated into such language, and the translation, after it has been ascertained to be correct, shall be signed by the Judge or such officer as he appoints in this behalf.

574. The judgment of the Appellate Court shall state—

- (a) the points for determination;
- (b) the decision thereupon;
- (c) the reasons for the decision; and
- (d) when the decree appealed against is reversed or varied, the relief to which the appellant is entitled,

and shall at the time that it is pronounced be signed and dated by the Judge or by the Judges concurring therein.

575. When the appeal is heard by a Bench

Decision when appeal is heard by two or more Judges. of two or more Judges, the appeal shall be decided in accordance with the opinion of such Judges or of the majority (if any) of such Judges.

If there be no such majority which concurs in a judgment varying or reversing the decree appealed against, such decree shall be affirmed:

Provided that if the Bench hearing the appeal is composed of two Judges belonging to a Court consisting of more than two Judges, and the Judges composing the Bench differ in opinion on a point of law, the appeal may be referred to one or more of the other Judges of the same Court, and shall be decided according to the opinion of the majority (if any) of all the Judges who have heard the appeal, including those who first heard it.

When there is no such majority which concurs in a judgment varying or reversing the decree appealed against, such decree shall be affirmed.

The High Court may from time to time make rules consistent with this Code to regulate references under this section.

576. When the appeal is heard by more Judges

Dissent to be recorded. than one, any Judge dissenting from the judgment of the Court shall state in writing the decision or order which he thinks should be passed on the appeal, and he may state his reasons for the same.

577. The judgment may be for confirming,

What judgment may direct. varying or reversing the decree of the Court against which the appeal is made, or, if the parties to the appeal agree as to the form which the decree in appeal shall take, or as to the order to be passed in appeal, the Appellate Court may pass a decree or order accordingly.

578. No decree shall be reversed or substantially

No decree to be reversed or modified for error or irregularity not affecting merits or jurisdiction. varied, nor shall any case be remanded in appeal, on account of any error, defect or irregularity, whether in the decision or in any order passed in the suit, or otherwise, not affecting the merits of the case or the jurisdiction of the Court.

(Title.)

Written Statement of Defendant.

1. The defendant denies that the carriage mentioned in the plaint was the defendant's carriage, or that it was under the charge or control of the defendant's servants. The carriage belonged to [Messrs. E. F. and G. H.] of _____ Street, Calcutta, livery stable-keepers, employed by the defendant to supply him with carriages and horses; and the person under whose charge and control the said carriage was, was the servant of the said Messrs. E. F. and G. H.
2. The defendant does not admit that the said carriage was turned out of Haxington Street either negligently, suddenly, or without warning, or at a rapid or dangerous pace.
3. The defendant says, that the plaintiff might and could, by the exercise of reasonable care and diligence, have seen the said carriage approaching him, and avoided any collision with it.
4. The defendant does not admit the statements of the third paragraph of the plaint.

No. 89.

FOR LIBEL; THE WORDS BEING LIBELLOUS IN THEMSELVES.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the _____ day of _____ 18____, at _____, the defendant published in a newspaper, called the _____ [or, in a letter addressed to E. F.], the following words concerning the plaintiff:—

[Set forth the words used.]

1. That the said publication was false and malicious.

[Demand of judgment.]

—If the libel was in a language not the language of the Court, set out the libel verbatim in the foreign language in which it was published, and then proceed thus:—"Which said words, being translated into the _____ language, have the meaning and effect following, and were so understood by the persons to whom they were so published, that is to say, [here set out a literal translation of the libel in the language of the Court.]

No. 90.

FOR LIBEL; THE WORDS NOT BEING LIBELLOUS IN THEMSELVES.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That the plaintiff [is, and] was, on and before the _____ day of _____ 18____ merchant, doing business in the city of _____
That on the _____ day of _____ 18____, at _____, the defendant published in a newspaper, called the _____ [or, in a letter addressed to E. F., or otherwise show how published], the following words concerning the plaintiff:—
["A. B., of this city, has modestly retired to foreign lands. It is said that creditors to the amount of _____ rupees are anxiously seeking his address."]
 3. That the defendant meant thereby that [the plaintiff had absconded to avoid his creditors, and with intent to defraud them].
 4. That the said publication was false and malicious.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 91.

FOR SLANDER; THE WORDS BEING ACTIONABLE IN THEMSELVES.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the _____ day of _____ 18____, at _____, the defendant falsely and maliciously spoke, in the hearing of E. F. [or, sundry persons], the following words concerning the plaintiff: "He is a thief".
2. That, in consequence of the said words, the plaintiff lost his situation as _____ in the employ of _____

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 92.

FOR SLANDER; THE WORDS NOT BEING ACTIONABLE IN THEMSELVES.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant falsely and maliciously said to one E. F. concerning the plaintiff: ["He is a young man of remarkably easy conscience"].
2. That the plaintiff was then seeking employment as a clerk, and the defendant meant, by the said words, that the plaintiff was not trustworthy as a clerk.
3. That, in consequence of the said words, [the said E. F. refused to employ the plaintiff as a clerk].

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 93.

FOR MALICIOUS PROSECUTION.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:

1. That on the day of 18 , defendant obtained a warrant of arrest from [a magistrate] the said city, or, as the case may be,] on a charge of , and the plaintiff was arrested thereon, and imprisoned for [days, or, hours, and gave bail in the sum of rupees to obtain his release
2. That in so doing, the defendant acted maliciously and without reasonable or probable cause.
3. That on the day of 18 , the said magistrate dismissed the complaint of the defendant, and acquitted the plaintiff.
4. That many persons, whose names are unknown to the plaintiff, hearing of the said arrest, and supposing the plaintiff to be a criminal, have ceased to do business with him; or, that, in consequence of the said arrest, the plaintiff lost his situation as clerk to one E. F., or, that by reason of the premises the plaintiff suffered pain of body and mind, and was prevented from transacting his business, and was injured in his credit, and incurred expense in obtaining his release from the said imprisonment and in defending himself against the said complaint.

[Demand of judgment.]

D.—PLAINTS IN SUITS FOR SPECIFIC]

No. 94.

BY THE ABSOLUTE OWNER FOR THE POSSESSION OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That X. Y. was the absolute owner of [the estate, or, the share of the estate, called , situate in the District of , the Government revenue of which is rupees and the estimated value rupees or, of the house No. street in the town of Calcutta, the estimated value of which is rupees].
2. That on the day of 18 , Z illegally dispossessed the said X. Y. of the said estate [or share or house].
3. That the said X. Y. has since died intestate, leaving the plaintiff the said A. B. his heir him surviving.
4. That the defendant withholds the possession of the estate [or share or house] from the plaintiff.

The plaintiff prays judgment:

- (1) For the possession of the said premises;
- (2) For rupees compensation for withholding the same.

Another Form.

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. On the day of , the plaintiff, by an instrument in writing let to the defendant a house and premises No. 52, Russell Street, in the day of , at the monthly rent of rupees 800.
2. By the said instrument the defendant covenanted to keep the said house and premises in good and tenantable repair.
3. The said instrument also contained a clause of re-entry, entitling the plaintiff to re-enter upon the said house and premises, in case the rent thereby reserved, whether demanded or not, should be in arrear for twenty-one days, or in case the defendant should make default in the performance of any covenant upon his part to be performed.
4. On the day of 187 a month's rent became due, and on the day of 187 another month's rent became due; on the day of 187 both had been in arrear for twenty-one days, and both are still due.
5. On the same day of 187 the house and premises were not and are not now in good or tenantable repair, and it would require the expenditure of a large sum of money to re-instate the same in good and tenantable repair, and the plaintiff's reversion is much depreciated in value. The plaintiff claims:
 - (1) Possession of the said house and premises;
 - (2) Rupees for arrears of rent;
 - (3) Rupees compensation for the defendant's breach of his covenant to repair;
 - (4) Rupees for the occupation of the house and premises from the day of 187 to the day of recovering possession.

No. 95.

BY THE TENANT.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That one *E. F.* is the absolute owner of [a piece of land in the town of Calcutta, , bounded as follows:], the estimated value of which is rupees .
2. That on the day of 18 , the said *E. F.* let the said premises to the plaintiff for years, from .
3. That the defendant withholds the possession thereof from the plaintiff.

[Demand of judgment.]

No. 96.

FOR MOVEABLE PROPERTY WRONGFULLY TAKEN.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , plaintiff owned [or was possessed of] one hundred barrels of flour, the estimated value of which is rupees .
 2. That on that day, at , the defendant took the same.
- The plaintiff prays judgment:
- (1) For the possession of the said goods, or for rupees in case such possession cannot be had;
 - (2) For rupees compensation for the detention thereof.

No. 97.

FOR MOVEABLES WRONGFULLY DETAINED.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , plaintiff owned [or, state facts showing a right to the possession] the goods mentioned in the schedule hereto annexed [or describe the goods], the estimated value of which is rupees .
 2. That from that day until the commencement of this suit, the defendant has detained the same from the plaintiff.
 3. That before the commencement of this suit, to wit, on the day of 18 , the plaintiff demanded the same from the defendant, but he refused to deliver them.
- The plaintiff prays judgment:
- (1) For the possession of the said goods, or for rupees, in case such possession cannot be had;
 - (2) For rupees compensation for the detention thereof.

The schedule.

No. 98.

AGAINST A FRAUDULENT PURCHASER AND HIS TRANSFEREE WITH NOTICE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , at , the defendant [C. D.], for the purpose of inducing the plaintiff to sell him certain goods, represented to the plaintiff that [he was solvent, and worth rupees over all his liabilities].

2. That the plaintiff was thereby induced to sell and deliver to the said C. D. [one hundred boxes of tea], the estimated value of which is rupees.

3. That the said representations were false, and were then known by the said C. D. to be so. [Or, That at the time of making the said representations, the said C. D. was insolvent, and knew himself to be so.]

4. That the said C. D. afterwards transferred the said goods to the defendant E. A., without consideration [or who had notice of the falsity of the representation].

The plaintiff prays judgment:

- (1) For the possession of the said goods, or for rupees, in case such possession cannot be had;
- (2) For rupees compensation for the detention thereof.

E.—PLAINTS IN SUITS FOR SPECIAL RELIEF.

No. 99.

FOR RESCISSION OF A CONTRACT ON THE GROUND OF MISTAKE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That on the day of 18 , the defendant represented to the plaintiff that a certain piece of ground belonging to the defendant, situated at , contained [ten bighás].

2. That the plaintiff was thereby induced to purchase the same at the price of rupees in the belief that the said representation was true, and signed an instrument of agreement, of which a copy is hereto annexed. But no conveyance of the same has been executed to him.

3. That on the day of 18 , the plaintiff paid the defendant rupees as part of such purchase-money.

4. That the said piece of ground contained in fact only [five bighás].

The plaintiff prays judgment:

- (1) For rupees, with-interest from the day of 18 ;
- (2) That the said agreement of purchase be delivered up and cancelled.

No. 100.

FOR AN INJUNCTION RESTRAINING WASTE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That plaintiff is the absolute owner of [describe the property].

2. That the defendant is in possession of the same under a lease from the plaintiff.

3. That the defendant has [cut down a number of valuable trees, and threatens to cut down many more for the purpose of sale] without the consent of the plaintiff.

The plaintiff prays judgment, that the defendant be restrained by injunction from committing or permitting any further waste on the said premises.

No. 101.

FOR ABATEMENT OF A NUISANCE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That plaintiff is, and at all the times hereinafter mentioned was, the absolute owner of [the house No. , street, Calcutta].
2. That the defendant is, and at all the said times was, the absolute owner of [a plot of ground in the same street].
3. That on the day of 18 , the defendant erected upon his said lot a slaughter-house, and still maintains the same; and from that day until the present time has continually caused cattle to be brought and killed there [and has caused the blood and offal to be thrown into the street opposite the said house of the plaintiff].
4. That [the plaintiff has been compelled, by reason of the premises, to abandon the said house and has been unable to rent the same].

The plaintiff prays judgment, that the said nuisance be abated.

No. 102.

FOR AN INJUNCTION AGAINST THE DIVERSION OF A WATER-COURSE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

[As in No. 81.]

The Plaintiff prays judgment, that the defendant be restrained by injunction from diverting the water as aforesaid.

No. 103.

FOR RESTORATION OF MOVEABLE PROPERTY, THREATENED WITH DESTRUCTION, AND FOR AN INJUNCTION.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That plaintiff is, and at all times hereinafter mentioned was, the owner of [a portrait of his grandfather, which was executed by an eminent painter], and of which no duplicate exists [or state any facts showing that the property is of a kind that cannot be replaced by money].
2. That on the day of 18 , he deposited the same for safe-keeping with the defendant.
3. That on the day of 18 , he demanded the same from the defendant, and offered to pay all reasonable charges for the storage of the same.
4. That the defendant refuses to deliver the same to the plaintiff, and threatens to conceal, dispose of, cut or injure the same if required to deliver it up.
5. That no pecuniary compensation would be an adequate compensation to the plaintiff for the loss of the said [painting].

The plaintiff prays judgment:

- (1) That the defendant be restrained by injunction from disposing of, injuring, or concealing the said [painting];
- (2) That he return the same to the plaintiff.

No. 104.

INTERPLEADER.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. That before the date of the claims hereinafter mentioned, one G. H. deposited with the plaintiff [describe the property] for [safe keeping].
2. That the defendant, C. D., claims the same [under an alleged assignment thereof to him from the said G. H.]

8. That the defendant, *E. F.*, also claims the same [under an order of the said *G. H.* transferring the same to him].

4. That the plaintiff is ignorant of the respective rights of the defendants.

5. That he has no claim upon the said property, and is ready and willing to deliver it to such persons as the Court shall direct.

6. That this suit is not brought by collusion with either of the defendants.

The plaintiff prays judgment:

(1) That the defendants be restrained, by injunction, from taking any proceedings against the plaintiff in relation thereto;

(2) That they be required to interplead together concerning their claims to the said property;

[(3) That some person be authorized to receive the said property pending such litigation];

(4) That upon delivering the same to such [person], the plaintiff be discharged from all liability to either of the defendants in relation thereto.

No. 105.

ADMINISTRATION BY CREDITOR.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. *E. F.*, late of _____, was at the time of his death, and his estate still is, indebted to the plaintiff in the sum of [here insert nature of debt and security, if any].

2. The said *E. F.* made his Will, dated the _____ day of _____ and thereof appointed *C. D.* executor [or, devised his estate in trust, &c., or, died intestate, as the case may be].

3. The said Will was proved by the said *C. D.* [or, letters of administration were granted, &c.].

4. The defendant has possessed himself of the moveable [and immoveable, or, the proceeds of the immoveable] property of the said *E. F.*, and has not paid the plaintiff his said debt.

5. The said *E. F.* died on or about the _____ day of _____

6. The plaintiff prays that an account may be taken of the moveable [and immoveable] property of the said *E. F.*, deceased, and that the same may be administered under the decree of the Court.

No. 106.

ADMINISTRATION BY SPECIFIC LEGATEES.

(Title.)

[Alter Form 105 thus:—]

[Omit paragraph 1 and commence paragraph 2] *E. F.*, late of _____, duly made his last Will, dated the _____ day of _____ and thereof appointed *C. D.* executor, and by such Will bequeathed to the plaintiff [here state the specific legacy].

For paragraph 4, substitute—

The defendant is in possession of the moveable property of the said *E. F.*, and, amongst other things, of the said [here name the subject of the specific bequest].

For the commencement of paragraph 6 substitute—

The plaintiff prays that the defendant may be ordered to deliver to him the said [here name the subject of the specific bequest] or that, &c.

No. 107.

ADMINISTRATION BY PECUNIARY LEGATEES.

(Title.)

[Alter Form 105 thus:—].

[Omit paragraph 1 and substitute for paragraph 2] *E. F.*, late of _____, duly made last Will, dated the _____ day of _____, and thereof appointed *C. D.* executor, and by such Will bequeathed to the plaintiff a legacy of rupees _____

In paragraph 4, substitute "legacy" for "debt."

Another Form.

Between *E. F.* Plaintiff,
 and
G. H. Defendant.

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

1. *A. B.* of *K* in the duly made his last Will, dated the [first day of March 1873], whereby he appointed the defendant and *M. N.* [who died in the testator's life-time] executors thereof, and bequeathed his property, whether moveable or immoveable, to his executors in trust, to pay the rents and income thereof to the plaintiff for his life; and after his decease, and in default of his having a son who should attain twenty-one, or a daughter who should attain that age or marry, upon trust as to his immoveable property for the person who would be the testator's heir-at-law, and as to his moveable property for the persons who would be the testator's next-of-kin if he had died intestate at the time of the death of the plaintiff, and such failure of his issue as aforesaid.

2. The testator died on the [first day of July 1873], and his Will was proved by the defendant on the [fourth of October 1873]. The plaintiff has not been married.

3. The testator was at his death entitled to moveable and immoveable property; the defendant entered into the receipt of the rents of the immoveable property and got in the moveable property; he has sold some part of the immoveable property.

The plaintiff claims—

(1) To have the moveable and immoveable property of *A. B.* administered in this Court, and for that purpose to have all proper directions given and accounts taken.

(2) Such further or other relief as the nature of the case may require.

Between *E. F.* Plaintiff,
 and
G. H. Defendant.

Written Statement of Defendant.

1. *A. B.*'s Will contained a charge of debts; he died insolvent; he was entitled at his death to some immoveable property which the defendant sold, and which produced the nett sum of rupees and the testator had some moveable property which the defendant got in, and which produced the nett sum of rupees.

2. The defendant applied the whole of the said sums and the sum of rupees which the defendant received from rents of the immoveable property in the payment of the funeral and testamentary expenses and some of the debts of the testator.

3. The defendant made up his accounts and sent a copy thereof to the plaintiff on the [tenth of January 1875], and offered the plaintiff free access to the vouchers to verify such accounts, but he declined to avail himself of the defendant's offer.

4. The defendant submits that the plaintiff ought to pay the costs of this suit.

No. 108.

EXECUTION OF TRUSTS.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Regular No.

A. B. of ... Plaintiff,
 against
C. D. of the beneficiary [or, one
 of the beneficiaries], ... Defendant.

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows :—

1. That he is one of the trustees under an instrument of settlement bearing date on or about the day of made upon the marriage of the said *E. F.* and *G. H.* the father and mother of the defendant [or, an instrument of assignment of the estate and effects of *E. F.* for the benefit of *C. D.*, the defendant, and other the creditors of *E. F.*].

2. The said *A. B.* has taken upon himself the burden of the said trust, and is in possession of [or, of the proceeds of] the moveable and immoveable property conveyed [or

3. The said *C. D.* claims to be entitled to a beneficial interest under the before-mentioned deed.

4. The plaintiff is desirous to account for all the rents and profits of the said immovable property [and the proceeds of the sale of the said, or of part of the said, immovable property, or moveable, or the proceeds of the sale of, or of part of, the said moveable, property, or the profits accruing to the plaintiff as such trustee in the execution of the said trust]; and he prays that the Court will take the accounts of the said trust, and also that the whole of the said trust estate may be administered in the Court for the benefit of the said *C. D.*, the defendant, and all other persons who may be interested in such administration, in the presence of the said *C. D.* and such other persons so interested as the Court may direct, or that the said *C. D.* may shew good cause to the contrary.

N. B.—Where the suit is by a beneficiary, the plaint may be modelled, mutatis mutandis, on the plaint by a legatee.]

No. 109.

FORECLOSURE OR SALE.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. By an instrument of mortgage bearing date on or about the day of 18 , a house with the garden and appurtenances, situated within the jurisdiction of his Court, were conveyed [or assigned] by the defendant to him the plaintiff, his heirs, [or executors, administrators,] and assigns, for securing the principal sum of Rs. together with interest thereon after the rate of Rs. per centum per annum, subject to redemption upon payment by the said defendant of the said principal and interest at a day long since past.

2. There is now due from the defendant to the plaintiff the sum of Rs. principal and interest on the said mortgage.

3. The plaintiff prays (a) that the Court will order the defendant to pay him the said sum of Rs. , with such further interest as may accrue between the filing of the plaint and the day of payment, and also the costs of this suit, on some day to be named by the Court, and in default that the equity of redemption of the said mortgaged premises may be foreclosed and the plaintiff placed in possession of the same premises; or (b) that the said premises may be sold, and the proceeds applied in and towards the payment of the amount of the said principal, interest and costs; and (c) that if such proceeds shall not be sufficient for the payment in full of such amount, the defendant do pay to the plaintiff the amount of the deficiency with interest thereon at the rate of six per cent. per annum until realization; and (d) that for that purpose all proper directions may be given and accounts taken by the Court.

No. 110.

REDEMPTION.

(Title.)

[Alter Form 109 thus:—]

Transpose parties and also the facts in paragraph 1. or paragraph 2, substitute—

2. There is now due from the plaintiff to the defendant, for principal and interest on the said mortgage, the sum of Rs. which the plaintiff is ready and willing to pay to the defendant, of which the defendant, before filing this plaint, had notice.

For paragraph 3, substitute—

The plaintiff prays that he may redeem the said premises and that the defendant may be ordered to re-convey [or re-assign] the same to him upon payment of the said sum of Rs. and interest, with such costs (if any), as the Court may order upon a day to be named by the Court, and that the Court will give all proper directions for the preparation and execution of such re-conveyance [or assignment], and doing such other acts as may be necessary to put him into possession of the said premises, freed from the said mortgage.

No. 111.

SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE. (No. 1).

(Title.)

B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

By an agreement dated the

2. He has applied to the said *C. D.* specifically to perform the said agreement on his part, but he has not done so.

3. The said *A. B.* has been and still is ready and willing specifically to perform the agreement on his part, of which the said *C. D.* has had notice.

4. The plaintiff prays that the Court will order the said *A. B.* specifically to perform the said agreement, and to do all acts necessary to put the said *A. B.* in full possession of the said property [or to accept a conveyance and possession of the said property] and to pay the costs of the suit.

[*N. B.*—In suit for delivery up, to be cancelled, of any agreement, omit paragraphs 2 and 3, and substitute a paragraph stating generally the grounds for requiring the agreement to be delivered up to be cancelled, such as that the plaintiff signed it by mistake, under distress, or by the fraud of the defendant, and alter the prayer according to the relief sought.]

No. 112.

SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE. (No. 2).

(Title.)

B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

That on the day of 18 , the defendant was absolutely entitled to certain immoveable property described in the agreement hereto annexed.

That on the same day, the plaintiff and defendant entered into an agreement, under their hands, a copy of which is hereto annexed.

3. That on the day of 18 , the plaintiff tendered rupees to the defendant, and demanded a conveyance of the said property.

4. That on the day of 18 , the plaintiff again demanded such conveyance. [Or, that the defendant refused to convey the same to the plaintiff.]

5. That the defendant has not executed such conveyance.

6. That the plaintiff is still ready and willing to pay the purchase-money of the said property to the defendant.

The plaintiff prays judgment:

(1) That the defendant execute to the plaintiff a sufficient conveyance of the said property [following the terms of the agreement]

(2) For rupees compensation for withholding the same.

No. 113.

PARTNERSHIP.

(Title.)

A. B., the above-named plaintiff, states as follows:—

1. He and the said *C. D.*, the defendant, have been for the space of years [or months] last past carrying on business together at within the jurisdiction of this Court, under certain articles of partnership in writing, signed by them respectively, [or, under a certain deed sealed and executed by them respectively, or, under a verbal agreement between them, the said plaintiff and defendant].

2. Diverse disputes and differences have arisen between the plaintiff and defendant as such partners, whereby it has become impossible to carry on the said business in partnership with advantage to the partners.

3. The plaintiff desires to have the said partnership dissolved, and he is ready and willing to bear his share of the debts and obligations of the partnership according to the terms of the said articles [or deed, or agreement].

4. The plaintiff prays the Court to decree a dissolution of the said partnership, and that the accounts of the said partnership trading may be taken by the Court, and the assets thereof realized, and that each party may be ordered to pay into Court any balance due from him upon such partnership account, and that the debts and liabilities of the said partnership may be paid and discharged, and that the costs of the suit may be paid out of the partnership assets, and that any balance remaining of such assets, after such payment and discharge, and the payment of the said costs, may be divided between the plaintiff and defendant, according to the terms of the said articles [or deed, or agreement], or that, if the said assets shall prove insufficient, he the plaintiff and the said defendant may be ordered to contribute in such proportions as shall be just, a fund to be raised for the payment and discharge of such debts, liabilities and costs. And to give such other relief as the Court shall think fit.

This plaint was filed by

Pleader for the plaintiff.

No. 114.

FORMS OF CONCISE STATEMENTS.

[Code of Civil Procedure, section 58.]

Money lent.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for money lent [and interest].
Several demands.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs., whereof rs. is for the price of
Rent.	goods sold, and	rs. for money lent, and rs. for interest.
Salary, &c.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for arrears of rent.
	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for arrears of salary as a clerk [or, as the case
	may be].	
Interest.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for interest upon money lent.
General average.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a general average contribution.
Freight, &c.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for freight and demurrage.
Banker's balance.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for money deposited with the defendant as a
	banker.	
Fees, &c., as pleader.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for fees for work done [and rs.
Commission.	money expended] as a pleader.	
	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for commission earned as [of the character, as
	auctioneer, cotton-broker, &c.].	
	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for medical attendances.
Medical attendance, &c.		
Return of premium.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a return of premiums paid upon policies
	of insurance.	
Warehouse rent.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for the warehousing of goods.
Carriage of goods.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for the carriage of goods by rail.
Use and occupation of houses.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for the use and occupation of a
Hire of goods.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for the hire of [furniture].
Work done.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for work done as a [surveyor].
Board and lodging.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for board and lodging.
Schooling.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for the [board, lodging and] tuition of A. X.
Money received.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for money received by the defendant as pleader
	[or factor, or collector, or, &c.] of the plaintiff.	
Fees of office.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for fees received by the defendant under colour
	of the office of	
Money overpaid.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a return of money overcharged for the car-
	riage of goods by railway.	
	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a return of fees overcharged by the defend-
	ant as	
Return of money by stake-holder.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a return of money deposited with the defend-
	ant as stake-holder.	
Money won from stake-holder.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for money entrusted to the defendant as stake-
	holder, and become payable to plaintiff.	
Money entrusted to agent.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a return of money entrusted to the defendant
	as agent of the plaintiff.	
Money obtained by fraud.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a return of money obtained from the plain-
	tiff by fraud.	
Money paid by mistake.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a return of money paid to the defendant by
	mistake.	
Money paid for consideration which has failed.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a return of money paid to the defendant for
	[work to be done, or work left undone; or, a bill to be taken up, or, a bill not taken up, or, &c.]	
	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a return of money paid as a deposit upon
	shares to be allotted.	
Money paid by surety for defendant.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for money paid for the defendant as his surety.
Rent paid.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for money paid for rent due by the defendant.
Money paid on accommodation-bill.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. upon a bill of exchange accepted [or indorsed]
	for the defendant's accommodation.	
Contribution by surety.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a contribution in respect of money paid by
	the plaintiff as surety.	
By co-debtor.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for a contribution in respect of a joint debt of
	the plaintiff and the defendant, paid by the plaintiff.	
Money paid for calls.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for money paid for calls upon shares, against
	which the defendant was bound to indemnify the plaintiff.	
Money payable under award.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for money payable under an award.
Life-policy.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. upon a policy of insurance upon the life of X. Y.,
	deceased.	
Money-bond.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. upon a bond to secure payment of
	rs. and interest.	
Foreign judgment.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. upon a judgment of the Court in
	[the Empire of Russia].	
Bills of exchange, &c.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. upon a cheque drawn by the defendant.
	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. upon a bill of exchange accepted [or drawn, or
	indorsed] by the defendant.	
	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. upon a promissory note made [or indorsed] by
	the defendant.	
	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. against the defendant, A. B., as acceptor, and
	against the defendant, C. D., as drawer [or indorser] of a bill of exchange.	
	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. against the defendant as surety for the price of
	goods sold.	

	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. against the defendant, <i>A. B.</i> , as principal, and against the defendant, <i>C. D.</i> , as surety, for the price of goods sold [or for arrears of rent, or for money lent, or for money received by the defendant, <i>A. B.</i> , as traveller for the plaintiff, or, &c.].
Calls.	The plaintiff's claim is	rs. for calls upon shares.
	<i>Indorsement for costs, &c.</i>	
	[Add to the above Forms] and	rs. for costs; and if the amount claimed be paid to the plaintiff or his pleader within
	of the jurisdiction, insert the time for appearance limited by the order]	days [or, if the summons is to be served hereof, further proceedings will be stayed.
	<i>Damages and other claims.</i>	
Agent, &c.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to employ the plaintiff as	traveller.
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for wrongful dismissal from the defendant's employ-	ment as traveller [and
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for the defendant's wrongfully quitting the plaintiff's	employment as manager.
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of duty as factor [or, &c.,] of the plaintiff	[and
Apprentice.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of the terms of a deed of apprenticeship of	<i>X. Y.</i> to the defendant [or plaintiff].
Arbitration.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for non-compliance with the award of <i>X. Y.</i>	
Assault, &c.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for assault [and false imprisonment, and for malicious	prosecution].
By husband and wife.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for assault and false imprisonment of the plain-	tiff, <i>C. D.</i>
Against husband and wife.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for assault by the defendant, <i>C. D.</i>	
Pleader.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for injury by the defendant's negligence as pleader of	the plaintiff.
Bailment.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for negligence in the custody of goods [and for	wrongfully detaining the same].
Pledge.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for negligence in the keeping of goods pawned [and	for wrongfully detaining the same].
Hire.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for negligence in the custody of furniture [or, a	carriage] lent on hire, [and for wrongfully, &c.].
Banker.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for wrongfully neglecting [or refusing] to pay the	plaintiff's cheque.
Bill.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to accept the plaintiff's	drafts.
Bond.	The plaintiff's claim is upon a bond conditioned not to carry on the trade of a	
Carrier.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for refusing to carry the plaintiff's goods by railway.	
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for refusing to carry the plaintiff by railway.	
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of duty in and about the carriage and	delivery of coals by railway.
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of duty in and about the carriage and	delivery of machinery by sea.
Charter-party.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of charter-party of ship [<i>Mary</i>].	
Claim for return of goods; damages.	The plaintiff's claim is for return of household furniture, [or, &c.,] or their value, and for	damages for detaining the same.
Damages for depriving of goods.	The plaintiff's claim is for wrongfully depriving plaintiff of goods, household furni-	ture, &c.
Defamation.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for libel.	
Wrongful distress.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for slander.	
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for improperly distraining.	
	[This Form shall be sufficient whether the distress complained of be wrongful or excessive, or irregular.]	
Ejectment.	The plaintiff's claim is to recover possession of a house, No. in Street,	
To establish title and recover rents.	or of a farm called Blackacre, situate in the of in the of	
	The plaintiff's claim is to establish his title to [here describe property] and to recover	the rents thereof.
	[The two previous Forms may be combined].	
Fishery.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for infringement of the plaintiff's right of fishing.	
Fraud.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for fraudulent misrepresentation on the sale of a	horse [or a business, or shares, or, &c.].
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for fraudulent misrepresentation of the credit of	<i>A. B.</i>
Guarantee.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract of guarantee for <i>A. B.</i>	
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to indemnify the plaintiff as	the defendant's agent to distrain.
Insurance.	The plaintiff's claim is for a loss under a policy upon the ship [<i>Royal Charter</i>], and	freight of cargo [or for return of premiums].
	[This Form shall be sufficient whether the loss claimed be total or partial.]	
Fire insurance.	The plaintiff's claim is for a loss under a policy of fire insurance upon house and furniture.	
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to insure a house.	
	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to keep a house in repair.	
Landlord and tenant.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breaches of covenants contained in a lease of a	farm.
Medical man.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for injury to the plaintiff from the defendant's negli-	gence as a medical man.

Mischivous animal.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for injury by the defendant's dog.
Negligence.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for injury to the plaintiff by the negligent driving of the defendant or his servants. The plaintiff's claim is for damages for injury to the plaintiff while a passenger on the defendant's railway by the negligence of the defendant's servants. The plaintiff's claim is for damages for injury to the plaintiff at the defendant's railway-station from the defective condition of the station. The plaintiff's claim is as executor of <i>A. B.</i> deceased, for damages for the death of the said <i>A. B.</i> , from injuries received while a passenger on the defendant's railway, by the negligence of the defendant's servants.
Act XIII of 1855.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of promise of marriage.
Promise of marriage.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of contract to accept and pay for goods.
Sale of goods.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for non-delivery [or short delivery, or defective quality, or other breach of contract of sale] of cotton [or, &c.].
Sale of goods.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of warranty of a horse.
Sale of land.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to sell [or purchase] land. The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to let [or take] a house. The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to sell [or purchase] the lease, with good-will, fixtures, and stock-in-trade of a public-house. The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of covenant for title [or for quiet enjoyment, or, &c.] in a conveyance of land.
Trespass on land.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for wrongfully entering the plaintiff's land and drawing water from his well [or cutting his grass, or felling his timber, or pulling down his fences, or removing his gate, or using his road or path, or crossing his field, or depositing sand there, or carrying away gravel from thence, or carrying away bones from his river].
Support.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for wrongfully taking away the support of plaintiff's land [or house, or mine].
Way.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for wrongfully obstructing a way [public highway, or private, way].
Water-course, &c.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for wrongfully diverting [or obstructing, or polluting, or diverting water from] a water-course. The plaintiff's claim is for damages for wrongfully discharging water upon the plaintiff's land [or into the plaintiff's mine].
Pasture.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for wrongfully obstructing the plaintiff's use of a well. The plaintiff's claim is for damages for the infringement of the plaintiff's right of pasture.

[This Form shall be sufficient whatever the nature of the right to pasture be.]

Patent.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for obstructing the access of light to plaintiff's house.
Copy-right.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for the infringement of the plaintiff's patent.
Trade-mark.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for the infringement of the plaintiff's copy-right.
Work.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for wrongfully using [or imitating] the plaintiff's trade-mark. The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to build a ship [or to repair a house, &c.].
Nuisance.	The plaintiff's claim is for damages for breach of a contract to employ the plaintiff to build a ship, &c. The plaintiff's claim is for damages to his house, trees, crops, &c., caused by noxious vapours from the defendant's factory [or, &c.]. The plaintiff's claim is for damages from nuisance by noise from the defendant's works [or stables, or, &c.].
Injunction.	[Add to indorsement] :—and for an injunction. [Add to indorsement where claim is to land, or to establish title, or both] :—
Mesne profits.	and for mesne profits.
Arrears of rent.	and for an account of rents or arrears of rent.
Breach of covenant.	and for breach of covenant for [repairs].

1. Creditor to administer Estate.

The plaintiff's claim is as a creditor of *X. Y.*, of _____ deceased, to have the moveable and immoveable property of the said *X. Y.* administered. The defendant, *C. D.*, is sued as the administrator of the said *X. Y.*, [and the defendants, *E. F.* and *G. H.*, as his coheirs at law.]

2. Legatee to administer Estate.

The plaintiff's claim is as a legatee under the will dated the _____ day of _____ 18____, of *X. Y.*, deceased, to have the moveable and immoveable property of the said *X. Y.* administered. The defendant, *C. D.*, is sued as the executor of the said *X. Y.* [and the defendants, *E. F.* and *G. H.*, as his devisees].

3. Partnership.

The plaintiff's claim is to have an account taken of the partnership dealings between the plaintiff and defendant [under articles of partnership dated the _____ day of _____], and to have the affairs of the partnership wound up.

4. By mortgages.

The plaintiff's claim is to have an account taken of what is due to him for principal, interest and costs on a mortgage dated the _____ day of _____, made between

5. *By mortgagor.*

The plaintiff's claim is to have an account taken of what, if anything, is due on a mortgage dated _____ and made between [parties], and to redeem the property comprised therein.

6. *Raising Portions.*

The plaintiff's claim is that the sum of _____ rs. which by an indenture of settlement, dated _____, was provided for the portions of the younger children of _____ may be raised.

7. *Execution of Trusts.*

The plaintiff's claim is to have the trusts of an indenture dated _____ and made between [parties] carried into execution.

8. *Cancellation, or Rectification.*

The plaintiff's claim is to have a deed dated _____ and made between [parties] set aside or rectified.

9. *Specific Performance.*

The plaintiff's claim is for specific performance of an agreement dated the _____ day of _____ for the sale by the plaintiff to the defendant of certain [freehold] hereditaments at _____

No. 115.

PROBATE.

1. *By an executor or legatee propounding a will in solemn form.*

The plaintiff claims to be executor of the last will dated the _____ day of _____ of C. W. late of _____ day of _____ ceased, who died on the _____ day of _____ and to have the said will established. This summons is issued against you as one of the next-of-kin of the said deceased [or, as the case may be].

2. *By an executor or legatee of a former will, or a next-of-kin, &c., of the deceased seeking to obtain the revocation of a probate granted in common form.*

The plaintiff claims to be executor of the last will dated the _____ day of _____ of C.D., late of _____ day of _____ deceased, who died on the _____ day of _____ and to have the probate of a pretended will of the said deceased, dated the _____ day of _____ revoked. This summons is issued against you as the executor of the said pretended will [or, as the case may be].

3. *By an executor or legatee of a will when letters of administration have been granted as in an intestacy.*

The plaintiff claims to be executor of the last will of C.D., late of _____ day of _____ deceased, who died on the _____ day of _____ dated the _____ day of _____ The plaintiff claims that the grant of letters of administration of the estate of the said deceased obtained by you should be revoked, and probate of the said will granted to him.

4. *By a person claiming a grant of administration as a next-of-kin of the deceased, but whose interest as next-of-kin is disputed.*

The plaintiff claims to be the brother and sole next-of-kin of C.D. of _____ day of _____ deceased, who died on the _____ day of _____ intestate, and to have as such a grant of administration to the personal estate of the said intestate. This writ is issued against you because you have entered a caveat, and have alleged that you are the sole next-of-kin of the deceased [or, as the case may be].

Indorsements of character of Parties.

The plaintiff's claim is as executor [or administrator] of C.D., deceased, for, &c.

The plaintiff's claim is against the defendant, A. B., as executor [or, &c.] of C.D., deceased, for, &c.

The plaintiff's claim is against the defendant, A.B., as executor of X. Y. deceased, and against the defendant, C.D., in his personal capacity, for, &c.

The claim of the plaintiff, C.D., is as executrix of X. Y., deceased, and the claim of the plaintiff, A.B., as her husband, for

By husband
and wife—
executrix.

Trustee.

The plaintiff's claim is as [or, the plaintiff's claim is against the defendant as] trustee under the will of A.B. [or under the settlement upon the marriage of A.B. and X. Y. his wife].

Public officer.

The plaintiff's claim is as public officer of the _____ Bank, for
The plaintiff's claim is against the defendant as public officer of the _____ Bank,

for
The plaintiff's claim is against the defendant, A.B., as principal, and against the defendant, C.D., as public officer, of the _____ Bank, as surety, for

The plaintiff's claim is against the defendant as heir-at-law of A.B., deceased.

No. 117.

SUMMONS FOR DISPOSAL OF SUIT.

Sections 64 and 68 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

NOTICE.—1. Should you apprehend your witnesses will not attend of their own accord, you can have subpoenas from this Court to compel the attendance of any witness, and the production of any document that you have a right to call upon the witness to produce, on applying to the Court at any time before the trial, on your depositing their necessary subsistence-money.

2. If you admit the demand, you should pay the money into Court with the costs of the suit, to avoid the summary execution of the decree, which may be against your person or property, or both, if necessary.

To

dwelling at

WHEREAS has instituted a suit against you for you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person or by a duly authorized Pleader of the Court, duly instructed, and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions, on the day of 18, at o'clock in the forenoon, to answer the above-named plaintiff; and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must be prepared to produce all your witnesses on that day; and you are hereby required to take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence; and you will bring with you, or send by your Pleader, which the plaintiff desires to inspect, and any documents on which you intend to rely in support of your defence.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court this day of 18.

L. S.

Judge.

NOTE.—If written statements are required, say—You are (or such a party is, as the case may be) required to put in a written statement by the day of

No. 118.

SUMMONS FOR SETTLEMENT OF ISSUES.

Sections 64 and 68 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

NOTICE.—1. Should you apprehend your witnesses will not attend of their own accord, you can have subpoenas from this Court to compel the attendance of any witness, and the production of any document that you have a right to call on the witness to produce, on applying to the Court at any time before the trial, on your depositing their necessary subsistence-money.

2. If you admit the demand, you should pay the money into Court with the costs of the suit, to avoid the summary execution of the decree, which may be against your person or property, or both, if necessary.

To

dwelling at

WHEREAS has instituted a suit against you for you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person or by a duly authorized Pleader of the Court, duly instructed, and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions, on the day of 18, at o'clock in the forenoon, to answer the above-named plaintiff; and you are hereby required to take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the issues will be settled in your absence; and you will bring with you, or send by your Pleader, which the plaintiff desires to inspect, and any document on which you intend to rely in support of your defence.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court this day of 18.

L. S.

Judge.

NOTE.—If written statements are required, say—You are (or such a party is, as the case may be) required to put in a written statement by the day of

No. 119.

SUMMONS TO APPEAR.

Section 68 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

NO. OF SUIT.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Plaintiff.

Defendant.

To

(Name, description and address.)

WHEREAS [here enter the name, description and address of the plaintiff] has instituted a suit in this Court against you [here state the particulars of the claim as in the register]: you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person on the day of at . . . in the forenoon [If not specially required to appear in person, state—"in person or by a pleader of the Court duly instructed and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions"] to answer the above-named plaintiff. [If the summons be for the final disposal of the suit, this further direction shall be added here; "and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must be prepared to produce all your witnesses on that day": and you are hereby required to take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence; and you will bring with you (or send by your agent) [here mention any document the production of which may be required by the plaintiff] which the plaintiff desires to inspect, and any document on which you intend to rely in support of your defence.

No. 120.

ORDER FOR TRANSMISSION OF SUMMONS FOR SERVICE IN THE JURISDICTION OF ANOTHER COURT.

Section 85 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

The day of 18 .

WHEREAS it is stated in the plaint that . . . the defendant in the above suit is at present residing in . . . but that the right to sue accrued within the jurisdiction of this Court: it is ordered that a summons returnable on the day of 18 be forwarded for service on the said defendant, to the Court of . . . with a duplicate of this proceeding.

L. S.

Judge.

No. 121.

TO ACCOMPANY RETURN OF SUMMONS OF ANOTHER COURT.

Section 85 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil suit No. of 18 .

The day of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

Read proceeding from the

forwarding

for service on

Civil No. of that Court.

Read bailiff's endorsement on the back of the process stating that the and proof of the above having been duly taken by me on the [date or] affirmation of and it is ordered that the be returned to the with a copy of this proceeding.

L. S.

DEFENDANT'S STATEMENT.

Section 110 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

I, the undersigned defendant [or one of the defendants], disclaim all interest under the will of the said E. F. in the plaint named [or, as heir-at-law of, or, as next-of-kin, or one of the next-of-kin, of E. F., deceased, in the said plaint named].

Or, I the undersigned defendant state, that I admit [or deny] [here repeat in the language of the plaint the statements admitted or denied].

Or, I the undersigned defendant submit that, upon the facts stated in the plaint, it does not appear that there is any agreement which can be legally enforced [or, that it appears upon the said plaint that I am jointly liable with one E. F., who is not a party to the suit, and not severally liable as by the plaint appears, or, that it appears by the said plaint that G. H. should have been a joint plaintiff with the said A. B. in the said suit, or, as the case may be].

Or, that the plaintiff has conveyed [or assigned] his interest in the said mortgage [or equity of redemption] to one I. J. [or, that I have conveyed or assigned to H. L. by way of further charge for securing the sum of Rs. , the equity of redemption in the property sought by the suit to be foreclosed].

Or, that since the dissolution of the partnership the plaintiff has executed an instrument, whereby the plaintiff covenants to discharge all debts and liabilities of the partnership, and generally to release me from all claims and liabilities either by or to himself and others in respect of the said partnership trading [or, as the case may be].

(Signed) C. D.,
Defendant.

No. 123.

INTERROGATORIES.

Section 121 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF AT
Civil Suit No. of 18
A. B.
against
C. D., E. F. and G. H.

Interrogatories on behalf of the above-named A. B. [or C. D.] for the examination of the above-named [E. F. and G. H., or A. B.].

1. Did not &c.
2. Has not &c.
- The defendant E. F. is required to answer the interrogatories numbered
- The defendant G. H. is required to answer the interrogatories numbered

No. 124.

FORM OF NOTICE TO PRODUCE DOCUMENTS.

Section 131 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF AT
Civil Suit No. of 18
A. B.
against
C. D.

Take notice that the plaintiff [or defendant] requires you to produce for his inspection the following documents referred to in your plaint [or written statement, or affidavit], dated the day of 18.

Describe the documents required.

X. Y. Pleader for the plaintiff [or the defendant].

No. 125.

SUMMONS TO ATTEND AND GIVE EVIDENCE.

Sections 159 and 163 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

To

WHEREAS your attendance is required to
on behalf of the _____ in the above cause, you are hereby required [personally
to appear before this Court] on the _____ day of _____ 18____, at the hour of _____ A. M.
[and] to bring with you or to send to this Court

A sum of Rs. _____, being your travelling and other expenses and subsistence allowance for one day, is herewith sent. If you do not comply with this order, you will be subject to the consequence of non-attendance laid down in the Code of Civil Procedure, section 170.

Notice—(1). If you are summoned only to produce a document and not to give evidence, you shall be deemed to have complied with the summons if you cause such document to be produced in this Court on the day and hour aforesaid.

(2). If you are to be detained beyond the day aforesaid, a sum of Rs. _____ will be tendered to you for each day's attendance beyond the day specified.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this _____ day of _____ 18____

L. S.

No. 126.

SUMMONS TO ATTEND AND GIVE EVIDENCE.

Sections 159 and 163 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Another Form.

No. OF SUIT.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Plaintiff.

Defendant.

To

(Name, description and address.)

You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person on the _____ day of _____ at _____ in the forenoon, to give evidence on behalf of the plaintiff [or the defendant] in the above-mentioned suit, and to produce [here describe with convenient certainty any document the production of which may be required. If the summons be only to give evidence, or if it be only to produce a document, it must be expressed accordingly] and you are not to depart thence until you have been examined [or have produced the document] and the Court has risen, or unless you have obtained the leave of the Court.

FORMS OF DECREES.

No. 127.

SIMPLE MONEY-DECREE.

(Title.)

Claim for

This cause coming on _____ for final disposal before _____ in the
absence of _____, on the part of the plaintiff, and _____ on the part of
a defendant, it is ordered that the _____ do pay to _____ the
the sum of Rs. _____, with interest thereon at the rate of _____ per cent.
from _____ to the date of realization of the said sum,
and also pay to the _____ the costs of this suit as taxed by
a officer of the Court, with interest thereon at the rate aforesaid from the date of tax-
ation to the date of realization.

Costs of suit.

PLAINTIFF.				DEFENDANT.			
	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.
1. Stamp for plaint ...				Stamp for power ...			
2. Do. for power ...				Do. petition ...			
3. Do. exhibits ...				Pleader's fee ...			
4. Pleader's fees on Rs. ...				Subsistence for witnesses ...			
5. Translation fee ...				Service of process ...			
6. Subsistence for witness for attendance ...				Translation fee ...			
7. Commissioner's fee ...				Commissioner's fee ...			
8. Service of process ...							
9. &c. ...							
TOTAL ...				TOTAL ...			

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

No. 128.

DECREE FOR SALE IN A SUIT BY A MORTGAGEE OR PERSON ENTITLED TO A LIEN.

(Title.)

It is ordered that it be referred to the Registrar [or Taxing Officer] to take an account of what is due to the plaintiff for principal and interest on the mortgage [or lien] mentioned in the plaint, and to tax the plaintiff's costs of this suit, and that the Registrar do certify to the Court on the day of what he shall find to be due for principal and interest as aforesaid, and for costs; And upon the defendant paying into Court what shall be certified to be due to the plaintiff for principal and interest as aforesaid, together with the said costs, within six months after the Registrar [or Taxing Officer] shall have presented his certificate; it is ordered that the plaintiff do reconvey the said mortgaged premises free and clear from all incumbrances done by him, or any claiming by, from, or under him, and do deliver up to the Registrar [or Taxing Officer] all deeds and writings in his custody or power relating thereto, and that upon such reconveyance being made, and deeds and writings being delivered up, the Registrar [or Taxing Officer] shall pay out to the plaintiff the said sum so paid in as aforesaid for principal, interest and costs; but in default of the defendant paying into Court such principal, interest and costs as aforesaid by the time aforesaid, then it is ordered that the said mortgaged premises [or the premises subject to the said lien] be sold with the approbation of the Registrar [or Taxing Officer]. And it is ordered that the money to arise by such sale be paid into Court, to the end that the same may be duly applied in payment of what shall be found due to the plaintiff for principal, interest and costs as aforesaid, and that the balance (if any) shall be paid to the defendant.

No. 129.

FINAL DECREE FOR FORECLOSURE.

(Title.)

Whereas it appears to the Court that the defendant has not paid into Court the sum which was on the day of last certified by the Registrar to be due to the Plaintiff for principal and interest upon the mortgage in the plaint mentioned, and for costs, pursuant to the order made in this suit on the day of last, and that the period of six months has elapsed since the said day of .

It is ordered that the Defendant do stand absolutely debarred and foreclosed of and from

No. 130.

PRELIMINARY ORDER—ADMINISTRATION SUIT.

Section 213 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

It is ordered that the following accounts and inquiries be taken and made; that is to say:—

In creditor's suit—

1. That an account be taken of what is due to the Plaintiff and all other the creditors of the deceased.

In suits by legatees—

2. An account be taken of the legacies given by the testator's will.

In suits by next-of-kin—

An inquiry be made and account taken of what, or of what share, if any, the plaintiff is entitled to as next-of-kin [or one of the next-of-kin] of the intestate.

[After the first paragraph, the Order will, where necessary, order, in a creditor's suit, inquiry and accounts for legatees, heirs-at-law, and next-of-kin. In suits by claimants other than creditors, after the first paragraph, in all cases, an order to inquire and take an account of creditors, will follow the first paragraph, and such of the others as may be necessary will follow, omitting the first formal words. The form is continued as in a creditor's suit.]

3. An account of the funeral and testamentary expenses.

4. An account of the moveable property of the deceased come to the hands of the Defendant, or to the hands of any other person by his order or for his use.

5. An inquiry what part (if any) of the moveable property of the deceased is outstanding and undisposed of.

6. And it is further ordered, that the Defendant do, on or before the _____ day of _____ next, pay into Court all sums of money which shall be found to have come to his hands, or to the hands of any person by his order or to his use.

7. And that if the Registrar shall find it necessary for carrying out the objects of the suit to sell any part of the moveable property of the deceased, that the same be sold accordingly, and the proceeds paid into Court.

8. And that Mr. E. F. be Receiver in the suit [or proceeding], and receive and get in all outstanding debts and outstanding moveable property of the deceased, and pay the same into the hands of the Registrar [and shall give security by bond for the due performance of his duties to the amount of _____ rupees].

9. And it is further ordered, that if the moveable property of the deceased be found insufficient for carrying out the objects of the suit, then the following further inquiries be made, and accounts taken, that is to say,—

(a) an inquiry what immoveable property the deceased was seised of or entitled to at the time of his death;

(b) an inquiry what are the incumbrances (if any) affecting the immoveable property of the deceased, or any part thereof;

(c) an account, so far as possible, of what is due to the several incumbrancers, and to include a statement of the priorities of such of the incumbrancers as shall consent to the sale hereinafter directed.

10. And that the immoveable property of the deceased, or so much thereof as shall be necessary to make up the fund in Court sufficient to carry out the object of the suit, be sold with the approbation of the Judge, free from incumbrances (if any) of such incumbrancers as shall consent to the sale, and subject to the incumbrances of such of them as shall not consent.

11. And it is ordered, that G. H. shall have the conduct of the sale of the immoveable property, and shall prepare the conditions and contracts of sale subject to the approval of the Registrar, and that in case any doubt or difficulty shall arise the papers shall be submitted to the Judge to settle.

12. And it is further ordered, that, for the purpose of the inquiries hereinbefore directed, the Registrar shall advertise in the newspapers according to the practice of the Court, or shall make such inquiries in any other way which shall appear to the Registrar to give the most useful publicity to such inquiries.

13. And it is ordered, that the above inquiries and accounts be made and taken, and that all other acts ordered to be done be completed, before the _____ day of _____ and that the Registrar do certify the result of the inquiries, and the accounts, and that all other acts ordered are completed, and have his certificate in that behalf ready for the inspection of the parties on the _____ day of _____

14. And, lastly, it is ordered, that this suit [or matter] stand adjourned for making final decree to the _____ day of _____

[Such part only of this order is to be used as is applicable to the particular case.]

No. 131.

FINAL DECREE IN AN ADMINISTRATION SUIT BY A LEGATEE.

Section 213 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

1. It is ordered that the defendant do on or before the _____ day of _____ pay into Court the sum of Rs. _____ the balance by the said certificate found to be due from the said defendant on account of the estate of _____ the testator, and the sum of Rs. _____ for interest at the rate of Rs. _____ per centum per annum, amounting together to the sum of Rs. _____ to the _____ day of _____

2. Let the Registrar [or Taxing Officer] of the said Court tax the costs of the plaintiff and defendant in this suit, and let the amount of the said costs, when so taxed, be paid out of the said sum of Rs. , ordered to be paid into Court as aforesaid, as follows:—

(a.)—The costs of the plaintiff to Mr. , his attorney [or pleader], and the costs of the defendant to Mr. , his attorney [or pleader].

(b.)—And (if any debts are due), with the residue of the said sum of Rs. , after payment of the plaintiff's and defendant's costs as aforesaid, let the sums found to be owing to the several creditors mentioned in the schedule to the Registrar's certificate, together with subsequent interest on such of the debts as bear interest, be paid; and after making such payments, let the amount coming to the several legatees mentioned in the schedule, together with subsequent interest (to be verified as aforesaid), be paid to them.

3. And if there should then be any residue, let the same be paid to the residuary legatees.

DECREE IN AN ADMINISTRATION SUIT BY A LEGATEE, WHERE AN EXECUTOR IS HELD PERSONALLY LIABLE FOR THE PAYMENT OF LEGACIES.

Section 213 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

1. Declare that the defendant is personally liable to pay the legacy of Rs. bequeathed to the plaintiff;

2. And it is ordered, that an account be taken of what is due for principal and interest on the said legacy;

3. And it is also ordered, that the defendant do within weeks after the date of the Registrar's certificate, pay to the plaintiff the amount of what the Registrar shall certify to be due for principal and interest;

4. And it is ordered, that the defendant do pay the plaintiff his costs of suit, the same to be taxed in case the parties differ.

FINAL DECREE IN AN ADMINISTRATION SUIT BY NEXT-OF-KIN.

Section 213 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

1. Let the Registrar of the said Court tax the costs of the plaintiff and defendant in this suit, and let the amount of the said plaintiff's costs, when so taxed, be paid by the defendant to the plaintiff out of the sum of Rs. , the balance by the said certificate found to be due from the said defendant on account of the personal estate of E. F., the intestate, within one week after the taxation of the said costs by the said Registrar, and let the defendant retain for her own use out of such sum her costs, when taxed.

2. And it is ordered, that the residue of the said sum of Rs. , after payment of the plaintiffs' and defendant's costs as aforesaid, be paid and applied by defendant as follows:—

(a.)—Let the defendant, within one week after the taxation of the said costs by the Registrar as aforesaid, pay one-third share of the said residue to the plaintiffs, A. B., and C., his wife, in her right, as the sister and one of the next-of-kin of the said E. F., the intestate.

(b.)—Let the defendant retain for her own use one other third share of the said residue, as the mother, and one other of the next-of-kin of the said E. F., the intestate.

(c.)—And let the defendant, within one week after the taxation of the said costs by the Registrar as aforesaid, pay the remaining one-third share of the said residue to G. H., as the brother and the other next-of-kin of the said E. F., the intestate.

No. 132.

ORDER—DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Section 215 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

It is declared that the partnership in the plaint mentioned between the plaintiff and defendant ought to stand dissolved as from the day of , and it is ordered that the dissolution thereof as from that day be advertised in the Gazette, &c.

And it is ordered that be the Receiver of the partnership-estate and effects in this suit, and do get in all the outstanding book-debts and claims of the partnership.

And it is ordered that the following accounts be taken:—

1. An account of the credits, property and effects now belonging to the said partnership;

2. An account of the debts and liabilities of the said partnership;

3. An account of all dealings and transactions between the plaintiff and defendant, from the foot of the settled account exhibited in this suit and marked (A), and not disturbing any subsequent settled accounts.

And it is ordered that the goodwill of the business heretofore carried on by the plaintiff and defendant as in the plaint mentioned, and the stock-in-trade, be sold on the premises, and that the Registrar may, on the application of any of the parties, fix a reserved bidding for all or any of the lots at such sale, and that either of the parties is to be at liberty to bid at the sale.

And it is ordered that the above accounts be taken and all the other acts required to be done be completed before the day of , and that the Registrar do certify the result of the accounts, and that all other acts are completed, and have his certificate in that behalf ready for the inspection of the parties on the day of

And, lastly, it is ordered that this suit stand adjourned for making a final decree to

No. 133.

PARTNERSHIP. FINAL DECREE.

Section 215 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Regular No.

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

It is ordered that the fund now in Court, amounting to the sum of Rs. be applied as follows:—

1. In payment of the debts due by the partnership set forth in the Registrar's certificate amounting in the whole to Rs.

2. In payment of the costs of all parties in this suit, amounting to Rs.

[These costs must be ascertained before the decree is drawn up].

3. In payment of the sum of Rs. to the plaintiff as his share of the partnership-assets, of the sum of Rs. being the residue of the said sum of Rs. now in Court to the defendant as his share of the partnership-assets.

[Or, And that the remainder of the said sum of Rs. be paid to the said plaintiff (or defendant) in part payment of the sum of Rs. certified to be due to him in respect of the partnership-accounts.

And that the defendant (or plaintiff) do on or before the day of pay to the plaintiff (or defendant) the sum of Rs. being the balance of the said sum of Rs. due to him, which will then remain due].

No. 134.

CERTIFICATE OF NON-SATISFACTION OF DECREE.

Section 224 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

CERTIFIED that no [or partial, as the case may be, and if partial, state to what extent] satisfaction of the decree of this Court, in Civil Suit No. of 18 a copy of which is hereunto attached, has been obtained by execution within the jurisdiction of this Court.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 135. .

NOTICE TO SHOW CAUSE WHY EXECUTION SHOULD NOT ISSUE.

Section 248 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18 .

Miscellaneous No.

of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

WHEREAS

has made application to this Court for execution of decree in Civil Suit No. 18, this is to give you notice that you are to appear before this Court on the day of 18, either in person or by a Pleader of this Court, or agent duly authorized and instructed to show cause, if any, why execution should not be granted.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 126.

WARRANT OF ATTACHMENT OF MOVEABLE PROPERTY IN DEFENDANT'S POSSESSION IN EXECUTION OF A DECREE FOR MONEY.

Section 254 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

TO THE BAILIFF OF THE COURT.

WHEREAS on the _____ day of _____ 18____, was ordered, by decree of this Court, passed _____ 18____, in Suit No. _____ of _____, to pay to the plaintiff the sum of Rs. _____ as noted in the margin; and whereas, the said sum of Rs. _____ has not been paid

DECREE.

Principal
Interest
Costs .Costs of decree . .
Interest thereon . .
Total of attachment

TOTAL . .

THESE ARE TO COMMAND YOU to attach the moveable property of the said _____ as set forth in the list hereunto annexed, or which shall be pointed out to you by the said _____, and unless the said _____ shall pay to you the said sum of Rs. _____ together with Rs. _____, the costs of this attachment, to hold the same until further orders from this Court.

YOU ARE FURTHER COMMANDED to return this Warrant on or before the _____ day of _____ 18____, with an endorsement certifying the date and manner in which it has been executed, or why it has not been executed.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this _____ day of _____ 18____.

SCHEDULE.

L. S.

Judge.

No. 137.

WARRANT TO THE BAILIFF TO GIVE POSSESSION OF LAND, &c.

Section 263 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

TO THE BAILIFF OF THE COURT.

WHEREAS _____, in the occupancy of _____, the plaintiff in this suit: you are hereby directed to put the said _____ in possession of the same, and you are hereby authorized to remove any person who may refuse to vacate the same.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this _____ day of _____ 18____.

L. S.

Judge.

No. 138.

ATTACHMENT IN EXECUTION.

PROHIBITORY ORDER, WHERE THE PROPERTY TO BE ATTACHED CONSISTS OF MOVEABLE PROPERTY, TO WHICH THE DEFENDANT IS ENTITLED SUBJECT TO A LIEN OR RIGHT OF SOME OTHER PERSON TO THE IMMEDIATE POSSESSION THEREOF.

Section 268 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

To

WHEREAS _____ has failed to satisfy a decree passed against _____ on the _____ day of _____ 18____ in favour of _____ for Rs. _____ it is ordered that the defendant be, and is hereby, prohibited and restrained, until the further order of this Court, from

receiving from _____ the following property in the possession of the said _____ that is to say, _____ to which the defendant is entitled, subject to any claim of the said _____, and the said _____ is hereby prohibited and restrained, until the further order of this Court, from delivering the said property to any person or persons whomsoever.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L.S.

Judge.

No. 139.

ATTACHMENT IN EXECUTION.

PROHIBITORY ORDER, WHERE THE PROPERTY CONSISTS OF DEBTS NOT SECURED BY NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS

Section 268 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

To

WHEREAS
'has failed to satisfy a decree passed against _____ on the _____ day of _____
18____, in Civil Suit No. _____ of 18____, in favour of _____
for Rs. _____: it is ordered that the defendant be, and
hereby, prohibited and restrained, until the further order of this Court, from receiving from you
a certain debt alleged now to be due from you to the said defendant, namely, _____
_____ and that you, the said
_____, be, and you are hereby, prohibited and restrained, until the
further order of this Court, from making payment of the said debt, or any part thereof, to
any person whomsoever.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 140.

ATTACHMENT IN EXECUTION.

PROHIBITORY ORDER, WHERE THE PROPERTY CONSISTS OF SHARES IN A PUBLIC COMPANY, &c.

Section 268 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

To

Defendant, and to

, Manager of

Company

has failed

WHEREAS to satisfy a decree passed against on the day of 18 , in Civil Suit No. of 18 in favour of for Rs. it is ordered that you, the defendant, be, and you are hereby, prohibited and restrained, until the further order of this Court, from making any transfer of shares in the aforesaid Company, namely, or from receiving payment of any dividends thereof; and you , the Manager of the said Company, are hereby prohibited and restrained from permitting any such transfer or making any such payment.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18

LS

Judge.

No. 141.

ATTACHMENT IN EXECUTION.

PROHIBITORY ORDER, WHERE THE PROPERTY CONSISTS OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY.

Section 274 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

To

Defendant.

WHEREAS you have failed to satisfy a decree passed against you on the
 day of 18, in Civil Suit No. of 18, in favour of
 for Rs. it is ordered that
 you, the said, be, and you are hereby, prohibited and restrained,
 until the further order of this Court, from alienating the property specified in the schedule
 hereunto annexed, by sale, gift, or otherwise, and that all persons be, and that they are hereby
 prohibited from receiving the same by purchase, gift, or otherwise.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18
 SCHEDULE.

L. S.

Judge.

No. 142.

ATTACHMENT.

PROHIBITORY ORDER, WHERE THE PROPERTY CONSISTS OF MONEY OR OF ANY SECURITY
IN THE HANDS OF A COURT OF JUSTICE OR OFFICER OF GOVERNMENT.

Sections 272 and 486 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18.

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

SIR,

THE plaintiff having applied, under section of the Code of Civil Procedure,
 for an attachment of certain money now in your hands (*here state how the money is supposed
 to be in the hands of the person addressed, on what account, &c.*), I request that you will
 hold the said money subject to the further order of this Court.

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient Servant,

L. S.

Dated the

day of

18.

Judge.

No. 143.

ORDER FOR PAYMENT TO THE PLAINTIFF, &C., OF MONEY, &C., IN THE HANDS
OF A THIRD PARTY.

Section 277 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18

Miscellaneous No. of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

TO THE BAILIFF OF THE COURT AND TO

WHEREAS the following property
 in execution of a decree in Civil Suit No. of 18, has been attached
 18, in favour of for Rs. : it is ordered

that the property so attached, consisting of Rs. _____ in money, and Rs. _____ in Bank Notes, or a sufficient part thereof to satisfy the said decree, shall be paid over by you the said _____, to _____, and that the said property, so far as may be necessary for the satisfaction of the said decree, shall be sold by you, the Bailiff of the Court, by public auction in the manner prescribed for sale in execution of decrees, and that the money which may be realized by such sale, or a sufficient part thereof to satisfy the said decree, shall be paid over to the said _____, and the remainder, if any, shall be paid to you, the said _____.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this _____ day of _____ 18 _____.

L. S.

Judge.

No. 144.

NOTICE TO ATTACHING CREDITOR.

Section 278 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF _____

AT _____

Civil Suit No. _____ of 18 _____.

Miscellaneous No. _____ of 18 _____.

A. B. of _____

against _____

C. D. of _____

To _____

WHEREAS _____ has made application to this Court for the removal of attachment on _____ placed at your instance in execution of the decree in Civil Suit No. _____ of 18 _____, this is to give you notice to appear before this Court on _____ day of _____, 18 _____, the _____, either in person or by a Pleader of the Court duly instructed, to support your claim as attaching creditor.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this _____ day of _____ 18 _____.

L. S.

Judge.

No. 145.

WARRANT OF SALE OF PROPERTY IN EXECUTION OF A DECREE FOR MONEY.

Section 287 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF _____

AT _____

Civil Suit No. _____ of 18 _____.

Miscellaneous No. _____ of 18 _____.

A. B. of _____

against _____

C. D. of _____

TO THE BAILIFF OF THE COURT.

THESE ARE TO COMMAND YOU to sell by auction, after giving _____ days' previous notice, by affixing the same in this Court-house, and after making due proclamation,* the _____

property attached under a Warrant from this Court dated the _____ of _____ 18 _____ in execution of a decree in favour of _____ in _____ suit No. _____ of 18 _____ or so much of the said property as shall realize the sum of Rs. _____, being the _____ of the said decree and costs still remaining unsatisfied.

YOU ARE FURTHER COMMANDED to return this Warrant on or before the _____ day of _____ 18 _____ with an endorsement certifying the manner in which it has been executed, or the reason why it has not been executed.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this _____ day of _____ 18 _____.

L. S.

Judge.

* This proclamation shall specify the time, the place of sale, the property to be sold, the revenue assessed, should the property consist of land paying revenue to Government, and the amount for the recovery of which the sale is ordered.

No. 146.

NOTICE TO PERSON IN POSSESSION OF MOVABLE PROPERTY SOLD IN EXECUTION.

Section 300 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

WHEREAS
has been the purchaser at a sale by auction in execution of the decree in the above suit of
now in your possession, you are
hereby prohibited from delivering possession of the said
to any persons except the said

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 147.

PROHIBITORY ORDER AGAINST PAYMENT OF DEBTS SOLD IN EXECUTION TO ANY OTHER THAN THE PURCHASER.

Section 301 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

and to

WHEREAS
has become the purchaser at a public sale in execution of the decree in the above suit of
certain debt due from you
to you , that is to say , it is ordered that
you be and you are hereby prohibited from receiving, and you
from making payment of, the said debt to any person or persons except the said

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of .

L. S.

Judge.

No. 148.

PROHIBITORY ORDER AGAINST THE TRANSFER OF SHARES SOLD IN EXECUTION.

Section 301 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

and Manager of Company.
WHEREAS has become the purchaser at a public sale in execu-
tion of the decree in the above suit of certain shares in the above Company, that is to say
of standing in the name of you it is ordered

that you be, and you are hereby, prohibited from making, any transfer of the said shares to any person except the said the purchaser aforesaid, or from receiving any dividends thereon: and you, Manager of the said Company, from permitting any such transfer or making any such payment to any person except the said the purchaser aforesaid.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18

L. S.

Judge.

No. 149.

ORDER CONFIRMING SALE OF LAND, &C.

Section 312 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

WHEREAS the following land (or immoveable property) was on the day of 18 sold by the Bailiff of this Court in execution of the decree in this suit; and whereas thirty days have elapsed and no application has been made (or objection allowed) to the said sale, it is ordered that the said sale be, and the said sale is hereby, confirmed.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18

SCHEDULE.

L. S.

No. 150.

CERTIFICATE OF SALE OF LAND.

Section 316 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

THIS is to certify that has been declared the purchaser a sale by public auction on the day of 18 of the execution of decree in this suit, and that the said sale has been duly confirmed by the Court.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18

L. S.

ORDER FOR DELIVERY TO CERTIFIED PURCHASER OF LAND AT A SALE IN EXECUTION.

Section 318 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

TO THE BAILIFF OF THE COURT.

WHEREAS has become the certified purchaser of
at a sale in execution of decree in Civil Regular No.
of 18 , and whereas such land is in the possession of you
are hereby ordered to put the said , the certified purchaser, as
aforesaid, into possession of the said
and if need be, to remove any person who may refuse to vacate the same.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of

L. S.

Judge.

No. 152.

**AUTHORITY TO THE COLLECTOR TO STAY PUBLIC SALE OF LAND ON SECURITIES
BEING GIVEN.**

Section 326 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18 .

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

Collector of

SIR,

In answer to your communication No. , dated represent-
ing that the sale in execution of decree in this suit of
land, lying within your district, paying revenue to Government, is objectionable, I have the
honour to inform you that you are authorized, on security to the amount of Rs.
decreeed to the in the above suit, being given to your satisfaction, to
make provision for the satisfaction of the said decree in the manner recommended by you
instead of proceeding to a public sale of

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your obedient Servant,

L. S.

Judge.

No. 153.

ORDER FOR COMMITTAL FOR EXISTING, &c., EXECUTION OF DECREE FOR LAND.

Section 329 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

passed against
in Civil Suit No. _____ of 18 _____, whereby certain land or immovable property
was adjudged to _____ it is ordered that the said
be committed to custody for a period of _____ days.
Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this _____ day of _____ 18 _____

L. S.

Judge.

No. 154.

WARRANT OF ARREST IN EXECUTION.

Section 337 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. _____ of 18 _____
Miscellaneous No. _____ of 18 _____
A. B. of
against
C. D. of

TO THE BAILIFF OF THE COURT.

WHEREAS

Principal			
Interest			
Costs			
Execution			
TOTAL			

was adjudged by a decree of
the Court, in No. _____ of 18 _____, dated
18 _____, to pay to the plain-
tiff the sum of Rs. _____ as noted in the mar-
gin, and whereas the said sum of Rs. _____
has not been paid to the said plaintiff in
satisfaction of the said decree, these are to com-
mand you to arrest the said defendant, and unless
the said defendant shall pay to you the said sum
of Rs. _____, together with Rs. _____
for the costs of executing this process, to bring
the said defendant before the Court with all con-
venient speed. You are further commanded to
return this warrant on or before the day
of 18 _____, with an endorsement certifying
the day and manner in which it has been executed, or the reason why it has not been executed.
Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this _____ day of _____ 18 _____

L.S.

Judge.

No. 155.

NOTICE OF PAYMENT INTO COURT.

Section 377 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE

187 .

B. No. _____

A. B. v. C. D.

TAKE notice that the defendant has paid into Court Rs. _____ and says that the
sum is enough to satisfy the plaintiff's claim [or the plaintiff's claim for, &c.].

To Mr. X. Z.,

the Plaintiff's Pleader,
Z.,
Defendant's Pleader.

No. 156.

COMMISSION TO EXAMINE ABSENT WITNESSES.

Section 386 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. _____ of 18 _____
A. B. of
against
C. D. of

the evidence of
is where

examination on interrogatories [or viva voce] of such witnesses, and you are hereby appointed a Commissioner for that purpose, and you are further requested to take return of such examination as soon as it may be taken [Process to require the attendance of the witness will be issued by this Court on your application.]^o.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of

L. S.

Judge.

* Not necessary where the commission goes to another Court.

No. 157.

COMMISSION FOR A LOCAL INVESTIGATION, OR TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS.

Sections 392 and 395 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18
A. B. of
against
C. D. of

To

WHEREAS it is deemed requisite, for the purposes of this suit, that a commission for should be
issued; you are hereby appointed Commissioner for the purpose of
[process to compel the attendance before you of any
witnesses, or for the production of any documents which you may desire to examine or
inspect, will be issued by this Court on your application.]†

A sum of Rs. _____, being your fee in the above, is herewith forwarded.
 GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this _____ day of _____

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18

L. S.

Judge.

† Not necessary where the commission goes to another Court.

No. 158.

WARRANT OF ARREST BEFORE JUDGMENT.

Section 478 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18
A. B. of
against
C. D. of

TO THE BAILIFF OF THE COURT.

WHEREAS, the plaintiff in the above suit, has proved to the satisfaction of the Court that there is probable cause for believing that the defendant is about to abscond with the said property, and that these are to command you to take the said property into custody, and to bring the same before the Court, in order that he may show cause why he should not furnish security to the amount of rupees _____ for personal appearance before the Court, until such time as the said suit shall be fully and finally disposed of, and until execution or satisfaction of any decree that may be passed against the defendant in the suit.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18

L. S.

No. 159.

ORDER FOR COMMITTAL.

Section 481 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

WHEREAS , Plaintiff in this suit,
has made application to the Court that security be taken for the appearance of the Defendant
to answer any judgment that may be passed against
in the suit; and whereas the Court has called upon the Defendant
to furnish such security, or to offer a sufficient deposit in lieu of
security, which has failed to do; it is ordered that the said Defendant
be committed to custody until the decision of the suit; or if
judgment be given against until the execution of the decree.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this

day of

L. S.

Judge.

No. 160.

ATTACHMENT BEFORE JUDGMENT, WITH ORDER TO CALL FOR SECURITY FOR
FULFILMENT OF DECREE.

Section 484 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

TO THE BAILIFF OF THE COURT.

WHEREAS has proved
to the satisfaction of the Court that the Defendant in the above suit
these are to command you to call upon the said Defendant
on or before the day of either to
furnish security for the sum of rupees to produce and place at the disposal
of this Court when required or the value thereof, or such portion of the value as may be sufficient to fulfil any decree
that may be passed against or to appear and show cause why
should not furnish security; and you are further ordered to attach the said
and keep the same under safe and secure custody until the further order of the Court, and
in what manner you shall have executed this warrant make appear to the Court immediately
after the execution hereof, and have you here then this Warrant.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this

day of 18

L. S.

Judge.

No. 161.

ATTACHMENT BEFORE JUDGMENT, ON PROOF OF FAILURE TO FURNISH SECURITY.

Section 485 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

the said _____ to furnish such security which _____ has failed to do
; these are to command you to attach _____ the property of
the said _____ and keep the same under
safe and secure custody until the further order of the Court, and in what manner you shall
have executed this warrant make appear to this Court immediately after the execution
hereof, and have you here then this Warrant.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18

L. S.

Judge.

No. 162.

ATTACHMENT BEFORE JUDGMENT.

PROHIBITORY ORDER, WHERE THE PROPERTY TO BE ATTACHED CONSISTS OF MOVE-
ABLE PROPERTY, TO WHICH THE DEFENDANT IS ENTITLED, SUBJECT TO A LIEN
OR RIGHT OF SOME OTHER PERSONS TO THE IMMEDIATE POSSESSION THEREOF.

Section 486 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

Defendant.

It is ordered that you the said _____ be, and you are hereby, prohibited and restrained until the further order of this Court from receiving from _____ the following property in the possession of the said _____ that is to say _____ to which the defendant is entitled, subject to any claim of the said _____ and the said _____ is hereby prohibited and restrained, until the further order of this Court, from delivering the said property to any persons whomsoever.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18

L. S.

Judge.

No. 163.

ATTACHMENT BEFORE JUDGMENT.

PROHIBITORY ORDER, WHERE THE PROPERTY CONSISTS OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY.

Section 486 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

Defendant.

It is ordered that you the said _____ be, and you are hereby prohibited and restrained, until the further order of this Court, from alienating the property specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, by sale, gift, or otherwise, and that all persons be, and that they are hereby, prohibited from receiving the same by purchase, gift, or otherwise.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .

SCHEDULE.

L. S.

Judge.

No. 164.

ATTACHMENT BEFORE JUDGMENT.

PROHIBITORY ORDER, WHERE THE PROPERTY CONSISTS OF MONEY IN THE HANDS OF
OTHER PERSONS, OR OF DEBTS NOT BEING NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS.

Section 486 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

It is ordered that the defendant hereby, prohibited and restrained, until the further order of this Court, from receiving from the [money now in hands belonging to the said defendant or debts, *as the case may be, describing them*] and that the said be and hereby prohibited and restrained, until the further order of this Court, from making payment of the said [money, &c.], or any part thereof, to any person whomsoever.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18

L. S.

Judge.

No. 165.

ATTACHMENT BEFORE JUDGMENT.

PROHIBITORY ORDER, WHERE THE PROPERTY CONSISTS OF SHARES IN A PUBLIC
COMPANY, &C.

Section 486 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No.

of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

to

Defendant and

Manager of

Company.

It is ordered that be and hereby prohibited and restrained, until the further order of the Court, from making any transfer of shares being in the aforesaid Company, or from receiving payment of any dividends thereof, and you Manager of the said Company, are hereby prohibited and restrained from permitting any such transfer, or making any such payment.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18

L. S.

Judge.

No. 166.

TEMPORARY INJUNCTIONS.

Section 492 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Upon motion made unto this Court by Plender of (or Counsel for) the plaintiff A. B., and upon reading the petition of the said plaintiff in this matter filed (this day) [or the plaint filed in this cause on the day of , or the written statement of the said plaintiff filed on the day of] and upon hearing the evidence of and in support thereof, [if after notice and defendant not appearing, add, and also the evidence of as to service of notice of this motion upon the defendant C.D.] This Court doth order that an injunction be awarded to restrain the

defendant *C. D.*, his servants, workmen and agents from pulling down, or suffering to be pulled down the house in the plaint in the said suit of the plaintiff mentioned [or in the written statement or petition of the plaintiff and evidence at the hearing of this motion mentioned] being No. 9, Oilmongers Street, Hindúpur, in the Taluq of _____ and from selling the materials whereof the said house is composed, until the hearing of this cause or until the further order of this Court.

Dated this _____ day of _____ 187 _____ .

Civil Judge.

[*Where the injunction is sought to restrain the negotiation of a bill, note or security, the ordering part of the order may run thus:—*] to restrain the defendants _____ and _____ from parting with out of the custody of them or any of them, or endorsing, assigning or negotiating the promissory note in question, dated on or about the _____ &c., mentioned in the plaintiff's plaint [or petition] and the evidence heard at this motion, until the hearing of this cause, or until the further order of this Court.

[*In copyright cases*] to restrain the defendant, *C. D.*, his servants, agents, or workmen from printing, publishing, or vending a book, called _____, or any part thereof, until the, &c.

[*Where part only of a book is to be restrained*] to restrain the defendant, *C. D.*, his servants, agents, or workmen, from printing, publishing, selling, or otherwise disposing of such parts of the book in the plaint [or petition and evidence, &c.,] mentioned to have been published by the defendant as hereinafter specified, namely, that part of the said book which is entitled _____ and also that part which is entitled _____ (or which is contained in p. _____ to p. _____ both inclusive) until the &c.

[*In patent cases*] to restrain the defendant, *C. D.*, his agents, servants and workmen, from making or vending any perforated bricks (or, as the case may be) upon the principle of the inventions in the plaintiff's plaint [or petition, &c., or written statement, &c.,] mentioned, belonging to the plaintiffs, or either of them, during the remainder of the respective terms of the patents in the plaintiff's plaint (or, as the case may be) mentioned, and from counterfeiting, imitating or resembling the same inventions, or either of them, or making any addition thereto, or subtraction therefrom, until the hearing, &c.

[*In cases of trade-marks*] to restrain the defendant, *C. D.*, his servants, agents or workmen, from selling, or exposing for sale, or procuring to be sold, any composition or blacking (or, as the case may be) described as or purporting to be blacking manufactured by the plaintiff, *A. B.*, in bottles having affixed thereto such labels as in the plaintiff's plaint [or petition, &c.,] mentioned, or any other labels so contrived or expressed as, by colorable imitation or otherwise, to represent the composition or blacking sold by the defendant to be the same as the composition or blacking manufactured and sold by the plaintiff, *A. B.*, and from using trade-cards so contrived or expressed as to represent that any composition or blacking sold or proposed to be sold by the defendant is the same as the composition or blacking manufactured or sold by the plaintiff, *A. B.*, until the, &c.

[*To restrain a partner from in any way, interfering in the business*] to restrain the defendant, *C. D.*, his agents and servants, from entering into any contract, and from accepting, drawing, endorsing or negotiating any bill of exchange, note or written security, in the name of the partnership firm of *B. & D.*, and from contracting any debt, buying and selling any goods, and from making or entering into any verbal or written promise, agreement or undertaking, and from doing or causing to be done, any act, in the name or on the credit of the said partnership firm of *B. & D.* or whereby the said partnership firm can or may in any manner become or be made liable to or for the payment of any sum of money, or for the performance of any contract, promise or undertaking, until the, &c.

No. 167.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR INJUNCTION.

Section 494 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

Take notice that I, *A. B.*, intend to apply at the sitting of the Court at aforesaid, on the _____ day of _____ for an injunction to restrain *C. D.* from further prosecuting a suit which he has commenced against me in _____ to recover damages for the breach of the contract for the specific performance of which this suit was commenced [or to restrain him from receiving and giving discharges for any of the debts due to the partnership in the matter of the partnership between us for the winding up of which the suit was commenced, or from digging the turf from the land which was agreed to be sold by him to me by the agreement, the specific performance of which this suit is commenced to enforce, or, as the case may be].

Dated this _____ day of _____ 18 _____ .

To *C.D.*

A. B.

[*N. B.—Where the injunction is to be applied for against a party whose name and address does not appear upon any proceeding already filed in the suit, it must be stated in full to enable the proper officer to serve the notice.*]

No. 168.

APPOINTMENT OF A RECEIVER.

Section 503 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of 18

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

To

WHEREAS has been attached in execution of a decree passed in the above suit on the day of 18 , in favour of : you are hereby (subject to your giving security to the satisfaction of the Registrar) appointed Receiver of the said property under section 503 of the Code of Civil Procedure, with full powers under the provisions of that section.

You are required to render a due and proper account of your receipts and disbursements in respect of the said property on . You will be entitled to remuneration at the rate of per cent. upon your receipts under the authority of this appointment

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18

L. S.

Judge.

No. 169.

BOND TO BE GIVEN BY RECEIVER.

Section 503 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

Civil Suit No. of

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

Know all men by these presents, that we, A. B. of, &c., and C. D. of, &c., and E. F. of, &c., are jointly and severally bound to G. H., Registrar of the Court of in Rs. , to be paid to the said G. H. or his attorney, executors, administrators or assigns. For which payment to be made we bind ourselves, and each of us, in the whole, our and each of our heirs, executors and administrators, jointly and severally, by these presents.

Dated this day of 18 .

And whereas a plaint has been filed in this Court by A. B. against C. D. for the purpose of (*here insert object of suit*).

And whereas the said A. B. has been appointed, by order of the above-mentioned Court, to receive the rents and profits of the immoveable property, and to get in the outstanding moveable property of C. D., the testator in the said plaint named.

Now the condition of this obligation is such, that if the above-bounden A. B. shall duly account for all and every the sum and sums of money which he shall so receive on account of the rents and profits of the immoveable property, and in respect of the moveable property of the said C. D. [*or, as may be*] at such periods as the said Court shall appoint, and shall duly pay the balances which shall from time to time be certified to be due from him as the said Court hath directed or shall hereafter direct, then this obligation shall be void, otherwise it shall remain in full force.

A. B.
C. D.

Signed and delivered by the above-bounden in the presence of

NOTE.—If deposit of money be made, the memorandum thereof should follow the terms of the condition of the bond.

No. 170.

ORDER OF REFERENCE TO ARBITRATION UNDER AGREEMENT OF PARTIES.

Section 508 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

To

WHEREAS the above-mentioned plaintiff and defendant have agreed to refer the matters in difference between them in the above suit to your arbitration and award, you are hereby appointed accordingly to determine all the said matters in difference between the parties, and with power, by consent of the parties, to determine which party shall pay the costs of this reference.

You are required to deliver your award in writing to this Court on or before the day of 18 , or such other day as this Court may further fix.

Process to compel the attendance before you of any witnesses, or for the production of any documents which you may desire to examine or inspect, will be issued by this Court on our application, and you are empowered to administer to such witnesses oath or affirmation.

A sum of Rs. , being your fee in the above suit, is here-
with forwarded

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18

L. S.

Judge.

No. 171.

ORDER OF REFERENCE TO ARBITRATION BY COURT, WITH CONSENT.

Section 508 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(Title.)

UPON reading a petition of the plaintiff, filed this day, and on the consent of
 for the defendant, and upon hearing for the plaintiff and
 for the defendant, it is ordered, by and with the consent
 of all the parties, that all matters in difference in this suit, including all dealings and trans-
 actions between all parties, be referred to the final determination of

, who is to make
 his award in writing and submit the same to this Court, together with all proceedings,
 depositions, and exhibits in this suit, within one month from the date hereof. And it is
 ordered further, by and with the like consent, that the said arbitrator is to be at liberty to
 examine the parties and their witnesses upon oath or affirmation, which he is empowered to
 administer, and that the said arbitrator shall have all such powers or authorities as are vested
 in arbitrators under the Code of Civil Procedure, including therein power to call for all books
 of account that he may consider necessary. And it is further ordered, by and with the like
 consent, that the costs of this suit, together with the costs of reference to arbitration, up
 to and including the award of the said arbitrator, and the enforcement thereof, do abide
 the result of the finding of the said arbitrator. And it is further ordered, by and with the
 like consent, that the said arbitrator be at liberty to appoint a competent accountant to
 assist him in the investigation of the several matters referred to him as aforesaid, and that
 the remuneration of such accountant and other charges attending thereto be in the discre-
 tion of the said arbitrator.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18 .



Judge.

No. 172.

SUMMONS IN SUMMARY SUIT ON NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENT.

Section 532 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

No. OF SUIT.

IN THE COURT OF AT

Plaintiff.

Defendant.

To [Here enter the defendant's name, description and address.]

Whereas [here enter the plaintiff's name, description and address] has instituted a
 suit in this Court against you under Chapter XXXIX of the Code of Civil Procedure for Rs.
 principal and interest for Rs. balance of principal and interest due
 to him as the payee [or indorsee] of a bill of exchange [or hundi or promissory note], of
 which a copy is hereto annexed, you are hereby summoned to obtain leave from the Court
 within seven days from the service hereof, inclusive of the day of such service, to appear and
 defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you. In default
 whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after the expiration of such seven days to
 obtain a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum of Rs. [here state the sum claimed]
 and the sum of Rs. for costs.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the Court supported by affidavit
 or declaration showing that there is a defence to the suit on the merits, or that it is reasonable
 that you should be allowed to appear in the suit.

Here copy the bill of exchange, hundi or promissory note, and all endorsements upon it.]

No. 173.

MEMORANDUM OF APPEAL.

Section 540 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

MEMORANDUM OF APPEAL.

(Name, &c., as in Register.) Plaintiff—Appellant.

(Name, &c., as in Register.) Defendant—Respondent.

[Name of Appellant] [plaintiff or defendant] above-named appeals to the High Court
 at [or District Court at], as the case may be] against the decree of
 in the above suit, dated the day of , for the following
 reasons, namely [here state the grounds of objection].

No. 175.

NOTICE TO RESPONDENT OF THE DAY FIXED FOR THE HEARING OF THE APPEAL.

Section 553 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

, Appellant, v.

, Respondent.

APPEAL from the

dated the of the Court of
day of

Respondent.

To

Take notice that an appeal from the decree of
in this case has been presented by

and registered in this Court, and that the

day of 18 has been fixed by this Court for the hearing of this appeal.

IF no appearance is made on your behalf by yourself, your pleader, or by some one by law authorized to act for you in this appeal, it will be heard and decided *ex parte* in your absence.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 18

L. S.

Judge.

NOTE.—If a stay of execution has been ordered, intimation should be given of the fact on this notice.]

No. 176.

DECREE ON APPEAL.

Section 579 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

, Appellant, v.

. Respondent.

Appeal from the

of the Court of dated the
day of 18 .

Memorandum of Appeal.

, *Plaintiff.*

, Defendant.

Plaintiff [or defendant] above-named appeals to the Court at
against the decree of in the above suit, dated the
day of 18 , for the following reasons, namely ;

[here state the reasons]

This appeal coming on for hearing on the _____ day of _____ 18____,
before _____, in the presence of _____,
for the Appellant, and of _____ **for the Respondent, it is ordered—**

[here state the relief granted]

The costs of this appeal, amounting to _____, are to be paid by _____.
The costs of the original suit are to be paid by _____.

GIVEN under my hand, this day of 18

Judge.

No. 178.

NOTICE TO SHOW CAUSE WHY A REVIEW SHOULD NOT BE GRANTED.

Section 626 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

, Plaintiff, v.

, Defendant.

To

TAKE notice that has applied to this Court for a review of its judgment passed on the day of 18 in the above case. The day of 18 is fixed for you to show cause why the Court should not grant a review of its judgment in this case.

GIVEN under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of.

Judge.

No. 179.

NOTICE OF CHANGE OF PLEADER.

IN THE COURT OF

AT

A. B. of

against

C. D. of

TO THE REGISTRAR OF THE COURT.

TAKE notice that I, A. B. [or C. D.], have hitherto employed as my pleader G. H. of in the above-mentioned cause, but that I have ceased to employ him, and that my present pleader is J. K. of

A. B. [or C. D.]

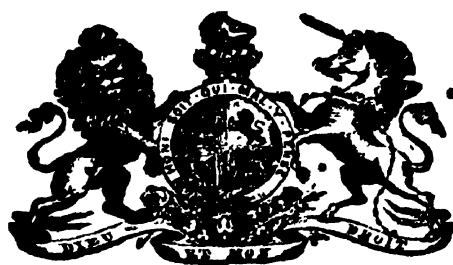
No. 180.

MEMORANDUM TO BE PLACED AT FOOT OF EVERY SUMMONS, NOTICE, DECREE, OR ORDER OF COURT, OR ANY OTHER PROCESS OF THE COURT.

HOURS of attendance at the office of the Registrar [place of office] from ten till four, except on [Here insert the day on which the office will be closed], when the office will be closed at one.

WHITLEY STOKES,

Secretary to the Govt. of India.



APPENDIX TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 18, 1877.

FIRST QUARTER.

BENGAL LIBRARY CATALOGUE OF BOOKS

FOR THE

Quarter ending 31st March 1877.

BENGAL
CATALOGUE OF BOOKS for the

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title. (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
BENGALI						
1252	Jamidari-mahājani-hisāb o-pāṭi-ganita; or, Zamindari and Mahājani Accounts and Arithmetic.	Bengali.	Compiled by Haridās Gāngulī.	Accounts, E.	Printed and published at the Girish Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Maulā Baksh.
1253	Jaubanē-dharmma prabartanā; or, Inclining to Religion in Youth.	ditto	Edited by Rev. S. C. Ghosh.	Religion, C	Printed at the Sāptāhik Sāngbād Press, Bhawānīpore, and published at No. 23, Chowringhee Road, Calcutta.	Printed by B. M. Basu, and published by the Tract Society, Calcutta.
1254	Paul's Epistle to the Romans. Annotated in Bengali.	ditto	Rev. J. Wenger, D.D.	ditto	Printed at the Baptist Mission Press, and published at the Bible Translation Society's Depository.	Printed by Rev. C. B. Lewis, and published by the Bible Translation Society.
1255	Palāshir Juddha Kābya; or, the Battle of Plassy. In verse.	ditto	Nabīnchandra Sēn.	Poetry	Printed and published at the Girish Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Maulā Baksh.
1256	Bānglār Itihās; or, History of Bengal. Part I.	ditto	Rāmgāti Nyāyaratna.	History, E	Printed and published at the Bodhodaya Press, Hooghly.	Printed and published by Kāshīnāth Bhattachārjya.
1257	Ujīr-putra; or, Vizier's Son. Part IV.	ditto	Fakīrchānd Basu.	Fiction	Printed at No. 75, Cornwallis Street, and published at Hātkholā, Calcutta.	Printed by Kshētramohan Datta, and published by the author.
1258	Jayapāl Itihāsamulak Nātak: a Historical Drama of Jayapāl.	ditto	Pramathanāth Mitra.	Drama	Printed and published at the Albert Press, No. 37, Méchchhuā Bazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Ishwarchandra Basu, and published by the author.
1259	Bhārat-barshēr-bibaran; or, Descriptive Geography of India.	ditto	Shashībhūshan Chatterji.	Geography E	Printed and published at the New School Book Press, No. 8, Dixon's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Jadunāth Ghosh.
1260	Chārudipikā; or, Key and Commentary to the Chārupāth. Part III.	ditto	Kālīprasanna Bidyaratna.	Miscellaneous, E	Printed and published at the Bālmiki Press, No. 55, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kālīkinkar Chakrabartī.
1261	Dīp-nirbān; or, Extinguishing of the Light.	ditto	Not given	Fiction	ditto	ditto
1262	Jībanālēkhya; or, a Biography.	ditto	Dwārkānāth Gāngulī.	Biography	Printed at the Indian Mirror Press, No. 6, College Square, Calcutta, and published at No. 13, Mirzapore Street.	Printed and published by Manimohan Rakshit.
1263	Udbhid-bichārér-prashnottarābālī; or, Catechism of Botany.	ditto	Abināshchandra Bhattachārjya.	Botany, E.	Printed and published at the Science Press, No. 22, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Dās & Co.
1264	Mādhābikā (name of the heroine).	ditto	Siddhēshwar Rāya.	Drama	ditto	ditto
1265	Shatru-saṅghār-nātak; or, Destruction of an Enemy. A drama.	ditto	Haralāl Rāya.	ditto	Printed at the Roy Press, No. 17, Bhabānīcharan Datta's Lane, Calcutta, and published at the Canning Library.	Printed by Bāburām Sarkār, and published by Jogēshchandra Banerji.

LIBRARY.

Quarter ending 31st March 1877.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.
BOOKS.						Rs. A. P.		
1876.	Pages.							
Nov. 10th..	152	8vo. ...	Third ...	2,000	Printed..	0 10 0		
Dec. 2nd...	123	Dy. 12mo.	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	Tract Society, No. 23, Chowringhee Road, Calcutta.	Useful advice to youth on the advantages of early piety.
„ 5th ...	108	Rl. 8vo..	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0		
1877.								
Jan. 15th...	160	8vo. ...	Second..	2,000	ditto ...	1 4 0	.....	Incidents of the battle of Plassy and Lord Clive.
Feb. 2nd...	200	12mo. ...	Ninth ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 10 0	Rámngati Nyáyaratna	From the last of the Hindu Rájás down to the rule of Aliverdi Khán.
1876.								
May. 15th	262	8vo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 8 0	Fakirchánd Basu, No. 10, Rájá's Lane, Calcutta.	The adventures of a Mogul.
July 18th..	123	8vo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Pramathanáth Mitra, No. 89, Gurpára Road.	Swarnalata, the daughter of Jayapál, King of the Mahrattas, was promised in marriage to Sangrám Singh, his Commander-in-Chief, whom she despised for his old age. Mahmud of Ghazni invades the country, both Sangrám and Jayapál are killed in battle, and the heroine destroys herself.
1877.								
Jan. 18th...	181	12mo. ...	Fifteenth ..	2,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Shashbíbúshana Chatterji, of Con-nagar.	With a lithographed map of India.
„ 7th...	300	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 10 0	Kálíprasanna Bidyáratna, of Culna.	
1876.								
Dec. 15th..	321	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Jánakílál Ghoshál Singha, of Calcutta	A narrative founded on the invasion of India by the Muham-madans.
„ 5th...	114	12mo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 3 0	Dwárákáth Gánguli, No. 1, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	Containing a short memoir of Brahmomayi, wife of Durgá-mohan Dás.
Nov. 26th	100	12mo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 8 0	Abináshchandra Bhattácharjya, of Fajitpore, Jessore.	Questions and answer on Báboo Jadunáth Mukerji's Elements of Botany.
Dec. 22nd	118	8vo. ...	First ...	800	ditto ...	0 12 0	Siddheshwar Roy, of Nattore.	Relating to the love of the heroine and one Nalinínáth, of Mahéshpur, a clever youth and holder of a M.A. degree. Their marriage is prevented through the interference of interested parties, and the youth dies.
Dec. 7th ...	106	12mo. ...	Second	500	ditto ...	1 0 0	Haralál Roy, of Calcutta.	The war between Judhishtír and Durjyodhan.

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						BENGALI
1266	Life and Work of Christ.	Bengali.	Rev. Alexander Stern.	Religion ...	Printed at the Bengal Press, No. 75, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta, and published at the Calcutta Christian Tract and Book Society.	Printed by Kshétramohan Datta, and published by the Calcutta Christian Tract and Book Society.
1267	The Holy Bible; containing the Old and New Testaments.	ditto ...	Translated out of the original tongue by the Calcutta Baptist Missionaries with native assistants.	ditto ...	Printed at the Baptist Mission Press, and published at the Bible Translation Society's Depository.	Printed by Rev. C. B. Lewis, and published by the Bible Translation Society.
1268	Aitihásik-rahasya; or, Entertaining Historical Notices. Part II.	ditto ...	Rámdás Sén ...	Miscellaneous.	Printed at the Stanhope Press, No. 249, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta, and published at Berhampore.	Printed by I. C. Bose and Co., and published by Nimáicharan Mukerji.
1269	Udbhid-bidyár-pratham sopán; or, First Step in Botany. (Profusely illustrated with 290 engravings.)	ditto ...	George Watt, M.B., C.M., F.L.S. Translated by Babu Dwarkanath Chukerbutty.	Botany, E.	Printed at the Gupta Press, No. 24, Mirjafir's Lane, Calcutta, and published at Messrs. Newman and Co.'s Depository.	Printed by Matilál Dás, and published by W. Newman and Co.
1270	Zamindari, Mahajaní, and Bazár Accounts.	ditto ...	Nrsinghachandra Mukerji, M.A., B.L.	Account, E.	Printed and published at the New School Book Press, No. 8, Datta's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Jadunáth Ghosh.
1271	Bángálí-byákaran Sanjibaní; or, the Vivifying Bengali Grammar.	ditto ...	Jashodánandan Sarkár.	Grammar, E.	Printed and published at the Samáj-Darpaná Press, No. 195, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Rohinínandan Sarkár.
1272	Shaubhankarí-arjyá; or, Shubankar's Tables.	ditto ...	Tárinícharan Basu Chaudhúrí.	Arithmetic, E.	Printed and published at the Sulabha Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Ishánchandra Shil.
1273	Udbhid-shástrér Upakramaniká; or, Introduction to the Science of Botany.	ditto ...	Translated from the English of Miss Yeoman by Brajéndranáth Dé, M.A.	Botany, E.	Printed at the Stanhope Press, No. 249, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed by I. C. Bose and Co., and published by the author.
1274	Amár-jiban; or, My Life.	ditto ...	Shrimati Rása Sundarí.	Biography.	Printed and published at the Sucháru Press, No. 336, Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Rámbráhma Mukerji, and published by the author.
1275	Pratham-shikshá Bángálár Itihás; or, History of Bengal, for beginners.	ditto ...	Rájkrishna Mukerji, M.A. & B.L.	History, E.	Printed at J. G. Chatterji & Co.'s Press, No. 115, Amherst Street, Calcutta, and published at No. 30, Béchu Chatterji's Street.	Printed by Bshárilál Banerji, and published by the Manager of the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1276	Rasáyana; or, a Manual of Chemistry.	ditto ...	Mahéndranáth Bhattachárjya, M.A.	Chemistry, E.	Printed at the New Sanskrit Press, No. 14, Goábágán Street, Calcutta, and published as above.	Printed by Gopálchandra Dé, and published as above.
1277	Samagra Bháratér San- khiptha Itihás; or, a Brief History of the whole of India.	ditto ...	Kshírodchandra Ráya Chaudhúrí.	History, E.	Printed at J. G. Chatterji & Co.'s Press, No. 115, Amherst Street, Calcutta, and published at the Sanskrit Press Depository.	Printed by Biharlál Banerji, and published by the author.
1278	Bángálár Itihás; or, History of Bengal. Part II.	ditto ...	Compiled by Ishwarchandra Bidyásá-gara.	ditto ...	Printed at the Sanskrit Press, No. 52, Amherst Street, Calcutta, and published as above.	Printed by Pítámbar Banerji, and published by the Manager of the Sanskrit Press Depository.

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Quarter ending 31st March 1877.—(Continued.)

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BOOKS.—(Continued.)						Rs. A. P.		
1876.	Pages.							
Dec. 10th	454	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	Printed..	0 10 0	Calcutta Christian Tract and Book Society.	
Dec. 30th	250	8vo. ...	Sixth ...	2,000	ditto ...	2 0 0	.....
Dec. 19th	236	16mo. ...	First ...	600	ditto ...	1 0 0	Rámdás Sén, of Berhampore.	Containing notices of Bábhatta, the Jaina and Baudhá religions, the conquest of the world by Shákya Singha, and the Indian stage.
Dec. 20th	337	12mo. ...	First ...	3,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	George Watt, Chinsurah.	
Dec. 22nd	168	12mo. ...	Eleventh	3,000	ditto ...	0 10 0	Nrisinghachandra Mukerji, M.A. & B.L., of Sankaritola, Calcutta.	
Dec. 25th	194	12mo. ...	Second	2,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Jashodánandan Sarkár, of Jowgram.	
1877,								
Jan. 27th	101	12mo. ...	First ...	2,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	.....	Arithmetical tables.
1876.								
Dec. 26th	181	8vo. ...	First ...	2,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Brajéndranáth Dé, M.A. and c.s.	Illustrated with 300 wood-cuts.
Dec. 26th	134	8vo. ...	First ...	2,000	ditto ...	Nil	Rásá Sundarí, of Calcutta.	Auto-biography of the authoress.
Dec. 26th	108	12mo. ...	Seventh revised.	3,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Rájkrishna Mukerji, of No. 4, Sitaram Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.	
Dec. 27th	151	12mo. ...	Second	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Mahéndranáth Bhat-táchárjya, of Nuddea.	
Dec. 28th	223	12mo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 10 0	Kshírodechandra Ráya Chaudhuri, Calcutta.	From the time of the Aryans to the time of Lord Northbrook.
Dec. 29th	162	12mo. ...	Twenty-first.	5,000	ditto ...	0 10 0	Ishwarchandra Bidyáságar, of No. 25, Brindában Mallik's Lane, Calcutta.	From the time of Serájud-daulá in 1756 to the administration of Lord William Bentinck in 1835.

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						BENGALI
1279	Pránibrittánta; or, Zoology. Part I.	Bengali..	Compiled by Sátkari Datta.	Zoology, E.	Printed and published at the Hitaishi Press, No. 1, Krishnadás Pál's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kailáshchandra Banerji.
1280	Kshétra byabahár-o-Jarip sambalita Pátiganita : or, Arithmetic, including Surveying and Mensuration.	ditto ...	Gopálchandra Banerji.	Mensuration, E.	ditto ...	ditto ...
1281	Euklidér Jyámiti; or, Euclid's Geometry.	ditto ...	Brahmamohan Mallik.	Euclid, E.	ditto ...	ditto ...
1282	Bháratbarshér-Sankhipta bhú-bibaran; or, Short Account of the Geography of India.	ditto ...	Compiled by Baikunthánáth Mukerji	Geography, E.	ditto ...	ditto ...
1283	Padártha-bidyá; or, Handbook of Natural Philosophy.	ditto ...	Mahéndranáth Bhattáchárya.	Natural Philosophy, E.	Printed at J. G. Chatterji and Co.'s Press, No. 44, Amherst Street, Calcutta, and published at No. 30, Béchú Chatterji's Street.	Printed by Bihárilál Banerji, and published by the Manager of the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1284	Prákritik-bhúgol; or, Introduction to Physical Geography.	ditto ...	Rádhikáprasanna Mukerji.	Physical Geography, E.	ditto ...	ditto ...
1285	Pratham-Shikshá-Bángálár Itihás; or, History of Bengal for beginners.	ditto ...	Rájkrishna Mukerji, M.A. & B.L.	History, E.	ditto ...	ditto ...
1286	Padártha-bidyá; or, Natural Philosophy.	ditto ...	Akshayakumár Datta.	Natural Philosophy, E.	Printed at the New Sanskrit Press, No. 14, Goá-bagan Street, Calcutta, and published as above.	Printed by Gopálchandra Dé, and published as above.
1287	Subjects of examination in the Bengali Language.	ditto ..	Rev. K. M. Banerji.	Miscellaneous, E.	Printed at the Prákrita Press, Calcutta, and published at Thacker, Spink & Co.'s premises.	Printed by Mathuránáth Tarkaratna, and published by Thacker, Spink & Co.
1288	Adventures of Telemachus. First six books.	ditto ...	Translated by Rájkrishna Banerji.	Fiction, E.	Printed at the Sanskrit Press, No. 62, Amherst Street, Calcutta, and published at No. 30, Béchú Chatterji's Street.	Printed by Pitámbar Banerji, and published by the Manager of the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1289	Dharmma-pustak; or, the Holy Bible.	ditto ...	Translated by the Calcutta Baptist Missionaries, with native assistants, for the Calcutta Auxiliary Bible Society.	Religion, C.	Printed at the Baptist Mission Press, and published at the Calcutta Auxiliary Bible Society's Depository.	Printed by Rev. C. B. Lewis, and published by the Calcutta Auxiliary Bible Society.
1290	Gospel according to St. Mathew.	ditto ...	Translated for the Bible Translation Society.	ditto ...	Printed as above, and published at the Bible Translation Society's Depository.	Printed by Rev. C. B. Lewis, and published by the Bible Translation Society.
1291	Ditto ditto John]	ditto ...	ditto	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
1292	Shastriya-upadésh; or, Scriptural Exhortations. For 4th February 1877.	ditto ...	Rev. G. H. Rouse.	ditto ...	Printed and published at the Baptist Mission Press, Calcutta.	Printed as above, and published by the author.
1293	Ditto ditto. For 4th March.	ditto ...	ditto	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...

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BOOKS.—(Continued.)						Rs. A. P.		
1877.	Pages.							
Jan. 29th..	138	12mo. ...	Eleventh	2,000	Printed..	0 8 0	Sātkari Datta, of Niladhuri.	Illustrated.
„ 2nd ...	603	12mo. ...	Eighth..	3,000	ditto ...	1 8 0	Gopālchandra Banerji, of Hāliahahar.	
„ 15th..	167	12mo. ...	Seventh.	3,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Brahmamohan Mallik, of Chinsurah.	Containing the 1st and 2nd books.
„ 17th..	177	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 7 0	Baikunthanāth Mukerji, of Jahanābād.	Containing also the most important historical events.
„ 9th ...	134	12mo. ...	Sixth ...	3,000	ditto ..	0 10 0	Mahendranāth Bhattachārjya, of Nuddea.	
„ 13th..	150	12mo. ...	Ninth ...	3,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Rādhikāprasanna Mukerji, No. 4, Sitarām Ghosh's Street.	Illustrated.
„ 22nd..	108	12mo. ...	Eighth.	3,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Rājkrishna Mukerji, M.A., No. 4, Sitarām Ghosh's Street.	
„ 15th..	146	12mo. ...	Fifteenth.	3,000	ditto ..	0 10 0	Akshayakumār Datta.	
„ 15th..	160	8vo. ...	First ...	850	ditto ...	1 4 0	Krishnamohan Banerji, of Bāliganj.	
„ 5th ...	143	8vo. ...	Eleventh	2,000	ditto ...	1 4 0	Rājkrishna Banerji, of Suka's Street, Calcutta.	
„ 19th...	1011	8vo. ...	Sixth ...	3,000	ditto ...	2 0 0	.....
„ 19th...	116	16mo. ...	First ...	10,000	ditto ...	0 0 3	.....
Feb. 15th..	120	16mo. ...	First ...	10,000	ditto ...	0 0 3	.....
Jan. 31st...	12	12mo. ...	First ..	400	ditto ...	Not given.	
Feb. 12th..	12	12mo. ...	First ...	400	ditto ...	Not given.	

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						BENGALI
1294	Brahma Sangita; or, Brahma Hymns. Parts I to V.	Bengali.	Hémchandra Bidyáratna.	Religion, B.	Printed and published at the Adi Bráhma Samáj Press, Calcutta.	Printed by Kálidás Chakrabarti, and published by the author.
1295	Sushilá Shripati Náta. (The names of the hero and heroine.) A drama.	ditto	Shyámlál Baskák.	Drama	Printed and published at the Bhárat Press, No. 367, Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Isháanchandra Mukerji.
1296	Duhkha-nishi-abasán; bá Shailabálá Náta; or, the Close of the Night of Sorrow. A drama.	ditto	Durgácharan Ráya.	ditto	Printed and published at Albert Press, No. 37, Mechhuabázár Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Asutosh Ghosh & Co., and published by Akshayakumár Ráya.
1297	Sé-ki-ámár Náta; or, Is that mine? A drama.	ditto	Rádhámádhava Basu.	ditto	Printed and published at the Victoria Press, No. 21, Bhabánicharan Datta's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Bipinbáharí Ráya.
1298	Pranaya-pramád Náta; or, The Illusions of Love. A drama.	ditto	Krishnachandra Ráya Chaudhuri.	ditto	ditto	
1299	Sukumári Náta; or, the Beautiful Virgin. A drama.	ditto	Chandranáth Sarkár.	ditto	Printed at the Roy Press, No. 17, Bhabánicharan Datta's Lane, Calcutta, and published at Midnapore.	Printed by Báburám Sarkár, and published by the author.
1300	Gíta-sár Sangraha; or, a Collection of Choice Songs. Part I.	ditto	Edited by Nabinchandra Datta.	Poetry	Printed and published at the Sucháru Press, No. 336, Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Madhusudan Banerji, and published by the author.
1301	Prasád-prasanga; or, a Dissertation on the Life and Writings of Rámaprasád, the composer of devotional songs. Parts I and II. (Bound together.)	ditto	Edited by Dayáchandra Ghosh.	ditto	Printed at the East Indian Press, No. 93, College Square, Calcutta, and published at No. 14, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Bhubanmohan Ghosh.
1302	Manmatha Manoramá; or, the Agreeable Manmatha. Part I.	ditto	Translated from the English by Nandalál Datta.	Fiction	Printed and published at the Minerva Press, No. 48, Dhurumtollah Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Mahéndranáth Shom, and published by Káshorilál Datta.
1303	Swarna-latá; the name of the heroine.	ditto	Jogéshchandra Banerji.	ditto	Printed at the East India Press, No. 93, College Square, Calcutta and published at No. 55, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Bhubanmohan Ghosh, and published by the author.
1304	Kánan-kusum; or, Flowers of the Desert.	ditto	Súrjyakumár Adhikári, B.A.	Fiction	Printed and published at the Sucháru Press, No. 326, Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Madhusudan Banerji, and published by the author.

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BOOKS.—(Continued.)								
1877.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.		
Jan. 23rd...	140	16mo. ...	Eighth ...	500	Printed..	0 8 0	Adi-Bráhma Samáj Press, Calcutta.	
1876.								
Dec. 16th..	112	8vo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 12 0	Shyámál Basák, of Burrá-bázár.	The hero, a son of a merchant of Ujáni, went to Ceylon for purposes of trade, where he met and married the heroine.
1877.								
Jan. 10th..	134	8vo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ..	1 0 0	Durgácharan Ráya, of Samnath.	The husband of the heroine Shailabalá remained long at the house of his father-in-law in expectation of acquiring wealth. Feeling at length uncomfortable there he quitted it, and thus ended his night of distress.
„ 10th..	146	12mo. ...	First ...	250	ditto ...	1 0 0	Rádhámádhav Basu, of Tákí.	The love and marriage of the hero and heroine of the drama.
„ 10th..	117	12mo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	1 0 0	Kishnachandra Raya Chaudhuri, of Tákí.	The daughter of a prime minister fell in love with a Rájá's son, but her father had her married against her will to his Commander-in-Chief, who one day seeing her talking with her former lover committed suicide, and she did the same.
Feb. 12th..	138	12mo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 8 0	Chandranáth Sarkár, of Midnapore.	This drama has been written with a view to show the evil consequences of <i>Kulin</i> marriages.
Jan. 20th..	154	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Nabínchandra Banerji, of Simla, Calcutta	A collection of songs composed by the late Ashutosh Deb, Káli Mirzá, Anandachandra Ghosh, Nidhu Babu, Rámmohan Ráya, Rádhámohan Són, Rámpasad Són, Rám Basu, Haru Thákur, Dásharathi Ráya, Gopál Uré, Rámchánd Mukerji, Madhu Kinnar, and others, as also choice songs to be sung on the stage.
„ 24th..	300	16mo. square.	Second..	1,000	ditto ...	0 12 0	Dayálchandra Ghosh, No. 14, College Street, Calcutta.	
Feb. 10th..	118	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	.....	Adapted from Fielding's <i>Amelia</i> .
„ 11th..	270	8vo. ...	Second..	1,000	ditto ..	1 2 0	Jogéshechandra Banerji, of No. 55, College Street, Calcutta.	A love tale.
Jan. 15th	360	8vo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 4 0	Surjyakumára Adhikári, B.A., Suken's Street, Calcutta	A love tale, describing how Baréndra Rájá, of Chintanigram, fell in love with Bilashati.

CATALOGUE OF BOOKS for the

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language.)	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name of firm or publisher.
						BENGALI
1305	Rachaná-pranálí; or, Method of Composition.	Bengali.	Sukhmaya Haldár.	Composition, E.	Printed at J. G. Chatterji & Co.'s Press, No. 44, Amherst Street, Calcutta, and published at the Sanskrit Press Depository.	Printed by Bihárilál Bannerji, and published by the author.
1306	Sangíta-Sangraha; or, a Collection of Hymns.	ditto	Compiled by Népálehandra Bishwás.	Religion, C.	Printed at the Bengal Press, No. 75, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta, and published at the Wesleyan Church.	Printed by Kshétramohan Datta, and published by Rev. A. Pentiman.
1307	Shastriya-upadesh; or, Scriptural Exhortations. For 1st April 1877. No. 25 to 34.	ditto	Rev. G. H. Rouse.	ditto	Printed and published at the Baptist Mission Press, Calcutta.	Printed by Rev. C. B. Lewis, and published by the author.
1308	Lakshmanér Shakti Shíl Nátak; or, Lakshmana and the weapon called Shakti Shíl.	ditto	Binodbiháril Shil.	Drama	Printed at the Shudhárnaba Press, No. 117, Chitpore Road.	Printed by Jaharilál Shil, and published by the author.
1309	Cháru bodh; or, Entertaining Lessons of Useful Knowledge.	ditto	Shashibhúshana Chatterji	Miscellaneous, E.	Printed and published at the New School Book Press, No. 8, Dixon's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Bihárilál Chakrabarti.
1310	Padya-prakásha; or, Publication of Poems. Part III.	ditto	Compiled by Nrisinghachandra Mukerji, M.A.	Poetry, E.	ditto	ditto
1311	Bálmiki-Rámáyana Ajodhyá-kánda.	ditto	Translated by the late Rámkamal Bhatácharjya.	Poetry	Printed and published at the Bálmiki Press, No. 55, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kálínikar Chakrabarti.
1312	Krishnadás Aushadhitattwagyána; or, Krishna Dás's Principles of Medicine.	ditto	Compiled by Krishna Dás Basu Mallik.	Medicine.	Printed and published at N. L. Shil's Press, No. 99, Ahíritolá Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Nriyalál Shil.
1313	Bibidha-bish-chikitsábali; or, Treatment of various descriptions of Poisons.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1314	Euklidér Jyámiti; or, Euclid's Geometry. Book I.	ditto	Compiled and translated by Prabháchandra Sén.	Euclid, E.	Printed and published at the New Sanskrit Press, No. 14, Goábágan Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Gopálchandra Dó, and published by Harimohan Mukerji.
1315	Sánkhyá-darshana; or, the Sánkhyá Philosophy. Part I.	ditto	Compiled from the Sanskrit by Kálíbar Bédántabá-gish.	Philosophy	Printed and published at the Roy Press, No. 17, Bhabánícharan Datta's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Báburám Sarkár, and published by the author.
1316	Phalíta-Jyotish; or, Astrology. Vol. I. No. 1.	ditto	Rasikmohan Chatterji.	Astrology.	Printed and published at the Presidency Press, No. 71, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Girishchander Bhatácharjya.
1317	Ditto ditto. No. 2.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1318	Ditto ditto. No. 3	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto

Quarter ending 31st March 1877.—(Continued.)

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Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor or copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.
BOOKS.—(Continued.)								
1877.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.		
Jan. 23rd	120	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	Printed..	0 12 0	Sukhamaya Haldar, of Krishnagar.	A work on composition.
Feb. 4th ...	131	12mo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 6 0	The Calcutta Wesleyan Church Society, Taltollah, Calcutta.	Containing Gospel hymns for the church in Bengal.
Mar. 10th	12	12mo. ...	First ...	400	ditto ...	Not given	.....
Feb. 15th	130	8vo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Binodbihari Shil, of No. 118, Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Depicting how Lakshmana killed the very brave and powerful son of Rāban, in consequence of which the latter killed him with the "Shaktishil;" also how Rama got his brother Lakshmana restored to life.
Feb. 15th	108	12mo. ...	Second	1 000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Shashbihushana Chatterji, of Connagar.	Containing reading lessons on miscellaneous subjects, intended for more advanced pupils.
Feb. 17th	139	12mo. ...	Third ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	Nrisinhachandra Mukerji, M.A. and B.L., of Sankaritolá.	Containing poems on miscellaneous subjects intended for advanced pupils.
Feb. 24th	94	12mo. ...	Fifth ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Priyanáth Bhattácharjya, of Harinábhí.	
Mar. 1st ...	356	8vo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	4 0 0	.....	Treating of medicines and their uses, both Bengali and English, as derived from books written in these languages.
Mar. 6th	211	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 4 0	... ..	Treatment of poisons injected into the body by the bites of venomous beasts and reptiles, compiled from the Hindu Ayurbéd and Tantra Shastras and various English works.
Mar. 5th	141	8vo. ...	Second	2,000	ditto ...	0 10 0	Prabháchandra Sên, of Bográ.	With supplement.
Mar. 17th	135	8vo. ...	First ...	300	ditto ...	1 8 0	Kalibar Bédántabághish, of Poorah.	Containing the principles of cognition, together with an epitome of Hindu philosophy in general.
1876.								
Dec. 26th..	48	4to. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Rasikmohan Chatterjea, No. 7, Shibkrishna Dás's Lane, Calcutta.	
1877.								
Feb. 5th ...	48	4to. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	ditto.	
Mar. 17th..	48	4to. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	ditto.	

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BENGALI						
1319	Nirdeshak-Ebang-Shastra-Sharir-bidyā; or, Surgical and Descriptive Anatomy. Part II. Page 88 to 132.	Bengali.	Kāshichandra Datta.	Medicine.	Printed and published at the Girish Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Maulā Baksh.
1320	Table of Contents for ditto ditto.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1321	Chikitsā-tattwa-o-chikitsā-prayoga; or, Principle and Practice of Medicine. No. 5.	ditto	Durgādās Rāya	ditto	Printed and published at the East Bengal Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Nabinchandra De.
1322	Ditto ditto. No. 6	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1323	Griha-chikitsā; or, Family Guide to Medicine. Datta's Series. No. 5.	ditto	Basantākumār Datta.	ditto	Printed and published at the Presidency Press, No. 71, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Girishchandra Bhattachārjya.
1324	Bhārat-chikitsā; or, Treatment of Indian Diseases Part VII.	ditto	Harinārāyana Banerji.	ditto	Printed and published at the Roy Press, No. 21, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by G. P. Roy & Co.
1325	Prāchin-kābya-sangraha; or, Collection of Ancient Poems. Vol. I. No. 1.	ditto	Edited by Akshayachandra Sarkār.	Poetry	Printed and published at the Sādhārānī Press, Kadamtalā, Chinsurah.	Printed and published by Nandalāl Basu.
1326	Ditto ditto. Vol. I. Nos. 1 and 2 (bound together).	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1327	Ditto ditto. Vol. II. Nos. 10, 11, and 12 (bound together).	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1328	Kālikā-purāna of Mārkaṇḍeya. Part VI.	ditto	Translated into verse by Gurucharan Shiromani Bhattachārjya.	Religion.	Printed and published at the Beadon Press, No. 66, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Krishnaprasād Majumdar, and published by Dayachānd Sabui.
1329	Ditto ditto. Part VII.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1330	Shrimad-Bhāgbat of Maharshi Krishna Dwāpāyana. Part II.	ditto	Translated and edited by Rohinīnandan Sarkār.	ditto	Printed and published at the new Sarkār's Press, No. 195, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Bipinbihārī Shil.
1331	Ditto ditto. Part VI.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1332	Mahābhārat-Adi-parbba.	ditto	Translated by Nimāicharan Singha.	ditto	Printed and published at the Bodhodaya Press, Hooghly.	Printed and published by Kāshināth Bhattachārjya.
1333	Ditto Bana-parbba	ditto	Translated by the late Kāshiram Dās.	ditto	Printed and published at N. L. Shil's Press, No. 99, Ahiritolā Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Nityalal Shil.
1334	Ditto Gopalbhānrer-Adi-parbba.	ditto	Translated and edited by Bihārīlāl Banerji.	ditto	Printed and published at the Ayurbēd Press, No. 146, Lower Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Kedārnāth Chatterji, and published by the editor.
1335	Rāmāyana of Bālmiki-uttarākānda. Canto 7. No. 6.	ditto	Translated by Binodbihārī Goswāmī.	Poetry	Printed and published at the Beadon Press, No. 66, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Krishnaprasād Majumdar, and published by Jaygopāl Mukerji.
1336	Ditto ditto. No. 7	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1337	Ditto ditto. No. 8	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1338	Prakṛitibād-abhidhāna; or, Dictionary. Part V.	ditto	The late Rām-kamal Bidyā-lānkāra.	Dictionary.	Printed at the Roy Press, No. 17, Bhabānīcharan Datta's Lane, Calcutta, and published at No. 85, Bowbazar Street.	Printed by Bāburām Sarkār, and published by Akshayakamala Sharma.
1339	Shāstrīya-Upadēsh; or, Scriptural Exhortations for 7th January 1877.	ditto	Rev. G. H. Rouse.	ditto	Printed and published at the Baptist Mission Press.	Printed by Rev. C. B. Lewis and Rev. G. H. Rouse.

Quarter ending 31st March 1877.—(Continued.)

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BOOKS.—(Concluded.)								
1876.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.		
Oct. 20th ..	48	8vo.	First ..	500	Printed..	0 8 0		
Dec. 1st ...	15	8vo.	First ...	500	ditto ..	Not given		
1877.								
Jan. 20th ..	23	8vo.	First ..	500	ditto	0 6 0		
„ 25th ..	24	8vo.	First ..	500	ditto	0 6 0		
„ 26th ..	60	16mo.	Second...	10,000	ditto	0 2 0	Basantakumār Datta, On cholera and its treatment, of Ahiritola Street, Calcutta.	
„ 5th ..	95	8vo.	First ...	500	ditto	1 0 0	Harinārāyan Banerji, of Kāndi.	
1876.								
Dec. 7th ..	32	Dy. 8vo.	Second ..	375	ditto	0 4 0	Akshayachandra Sar-Containing the poems of Bdyā-kār, Kadamtalā, pati.	
„ 9th ..	64	Dy. 8vo.	Second ..	375	ditto	0 8 0	Chinsurah.	ditto.
„ 13th ..	146	Dy. 8vo.	First ...	500	ditto	1 2 0	ditto	... Containing the poems of Golendadas and Kabikankan.
„ 13th ..	96	8vo.	First ..	1,000	ditto	0 8 0		
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Feb. 9th ..	96	8vo.	First ..	1,000	ditto	0 8 0		
Jan. 5th ..	355	8vo.	Second...	500	ditto	3 0 0	Rohinīnandan Sarkar, of Jowgram	
„ 5th ..	225	8vo.	Second...	500	ditto	2 0 0	ditto.	
Feb. 15th ..	36	8vo.	First ..	1,000	ditto	0 5 6	Nimaiacharan Sinha, of Chinsurah	
„ 24th ..	155	8vo.	Several...	600	ditto	0 3 0		
„ 3rd ..	50	8vo.	First ...	1,000	ditto	0 6 0	Biharilal Banerji, of Culna.	
„ 28th ..	32	8vo.	First ..	1,000	ditto	0 3 0	Joygopal Banerji, of Pathuriaghatta, Calcutta.	
„ 28th ..	32	8vo.	First ...	1,000	ditto	0 3 0	ditto.	
„ 28th ..	32	8vo.	First ...	1,000	ditto	0 3 0	ditto.	
Jan. 25th ..	96	8vo.	First ..	1,200	ditto	0 8 0	Ramēshchandra Banerji, of Calcutta.	Containing all the words in use in literature, science, art, and the ordinary affairs of life, whether Bengali or Sanskrit, with their derivations and explanations
Dec. 9th ...	12	12mo.	ditto ...	1,000	ditto	Not given		

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BENGALI						
1563	Upabās-mālā; or, a Garland of Fasts.	Bengali.	Compiled by Nityānanda Chakrabartī.	Religion, E.	Printed and published at the Girish Press, Dacca	Printed and published by Munshī Maulā Baksh.
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1566	Saral Kabitā; or, Easy Poems. Part I.	ditto	Edited by Haridās Gānguli.	ditto	ditto	ditto
1567	Shaishabpāth; or, Reading Lessons for young children. Part I.	ditto	Lakshmikumār Chakrabartī.	Primer, E.	ditto	ditto
1568	Maukhhikānta; or, Mental Arithmetic. Part I.	ditto	Kedārēshwar Chakrabartī.	Arithmetic, E.	ditto	ditto
1569	Padārtha-bidyār-prashnottara; or, Questions and Answers in Natural Philosophy.	ditto	Matilāl Chakrabartī.	Natural Philosophy, E.	ditto	ditto
1570	Bodhodayēr Shabdārtha; or, Meanings of Words in the Bodhodaya.	ditto	Edited by Haralāl Chakrabartī.	Key, E.	ditto	ditto
1571	Akhyān Manjarī-pratham-bhagēr-artha-pustak; or, Meaning Book of words in the first part of the Akhyān Manjarī.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1572	Satyanārāyanēr Pustak; or, Book relating to the Hindu deity Satyanārāyana.	ditto	The late Rāmkrishna.	Poetry	ditto	ditto
1573	Shani-pujār Pustak; or, Book relating to the worship of Saturn.	ditto	Bīrchandra Chakrabartī.	ditto	ditto	ditto
1574	Jagat-tarak; or, the Saviour of the World.	ditto	Edited by Revd. J. E. Payee.	Religion, E. C.	Printed at the Saptāhik Sambād Press, Bhowānpore, and published at No. 23, Chowringhee Road, Calcutta.	Printed by B. M. Basu, and published by the Christian Vernacular Education Society.
1575	Golāpī-chādarēr Galpā; or, the Story of the Pink Sheet.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1576	Ishwar-mānush; or, God became Man.	ditto	Edited by Revd. S. C. Ghosh.	ditto	ditto	Printed as above, and published by the Tract Society, Calcutta.
1577	Mahābanyā; or, the Great Flood.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1578	Ayurbēda-Samman Swasthya-raksha; or, Preservation of Health according to the Ayurbēda.	ditto	Edited by Prāsāddās Mallik.	Medicine	Printed at B. P. M.'s Press, No. 22, Jhāmāpukur Lane, Calcutta, and published at the Barrābāzār Family Literary Club.	Printed by Baradāprasād Majumdar, and published by the editor.
1579	Gyān-prabhā; or, the Radiance of Learning. Part I.	ditto	Ambikācharan Gupta.	Miscellaneous, E.	Printed and published at the Gupta Press, No. 24, Mīrjālīr's Lane, Calcutta.

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Nov. 15th	16	8vo. ...	Second	1,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	
Oct. 23rd	22	12mo. ...	First ..	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Relating to the worship of "Satya-nārāyaṇa"
Oct. 25th	16	12mo. ...	First ..	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	Describing how a poor Brahmin fell under the evil influence of the unpropitious planet Saturn, and the means he employed to avert it.
Oct. 25th	12	Dy. 32mo	First ..	5,000	ditto ...	0 0 1½	Christian Vernacular Education Society.	A religious tract.
Dec. 5th ...	17	Dy. 18mo	First ...	5,000	ditto ...	0 0 3	ditto	Narrative of a native girl, who having been addicted to lying, afterwards became very truthful.
Nov. 22nd	15	Dy. 32mo	First ...	5,000	ditto ...	0 0 1½	Tract Society, No. 23, Cheeringhee Road, Calcutta.	A religious tract.
Nov. 22nd	16	Dy. 32mo	First ..	5,000	ditto ...	0 0 1½	ditto	ditto.
1877. Mar. 10th	48	8vo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	Nil	Prasāddās Mallik, of Barrābazar, Calcutta.	
1876. Dec. 14th	66	12mo. ...	First ...	600	ditto ...	0 4 0	Ambikācharan Gupta, of Bhangamora.	Containing miscellaneous pieces in prose and verse on corn, wheat, the morning, the world, &c.

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BENGALI						
1580	Ráméshwarér-adrishta ; or, Ill Fate of Ráméshwara.	Bengali.	Sanjibachandra Chatterji.	Fiction	Printed and published at the Banga-darshana Press, Kantalpára.	Printed and published by Rádhánáth Banerji.
1581	Land Registration Act VII (B.C.) of 1876.	ditto	Translated by Anandachandra Sên Gupta.	Law	Printed and published at the Sulabh Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Ishánochandra Shil.
1582	Jaynanda-bibáha ; or, Marriage of Jaynanda.	ditto	Muhammad Raijuddin.	Poetry	Printed and published at the Satyaprakásh Press, Barrisal.	Printed and published by Dwárákánáth Basu.
1583	Pabanér-atyáchár ; or, the Disastrous Effects of the Wind.	ditto	Nagéndranáráyana Ráya.	ditto	ditto	ditto
1584	Bápré-ki-bisham jhar ; Oh, what a severe storm !	ditto	Haribandhu Chakrabartí.	ditto	ditto	ditto
1585	Notes on the three first Chapters of the Book called "The Battle of Plassey."	ditto	Rámohan Chatterji.	Miscellaneous.	ditto	ditto
1586	Land Registration Act VII (B.C.) of 1876.	ditto	Translated by Law Anáthbandhu Guha.	Law	Printed and published at the Bhárat-mihir Press, Mymensingh.	Printed by Harimohan Dás, and published by the translator.
1587	Bodhodayér Shabdártha ; or, Meanings of Words, in the Bodhodaya.	ditto	Edited by some panditas.	Miscellaneous, E.	ditto	ditto
1588	Mátri-biláp ; or, Lamentations for a Mother.	ditto	Shashibhúshana Mukerji.	Poetry	Printed at the Mission Press, Midnapore.	Printed by R. M. Hogbin.
1589	Sukh-bodhini ; or, Easy Knowledge acquired.	ditto	Gadádhar Dé.	Miscellaneous, E.	Printed at the Bhárat-mihir Press, Mymensingh.	Printed by Harimohan Basu.
1590	Byákarán-prabésh ; or, Introduction to Grammar.	ditto	Nityánanda Chakrabartí.	Grammar, E.	Printed at the Girish-Bidyáratna Press, No. 24, Bye-lane Upper Circular Road, Calcutta, and published at Dacca.	Printed by Harishchandra Chakrabartí, and published by Matúlál Chakrabartí.
1591	Bhúgol-Sútra ; or, Principles of Geography.	ditto	Gopálchandra Basu.	Geography, E.	Printed and published at the Stanhope Press, No. 21, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by G. P. Ghosh and Co.
1592	Mánushyér-adhyátmik prayojan ; or, the Spiritual Wants of Man.	ditto	Rev. Alexander Stern.	Religion, C.	Printed at the Bengal Press, No. 75, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta, and published at the Calcutta Christian Tract & Book Society's Depót.	Printed by Kshétramohan Datta, and published by the Calcutta Christian Tract and Book Society.
1593	A Brief Life of Lady Von Krudener.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1594	Bháraté-kumár ; or, the Prince in India.	ditto	Nílkánta Goswámí.	Poetry	ditto	Printed as above, and published by the author.
1595	Chittorér-bíra-gán ; or, Song of the Hero of Chittore.	ditto	Sarachchandra Chaudhurí.	ditto	Printed and published at the Science Press, No. 22, College Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Dás and Co., and published by Dáibánnandan Sên.
1596	Rum-déshíya-áhata-o-hataganér-paribárér-sáhájyakáriní-sabhárpaksha-hita-prárthaná ; or, Subscriptions solicited in aid of the wounded Turks and the families of those killed.	ditto	Kabíruddín Ahmad.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at the Stanhope Press, No. 249, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta, and published at the Urdu Guide Press.	Printed by I. C. Bose and Co., and published by Kabíruddín Ahmad.

Quarter ending 31st March 1877.—(Continued.)

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.
PAMPHLETS.—(Continued.)								
1877.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.		
Jan. 20th ..	31	12mo. ...	First ...	500	Printed..	0 2 0	Sanjibchandra Chatterji, of Kantálpára, thanah Naihati.	Extracted from the Bengali magazine "the Bhramara," and relating to the adventures of one Ráméshwara, who became poor through extravagance.
1876.								
Oct. 27th ..	42	8vo. ...	First ...	250	ditto ...	0 6 0	.....
1877.								
Jan. 18th ..	26	12mo. ...	First ...	300	ditto ...	0 2 0	.....
1876.								
Dec. 16th ..	11	12mo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 0 6	.....	With reference to the cyclone of the 31st October 1876 and its disastrous effects in Eastern Bengal.
1877.								ditto.
Jan. 11th ..	13	12mo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ..	0 1 0	.....
Feb. 4th ..	84	12mo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 8 0	.....
Jan. 5th ..	82	8vo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 12 0	.....	With explanations and the Board's Circular No. 4.
Jan. 8th ..	17	8vo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Pandita Dwárákáth Roy, of Kishoriganj.	The marriage of Jaynanda, son of a wealthy merchant of Oudh, with the daughter of the King of Madra, whom he saw in a dream.
Feb. 1st ..	12	Dy. 12mo	First ...	200	ditto ...	0 1 0	Shashibhushana Mukerji, of Midnapore.	
Feb. 26th ..	17	8vo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	Gadádhar Dé, of Arrah, Nagarpur.	Meanings of words in the "Kathá-málá."
Nov. 30th ..	39	12mo. ...	Third ..	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 6	Matilál Chakrabartí, of Islámpore, Dacca.	
Nov. 29th ..	56	12mo. ...	Twenty-sixth.	12,000	ditto ...	0 2 6	Gopálchandra Basu, Béchu Chatterji's Street, Calcutta.	
April 20th ..	39	12mo. ...	Second ..	1,000	ditto ..	0 1 0	Calcutta Christian Tract and Book Society.	
Dec. 15th ..	18	12mo. ...	First ...	2,000	ditto ...	0 0 3	Christian Vernacular Education Society, Calcutta.	
Oct. 20th ..	2	8vo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 2 0	Nílkánta Goswámi, of Bainchi.	Relative to the visit of H. R. H. the Prince of Wales to India.
Dec. 1st ...	21	12mo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 2 0	Sarachechandra Chaudhúrí, of Boáliá.	With reference to the invasion of Chittore by the Musalmans and the heroism of the inhabitants in defending their city.
„ 1st ...	11	8vo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	Nil	.....

CATALOGUE OF BOOKS for the

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language).	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						BENGALI
1597	Mályá-pradána; or, the Investiture with the Garland.	Bengali..	Naténdranáth Tagore.	Drama ...	Printed and published at the Beadon Press, No. 66, Beadon Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Krishnaprasád Majumdar, and published by Dáyachánd Sábui.
1598	Padyalatá; or, Creepers of Poetry.	ditto ...	Pabanchandra Márík.	Poetry, E.	ditto ...	Printed as above, and published by the author.
1599	Páñchálí; or, the Poetical Rencontre. Part IV.	ditto ...	Rasikchandra Ráya.	Poetry ...	Printed at the Kabitárat-nákara Press, No. 17, Brindában Basák's Street, Calcutta, and published at No. 115, Chitpore Road.	Printed by Ambikácharan Chatterji, and published by Bishwambhar Láhá.
1600	Bodhsár-byákarana; or, Elements of Bengali Grammar.	ditto ...	Nílmani Mukerji, M.A. and B.L.	Grammar, E.	Printed and published at the New School Book Press, No. 8, Dixon's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Jadunáth Ghosh.
1601	Bhúgol-parichaya; or, Acquaintance with Geography.	ditto ...	Shashibhúshana Chatterji.	Geography	ditto ...	ditto ...
1602	Bhárat-Ishwarí; or, the Empress of India.	ditto ...	Upéndranáth Banerji.	Poetry ...	Printed at the Kar Press, No. 107, Shyám Bázár Street, Calcutta, and published at No. 12, Telipará Lane, Shyám-pukur.	Printed by Jadunath Mandal, and published by the author.
1603	Shishu-prabésh byákarana; or, Introductory Grammar for Children.	ditto ...	Prasannachandra Chakrabartí.	Grammar, E.	Printed and published at the Girish Bidyáratna Press, No. 24, Bye-lane, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Harishchandra Kabiratna, and published by Girishchandra Bidyáratna.
1604	Byákarana-prabésh; or, Introduction to Grammar.	ditto ...	Jagachchandra Chakrabartí.	Grammar, E.	ditto ...	Printed as above, and published by Pránnáth Sáhá.
1605	Kusumánjali; or, a Cluster of Poems.	ditto ...	Prasannachandra Chakrabartí.	Poetry E....	ditto ...	Printed as above, and published by Girishchandra Bidyáratna.
1606	Anka-shikshá; or, Instruction in Arithmetic. Part I.	ditto ...	Makhanlál Basu.	Arithmetic E.	Printed and published at the Wellington Press, No. 27, Bow-bázár Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Brajanáth Dé, and published by Táráprasanna Basu.
1607	Bishwa-bish-chikítsá; or, Treatment of the Universal Poisons.	ditto ...	Harimohan SÉN Gupta.	Medicine ..	Printed and published at the Ayurbéda Press, No. 146, Lower Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Kédárnáth Chatterji, and published by Débéndranáth Bose.
1608	Padya-Kaliká; or, Blossoms of Poetry.	ditto ...	Bhubanmohan Bhattácharjya	Poetry, E.	Printed at the New Bengal Press, No. 95, Gray Street, Calcutta, and published at Mahéshpur.	Printed by Sáradáprasád Chatterji, and published by Mahéshchandra Bhattácharjya.
1609	Barna-parichaya; or, Acquaintance with Letters. Part I.	ditto ...	Ishwarchandra Bidyáságara.	Primer, E.	Printed at the Sanskrit Press, No. 62, Amherst Street, Calcutta, and published at No. 30, Bechu Chatterji's Street.	Printed by Pítámbar Banerji, and published by the Manager of the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1610	Ditto ditto. Ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...
1611	Ditto ditto. Part II. ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	Miscellaneous, E.	ditto ...	ditto ...
1612	Ditto ditto. Ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	ditto ...

Quarter ending 31st March 1877.—(Continued.)

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PAMPHLETS.—(Continued.)								
1876.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.		
Dec. 14th...	19	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	Printed..	0 4 0	Naténdranath Tagore, of Rámbágán, Calcutta.	Describing the anger of Durbbsár Muni towards Indra.
1877.								
Jan. 6th ...	32	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 0	.....	Sonnets on God's glory, contentment, devotion to a teacher, &c.
1876.								
Dec. 12th ..	95	12mo. ...	Not given.	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	Bishwambhar Láhá, of No. 15, Tárah Chatterji's Lane, Calcutta.	Consisting of different songs adapted to various tunes.
„ 21st ..	48	12mo. ..	Third ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 2 6	Nilmani Mukerji, M.A., and B.L., of Dhakuriá.	
„ 21st ..	66	12mo. ...	Eleventh	4,000	ditto ..	0 2 6	Shashibhúshana Chatterji, of Connagar.	
„ 31st...	33	12mo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ..	0 3 0	Upéndranáth Banerji, of No. 12, Telépára Lane, Calcutta.	The Delhi assemblage is treated of in page 25, the Aryan race is upbraided, and asked, how the Britons, a nation of shopkeepers, could venture to sit on the Delhi throne?
„ 5th ...	44	12mo. ...	Third ..	2,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	Prasannachandra Chakrabarti, of Dacca.	
„ 25th ..	52	12mo. ...	Sixteenth.	2,000	ditto ..	0 2 6	Pránnáth Sáhá, of Goa-lundo.	
1877.								
Jan. 8th...	92	12mo. ...	Sixth ...	1,000	ditto ..	0 6 0	Prasannachandra Chakrabarti, of Dacca.	
„ 12th ..	36	12mo. ...	First ..	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 3	Nabínchandra Bose, of No. 78, Malingá Lane, Calcutta.	Printed for the use of beginners.
„ 5th ...	80	12mo. ..	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 12 0	Harimohan Sén Gupta.	Treating of the diagnosis and cure of poisons injected into the human frame, through bites of snakes mad-dogs and ravenous animals.
Sept. 22nd	18	12mo. ...	First ..	1,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	Mahéshchandra Bhattachárjya, of Mahéshpur.	Containing sonnets on Anger, Sleep, Friendship, Envy, Malice, Covetousness, &c.
Dec. 26th	38	12mo. ...	Sixty-fourth	20,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	Ishwarchandra Bidyásagara, of No. 25, Brindában Mallik's Lane, Calcutta.	Containing the alphabet, short sentences, and easy lessons in simple letters.
„ 30th	38	12mo. ...	Sixty-fifth.	20,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	ditto	ditto.
„ 28th	46	12mo. ...	Sixty-third.	10,000	ditto ...	0 1 3	ditto	Containing short and easy lessons in compound letters.
1877.								
Jan. 5th...	46	12mo. ...	Sixty-fourth.	10,000	ditto ...	0 1 3	ditto	ditto.

BENGAL
CATALOGUE OF BOOKS for the

1	2	3	4	5	6	
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language.)	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name of firm or publisher.
						BENGALI
1613	Shishu Shikshá; or, Instruction for Children. Part I.	Bengali.	The late Madanmohan Tarkálankára.	Primer, E.	Printed at the Sanskrit Press, No. 62, Amherst Street, Calcutta, and published at No. 30, Béchú Chatterji's Street.	Printed by Pítambar Banerji, and published by the Manager of the Sanskrit Press, Depository.
1614	Ditto ditto. Ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ..
1615	Ditto ditto. Part II. ...	ditto ..	ditto ..	Miscellaneous, E.	ditto ..	ditto ..
1616	Ditto ditto. Part III ...	ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ..
1617	Ditto ditto. Ditto ...	ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ..
1618	Bodhodaya; or, the Rise of Learning.	ditto ..	Ishwarchandra Bidyáságara.	ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ..
1619	Kathámálá; or, Fables ..	ditto ..	ditto ..	Fiction, E.	ditto ..	ditto ..
1620	Cháru-páth; or, Entertaining Reading Lessons. Part I.	ditto ..	Akshayakumár Datta.	Miscellaneous, E.	ditto ..	ditto ..
1621	Ditto ditto. Part II. ...	ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ..	ditto ..
1622	Hita Shikshá; or, Useful Instructions. (Illustrated.)	ditto ..	Gopálchandra Banerji.	ditto ..	Printed and published at the Hitaishi Press, No. 1, Krishnadás Pál's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kailáshchandra Banerji.
1623	Saral-páth; or, Easy Lessons. Part I. (Illustrated.)	ditto ..	Jagadbandhu Modak.	Primer, E.	Printed and published at the New Bengal Press, No. 102, Grey Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Sáradsprasád Chatterji, and published by the author.
1624	Shishu-bodhak; or, the Child's Instructor.	ditto ..	The late Shubhankara.	ditto ..	Printed at the Kabitaránákara Press, No. 17, Brindában Basák's Street, Calcutta, and published at No. 116, Chitpore Road.	Printed by Ambikácharan Chatterji, and published by Bishwambhárah Lahá.
1625	Padyapáth; or, Poetical Reader. No. 2.	ditto ..	Compiled by Jagugopál Chatterji.	Poetry, E.	Printed at J. C. Chatterji and Co.'s Press, No. 44, Amherst Street, Calcutta, and published at the Sanskrit Press Depository.	Printed by Bihárilál Banerji, and published by the Manager of the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1626	Dhárápáth; or, Arithmetical Tables. Part I.	ditto ..	Kshétránáth Haldár.	Arithmetic, E.	Printed at B. P. M.'s Press, No. 22, Jhámá-pukur Lane, Calcutta and published as above.	Printed by Baradáprasád Majumdar, and published as above.
1627	Nútan Dhárápáth; or, New Arithmetical Tables.	ditto ..	Compiled by Bipinbihárá Shil.	ditto ..	Printed and published at the Hindu Press, No. 61, Ahiritólá Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Gopálchandra Máná.
1628	Upadésh-manjarí; or, Buds of Advice. Part I.	ditto ..	Compiled by Anáthbandhu Maulik.	Miscellaneous, E.	Printed and published at the Bángalá Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Lachhman Basák.

Quarter ending 31st March 1877.—(Continued.)

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PAMPHLETS.—(Continued.)								
1876.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.		
Dec. 27th	30	12mo. ...	Seventy-sixth.	10,000	Printed..	0 1 0	Ishwarchandra Bidyāsagara, of No. 25, Brindāban Mallik's Lane, Calcutta.	Containing the alphabet, short sentences, and easy lessons in simple letters.
„ 29th	30	12mo. ...	Seventy-seventh.	10,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	ditto	ditto.
„ 27th	33	12mo. ...	Fifty-first.	10,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	ditto	Containing short and easy lessons in compound letters.
„ 30th	46	12mo. ...	Forty-eighth.	10,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	ditto	Containing reading lessons somewhat more difficult than those in Part II.
1877.								
Jan. 22nd	46	12mo. ...	Forty-ninth.	10,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	ditto	ditto.
1876.								
Dec. 28th	80	12mo. ...	Fifty-second.	10,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	ditto	Reading lessons on various subjects.
1877.								
Jan. 22nd	94	12mo. ...	Twenty-fifth.	5,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto	Fables compiled and translated from Æsop's work.
1876.								
Dec. 27th	89	12mo. ...	Thirty-first.	8,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Akshayakumār Datta, of Bally.	Containing interesting reading lessons in science and literature. Illustrated.
„ 29th	98	12mo. ...	Twentieth.	8,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	ditto	ditto.
1877.								
Feb. 8th...	48	12mo. ...	Fifth ...	1,100	ditto ...	0 2 0	Gopālchandra Banerji, of Hālishahar.	Containing easy miscellaneous reading lessons.
Jan. 7th...	24	12mo. ...	Fourth...	2,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	Jagadbandhu Modak, Shāmbāzār, Calcutta.	Containing the alphabet, easy sentences, and a few simple lessons.
Feb. 14th	48	8vo. ...	Several..	6,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Bishwambhar Lāhā, of Kālīprasād Datta's, Street, Calcutta.	ditto.
Jan. 11th	68	12mo. ...	Eighteenth	3,000	ditto ...	0 4 0	Jadugopāl Chatterji, of No. 44, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	Containing simple poems on miscellaneous subjects.
1876.								
Dec. 30th	71	12mo. ...	First ...	6,000	ditto ...	0 1 0	Kshétranāth Hāldār, of Nuddea.	
Jan. 24th	30	12mo. ...	Fourth...	3,000	ditto ...	0 1 3	Bipinbihārī Shīl, Shankar Hāldār's Lane.	
Feb. 3rd...	75	12mo. ...	Third ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 5 6	Containing reading lessons on miscellaneous moral subjects.

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						BENGALI
1629	Nútan Bhúgol-sútra; or, the new Principles of Geography.	Bengali.	Nílkamal Ghoshál.	Geography E.	Printed and published at the Hitaishí Press, No. 1, Krishnadás Pál's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kailáshchandra Banerji.
1630	Kabitá-kusumánjali; or, Clusters of Blossoms of Poetry for Children. Part II.	ditto	Krishnakishor Banerji.	Poetry, E.	ditto	ditto
1631	Tritiya-bhág-Shishu-shikshár-Artha-pustak; or, Meaning Book of words in the 3rd Part of the Shishu-Shikshá.	ditto	Biréshwar Chatterji.	Key, E.	Printed at J. G. Chatterji and Co.'s Press, No. 44, Amherst Street, Calcutta, and published at the Sanskrit Press Depository.	Printed by Bihárlál Banerji, and published by the Manager of the Sanskrit Press Depository.
1632	Padyapáth-Pratham-Bhágér-Artha-Pustak; or, Meaning Book of the 1st Part of the Padyapath.	ditto	Not given	ditto	Printed and published at the Victoria Press, No. 21, Bhabánicharan Dattá's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Bipinbihári Roy.
1633	Shishu-Shiksha-Tritiya-bhágér artha pustak; or, Meaning Book of the 3rd Part of the Shishu Shiksha.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1634	Upadésh-manjarí Shab-dártha; or, Meanings of Words in the Upadésh Manjari.	ditto	Edited by Maula Baksh	ditto	Printed and published at the Girish Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Maulá Baksh.
1635	Swalpa-Shikshá; or, a Little Instruction. Part II.	ditto	Mrigéndranáth Bhanja.	Arithmetic, E.	Printed and published at the Rájakiya Press, No. 71, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Girí chundra Bhattachárjya.
1636	Trináthér-Páncháli; or, metrical verses on the Lord of the three Worlds.	ditto	Anandachandra Sányal.	Poetry	Printed and published at the Bánglá Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Lachman Basák.
1637	Páthuriághátá-Bangánátyáláya-tyáblu-bhibanta; or, <i>Tableaux vivants</i> for the Páthuriághátá Bengal Theatre.	ditto	Dr Saurindramohan Tagore.	ditto	Printed and published at the Albert Press, No. 37, Méchhuábázár Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Ashutosh Ghosh & Co., and published by the author.
1638	Bhárat-Bhágya; or, India's Good Fortune.	ditto	Rájkrishna Ráya.	ditto	ditto	ditto
1639	Guru-Gítá; or, Instructions by a Guru.	ditto	Dínánáth Banerji.	Religion, H.	Printed and published at the Banga Hitaishí Press, No. 19, Ratan Mistri's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Jogéndranáth Banerji.
1640	Shikshak; or, the Instructor.	ditto	Baradákánta Majumdár.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at J. G. Chatterji and Co.'s Press, No. 44, Amherst Street, Calcutta, and published at the Sanskrit Press Depository.	Printed by Bihárlál Banerji, and published by Baradákánta Majumdár.
1641	Háfés. (Name of the great Persian Poet.) Part I.	ditto	Translated by Girishchandra Sén.	ditto	Printed and published at the Indian Mirror Press, Calcutta.	Printed by Masimohan Rakshit, and published by the Bráhma Samáj Mission.
1642	Katakulidharina-Kathá; or, a Few Words of Religion. Part II.	ditto	Késhabchandra Sén.	Religion, B.	ditto	ditto

Quarter ending 31st March 1877.—(Continued.)

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PAMPHLETS.—(Continued.)								
1877.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.		
Jan. 12th..	58	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	Printed..	0 2 6	Nilkamal Ghoshál, of Bâsdébpore.	With maps of the World, Asia, Hindustan, North and South America.
ditto ...	93	12mo. ...	Fifth ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 6 0	Krishnakishor Banerji, of Culna.	Containing easy poems on miscellaneous subjects. .
1876.								
Dec. 28th..	16	8vo. ...	First ...	2,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	Biréshwar Chatterji, of Nuddea.	
1877.								
Jan. 11th..	30	12mo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 2 6	Bipinbihári Roy, of Calcutta.	
„ 22nd..	12	8vo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 1 6	ditto.	
Feb. 5th..	22	8vo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 2 6	ditto.	
„ 22nd..	26	12mo. ...	Second ..	500	ditto ...	0 3 0	Mrigéndranáth Bhanja, of Burdwan.	Consisting of Bengali tables and accounts of money.
Jan. 6th..	12	12mo. ...	Fifth ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 0 9	
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BENGALI						
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1653	Bangā-bhāsar-barnamālā; or, a Primer of the Bengali Language. Part I.	ditto ...	Jadunāth Pandit.	Primer, E.	Printed and published at the Sudhārnabā Press, No. 117, Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Jaharlāl Shīl, and published by Trailokyanāth Datta.
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Quarter ending 31st March 1877.—(Continued.)

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50	Act VII (B.C.) of 1876, with Rules for the Registration of Lands.	ditto	Kumudnāth Datta.	Law	Printed and published at the "Lytton Press," No. 21, Santirām Ghosh's Street, Shām-bāzār, Calcutta.	Printed by B. Mohendra Chatterji, and published by the editor.
51	The Theistic Annual for 1877.	ditto	Pratāpachandra Majumdār.	Religion, B.	Printed at the Calcutta Press Company, and published at the Brāhmo Samāj Press.	Printed by the Calcutta Press Company, and published by the Brāhmo Samāj.

Quarter ending 31st March 1877.—(Continued.)

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.
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53	Key to Baboo P. C. Sarkar's Second Book of Reading.	Bengali and English.	Author's name not given.	Key, E	Printed and published at the Victoria Press, No. 21, Bhabanicharan Datta's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Bipinbihari Roy.
54	The Child's Grammar, in Bengali.	ditto	By the author of "Help to English Composition," &c.	Grammar, E.	Printed and published at the Roy Press, No. 17, Bhabanicharan Datta's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Baburam Sarkar, and published by Jogeshchandra Banerji.
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Quarter ending 31st March 1877.—(Continued.)

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Dec. 20th	283	12mo. ...	First ..	1,000	ditto ..	0 10 0	Baradāprasād Majumdar, of No. 22, Jhāmāpukur Lane, Calcutta.	
1877.								
Jan. 7th	314	12mo. ...	Seventh.	2,000	ditto ...	1 0 0	Shyāmcharan Mukerji, of Shilpore.	With copious notes and illustrations, to which are annexed the translations of the text both into English and Bengali.
Mar. 3rd	160	8vo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	1 2 0	Umācharan Bhattāchārjya, of Kidderpore.	
SANSKRIT BOOKS.								
1877.	Pages.							
Feb. 1st	233	12mo. Long.	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	5 0 0	Rājā Dhanpat Singha Bāhādur, of Azimganj.	Pointing out the duties of true worshippers according to the Jains.
" 10th	239	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	5 0 0	ditto	The principles on which holiness and sin are respectively rewarded and punished according to the Jaina belief.
" 20th	542	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	5 0 0	ditto	The rules of religion as laid down in the treatise 'Prashna byākaraṇa' are fully gone into.

CATALOGUE OF PERIODICALS for the

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number.	Title (to be translated into English when the title-page is not in that language.)	Language in which the book is written.	Name of author, translator, or editor of the book, or any part of it.	Subject.	Place of printing and place of publication.	Name or firm of printer, and name or firm of publisher.
						BENGALI
330	Chikitsā-tattwa; or, the Principles of Medicine. A Monthly Magazine and Review for Bhādra 1798. Vol. II. No. 12.	Bengali..	Not given	Medical	Printed and published at the Chikitsā-tattwa Press, No. 35, Chāshādhobāpārā Street, Jorāsānko, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Nrisinghaprāśād Rakshit.
381	Anāthini; or, the Orphan. A Monthly Magazine and Review for Fālgun 1283 B. S. Vol. I. No. 8.	ditto	Edited by Shrimatī Thākāmani Dēbī.	Miscellaneous.	Printed and published at the Bishwabinod Press, Azimganj.	Printed by Anupulchandra Chatterji, and published by Shyāmlā Chakrabartī.
382	Ariya-darshana; or, the Aryan Review. A Monthly Magazine and Review for Agrahāyana 1283 B. S. Vol. III. No. 8.	ditto	Edited by Jogéndranāth Banerji, M.A.	ditto	Printed and published at the New Indian Press, Patuātola Lane, Calcutta.	Printed by Idāmrisingha Banerji, and published by Harināth Khān.
383	Bāndhaba; or, the Friend. A Monthly Treatise and Review for Ashwin 1283 B. S. Vol. III. No. 6.	ditto	Edited by Kālīprasanna Ghosh.	ditto	Printed and published at the Girish Press, Dacca.	Printed and published by Maulā Baksh.
384	Bangā-mahilā; or, the Bengali Woman. A Monthly Magazine and Review for Agrahāyana 1283 B. S. Vol. II. No. 8.	ditto	Edited by Bhubanmohan Sarkār.	ditto	Printed at the Stanhope Press, No. 249, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta, and published at the Chore-bāgān Female School.	Printed by I. C. Bose and Co., and published by the Managing Committee of the Chore-bāgān Female School.
385	Ditto ditto. No. 9.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
386	Bhārat-Subrida; or, the Friend of India. A Monthly Magazine. For Ashwin and Kārtik 1283 B.S. Vol. I. Nos. 6 and 7. (Bound together.)	Bengali..	Edited by Shashibhushana Guha.	ditto	Printed at the East India Press, No. 11, College Square, Calcutta, and published at Faridpore.	Printed and published by Bhubanmohan Ghosh.
387	Ditto ditto. No. 8	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
388	Binodini; or, the Enchantress. A Monthly Magazine and Review. For Kārtik 1283 B.S. Vol. II. No. 7.	ditto	Edited by Shrimatī Bhubanmohini Dēbī.	ditto	Printed and published at the Bishwabinod Press, Azimganj.	Printed by Shyāmlāl Chakrabartī, and published by Jagannāth Prasad.
389	Ditto ditto. No. 8	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
390	Byabāsāyī; or, the Trader. A Monthly Journal. For Agrahāyana 1283 B.S. Vol. I. No. 4.	ditto	Edited by Shrināth Datta.	ditto	Printed at the East India Press, No. 11, College Square, Calcutta, and published at No. 15, College Street.	Printed and published by Bhubanmohan Ghosh.
391	Durāshā; or, the Forlorn and Hopeless. A Weekly Journal. For Māgh 1283 B.S. Vol. I. No. 1.	ditto	Edited by Tulāsdās Dē.	ditto	Printed and published at the Rājīkaya Press, No. 71, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.	Printed by Girishchandrā Bhattachārjya, and published by the editor.
392	Kusuma; or, the Flower. A Monthly Magazine and Review. For Fālgun 1283 B.S. Vol. I. No. 1.	ditto	Edited by Annadāprasād Maitra.	ditto	Printed and published at the Dhanasindhu Press, Berhampore.	Printed and published by Nikunjālāl Shinga.
393	Jyotirīgana; or, the Firefly. A Monthly Religious Journal. For October 1876. Vol. VIII. No. 4.	ditto	Edited by Rev. Surjyakumar Ghosh.	Religion, C.	Printed at the Saptāhik Sangbad Press, No. 9, Rāmmohan Datta's Road, Bhawānīpore, and published at No. 23, Chowringhee Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Brajamohan Basu, and published by the Tract Society, Calcutta.
394	Ditto ditto. No. 5	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
395	Ditto ditto. No. 6	ditto	ditto	Law	ditto	ditto

Quarter ending 31st March 1877.

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Date of issue from the press, or place of publication.	Number of sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.
PERIODICALS.								
1877.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.		
Jan. 13th	24	12mo. ...	First ...	400	Printed.	0 4 0	Nrsinghaprasād Rakshit, No. 3, Rām-kumār Rakshit's Lane.	A monthly record of the medical and collateral sciences.
" 8th	8	12mo. ...	First ...	50	ditto ...	0 1 6	.....	Containing light reading.
1876.								
Dec. 15th	48	8vo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 8 0	.....	Containing selections in literature, history, science, biography, poetry, &c.
1877.								
Jan. 20th	40	8vo. ...	First ...	1,500	ditto ...	0 6 0	.....	Containing miscellaneous pieces in prose and verse adapted for light reading.
" 4th	24	8vo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 3 0	The Managing Committee of the Chor Bagan Female School.	A literary journal intended especially for females, embracing various useful and entertaining topics.
Feb. 2nd	24	8vo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ..	0 3 0	ditto ..	ditto.
Dec. 29th..	40	8vo. ...	First ...	750	ditto ...	0 10 0	Shashibhushana Guha of No. 19, Ratanmistri's Lane.	On politics, society, cultivation, trade, and commerce.
1877.								
Jan. 25th..	64	8vo. ...	First ...	750	ditto ..	0 5 0	ditto ...	ditto.
" 8th..	24	12mo. ...	First ...	400	ditto ..	0 1 6	.....	Containing miscellaneous light reading.
" 8th..	24	12mo. ...	First ...	400	ditto ...	0 1 6	.....	ditto.
" 20th..	24	12mo. ...	First ...	1,000	ditto ...	0 3 0	Shrināth Datta, of No. 15, College Street.	A very useful journal, and the first one of its kind, on agriculture, commerce, and manufacture, published under the patronage of the Government of Bengal.
" 20th..	8	8vo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ..	0 1 0	Tulsidās Dē, No. 106, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta.	On literature, history, and dramas.
Mar. 3rd..	24	16mo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 2 0	.....	On miscellaneous subjects.
1876.								
Oct. 9th.	8	Fcp. 8vo.	First ...	1,200	ditto ...	0 0 3	Tract Society, No. 23, Chowringhee Road, Calcutta.	
Nov. 4th..	8	Fcp. 8vo.	First ...	1,200	ditto ...	0 0 3	ditto.	
Dec. 5th..	8	Fcp. 8vo.	First ...	1,200	ditto ...	0 0 3	ditto.	

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1	2	3	4	5	6	7
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						ENGLISH
206	The Legal Companion. A Monthly Law Journal. For May and June 1876. Vol. IV. Nos. 5 and 6. (Bound together.)	English.	Edited by Law Prasanna-kumār Sēn.	...	Printed and published at the Tamohar Press, No. 20, Popham Street, Serampore.	Printed by Brajamohan Sēn, and published by the editor.
207	Ditto ditto. Nos. 7 and 8. (Bound together.)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
208	The Bengal Magazine. A Monthly Journal. For September 1876. No. 50.	ditto	Edited by the Rev. Lāl-bihārī Dē.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at the Saptāhik Sanghād Press, No. 7, Rām-mohan Datta's Road, Bhawanipore, and published at Chinsurah.	Printed by Brajamohan Basu, and published by Nimāichand Shīl.
209	Ditto ditto. For October No. 51.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
210	Ditto ditto. For November. No. 52.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
211	The Calcutta Magazine. A Monthly Journal. For February 1877.	ditto	Edited by Owen Aratoon.	ditto	Printed and published at the Calcutta Central Press.	Printed by the Calcutta Central Press Company, and published by the editor.
212	The Calcutta Review. A Quarterly Journal. For January 1877. No. 127.	ditto	Edited by E. Lethbridge, M.A.	ditto	Printed and published at the City Press, No. 12, Bentinck Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Thomas S. Smith.
213	The Madrasah Club Budget. A Monthly Journal. For November 1876. Vol. II. No. 1.	ditto	Edited by the Members of the Madrasah Literary and Debating Club.	ditto	Printed and published at the Minerva Press, No. 48, Dhurumtollah, Street Calcutta.	Printed by Mahēndranāth Shom, and published by Fazl Karīm.
214	Ditto ditto. Literary Budget. No. 2.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
215	The Masonic Herald. A Monthly Journal. For January 1877.	English.	Edited by W. Burroughs.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at the Stanhope Press, No. 249, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta, and published at No. 12, Wood Street.	Printed by I. C. Bose and Co., and published by the editor.
216	Mookerjee's magazine. A Monthly Journal. January to June 1876. Nos. 36 to 40 (bound together.)	ditto	Edited by Shambhuchandra Mukerji.	ditto	Printed at the Presidency Press, No. 75, Bentinck Street, Calcutta, and published at No. 12, Lāl Bazar Street.	Printed by J. N. Ghosh and Co., and published by Berigny and Co.
217	The National Magazine. A Monthly Journal. For June 1876. Vol. II. Part 3.	ditto	Edited by Kali-prasanna Dē.	ditto	Printed as above, and published at No. 32, Kālidās Sing's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed as above, and published by the editor.
218	Ditto ditto. Part 4	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
219	The Oriental Sporting Magazine. New series. A Monthly Journal. For December 1876. Vol. IX. No. 108 (with index and title page).	ditto	Edited by Lord H. Ulick Browne.	ditto	Printed and published at the Stanhope Press, No. 249, Bow-bazar Street, Calcutta.	Printed by I. C. Bose and Co.
220	Ditto ditto. (No. 109).	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
221	Stray Feathers. A Journal of Ornithology. Vol. IV. Nos. 4, 5, and 6 (bound together).		Edited by A. O. Hume.	Science	Printed and published at the Calcutta Central Press.	Printed and published by the Calcutta Central Press Company.

Quarter ending 31st March 1877.—(Continued.)

8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.
Date of issue from the press, or of publication.	Number of sheets, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copy right, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.
PERIODICALS.								
1877.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.		
Jan. 24th..	48	Rl. 8vo.	First ...	300	Printed.	1 0 0	Prasannakumár Sên, of Serampore.	
„ 27th..	48	Rl. 8vo.	First ...	300	ditto ...	1 0 0	ditto.	
1876.								
Sept. 9th..	46	Dy. 8vo.	First ...	330	ditto ...	0 12 0	Nímáichánd Chinsurah.	A literary magazine of much merit.
Oct. 12th..	48	Dy. 8vo.	First ...	330	ditto ...	0 12 0	ditto	ditto.
Nov. 24th..	48	Dy. 8vo.	First ...	330	ditto ...	0 12 0	ditto	ditto.
1877.								
Feb. 3rd..	38	Rl. 8vo.	First ...	1,000	ditto ..	0 8 0	Owen Aratoon	A monthly journal of literature, science, politics, and the arts.
Jan. 5th..	244	8vo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ..	4 0 0	Thomas S. Smith.	
„ 4th..	12	Rl. 8vo.	First ...	150	ditto ...	0 8 0	Fazal Karim	A miscellaneous and literary journal.
Feb. 17th..	12	Rl. 8vo.	First ...	150	ditto ...	0 8 0	.....	ditto.
Jan. 17th..	20	8vo. ...	First ..	121	ditto ..	1 0 0	W. Burroughs, No. 12, Wood Street, Calcutta.	A journal of the history, philosophy, and theocracy of freemasonry; its art, science, and literature.
1876.								
Nov. 27th..	250	8vo. ...	First ...	400	ditto ...	5 0 0	Shambhuchandra Mukerji, of Barrabazar.	A journal of politics, sociology, literature, art, and science, including chiefly history and tracts, orthography, and oriental literature, jurisprudence and commerce, &c.
Dec. 4th..	40	8vo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 12 0	Káliprasanna Dé, of No. 32, Kálidás Sing's Lane.	A journal of literature, philosophy, science, and politics.
„ 18th..	40	8vo. ...	First ...	700	ditto ...	1 0 0	ditto	ditto.
„ 16th..	82	8vo. ...	First ...	402	ditto ...	2 0 0	Lord H. Ullick Browne.	
1877.								
Jan. 16th..	81	8vo. ...	First ...	425	ditto ...	2 0 0	ditto.	
„ 21st..	306	8vo. ...	First ...	400	ditto ...	6 0 0	A. O. Hume	A journal of ornithology for India and its dependencies.

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1	2	3	4	5	6	7
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HINDI						
28	Bálábodhini; or, Instructor for Girls. A Monthly Journal. For October 1876, Vol. III. No. 10.	Hindi ...	Edited by Harishchandra.	Miscellaneous.	Printed at the Satya Press, No. 21, Madan Mitra's Lane, Calcutta, and published at Benares.	Printed by Harishchandra Chaudhuri, and published by Harishchandra.
29	Ditto ditto No. 11	ditto ...	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
30	Ditto ditto No. 12	ditto ...	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
31	Shri Harishchandra Chandriká. A Monthly Journal. Vol. IX. Nos. 1 to 3 (bound together).	ditto ...	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
PERSIAN						
4	Bibliotheca Indica; or, a Collection of Oriental Works. New Series. Nos. 352 and 353.	Persian	Edited by Maulvie Abdur Rahím of the Calcutta Madrasah.	ditto	Printed at the Baptist Mission Press, Calcutta, and published at the premises of the Asiatic Society.	Printed by the Rev. C. B. Lewis, and published by the Asiatic Society.
SANSKRIT						
53	Bidyarthi; or, the Student. A Monthly Journal. Vol. I. No. 2.	Sanskrit	Edited by Dámodar Bishun Sápray.	ditto	Printed and published at Behár Bandhu Press, City Patna.	Printed and published by the editor.
54	Bidyodaya; or, the Rise of Learning. A Monthly Journal. For September 1874. Vol. IX. No. 9.	ditto	Edited by Hrishikésh Bhattácharjya.	ditto	Printed at the B. P. M.'s Press, No. 22, Jhámápur Lane, Calcutta, and published at Lahore.	Printed by Baradáprasád Majumdar, and published by the editor.
55	Ditto ditto. (No. 10).	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
56	Ditto ditto. (No. 11).	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
57	Ditto ditto. (No. 12).	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
BENGALI AND						
4	Mitrodaya; or the Rise of Friendship. A Monthly Magazine and Review. For Paush 1293, Vol. I. No. 4.	Bengali and English.	Edited by Hiránmaya Mukerji.	ditto	Printed and published at the Banga Hitáishí Press, No. 19, Ratan Mistri's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Jogéndranath Banerji.

LIBRARY.

Quarter ending 31st March 1877.—(Continued.)

8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Date of issue from the press, or of publication.	Number sheets, leaves, or pages.	Size.	First, second, or other edition.	Number of copies of which the edition consists.	Printed or lithographed.	Price at which the book is sold to the public.	Name and residence of proprietor of copyright, or any portion of it.	REMARKS.
PERIODICALS.								
1877.	Pages.					Rs. A. P.		
Jan. 20th..	8	8vo. ...	First ...	400	Printed..	0 4 0	Harrishchandra, of Benares.	
„ 25th ..	8	8vo. ...	First ...	400	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto.	
„ 25th ..	8	8vo. ..	First ...	400	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto.	
„ 25th ..	36	8vo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto.	
PERIODICAL.								
1876.	Pages.							
Dec. 8th ..	96	4to ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	Not given ..	.....	Containing the Akbarnámah Abul Fazl-i-Mubárak-i-Allá; Vol. II. Fasc. 1.
PERIODICALS.								
1876.	Pages.							
Dec. 10th ..	16	Rl. 8vo..	First ..	100	ditto ...	0 8 0	Damodar Bishun Sá.	Containing articles on literature, history, and science.
„ 12th ..	16	8vo. ...	First ...	125	ditto ...	0 4 0	Hrishikesh Bhattá-chárjya, of Lahore.	
„ 15th ..	16	8vo. ...	First ...	125	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto.	
1877.								
Jan. 4th ..	16	8vo. ...	First ...	125	ditto ..	0 4 0	ditto.	
„ 10th ..	16	8vo. ...	First ...	125	ditto ...	0 4 0	ditto.	
ENGLISH PERIODICAL.								
1877.								
Jan. 12th ..	16	8vo. ...	First ...	500	ditto ...	0 2 0	Hiranmaya Mukerji, of Kálighát.	

Number.	The title of the Book and the contents of the title-page, with a translation into English of such title or contents when the same are not in the English language.	The place of printing and the place of publication.	The name or firm of the printer, and the name or firm of the publisher.	The date of issue from the press, or of the publication.	The name and residence of the proprietor of the copyright or of any portion of such copyright.	The date on which the entry was registered.
324	Adarsha-prashnābali; or, Model Questions in Mental Arithmetic.	Printed and published at B. N. Dē's Utkal Press, Balasore.	Printed by B. N. Dē and Co., and published by the author, Rādhānāth Rāya.	4th Dec. 1876 ...	Rādhānāth Rāya, of Balasore.	5th Dec. 1876.
325	Chārudīpikā; or, Key to Chārupāth. Part III.	Printed and published at the Bālmiki Press, No. 55, Amherst Street, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kālīkinkar Chakrabartī.	7th Jan. 1877 ...	Kālīprasanna Chakrabartī, of Culna, zillah Burdwan.	17th Jan. 1877.
326	Udbhid Shāstrer-upakramanikā.	Printed at the Stān-hope Press, No. 249, Bow-bazar Street, Calcutta, and published at Arrah.	Printed by I. C. Bose and Co., and published by the author, Abināsh-chandra Bhattachārjya.	26th Dec. 1876	Brajēndranāth Dē, M.A. & C.S., of Darbhanga.	26th Jan. "
327	Pātiganita, with Mensuration and Surveying.	Printed and published at the Hitāishī Press, No. 1, Krishnadās Pāl's Lane, Calcutta.	Printed and published by Kailāsh-chandra Banerji.	2nd Jan. 1877 ...	Gopālchandra Banerji, of Hālিশahar.	3rd Jan. "
328	Bishwa-bish-chikitsā; or, the Treatment of Universal Poisons.	Printed and published at the Ayurbēda Press, No. 146, Lower Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Kédār-nāth Chatterji, and published by Dē-bendranāth Bose.	5th Jan. "	Harimohan Sōn Gupta, of No. 111, Jeliātola Street, Calcutta.	26th Feb. "
329	Barna-parīkshā; or, a Knowledge of the Alphabet. Part I.	Printed and published at the Kabitā Kaumūdi Press, No. 117, Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Jaharīlāl Shil, and published by Nṛityalāl Shil.	23rd Feb. "	Nṛityalāl Shil, of Nīmāigosaīn's Lane, Calcutta.	ditto
330	Ditto ditto Part II. ...	ditto ...	ditto ...	April 1876 ...	ditto ...	ditto
331	Muhabbatnāmāh ...	Printed and published at the General Printing Press, No. 115, Chitpore Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Bēnīmādhava Bhattachārjya, and published by Muhammad Hātim.	17th Feb. 1877	Muhammad Hātim, of No. 37, Ruttoo Sarkār's Lane, Calcutta.	5th Mar. "
332	Hints on the Study of Sanskrita.	Printed and published at the Girish Bidyāratna Press, No. 24, Bye-lane, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta.	Printed by Harish-chandra Kabiratna, and published by Girishchandra Bidyāratna.	3rd March "	Umācharana Bidyābhushana, of No. 2, Bishu Bāboo's Lane, Kidderpore.	16th Mar.

	LANGUAGE.	Number of Books.	Number of Pamphlets.	Total number of Books and Pamphlets in each Language.
1	Bengali	88	110	198
2	Bengali-Musalmani	1	1	2
3	English	14	19	33
4	Hindi	1	2	3
5	Persian	2	.....	2
6	Sanskrita	16	3	19
7	Santáli	.....	1	1
8	Urdu	1	.....	1
9	Uriyá	5	7	12
	Total Books and Pamphlets	128	143	271
BI-LINGUALS.				
1	Bengali and English	13	3	16
2	Bengali and Sanskrita	33	3	36
3	English and Khond...	1	.....	1
4	English and Sanskrita	1	.....	1
5	English and Urdu	1	.....	1
6	Hindi and Uriyá	.....	1	1
7	Hindi and Sanskrita	.....	1	1
	Total Bi-Linguals	49	8	57
TRI-LINGUALS.				
1	Bengali, English, and Sanskrita	3	.....	3
2	Hindi, Páli, and Sanskrita	3	.....	3
	Total Tri-Linguals	6	.....	6
PERIODICALS.				
1	Bengali	.....	.....	16
2	English	.....	.....	16
3	Hindi	.....	.....	4
4	Persian	.....	.....	1
5	Sanskrita	.....	.....	5
6	Bengali and English	.....	.....	1
	Total Periodicals	.....	.....	43
	Grand Total of Books, &c.	.....	.....	377

9th April 1877.

JOHN ROBINSON,
*Librarian of the Bengal Library and Keeper
of the Catalogue of Books.*



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25, 1877.

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PART II.—Advertisements	337—338	PART VI.—Bills of the Legislative Council of India	Nil.
PART III.—Acts of the Bengal Council	Nil.	APPENDIX.—General Jury List	1—103
		SUPPLEMENT No. 17	371—405

(*) Parts IA, V, and VI are not sent to officers receiving the *Gazette of India*.

PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

No. 2359A.

GENERAL.—*The 18th April 1877.*—Moonshi Nusseeruddin, Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade at Buxar, is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the First Grade, *vice* Moonshi Sadiq Ali.

Baboo Sheonundun Lal, B.A., Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade at Gopalgunge, is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the First Grade, *vice* Baboo Nobin Chunder Mitter.

Baboo Peary Mohun Bose is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade, *vice* Moonshi Nusseeruddin, and is posted to Tajpore, in Durbhunga.

Pundit Sham Narain, Canouogoe of the First Grade at Barrh, is appointed to act as a Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade at Tajpore until relieved by Baboo Peary Mohun Bose.

The 19th April 1877.—The following officers are vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X (B.C.) of 1871 :—

Mr. C. R. Marriot, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, in charge of the Seetamurhee division of the Mozufferpore district.

Mr. A. J. Primrose, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, in charge of the Hajeeppore division of the Mozufferpore district.

Mr. R. D. Hime, c.s., reported his departure from India on furlough on the 13th instant.

Mr. W. V. G. Taylor, c.s., who reported his return from furlough on the 15th instant, is allowed the usual subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding 30 days.

Mr. C. J. O'Donnell, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Atea division of the Mymensingh district, is appointed to have charge of the Bettiah division of the Chumparun district. This cancels the order of the 17th instant, appointing Mr. J. Scobell Armstrong to have charge of that sub-division.

Mr. J. Scobell Armstrong, who reported his return from furlough on the 19th instant, is appointed to act as Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Midnapore. Mr. Armstrong is allowed the usual subsidiary leave from the 19th instant.

Mr. F. W. Badcock, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Chittagong, is transferred to the Sudder Station of the Backergunge district.

Mr. J. D. Anderson, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Mymensingh, is appointed temporarily to have charge of the Atea division of that district.

Mr. R. H. Anderson, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Dacca, is transferred to the Sudder Station of Mymensingh.

Baboo Kristo Chunder Dutt, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Kishoregunge, in Mymensingh, is appointed to have charge of the Patuakhally division of the Backergunge district.

Mr. K. G. Gupta, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Patuakhally, in Backergunge, is appointed to have charge of the Perozepore division of that district.

Moulvi Mahammad Israil, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Mymensingh, is appointed to have charge of the Kishoregunge division of that district.

Baboo Kristo Chunder Roy, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Perozepore, in Backergunge, is transferred to the Sudder Station of Mymensingh.

Mr. R. H. Pawsey, Officiating Magistrate and Collector, Mymensingh, is allowed special leave for six months, under Section 21 of the Civil Leave Code, together with subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding thirty days.

Mr. C. P. L. Macaulay is appointed to act as Under-Secretary to the Government of Bengal during the absence, on duty, of Mr. J. Crawford, or until further orders.

Mr. H. H. Risley, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 24-Pergunnahs, is also appointed to act until further orders as Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

The 21st April 1877.—Baboo Gobind Chunder Bose, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Hooghly, is transferred to Howrah, with effect from the 4th instant, the date on which he joined his appointment in that district.

Baboo Gour Das Bysack, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Beerbhoom, is transferred to Hooghly.

Baboo Dwarkanath Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Midnapore, is transferred to Beerbhoom.

Baboo Tarini Lall Chowdry, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Chittagong, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X (B.C.) of 1871, with effect from the 26th January 1877.

The 23rd April 1877.—The services of Mr. C. E. Buckland, Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bengal, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay from the date on which Sir Richard Temple, *Bart.*, K.C.S.I., may assume charge of that Government.

Mr. C. P. L. Macaulay is appointed to be Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bengal, *vice* Mr. C. E. Buckland, from the date on which the transfer of the services of the latter officer to the Government of Bombay takes effect. Mr. Macaulay will continue to act until further orders as Under-Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Mr. A. Manson, *c.s.*, acted as a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade from the 17th October to 5th November 1876.

Baboo Sree Nath Chatterjee, temporary Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade, is posted to Hajepore, in the district of Mozufferpore.

Baboo Rai Churn Ghose, Fourth Special Commissioner under the Chota Nagpore Tenures' Act, is allowed leave for three months, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

Mr. R. Cornish, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Mozufferpore, who reported his return from furlough on the 15th instant, is allowed subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding thirty days, to enable him to join his appointment.

The 24th April 1877.—Mr. George Easton, Head Assistant and Registrar General and Revenue side of the Bengal Secretariat, is allowed sick leave for fifteen months, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, together with subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding fourteen days, with effect from the 28th instant.

In supersession of the orders of the 16th instant, Baboo Norendro Nath Chowdry, *B.L.*, is appointed to act as a Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector in Patna.

Baboo Denonath Mookerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Khoolna division of the Jessore district, on leave, is posted to the district of Hazareebagh.

POLICE.—*The 24th April 1877.*—The following Notification is substituted for the one dated the 20th ultimo, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 21st idem :—

The usual subsidiary leave granted to Mr. E. M. Showers, Officiating District Superintendent of Police, Chittagong Hill Tracts, under the orders of the 2nd January 1877 took effect from the 26th February last.

ECCLESIASTICAL.—*The 24th April 1877.*—The Rev. Henry Finter is appointed to act as Chaplain of St. James' Church, Calcutta, during the absence, on leave, of the Rev. P. J. Jarbo, or until further orders.

REGISTRATION.—*The 7th April 1877.*—Baboo Brindabun Chunder Bose is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Barhanuddin, in the district of Backergunge, *vice* Moonshee Alimuddin, resigned.

The 13th April 1877.—Baboo Sriram Mozumdar is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Bilmarya, in the district of Rajshahye, *vice* Kazi Azhur Ali.

The 21st April 1877.—Baboo Bogola Prossonno Mozoomdar, Special Sub-Registrar, Noakholly, is allowed leave for one month, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code.

Baboo Chundika Prossonno Mozoomdar is appointed to act as Special Sub-Registrar of Noakholly during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Bogola Prossonno Mozoomdar, or until further orders.

EDUCATION.—*The 21st April 1877.*—Mr. W. Booth, Professor, Presidency College, is allowed leave for one week, under Section 14, Chapter IV of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave granted to him under orders of the 10th instant.

The 24th April 1877.—Mr. C. A. Samuells, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is appointed to be a member of the District School Committee of Dinagore, *vice* Mr. H. G. Cooke, transferred.

Mr. R. A. D. Bignell, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Sonthal Pergunnahs, is appointed to be a member of the Sonthal Pergunnahs District School Committee, *vice* Mr. H. Munro, transferred.

OPIMUM.—*The 21st April 1877.*—The following gentlemen are appointed to officiate until further orders as Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agents :—

Mr. G. Nicholson.
„ C. Fenton.
„ R. Currie.
„ F. G. Rowcroft.

Mr. J. O. D. Murray.
„ J. E. E. Piffard.
„ St. Leger Fagan.

Mr. W. D. Abercrombie officiated as an Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent in the Behar Agency from the 5th to the 27th January 1877.

The 21st April 1877.—Mr. W. Francis officiated as Principal Assistant to the Opium Agent, Benares, from the 28th March to the 1st April 1877.

MEDICAL.—*The 16th April 1877.*—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Radhanagore, in the district of Midnapore :—

Baboo Umesh Chunder Roy, Zemindar of Jara, *Secretary*.

„ Jogeshur Pahari, Lakhirajdar and Vice-Chairman of the Kheerpoy Municipality, <i>Assistant Secretary</i> .	} <i>Members.</i>
„ Dinobundho Roy, Zemindar.	
„ Ram Chunder Tewary, Lakhirajdar.	
„ Haradhon Bhattacharjee, Lakhirajdar.	
„ Huradhon Poddar, Merchant.	

The 21st April 1877.—Assistant Surgeon Mohendro Lall Bose, attached to the sub-division and dispensary at Raueegunge, is appointed to have charge of the dispensary at Kandi, in the district of Moorshedabad.

Assistant Surgeon Hurree Narain Banerjee, attached to the dispensary at Kandi, is appointed to have charge of the sub-division and dispensary at Raueegunge, in the district of Burdwan.

The orders of the 12th February 1877, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 21st idem, appointing respectively Assistant Surgeons Heera Lall Dutt and Hurry Das Mitter to the charge of the Out-Door Dispensary and the Shumbhoo Nath Native Ward of the Presidency General Hospital, will have effect from the 1st January last, instead of from the 1st February 1877, as previously notified.

The 23rd April 1877.—Dr. J. A. Greene, Medical Officer, Serampore, is appointed to act until further orders as Medical Officer of Burdwan.

Surgeon Bunko Bhary Gupta, Officiating Civil Surgeon of Balasore, is appointed to act as Civil Surgeon of Serampore during the absence, on duty, of Dr. J. A. Greene, or until further orders, on being relieved of his present duties.

Surgeon R. Cobb is appointed to act temporarily as Civil Surgeon of Serampore till relieved by Surgeon Bunko Behary Gupta.

The 24th April 1877.—Dr. R. MacLeod, Civil Medical Officer, Gya, reported his departure from India on furlough on the 19th instant.

The services of Assistant Surgeon Kedar Nath Bose are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department.

SANITATION.—*The 23rd April 1877.*—Surgeon M. D. Moriarty, of the 3rd Regiment Native Infantry, was in medical charge of the Lock-hospital at Dinapore from the 29th November to the 23rd December 1876, *vice* Surgeon-Major W. H. Jameson.

FORESTS.—*The 24th April 1877.*—Mr. J. C. McDonell, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Julpigoree Division, is allowed privilege leave for fourteen days, from the 3rd May 1877.

MUNICIPAL.—*The 14th April 1877.*—The Lieutenant-Governor approves of the election by the Municipal Commissioners of Patna of Mr. L. C. Abbott as their Vice-Chairman for the year 1877-78.

The following Notifications are republished from the *Assam Gazette* :—

The 10th April 1877.—Privilege leave of absence for two months and ten days, under Section 29, Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, is granted to Mr. W. W. Daly, District Superintendent of Police, Cachar, with effect from the 15th April 1877, or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

During the absence of Mr. W. W. Daly on privilege leave, Mr. W. B. Savi, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Sylhet, is appointed to act as District Superintendent of Police, Cachar.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 23rd April 1877.—Baboo Chunder Coomar Dutt, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Mymensingh, is declared to have passed in Law by the higher standard.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th April 1877.—The following Civil Officers are declared to have passed in Law by the higher standard :—

Mr. J. D. Gael.
„ A. H. Warde-Jones.

Baboo Jogabundhoo Khan.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st April 1877.—The Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal has been pleased to declare that the west bank of the main stream of the river Jumoona shall be the common boundary between districts Mymensingh and Pubna. The course by which steamers proceed up stream during the dry season shall be for the time-being taken to be such main stream.

H. J. REYNOLDS,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

The 19th April 1877.—The following Notification is published for general information.

H. J. REYNOLDS,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 78.—The rate of conversion of Indian into sterling money for Overland Money Orders has been changed to 1s. 9½d. per rupee. Schedule 11 of the Tariff Table is therefore in force until further notice.

W. WATERFIELD, *Offg. Comptroller-General.*

[First Publication.]

No. 2017.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA—FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

RESOLUTION.

Fort William, the 13th April 1877.

THE Governor-General in Council observes that under the existing Bill Rules, Treasury Officers may grant to all officers in civil employ on the issue of pay, and to the extent of their monthly salaries, transfer receipts on the General Treasury at the capital of their Presidency at 1 per cent. premium for sums not less than Rs. 150.

Looking, however, to the great improvement in the means of communication, and to the lessened cost of remitting money in late years, His Excellency in Council is pleased to rule that in future the rate of charge shall be $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. throughout India.

ORDERED that this Resolution be distributed for information and guidance as follows:—

- 1.—To the several departments of the Government of India.
- 2.—To the several Local Governments and Administrations.
- 3.—To the Comptroller-General and to the several Accountants-General and Deputy Accountants-General in independent charge.
- 4.—To the several Chiefs of Departments administered by the Government of India in the Financial Department.

R. H. HOLLINGBERRY,
Assistant Secy. to the Govt. of India.

H. J. REYNOLDS,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 14th April 1877.—Under the provisions of Section 1 of Act IV (B.C.) of 1873, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that from 1st May 1877 all births and deaths occurring within the limits of the town of Mudhoobunnee, in the Durbhunga district, shall be registered.

2. For the purposes of this Act, the boundaries of the said town of Mudhoobunnee shall be the same as those specified in the Government Notification dated 24th March 1869, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of 31st March 1869, for the purposes of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868.

3. From and after 1st May 1877 the whole Act IV (B.C.) of 1873 shall apply to the entire area above defined.

H. J. S. CORRON,
Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 9th April 1877.—Whereas the scheme for making a new cut between the rivers Pudda and Kuntabutti, passing through the villages of Aircha, Dukhin Seal, Anolia, Boalepara, Arpara, Isail, and Prykura, known as Uthali, in thana Jaffergunge, in the district of Dacca, has been abandoned, the declaration of 31st August 1874, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of 2nd September 1874, regarding the acquisition, at the expense of the Dacca District Road Cess Fund, of the strip of land measuring, more or less, 311 beeghas 13 cottahs 6 dhours of standard measurement, within the aforesaid villages, is hereby cancelled.

H. J. REYNOLDS,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 13th April 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for construction of a post-office building in the village of Sitarampore, zillah Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, half a beegha of standard measurement, bounded on the north by Gora Chund Dutta's shop; on the south by uncultivated land held by Messrs. Apar & Co.; on the east by a corn field possessed by Kanga Gope and Rakhal Bowri, as tenants of Messrs. Apar & Co.; and on the west by the main road from the railway station to Purulia, is required within the aforesaid village of Sitarampore.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. J. REYNOLDS,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 17th April 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for railway purposes in the village of Bissonathpore, pergunnah Sazapore, zillah Furreedpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 10 beeghas 15 cottahs 6 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on the north by land belonging to the Eastern Bengal Railway Company; west by land occupied by Addynath Kur, Ramhurry Biswas, Okhoy Chowdhoo, Dwarkanath Dam, Nillambur and Mudoosoodun Bawool, Bodone and Luckhikanto Kur; south by boundary of Dhobagattee; and on the east by lands occupied by Rohim Shake, Bodone Kur, Allum Mundle, Boddoroddy Shake, Kaloo Shake, Eklylly Shake, Ramgottee Dass, Bissoo Mullick, Jogomohun Chungo, and Bamondass Mundle, is required within the aforesaid village of Bissonathpore.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 17th April 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a portion of the Tinnah State Railway, designated the semi-permanent line, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 8 miles and 686 feet in length and varying from 70 feet to 720 feet in breadth, and passing through the villages and pergunnahs named below, containing an area of 92 acres 1 rood and 22 poles, more or less, is required; the general direction of the line being north and south.

The land plans of the above portion of the line can be seen at the office of the Executive Engineer, Durbhunga Division, at Durbhunga, between the hours of 11 A.M. and 5 P.M. any day, holidays and Sundays excepted.

This declaration is made under Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

		A. R. P.		
Basorhia,	pergunnah Saraisa	...	...	1 3 39
Bazidpur,	Ditto	...	...	6 0 30
Chak Mohammad,	Ditto	...	...	2 1 23
Ballo Chak,	Ditto	...	...	1 3 23
Rámpur,	Ditto	...	...	5 3 5
Pagrá,	Ditto	...	...	8 1 33
Yosin Chak,	Ditto	...	...	10 1 15
Nagorgáon,	Ditto	...	...	7 3 11
Modhaipur,	pergunnah Balogotah	...	...	5 3 36
Kosmó	Ditto	...	...	4 0 0
Sirampur,	Ditto	...	...	1 2 32
Mirzapúr,	Ditto	...	...	2 3 35
Molikallipúr,	Ditto	...	...	4 2 21
Sahit,	Ditto	...	...	28 0 39
Total		...	92	1 22

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 17th April 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by the Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road leading from the compound of the Engineer's bungalow, East Indian Railway Company, to the public road from Pachumba to Serampore, and to the land belonging to the said East Indian Railway Company known as the Serampore Collieries, in the village of Burwadee, Gadee Serampore, zillah Hazareebagh, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2 beeghas 6 cottahs and 14 chittacks of standard measurement is required in the said village of Burwadee, bounded on the north by the East Indian Railway Company's Engineer's compound; on the south by the East Indian Railway Company's Serampore collieries; and on the east and west by waste land and scrub jungle.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. J. REYNOLDS,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2360A.

The 17th April 1877.—The following promotions in the Subordinate Judicial Service are made:—

To the First Grade of Subordinate Judges and Small Cause Court Judges.

Mr. W. DaCosta, Subordinate Judge, Mozufferpore, *vice* Baboo Doorga Pershad Ghose, about to retire.

To the Second Grade.

Baboo Uma Churn Kastagiri, Subordinate Judge, Tipperah, *vice* Mr. W. DaCosta.

To the Third Grade.

Baboo Brojendro Coomar Seal, Subordinate Judge, 24-Pergunnahs, *vice* Baboo Bidhubhusan Banerjee, retired.

Moulvi Mahomed Nurool Hossein, Subordinate Judge, Shahabad, *vice* Baboo Uma Churn Kastagiri.

Baboo Ram Pershad, Subordinate Judge, Patna, *vice* Baboo Gooroo Prosad Sen, about to retire.

To the Fourth Grade.

Baboo Munnoo Lall Chatterjee, Moonsif of the First Grade, Officiating as Subordinate Judge of Mymensingh, *vice* Baboo Brojendro Coomar Seal.

Baboo Poresch Nath Banerjee, Moonsif of the First Grade, Officiating as Small Cause Court Judge, Dacca and Moonsheegunge, *vice* Moulvi Mahomed Nurool Hossein.

Baboo Krishna Mohun Mookerjee, Moonsif of the First Grade, Officiating as Second Subordinate Judge of the 24-Pergunnahs, *vice* Baboo Ram Pershad.

The following postings of Subordinate Judicial Officers are notified:—

Baboo Mohendro Nath Bose to be Subordinate Judge of Nuddea, *vice* Baboo Gooroo Prosad Sen.

Baboo Digumber Biswas to be Judge of the Small Cause Courts at Hooghly, Serampore, and Howrah, *vice* Baboo Doorga Pershad Ghose.

Baboo Bhupati Roy to be Subordinate Judge of Burdwan, *vice* Baboo Digumber Biswas.

Baboo Poresch Nath Banerjee to be Subordinate Judge of Hooghly, *vice* Baboo Bhupati Roy.

Baboo Amrito Lall Chatterjee to be Judge of the Small Cause Courts at Dacca and Moonsheegunge.

Baboo Krishna Mohun Mookerjee to be Additional Subordinate Judge of 24-Pergunnahs, Nuddea, and Midnapore.

Baboo Grish Chunder Chowdry, Moonsif of Oulna, in Burdwan, is appointed to act as subordinate Judge and Judge of the Small Cause Court, Moorsshedabad.

The following promotions of Moonsifs are made:—

To the First Grade.

Baboo Nuffar Chunder Bhutto, B.L.

Baboo Kali Prosuno Mookerjee, B.L.

„ Girish Chunder Chowdhry, B.L.

To the Second Grade.

Baboo Umbica Churn Ghose.

Baboo Debendro Lall Shome, B.L.

„ Kally Churn Ghosal, L.L.

Moulvi Shah Lutafut Hossein.

„ Hurro Gobiud Mookerjee, B.L.

Baboo Kurrinna Moy Banerjee, B.L.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be Moonsifs of the Third Grade and to be Moonsifs of the places mentioned against each:—

Baboo Janoki Nath Dutt, M.A., B.L., Alipore, in the 24-Pergunnahs.

„ Jogendro Nath Ghose, M.A., B.L., Perozcpore, in Backergunge.

„ Jadunath Ghose, B.A., L.L., Raojan, in Chittagong.

„ Bacharam Mookerjee, M.A., B.L., Additional Moonsif, Tipperah.

„ Lok Nath Nundy, L.L., Additional Moonsif, Rungpore.

Baboo Bani Madhub Mitter, Acting Moonsif of Kishnaghur, is confirmed in that appointment.

Baboo Denesh Chunder Roy, Moonsif of Alipore, is transferred to Bussirhat, in the 24-Pergunnahs.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th April 1877—It is hereby notified for general information that, under Section 78 of the Bengal Municipal Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the South Suburban Municipality, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, made at a special meeting, to sanction the imposition from the 1st October 1877 by the Commissioners, under Section 122 of the Act, of a tax on carriages, horses and other animals mentioned below at the rates specified against them respectively:—

				Per quarter.		
				Rs.	A.	P.
For every two or four-wheeled carriage drawn by one or two horses or ponies				1	8	0
For every horse, pony, mule or donkey				0	6	0
„ „ elephant				6	0	0
„ „ camel				2	0	0

2. The Lieutenant-Governor has been also pleased to sanction, on the recommendation of the Commissioners at a meeting, the registration by them, under Section 133 of the Act, of all carts kept or habitually used within the South Suburban Municipality, and the levying from the 1st April 1877 of a fee of Re. 1-4 half-yearly upon every cart for such registration.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th April 1877.—It is hereby notified that, under Section 5 of Act III of 1877 (the Indian Registration Act), the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the abolition of the sub-registry office at RaneeGUNGE, in the district of Purneah, and the re-transfer of thanas RaneeGUNGE and Mutiyari, at present comprised within its jurisdiction, to the registration sub-district of Arrareah, to which they formerly belonged. The changes will take effect from the 1st of May next.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th April 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, under the provisions of Section 321 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, to withdraw the Union of Dowlutkhan, in the district of Backergunge, from the operation of Chapter III of the said Act V (B.C.) of 1876 from 1st April 1877.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th April 1877.—Under Section 2 of Act II (B.C.) of 1867 (an Act to provide for the punishment of public gambling and the keeping of common gaming-houses), the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to extend the provisions of the Act to the Municipality of Doomraon and the Union of Bhojapore, in the district of Shahabad, with effect from the 15th May 1877.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th April 1877.—Under Section 3, Act I (B.C.) of 1876 (an Act to provide for the voluntary registration of Mahomedan marriages and divorces), the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to grant a license to Syed Abdussubhan, authorizing him to register Mahomedan marriages and divorces and to exercise the other functions of a Mahomedan Registrar within the limits of the police thanas of Pubna, Dulai, Mathura, and Chatmohar, in the district of Pubna. The head-quarters of the office will be at Pubna.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st April 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Government of India, having sanctioned an addition of one to the number of District and Sessions Judges in the Lower Provinces of Bengal, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to direct that the post of Additional Judge and Additional Sessions Judge in the districts of the Dacca Division be abolished with effect from the 1st proximo; and he has been further pleased, under the authority vested in him by Sections 3 and 18, Act VI of 1871, and Section 13, Act X of 1872, to direct that from the same date the thanas entered in the statement below, some of which now lie wholly or partly within the jurisdiction of the Judge of Tipperah, and some wholly or partly within that of the Judge of Chittagong, be constituted into a separate Civil and Sessions Division, and to appoint thereto a separate District and Sessions Judge, who will have his head-quarters at the Sudder Station of the district of Noakholly.

The Lieutenant-Governor has further been pleased, under Section 18, Act VI of 1871, to transfer thana Bamni from the jurisdiction of the Moonsif of Dewangunge to that of the Moonsif of Sudaram, and outpost Farashgunge, of the Luchkipore thana, from the jurisdiction of the latter officer to that of the Moonsif of Begumgunge.

The civil and criminal jurisdictions as now altered will stand as follows:—

Name of district.	Name of division of district.	Name of thana.	Name of moonsif to which each thana will be attached in future.	JUDGSHIP TO WHICH ATTACHED AT PRESENT.		District Judge and Sessions Division to which each thana will be attached in future.
				Civil jurisdiction.	Criminal jurisdiction.	
Noakholly.	Bhullooa or Sudder Division.	Sudaram	Sudaram ...	Judge of Tipperah.	Judge of Tipperah.	Judge of Noakholly.
		Hattia				
		Bamni				
		Begumgunge	Begumgunge ...			
		Raneegunge				
	Lukhipore, except outpost Farashgunge. Outpost Farashgunge					
	Fenny Division...	Sundeeep, including the islands of Lukhi, Bodu, and Shedhi.	Sundeeep	Judge of Chittagong.		
		Meersera	Dewangunge ...			
		Ameergunge or Fenny				
		Chaguluya				

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 21st April 1877.—With reference to the separate Notification of this day's date, constituting the district of Noakholly into a separate District Judgship and Sessions Division, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to appoint Mr. J. Tweedie, who is at present officiating as Additional Judge and Additional Sessions Judge in the districts of the Dacca Division, to act as District and Sessions Judge of Noakholly, with effect from the 1st proximo.

S. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th April 1877.—In modification of the Notification dated the 13th August 1874, published at page 1273 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th idem, Part I, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, under Section 10 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, to approve the following revised boundaries of the Berhampore Municipality, with effect from the 1st instant:—

The Municipality is divided into two blocks: block A, or the Berhampore block, and block B, or the Gorabazar block.

The block A of the Municipality is bounded on the west by the left bank of the Bhagiruthy river from a point opposite Kutuwallah thana on the road about 154 yards to the north of the north-western corner of the district jail boundary wall up to a point due west of Mekraj Baboo's house at Koonjo Ghata.

The other boundaries then run east along the Koonjo Ghata Rajbaree lane, up the Radhabullubpara lane, down the Girzatolla lane, till it meets the Dianaggore pucca road; it then runs south along the Dianaggore road for about 110 yards to a small culvert; thence direct to the tank on the north side of the Chaltia beel; thence along the north and east banks of that beel down to Joy Chand Khagra lane; thence westward along the Joy Chand Khagra lane to Baboo Radhica Churn Sen's garden; thence direct to Sooreeparah and on to the pucca bridge over the Kulkapore beel. The southern bank of the Kulkapore beel then forms the boundary, winding round up to the junction of the Jhowkhola pucca road

and the Kulkapore pucca road ; it then runs north along the Kulkapore pucca road up to a point near the Dutch burial ground, where five roads meet ; then north along the Sahel Ghatta lane to the bank of the Adigunga to a large tank at Dhangurparah ; thence direct to a point where three roads meet at the old cemetery ; thence along Cossim-bazar outpost road along the southern bank of the Katigunga to a cross road leading to the Nysripore road to Moharany Sarnomoyee's dwelling-house ; thence south along the Punchanuntollah pucca road to Grant Hall corner ; thence north along Khalaseebazar road and west along Berhampore bazar road to Kutuwallee thana.

Block B is bounded on the west by the Bhagiruthy river from a point opposite Koylah Ghata at the north-west corner of the college as far as Ajodhyanagore lane ; thence east along the zemindaree road, up to its junction with the Chaltia kutchra road ; and thence northward along the Chaltia kutchra road, meeting the pucca road to Choapore at a point 200 yards east of soldiers' cemetery ; and thence west along the Koylah Ghata road south of the military cantonment to the north-west corner of the college.

S. C. BAYLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th April 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under Section 78 of the Bengal Municipal Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the North Suburban Municipality, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, made at a special meeting, to sanction the imposition from the 1st September 1877 by the Commissioners, under Section 122 of the Act, of a tax on carriages, horses, and other animals mentioned below at the rates specified against them respectively :—

					Per quarter.		
					Rs.	A.	P.
On every carriage	...	...	...	...	1	8	0
„ „ horse, pony, mule, and donkey	...	...	...	...	0	6	0
„ „ elephant	...	...	...	...	6	0	0
„ „ camel	...	...	...	...	2	0	0

2 The Lieutenant-Governor has been also pleased to sanction, on the recommendation of the Commissioners at a meeting, the registration by them, under Section 133 of the Act, of all carts kept or habitually used within the North Suburban Municipality, and the levying from the 1st instant of a fee of Rs. 3 per annum upon every cart for such registration.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 29th March 1877.—It is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to sanction the transfer of the head-quarters of the Moureswar Sub-Registry Office, in the district of Beerbhoom, from Sikoda to Moureswar.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 5th April 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under Section 299 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Tumlook, in the district of Midnapore, at a meeting, to extend to that Municipality the provisions of Part IX, Chapter II of the said Act V (B.C.) of 1876.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 5th April 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under Section 77 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, in compliance with the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Comillah, in the district of Tipperah, made at a meeting convened expressly for the purpose, and of which due notice was given, to sanction the imposition within the limits of the said Municipality of Comillah of a tax upon persons occupying holdings therein according to their circumstances and the property to be protected within the Municipality.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 9th April 1877.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under Section 234 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Comillah at a meeting, to extend to that Municipality the provisions of Part VII, Chapter II of the said Act V (B.C.) of 1876, with the exception of Sections 257 to 270, both inclusive

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd April 1877.—It is hereby notified that, under Section 3, Regulation VI of 1819, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to declare the Itakata ferry, on the road from Adumdighee to Badulgatchee, in the Bogra district, to be a public ferry.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 10th April 1877.—Under Section 3, Act I (B.C.) of 1876 (an Act to provide for the voluntary registration of Mahomedan marriages and divorces), the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to grant a license to Moulvi Abdus Subhan authorising him to register Mahomedan marriages and divorces and to exercise the other functions of a Mahomedan Registrar within the thana of Teknaf, including the outposts of Nhila and Ukhia, in the subdivision of Cox's Bazar, in the Chittagong district. The head-quarters of the office will be at Nhila.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 17th April 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the cost of the Dacca Municipality for a public purpose, viz. for filling up an unhealthy tank, it is hereby declared that the tank at Armanitolah, in the town of Dacca, measuring 6 beeghas and 20 cottahs, more or less, bounded on the north by the road leading to Mahoottooly; south by the land belonging to Sheikh Kadir Buksh; east by the Noyasárruck road and the land belonging to Messrs. Lucas and H. Harney; and west by the Armanitolah road is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

S. C. BAYLEY,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 5th April 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a sanitary purpose, in Churung Sahi, in the city of Pooree, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 8 gunths and 9½ biswas by the local measure, equal to 1 rood 16 poles 6 yards and 1 foot by the English measure, and bounded on the north by Gagadhur Badoo Mahapatra's garden; on the south by the ditch belonging to Chowdry Bisuanath Doss and the public latrine to the west of the Narendra tank; on the east by the path on the west bank of that tank leading from Churung Sahi Lane and joining the Mitiaui Road between the trunk road and Manglaghat; and on the west by the waste land belonging to Chowdry Bisuanath Doss, is required within the aforesaid Churung Sahi.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 9th April 1877.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Corporation of the Town of Calcutta for a public purpose, viz. for a roadway through Tantee Para Bustee in extension of Mitter's Lane, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose pieces of land Nos. 132, 133, Machooa Bazar Street, No. 34, Mooktaram Baboo's Street, and Nos. 2 and 3, Mitter's Lane, measuring 15½ cottahs, more or less, and bounded on the north by Mooktaram Baboo's Street and Mitter's Lane; on the south by Machooa Bazar Street; on the east

partly by No. 34, Mooktaram Baboo's Street, belonging to Torongomoye Dasse, partly by Mitter's Lane, partly by No. 3, Mitter's Lane, belonging to Doyamoye Dasse, partly by No. 132, Machooa Bazar Street, belonging to Preonath Sett, and partly by No. 133, Machooa Bazar Street, belonging to Romanath Sett; and on the west partly by Mitter's Lane, partly by No. 2, Mitter's Lane, belonging to Russick Loll Mitter, partly by No. 3, Mitter's Lane, belonging to Doyamoye Dasse, partly by No. 132, Machooa Bazar Street, belonging to Preonath Sett, and partly by No. 133, Machooa Bazar Street, belonging to Romanath Sett, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

R. L. MANGLES,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 19th April 1877.

No. 130.—*Leave of absence.*—Mr. James Caldwell, Supervisor (temporary rank), Second Grade, attached to the Nuddea Rivers Division, for nine months on medical certificate, under Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, Section 3.

2. Mr. Caldwell is also allowed preparatory leave for thirty days under the above Code, Sections 10 and 11.

The 20th April 1877.

No. 131.—*Notifications.*—Baboo Denonath Sen, Executive Engineer (temporary rank), Fourth Grade, joined the Mozufferpore Division on the 7th current, before noon.

No. 132.—Baboo Ramessur Dass, Accountant, Fourth Grade, joined the Chittagong Division on the 28th March 1877, before noon.

The 21st April 1877.

No. 133.—Baboo Gopal Chunder Mookerjee, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, assumed charge of the Presidency Division on the 5th current, after noon.

No. 134.—*Leave of absence.*—Baboo Joynarain Dass, Supervisor, First Grade, attached to the Orissa Division, for three months on medical certificate, under Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, Section 3, with effect from the 1st March 1877.

No. 135.—Baboo Poorno Chunder Banerjee, Overseer, Second Grade, attached to the Mozufferpore Division, is allowed privilege leave for fifteen days, under the above Code, Section 12, with effect from the 11th current, after noon.

LOCAL,—COMMUNICATIONS.

The 23rd April 1877.

No. 136.—*Declaration under Section 6, Act X of 1870 of the Government of India.*—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road to be constructed to fill in the gap in the road contiguous to the gateway of the Eastern Bengal Railway Station at Purodah, in the village of Katdaha, pergunnah Rajpore, zillah Nuddea, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2 beeghas and 10 cottahs of standard measurement, bounded on the north by lands and the station of the Eastern Bengal Railway at Purodah; on the south by Jummai land belonging partly to Hari Chunder Mitter and Bishu Chowkidar and partly by a house belonging to Madhu Katu and Bishu Chowkidar; on the west by a cross road running from the gateway of the station of the Eastern Bengal Railway at Purodah to the southern portion of the Katdaha village; on the east by land belonging partly to Rati Kanta Basu and Brothers and partly to Kiram Shah and Bhairub Kar, is required within the aforesaid village of Katdaha.

2. This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

CIVIL BUILDINGS.

The 24th April 1877.

No. 137.—*Declaration under Section 6, Act X of 1870 of the Government of India.*—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the new headquarters of the sub-division of Dukhin-Shabaspore, in village Algi, pergunnah Gopalpur Mirzanagar, zillah Backergunge, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 80 beeghas of standard measurement, bounded on the

north-west by Andir Khal; on the south-west by Bhola Khal; on the north-east by paddy lands of village Algi; and on the south-east by paddy lands and houses of Algi and Tara-gunj, as shown by the lines marked by the Executive Engineer in the fields by bamboo and wooden posts, is required within the aforesaid village of Algi.

2. This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. E. T. NICOLLS, *Major-Genl., R.E.,*
Secretary to the Government of Bengal
in the Public Works Department.

IRRIGATION.

NOTIFICATION—ESTABLISHMENT.

The 23rd April 1877.

No. 137.—Posting.—Mr. W. G. L. Cotton, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, is posted to the Northern Drainage and Embankment Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 9th April, 1877.

No. 138.—Leave.—Baboo P. Veeriah Naidoo, First Class Assistant Apothecary, Byturnee Division, is granted leave on private affairs for six months, under Section 5, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself thereof, Baboo Heera Lal Bose, Assistant Surgeon, Third Grade, acting for him during his absence, or until further orders.

F. T. HAIG, *Colonel, R.E.,*
Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the P. W. Dept., Irrigation Branch.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2684, dated 15th April 1877.—Surgeon E. Bovill received charge of the Mymensingh Jail from Surgeon J. C. Shaw in the forenoon of the 26th ultimo.

H. BEVERLEY,
Offg. Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

Circular Orders issued by Authority of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

CRIMINAL.

No. 2, dated the 26th March 1877.

IN lieu of the return (numbered in the series of forms as High Court Criminal No. 128) called "State of the Files of the Magistrate and his Subordinates," the High Court of Judicature directs the submission monthly, by the Magistrate of every district under its authority, of a return in the annexed form, which is to be exactly followed.

2. The form explains itself, and the return should be despatched not later than the 15th of the month succeeding that to which it relates.

3. The monthly statement of the "average duration of cases before the magisterial authorities" may be discontinued, except in so far as it serves for the preparation of the annual statement of average duration of cases.

The Court further directs that the Magistrate of every district under its authority shall submit monthly a statement in the annexed form, exhibiting the cases of all persons tried within the month under the provisions of Chapter XVIII of the Code of Criminal Procedure. This statement also should be despatched not later than the 15th of the succeeding month. Under the column of offence charged it will be sufficient to insert the section of the Indian Penal Code (thus—323 P. O.), or, in the case of offences against Municipal Acts or Conservancy clauses of Police Acts, the number of the section with the letters M. A. or C. O., as the case may be; but the charge is to be entered in this column *as laid*; the substituted charge, if any, is to be similarly shown in the next column.

5. The punishment is to be entered, if a fine, as F. Rs. 50, or the like; if imprisonment—S. I. or R. I. (as the case may be) 3 M., or the like.

6. Magistrates will require their clerks to fill up the statement in exact accordance with these instructions.

From Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, to His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council, Fort St. George,—(No. 5, (Revenue), dated India Office, London, the 25th January 1877.)

THE despatch of your Excellency in Council, dated 28th November, No. 19 of 1876, transmitting a memorial from Vemagauti Narayana Rao, late a Tahsildar and a Sub-Magistrate in the Nellore district, in which he prays for restoration to the service of Government, has been considered in Council.

2. I desire that the memorialist, who has been convicted of corruption, may be informed that I decline to interfere in his favour.

3. I fully approve of the orders alluded to in the last paragraph of the despatch for giving every consideration to Tahsildars and Native Magistrates when accused of offences in their official capacity.

4. There is one point connected with this case on which I desire to make a suggestion. The memorialist was prosecuted by the Collector, and he alleges (page 60) that when the Sessions Judge came to Nellore to try the case, he resided at the Collector's house, and was greatly prejudiced by the Collector against the memorialist.

I have no doubt that the latter assertion is quite unfounded, but I think it would be well if your Grace in Council would suggest to the Judges, through the High Court, to avoid, as far as possible, becoming the guests of those who are interested in cases, civil or criminal, which will eventually be submitted to the Judge's decision. All possible imputation of prejudice against the weaker party will thus be avoided.

CIVIL.

No. 8, dated the 7th April 1877.

The High Court's Criminal Circular No. 3, dated the 25th July 1872, is herewith circulated for the information of all Civil Courts, and it is directed that those Courts be guided by its provisions when issuing processes to districts in which the language in use is different from that of the district issuing the process.

2. This circular order should be read in connexion with Civil Circular No. 4 of 13th March 1876.

CIRCULAR ORDER No. 3.

To—All Criminal Authorities.

Dated Calcutta, the 25th July 1872.

INCONVENIENCE having resulted in certain cases from processes sent from Bengal to courts in the Madras Presidency being in Hindoostanee, the Court are pleased, at the instance of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, to issue the following orders on the subject.

HIGH COURT, &c.,
CRIMINAL SIDE.
Present:
The Hon'ble Sir R. Couch, Kt.,
Chief Justice.
The Hon'ble Louis S. Jackson.
The Hon'ble W. Markby,
" F. A. Glover,
" W. Ainslie,
Judges of the Court.

2. Warrants issuing out of a Magistrate's Court should be written "in the language in ordinary use in the district in which it is held," that is to say (with certain exceptions) the language in which the proceedings of the several courts are conducted. But where a warrant is sent for execution to the

Magistrate of a district where a different language is in ordinary use, the warrant should be accompanied by a translation, certified by the transmitting Magistrate to be correct, into such other language, or into English. Moreover, in such cases it would be proper that the warrant should always be accompanied by a letter in English requesting its execution.

By Order, &c.,

(Signed) W. CORNELL, *Offg. Registrar.*

Sheriff's Office, the 18th April 1877.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fifth Criminal Sessions of the year 1877, of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court-house, in the Town of Calcutta, on Wednesday, the sixteenth day of May next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Session be then and there to prosecute.

J. F. OGILVY, *Sheriff.*

সদ্রিক আকিস, সম ১৮৭৭ সাল ১৮ আশ্বিন।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে সুবে বাঙ্গালার কোর্ট উইলিয়ম দুর্গের অধীন শহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের কোর্টদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্তা জন্য আগামি সম ১৮৭৭ সালে ১৬ই মে বুধবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাই কোর্টের আগমন আদালত ঘরে সম ১৮৭৭ সালের পঞ্চম ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদীর বিরুদ্ধে কোর্টদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া বোঝাবা করে ইতি।

J. F. OGILVY, *Sheriff.*

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICES.

UNDER the provisions of Section 14, Act XI of 1865, it is hereby notified that, subject to the order of Government, the Judge of the Small Cause Court of Monghyr will hold his sittings there in future from the 2nd Monday of each month to the following Saturday, both days inclusive, beginning with the 14th of May 1877.

The 17th April 1877.

BOLAC CHAND, *Offg. Judge.*

UNDER Section 14, Act XI of 1865, and subject to the orders of the Government, notice is hereby given that the Judge of the Courts of Small Causes at Dacca and Moonsheegunge will sit again at the Moonsheegunge Court on the 30th instant.

PORISHNATH BANERJEE, *Offg. Judge.*

MOONSHHEEGUNGE SMALL CAUSE COURT, the 19th April 1877.

TREASURY NOTICES.

DEPUTY COLLECTOR BABOO WOOMA CHURN BOSE has been placed in charge of the Mozufferpore Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

DURGA GATI BANERJEE, *Personal Asst. to Commr.*

BABOO BHOBOTOSH BANERJEE, Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Darjeeling Treasury from 5th April 1877, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

J. A. CRAVEN, *for Commissioner.*

EDUCATIONAL NOTICES.

DRAFT NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified, under paragraph 8 of the Junior Scholarship Rules, that six Junior Scholarships of the Second Grade and twelve of the Third Grade allotted to the Burdwan Division have been distributed as follows:—

Hooghly and Howrah ...	...	...	6
Burdwan ...	...	...	5
Midnapore ..	...	...	3
Bankoora ...	...	...	2
Beerbhoom ...	...	...	2
Total			18

HORACE A. COCKERELL, *Commr. of the Burdwan Divn.*

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., the 23rd April 1877.

It is hereby notified that at the next Half-yearly Examination of Junior Civilians, Deputy Magistrates, &c., commencing on Monday, the 7th May 1877, four local Examination Committees will be held in this division, viz. one at No. 3, Theatre Road, Calcutta, for officers stationed at the Presidency or employed in the 24-Pergunnahs; one at Kishnaghur for officers employed in the district of Nuddea; one at Jessore Sudder Station, for officers employed in that district; and one at Berhampore for officers employed in the Moorsshedabad district.

C. T. BUCKLAND, *Commissioner.*

It is hereby notified that for the next half-yearly examination of Junior Civilians, Deputy Magistrates, &c., to commence on Monday, the 7th May 1877, three local committees will be appointed in this division, viz. one committee at Midnapore for the officers employed in the district of Midnapore, and another committee at Burdwan for the officers employed in that district and in the districts of Bankoora and Beerbhoom.

The officers employed in Hooghly and Howrah will be examined in the office of the Commissioner of the Division at Howrah.

HORACE A. COCKERELL, *Commissioner.*

Orders by the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

THE undermentioned student has passed the Examination for Honors in Medicine:—

Bhagavatchandra Rudra

... Medical College.

A. W. CROFT, *Offg. Registrar.*

SENATE HOUSE, the 12th April 1877.

The following is the list of subjects appointed for the Examinations of 1879-80 :—

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION, 1879.

	<i>Greek.</i>
Xenophon	... Anabasis, Book I.
Homer	... Odyssey, Book II.
	<i>Latin.</i>
Cicero	... De Amicitia.
Ovid	...* { Pastorum Narrationes. Epistolæ de Ponto.
	<i>Sanskrit.</i>
Extracts from Hitopadesha, Vishnupurāna, and Mahābhārat in Rijupat, Part III. Upakramanikā.	
	<i>Arabic.</i>
Selections* by Major Fuller.	
	<i>Persian.</i>
Iqd-i-gul, pages 1—105. Iqd-i-Manzum.	
	<i>Hebrew.</i>
The Book of Genesis.	
	<i>Bengali.</i>
Selections* by the Revd. K. M. Banerjee.	
	<i>Urdu.</i>
Selections* in Prose by Raja Sivaprasad, C.S.I. Selections* in Poetry by Mr. Browning.	
	<i>Hindi.</i>
Rāmāyana	... Bālkānda.
Rājūiti	... The first two chapters.
	<i>Uruga.</i>
Rāmāyana	... Sundra Kānda.
Jeebun Charita	... Translation from Iswara Chandra Vidyasagara by Fakcer Chand Sinapati.
Batris Singhasan	... The whole.
	<i>Armenian.</i>
History of Armenia	... Books I—III.
	<i>Burmese.</i>
Zaneka. Dammāpada ga-hṭa	... Selections (Rangoon Mission Press, 1873).

FIRST EXAMINATION IN ARTS, 1879.

	<i>English.</i>
Cowper*	... Table Talk.
Goldsmith*	... The Deserted Village.
Macaulay*	... Lay of Horatius.
Pope*	... Essay on Criticism.
Johnson*	... Life of Milton.
Prescott*	... Essays on Sir W. Scott, Cervantes, and Molière.
Helps*	... Spanish Conquest of America, Vol. I, Book II.
Macaulay*	... History of England, Chap. I.
	<i>Greek.</i>
Herodotus	... Book IV (Melpomene).
Euripides	... Iccuba.
	<i>Latin.</i>
Catullus	... Selections.*
Ovid	... Miscellanea.*
Cicero	... Orations against Catiline, Chap. I & II.
	<i>Sanskrit.</i>
Raghuvansa	... Books I—VII.
Bhattikavya	... Books I—V.

Selections* by Mr. Kempson.

Arabic.

...

Hebrew.

Genesis.

Ruth.

Psalms, 1—72.

Job, Chapters 1—5.

Persian.

Sih nasr-i-zahuri

Rūquat-i-Mirza Bedil

Qasaid-i-Urfi

Sekandar Namah

... First 25 pages.

... Ditto.

... Ditto.

... Ditto.

B. A. EXAMINATION, 1880.

English.

Shakspeare

Milton *

Trench

Helps *

Burke *

Macaulay

... Hamlet.

... Paradise Lost, Books XI and XII.

... Household Book of English Poetry, pp. 194 to end.

... Realmah (the story only, excluding the conversations).

... Speech on Economical Reform.

... Essay on Hallam's Constitutional History (Rivingtons' English School Classics).

Essays of Elia, the following only :—

Oxford in the Vacation.

The Two Races of Men.

Mrs. Battle's Opinions on Whist.

All Fools' Day.

Lamb *

... A Quakers' Meeting.

The Old Benchers of the Inner Temple.

A Dissertation upon Roast Pig.

Sanity of True Genius.

Captain Jackson.

The Superannuated Man.

Greek.

Sophocles

Thucydides

... Antigone.

... Book VII.

Latin.

Horace

Sallust

Juvenal and Persius

... Odes, Books I & II.

... Jugurtha.

... Selections.*

Sanskrit.

Kúmar Sambhava

Meghaduta

Sakuntalá

... Books I—VII.

...

...

Hebrew.

Deuteronomy

Psalms, 1—XLI.

Isaiah, 1—XXXIX.

Daniel, 1—VII.

Proverbs.

*Arabic.**

Tarikh-i-Yamani

Hamasab, first 31 pages

Mutanabbi

... } As contained in Selections by Col. Lees.

*Persian.**

Veqai Neamat Khan Ali

Durra-i-Nádiri

Qasaid Kháqáni

Qasaid Badar Chachi

... The first half.

... 50 pages, from page 181.

... First 50 pages.

... Ditto.

The following Text-book in General Geography has been appointed for the Entrance Examination of 1878 and following years :—

C. B. Clarke's Geographical Reader and Companion to the Atlas.

SENATE HOUSE,
The 19th April 1877. }

A. W. CROFT,
Offg. Registrar.

OPIUM NOTIFICATION.

No. 397B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fifth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1875-76, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Thursday, the 3rd May 1877, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 4,000 chests, viz.—

Behar	Opium	...	...	...	Chests.
Benares	"	...	...	...	2,085
					1,915
				Total	4,000

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 14th November 1876, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 8th and 18th May 1877 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Tuesday, the 8th May 1877, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Friday, the 18th May 1877.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

Dates.	Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Monday, 4th June 1877	2,085	1,915	4,000
On or about Wednesday, 4th July "	2,085	1,915	4,000
On or about Thursday, 2nd August "	2,085	1,915	4,000
On or about Wednesday, 5th September "	2,080	1,920	4,000
On or about Wednesday, 3rd October "	2,080	1,920	4,000
On or about Friday, 2nd November "	2,080	1,920	4,000
On or about Monday, 3rd December "	2,080	1,920	4,000
Total	14,575	13,425	28,000

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 27th March 1877.

Statement showing the quantity of Salt in store available for exportation on private trade at each of the several Ports of Export on the 1st March 1877.

Districts.	Ports.	Quantity.	REMARKS.
		Indian Mds.	
Ganjam	Bavanapadu, at the Nowp-		
	adah salt pans	50,000	
Godavery	Cocanada	50,000	
	Nursapur	50,000	
Kistna	Nizampatam	37,691	
	Madras	.....
Chingleput	Ennore	.....
	Covelong	373,851	
	Negapatam	.....
Tanjore	Katmavady	20,000	
	Vypaur	60,000	
Tinnevelly	Arasady	31,200	
	Tuticorin	200,000	
	Total	872,742	

REVENUE BOARD OFFICE ;
Madras, the 20th March 1877.

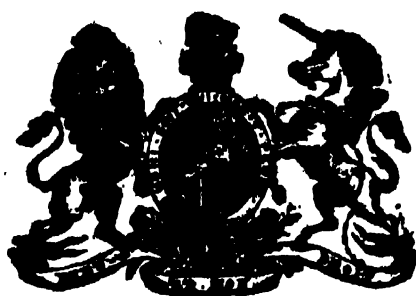
C. A. GALTON,
Sub-Secretary.

Published for general information.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 17th April 1877.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25, 1877.

PART II.

Advertisements.

[N.B.—Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this part of the Gazette, cannot be received after Noon on Monday.]

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government to the undermentioned estate, situate in the district of Monghyr, will be put up to sale at the Monghyr Collectorate on Tuesday, the 15th May 1877, corresponding with 28th Choitro 1284, F.S.

The purchasers of this estate will be subject to the following conditions of sale:—

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

- (1.) The purchaser of this estate will be considered as the proprietor of the estate, and the entire proprietary right of Government in such estate will be transferred to him, revenue free, in perpetuity, as the jumma is below one rupee.
- (2.) The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the laws in force, and the purchaser to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the Revenue Authorities.
- (3.) If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.
- (4.) If the amount of purchase-money exceeds Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

Number in statement of Government estates.	Number on the district list.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Approximate area in acres.	GOVERNMENT REVENUE.			Upset price.	REMARKS.
				Revenue assessed.	Road cess.	Total.		
123	4456	Relinquished plot of land in mouzah Secatar, pergunnah Chakya.	A. B. P. 0 3 37	Rs. A. P. 0 10 2	.....	Rs. A. P. 0 10 2	Rs. A. P. 12 11 4	The upset price has been calculated at 20 times the sudder jumma.

MONGHYR COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 4th November 1876.

E. D. LOCKWOOD, Offg. Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land no longer required by the Government, situated in the district of Beerbhoom, East Indian Railway, Loop Line, will be put up to sale at Bulpore in Beerbhoom at noon on Friday, the 1st June 1877, corresponding with 20th Joisto 1284 B. S.

The purchasers of these plots will be subject to the following conditions:—

1st.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2nd.—If the amount of purchase-money exceeds Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.

3rd.—The plots will be sold revenue free to the highest bidders.

4th.—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt of the orders of the Commissioner confirming the sales, but such possession shall be liable to be disturbed in case the final sanction of the Board of Revenue should not be accorded to the proceedings.

Lot number as per Railway Department's boundary book.	Name of zillah.	Pergunnah and mouzah.	Number of mile on which lot is situated.	Situated on which side of the railway.	APPROXIMATE AREA OF LOT IN BEGHA AND IN ACRES.			LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundary of lot.
					B. K. G.	A. R. P.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
29	Beerbhoom	Pergunnah Barbakising, mouzah Taltoria.	100	West	9 15 17½	3 0 38	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 4,042 feet of mile 100, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By end of mile 100, as per plan. South—By northern boundary of lot No. 27. East—By railway fencing. West—By zemindary land.
30	ditto	ditto	100	East	9 13 4½	3 0 31	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 4,042 feet of mile 100, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By end of mile 100, as per plan. South—By northern boundary of lot No. 28. East—By zemindary land. West—By railway fencing.
31	ditto	ditto	101	West	12 11 9½	4 0 25	.....	.....	.....	Commences from the end of mile 100, and terminates at 1,376 feet of mile 101, as per plan.	North—By southern boundary of lot No. 23. South—By end of mile 100, as per plan. East—By railway fencing. West—By zemindary land.
32	ditto	ditto	101	East	12 6 3½	4 0 11	.....	.....	.....	Commences from end of mile 100, and terminates at 1,376 feet of mile 101, as per plan.	North—By southern boundary of lot No. 34. South—By end of mile 100, as per plan. East—By zemindary land. West—By railway fencing.
33	ditto	ditto	101	West	11 12 10½	3 3 15	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 1,376 feet of mile 101, and terminates at 2,753 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By southern boundary of lot No. 35. South—By northern boundary of lot No. 31. East—By railway fencing. West—By zemindary land.
34	ditto	ditto	101	East	11 12 10½	3 3 15	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 1,376 feet of mile 101, and terminates at 2,753 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By southern boundary of lot No. 36. South—By northern boundary of lot No. 32. East—By railway fencing. West—By zemindary land.
35	ditto	ditto	101	West	8 18 1½	2 5 31	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 2,753 feet of mile 101, and terminates at end of same, as per plan.	North—By end of mile 101, as per plan. South—By northern boundary of lot No. 33. East—By railway fencing. West—By zemindary land.
36	ditto	Pergunnah Mawresur, mouzas Saja and Ampaci Chak.	114	West	3 14 2½	1 0 36	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 3,565 feet of mile 114, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By end of mile 114, as per plan. South—By land retained by railway company. East—By railway fencing. West—By zemindary land.
37	ditto	ditto	114	East	3 14 2½	1 0 36	.....	.....	.....	Commences on 3,565 feet of mile 114, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By end of mile 114, as per plan. South—By land retained by railway company. East—By zemindary land. West—By railway fencing.

R. D. HILL, Collector.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Beerbhoom will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on Monday, 21st May 1877, corresponding with 9th Jaist 1284 B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 28th day of March 1877.

No. on the rent roll.	Class.	Names of mehals and pergunnahs.	The nature of the demand for which the estate is to be sold.	Proprietor.	Government revenue.	REMARKS.
214	First class.	Shahajapore, pergunnah Barbeksing.	Arrears of revenue Rs. 68-11-1.	Prem Narsin Chowdhury, Giris Chundra Mojumdar, Lakhimoni Debya, guardian, mother of Umesh Chundra Mojumdar, Annanda Chundra, Dolegovinda, Chandra Mohun, Hara Mohun, Ram Mohun, Ram Chundra, Sheeb Chundra, Rash Mohun, Kristo Kanta, Bhagabati Debya, second, Ram Chundra, Kali Das, Ram Tana, Radhaballab, Kristo Gopal, Kristoballab Chowdhury, Kamalmani, Drabmoye, Anumati Debya, Kashinath Chundra, Peetambori Debya, Kumed Kumari Debya, Ishun Chundra (hakroverti), Ram Gopal Chowdhury, Peary Mohun Chowdhury, Brojo Lal Chatteraj, Gopi Sundari Debi, Radha Mohun Chowdhury, Atar Rohoma, alias Makumesh, Jant Rohoma, and Ajjan Nesa Bebi, Jogdis Chowdhury, Rajkumari Debi, Kashi Nath Chundra, Srikrishna Chowdhury, Srenarain Chowdhury, Monimohini Debya, guardian, mother of minor Radha Benod Chowdhury, Matangini Debi, Ambica Charn Ghotak, Nil Madhub Bardapadhyay, Tin Cowry Hati, and Kritathomoye Debi.	Sudder jumma ... 2,116 14 0 That, exclusive of the separate share of Lakhimoni Debya, guardian, mother of Umesh Chundra Mojumdar ... 664 14 3 Peary Mohun Chowdhury ... 40 0 9 Radha Mohun Chowdhury ... 60 1 6 Brojo Lal Chatteraj and Gopi Sundari Debi ... 30 0 6 Ram Gopal Chowdhury ... 80 1 6 Atar Rohoma, alias Makumesh, Jant Rohoma, and Ajjan Nesa Bebi ... 106 12 9 Ambica Charn Ghotak ... 57 10 4 is 1,029 9 7 1/2 1,067 4 4 1/2	The rights and interests of the proprietors in the estates, except those of the persons mentioned in the foregoing column, will be sold.

BEERBHOOM COLLECTORATE, the 9th April 1877.

T. GRANT, Offg. Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Sarun will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on Monday the 21st of May 1877, corresponding with the 24th of Jeth, the first 1284 F.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 28th day of March 1877.

CLASS I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

Serial number.	Towjee number.	Name of Estate and Pergunnah.	Names of proprietors.	Government revenue of entire estate.	Government revenue of the share which will be sold for arrears of revenue.	Arrears of revenue due from the estate.
				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. K. M. D.	Rs. A. P.
1	240	Eksar, pergunnah Baul ...	Ram Pershad Narain and others...	812 11 0	355 5 6 0 0 0	11 1 10 1/2
2	343	Pithowri, pergunnah Baul ...	Bhopal Sahi ...	532 8 6 1/2	159 11 6 1/2 0 0 0	16 8 2 1/2
3	832	Bangrapasnowil Gangan, pergunnah Bara.	Durga Dutt and others ...	1,214 14 11 1/2	1,214 14 11 1/2 0 0 0	3 10 3 1/2
4	997	Sewan, pergunnah Bara ...	Wali Mohamed ...	604 12 0 1/2	376 8 6 1/2 0 0 0	14 1 3 1/2
5	1318	Kowdia, pergunnah Bara ...	Kishurdeo Narain and others ...	4,817 1 0 1/2	412 3 4 0 0 0	5 13 8 1/2
6	1332	Mohun, pergunnah Bara ...	Juthur. Rai and others ...	833 1 0 1/2	443 1 6 1/2 0 0 0	4 7 8 1/2
7	1348	Jimrawn Awasti, pergunnah Bara.	Sadhu Suru Rai and others ...	760 14 1	700 14 1 0 0 0	12 2 7
8	1822	Bakhrour, pergunnah Dungee.	Lal Narain Sing and others ...	1,325 0 6	1,336 5 8 0 0 0	104 6 1 1/2
9	2007	Raipulli, pergunnah Kusmer.	Ghiun Sing ...	2,029 8 6 1/2	2,028 8 6 1/2 0 0 0	194 14 9
10	2334	Jaitherbhatgain, pergunnah Goah.	Mussamut Jiacha Kuer, Hanarani Kuer, and others.	3,004 1 2 1/2	1,834 1 1 11 15 0	19 3 8 1/2
11	2453	Chap Sudersun, pergunnah Goah.	Ritubaran Singh, Kunja Rai, and others.	831 5 4	285 3 8 3 0 0	1 3 10 1/2
12	2469	Dharamraj, pergunnah Goah.	Meherban Sing, Ramsahai Sing, and others.	663 7 5	279 4 11 6 13 10	3 5 5
13	2520	Dhauri, pergunnah Goah...	Golam Hussein Khan, and Nobidad Khan, and others.	517 5 4	517 5 4 0 0 0	1 0 3
14	2613	Kerwakutea, pergunnah Goah.	Kuklip Narain...	3,146 10 8	363 3 7 0 0 0	9 14 3
15	2630	Karriakaran, pergunnah Goah.	Kashi Sahu, Mokhea Sahu, and others.	894 5 3	371 13 0 2 0 0	3 12 9 1/2
16	2812	Annour Mandor, pergunnah Moker.	Jobraj Sing, Jamalet Sinc, and others.	12,485 1 3 1/2	1,336 1 0 7 10 3	86 0 0 1/2
17	2813	Ditto ditto ...	Moulvi Ather Hussein ...	12,485 1 3 1/2	338 1 3 3 0 0	3 0 10 1/2
18	2816	Ditto ditto ...	Salamat Ali, Bamarat Ali, and others.	7,301 11 0 1/2	509 1 9 14 0 0	63 15 9 1/2
19	2904	Yohiyapur, pergunnah Madhal.	Sheo Narain Rai ...	648 9 6	237 1 10 1/2 0 0 0	29 9 5 1/2
20	4631	Narhon, pergunnah Narhon.	Syed Easr Hussein, Moulvi Abdool Hal, and others.	1,000 12 10	1,000 12 10 0 0 0	103 0 5

SARUN COLLECTORATE, the 17th April 1877.

G. S. PARK, Offg. Collector,

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Patna will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 28th day of May 1877, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 28th day of March 1877.

CLASS I.—*Permanently-settled Estates.*

Number of towns.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Sudder jumma.	Names of Proprietors.	REMARKS.
2	Alawa, &c., pergunnah Pelich.	Rs. A. P. 725 7 2	Puriagnurain, Luchmeenurain oorf Chukouree Sing and Sheenurain Sah, &c., maliks.	Out of sudder jumma Rs. 725-7-2, Rs. 73-4 to be deducted on account share of Puriagnurain, Luchmeenurain orf Chukouree Sing and Sheenurain Sah, &c., with whom separate accounts were opened under section 10, Act XI of 1859; sudder jumma advertised for sale is Rs. 652-3-2, on account share of Gungabishoon Sing, Mussamut Soobas Kour, Phakoo Kour, &c., non-applicants, which will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
12	Bayoor Nuseerood- deen, pergunnah Phoolwaree.	773 1 1	Dabeeshuhoi, Gobindram, and Hurkishoon Loll, &c., maliks.	Out of sudder jumma Rs. 773-1-1, Rs. 194-5-10 to be deducted on account share of Sheopershad and Hurpershad, &c., with whom separate accounts were opened under section 10, Act XI of 1859; sudder jumma advertised for sale is Rs. 578-11-3, on account share of Dabeeshuhoi, Gobindram, Hurkishoon Loll, Mussamut Bunsce Koer, mother and guardian of Reedhperashad, minor son, Shekh Ruckshee, Mussamut Ojsealee, Seetaram Sahoo, and Kunhaiah Loll, non-applicants, which will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
135	Purasee, pergunnah Pelich.	571 8 0	Khajeh Mahomed Hosen, Mussamut Ubzooloon Nissa oorf Bagoo Sahaybay, Mussa- mut Jugco (wife), herself and mother and guardian of Ab- doolhadee, Amceerooddeen, Mussamuts Ukbury, Us- guriy, Surwury, minor daughters, Mussamut Ush- ruff-oon-Nissa, mother and heirs of Shaikh Essof Hosen, maliks.	The entire estate will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
196	Senhra nist, pergunnah Mussourah.	1,215 7 11	Ramnurain Sing, Mohabeer Sing, and Moheeput Sing, &c., maliks.	Out of sudder jumma Rs. 1,215-7-11, Rs. 926-15-6 to be deducted on account share of Mahabeer Sing and Ramnurain Sing, &c., with whom separate accounts were opened under section 10, Act XI of 1859; sudder jumma advertised for sale is Rs. 288-8-6, on account share of Moheeput Sing, Sunahce Sing, Mussamut Rameo Phool Koer, Oodit Sing, Baboo Dhunookdharee Sing, Nirbhuy Sing, Beerun Sing, and Hurnaum Sing, non-applicants, which will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
210	Oncheausaypore and Kusbay Hila, per- gunnah Pelich.	2,199 8 0	Mussamut Rookmin Koer and Kunhaiah Sing, maliks.	Out of sudder jumma Rs. 2,199-8-6, Rs. 1,619-10-4 on account share of Pudoondeo Nurain Sing, &c., whose shares were brought under partition according to the provisions of section 33, Regulation XIX of 1814; sudder jumma advertised for sale is Rs. 519-14-2, on account share of Luchmeedee Nurain Sing, whose share was brought under partition according to the provisions of section 33, Regulation XIX of 1814, which will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
515	Saedpore, Gouhur Chuck Madho, per- gunnah Ageemabad.	503 9 1	Syud Wuheedooddeen Ushrof Asalut Ali, Belce Niamut, Meer Emaan Ali, and Kooban Ali, maliks.	The entire estate will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
517	Mundach Gayan Koer, pergunnah Tithara.	1,687 0 0	Mussamut Saedojon, Mussa- mut Rajbunsee Koer, and Mussamut Soaphool Koer, &c., maliks.	Out of sudder jumma Rs. 1,687, Rs. 439-6-2 to be deducted on account share of Shaikh Ameer Ali, Mussamut Maina Koer, Mussamut Barsatun, and Laljee Sing, &c., with whom separate accounts were opened under section 10, Act XI of 1859, sudder jumma advertised for sale is Rs. 1,247-9-10, on account share of Mussamut Saedojon, Mussamut Rajbunsee Koer, Mussamut Soaphool Koer, Mussamut Sungeejon, Syud Ahmad Hosen, Shaikh Fida Ali, Mussamut Wajid Hosen, Mussamut Hosanujon orf Omrao Sahaybay, Mussamut Sitara and Mussamut Busharut-oon-Nissa, herself mother and guardian of Shaik Wahed Ally, minor son, non-applicants, which will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
512	Kumarpore, Pahar- pore, &c., pergunnah Behar.	580 12 0	Baboo Phool Sing, Dareco Sing, and Baboo Bodha Sing, maliks.	The entire estate will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
724	Jahangeerpore, Mugur- pal, pergunnah Shahpore, Munair.	2,316 4 4	Dhurum Loll and Mahadeo Suhoi, &c., maliks.	Out of sudder jumma Rs. 2,316-4-4, Rs. 1,891-15-4 to be deducted on account share of Gouree Shunker and Rasbaliary Loll, &c., with whom separate accounts were opened under section 10, Act XI of 1859 and Laikram, &c., non-applicants; sudder jumma advertised for sale is Rs. 434-5, on account share of Dhurum Loll and Mahadeo Suhoi, with whom separate accounts were opened under section 10, Act XI of 1859, which will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
725	Arasee Jahangeerpore, Mugurpal, pergun- nah Shahpore, Mu- nair.	15,231 1 11	Ditto ditto	Out of sudder jumma Rs. 15,231-1-11, Rs. 12,375-3-7 to be deducted on account share of Rasbaliary Loll and Mussamut Bhagmanee Koer, &c., with whom separate accounts were opened under section 10, Act XI of 1859, and Mussamut Aj-dheeshadree, &c., non-applicants; sudder jumma advertised for sale is Rs. 2,865-14-4, on account share of Dhurum Loll and Mahadeo Suhoi, with whom separate accounts were opened under section 10, Act XI of 1859, which will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
742	Arasee Baysha Jharay Mahajee Jahangeor- pore, Mugurpal, per- gunnah Shahpore, Munair.	1,561 8 5	Ditto ditto	Out of sudder jumma Rs. 1,561-8-5, Rs. 1,255-11-9 to be deducted on account share of Rai Goureeschanker and Roy Pernesur-nath, &c., with whom separate accounts were opened under section 10, Act XI of 1859, and Mussamut Bhagmanee Koer, &c., non-applicants; sudder jumma advertised for sale is Rs. 592-12-6 on account share of Dhurum Loll and Mahadeo Suhoi, with whom separate accounts were opened under section 10, Act XI of 1859, which will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estate in the district of Bogra will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 15th day of May 1877, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 28th day of March 1877.

CLASS I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. of touji.	Name of Mohal.	Name of Proprietor.	Government revenue.	Amount of arrear due up to March 1877.	REMARKS.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
176-177	Mohal Sukurmayi and others, pergunnah Apail.	Krishnakanta Ray	1,621 5 4	659 0 0	

Bogra COLLECTORATE, the 6th April 1877.

C. F. MAGRATH, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Maldah will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 23rd day of May 1877, corresponding with 11th Joisto 1284, B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 28th day of March 1877.

Class.	Howji.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Name of Proprietor.	Sudder jumma.	Balance due.	REMARKS.
				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
First Class	514	Mouzah Nimnah and others, pergunnah Rokunpore.	Pyari Mohan Choudhury	2,558 11 0	855 0 0	Arrears of revenue due for the fourth quarter of 1876-77.

MALDAH COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 14th April 1877.

HERBERT MOSLEY, *Offg. Collector.*

Hooghly Floating Bridge.

Statement of Receipts from Local Traffic for the week ending 19th April 1877.

	FOOT-PASSENGERS.		VEHICLES.		Total.	REMARKS.
	Calcutta to Howrah.	Howrah to Calcutta.	Calcutta to Howrah.	Howrah to Calcutta.		
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Total of the week	436 1 3	398 1 0	552 6 9	463 5 0	1,849 14 0	
Total of previous sixteen weeks	6,078 2 6	5,867 9 9	8,201 1 0	7,512 6 3	27,653 3 6	
Total	6,514 3 9	6,265 10 9	8,753 7 9	7,975 11 3	29,509 1 6	

CALCUTTA, the 23rd April 1877.

(1273—1)

G. H. SIMMONS, *Secretary.*

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 17th April 1877.

LIABILITIES.			ASSETS.		
	Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	A. P.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0 0	Government Securities	95,21,715	4 0
Reserve Fund	16,70,939	2 5	Loans on Government Securities, &c., at Head Office and Branches	52,17,573	12 5
Public Deposits at Head Office	76,74,209-7-4	8 2	Accounts of credit on Government Securities, &c., at Head Office and Branches	57,02,894	0 4
Ditto at Branches	1,23,66,407-0-10	2 4	Bills discounted and purchased at Head Office and Branches	2,30,95,700	7 6
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	1,82,12,829	7 8	Balances with other Banks	4,48,13	1 0
Bank Post Bills, &c.	3,17,628	7 8	Bullion	6,75,553	11 0
Sundries	10,04,139	7 1	Dead Stock	10,23,423	0 6
			Stamps	9,955	11 11
			Sundries	2,29,258	0 0
				4,59,31,186	0 8
			Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office, Cash and Currency Notes at Branches	66,40,778-9-9	1,53,13,966 11 0
				80,73,168-1-3	
Rupees	6,12,45,152	11 8	Rupees	6,12,45,152	11 8

By order of the Directors,

W. D. CRUICKSHANK,

Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

BANK OF BENGAL,

Calcutta, the 19th April 1877.

W. WESTLAND,

Offg. Chief Accts. & Dy. Secy.

(1269—1)

NSOLVENT ESTATES.

STATEMENT MADE UP TO 31st DECEMBER 1876.

Estates.	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.						Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.	Portion of balance invested in Government Securities.	Probable outturn of the dependencies.										
		Dividends paid.			Other payments.																	
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.						Rs.	A.	P.							
Alexander and Co. ...	2,91,087	0	5	2,32,361	5	7	48,899	13	8	9,825	13	2	9,021	3	4	804	9	10	0	0	0	Nothing further recoverable.
Adam, Scott, and Co. ...	1,81,404	8	8	1,04,491	12	0	22,846	14	2	4,065	9	6	0	0	0	1,765	15	5	2,299	10	1	Ditto
Anderson and Co., William.	2,579	11	10	0	0	0	1,843	14	8	735	13	2	0	0	0	294	6	2	441	7	0	Ditto
Asiatic Marine Insurance Office.	8,39,916	3	1	6,89,404	9	11	1,38,903	1	7	11,608	7	7	10,410	0	0	1,198	7	7	0	0	0	Ditto
Avdall, J. ...	1,000	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	996	0	0	0	0	0	996	0	0	0	0	0	Schedule not filed as yet.
Agabeg, A. L. ...	1,278	10	5	0	0	0	390	1	0	888	9	5	0	0	0	888	9	5	0	0	0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Arnold and Co. (Aga Mahomed, Hossen Sheerazee, and T. S. M. Brewer).	6,640	12	1	0	0	0	3,303	0	6	3,337	11	7	0	0	0	3,337	11	7	0	0	0	Nothing further recoverable.
Anstruther and Co. ...	17,005	3	3	2,557	5	0	3,071	4	6	11,376	9	9	0	0	0	11,376	9	9	0	0	0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Abendroth, J. C. R. ...	11,296	14	11	7,791	14	9	1,801	14	6	1,703	1	8	58	7	9	1,644	9	11	0	0	0	Ditto
Abramovitz, J. ...	1,247	5	7	0	0	0	586	5	0	661	0	7	0	0	0	661	0	7	0	0	0	Ditto
Balfour and Co. ...	5,60,726	13	6	3,04,343	4	3	2,55,076	9	7	1,306	15	8	839	9	3	467	6	5	0	0	0	Nothing further recoverable.
Royd and Co. ...	30,284	6	1	10,771	11	6	13,297	15	3	6,214	11	4	4,410	15	1	1,803	12	3	0	0	0	Ditto
Bruce, Shand, and Co. ...	8,36,502	5	5	4,96,777	1	0	3,32,316	3	0	7,409	1	5	6,618	1	2	791	0	3	0	0	0	Ditto
Brunet, Saliz, and Lapeyrie.	15,235	0	0	7,411	12	3	5,431	6	7	2,391	13	2	0	0	0	2,391	13	2	0	0	0	Ditto
Bischoff, Beer, and Co. ...	2,640	5	8	0	0	0	2,056	3	5	584	2	3	0	0	0	584	2	3	0	0	0	Ditto
Bodry, John (1st) ...	1,689	0	8	0	0	0	474	0	0	1,215	0	8	0	0	0	1,215	0	8	0	0	0	Ditto
Bagot, W. N. ...	4,149	4	9	0	0	0	3,439	4	0	710	0	9	0	0	0	710	0	9	0	0	0	Ditto
Bluett, James ...	873	0	0	8	13	9	164	14	1	699	4	2	641	4	1	58	0	1	0	0	0	Ditto
Bhoobun Mohun Mitter	4,000	0	0	0	0	0	2,163	7	9	1,836	8	3	1,794	12	6	41	11	9	0	0	0	Ditto
Haboo Lall Shaw and others.	1,34,601	1	8	71,673	2	4	26,548	10	5	36,379	4	11	5,143	14	8	31,235	6	3	0	0	0	Outstandings in course of recovery.

Byjonaath and others (Nannoo Mull Khettry)	44,586	6	6	0	0	0	259	9	0	44,326	13	6	0	0	0	44,326	13	6	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Bodry, John, (3rd)	4,396	5	9	689	12	4	2,295	13	4	1,410	12	1	147	4	10	1,263	7	3	0	0	0	Nothing further recoverable.	
Buldeo Dass	3,522	12	0	0	0	0	708	5	0	2,814	7	0	2,607	7	0	207	0	0	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Bhorenull Goundka	15,206	11	6	0	0	0	875	2	0	14,331	9	6	0	0	0	14,331	9	6	0	0	0	Outstandings in course of recovery.	
Bancroft, C. C. (John Atkinson & Co.)	2,776	0	1	1,088	0	0	870	12	10	817	3	3	0	0	0	817	3	3	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Brindabun Chunder N- gy and Nundo	3,851	5	6	832	1	2	1,932	3	4	1,087	1	0	619	6	7	467	10	5	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Neogy: Beepinbehary Dutt	1,632	2	9	0	0	0	302	4	0	1,329	14	9	0	0	0	1,329	14	9	0	0	0	Schedule not filed as yet.	
Colvin and Co.	1,84,428	0	10	1,30,838	13	6	30,394	1	1	23,195	2	3	6,644	9	9	16,550	3	6	0	0	0	Nothing further recoverable.	
Cruttenden, Mackillop, and Co.	99,835	4	11	72,436	13	9	19,963	2	4	7,435	4	10	663	11	7	6,771	9	3	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Cantor and Co.	2,11,438	1	2	1,42,443	15	6	67,887	11	5	1,106	6	3	0	0	0	1,106	6	3	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Cockerell and Co.	17,19,432	3	7	3,86,102	12	10	13,26,584	4	11	6,745	1	10	6,701	5	10	43	12	0	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Colville, Gilmore, and Co.	9,025	4	10	2,535	0	0	3,511	6	2	2,978	14	8	0	0	0	2,978	14	8	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Christophoridi, C.	5,536	12	2	0	0	0	364	14	0	5,171	14	2	0	0	0	5,171	14	2	0	0	0	Outstandings in course of recovery.	
Conyoll Burrall and Kissen Mohun Burrall.	21,208	5	11	5,657	13	7	2,369	15	3	13,180	9	1	5,675	15	8	7,504	9	5	0	0	0	Nothing further recoverable.	
Crompton, G. F.	5,409	11	9	2,654	1	0	2,070	5	3	685	5	6	0	0	0	685	5	6	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Currie, J. A. (2nd)	16,504	11	6	5,573	4	3	10,258	7	5	672	15	10	618	13	4	54	2	6	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Cameron, John (2nd)	28,417	4	9	22,121	13	1	5,697	0	10	598	6	10	510	11	2	87	11	8	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Connyram & Chooneeloll	9,623	9	3	5,676	2	8	2,212	5	4	1,735	1	3	1,523	9	7	211	7	8	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Cantopher, Robert	907	10	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	907	10	6	0	0	0	907	10	6	0	0	0	Outstandings in course of recovery.	
Charles Nephew & Co.	6,13,066	5	6	3,93,950	2	0	97,025	15	11	22,090	3	7	17,162	13	2	4,927	6	5	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Castello, M. G.	3,201	7	9	2,227	5	6	226	4	0	747	14	3	112	10	6	635	3	9	0	0	0	Nothing further recoverable.	
Child, W. C.	22,085	8	4	13,130	0	8	4,653	9	7	4,301	14	1	3,687	15	10	613	14	3	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Carr, Robert	11,349	3	8	9,403	14	2	911	6	7	1,033	14	11	592	12	6	441	2	5	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Dickson, William	1,843	0	2	999	2	3	185	2	0	658	11	11	0	0	0	658	11	11	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Dawes, W. T.	1,907	0	9	35	13	4	223	15	11	1,647	3	6	1,595	1	10	52	1	8	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Dove, J. M.	12,991	0	0	10,130	1	6	2,173	2	8	687	11	10	44	4	9	643	7	1	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Dorrett Brothers	2,164	9	6	0	0	0	1,405	2	10	759	6	8	694	8	0	614	14	8	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
DeSilva, John Emanuel	13,643	11	3	11,131	11	5	851	8	9	1,660	7	1	1,346	7	2	313	15	11	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
DeSouza, John	1,334	0	3	0	0	0	805	9	0	528	7	3	0	0	0	528	7	3	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Dumat, Alfred	6,224	5	6	1,051	12	9	2,024	3	5	3,148	5	4	2,815	3	0	333	2	4	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Durrant, Edward	3,223	1	6	1,749	5	4	483	12	6	639	15	8	0	0	0	639	15	8	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Dennison, G. R.	29,546	0	0	26,967	6	10	1,607	6	4	971	2	10	787	0	0	184	2	10	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
DeBrunner, Jules	65,912	4	7	57,434	3	2	7,094	11	1	1,383	6	4	164	7	8	1,218	14	8	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Duff, David	2,137	12	9	126	15	5	428	9	7	1,582	3	9	915	6	0	666	13	9	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Dinnonath Paul	834	4	3	0	0	0	119	12	9	714	7	6	0	0	0	714	7	6	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Dwarkanath Mitter	5,938	12	0	731	10	10	4,641	13	5	565	3	9	447	8	9	117	11	0	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.

Estates.	Whole amount of receipts.		WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.		Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.		Net balance.	Portion of balance invested in Government Securities.		Probable outturn of the dependencies.
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	
Dinnonath Day	12,182	12 4	7,770	1 7	2,315	6 4	2,097	4 5	431	12 1	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Doss Brothers	5,064	4 6	203	15 6	2,356	11 0	2,503	10 0	2,503	10 0	Ditto
Damodur Dass	4,013	15 9	1,458	0 10	945	9 11	1,615	5 0	197	7 2	Ditto
Ewing, Aird, and Anderson	3,11,186	10 2	59,611	6 10	2,42,032	15 9	9,542	3 7	26	0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Edwards, C. L.	815	0 0	24	11 10	202	2 1	588	2 1	97	12 6	Ditto
Ellias, M. B.	7,233	3 6	3,428	10 7	1,263	5 10	2,541	3 1	323	2 10	Ditto
Eagleton and Co.	648	7 3	0	0 0	110	0 0	533	7 3	533	7 3	Ditto
Fergusson and Co.	1,95,473	13 9	1,47,403	14 9	32,300	3 7	15,769	11 5	12,569	11 5	Ditto
Fergusson Brothers and Co.	1,47,614	13 0	68,637	12 4	75,113	15 2	3,563	1 6	102	0 19	Ditto
Foster, Rogers, and Co.	6,323	3 10	857	3 7	2,294	7 11	3,171	8 4	628	12 8	Ditto
Fabian, T. C.	773	8 6	0	0 0	0	0 0	773	8 6	775	8 6	Ditto
Fraser, W. T.	1,024	13 1	112	0 0	603	2 7	909	10 6	45	10 6	Ditto
Ferris, G. R.	2,650	0 0	54	15 6	813	2 3	1,781	14 3	477	4 9	Ditto
Fanshaw, R. F.	876	0 10	0	0 0	0	0 0	876	0 10	876	0 10	Ditto
Flewry, J. M. (Bull & Co.)	1,025	3 5	0	0 0	793	15 6	231	3 11	231	3 11	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Fornaro, C. (Fornaro and Hani).	27,288	4 3	16,746	11 2	9,001	15 7	1,539	9 6	451	7 0	Ditto
Foolchund Soorjomull (Buldeo Das, Foolchund)	14,371	10 0	0	0 0	821	14 6	13,549	11 6	13,549	11 6	Ditto
Gilmore and Co.	46,927	11 0	23,186	11 8	19,710	2 8	3,930	12 8	1,292	15 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Griffiths, Cartis, and Co.	49,455	13 8	23,262	15 3	19,201	1 0	6,991	13 5	0	0 0	Ditto
Gordon, Stuart, and Co.	78,183	10 4	36,476	0 3	35,196	18 0	6,510	13 1	3,844	6 5	Ditto
Goberdhone Mullick	2,860	14 9	1,296	3 2	912	11 0	672	0 7	672	0 7	Ditto
Gibson & Co.	765	10 9	0	0 0	0	0 0	765	10 9	765	10 9	Ditto
Greedhnr Mullick	1,111	3 8	9	10 0	505	7 0	596	2 8	32	15 0	Ditto
Gubby, A. J.	9,055	7 0	5,179	12 11	1,966	5 11	1,909	4 2	1,559	4 2	Ditto
Gordon, G. J.	570	0 0	0	0 0	0	0 0	570	0 0	570	0 0	Ditto
Goeoldas Soonderjee	18,266	14 1	11,333	9 3	5,760	12 11	972	7 11	0	0 0	Ditto
Golabchund Hemchund	1,506	2 0	0	0 0	120	9 0	1,385	9 0	1,385	9 0	Ditto
Gholam Hossen Virgee...	1,26,756	14 4	40,928	6 8	85,314	2 4	514	5 4	196	4 4	Ditto

Estates.	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.		Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.	Portion of balance invested in Government Securities.	Probable outturn of the dependencies.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.					
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Jadub Chunder Seal ...	2,094 6 7	0 0 0	843 8 5	1,250 14 2	954 14 6	295 15 8	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Jordon, J. S. ...	5,376 8 0	3,537 15 6	917 3 9	921 4 9	0 0 0	921 4 9	0 0 0	Ditto.
Jugenpersaud ...	960 8 9	0 0 0	223 9 0	736 15 9	0 0 0	736 15 9	0 0 0	Ditto.
Jacob, Charles ...	933 8 0	0 0 0	367 14 9	565 9 3	0 0 0	565 9 3	0 0 0	Ditto.
Judah, S. E. ...	2,186 15 0	0 0 0	1,392 15 0	794 0 0	0 0 0	794 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Johurall Mookem ...	1,656 0 0	15 8 7	262 4 7	1,378 2 10	1,007 4 2	370 14 8	0 0 0	Ditto.
Kemp, H. C. (T. Hyde, Gardiner and Co.) ...	33,765 12 9	27,374 0 2	5,817 5 1	574 7 6	135 0 4	439 7 2	0 0 0	Ditto.
Kelly, W. S. ...	1,608 5 3	0 0 0	691 2 4	912 2 11	683 4 0	228 14 11	0 0 0	Ditto.
Khemjee Jootah Hurry-das Natha. ...	1,281 10 4	534 15 1	204 4 6	542 6 9	441 10 2	100 12 7	0 0 0	Ditto.
Kemp, H. C. ...	2,469 15 10	168 12 6	436 2 5	1,865 0 11	1,600 0 0	265 0 11	0 0 0	Ditto.
Kunoolall, Baneyram and Choteelall. ...	1,160 13 11	108 1 5	177 2 5	875 10 1	767 0 0	108 10 1	0 0 0	Ditto.
Kullooram Ramsook ...	2,433 13 6	0 0 0	425 0 0	2,008 13 6	0 0 0	2,008 13 6	0 0 0	Ditto.
Kallydas Dutt ...	16,849 0 0	11,036 9 10	5,225 11 11	586 10 3	56 12 2	529 14 1	0 0 0	Ditto.
Khan Mahomed Dhur-rumsee. ...	55,247 9 1	31,158 14 9	11,149 7 7	12,939 2 9	3,161 10 5	9,777 8 4	0 0 0	Ditto.
Kaisree Chund Isree-chund. ...	3,285 5 4	2,586 5 1	149 8 9	549 7 6	32 5 6	517 2 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Kisorey Mohun Chunder ...	3,300 0 0	1,350 0 6	269 4 2	1,680 11 4	1,265 13 7	414 13 9	0 0 0	Ditto.
Kistodas Day ...	988 0 0	0 0 0	448 1 0	534 15 0	0 0 0	534 15 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Kisarymohun Ruckitt ...	9,405 15 3	4,909 13 6	3,542 1 5	954 0 4	229 12 11	724 3 5	0 0 0	Ditto.
Kally Doss Doss and others. ...	12,984 0 3	0 0 0	8,730 4 5	4,253 11 10	0 0 0	4,250 11 10	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Kennedy, John ...	600 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	600 0 0	0 0 0	600 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.
Khetter Mohun Sen and another. ...	1,442 12 1	0 0 0	288 0 6	1,159 11 7	0 0 0	1,159 11 7	0 0 0	Ditto.
Linjeebboy Dhunjeebboy ...	4,782 4 7	651 4 4	772 6 9	3,308 9 6	0 0 0	3,308 9 6	0 0 0	Ditto.
Lyall, Matheson, and Co. ...	3,68,433 0 6	2,81,648 14 7	84,761 13 2	2,022 4 9	0 0 0	2,022 4 9	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Larpent, Saunders, and Co. ...	79,778 9 0	42,900 8 0	22,815 13 11	14,062 8 1	12,631 12 0	1,430 7 1	7,052 14 0	Ditto.
Langlois and Co. ...	33,708 2 8	1,620 6 4	23,592 8 7	8,495 3 9	8,170 3 9	325 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto.

Estates.	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.		Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.	Portion of balance invested in Government Securities.	Probable outturn of the dependencies.
		Dividends paid.	Other payments.					
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Moheschunder Chunder & Bholanath Chunder.	4,718 1 3	818 12 0	3,216 5 6	682 15 9	0 0 0	682 15 9	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Mungle Chund and Pertab Chund Ruckitt	1,182 14 3	0 0 0	642 3 0	540 11 3	0 0 0	540 11 3	0 0 0	ditto.
Murray, H. E.	10,737 4 9	2,303 13 10	7,745 2 5	688 4 6	315 14 3	372 6 3	0 0 0	ditto.
Meyer, A. J.	8,876 3 6	4,248 9 10	2,804 7 10	1,823 1 10	1,580 10 0	242 7 10	0 0 0	ditto.
Meer Dawood Ally	3,044 0 2	871 8 10	229 14 5	1,942 8 11	1,779 6 4	163 2 7	0 0 0	ditto.
Moreno, Samuel	1,803 12 1	0 0 0	216 4 0	1,587 8 1	0 0 0	1,587 8 1	0 0 0	ditto.
Monoololl	1,410 4 10	0 0 0	647 10 0	762 10 3	0 0 0	762 10 3	0 0 0	ditto.
Muddunjee Dhurumsee	880 0 2	0 0 0	16 0 0	864 0 2	0 0 0	864 0 2	0 0 0	ditto.
Mothoor Mohun Ghose	982 5 6	0 0 0	0 0 0	982 5 6	0 0 0	982 5 6	0 0 0	ditto.
Morgan, C.	1,978 6 3	0 0 0	3 8 0	1,974 14 3	0 0 0	1,974 14 3	0 0 0	ditto.
Michael, J. C. (3rd)	6,339 0 11	0 0 0	819 4 2	5,819 12 9	0 0 0	5,819 12 9	0 0 0	ditto.
Nursing Chunder Bose	1,030 0 0	0 0 0	202 11 0	827 5 0	0 0 0	827 5 0	0 0 0	ditto.
Nyssa, John	750 2 11	0 0 0	171 4 0	578 14 11	0 0 0	578 14 11	0 0 0	ditto.
Nemy Churn Bysack	1,210 13 0	0 0 0	366 0 0	844 13 0	0 0 0	844 13 0	0 0 0	ditto.
Norman Brothers	19,369 14 7	9,267 15 3	5,906 1 4	4,395 14 0	4,395 14 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	ditto.
Nobinksto Ghose	2,450 0 0	280 11 6	424 10 0	1,744 10 6	1,399 10 8	344 15 10	0 0 0	ditto.
Nilmoney Mookerjee	2,751 2 0	3 8 0	1,708 2 11	1,042 7 1	970 4 10	72 2 3	0 0 0	ditto.
Nundool Shaw and Antutolall Shaw.	1,950 0 0	0 0 0	249 6 6	1,700 9 6	0 0 0	1,700 9 6	0 0 0	ditto.
Nobir Chunder Law (Law and Co.)	881 13 1	0 0 0	363 15 6	517 14 1	0 0 0	517 14 1	0 0 0	ditto.
Narain Sing and Co.	32,001 8 6	17,430 1 9	9,636 12 2	4,934 10 7	3,724 1 1	1,210 9 6	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Nittanunco Dass	3,350 0 0	0 0 0	809 10 0	2,540 6 0	0 0 0	2,540 6 0	0 0 0	ditto.
Narain Dass	1,217 3 6	257 2 0	189 7 11	770 9 7	0 0 0	770 9 7	0 0 0	ditto.
Nobir Chunder Paul and Co.	11,795 1 9	0 0 0	1,476 11 6	10,321 6 3	0 0 0	10,321 6 3	0 0 0	ditto.
Nursing Chunder Doss	1,438 12 0	0 0 0	4 15 2	1,433 12 10	0 0 0	1,433 12 10	0 0 0	ditto.
Nickamull Khettry	1,836 1 0	129 0 0	553 0 8	704 0 4	0 0 0	704 0 4	0 0 0	ditto.
Owen, Allhusen and Co.	29,862 14 9	0 0 0	25,800 15 11	4,061 14 10	3,958 12 0	103 2 10	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Oliva, L. B.	23,729 2 7	17,569 15 0	5,445 11 5	713 8 2	0 0 0	713 8 2	0 0 0	ditto.
Ogle and Co., John	2,03,121 9 8	1,56,004 1 7	31,309 4 11	15,808 3 2	15,462 10 5	345 8 9	0 0 0	ditto.
Obhoy Churn Dutt	1,127 0 6	487 9 9	137 0 0	502 6 9	0 0 0	502 6 9	0 0 0	ditto.

Obhooy Churn Mullick and others.	725	4	5	0	0	0	206	4	0	519	0	5	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Obhooyram Buddree-chund.	1,910	9	0	0	0	0	372	14	6	1,537	10	6	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Ord, W. R.	666	13	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	666	13	1	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Ord, William (Murdock and Co.)	8,515	2	3	0	0	0	2,916	6	6	598	11	9	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Oheebhosoun Banerjee	746	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	746	0	0	0	0	0	Outstandings in course of recovery.	
Omrao Sing	2,590	2	11	1,618	7	6	391	9	2	550	2	3	550	2	3	Ditto	ditto.
Oniell, T.	1,410	7	8	0	0	0	253	4	0	1,157	3	8	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Palmer and Co.	5,68,976	7	7	3,99,662	2	5	1,67,330	12	10	1,983	8	4	0	0	0	Nothing further recoverable.	
Phillips, John	3,856	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,856	0	0	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Palmer, John	7,707	7	11	4,111	5	4	-949	12	2	2,646	6	5	2,445	0	2	Ditto	ditto.
Palmer, Thomas	1,473	0	0	0	0	0	887	4	9	585	11	3	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Pew, F. L.	51,299	3	0	33,964	5	7	12,739	14	8	4,594	14	9	3,679	12	0	Ditto	ditto.
Parry, John	4,996	8	11	1,597	6	10	1,504	13	0	1,894	5	1	823	13	11	Ditto	ditto.
Petre, Martin	1,201	0	0	278	1	9	113	4	5	509	9	10	689	4	11	Ditto	ditto.
Price, Henry	15,380	1	3	0	0	0	14,585	12	3	794	5	0	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Pittar, W. J. (J. Corfield & Co.).	5,882	6	0	4,226	7	9	1,045	10	6	610	3	9	88	3	0	Ditto	ditto.
Parke, Pittar	3,59,005	5	10	1,83,944	8	1	1,68,670	5	1	6,390	8	8	6,390	8	8	Ditto	ditto.
Posner, J.	7,075	8	6	2,028	4	9	2,855	15	6	2,191	4	3	0	0	0	Outstandings in course of recovery.	
Payne & Co. (Bombay Firm).	8,025	0	0	0	0	0	899	8	4	7,125	7	8	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Price, C. E.	750	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	750	0	0	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Quillet, DeGaye, and Co.	6,539	10	4	3,148	1	11	2,380	4	6	1,011	3	11	1,011	3	11	Nothing further recoverable.	
Runtz, Kees, and Co.	19,430	12	2	3,468	11	5	10,031	14	8	5,990	2	1	5,990	2	1	Ditto	ditto.
Railey, G. F. (W. Newson & Co.).	11,476	7	5	7,451	5	10	3,056	10	7	968	7	0	889	13	8	Ditto	ditto.
Russell, C. D.	8,785	14	2	7,162	15	2	1,059	0	9	563	14	3	20	15	2	Ditto	ditto.
Rughoonath Bose	1,778	13	4	517	12	5	377	14	6	883	2	5	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Rogers, Alexander	10,642	14	5	5,963	0	4	4,136	10	9	543	3	4	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Rajkissore Dutt	4,494	1	7	0	0	0	663	2	7	3,831	2	0	0	0	0	Schedule not filed as yet.	
Rousae, A. G.	12,304	10	3	8,940	2	5	1,063	11	3	2,300	12	7	2,300	12	7	Nothing further recoverable.	
Randsone Mitter	528	0	7	0	0	0	152	0	0	670	0	7	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Kustonjee Cowasjee & Co.	9,414	4	5	948	14	8	5,919	9	2	2,345	12	7	2,378	15	0	Ditto	ditto.
Kustonjee Cowasjee	3,790	10	10	14	8	2	314	2	10	1,479	12	2	1,479	12	2	Ditto	ditto.
Kamsabuck Misser and two others.	1,23,193	13	2	62,647	1	10	27,988	10	9	32,559	0	7	13,983	12	6	Outstandings in course of recovery.	
Robinson, S. H.	1,129	10	9	0	0	0	132	0	0	997	10	9	0	0	0	Nothing further recoverable.	
Kammarain, Sreemany	2,164	4	6	0	0	0	1,513	9	9	660	10	9	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.
Robinson, J. J. (Wallace and Co.).	3,052	8	8	0	0	0	1,976	1	0	1,076	7	8	0	0	0	Ditto	ditto.

Estates.	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.				Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.	Portion of balance invested in Government Securities.	Probable outturn of the dependencies.
		Dividends paid.		Other payments.						
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.					
Romanath Gossain	2,521 12 0	1,019 6 1	526 4 10	976 1 1	891 10 3	84 6 10	0 0 0	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.	
Roop Chund Dutt	3,619 0 0	1,695 5 5	1,351 10 11	571 15 8	0 0 0	571 15 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Randolph, Henry Job	590 7 10	0 0 0	0 0 0	590 7 10	0 0 0	590 7 10	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Rannath, Janokpersaud	5,296 4 9	0 0 0	2,792 3 0	2,504 1 9	0 0 0	2,504 1 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	Schedule not filed as yet.	
Robertson, C. A. (2nd)	2,500 0 0	0 0 0	717 9 6	1,782 6 6	0 0 0	1,782 6 6	0 0 0	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.	
Russicklal Paul	702 5 3	0 0 0	23 11 6	678 9 9	0 0 0	678 9 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	Schedule not filed as yet.	
Saunders, May, Fordyce, and Co.	4,03,024 1 6	3,21,706 9 10	68,900 14 5	12,446 9 3	11,999 6 7	417 2 8	1,909 13 6	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.	
Stewart and Co., W. C.	5,757 8 7	1,891 7 5	770 3 11	3,095 13 3	1,801 3 5	1,294 9 10	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Senaes, W. DeM.	1,287 14 10	0 0 0	208 0 0	1,079 14 10	0 0 0	1,079 14 10	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Smith, W. S.	3,620 13 5	2,635 15 6	471 0 8	513 13 3	471 11 1	42 2 2	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Stocquer, J. H.	7,138 0 0	0 0 0	5,425 3 1	1,712 12 11	0 0 0	1,712 12 11	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Schlatter, Michael	20,294 14 10	13,948 6 9	2,825 5 7	4,021 2 6	1,388 14 4	2,632 4 2	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Smoult, W. H.	1,877 12 4	0 0 0	218 10 1	1,659 2 3	0 0 0	1,217 11 3	441 7 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Sheppard, G. A.	5,598 2 10	4,014 4 5	594 5 8	989 8 9	0 0 0	989 8 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Sarkies and Co., P. J.	52,610 9 10	5,924 2 9	45,295 11 3	1,390 12 9	0 0 0	1,390 12 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Sarkies, P. J.	10,227 7 7	5,824 6 7	3,013 13 5	1,389 3 7	0 0 0	1,389 3 7	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Scott, C. C. J.	7,723 13 9	4,659 10 11	2,002 0 10	1,062 2 0	0 0 0	1,062 2 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Smith, Hufnagle, & Co.	26,608 13 6	13,828 7 4	10,798 4 10	1,982 1 4	0 0 0	1,982 1 4	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Stubbs, W. V. G.	3,491 6 5	0 0 0	1,604 7 11	1,886 14 6	0 0 0	1,886 14 6	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Snook, J. V.	775 10 0	0 0 0	158 0 0	617 10 0	0 0 0	617 10 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Sutherland, Thomas	1,108 11 1	0 0 0	410 0 0	698 11 1	0 0 0	698 11 1	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Sreegopal Misser	1,951 0 0	0 0 0	678 6 8	1,272 9 4	1,148 15 3	123 10 1	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Soloman, Malidina	64,023 6 10	42,711 12 1	17,382 5 6	3,929 5 3	3,550 4 10	379 0 5	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Stewart, W. M.	24,989 4 9	12,513 15 1	6,325 15 7	6,149 6 1	5,610 9 8	538 12 5	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Sreenath Mullick	17,782 7 7	13,363 13 9	3,293 4 1	1,125 5 9	265 10 3	859 11 6	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Syed Ameer Ally	1,365 10 6	0 0 0	6 0 0	1,359 10 6	0 0 0	1,359 10 6	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Shib Chunder Mullick & Co.	97,678 15 0	82,357 0 6	14,655 7 7	666 6 11	4 1 3	662 5 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	
Sewnundun Pauray	32,283 9 9	17,185 13 7	7,297 4 6	7,800 7 8	4,751 7 0	3,049 0 8	0 0 0	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.	
Smith, A. M.	2,800 10 7	110 0 0	768 11 2	1,921 15 5	1,505 12 2	416 3 3	0 0 0	0 0 0	Ditto ditto.	

Sumbhoonath Doss	4,220	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	290	14	5	3,929	1	7	911	11	6	3,017	6	1	ditto.
Shama Churn Doss and Sons.	5,378	0	3	3,384	0	3	0	0	1,362	12	4	631	3	8	0	0	0	631	3	8	ditto.
Shib Chunder Seal	13,460	3	0	1,949	10	1	0	0	9,314	11	5	2,195	13	6	798	6	2	1,397	7	4	ditto.
Solomon and Co., D.	15,552	7	8	0	0	0	0	0	3,999	13	6	11,552	10	2	0	0	0	11,552	10	2	ditto.
Sarkies, A. J.	2,534	6	6	1,319	4	0	0	0	460	6	5	754	12	1	450	0	0	304	12	1	ditto.
Shama Churn Bhur	3,890	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	18	8	0	3,871	10	3	0	0	0	3,871	10	3	ditto.
Sebastian, F.	4,527	0	9	193	14	0	0	0	757	15	3	3,579	3	6	0	0	0	3,575	3	6	ditto.
Sree Nath Dutt	2,803	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	2,795	1	0	0	0	0	2,795	1	0	ditto.
Tulloch and Co. (1st)	1,20,873	10	9	68,596	14	0	0	0	50,626	7	9	1,650	5	0	1,158	6	6	491	14	6	Nothing further recoverable.
Tulloch and Co. (2nd)	19,215	10	6	7,964	9	2	0	0	9,587	1	3	1,664	0	1	0	0	0	1,664	0	1	ditto.
Thomas and Co.	4,52,981	4	3	3,89,204	6	5	0	0	49,701	13	6	14,075	0	4	53	14	7	11,314	3	9	ditto.
Trower, Charles	2,177	9	0	240	0	0	0	0	72	0	0	1,565	9	0	0	0	0	1,865	9	0	ditto.
Twentyman and Co.	660	11	11	0	0	0	0	0	152	2	1	508	9	10	0	0	0	508	9	10	ditto.
Thomas, John	740	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	740	0	0	0	0	0	740	0	0	ditto.
Tarachund Koramull & Dowlutchund.	22,970	1	11	6,210	6	9	0	0	14,187	12	0	2,571	15	2	2,199	13	3	372	1	11	ditto.
Teitkins, A. H.	5,671	12	10	3,819	12	0	0	0	1,248	0	5	604	0	5	0	0	0	604	0	5	ditto.
Turton, Sir T. E. M.	2,49,985	6	9	1,48,439	0	10	0	0	1,00,388	13	6	1,157	8	5	0	0	0	1,157	8	5	ditto.
Toyluckanath Roy and another.	26,576	11	0	14,094	7	4	0	0	6,953	13	8	5,528	6	0	2,460	4	1	3,068	1	11	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Tunsook Roy	1,064	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	12	6	1,059	3	6	0	0	0	1,059	3	6	Schedule not filed as yet.
Vandenbergh, J. B. (1st)	6,703	4	1	3,044	3	6	0	0	2,737	15	6	921	1	1	209	0	0	712	1	1	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Vandenbergh, J. B. (2nd)	4,807	13	0	3,653	12	8	0	0	311	15	0	812	1	4	0	0	0	812	1	4	Nothing further recoverable.
Wills, F. F.	7,102	7	11	892	13	4	0	0	2,906	1	7	3,303	9	0	2,932	2	8	371	6	4	ditto.
Walls, Joseph	1,19,712	8	2	87,680	4	0	0	0	29,841	10	4	2,190	9	10	539	14	8	1,600	11	2	ditto.
Wood, Olliffe and Co.	3,276	6	10	0	0	0	0	0	1,427	4	6	1,849	2	4	0	0	0	1,849	2	4	ditto.
Wallace, Alexander and Co.	24,079	8	0	10,667	7	5	0	0	6,342	0	3	7,070	0	4	6,463	8	8	606	7	8	ditto.
Waring, E. S. S.	3,066	8	8	1,769	2	9	0	0	469	6	3	827	15	8	0	0	0	827	15	8	ditto.
Williams, Stephen	20,504	1	5	17,226	4	11	0	0	2,148	2	5	1,129	10	1	437	14	7	671	11	6	ditto.
Wilton, G. R.	1,589	15	1	530	8	1	0	0	246	10	11	812	12	1	729	2	8	83	9	5	ditto.
Watson and Co. and Gibbon and Co.	1,06,519	3	0	86,129	10	5	0	0	15,806	4	2	4,583	4	5	500	0	0	3,783	4	5	ditto.
Wood, H. W. I.	2,539	18	0	129	15	9	0	0	854	7	8	1,555	5	7	1,367	15	7	187	6	0	ditto.
Wilson, A.	920	3	6	0	0	0	0	0	88	12	5	831	7	1	623	9	7	207	13	6	ditto.
Wiseman, William	967	3	6	0	0	0	0	0	32	0	0	935	3	6	0	0	0	935	3	7	ditto.
Walker, Archibald	827	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	40	11	9	787	1	3	0	0	0	787	1	3	ditto.
Webb, John	4,457	8	3	1,781	12	1	0	0	1,028	3	11	1,647	8	3	655	6	11	992	1	4	ditto.

Estates.	Whole amount of receipts.	WHOLE DISBURSEMENTS.				Balance.	Portion of balance applicable to dividends now payable.	Net balance.	Portion of balance invested in Government Securities.	Probable outturn of the dependencies.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.					
Wilcox, H. C.	710 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	710 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	710 0 0	0 0 0	Nothing further recoverable.
Wood, D.	1,414 3 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	698 4 9	715 14 3	0 0 0	0 0 0	715 14 3	0 0 0	Ditto
Woodin, W. (G. F. Hodgkinson and Co.)	25,411 5 4	0 0 0	0 0 0	22,444 3 9	2,967 1 7	2,571 13 11	0 0 0	395 3 8	0 0 0	Ditto
Wooneschunder Banerjee (G. Deheman and Co.)	16,691 4 3	7,270 13 4	2,207 6 5	7,212 14 6	824 1 5	0 0 0	0 0 0	6,388 13 1	0 0 0	Outstandings in course of recovery.
Wooneschunder Banerjee.	10,575 0 0	0 0 0	2,767 8 0	7,807 8 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	7,807 8 0	0 0 0	Ditto

In addition to the above there are 634 estates with balances under Rs. 500 aggregating Rs. 1,00,016-10-4 the particulars of which may be learnt at the Official Assignee's Office. The Official Assignee has received for remuneration from 1st August to 31st December 1876 rupees nine thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, thirteen annas, and two pies.

CALCUTTA.
The 1st January 1877.

A. B. MILLER,
Official Assignee.

(1268—1)

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

NOTICE.

UNDER SECTION 69 OF ACT V (B.C.) OF 1870.

THE following packages, landed at the jetties from the undermentioned ships, have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item, they will be sold under Section 72 of the said Act.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	Number, Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1877.			
April 17	6 Plates Iron, M M	Order ...	Star of Germany.
" 17	172 Plates Iron, D or no mark	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 17	5 Bars Flat Iron, D or no mark	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 17	3 Bars Square Iron, D or no mark	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 17	1 Plate Iron, P B D	Ditto ...	Ship Glemiscastle.
" 17	2 Cases, A R M	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 17	3 Cases, B. & Co. in a diamond, bottom F C M	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 17	15 Cases, triangle, bottom D & T I W	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 17	35 Bales, D N, with F G below in a circle	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 17	1 Case, M C & S	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 17	2 Cases, L V B in a diamond	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 17	100 Cases, P B S in a block	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 10	1 Case, 300 in a diamond, A. B. & Co. outside	Ditto ...	City of Hankow.
" 21	10 Cases, A H M I in a cross	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	1 Tub Steel, A B	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	1 Case, B. L. & Co.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	40 Kegs, B B & S	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	1 Case, B M in a diamond, bottom F. T. B. & Co.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	1 Tub Steel, B	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	54 Packages, 310 in a diamond, top C. & Co.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	40 Kegs, C C in a diamond, bottom F. T. B. & Co.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	1 Case, C & C, with L below	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	2 Cases, C C	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	4 Packages, 317 in a diamond, top C. & Co.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	2 Casks, 223 in a diamond, top C. & Co., or no mark	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	85 Cases, D B	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	2 Bundles Hoop Iron, G	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	1 Bar Flat Iron, X X white	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	1 Bundle Sheet Iron, D X X	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	13 Packages, J. A. & Co., with M below in a diamond	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	100 Cases, K L C in a block	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	2 Cases, K M P in a diamond	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	4 Iron Ovens, K C N in a diamond, bottom J S	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	2 Casks, K D R in a diamond, bottom F. T. B. & Co.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	2 Casks, M S D in a diamond, bottom F. T. B. & Co.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	1 Tub Steel, no mark	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	1 Cask, P C P	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	1 Cask, 333 in a block, top R B or no mark	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 21	1 Cask, S C D	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 17	42 Loose Sheets Corrugated Iron, G D	Ditto ...	Ship Ivanhoe.
" 17	2 Bundles Corrugated Iron, M H D	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	24 Kegs, B R & S	Ditto ...	S. S. Glenesk.
" 23	41 Packages, G. M. & Co.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	9 Packages, N. K. M. & Co.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	3 Casks, 218 in a block, top R B or no mark	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	3 Cases, 46 in a block, top R B	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, W C C	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, 567 in a diamond, bottom W L	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	67 Cakes Spelter, cross	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	2 Cakes Spelter, P & E	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	4 Pieces Spelter, P & E	Ditto ...	Ditto.
" 23	1 Case, B T C in a diamond	Ditto ...	Duke of Lancaster.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enforced for payment of Interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 15th April 1877.

PARTICULARS.	3½ per cent. loan of 1863-64.	4 PER CENT. LOANS						4½ PER CENT. LOANS		5 PER CENT. DEBENTURES FOR		Total amount.	
		of 1824-25.	of 1828-29.	of 1832-33.	of 1835-36.	of 1842-43.	of 1854-55.	Transfer of 1866.	4½ PER CENT. LOANS		5 PER CENT. DEBENTURES FOR		
									of 1870.	of 1871.	of 1872.		10 years.	15 years.
Balance of 31st March 1877	55,800	33,173	2,346	14,54,508	31,68,800	1,54,84,900	1,07,90,000	1,65,17,600	39,60,100	2,97,000	2,97,86,300	33,19,000	13,01,18,925
Stock transferred to London	..	....	....	....	....	....	....	2,000	....	49,400	....	....	67,900
ADD—													
Amount enforced at Madras between 1st and 15th April 1877	..	....	....	....	....	....	40,000	....	....	....	....	....	40,000
Amount enforced at Bombay between 1st and 15th April 1877	..	....	....	....	....	1,000	....	6,500	....	59,800	....	....	6,22,100
Amount enforced at Calcutta between 1st and 15th April 1877	..	....	....	2,863	1,500	1,94,700	54,500	66,000	9,000	....	14,500	....	6,08,586
Total	55,800	33,173	2,346	14,57,172	31,90,100	1,55,80,500	1,09,14,500	1,65,92,100	39,78,100	2,97,000	2,99,19,800	33,19,000	13,15,08,491
Deduct—													
Amount written off in the London Registers	..	....	....	2,866	1,42,000	1,01,900	16,400	22,000	....	....	1,000	5,000	5,50,468
Balance on 14th April 1877	55,800	33,173	2,346	14,54,508	30,48,100	1,55,19,600	1,08,98,100	1,65,70,100	39,78,100	2,97,000	2,98,18,800	33,14,000	13,09,58,025

NOTE.—From 9th June 1867 to 15th Feb. 1877—Enforced from India 2,423 lakhs; re-transferred from London 2,462 lakhs.

1st Feb. 1877	25th "	4 "	6 "
1st Mar. "	15th Mar. "	6 "	6 "
16th "	31st "	12 "	3 "
1st April "	15th April "	13 "	6 "
		2,458 "	2,492 "
		2,458 "	2,458 "
		Balance against London	24 "

FOR THE DEPT. OFFICE, BANK OF BENGAL; }
Calcutta, the 18th April 1877.

W. D. CRICKSHANK,
Officiating Secretary and Treasurer.

(1870-1)

LOST CURRENCY NOTES.

THE following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned:—

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
1	L 52—87045	500	Okeel Chunder Biswas.
	" —72730	500	
3	L 51—31120	100	Denonath Shaw.
5	L 91—62525	20 each.	J. Linehan, Inspector of Police, "G" Town Divn.
	to —62554		
7	L 83—03286	100	The Dist. Supdt. of Police, Midnapore.
	L 82—63653	100	
	L 89—71719	20	
	" —97710	20	
	L 59—09574	10	
	L 62—89497	10	
	" —89496	10	
	" —89495	10	
	" —89494	10	
	L 59—99797	10	
	L 42—60808	10	
	L 59—96663	10	
	L 61—47032	10	
10	N 6—07787	500	A. Younan, Supdt. of Police, Northern Divn., Calcutta.
	" —07788	500	
11	A 98—57004	10	A. H. Rhoades, Jr.
	L 98—23754	10	
	L 39—31824	10	
12	L 50—27863	100 each.	Issen Chandra Das.
	to —27875		
13	L 82—56820	100	Sreemati Harimati Dasee
	" —56823	100	
	" —56827	100	
	" —15717	100	
14	L 27—39486	5 each.	F. De Maullynes.
	to —39492		
15	L 75—17242	10	Ram Lal Mookerjee.
	L 76—19231	10	
	L 72—55731	10	
	L 60—15045	10	
	L 58—80591	10	
	L 44—24224	10	
	L 42—72761	10	
	L 72—13351	10	
	L 60—14258	10	
	L 72—18187	10	R. Roskell Bayne.
18	L 81—72052	50	
19	L 83—77880	100	E. R. Henry, c.s.
20	L 83—32900	100	
	" —26383	100	The Post Master General, N.-W. Provinces.
	" —32898	100	
	" —24057	100	
	" —32899	100	
	L 66—83458	50	
	L 79—07438	20	
21	L 81—74145	50	Abdool Rezak.
22	L 83—91494	100	The Inspector of River Police, Koyla Ghant, Calcutta.
	" —08947	100	
	" —86065	100	
23	L 90—23053	20	The Superintendent of Government Printing, Calcutta.
24	L 83—49156	100	Debendra Nath Sen.
25	L 83—70187	100	Miss E. Short.
26	L 89—27694	20	R. C. Mookerjee.
	L 87—86923	10	
28	L 73—78795	20	The Post Master General, Punjab.
29	L 71—51943	10	The Offg. Post Master General, Bengal.
30	L 84—09019	100	Rojonee Lall Bysack.
31	L 86—14287	10	Shib Nath Banerjee.
32	L 66—18143	50	Mohendra Lall Sen.

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

1	L 96—82975	10	F. J. Bidon.
2	L 59—30565	10	Gojendra Mohapatra.

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
3	L 17—23286	5	J. Winterscale.
	" —23262	5	
4	L 59—02413	10	Grah Mohamed.
5	L 59—75569	10	Narain Sing.
6	L 64—16642	20	Ojoodhia Pershad Bajpie.
7	L 25—69409	5	Mohavarut Dey.
8	L 39—67369	10	Mutty Lall Dey Chowdhury.
	L 87—06165	10	Nobo Kissen Mookerjee.
9	L 25—60682	5	
10	L 25—60595	5	Imam Ali Duftry.
11	A 90—77597	100	Huri Nath Tahabildar.
	A 97—30108	10	
	" —61993	10	Hajee Nubbee Bun Mahomed Ibrahim.
12	L 87—28356	10	
	L 86—56789	10	
	L 61—10103	10	Abdool Hossein.
13	L 81—09180	50	
14	A 35—42439	50	Indra Narain Banerjee.
15	L 89—83193	20	Alexander Rae.
	" —84965	20	
16	L 81—14274	50	Gosto Lal Mitter.
17	L 22—65204	5	Nobokristo Chatterjee
	L 23—85601	5	
18	L 11—80441	5	Dina Nath Mitter.
19	L 65—42985	20	Mohesnarain Roy.
20	L 76—02050	10	Janakeynath Bhuttacharjee.
	L 74—34873	10	
	L 75—07755	10	
21	L 76—12860	10	O. Aratoon.
	L 27—05204	5	
22	L 74—73771	10	Mahomed Sharafatoolla.
23	L 75—66683	10	Dwarkanath Gupta.
24	L 46—74290	20	Mrs. E. Tweedie.
25	L 12—79806	20	Dabendranath Ghose.
26	L 19—31812	50	Koomersain Gyaprasad.
	L 14—35727	20	
	L 33—84924	10	
27	L 82—26078	100	Kali Kumar Das, L.M.S.
	" —25667	100	
	L 68—70214	100	
	L 69—61467	100	
	L 66—67407	50	
	L 79—91709	20	
	L 71—70952	10	Messrs. Gisborne & Co.
	L 20—71468	5	
28	L 81—61963	50	
29	L 88—22204	10	G. R. DeRozario.
	L 96—82195	10	
30	L 87—18894	10	Mohes Chunder Sarkar.
31	L 80—23108	20	Jodu Nath Banerjee.
	L 65—55596	20	
32	L 91—41116	20	Gour Mohun Bhur.
2	A 71—58376	20	Perbutty Churn Biswas.
	" —58379	20	
	L 23—61836	5	
	" —61835	5	J. H. Bancroft.
3	L 16—06096	5	
	" —06095	5	Indra Narain Banerjee.
5	A 35—58886	50	
	" —58885	50	Juggessur Roy.
7	L 95—61986	10	
	" —61989	10	Bancee Madhub Nundee.
8	L 88—18736	10	
	" —18737	10	Jodu Roy Buna Mull.
9	L 36—85298	20	
	" —92416	20	Annodapershad Mookerjee.
10	L 15—93369	5	
	" —93368	5	
	L 22—68672	5	Mohendro Nath Raha
	" —68671	5	
11	L 9—53431	5	Deno Nath Banerjee.
	L 15—52063	10	
12	L 1—42529	10	C. H. J. Crosthwaite, c
	" —42526	5	
13	A 81—57164	20	Golam Ishaf.
	L 80—43515	10	
	L 22—63757	5	
	" —63755	5	
14	L 40—11397	10	
	" —11396	10	

R. E. HAMILTON,

Offg. Asst. Commr. of Paper Currency

PAPER CURRENCY DEPT., 24th April 1877.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned intends to apply for admission as a Vakeel of the High Court.
ATSHOOTOSH DHUR, B.L.,
 (1249-4) *Pleader, Judge's Court, 24-Pergunnahs.*

IN pursuance of Rule 17 of the High Court Rules dated 11th September 1873, it is hereby notified that the undersigned intends to apply to the High Court to be admitted to practise as a Vakeel of the said Court.
BACHARAM GHOSH, Pleader.
 (1237-4) *Judge's Court, 24-Pergunnahs.*

NOTICE is hereby given that there is certain Government Paper in this Office purporting to belong to Bebee Murray, pensioner of Colonel P. Murray.
A. B. MILLER, Official Assignee.
OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE'S OFFICE, CALCUTTA,
 The 22nd March 1877. (1224-6)

Port Commissioner's Office.

AS required by Section 53, Act V (B.C.) of 1870, notice is hereby given that the accounts of the Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta for the half-year ending 31st March 1877 will be audited at the Office of the said Commissioners, No. 7, Commercial Buildings, on Monday, the 30th April 1877.
W. D. BRUCE, Vice-Chairman.
 Dated 21st April 1877. (1272-1)

Notice.

ALL persons are hereby warned from dealing with Mr. Harry Roberts in respect of the mahilan grant of land, consisting of about 1,200 acres, situate about 4 miles from the Dorundah Factory at Ranchi, on part of which grant a tea garden has been made, as the said grant is the property of the Ranchi Lac Company, Limited, in liquidation.

All persons are similarly warned from dealing in any way with the said Mr. Harry Roberts with respect to any other land or properties in which the said Company is interested.

The Power-of-Attorney formerly held by Mr. Harry Roberts from the said Company has been revoked, and he is no longer in any manner connected with the said Company or its affairs.

Mr. J. Curwen, of Ranchi, is the local representative of the Company in liquidation.

Dated this 23rd day of April 1877.

CHAUNTRELL, KNOWLES, AND ROBERTS,
Solicitors for the Liquidators of the Ranchi
 (1275-f. n.) *Lac Company, Limited.*

Cocheela Tea Company, "Limited."

THE requisite number of Shareholders to form a quorum not having been present at the Extraordinary General Meeting called for this day, the said meeting stands adjourned to Monday, the 30th current, at the same hour and place.

BOHRADALE, SCHILLER & Co., Managing Agents.
 CALCUTTA, 23rd April 1877. (1276-1)

Great Eastern Hotel, Wine and General Purveying Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that the Thirtieth Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of this Company will be held at the registered Office of the Company, Nos. 1, 2, & 3, Old Court House Street, on Saturday, the 26th May 1877, at 3 o'clock p.m., to receive the Directors' Report, to pass the Accounts for the year ending 28th February last, to declare a Dividend, and to transact any other business that may be brought before the meeting.

By order of the Directors,

A. CUMMING, Secretary.

CALCUTTA, the 23rd April 1877. (1278-2)

Outlecherra Tea Company, "Limited."

THE Sixth Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the registered Office, No. 12, Mission Row, on Wednesday, the twenty-fifth day of April 1877, at noon, for the purpose of receiving the Directors' report and accounts for the season ending 31st December last, declaring a further dividend, and transacting such other business as may be brought forward.

The share transfer books of the Company will be closed from the 16th to 25th instant, both days inclusive.

BROG, DUNLOP & Co., Secretaries.

CALCUTTA, 9th April 1877. (1253-3)

The East India Tea Company, "Limited."

THE Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the registered Office, No. 5, Garstin's Place, on Monday, the 30th April, at three o'clock, to receive the Directors' Report and accounts, declare a further dividend, and transact such other business as may be brought forward.

R. BLECHYNDEN, Secretary.

CALCUTTA, the 16th April 1877. (1264-2)

The India General Steam Navigation Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held on Wednesday, the 2nd day of May next, at noon, at the Office of the Company, No. 4, Fairlie Place, for the purpose of considering a special Resolution which it is intended to propose at the said meeting, with the intention of subsequently confirming the same at a subsequent meeting, in accordance with the provision of Section 51 of the Indian Company's Act, 1866, empowering the Directors to borrow, on such terms as to interest and time of repayment, and on such security, whether by Debentures charged on the property of the Company, or otherwise as they shall think expedient, a sum not exceeding five lakhs of rupees for the purpose of increasing the Company's fleet of Steamers.

By order of the Directors,

G. F. SCOTT, Secretary.

4, FAIRLIE PLACE, CALCUTTA, 5th April 1877. (1260-3)

The Naini Tal Brewery Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the members of the Naini Tal Brewery Company, "Limited," will be held at the registered Office of the Company at Naini Tal on Tuesday, the fifteenth day of May next, at noon, for the purpose of considering the proposed Articles of Association of the Company, and of passing, if approved, the following resolution which is intended to be proposed at the meeting, and to be at a subsequent meeting confirmed as a special resolution under the Indian Companies Act, 1866, that is to say—

That the Articles of Association submitted to the meeting be, and the same is hereby, approved and adopted as the Articles of Association of the Company, in the place and stead of the regulations contained in the table marked A in the first schedule to the Indian Companies Act, 1866, and that the same be delivered to the Registrar of Joint-Stock Companies, and registered as the Articles of Association of the Company.

Dated this thirteenth day of April 1877.

(1271-2) **ROBERT READ, Offg. Managing Director.**

Notice to Creditors.

PURSUANT to the Trustees and Mortgagees Powers Act, 1866, being Act XXVIII of 1866 of the Legislative Council of India, notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Eliza Anne Black, widow of Thomas Black, formerly of Calcutta, Printer, deceased, and probate of whose Last Will and Testament was duly granted by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Testamentary and Intestate Jurisdiction on the 16th day of November 1876 to William Kenneth Douglas of Calcutta, a member of the Bengal Pilot Service, and Alice Mary Douglas, his wife, the executor and executrix named in and appointed by the said Last Will and Testament of the above-named deceased, are hereby required to send in writing the particulars of their claims or demands to the said executor or executrix at their residence, No. 5, London Street, in Calcutta, on or before the 15th day of May next, and notice is also hereby given that at the expiration of the last mentioned day the said executor and executrix will be at liberty to distribute the assets of the said Eliza Anne Black, deceased, or any part thereof, amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims of which the said executor and executrix then have notice, and that the said executor and executrix will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose claim the said executor and executrix have not had notice at the time of such distribution. Dated this 25th day of February 1877.

(1163-3) **ORE & HARRIS, Attorneys-at-Law.**

Goods of Harry George Wyatt, deceased, late of Calcutta.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

PURSUANT to "the Trustees and Mortgagees' Powers' Act, 1866," Notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims against the Estate of the deceased above named, Probate of whose will was granted to the undersigned on the 28th day of November 1876, by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William, are hereby required to send in writing the particulars of their claims to the undersigned at No. 14, Russel Street, in Calcutta, aforesaid, on or before the 31st day of May 1877, after which date the undersigned will distribute the Estate of the deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they have then had notice, and the undersigned will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose claim they shall have not had notice at the time of such distribution.

Executors of the said deceased.

WILLIAM BROAD.
G. G. CUMMING.

CALCUTTA, 28th March 1877.

(1267—2)

In the Goods of William Coish, deceased.

PURSUANT to the Trustees and Mortgagees Powers Act, 1866, notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of William Coish, late of No. 7, Esplanade Row, Calcutta, boot and shoe-maker, deceased, and probate of whose last will and testament was granted by the High Court at Calcutta in its testamentary and intestate jurisdiction on the 29th of March 1877, to Mrs. Frances Coish, of No. 7, Esplanade Row, Calcutta, the widow and sole executrix named in and appointed by the said will of the above-named deceased, are hereby required to send in writing the particulars of their claim or demands to the said executrix at her residence, No. 7, Esplanade Row, Calcutta, on or before the 10th day of July next, and notice is hereby given that after such date the said executrix will be at liberty to distribute the assets of the said William Coish, deceased, or any part thereof amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard to the claims of which the said executrix then has notice, and that the said executrix will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose claim the said executrix has not had notice at the time of such distribution.

Dated this 10th day of April 1877.

CHAUNTRELL, KNOWLES, & ROBERTS,
Attorneys for the Executrix.

(1251—3)

Administrator-General's Office.

NOTICE

ADMITTED claims against the undermentioned Estates are payable on Tuesday and Friday as usual:—

ESTATES.	Claims or dividend.	Rates of dividend per rupee.
* Bent, H., Lieutenant-Colonel, late in the Royal Artillery	Claims	In full.
* Fowles, E. G., Mrs., late of the Town of Calcutta (widow)	Ditto	Ditto.
* French, E. L., late Manager of Nalmalghur Tea Factory, in the district of Seebagor, in Assam	Ditto	Ditto.
* Johnston, J. H., late an Assistant Superintendent in the Bengal Police	Ditto	Ditto.
* Manson, W. B., late Law Agent, and Resident Trustee in India, and Manager of the Estate of the late K. S. Brodie	Ditto	Ditto.
* Moore, T. W., late an Extra Assistant Commissioner of Dehra	1st Dividend	@ 4 as. 11 pie.
* Rogers, B., Major, late of the Bengal Staff Corps	Claims	In full.
* Strickland, T. H. F., Lieutenant, late in Her Majesty's 73rd Regt.	Ditto	Ditto.

N.B.—The surplus of the estates marked * is carried over to the account for the persons interested, and no other claims against the estates can be admitted.
Persons presenting receipts for payment are requested at the same time to produce the registry certificates which have been granted to them from this office.

L. P. D. BROUGHTON, *Administrator-General.*
CALCUTTA, ADMINISTRATOR-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
HIGH COURT, the 24th April 1877. (1277—1)

INSOLVENT NOTICES.

In the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of JOSEPH ANDERSON, an Insolvent.

On Monday, the 26th day of March last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 1st day of May next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of HAGEE CADKEE, an Insolvent.

On Thursday, the 29th day of March last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 5th day of June next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of WILLIAM FORBES GRAHAM, an Insolvent.

On Wednesday, the 4th day of April instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 5th day of June next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

S. J. Leslie, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 17th day of April 1877.

In the matter of KALLOORAM and RAMSOOK, Insolvents.

On Tuesday, the 10th day of April instant, it was ordered that the creditors of the said Insolvents do, on or before the 30th day of June next, file in the Office of the Chief Clerk of this Court a statement of their respective claims against the estate of the said Insolvents duly verified by affidavit, and that the Chief Clerk do form a schedule from the claims so to be filed.

Dignam and Robinson, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of CHARLES WILLIAM SALIZ and EDWARD DANIEL LATAPIE, Insolvents.

On Tuesday, the 10th day of April instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee from the 1st day of April 1869 to the 31st day of March last was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Tuesday, the 1st day of May next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

Any creditor or other person interested, who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said Insolvents, may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

In the matter of NICHOLAS MALCOLM GASSER, Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 10th day of April instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee from the 1st day of September 1874 to the 31st day of March last was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Tuesday, the 1st day of May next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

Any creditor or other person interested, who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said Insolvent, may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

In the matter of ALEXANDER COLVIN, WILLIAM AINSLIE, THOMAS ANDERSON, and DANIEL AINSLIE, Insolvents.

On Tuesday, the 10th day of April instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee from the 1st day of April 1869 to the 31st day of March last was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Tuesday, the 1st day of May next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

Any creditor or other person interested, who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said Insolvents, may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

In the matter of JAMES HILL, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 10th day of April instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee from the 1st day of August 1874 to the 31st day of March last was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered the Tuesday, the 1st day of May next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

Any creditor or other person interested, who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said Insolvent, may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.

A. B. Miller, Official Assignee.

In the matter of GEORGE URE ADAM and JAMES STEWART, BLAIR SCOTT, Insolvents.

On Tuesday, the 10th day of April instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee from the 1st day of April 1869 to the 31st day of March last was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Tuesday, the 1st day of May next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

Any creditor or other person interested, who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said Insolvents, may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.

A. B. Miller, Official Assignee.

In the matter of WOOMESH CHUNDER BONNERJEE, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 10th day of April instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee from the 1st day of December 1875 to the 31st day of March last was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Tuesday, the 1st day of May next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

Any creditor or other person interested, who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said Insolvent, may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.

A. B. Miller, Official Assignee.

Chief Clerk's Office, the 24th day of April 1877.

POSTAL NOTICES.

SEA AND OVERLAND MAILS.

For	Box closes at	Date.	Per Steamer.
Ceylon and the Australian Colonies	7 P.M.	25th April	From Bombay
Madras, Ceylon, and the Intermediate Ports	7 "	25th "	Almora.
Ceylon, Straits, Hong-Kong and the United States of America	7 "	27th "	From Bombay.
Rangoon, Moultmein, and Straits	7 "	29th "	Penang.
Chittagong, Akyab, and Kyauk Phyoo	7 "	29th "	Mahratta.
Madras and Ceylon	7 "	30th "	Indus.
Persian Gulf	7 "	30th "	From Bombay.

The next Overland Mail *via* Bombay will close at the General Post-Office on Friday, the 27th April 1877.

2. Book-post and pattern-packets must be posted on the 26th April 1877.

N.B.—The Letter Box will close at 7 P.M. precisely, after which hour Overland letters, fully prepaid and bearing an extra postage stamp of two annas on each cover, will be received up to 7-30 P.M., or bearing an extra postage stamp of four annas on each cover up to 8 P.M.

W. ALPIN, Offg. Post-Master of Calcutta.

CALCUTTA, the 24th April 1877.

List of Unclaimed Letters lying in the Calcutta Post-Office on the 24th April 1877.

Anderson, R. T.	Granger, John H.
Anthony, J.	Gregoire, Leonidas.
Arthur, E. G.	Healy, Mrs. J.
Ayres, T. J.	Hendrix, Rev. E. R.
Balford, H. W.	Jackson, Mrs. H. W.
Ballard, G.	Johnstone, W. M.
Baptist, C.	Jones, Mrs. A.
Barnes, J.	Jones, Mrs. S.
Bartlett, J. H.	Leeming, J.
Bates, W.	Lepage and Nephew, Messrs.
Bavary, R.	Lowrie, Mrs. C.
Bawl, R.	Mackenzie, G. R.
Bernard de Valleror.	Mackintosh, D. S.
Blackquiere, J.	Maddox, Mrs. A.
Blackwood, H.	McNeil, G.
Bradwell, R.	McNevin, F.
Bragga, W.	Miller, Jas.
Breen, W.	Milman, W.
Brooks, G.	Molesworth, G.
Brudenell, Mrs. T.	Morris, Edward.
Buckly, C. W.	Newnarch, Mf.
Bull, J.	Nicolas, J.
Burnes, W.	O'Bmoore, Daniel.
Cales, G. F.	Osman, H. (Private).
Cameron, J.	Payter, G. R.
Cannon, G.	Percy, Hugh L. H.
Cardozo, R. J.	Perroux, Mrs. C.
Carr, J.	Peters, S.
Caser, J. N.	Pickance, Capt.
Churcher, W.	Quinlan, J.
Clark, Miss Annie.	Rainer, H.
Correa, E. A.	Reardon, J. P.
Cresswell, Doyne & Co.	Reid, Louis D.
Daly, J.	Shepherd, John.
Davies, H.	Smart, W. A.
Davison, T. M.	Smith, Mrs. Eliza.
Day, Mrs.	Stewart, A. A. I.
Dodgson, Chas. H.	Steward, R. C.
Doherty, Mrs. A. H.	Stewart, S.
Douglas, Fraser & Co.	Thomas, T.
Ducachi, Allesadro.	Thompson, Mrs. C. L.
Falcon, B.	Tipping, R. G.
Fan, Mrs. E. M.	Wallace, Alex. (C. Engr.)
Forbes, G. J.	Walls, Henry.
Freeman, T.	Wane, Innes B.
Garson, Mrs. C. E. M.	Wiley, C. J.
Gaspar, A.	Woodford, Mrs. A.
Gordon, James.	Woods, Miss.
Goulbin, Miss P. E.	Wurzer, J. C.

Letters marked "Care of Post-Office to be kept till called for."

Ameer Ally.	Jackson, J. W.
Arthur, Geo.	J. E. M.
Battye, Major H. D.	Jenkinson, Mrs.
Beale, William.	Jordon, F. J.
Biggs, Robert O. C.	Kaikhosru Nowrooj Kabraj.
Bogie, James.	King, H. W.
Bonerjee, Dr. S. A.	Lawrie, G. W.
Boxall, C. A.	MacIntyre, A.
Brownfield, M.	Macnamara, G. I.
Bromehead, Revd.	Meyer, H. G.
Caddy, D. G.	Middleton, Lewis.
Carrington & Wigley.	Mirza Bazhoal Hossein.
Chill, Mr.	Moran, Frank Conyngham.
Clarkson, Mr.	Murison, Jas. S.
Cranbourn, Mrs.	Nichols, W. J.
Crossly, R.	Nixon, T. W.
Dalgetty, Capt.	Pillot, Eugene Monsieur.
Donegan, N.	Reed, J.
Eaton, Mrs G. W.	Rein, G.
E. F. W.	Richardson, Geo.
Elderton, Mrs.	Schapira, D.
Emilie, Melle.	Shannon, W.
Forbes, Mrs. L. R.	Stone, B. J.
Frawley, M. A.	Storey, William.
Friedwald, Madam F.	Terlecki, Miss.
Glukman, Lione.	Thomas, S. B.
Graham, Mrs.	Watson, J. B.
Gray, William.	Willard, J. C.
Head Mrs. Charlotte.	Williams, C. A.
Horn, Peter.	Young, Capt. Alx.
Hudson, Thos.	Zacharias, A. H.
Hughes, I. M.	

Papers.

Battye, Major H. D.
Bellany, Jas.
Bogie, J.
Caddy, D.
Holland, Capt.

Ryder, A.
Seemington, M. J.
Storey, W.
Willard, J. C.
Williams, C. A.

Registered Letters.

Cosing, H.
Fagan, L. S.
Forbes, Mrs. L. R.

Francis, Marples.
Stewart, Alex.

W. ALPIN, *Offg. Post-Master of Calcutta*

THE following are the latest hours for posting letters in the General Post Office:—

Mails.	Final clearance of letter box.	Latest hour for receipt of registered letters and parcels.	REMARKS.
All stations on Loop Line, between Howrah and Ramporehaut, and on Chord, between Calcutta and Assensole	5-30 A.M.	5 P.M.	
DUM-DUM.			
1st Despatch	8 A.M.	7-30 A.M.	
2nd ditto	7-30 P.M.	5 P.M.	
BARRACKPORE.			
1st Despatch	6-30 A.M.	5 P.M.	
2nd ditto	6 P.M.	5 P.M.	
BARRASSET.			
1st Despatch	1-30 P.M.	1 P.M.	
2nd ditto	7-30 P.M.	5 P.M.	
HOWRAH.			
1st Despatch	6 A.M.	5 P.M.	
2nd ditto	2 P.M.	1-30 P.M.	
3rd ditto	5 P.M.	4-30 P.M.	
4th ditto	7 P.M.	5 P.M.	
All stations on railway line between Howrah and Burdwan	2 P.M.	1-30 P.M.	
All stations on the East Indian Railway Loop Line in the Assam Province, Purneah, Julpigoree, Darjeeling, Berhampore, Baylia, Maldah, and Dinapore districts	5 P.M.	4-30 P.M.	
All stations in the Dacca, Chittagong, Tipperah, Noakhali, Cachar, Sylhet, Kishinagar, Pubna, Fureedpore, Burrisal, Mymensing, and Bogra districts	6-45 P.M.	5 P.M.	Mail train.
All stations on the Eastern Bengal Railway for Dacca ...	6-30 A.M.	5 P.M.	Slow train.
All stations on the East Indian Railway Chord Line in the North-Western Provinces, Punjab, Scind, and Central Provinces, as well as those in the Bombay and Madras Presidencies	*7 P.M.	5 P.M.	* With a late letter, fee of 1 anna up to 8 P.M.
Oolooohariah, Midnapore, Cuttack, Balasore, Pooree, and places in the Madras Presidency up to Vizapatnam	6 P.M.	5 P.M.	
Registered letters and parcels are received during the week from	7 to 8 A.M. & 12 to 5 P.M.		
And on Sundays, from	7 to 8 A.M. & 4 to 5 P.M.		

There is a Pillar Box at the gate of the East Indian Railway Station at Howrah which is closed at the following hours:—

5-45 A.M. }
2-15 P.M. } (Week days only.)
5-45 P.M. }
10-15 P.M. }

The peons usually leave this Office with deliveries on week days:—

1st Delivery 8 A.M.
2nd ditto 12-30 P.M.
3rd ditto 4 P.M.

On Sundays there will be two deliveries, viz.—

1st Delivery at 8 A.M.
2nd ditto at 12-30 P.M.

W. ALPIN, *Offg. Post-Master.*

GENERAL POST OFFICE, CALCUTTA,
The 2nd November 1875.

Nuddea Rivers.

Weekly Water Report showing the least depth of water in the Bhagiruttee, Matabangah, and Jellinghee Rivers for the week ending Friday, the 20th April 1877.

Names of Rivers.

Least depth of water.

BHAGIRUTTEE.

	Ft. In
Entrance below Chourasia	6 6
Thence to Noorpore Junction, 6 miles	5 0
Thence to Jungipore, 9 miles	4 3
From Jungipore to Berhampore, 47 miles	3 9
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 50 miles	2 6*
From Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles	2 9†

MATABANGAH.

Entrance ... ..	...
Thence to Tatarparah ... ..	...
From Tatarparah to Hat Bolia ... ..	...
From Hat Bolia to Boalmaree ... ..	...
From Boalmaree to Alickdeah ... ..	...
From Alickdeah to Kissengunge ... ..	...

Closed.

JELLINGHEE AND BYRUB.

Entrance of Byrub from the Ganges	5 6
Thence to Junction with the Jellinghee	3 6
From Junction of Byrub and Jellinghee to Teakatta	3 6
From Teakatta to Nuddea	3 3

Height of water on gauge at Berhampore on the 23rd April 1877, above zero, 1 foot 8½ inches.

T. H. WICKES, C.E.,

Exe. Engr., Nuddea Rivers Division.

BERHAMPORE, the 23rd April 1877.

* In one place only boats drawing 3 feet can pass.

† Boats drawing 3 feet can pass.

The following books may be had from the office of Superintendent, Government Printing, No. 8, Hastings Street. No orders can be attended to unless accompanied by a remittance. When postage stamps are forwarded, one anna additional should be sent for every rupee's worth of stamps for discount in exchanging them for cash. Service labels are not received.

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APPENDIX TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25, 1877.

GENERAL JURY LIST.

LIST of Persons liable to serve on Common Juries in the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for the year ensuing from 1st May 1877, pursuant to Act X of 1875.

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.		
	A					Errors in name and description can be corrected on communication to the Office of the Clerk of the Crown. Persons claiming exemption should communicate their claim and the grounds thereof to the Clerk of the Crown as soon as possible after service of summons, and so also should all persons summoned and unable to attend for any reason or cause, stating the reason or cause, so that, if sufficient cause is alleged, the Sheriff may be directed to summon another Jurymen.		
1	Abbott, G	...	Firm of Abbott and Co.	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	India	Christian
2	Abreo, J	...	Assistant, Apear and Co.	...	Radha Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
3	Abreo, J	...	Assistant, Bank of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
4	Abre, G W	...	Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
5	Aburrow, A H	...	Assistant, L. W. Toulmin and Co	...	Radha Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
6	Acton, A	...	Manager, Calcutta Central Press Company, Limited.	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.
7	Adamson, G	...	...	...	Christian
8	Adels, F C	...	...	...	ditto
9	Adels, J P	...	...	...	ditto
10	Adels, J R	...	...	...	ditto
11	Agar, H	...	...	...	ditto
12	Aitken, W R T	...	...	...	ditto
13	Albert, A	...	...	...	ditto
14	Alexander, G	...	...	...	ditto
15	Alexander, H	...	...	...	ditto
16	Alexander, J	...	...	...	ditto
17	Alexander, J H	...	...	...	ditto
18	Alexander, W P	...	...	...	ditto
19	Allan, J	...	...	...	ditto
20	Allan, J	...	...	...	ditto
21	Allan, W	...	...	...	ditto
22	Allardice, R	...	...	...	ditto
23	Amos, W G	...	...	...	ditto
24	Anderson, A	...	...	...	ditto
25	Anderson, A M	...	...	...	ditto
26	Anderson, A P	...	...	...	ditto
27	Anderson, B	...	...	...	ditto
28	Anderson, G G	...	...	...	ditto
29	Anderson, J	...	...	...	ditto
30	Andrew, J T	...	...	...	ditto

31	Andrew, L	...	Head Clerk, Office of Supdg. Engineer, S. W. Circle.	ditto	...	ditto
32	Andrews, C A	...	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	...	ditto
33	Andrews, G A	...	Offr. Registrar, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	London's Buildings	...	ditto
34	Andrews, J	...	Hotel-keeper	Old Court House Street	...	ditto
35	Andrews, J	...	Assistant, Home Department	London's Buildings	...	ditto
36	Ansted, T E	...	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	...	ditto
37	Apcar, A (Jr.)	...	Assistant, Apcar and Co.	Radha Bazar Street	...	ditto
38	Apcar, S T	...	ditto	ditto	...	ditto
39	Archibald, A M	...	Assistant Accountant, National Bank of India.	3, Council House Street	...	ditto
40	Armstrong, W	...	Assistant, Stewart and Co.	Old Court House Corner	...	ditto
41	Arratoon, C	...	Assistant, Atkinson Brothers	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
42	Ashburner, G	...	Assistant, Ashburner and Co.	Garstin's Place	...	ditto
43	Ashe, A B	...	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	...	ditto
44	Ashe, C	...	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	...	ditto
45	Atkinson, D	...	Surveyor-General's Office	Park Street	...	ditto
46	Atkinson, F J	...	Assistant Comptroller-General	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
47	Atkinson, G A	...	Assistant Auditor, E. I. Railway	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
48	Augustine, C F	...	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	...	ditto
49	Augustine, E W	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
50	Augustine, J	...	ditto	ditto	...	ditto
51	Authray, A	...	Assistant, Audit Office, East Indian Railway	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
52	Avery, W	...	Assistant, Office of Comptroller of Military Accounts.	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
53	Avetoom, C T	...	Merchant	No. 2, Lindsay Street	...	ditto
54	Ansley, J M	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	...	ditto
55	Ayres, W H T	...	Supdt., Office of Acctt.-Genl. of Bengal	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
B.						
56	Babonau, T W	Draftsman, Surveyor-General's Office	46, Park Street	India	Christian	
57	Badham, H	Proprietor, Firm of Badham Brothers	Old Court House Street	Great Britain	ditto	
58	Bailey, W	Assistant Book-keeper, Chief Auditor's Office.	22, Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto	
59	Baker, A	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, P. W. D.	Fort William	ditto	ditto	
60	Baker, F W	Firm of Baker and Co.	9, Old Court House Street...	ditto	ditto	
61	Baker, W O	Registrar, Chief Engineer's Office, E. I. R.	Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
62	Baldwin, W J	Asst., Dept. of Reve., Agrl., and Commerce	Leaden's Buildings	India	ditto	
63	Ball, E	Assistant, Ranken and Co.	Old Court House Street	Great Britain	ditto	
64	Ballantine, C R	Assistant, Office of Consulting Engineer to the Government of India.	20, Writers' Buildings	India	ditto	
65	Bampton, W R	Inhabitant	Jorattalao Street	ditto	ditto	
66	Bancroft, N W	Head Assistant, Office of Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department.	Humayoon Place	Great Britain	ditto	
67	Baness, J F	Surveyor and Chief Draftsman, Drawing Branch, Surveyor-General's Office.	Park Street	ditto	ditto	
68	Barbour, M	Assistant, Mookerjee, Clerk and Co.	Commercial Buildings	ditto	ditto	
69	Barlow, T	Printer, <i>Indian Daily News</i>	British Indian Street	India	ditto	
70	Barne, T A	Assistant, T. E. Thomson and Co.	Esplanade Row	Great Britain	ditto	
71	Barnett, G	Assistant, Corfield and Co.	Government Place	India	ditto	
72	Barnfather, W	Supd'g. Engineer, W. Circle	Writers' Buildings	Great Britain	ditto	
73	Barrett, E	Road Overseer, 2nd Division, Calcutta	4, Jaun Bazar Street	India	ditto	
74	Bartlett, G F	Sub-Engineer, P. W. D., 3rd Calcutta divn.	15, Writers' Buildings	Great Britain	ditto	
75	Bartlett, G W	Inspector of Bazars to the Justices of the Peace.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	India	ditto	
76	Bartlett, J T	Asstt. to Mackintosh, Burn and Co.	Misson Row	Great Britain	ditto	

77	Bartlett, R	Coach Builder	...	British Indian Street	...	India	ditto
78	Baxter, W	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	...	Somerset Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
79	Bayne, R R	Draftsman, Chief Engineer's Office, E. I. R.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
80	Beer, J H E	Manager, Corfield and Co.	...	Government Place, East	...	ditto	ditto
81	Bell, J	Supdt., Office of Acct.-General of Bengal	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
82	Bell, R	Assistant, Nuisance Department of the Justices.	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	India	ditto
83	Bell, W	Assistant, Henry S. Cox	...	Wellesley Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
84	Bell Irving, W O	Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co.	...	Olive Row	...	ditto	ditto
85	Bellamy, J F	Deputy Supdt., Military Department Press	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
86	Belletty, J R	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept.	...	1, Sudder Street	...	India	ditto
87	Belletty, M	Assistant, Foreign Department	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
88	Belletty, N A	Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office	...	46, Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
89	Bennett, F J	Examiner, Office of Supdt. Govt. Printing.	...	Hastings Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
90	Bennett, J	3rd Grade Engineer, Calcutta Mint	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
91	Berry, J H	Assistant Accountant, National Bank	...	3, Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
92	Berwick, J F	Accountant, Oriental Bank Co.	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
93	Beveridge, W W	Superintendent, Office of Comptroller-General.	...	Treasury Buildings	...	India	ditto
94	Bibra, L V	Assistant Engineer to the Justices	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
95	Bigge, E	Assistant, Gisborne and Co.	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
96	Billings, W A	Deputy Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bengal.	...	17, Writers' Building	...	India	ditto
97	Bird, S	Assistant, Bird and Co.	...	Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
98	Birkmyre, W	Firm of Birkmyre Brothers	...	24, Strand	...	ditto	ditto
99	Bishop, W C	Road Overseer, Justices of the Peace	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
100	Biss, J K	Assistant, Commissary-General's Office	...	6, Park Street	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Bus.	Great Britain	Christian
B.					
101	Biss, R L	...	Assistant Accountant, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand
102	Biss, W H	...	ditto	...	ditto
103	Bland, E	...	Firm of Bremner and Laycock	...	Lions' Range
104	Blics, J	...	Assistant, Harold and Co.	...	Dalhousie Square
105	Bloemink, E	...	Assistant Secretariat Government of India, Public Works Department.	...	London's Buildings
106	Boileau, T	...	Assistant, Hunter and Co.	...	156, Dhurumtollah
107	Bois, A	...	Firm of Cook and Co.	...	ditto
108	Bois, E	...	ditto	...	ditto
109	Bolst, H A	...	Assistant, Secretariat Government of India, Public Works Department.	...	London's Buildings
110	Bolton, T	...	Assistant, Mathematical Instrument maker, Surveyor General's Office.	...	9, Park Street
111	Bonnaud, A L	...	Assistant, Robert and Charriol	...	Vansittart Row
112	Bonnaud, G A	...	Assistant, Office of Controller of Mily. Accts.	...	Somerset Buildings
113	Botellho, J W	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street
114	Botellho, T F	...	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Police, Lower Provinces.	...	13, Chowringhee Road
115	Bourrignon, A	...	Foreign Office	...	Council House Street
116	Bowers	...	Foreman, P. W. D. Press, Bengal	...	Writers' Buildings
117	Bradbury, H	...	Head Clerk, Stamp Department, Calcutta Collectorate.	...	Church Lane
118	Brady, J W	...	Assistant, T. E. Thomson and Co.	...	9, Esplanade Row
119	Braham, G	...	Assistant Llewelyn and Co.	...	Bentinck Street
120	Braham, H	...	Assistant, Jessop and Co.	...	Strand

121	Brancker, R	...	Assistant, Ewing and Co.	...	New China Bazar Street	...	ditto
122	Bretton, A	...	Assistant, W. Moran and Co.	...	3, Church Lane	...	Great Britain
123	Brewster, C C	...	Assistant, G. E. Hotel Company, Limited	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto
124	Brewster, R C	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
125	Bridge, J	...	Joint Manager, G. F. Kellner and Co.	...	13, Government Place	...	ditto
126	Bridge, F O	...	Banker, Oriental Bank Corporation	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
127	Bridge, J	...	Accountant, Calcutta Mint	...	Strand	...	India
128	Bridge, J L	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto
129	Brigden, C	...	Assistant, Westfield and Co.	...	Government Place	...	Great Britain
130	Broad, W	...	Proprietor, Adelphi Hotel	...	Waterloo Street	...	ditto
131	Broadhead, E H	...	Head Assistant, Deputy Commissary General's Office.	...	6, Park Street	...	ditto
132	Broderick, J M	...	Accountant, Examiner of P. W. Accounts	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
133	Brookes, G H	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto
134	Brown, A	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	16, Strand Road	...	ditto
135	Brown, G S	...	Passing Officer, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	...	ditto
136	Brown, T	...	Assistant, Thacker, Spink and Co.	...	Government Place	...	ditto
137	Brown, T F	...	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co.	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto
138	Brown, T F	...	Firm of Seton and Co.	...	173, Dhurumtollah Street	...	ditto
139	Brown, T J	...	Undertaker	...	Bentinck Street	...	India
140	Browne, R D	...	Assistant, G. E. Hotel	...	Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain
141	Bruce, H T	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	India
142	Bruce, J	...	Secretary, Doveton College	...	Park Street	...	Great Britain
143	Bryant, A J	...	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Military Department.	...	9, Dacre's Lane	...	ditto
144	Buchan, J	...	Accountant, National Bank	...	3, Council House Street	...	ditto
145	Buchanan, R J	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	16, Strand Road	...	ditto

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	B.				Christian
146	Burgess, R	Assistant, J. Monteith and Co.	Old Court House Street	Great Britain	ditto
147	Burgess, W W	Assistant, T. E. Thomson and Co.	9, Esplanade	India	ditto
148	Burke, A D	Assistant, Harman and Co.	13, Government Place	Great Britain	ditto
149	Burke, G H	Assistant, T. E. Thomson and Co.	9, Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto
150	Burnes, J A	Banker, Oriental Bank Corporation	Clive Street	ditto	ditto
151	Burnham, R	Assistant, Corfield and Co.	10, Esplanade	India	ditto
152	Burnham, R	Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	India	ditto
153	Burrows, A	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.	4, Garstin's Place	ditto	ditto
154	Buskin, E G	Firm of Buskin and Co.	Strand	Great Britain	ditto
155	Buttrum, E	Assistant, Barlow and Co.	Clive Ghat Street	ditto	ditto
156	Byrne, A E	Registrar, Surveyor-General's Office	46, Park Street	India	ditto
157	Byrne, H B	Assistant, Office of Controller, Military Accounts.	5, Somerset Buildings	ditto	ditto
	C				
158	Caithness, J E	Firm of Cooke and Kelvey	Old Court House Street	Great Britain	ditto
159	Calvert, J	Assistant, Turner, Morrison and Co.	Lyons' Range	ditto	ditto
160	Christopher, F C	Assistant, Steuart and Co.	Old Court House Corner	India	ditto
161	Carlisle, F	Assistant, Carlisle, Nephews and Co.	25, Mango Lane	Great Britain	ditto
162	Carlisle, S	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
163	Carpen, A W	Assistant, Landing and Shipping Company.	Hare Street	ditto	ditto
164	Carrick, J (Jr.)	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co.	1, Fairlie Place	ditto	ditto
165	Carrit, W	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	16, Strand	ditto	ditto
166	Carter, A M	Auditor, Examiner's Office, Pay Department	Banksball Street	India	ditto
167	Carter, H	Assistant, Ahmuty and Co.	Church Lane	Great Britain	ditto

168	Carter, W	Assistant, Petrocochino and Co.	...	23, Canning Street	...	ditto
169	Casby, J P	Head Printer, East Indian Railway	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
170	Cashman, J H	Chief Clerk, Office of Secretary to Government of Bengal, Public Works Dept.	...	20, Writers' Buildings	...	India
171	Castor, J F	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Medical Accounts.	...	7, Koilah Ghat Street	...	ditto
172	Casty, D	Assistant, G. Abbott and Co.	...	Dhurruntollah Street	...	ditto
173	Chalmer, W A	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
174	Chamarett, A	Surveyor and Geog. Examiner	...	46, Fark Street	...	ditto
175	Chaplin, M S	Assistant, M. C. Joakim and Co.	...	2, Elliot Road	...	Great Britain
176	Charlton, J L	Assistant, Bengal Secretariat, Judl. Dept.	...	1, Sudder Street	...	India
177	Charten, W	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel Co.	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto
178	Chater, M	Accountant, Bank of Calcutta	...	New China Bazar Street	...	ditto
179	Chaunce, J	Assistant, Hamilton and Co.	...	9, Weston's Lane	...	ditto
180	Cheetham, G	Assistant, Carlisle, Nephews and Co.	...	25, Mango Lane	...	Great Britain
181	Chick, N A	Registrar of Hackney Carriages	...	Free School Street	...	India
182	Chin, E A	Assistant, Graham and Co.	...	9, Clive Street	...	Great Britain
183	Christien, Fernand	Firm of H. A. Coggan and Co.	...	74, Dhurruntollah Street	...	India
184	Christien, Fred.	Assistant, J. G. Hanham and Co.	...	ditto	...	ditto
185	Christien, F	Assistant, Hoare, Miller and Co.	...	Government Place	...	ditto
186	Clabon, G	Assistant Engineer, P. W. Department	...	Strand	...	Great Britain
187	Clark, B	Assistant, Baker & Co.	...	Writers' Building	...	ditto
188	Clark, H (Jr.)	Assistant, Mackinon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	9, Old Court House Street	...	ditto
189	Clark, H	Assistant, Badham Brothers	...	16, Strand	...	ditto
190	Clark, J	Assistant, Calcutta Mint	...	16, Old Court House Street	...	ditto
191	Clark, W H	Assistant, Calcutta Mint	...	Strand	...	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Christian.
C					
192	Clarke, A	Passing Officer, Bank of Bengal	Strand	India	Christian
193	Clarke, J	Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	ditto	ditto
194	Clinton, M C	Assistant, Office of Assistant-General, Military Department	9, Dacre's Lane	Great Britain	ditto
195	Coard, C W	Superintendent, Engineering Branch, Surveyor-General's Office	Park Street	ditto	ditto
196	Coard, S M	Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	ditto	ditto	ditto
197	Cock, A	Assistant, Office of Assistant-General, Military Department	9, Dacre's Lane	ditto	ditto
198	Cockburn, E	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	India	ditto
199	Coggan, H A	Firm of H. A. Coggan & Co.	74, Dhurrumtollah	Great Britain	ditto
200	Coggan, R T	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
201	Coleman, C	Assistant, Agra Bank	Mango Lane	ditto	ditto
202	Collett, W H	Manager, G. F. Kellner and Co.	18, Government Place	ditto	ditto
203	Collie, H	Head Assistant, Office of Director of Public Instruction.	Chowring Road	India	ditto
204	Collins, P A	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto
205	Coleman, C M	Assistant, F. T. Brooks and Co.	Olive Row	Great Britain	ditto
206	Connolly, R K	Assistant, Carritt and Co. Gipp	Mission Row	ditto	ditto
207	Connolly, W G	Assistant, Atkinson Brothers	Chowringhee Road	ditto	ditto
208	Connor, J	Assistant, Office of Superintendent, Survey, Upper Circle.	10, Middleton Street	India	ditto
209	Cooke, G F	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	Loudon's Buildings	ditto	ditto

211	Cornelius, J	... Assistant, Shipping Office	... Strand	...	ditto
212	Counsell, T A	... Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Department.	... 1, Sudder Street	...	ditto
213	Courthope, W F	... Assistant, Ede and Hobson	... 23, Canning Street	... Great Britain	ditto
214	Cowie, D L	... Assistant, Colvin, Cowie and Co.	... 1, Hastings Street	...	ditto
215	Cowie, R H	... ditto	... ditto	...	ditto
216	Cowpe, C	... Assistant, Cox, Steel and Co.	... 21, Strand	...	ditto
217	Cox, E W	... Assistant to Burn and Co.	... 7, Hastings Street	...	ditto
218	Cox, J	... Assistant, Robert Campbell and Co.	... Waterloo Street	...	ditto
219	Cox, W J	... Assistant, H. S. Cox	... 7, Wellesley Place	...	ditto
220	Craddock, J	... Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.	... 4, Garstin's Place	...	ditto
221	Cranenburgh, D E	... Pleader, Calcutta Police Court	... 4, Sibtollah Lane	...	ditto
222	Craw, W	... Assistant, Branch Department, Bengal Bank.	... Strand	... Great Britain	ditto
223	Craigs, J	... Asst. Compy. of Ordnance and arsenals	... Port William	... India	ditto
224	Creaton, D C	... Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	... Dalhousie Square	... Great Britain	ditto
225	Critchley, C E B	... Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	... Loudon's Buildings	... India	ditto
226	Crow, R M	... Firm of Lepag and Co.	... Bow Bazar Street	...	ditto
227	Cruden, J	... Assistant, Gladstone, Wyllie and Co.	... Clive Street	... Great Britain	ditto
228	Cumberlege, F A	... Assistant to Carritt and Co.	...	...	ditto
229	Cummings, A	... Secretary, Great Eastern Hotel Co., Ltd.	... Old Court	...	ditto
230	Cummings, W	... Supervisor, 3rd Calcutta Division	... 15, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
231	Cummins, P W	... Assistant, Francis, Harrison, Hathaway and Co.	... Government Place	... Great Britain	ditto

No.	Name.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.
C					
232	Cunliffe, R H	Assistant, Bengal Secretariat, Judicial Department.	1, Sudder Street	India	Christian
233	Cunningham, A	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	20, Strand	Great Britain	ditto
234	Cunningham, A	Asst Assistant, Office of Revenue Secretary, Superintendent of Middleton Street	Middleton Street	ditto	ditto
		Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	16, Strand	ditto	ditto
D					
236	D'Costa, W H	Head Reader, Bengal Secretariat, Printing Department.	28, Chowringhee Road	India	ditto
237	D'Cruz, H L	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Military Department.	9, Dacre's Lane	ditto	ditto
238	D'Cruz, J	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto
239	D'Cruz, L	Assistant, J. Corfield and Co.	Government Place	ditto	ditto
240	D'Mello, H S	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto
241	D'Mello, J S	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
242	D'Mello, W A	Assistant, Master Attendant's Office	Strand	ditto	ditto
243	D'Rozario, F A	Clerk, Surveyor-General's Office	Part Street	ditto	ditto
244	D'Rozario, F A	Firm of P. S. D'Rozario and Co.	Old Court House Corner	ditto	ditto
245	D'Rozario, F M	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Government Place	ditto	ditto
246	D'Rozario, S P	Assistant, P. S. D'Rozario and Co.	Old Court House Corner	ditto	ditto
247	D'Silva, H	Examiner, Military Department Press	Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto
248	D'Silva, J	Assistant, Military Department	ditto	ditto	ditto
249	D'Silva, J C	Asst., Dept. of Rev., Agri., and Commerce...	Loudon's Buildings	ditto	ditto
250	D'Silva, M	Clerk, Foreign Office	Council House Street	ditto	ditto

251	D'Silva, N	...	Assistant to F. W. Heilgers and Co.	...	Canning Street	...	ditto
252	D'Souza, A W	...	Registrar, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto
253	D'Souza, J M	...	Assistant, Military Department Press	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto
254	DaCosta, C O	...	Chief Book-keeper, E. I. Railway Co.	...	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
255	DaCosta, D W	...	Assistant, Lyall, Rennie and Co.	...	Canning Street	...	ditto
256	DaCosta, E W	...	Assistant, Office of Secretary to Government of India, Public Works Department.	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto
257	DaCosta, John	...	Ashburner and Co.	...	Garstin's place	...	ditto
258	Dallas, J F	...	Superintendent of Roads, &c., Office of the Justices.	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto
259	Dalrymple, W M	...	Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	...	30, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
260	Dalziel, J M	...	Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office.	...	Park Street	...	India
261	Dando, A C	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	Strand	...	ditto
262	Dangerfield, I	...	Assistant, Colvin, Cowie and Co.	...	1, Hastings Street	...	Great Britain
263	Daniel, J E	...	Assistant, Smith and Stanistreet	...	Dhurruntollah Street	...	India
264	Daniell, G	...	Assistant, Cook and Co.	...	ditto	...	ditto
265	DaSilva, D J	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	ditto
266	Davidson, R	...	Assistant, Delhi and London Bank	...	4, Council House Street	...	Great Britain
267	Davidson, W	...	Assistant, Andrew Yule & Co.	...	7, Clive Row	...	ditto
268	Davidson, J T	...	Reader, Dykes and Co.	...	Waterloo Street	...	ditto
269	Davis, A A	...	Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office, Bengal	...	Strand	...	ditto
270	Davis, G J	...	Assistant, Bank of India	...	7, Coliah Ghat Street	...	India
271	Davis, J E	...	Assistant, Office of Assistant and Sttd Accounts.	...	Government Row	...	ditto
272	Dawson, C S	...	Assistant, Robert, Charriol and Co.	...	Street	...	ditto
273	Day, H J	...	Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co.	...	4, Fairlie	...	India
274	Dayley, W H	...	Assistant, Steel, McIntosh and Co.	...	3, Fairlie Place	...	ditto
275	Deas, C	...	Assistant, Deputy Commissary-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	ditto
		...	Assistant, Burn and Co.	...	Hastings Street	...	Great Britain

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.
	D			
276	DeBeaufort, F	Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	Great Britain
277	DeDombal, C	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Department.	Sudder Street	India
278	DeDombal, E Durup	Head Assistant, Bengal Office	Chowringhee	ditto
278	Deefholts, H A	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept.	Sudder Street	ditto
280	DeGarnier, F	Auditor, Office of Examiner, Pay Dept.	Banksall Street	ditto
281	DeLal, W	Assistant, P. W. D., Military Works	Fort William	ditto
282	DeMonte, F W	Accountant-General's Office, Military Dept.	London's Buildings	ditto
283	Derrick, J	Assistant Secretary, Society's Depository.	Calcutta Bible Creek Row	Great Britain
284	DeRozario, A J	Store-keeper, G. F. Lackersteen and Co.	36, New China Bazar	India
285	DeSouza, M	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept.	Sudder Street	ditto
286	DeSouza, R	Adjuster, Calcutta Mint	Strand	ditto
287	Dias, H S C	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	ditto
288	Dias, J F	Assistant, Accountant-General, Military Department.	Dacre's Lane	ditto
289	Dickson, G	Assistant, Macneill and Co.	Mission	Great Britain
290	Dickson, W	Assistant, Bengal Bank	Strand	ditto
291	Dinning, H	Assistant, Stuart and Co.	Old Court House Corner	ditto
292	Dissent, C E	Assistant, Office of Consulting Engineer to the Government of India.	Writers' Buildings	India
293	Dissent, C T	Superintendent, Refuse Tax Office of the Justices.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	ditto
294	Dobbie, W H	Assistant, Comptroller-General's Office	Treasury Buildings	Great Britain
295	Dobson, E	Assistant to Anderson, Wallace and Co.	Dhurruntollah	ditto
296	Doig, W	Head Mechanical Engineer, Calcutta Mint	Strand	ditto
297	Donaldson, A	Assistant, R. B. Rodda and Co.	7, Dalhousie Square	ditto

298	Donaldson, W	...	Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	ditto
299	Dougal, R R	...	Assistant, Gisborne and Co.	...	Strand	...	ditto
300	Douglas, S K	...	Assistant, Carlisle, Nephews and Co.	...	25, M Lane	...	ditto
301	Dover, H	...	Firm of Wilton and Co.	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto
302	Dowling, A F	...	Assistant, Gisborne and Co.	...	Strand Road	...	ditto
303	Dowling, G A	...	Clerk, Secretariat, Govt. of India	P. W. D.	Loudon's Buildings	...	India
304	Dowling, J	...	Assistant, to Anderson, Wrigat and Co.	...	21, Strand	...	ditto
305	Dowling, A	...	Superintendent, Home Department Press	...	Loudon's Building	...	ditto
306	Drysdale, D	...	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co.	...	1, Fairlie Place	...	Great Britain
307	Duff, D	...	Bill and Stock Broker	...	Great Eastern Hotel Co., Ltd.	...	ditto
308	Duncan, R S	...	Firm of Duncan and Co.	...	Hare Street	...	ditto
309	Dunkley, C	...	Assistant, Francis, Ramsay and Co.	...	Government Place	...	ditto
310	Dunne, T H	...	Assistant, Office of Superintendent Revenue Survey	...	10, Middleton Street	...	ditto
311	Duplessis, A	...	Examiner, Indian Statesman Press	...	Chowringhee Road	...	India
312	Duplessis, M E	...	Reader, Indian Daily News Press	...	British Indian Street	...	ditto
E							
313	Easton, G	...	Registrar, Bengal Secretariat	...	28, Chowringhee Road	...	Great Britain
314	Eden, J	...	Assistant to Anderson, Wallace and Co.	...	Dhurrumtollah	...	India
315	Edmond, J M	...	Cabinet-maker	...	Bentinck Street	...	Great Britain
316	Edmonds, G H	...	Passing Officer, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	...	ditto
317	Edward, F	...	Conservancy Overseer	...	4, Janabazar	...	India
318	Edwards, J H	...	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.	...	8, Clive Street	...	Great Britain
319	Ellis, B	...	Reader, Bengal Secretariat Press	...	28, Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
320	Ellis, J	...	Assistant, T. Smith and Co.	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	India

No.	Names.	Vols or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.
	E				
321	Ellis, J A S	...	Accountant, Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	India	Christian
322	Ellis, J H	...	Assistant Master, LaMartiniere School	Great Britain	ditto
323	Elworthy, H	...	Assistant, F. and C. O.	ditto	ditto
324	Embleton, E	...	Assistant, Public Works Department, India	ditto	ditto
326	Englebreght, A J	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commissions and Stud Accounts.	India	ditto
327	Englebreght, W D B	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	ditto	ditto
328	Ensoll, F A	...	Manager, Joseph Bourne and Co.	Great Britain	ditto
329	Egan, A G	...	Assistant, P W Secretariat, Government of India.	India	ditto
330	Eva, S	...	Melter, Calcutta Mint	Great Britain	ditto
331	Eyears, J	...	Firm of Watts and Co.	ditto	ditto
	F				
332	Fegredo, E W	...	Assistant, Thacker, Spink and Co.	India	ditto
333	Fell, E L	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	ditto	ditto
334	Fenwick, H B	...	Assistant Engineer to the Justices	Great Britain	ditto
335	Fenwick, H H	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commissions and Stud Accounts.	India	ditto
336	Ferguson, H	...	Assistant, Bathgate and Co.	Great Britain	ditto
337	Fermie, D	...	Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	ditto	ditto
338	Fern, E W	...	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	ditto	ditto
339	Finch, J R	...	Head Assistant, Medical Store Dept.	India	ditto
340	Fink, A H	...	Assistant, Delhi and London Bank, Limited	ditto	ditto

341	Fink, A R	... Assistant, Foreign Office	... ditto	... ditto	ditto
342	Fink, J A	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	ditto
343	Fink, W J	... Assistant, Financial Department	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto
344	Fishbourne, E C	... Assistant, Young, Gray and Co.	... Mission Row	... Great Britain	ditto
345	Fleming, W W	... Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall & Co.	... 30, Dalhousie Square	... India	ditto
346	Fleury, L C	... Assistant, Bengal Secretariat	... 28, Chowringhee Road	... ditto	ditto
347	Fleury, P W	... House Builder	... South Collinga Street	... ditto	ditto
348	Flaker, W H	... Assistant, Bengal Bank	... Strand	... Great Britain	ditto
349	Forbes, A F C	... Assistant, Firm of F. W. Heilgers and Co.	... Canning Street	... ditto	ditto
350	Forbes, D M	... Second Grade Engineer, Calcutta Mint	... Strand	... ditto	ditto
351	Forbes, E R	... Head Assistant, Office of Superintendent of Emigration.	... Jani Bazar Street	... India	ditto
352	Forbes, J H	... Sub-Agent, Chartered Bank of India, & Co.	... 15, Council House Street	... Great Britain	ditto
353	Forbes, W A B	... Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall & Co.	... 30, Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto
354	Fox, G	... Assistant, G. Henderson & Co.	... Mangoe Lane	... ditto	ditto
355	Fox, T P	... Assistant, Firm of Ashburner & Co.	... 1, Garstin's Place	... ditto	ditto
356	Fox, W G	... Commission Agent	... Free School Street	... India	ditto
357	Francis, C R	... Assistant, Cook and Co.	... Dhurumtollah Street	... ditto	ditto
358	Francis, E	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto
359	Francis, J T	... Reader, Government Press	... Council House Street	... ditto	ditto
360	Francis, M	... Head Clerk, Surveyor General's Office	... Park Street	... ditto	ditto
361	Francis, W	... Assistant, Stuart and Co.	... 8, Old Court House	... ditto	ditto
362	Francis, W L	... Superintendent, Home Department	... Government Buildings	... Great Britain	ditto
363	Franz, N	... Reader, Public Works Department	... Government Place	... India	ditto
364	Fraser, J R	... Bill, Share, and Stock Broker	... Middleton Street	... Great Britain	ditto
365	Frederick, C	... Assistant, Bengal Legislative Council	... 3, Government Place	... India	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
F						
366	Frederick, J H	Assistant Cashier, Oriental Bank	... Clive Street	India	Christian	
367	Freeman, A	Supervisor, First Calcutta Division	... 15, Writers' Buildings	Great Britain	ditto	
368	Freeman, T W	Accountant, Office of Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	... ditto	India	ditto	
369	French, P	Assistant, Home Office	... Loudon's Buildings	ditto	ditto	
370	French, T R	Musician	... Dhurrumtollah Street	ditto	ditto	
371	Frew, R J	Superintendent, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	... Government Place	Great Britain	ditto	
372	Frost, A M	Assistant, Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	... Loudon's Buildings	ditto	ditto	
373	Frost, C D	Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	India	ditto	
374	Pulford, J	Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	... 46, Park Street	Great Britain	ditto	
375	Fyfe, W C	Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	... Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto	
G						
376	Gallie, J	Assistant, Accountant, Bengal Bank	... Strand	ditto		
377	Gantzer, D A	Accountant, Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	... 17, Writers' Buildings	India	ditto	
378	Gardner, T J	Banker, Oriental Bank Corporation	... Clive Street	Great Britain	ditto	
379	Garrett, J R	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel Co.	... Old Court House Street	ditto	ditto	
380	Garrick, D	Photographic Artist	... Waterloo Street	ditto	ditto	
381	George, J	Head Assistant, Chamber of Commerce	... Clive Street	India	ditto	
382	George, J B	Assistant, Whitney Brothers and Co.	... 1, Lall Bazar	ditto	ditto	
383	George, J S	Assistant, Bengal Secretariat	... 1, Sudder Street	ditto	ditto	
384	George, R	Head Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Police, Lower Provinces.	... 13, Chowringhee Road	ditto	ditto	

	...	Accountant, Office of Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
385 George, S	...	Accountant, Turner, Morrison and Co.	6, Lyons' Range	...	Great Britain	ditto
386 Gibb, H	...	Draftsman, Surveyor-General's Office	Park Street	...	India	ditto
387 Gibson, R A	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
388 Gill, R E	...	Assistant, Wyman and Co.	Hare Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
389 Gillon, R A	...	Assistant, Mathewson and Co.	Hare Street	...	India	ditto
390 Gladman, J	...	Assistant, Lyall, Rennie and Co.	Canning Street	...	ditto	ditto
391 Glas, A J	...	Ditto	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
392 Glass, A W	...	Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co.	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
393 Glass, P W	...	Head Clerk, T. Smith and Co.	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
394 Gleeson, F G	...	Firm of J. Monteith and Co.	Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
395 Gaddard, G W	...	Assistant, Home Office	London's Buildings	...	India	ditto
396 Godino, R W	...	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
397 Gomes, J	...	Overseer of the Justices	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
398 Gomes, J M	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, &c., Accounts.	Coilah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
399 Gomez, L	...	2nd Master, Calcutta Free School	Free School Street	...	ditto	ditto
400 Gomez, William	...	Assistant, Bengal Legislative Council	3, Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
401 Gonsalves, E R	...	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
402 Gonsalves, F E	...	Assistant, Legislative Council	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
403 Gonsalves, J	...	Assistant, Legislative Council	3, Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
404 Gonsalves, J M	...	Assistant, Smith Stanistreet and Co.	Dalhousie Square	...	Great Britain	ditto
405 Goodall, R D	...	Assistant, Sect., Govt. of India, P. W. D.	Dalhousie Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
406 Goodricke, C A	...	Assistant, O. Steel and Co.	Old Court House Street	...	India	ditto
407 Goodwin R	...	Assistant, Anderson, Wallace and Co.	Dhurrumtollah	...	Great Britain	ditto
408 Gordon, F A	...	Assistant, Office of Compt. of Mily. Accts.	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
409 Gordon, G E	...	Assistant, Gladstone, Wyllie and Co.	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
411	Gordon, I	Supervisor, Military Pay Examiner's Office	Bank Street	India	Christian	
412	Gore, G C	Assistant, Office of Commissary of Ordnance and Aresnals.	William	ditto	ditto	
413	Gould, T H	Assistant, Newspaper	Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto	
414	Govino, R W	Assistant, Home Department	London's Building	ditto	ditto	
415	Graham, T M	Assistant, Office of Examiner, Commissariat Stud Accounts.	7, Coliah Ghât Street	ditto	ditto	
416	Graham, T M	Assistant, Office of Consulting Engineer to the Government of India.	21, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
417	Grant, W H	Assistant, Francis, Harrison, Hathaway & Co.	Government Place	Great Britain	ditto	
418	Gray, A C	Teacher, Doveton College	Park Street	India	ditto	
419	Gray, H	General Assistant, Bank of Bengal	Strand	Great Britain	ditto	
420	Green, E	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	India	ditto	
421	Green, F	Assistant, Ranken and Co.	Old Court House Street	Great Brit	ditto	
422	Greenway, A	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, P. W. D.	London's Building	India	ditto	
423	Gregory, J	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commissariat and Stud Accounts.	Coliah Ghât	ditto	ditto	
424	Gregory, J A	Manager, Great Eastern Hotel Co. Ltd.	Old Court House Street	Great Britain	ditto	
425	Gregory, R	Assistant, Bengal Secretariat	Sudder Street	India	ditto	
426	Gregory, T D	Assistant, Department of Agriculture, Revenue, and Commerce.	London's Building	ditto	ditto	
427	Gregory, W	Assistant, P. W. Secretariat, Government of India.	ditto	ditto	ditto	
428	Gregory, W B	Assistant, Home Department	ditto	ditto	ditto	
429	Gribbin, H	Assistant, Government Printing Office	Hastings Street	Great Britain	ditto	

430	Griffiths, O B	...	Assistant, W. Moran and Co.	...	3, Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
431	Groser, C R	...	Assistant, Cook and Co.	...	Dhurruntollah Street	...	India	ditto
432	Groser, F A	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
H.								
433	Halder, J V	...	Store-keeper, Mathematical Establishment.	...	Park Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
434	Halguette, E W	...	Assistant, Jardine, Skinner & Co.	...	Clive Row	...	India	ditto
435	Hall, G	...	Assistant, T. E. Thomson & Co.	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
436	Hall, T W	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	16, Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
437	Hallett, H W	...	Firm of Watts and Co.	...	Wellesley Place	...	ditto	ditto
438	Hamilton A	...	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co.	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
439	Hamilton, L B	...	Assistant, Lyall, Rennie and Co.	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
440	Handford, T J	...	Firm of Handford and Crew	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
441	Hands, F F	...	Assistant, R. N. Matthewson and Co.	...	Hare Street	...	India	ditto
442	Hannah, W C	...	Hide Broker	...	Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
443	Harman, G B	...	Assistant, Badham Brothers	...	16, Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
444	Harnack, J H	...	Assistant, Harman and Co.	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
445	Harris, P	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
446	Harrison, A W	...	Firm of Harrison, Hathaway and Co.	...	Government Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
447	Harrison, E G	...	Assistant, O. Steel and Co.	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
448	Harrison, F	...	Assistant, Ramsay, Wakefield and Co.	...	11, Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
449	Harrison, J	...	Assistant, CaMulta Musical Establishment	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
450	Harrison, L	...	Firm of Ranken and Co.	...	4, Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
451	Hart, L	...	Assistant, Balmer, Lawrie and Co.	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
452	Hart, R S	...	Assistant, Cook and Co.	...	Dhurruntollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
453	Hartnell, M	...	Freight Superintendent, I. G. S. N. Co.	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Natives Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
		H				
454	Harvey, C	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	London's Building	...	Christian	
455	Harvey, J R	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade, East	...	ditto	
456	Harvey, V	Assistant, Scallan and Co.	Pollock Street	...	Great Britain	
457	Haskew, E J	Firm of Solomon and Co.	Government Place	...	ditto	
458	Haslam, J	Assistant, H. and Co.	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	
459	Haslam, R	Assistant, Mackintosh, Bean and Co.	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	
460	Heberlet, A F	Commission Agent	Williams' Lane	...	India	
461	Heberlet, J A	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	
462	Heberlet, M A	Assistant, Board of Revenue	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	
463	Hefferan, J E	ditto	ditto	...	ditto	
464	Heefke, G O C	Head Draftsman, Office of Joint-Secretary to Government of Bengal, P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.	12, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	
465	Heins, F W	Assistant, Calcutta Musical Establishment...	Chowringhee Road	...	Great Britain	
466	Hely, W	Firm of Eastman and Co.	Dharmatollah Street	...	ditto	
467	Henty, C J	Assistant, Treasury Department, Bank of Bengal.	Strand Road	...	ditto	
468	Henty, T H	Bill, Share, and Stock Broker	102, Olive Street	...	ditto	
469	Herbert, J H	Manager, Llewellyn and Co.	Bentinck Street	...	India	
470	Heron, G	Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	...	ditto	
471	Hewett, N	Clerk, Office of Joint-Secretary to Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.	12, Writers' Buildings	...	Singapore	
472	Heysham, H	Registrar, Legislative Department	3, Government Place	...	India	
473	Heyward, P	Accountant, Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	London's Building	...	Great Britain	
474	Hickie, E	Secretary, Trades' Association	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	

475	Hicks, R M H	...	Supdt., Bank of Bengal, Treasury Dept.	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
476	Higgins, M V	...	Assistant, Haworth and Co.	...	Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
477	Hill, J.	...	Assistant Secretary, Great Eastern Hotel	...	Old Court House Street	...	India	ditto
478	Hilliard, R W	...	Assistant, T. E. Thomson and Co.	...	Esplanade Row	...	Great Britain	ditto
479	Hills, C R	...	Assistant, J. Thomas and Co.	...	Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
480	Hinde, V H	...	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.	...	8, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
481	Hoare, C S	...	Assistant, Finlay, Muir and Co.	...	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
482	Hodges, J	...	Assistant Master, La Martiniere School	...	Loudon Street	...	ditto	ditto
483	Hoff, F C	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	India	ditto
484	Hoff, W W	...	Assistant, Department of Agriculture, Revenue, and Commerce.	...	London's Building	...	ditto	ditto
485	Hogan, C P	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
486	Nolland, G F	...	Manager, Great Eastern Hotel	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
487	Holloway, C B	...	Assistant, Bird and Co.	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
488	Holloway, S	...	Conservancy Overseer, Office of Justice of the Peace.	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	India	ditto
489	Holness, E	...	Teacher, Doveton College	...	Park Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
490	Holtom, W A	...	Road Overseer, Office of the Justices	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	India	ditto
491	Hornby, E C	...	Bill and Share Broker	...	109, Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
492	Houghton, H L	...	Assistant, Office of Secretary to Government of Bengal, Public Works Department.	...	20, Writers' Buildings	...	India	ditto
493	Howatson, F	...	Assistant, Secretariat Government of India, Public Works Department.	...	Loudon's Building	...	ditto	ditto
494	Howatson, W E B	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
495	Howell, H	...	Assistant, O Snel and Co.	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
496	Hubbard, C E	...	Accountant, Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	...	Loudon's Building	...	ditto	ditto
497	Hubbard, W H	...	Assistant, Office of Comptroller of Military Accounts, Account Branch.	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.
H						
498	Hubbard, W H (Jr.)	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	India	Christian	
499	Hudson, G	Assistant, Smith and Stanistreet	Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto	
500	Hudson, J	Assistant, Atkinson Brothers	Chowringhee Road	Great Britain	ditto	
501	Hulkert, W C	Assistant, W S Cresswell	6, Fancy Lane	ditto	ditto	
502	Harle, A W	Assistant, G Henderson and Co.	Mangoe Lane	ditto	ditto	
503	Hurst, W	Merchant	Hare Street	ditto	ditto	
504	Hutcheon, J	Assistant, Office of Comptroller of Military Accounts.	Somerset Buildings	ditto	ditto	
505	Hutchinson, J A	Assistant, Toulmin and Co	Radha Bazar Street	ditto	ditto	
506	Hutton, T	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co	Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto	
507	Hypher, F A	Clerk, Ernsthausen and Oesterley	New China Bazar	India	ditto	
I						
508	Imbert, J O	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto	
509	Incel, W	Assistant, E Thompson & Co, Gas-fitters	Bevington Street	ditto	ditto	
510	Ingels, T	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade, East	ditto	ditto	
511	Inglis, W M	Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	ditto	ditto	
512	Innes, J	Assistant, Stewart and Co	8, Old Court House Street	Great Britain	ditto	
513	Inskipp, C F	Assistant, Moran and Co	Church Lane	ditto	ditto	
514	Ironside, W	Firm of Dykes and Co	Waterloo Street	ditto	ditto	
515	Irving, W	Manager, T E Thomson and Co	Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto	
516	Irving, W O B	Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co	4, Clive Row	ditto	ditto	
517	Irwin, W H	Assistant, Graf and Banziger	Council House Street	ditto	ditto	
518	Jacob, R	Assistant, R S Duncan and Co	Hare Street	India	ditto	
519	James, A	Chief Accountant, Office of General, Military Department.	9, Dacre's Lane	Great Britain	ditto	

520	James, A (Sr.)	...	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	London's Building	...	India	ditto
521	James, A (Jr.)	...	ditto	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
522	James, E R	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
523	James, H J	...	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
524	James, J D N	...	Assistant Surveyor-General	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
525	James, L E	...	Assistant, Officer of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	London's Building	...	ditto	ditto
526	James, W M	...	License Inspector to the Justices	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
527	James, W B	...	Firm of Kerr, Tarruck and Co	11, Clive Row	...	Great Britain	ditto
528	Jamieson, J	...	Assistant, Balmer, Lawrie and Co.	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
529	Jary, J M	...	3rd Grade Meltor, Calcutta Mint	Strand	...	India	ditto
530	Jebb, J S	...	Assistant, Port Commissioners' Office, Calcutta.	Commercial Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
531	Jellicoe, W E	...	Jeweller	Esplanade, East	...	ditto	ditto
532	Jenkins, J	...	Assistant, J Elliot and Co	Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
533	Jevezy, E	...	Superintendent, Lithographic Branch, Surveyor-General's Office.	Camac Street	...	ditto	ditto
534	Jewell, G	...	Assistant, W H Harton and Co	Strand Road	...	India	ditto
535	Jewell, H	...	Assistant, Cones and Co	Lall Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
536	Joachim, H G	...	Assistant, Agent's Office, East Indian Railway.	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
537	Joakim, M	...	Assistant, Home Office	London's Building	...	ditto	ditto
538	John, T	...	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co.	1, Fairlie Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
539	Johnson, W H	...	Executive Engineer, Fort William Division	Fort William	...	ditto	ditto
540	Joll, H	...	Executive Engineer, 1st Calcutta Division	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
541	Jones, A	...	Chief Accountant, Office of the Accountant-General, Military Department.	9, Dacre's Lane	...	ditto	ditto
542	Jones, Erasmus	...	Proprietor, Cambrian Press	British Indian Street	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.
J					
543	Jones, G E	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co	Fairlie Place	Great Britain	Christian
544	Jones, G E Warde	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	Loudon's Building	India	ditto
545	Jones, H M	Firm of H M Jones and Co	1, Hare Street	Great Britain	ditto
546	Jones, W H	Firm of Robert Campbell and Co	4, Mango Lane	ditto	ditto
547	Jones, W M	License Inspector, Justices of the Peace	4, Jaun Bazar Street	India	ditto
548	Judah, W A	Assistant, Calcutta Mint	Strand	ditto	ditto
K					
549	Kalberer, A	Assistant, Examiner of P. W. Accounts	17, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto
550	Kalberer, L L	Superintendent, Office of Accountant-General, Bengal.	Government Place	Great Britain	ditto
551	Kavanagh, J J	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	Old Court House Street	ditto	ditto
552	Keane, J	Sub-Engineer, 1st Calcutta Division	6, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto
553	Keel, A E	Firm of Francis, Harrison, Hathaway & Co	Government Place	ditto	ditto
554	Kelly, F W	Revenue Surveyor, Office of Superintendent, Revenue Survey, U C	Middleton Street	ditto	ditto
555	Kelly, J	Accountant, Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	Loudon's Building	India	ditto
556	Kelly, W F	Chief Clerk and Accountant, Chief Engineer's Office, East Indian Railway.	21, Dalhousie Square	Great Britain	ditto
557	Kemp, G L	Secretary, Standard Life Assurance Co	Hare Street	ditto	ditto
558	Kennedy, J	Assistant, Military Dept., Printing Office	Esplanade Row	India	ditto
559	Kennelly, J	Assistant, Wyman and Co	Hare Street	Great Britain	ditto
560	Kerr, E C	Assistant, Commissary General's Office	6, Park Street	India	ditto
561	Kerr, G L	Assistant, Office of Examiner, Commissariat Stud Accounts.	7, Koilah Ghât Street	ditto	ditto

562	Kibble, J W	...	Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co	...	4, Fairlie Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
563	Kilgour, P M	...	Firm of Steuart and Co	...	Old Court House Corner	...	ditto	ditto
564	King, F St. A	...	Accountant, Delhi and London Bank, Limited.	Bank,	4, Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
565	King, L	...	Assistant, Kelly and Co	...	4, Lyon's Range	...	ditto	ditto
566	Kirkpatrick, W H	...	Registrar, Bengal Legislative Council	...	3, Government Place	...	India	ditto
567	Knight, J D	...	Deputy Supdt., Foreign Office Press	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
568	Korper, G B	...	Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
569	Kraal, G A	...	Assistant, W Moran and Co	...	3, Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
570	Krarl, W H	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto

L

571	Lackersteen, E T	...	Assistant, Schlaepfer, Pütz and Co	...	Olive Row	...	ditto	ditto
572	Lacroix, E H	...	Assistant, Office of Comptroller of Military Accounts, Account Branch.	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
573	Lambert, W	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	...	16, Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
574	Landale, A	...	Assistant, W L Toulmin and Co	...	Radha Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
575	Lane, A	...	Accountant, Examiner of P W Accounts, Bengal.	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	India	ditto
576	Lang, T	...	Assistant Secy., Standard Life Assurance Co.	...	Hare Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
577	Langley, H J	...	Assistant, Ranken and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
578	Langatone, C B	...	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
579	Langhton, W H	...	Assistant, Ede and Hobson	...	Canning Street	...	ditto	ditto
580	Large, A B	...	Firm of Dykes and Co	...	Waterloo Street	...	ditto	ditto
581	Latimer, F W	...	Assistant, Office of Private Secretary to the Viceroy.	...	Government House	...	ditto	ditto
582	Lauder, R D	...	Firm of Harley and Co.	...	Lall Bazar	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.
L					
583	Lawless, W H	Freight and Ship Broker	Clive Street	Great Britain	Christian
584	Lawrence, P	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	Old Court House Street	India	ditto
585	Lawson, T M	Firm of Lawson and Co	Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto
586	Lazarus, C	Cabinet maker	Bentinck Street	Great Britain	ditto
587	Lee, H T	Assistant to Harold and Co	12, Government Place	ditto	ditto
588	Lees, G	Assistant, Anderson, Wright and Co	21, Strand	ditto	ditto
589	LaFrance, E A	Zincographer, Surveyor-General's Office	Park Street	India	ditto
590	Leigh, F L	Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	ditto	ditto
591	Lepage, H L	Assistant, Lithographic Branch, Surveyor-General's Office.	Camac Street	Great Britain	ditto
592	Leslie, W	Assistant to T E Thompson and Co	Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto
593	Lewis, F T	Assistant Accountant, Bank of Bengal	Strand	ditto	ditto
594	Lewis, G A	Assistant, Firm of Magor and Co	7, New China Bazar Street...	India	ditto
595	Lewis, G A	Firm of Murdoch and Co.	Dhurumtollah Street	ditto	ditto
596	Limond, R	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto
597	Lindsay, R A	Assistant, J Davis and Co.	Mango Lane	ditto	ditto
598	Linsell, F G	Assistant, Badham Brothers	16, Old Court House Street...	Great Britain	ditto
599	Linton, W	Proprietor, Spence's Hotel	Wellesley Place	India	ditto
600	Livesay, G K	Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	30, Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto
601	Lloyd, E H	Bill Broker	Wellesley Street	ditto	ditto
602	Logan, M	Assistant, Bank of Bengal	Strand	Great Britain	ditto
603	Longhurst, C	Assistant, Superintendent, Stamp Office	4, Church Lane	ditto	ditto
604	Longley, E F	Assistant, Bathgate and Co.	Old Court House Street	ditto	ditto
605	Lopez, E	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	India	ditto

606	Lord, J H	...	Assistant, Francis, Harrison, Hathaway and Co.	Government Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
607	Lovegrove, C W	...	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
608	Low, D	...	Assistant, P. and O. Co.	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
609	Lowen, G	...	Manager, Landing and Shipping Co.	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
610	Lowth, P M	...	Assistant, John Elliot and Co.	4, Clive Street	...	India	ditto
611	Lucas, W	...	Assistant, Badham Brothers	16, Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
612	Lyall, A A	...	Assistant, Lyall, Rennie and Co.	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
613	Lyle, W C	...	Manager, Continental Wine Co.	Old Court House Street	...	India	ditto
614	Lynch, W J	...	Assistant, Office of Comptroller of Military Accounts.	5, Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
615	Lyons, E	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	Loudon's Building	...	ditto	ditto
616	Lyons, G	...	Superintendent, House Connection, Establishment of the Justices.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
617	Lynn, G J	...	Assistant, Examiner of Railway Accounts.	21, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
M							
618	McAllister, J	...	Assistant Accountant, Bank of Bengal	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
619	McCannab, R W	...	Inhabitant	3, Jorntallao Street	...	India	ditto
620	McDougall, A C	...	Overseer to the Justices	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
621	McIntosh, A R	...	Firm of A. R. McIntosh and Co.	3, Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
622	McIntosh, W C	...	Assistant, Duncan Brothers	14, Clive Street	...	India	ditto
623	McInnes, J G	...	Wiseman, Mitchell, Reid and Co.	81, ditto	...	Great Britain	ditto
624	McKean, A B	...	Accountant, Chartered Mercantile Bank	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
625	McKellor, G B	...	Assistant, Williamson, Magor and Co.	7, New China Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
626	McKewan, W H	...	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co.	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
627	McKinnell, E	...	Partner, Adelphi Hotel	Waterloo Street	...	ditto	ditto
628	McLaren, J G	...	Assistant. W Moran and Co.	Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto

M

		<i>Residence or Place of Business.</i>	<i>Native Country.</i>	<i>Religion.</i>
629	McLean, H J	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	Christian
630	McLean, J M	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	ditto
631	McLean, J W	Foreman, G F Lackersteen and Co.	...	ditto
632	McLeod, A	Foreman, Government Printing Office	...	ditto
633	McLeod, H H	Assistant, Mackilloan and Co.	...	ditto
634	McNair, J W	Assistant, Comptroller-General's Office	...	ditto
635	McNair, James W A	Assistant, Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	...	ditto
636	McNamara, J E	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.	India	ditto
637	McPhun, R B	Assistant, Grindlay and Co.	Great Britain	ditto
638	MacArthur, T J	Superintendent, Printing Department, E I R	...	ditto
639	Macbay, A J	Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co.	...	ditto
640	Macdonald, J	Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	...	ditto
641	Macdonald, J	Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co.	Great Britain	ditto
642	Macfadyen, J	ditto	ditto	ditto
643	Macfie, J G	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co.	...	ditto
644	MacGregor, D	Sub-Engineer, 1st Calcutta Division	...	ditto
645	MacGregor, R D	Assistant, Firm of Duncan Brothers	...	ditto
646	Mackay, D	Assistant, Firm of Anderson, Wallace and Co.	...	ditto
647	Mackay, James	Assistant, Graham and Co.	...	ditto
648	Mackay, J L	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	...	ditto
649	Mackellor, G B	Assistant, W Magor and Co.	...	ditto
650	Mackellor, W J	Assistant, O Steel and Co.	...	ditto
651	Mackenzie, B	Zincographer, Surveyor-General's Office	...	ditto
652	Mackenzie, G K	Accountant, Agra Bank, Limited	...	ditto

653	Mackenzie, J	... Photographer, Surveyor-General's Office ...	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
654	Mackenzie, N W	... Superintendent, Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal.	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
655	Mackenzie, H T	... Assistant, Graham and Co.	9, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
656	Mackenzie, W	... Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
657	Macleod, T E	... Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	Loudon's Building	...	India	ditto
658	MacLagan, G C	... Assistant, Williamson Brothers and Co.	4, Olive Ghât Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
659	Macleod, A	... In charge Agriculture section, Office of Superintendent, Government Printing.	8, Hastings Street	...	ditto	ditto
660	Macleod, C H	... Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	...	India	ditto
661	Macleod, G W	... Assistant, Accountant-General of Bengal	Treasury Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
662	Macleod, H	... Assistant, Cook and Co.	Dhurumtollah Street	...	India	ditto
663	Macnab, A	... Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	16, Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
664	Macnair, J F	... Assistant, Begg, Dunlop and Co.	Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
665	Madge, G H	... First Assistant to Mint Master	Strand	...	India	ditto
666	Madge, T	... Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
667	Madge, W C	... Sub-Editor, <i>Indian Daily News</i>	British Indian Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
668	Maelzer, J G	... Supervisor, Military Pay Examiner's Office	Bankshall Street	...	Australia	ditto
669	Magee, J	... Manager, Smith, Stanistreet and Co.	Dalhousie Square	...	Great Britain	ditto
670	Muin, W	... Assistant, T E Thomson and Co.	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
671	Manly, D W	... Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance.	4, Garstin's Place	...	India	ditto
672	Manook, J Z	... Bill and Stock Broker	Dhurumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
673	Manuel, C H	... Printer, T Black and Co.	Bentinck Street	...	ditto	ditto
674	Manuel, H R	... Reader, P W Press, Bengal	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
675	Manuel, H T	... Assistant, Home Department	Loudon's Building	...	ditto	ditto

<i>No.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Style or Calling.</i>	<i>Residence or Place of Business.</i>	<i>Native Country.</i>	<i>Religion.</i>
M					
676	Manuel, J	Asst., Office Acctt-Genl., Military Dep.	9, Dacre's Lane	India	Christian
677	Manuel, J A	Assistant, Home Department	Loudon's Building	ditto	ditto
678	Marceline, J E	Reader, P. W. D., Printing Branch	Government Place	ditto	ditto
679	Marsden, J	Assistant, Ede and Hobson	Canning Street	Great Britain	ditto
680	Marshall, F H	Assistant, Anderson, Wallace and Co.	Dhurruntollah Street	India	ditto
681	Martin, E	Assistant, Thomas, Smith and Co.	ditto	ditto	ditto
682	Martin, H G	Copperplate Printer, Surveyor-General's Office.	Park Street	ditto	ditto
683	Martin, J C	Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	ditto	ditto
684	Martin, J P	Stable Keeper	20, Meredith's Lane	ditto	ditto
685	Martin, W H	Assistant, Mint Master	Strand	ditto	ditto
686	Martyr, E L	Assistant, Bengal Office	Chowringhee Road	ditto	ditto
687	Martyr, J	Assistant, Smith Street and Co.	Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto
688	Martyrose, C A	Assistant, Nicol, Fletting and Co.	Fairlie Place	ditto	ditto
689	Martyrose, P A	Assistant, M C Joakim and Co.	109, Old China Bazar Street	ditto	ditto
690	Massin, J	Assistant, T Smith, and Co.	Dhurruntollah Street	ditto	ditto
691	Masters, A W	Assistant, Office of Superintendent of Emigration.	Jaun Bazar	Great Britain	ditto
692	Masters, E	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	India	ditto
693	Mathews, F H	Assistant, Brown and Co.	42, Bentinck Street	ditto	ditto
694	Mathewson, R N	Firm of R N Mathewson	Government Place	Great Britain	ditto
695	Maundrell, A W J	Assistant, R Scott Thomson and Co.	ditto	India	ditto
696	Mawson, D	Assistant, Cook and Co.	Dhurruntollah Street	Great Britain	ditto
697	Mawson, W P	Assistant, Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce Department.	Loudon's Building	ditto	ditto

698	Maxwell, W	... Assistant, Bathgate and Co.	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto
699	Mayne, F G	... Assistant, Agra Bank	... 26, Mango Lane	... Great Britain	ditto
700	Meade, J J	... Assistant, Colvin, Cowie and Co.	... 1, Hastings Street	... ditto	ditto
701	Medlycott, A E	... 2nd Grade Melter, Calcutta Mint	... Strand	... India	ditto
702	Medlycott, H	... Accountant, Office of Examiner, P. W. Accounts.	... 17, Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto
703	Meik, G	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	... Great Britain	ditto
704	Mell, A N	... Assistant, L W Toulmin and Co.	... Radha Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto
705	Melville, J	... Firm of Ahmuty and Co.	... Church Lane	... ditto	ditto
706	Mendes, J A	... Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	... Old Court House Street	... India	ditto
707	Mendes, L A	... Supervisor, P. W. Department	... 1, Commercial Buildings	... ditto	ditto
708	Mendes, M A	... Chief Clerk, Office of Superintendent, Government Printing	... Hastings Street	... ditto	ditto
709	Mendies, A D	... Assistant, Surgeon-General's Office	... Humayoon Place	... ditto	ditto
710	Meugens, M	... Assistant, Moran and Co.	... 3, Church Lane	... Great Britain	ditto
711	Meyer, A J	... Firm of Meyer and Co.	... Cooper's Lane	... India	ditto
712	Meyer, H	... Tea Merchant	... 7, Wellesley Place	... Great Britain	ditto
713	Michael, J H	... Assistant, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	... India	ditto
714	Middleton, C	... Chief Assistant, Store Department, E I R.	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto
715	Middleton, E	... Assistant, Grindlay and Co.	... Strand	... Great Britain	ditto
716	Milbourne, W	... Assistant, Harman and Co.	... 12, Government Place	... ditto	ditto
717	Miller, J	... Accountant, Department of P. W. Accounts.	... 17, Writers' Buildings	... India	ditto
718	Millet, C E	... Assistant, Financial Department	... Government Place	... Great Britain	ditto
719	Mills, J	... Assistant, W L Atkinson and Co.	... Old Court House Street	... India	ditto
720	Milne, J	... Assistant, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	... ditto	ditto
721	Milne, J	... Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co.	... 4, Clive Row	... Great Britain	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.
M					
722	Milne, J L	... Assistant, Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce Department.	London's Building	... India	Christian
723	Milne, T K	... Assistant, Gisborne and Co	Strand	... Great Britain	ditto
724	Milne, W P	... Assistant Engineer, 1st Calcutta Division	15, Writers' Buildings	... India	ditto
725	Mitchell, D	... Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	46, Park Street	... Great Britain	ditto
726	Mitchell, J D O	... Store-keeper, Calcutta Jetties	Commercial Buildings	... India	ditto
727	Moir, A N	... Assistant, City Press	Bentinck Street	... ditto	ditto
728	Moran, S	... Assistant, W Moran and Co	3, Church Lane	... ditto	ditto
729	Moon, J	... Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department	London's Building	... India	ditto
730	Moore, B	... Firm of Moore and Co	Esplanade Row	... Great Britain	ditto
731	Moore, D O B	... Trade Refuse Department to the Justices	4, Jaun Bazar Street	... India	ditto
732	Moore, F	... Deputy Examiner, Public Works Accounts	17, Writers' Buildings	... Great Britain	ditto
733	Moreino, J A	... Assistant, Bengal Office	Chowringhee Road	... India	ditto
734	Moreiro, J A	... Examiner, Home Office Press	London's Building	... ditto	ditto
735	Morrison, D M L	... Assistant, Schoone, Killburn and Co.	4, Fairlie Place	... Great Britain	ditto
736	Morrison, J J L L	... Assistant Accountant, Oriental Bank Corporation.	Clive Street	... ditto	ditto
737	Mowat, M	... Professor, Presidency College, C.E. Dept.	College Square	... ditto	ditto
738	Mullen, H E	... Assistant, Thacker, Spink and Co	Government Place	... ditto	ditto
739	Muller, H A	... Assistant, Calcutta Mint	Strand	... India	ditto
740	Mumford, J	... Assistant, King, Hamilton and Co	Hare Street	... Great Britain	ditto
741	Munro, T T	... Assistant, Smith, Stanistreet and Co	Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto
742	Murphy, F J	... Druggist	Bow Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto

743	Murray, F W	...	Assistant, Bengal Secretariat	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
744	Murray, J	...	Firm of Black and Murray	...	Hastings Street	...	ditto	ditto
745	Murray, P S	...	Assistant, Finlay, Muir and Co	...	Olive Row	...	ditto	ditto
746	Musgrave, B W	...	Assistant, Harold and Co	...	3, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
747	Musgrave, J	...	Draftsman, Geological Museum	...	Hastings Street	...	India	ditto
748	Myhill, W H	...	First Grade Melter, Calcutta Mint	...	Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
749	Napier, J R	...	Manager, <i>Indian Daily News</i>	...	British Indian Street	...	ditto	ditto
750	Nash, F	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
751	Nelson, J F	...	Supervisor, Public Works Department, 2nd Calcutta Division	...	Writers' Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
752	Nerius, J C F	...	Assistant, Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce Department.	...	Loudon's Building	...	India	ditto
753	Newville, E J P	...	Accountant, Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
754	Newbury, J	...	Assistant Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce Department.	...	Loudon's Building	...	Great Britain	ditto
755	Newing, R D M	...	Assistant, Dykes and Co	...	Waterloo Street	...	India	ditto
756	Newman, W	...	Assistant Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	...	Loudon's Building	...	ditto	ditto
757	Newson, W H	...	Firm of Newson and Co.	...	Chowringhee Road	...	Great Britain	ditto
758	Newton, H W	...	Assistant, Robert and Charrid	...	1, Vansittart's Row	...	ditto	ditto
759	Nicholas, J J	...	Assistant, Apcar and Co.	...	Radha Bazar	...	India	ditto
760	Nicholls, W	...	Firm of Nicholls and Co.	...	Wellesley Place	...	ditto	ditto
761	Nightingale, W H	...	Assistant, Cuthbertson and Harper	...	Government Place	...	Great Britain	ditto
762	Niven, H	...	Head Printer, Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
763	Norton, H	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	...	Loudon's Building	...	ditto	ditto
764	Norton, J B	...	Plumber	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
765	Nosworthy, W C	...	Assistant, W Moran and Co.	...	Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.
O					
766	Oates, J	Store Accountant, E. I. R.	22, Dalhousie Square	Great Britain	Christian
767	O'Brien, C M	Hide Broker	Clive Street	India	ditto
768	O'Brien, M	Head Clerk, Mathematical Instrument Department, Surveyor-General's Office.	Park Street	Great Britain	ditto
769	O'Flaherty, R	Assistant, Atkinson Brothers	14, Chowringhee	ditto	ditto
770	O'Sullivan, T W	Assistant, Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce Department.	Loudon's Building	ditto	ditto
771	Ogg, A W	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	India	ditto
772	Ormiston, G A	Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co.	Clive Row	Great Britain	ditto
773	Orr, P P	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	India	ditto
774	Osmond, W M	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co.	ditto	Great Britain	ditto
775	Ottewill, H. T	Assistant, Thacker, Spink and Co.	Government Place	Great Britain	ditto
776	Otto, C	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	India	ditto
777	Otto, F	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
778	Oung, H	Assistant, Comptroller-General	Treasury Buildings	Burmah	Buddhist
779	Owen, M	Assistant, Turner, Morrison and Co.	Clive Street	India	Christian
780	Owen, S	Inhabitant	1, Old Boytakhanna, 2nd lane	ditto	ditto
781	Owen, R	Assistant, Lithographic Branch, Surveyor-General's Office.	Camac Street	Great Britain	ditto
P					
782	Palmer, A G	Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	46, Park Street	ditto	ditto
783	Palmer, C	Superintendent, Office of Comptroller-General.	Treasury Buildings	India	ditto
784	Palmer, J G	Assistant, O Steel and Co.	Old Court House Street	ditto	ditto

785	Palmer, J H	... Accountant, Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	Loudon's Building	...	ditto
786	Parker, A J	... Manager, C and W Scott and Co.	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
787	Parker, J C	... Assistant, P and O Co.	Strand	...	ditto
788	Parmer, C H	... Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	...	ditto
789	Parsas, W	... Assistant, Peel, Jacob and Co.	Clive Street	...	ditto
790	Pascal, E M	... Manager, Dunn and Co.	3, Cooper's Lane	...	ditto
791	Paterson, Jas.	... Secretary to Berkmyra Brothers	24, Strand	...	ditto
792	Patton, J R T	... Surveyor, Abkaree Office, Calcutta Collectorate.	Church Lane	...	ditto
793	Paul, A M	... Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co.	1, Fairlie Place	...	ditto
794	Paxton, A	... Shoemaker	Waterloo Street	...	ditto
795	Payne, J H	... Assistant, J Anderson and Co.	Church Lane	...	ditto
796	Pearce, H L	... Firm of Pearce and Brist, Brokers	ditto	...	ditto
797	Peel, C	... Manager, Barlow and Co.	5, Clive Ghât Street	...	ditto
798	Pemantle, A H B	... Assistant, G F Lackers and Co.	36, New China Bazar	...	ditto
799	Pemantle, H	... Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	...	ditto
800	Pennington, G	... Assistant, T F Brown and Co.	Dhurruntollah Street	...	ditto
801	Pereira, E	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
802	Pereira, E H	... Head Assistant, Agent for Commissions	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
803	Pereira, F	... Examiner, Office of Superintendent Government Printing.	8, Hastings Street	...	ditto
804	Pereira, J F	... Assistant, Office of Secretary to Government of India, P W D	20, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
805	Pereira, J J	... Assistant. Arlington and Co	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.
P					
806	Pereira, J W A	...	...	...	Christian
807	Pereira, T A	...	Lall Bazar Street	India	
808	Pereira, T R	...	Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto
809	Persey, C W	...	Loudon's Building	ditto	ditto
810	Peters, J	...	Old Court House Street	Great Britain	ditto
		...	Somerset Buildings	India	ditto
811	Peterson, F W	...	...	...
812	Peterson, H J	...	Strand	ditto	ditto
813	Petrie, D R	...	Olive Street	ditto	ditto
814	Phillips, G W deRhe	...	Mission Row	Great Britain	ditto
815	Phillips, L	...	Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto
816	Phillips, D H	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	ditto	ditto
817	Phillips, H	...	Bankshall Street	India	ditto
818	Phillips, J	...	1, Jaun Bazar Street	ditto	ditto
819	Phillips, N A	...	5, Council House Street	Great Britain	ditto
820	Picachy, L	...	Dalhousie Square	India	ditto
821	Pickford, A W	...	Council House Street	ditto	ditto
822	Picken, J H	...	12, Mission Row	Great Britain	ditto
823	Piesse, L	...	Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto
824	Pinlo, W J	...	Dhurumtollah Street	ditto	ditto
825	Pinkerton, H C	...	Government Place	ditto	ditto
826	Pinkerton, R	...	8, Olive Street	ditto	ditto
827	Place, F	...	7, Hastings Street	ditto	ditto
		...	Somerset Buildings	ditto	ditto
828	Place, H J	...	5, Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto

829	Playfair, P	...	Assistant, Playfair, Duncan and Co	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
830	Pomeroy, J R	...	Assistant, Turner, Morrison and Co	...	6, Lyon's Range	...	ditto
831	Porteous, A M	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	India
832	Porter, S B	...	Assistant, Thomas Watson and Co	...	1, Hare Street	...	Great Britain
833	Potter, G	...	Assistant, Badham Brothers	...	16, Old Court House Street.	...	ditto
834	Potter, J A	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	India
835	Power, M	...	Registrar, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept.	...	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto
836	Powlesland, R O	...	Assistant, Burke and Co	...	Dalhousie Square	...	Great Britain
837	Pratt, H	...	Assistant, F and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto
838	Prendergast, N J	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	India
839	Presgrave, E W	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
840	Price, G A	...	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	...	London's Building	...	ditto
841	Price, J A	...	Assistant Engineer, 11th Calcutta Division, Public Works Department.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	Great Britain
842	Prins, P A	...	Assistant, Grindlay and Co	...	Strand Road	...	India
843	Proby, F M	...	Assistant, Dunn and Co	...	71, Bentinck Street	...	ditto
844	Prussia, G	...	Accountant, Comptroller, Public Works Accounts.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
845	Purchase, O A	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	ditto
846	Purchase, E B	...	Engineer, Calcutta Mint	...	Strand	...	Great Britain
847	Quainbrough, F W	...	Assistant, Agra Bank, Limited	...	26, Mango Lane	...	ditto
848	Ramier, H	...	Assistant Examiner of Accounts, Public Works Department.	...	London's Building	...	ditto
849	Raphael, J H	...	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	...	Old Court House Street	...	India

<i>No.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Style or Calling.</i>	<i>Residence or Place of Business.</i>	<i>Native Country.</i>	<i>Religion.</i>
	R				
850	Ravenscroft, A	... Assistant, Office of Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department.	Humayoon Place	... Great Britain	Christian
851	Read, E	... Assistant, Dykes and Co	Waterloo Street	... Great Britain	ditto
852	Rebeiro, E	... Calcutta Mint	Strand	... India	ditto
853	Rebeiro, J	... Overseer of Roads, 1st Division	4, Jaun Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto
854	Rebeiro, L	... Head Clerk, Drainage Department	ditto	... ditto	ditto
855	Rebeiro, R	... Overseer, Justices of the Peace	ditto	... ditto	ditto
856	Rebello, W A	... Assistant, Public Works Department	Government Place	... ditto	ditto
857	Rebello, W A	... Government Medical Store Department	Wellesley Place	... ditto	ditto
858	Redman, C	... Head Master, Free School	Free School Street	... Great Britain	ditto
859	Reed, W J	... Assistant, Secretariat Government of India, Public Works Department.	London's Buildings	... India	ditto
860	Remedy, W T	... Assistant, Accountant-General, Military Department.	Eplanade Row	... ditto	ditto
861	Remfry, J	... Assistant, Hamilton and Co	Old Court House Street	... Great Britain	ditto
862	Renshaw, J E	... Assistant, Watts and Co	Wellesley Place	... ditto	ditto
863	Reynolds, R G	... Assistant, Hunter and Co	Dhurumtollah Street	... India	ditto
864	Biach, W	... Sub-Editor, "Statesman"	3, Chowringhee Road	... Great Britain	ditto
865	Richards, L	... Firm of Francis, Ramsay and Co	Government Place	... ditto	ditto
866	Riddlesdale, J J	... Assistant, Bourne and Shepherd	Chowringhee Road	... ditto	ditto
867	Ridges, E B	... Firm of Dykes and Co	Waterloo Street	... ditto	ditto
868	Rigordy, C	... Assistant, Consulting Engineer's Office	Writers' Buildings	... India	ditto
869	Rigordy, C (Jr.)	... Clerk, Ernst Hansen and Oesterley.	New China Bazar	... ditto	ditto

870	Roberts, H	... Principal, Doveton College	...	Park Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
871	Roberts, J	... Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	India	ditto
872	Robertson, C A	... Assistant, Office of Comptroller of Military Accounts.	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
873	Robins, J	... Assistant, Macintosh, Burn and Co	...	Esplanade Row	...	Great Britain	ditto
874	Robinson, A G	... Assistant to Anderson, Wright and Co	...	21, Strand	...	ditto	ditto
875	Robinson, C E	... Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co	...	Olive Row	...	ditto	ditto
876	Robinson, F W	... Assistant, Rentiers and Co	...	5, Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
877	Robinson, N G	... Assistant, Firm of Anderson, Wright & Co.	...	Clive Row	...	Great Britain	ditto
878	Rodgers, T B	... Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	...	46, Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
879	Rodrigues, H D	... Chief Clerk, Joint-Secretary, Government of Bengal, P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.	...	12, Writers' Buildings	...	India	ditto
880	Rodrigues, J	... Assistant, Commissariat and Stud Department.	...	7, Koilah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
881	Rodrigues, J C	... Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
882	Rodrigues, J H	... Assistant, T F Brown and Co	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
883	Rogers, D	... Assistant, Calcutta Musica Establishment	...	Chowringhee Road	...	Great Britain	ditto
884	Rogerson, R W	... Assistant, T Smith and Co	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
885	Rollo, R G	... Chief Clerk, Office of Joint-Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Irrigation Branch, P W D.	...	12, Writers' Buildings	...	India	ditto
886	Rollo, W R	... Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
887	Romaine, C St.	... Assistant, Corfield and Co	...	Esplanade	...	ditto	ditto
888	Romaine, W St.	... Assistant, Medical Store Department	...	Wellesley Place	...	ditto	ditto
889	Rose, C	... Assistant, Abmuty and Co	...	Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
890	Rose, H A	... Zemindar	...	5, Lindsay Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
891	Rose, L E D	... Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
892	Rosford, H	... Assistant, W H Harton and Co	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
893	Ross, G G	... Head Assistant, Office of Comptroller of Military Accounts.	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.
B					
894	Ross, W	Assistant to D M Traill	British Indian Street	Great Britain	Christian
895	Rostan, C S	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Bengal.	Government Place	India	ditto
896	Rostan, J B	Assistant, Department of Revenue Agriculture, and Commerce.	Loudon's Building	ditto	ditto
897	Rostan, W B	Superintendent, Comptroller-General's Office.	Treasury Buildings	ditto	ditto
898	Rothney, G A J	Assistant, C W Scott and Co	British Indian Street	ditto	ditto
899	Rowe, A H P	Assistant, Ranken and Co	4, Old Court House Street...	Great Britain	ditto
900	Rowe, D J	Superintendent, Office Establishment of the Justices.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	ditto	ditto
901	Rubie, P C	Superintendent, Office of Accountant-General, Bengal.	Government Place	ditto	ditto
902	Ruthford, R	Firm of Cook and	Dhurruntollah Street	ditto	ditto
903	Rutledge, C T	Registrar, Military Department	Explanade Row	India	ditto
904	Rutledge, D B	Assistant, ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
905	Rutledge, T C	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
906	Ryner, F C	Accountant, Examiner of Public Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto
S					
907	Salmon, J	Registrar, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.	Garstin's Place	Great Britain	ditto
908	Sampson, C H	Superintendent, Home Office	Loudon's Building	India	ditto
909	Sanderson, A	Deputy Supdt. Govt. Printing	8, Hastings Street	Great Britain	ditto
910	Santo, F D	Overseer to the Justices	4, Jaun Bazar Street	India	ditto
911	Sarkies, J A	Trader	2, Chowringhec Road	ditto	ditto
912	Sarkies S J	Produce Broker	Pollock Street	ditto	ditto

913	Saunders, R R	Assistant, Mackillican and Co	...	7, Church Lane	...	Great Britain	ditto
914	Savi, J A	Assistant, Atkinson Brothers	...	Chowringhee Road	...	India	ditto
915	Schurr, H S	Assistant to Comptroller-General	...	Treasury Buildings	...	Great Britain	ditto
916	Scott, C S	Licence Inspector to the Justices, Calcutta	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	India	ditto
917	Scott, G C	Assistant, Commissary-General's Office	...	6, Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
918	Scott, G J	Assistant, Nicol Fleming and Co	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
919	Scott, R	Assistant, Mint	...	Strand Road	...	ditto	ditto
920	Scott, W A	Assistant, Examiner of Ordnance Office	...	Koilah Ghât Street	...	ditto	ditto
921	Sealy, O S	Examiner, Home Department Press	...	London's Building	...	ditto	ditto
922	Sealy, J F	Head Clerk, Superintending Engineer's Office, Presidency Circle.	...	15, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
923	Sedgfield, S	Lithographer	...	7, Dacre's Lane	...	Great Britain	ditto
924	Seton, C	Coach Builder	...	Bentinck Street	...	ditto	ditto
925	Seton, G	Assistant, Finlay, Muir and Co	...	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
926	Sharpe, C J	Assistant, Barlow and Co	...	Clive Ghât Street	...	ditto	ditto
927	Shave, W	Gasfitter and Plumber	...	Bentinck Street	...	ditto	ditto
928	Shekleton, A B	Assistant, F W Heilgers and Co	...	136, Canning Street	...	ditto	ditto
929	Shepherd, Geo.	Assistant, Magor and Co	...	7, New China Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
930	Shepperd, W H	Third Assistant, Office of Superintending Engineer, Presidency Circle.	...	15, Writers' Buildings	...	India	ditto
931	Sherlock, John	Assistant to Burn and Co	...	7, Hastings Street	...	ditto	ditto
932	Sherriff, J	Firm of Hunter and Co	...	156, Dhurumtollah Street...	...	ditto	ditto
933	Shilstone, W N	Assistant, Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	...	London's Building	...	ditto	ditto
934	Shinn, W	Banker, Oriental Bank Corporation	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
935	Shircore, G R	Pleader, Small Cause Court	...	154, Bow Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
936	Shircore, M R	Superintendent, License Department of the Justices	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Style of calling.</i>	<i>Residence or Place of Business</i>	<i>Native Country.</i>	<i>Religion</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
937 Shireore, S A	Superintendent of Store Office of the Justices.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	India	Christian	
938 Simmons, C E	Assis ant, Hamilton and Co	Old Court House Street	Great Britain	ditto	
939 Simmons, G H	Secretary to the Commissioners, Por of Calcutta.	Commercial Buildings	ditto	ditto	
940 Simpson, J T	Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department, 1st Calcutta Division.	15, Writers' Buildings	India	ditto	
941 Simpson, R	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
942 Sinclair, E G	Assistant, Thacker, Spink and Co	Government Place	ditto	ditto	
943 Slater, C	Assistant, Kettlewell, Bullen and Co	Strand	ditto	ditto	
944 Slater, E M	Superintendent, Branch Department, Bank of Bengal.	ditto	Great Britain	ditto	
945 Smart, A D	Revenue Surveyor, Office of Superintendent of Revenue Survey.	10, Middleton Street	ditto	ditto	
946 Smith, A	Broker	Clive Street	ditto	ditto	
947 Smith, D F	Assistant, Solomon and Co	Government Place	India	ditto	
948 Smith, D J M	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	Somerset Buildings	ditto	ditto	
949 Smith, E	Superintendent, House of Industry and Leper Asylum.	Amherst Street	Great Britain	ditto	
950 Smith, E M	Assistant, Registry Office of Hackney Carriages.	Free School Street	India	ditto	
951 Smith, G ^p	Assistant, Bengal Uncovenanted Medical Hall.	Wellesley Street	ditto	ditto	
952 Smith, G F	Firm of Greenwood and Co	Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto	
953 Smith, J D	Registrar, Office of Inspector-General of Police.	Chowringhee Road	ditto	ditto	

954	Smith, M	...	Firm of Graham and Co	...	9, Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
955	Smith, S	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner, Commissariat Accounts.	...	7, Colah Ghât Street	...	ditto	ditto
956	Smith, T	...	Sub-Engineer, 1st Calcutta Division	...	15, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
957	Smith, T S	...	Printer, City Press	...	Bentinck Street	...	India	ditto
958	Smith, W	...	Overseer, Justices of the Peace	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
959	Smith, W	...	Assistant, Legislative Council Office	...	Government Place	...	India	ditto
960	Smith, W	...	Superintendent, Thacker, Spink and Co.'s Press.	...	Fancy Lane	...	ditto	ditto
961	Smith, W A	...	Assistant, Burn and Co	...	Hastings Street	...	.....	ditto
962	Smith, W B	...	Firm of W B Smith and Co., Perfumers	...	Hare Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
963	Smith, W F	...	Manager, J Davis and Co., Milliners	...	Government Place	...	India	ditto
964	Smith, W J	...	Assistant, Home Office	...	Loudon's Building	...	ditto	ditto
965	Smyth, C E	...	Assistant, Turner, Morrison and Co	...	6, Lyon's Range	...	Great Britain	ditto
966	Smyth, W S	...	Assistant, Military Accountant's Office	...	Colah Ghât Street	...	India	ditto
967	Somers, J M	...	Assistant, Gladstone, Wyllie and C	...	Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
968	Somerville, A	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	...	16, Strand	...	ditto	ditto
969	Southey, J T	...	Firm of Harman and Co	...	12, Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
970	Soutter, P	...	Superintendent, Drainage Department	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
971	Spankie, D S	...	Assistant, Foreign Office	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
972	Spooner, H B	...	Assistant, Cook and Co	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
973	Stalman, F	...	Assistant, R B Rodda and Co	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
974	Stamer, G H	...	Assistant, J Andrews	...	Waterloo Street	...	India	ditto
975	Straunford, G	...	Firm of Rankin and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
976	Stanley, E J	...	Assistant, Stokes, Coleman and Co	...	Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
977	Stapleton, E	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
978	Stapleton, J	...	Assistant, Anderson, Wallace and Co	...	Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto
979	Stapleton, R T	...	Assistant, F W Baker and Co	...	9, Old Court House Street...	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Names	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business	Native Country.	Religion	Remarks.
980	Stark, P B	... tant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	Great Britain	Christian	
981	Steuart, C S	Banker, Oriental Bank Corporation	... Clive Street	India	ditto	
982	Stevenson, A J	Assistant, Mackintosh, Barn and Co	... Mission Row	Great Britain	ditto	
983	Stevenson, E C	Head Assistant, Office of Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department.	Humayoon Place	India	ditto	
984	Stevenson, J	Assistant, Graham and Co.	... 9, Clive Street	Great Britain	ditto	
985	Stewart, C A	Assistant, Moran and Co.	... Church Lane	India	ditto	
986	Stewart, D M	Assistant, Land Mortgage Bank	... New China Bazar	Great Britain	ditto	
987	Stewart, S A	Executive Engineer, 3rd Calcutta Division...	15, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
988	Stewart, T	Produce Broker	... 102, Clive Street	ditto	ditto	
989	Stowell, J A	Registrar, Home Office	... Loudon's Buildings	ditto	ditto	
990	Stuart, C	Deputy Registrar, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	India	ditto	
991	Stuart, E	Assistant, Commissary-General's Office	... 6, Park Street	ditto	ditto	
992	Stuart J N	Assistant, Balmer, Lawrie and Co.	... 103, Clive Street	Great Britain	ditto	
993	Stuart, T	Head Assistant, Pay Examiner's Office	... Bankshall Street	India	ditto	
994	Sullivan, T J	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	5, Somerset Buildings	Great Britain	ditto	
995	Summers, A	Firm of Watson and Summers	... Wellesley Place	ditto	ditto	
996	Sunder, C W	Clerk, Comptroller-General's Office	... Treasury Buildings	India	ditto	
997	Sutherland, A	Assistant, Wyman and Co.	... 10, Hare Street	ditto	ditto	
998	Sutherland, R K	Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto	
999	Swaries, J W	Assistant, Government Medical Department.	Store Wellesley Place	ditto	ditto	
1000	Swaries, P	Undertaker.	... Bentinck Street	ditto	ditto	
100	Sweet, J	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	... Old Court House Street	Great Britain	ditto	
100	Swinden, F G	Storekeeper, India General Store Navigation Company, Limited	... Strand	India	ditto	

1003	Sykes, A L	Firm of Sykes and Co	..	Old Court House Corner	Great Britain	ditto
1004	Sykes, E	Assistant, Bengal Civil Fund Office	..	Treasury Buildings	ditto	ditto
1005	Symonds, E	Firm of Lazarus and Co	..	Bentinck Street	ditto	ditto
T						
1006	Tanner, P A	Assistant, Military Department	..	Esplanade Row	India	ditto
1007	Tarrant, O	Engraver, Surveyor-General's Office	..	Park Street	Great Britain	ditto
1008	Taylor, G A	Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co	..	Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto
1009	Taylor, J	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co	..	Fairlie Place	ditto	ditto
1010	Taylor, J A	Accountant, Chartered Bank of India, &c...	..	5, Council House Street	ditto	ditto
1011	Taylor, J E	Assistant, Kettlewell, Bullen and Co	..	Strand	ditto	ditto
1012	Templeton, E D	Assistant, Agelasto and Co.	..	ditto	India	ditto
1013	TenBrocke, A H	Accountant, Accountant-General's Office Public Works Department.	..	Loudon's Buildings	Great Britain	ditto
1014	Tetley, E H	Assistant, Home Department	..	ditto	India	ditto
1015	Thom, J	Assistant, Finlay, Muir and Co	..	Clive Row	Great Britain	ditto
1016	Thomas, G E	Assistant, J Thomas and Co	..	Mission Row	ditto	ditto
1017	Thomas, W	Assistant, Baptist Mission Press	..	Lower Circular Road	India	ditto
1018	Thomas, W L	Assistant, J Thomas and Co	..	Mission Row	Great Britain	ditto
1019	Thompson, F	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	..	5, Somerset Buildings	India	ditto
1020	Thompson, G S	Firm of W H Harton and Co	..	Strand	Great Britain	ditto
1021	Thompson, J	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co	..	8, Clive Street	ditto	ditto
1022	Thompson, J H	Assistant, Toulmin and Co	..	Radha Bazar	ditto	ditto
1023	Thompson, E	Firm of Anderson, Wallace and Co	..	Dhurrumtollah Street	ditto	ditto
1024	Thompson, F R	Assistant, Anglo Bank, Limited	..	26, Mango Lane	ditto	ditto
1025	Thompson, J G	Assistant, Vyman and Co	..	Hare Street	ditto	ditto
1026	Thompson, J T	Assistant, Avenue, Agriculture, and Commerce Department.	..	Loudon's Buildings	India	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business	Nati. Coun try.	Religion.	Remarks
T						
027	Thompson, R	Assistant, Gladstone, Wyllie and Co	... Clive Street	Great Britain	Christian	
028	Thompson, W	Assistant, Anderson, Wright and Co	... 21, Strand	ditto	ditto	
029	Thomson, W A	Assistant, to T E Thomson and Co	... Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto	
030	Thorpe, W J	Superintendent, Home Office	... London's Buildings	India	ditto	
031	Thurlow, W T	Firm of Fraser and Co	... 5, Commercial Buildings	ditto	ditto	
032	Tiery, F T H	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commissariat Accounts.	... Coliah Ghaut Street	ditto	ditto	
033	Tiery, J L	Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto	
034	Tildin, W D	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, P W D.	... London's Buildings	India	ditto	
035	Timms, T A	Assistant, Financial Department	... Government Place	ditto	ditto	
036	Tobias, H	Assistant, Bank of Bengal	... Strand Road	ditto	ditto	
037	Tod, J	Assistant, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.	... Dalhousie Square	Great Britain	ditto	
038	Toussaint, E B	Superintendent, Drainage Works	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	India	ditto	
039	Traill, D H	Proprietor, Calcutta Advertiser	... British Indian Street	Great Britain	ditto	
040	Trotter, A E C	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co	... Clive Street	ditto	ditto	
041	Tucker, A R	Assistant, E Thomson and Co., Gasfitters	... Bentinck Street	ditto	ditto	
042	Tucker, S J	ditto ditto	... ditto	ditto	ditto	
043	Tulloch, J C	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, P W D.	... London's Buildings	India	ditto	
044	Tulloch, J C	Assistant, E. I. Railway Office	... 22, Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto	
045	Tulloch, R W	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	... 16, Strand	Great Britain	ditto	
046	Turnbull, R A	Assistant, Andrew Yule and Co	... 7, Clive Row	ditto	ditto	
047	Turnbull, R A	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co	... Clive Street	ditto	ditto	
048	Turnbull, R W	Vet. Surgeon, Thomas Smith and Co	... Dhurrumtollah Street	ditto	ditto	

1050	Turner, H W	... Assistant, Harold and Co	... 3, Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto
1050	Turner, J	... Assistant, Jessop and Co	... Olive Street	... India	ditto
1051	Turner, W W	... Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, P W D.	... Loudon's Building	... ditto	ditto
1052	Twilling, J W	... Registrar, Financial Department	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto
U					
1053	Urquhart, R D	... Warder, Calcutta Mint	... Strand	... Great Britain	ditto
V					
1054	Vangrieken, E E	... Assistant, Baker and Co	... 9, Old Court House Street...	... India	ditto
1055	Vardon, A	... Assistant, Vardon and Co	... Hare Street	... ditto	ditto
1056	Vardon, E S	... Broker	... Lall Bazar	... ditto	ditto
1057	Vaughan, S	... Assistant, Ernsthansen and Oesterley	... New China Bazar	... Great Britain	ditto
1058	Vernieux, E O	... Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, P W D.	... Loudon's Building	... India	ditto
1059	Vertannes, P	... Assistant, I G S N Co	... Fairlie Place	... ditto	ditto
1060	Vertannes, Z	... Assistant, Ralli and Mavrojani	... Clive Street	... ditto	ditto
1061	Very, J C	... Assistant, Ramsay, Wakefield and Co	... Government Place	... Great Britain	ditto
1062	Victor, J B	... Assistant, Nuisance Department of the Justices.	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	... India	ditto
1063	Vivian, W	... Assistant, Office of Executive Engineer, Public Works Department.	... Writers' Buildings	... Great Britain	ditto
1064	Voss, A	... Assistant, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	... India	ditto
W					
1065	Waddele, Geo. A	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commissariat Accounts.	... 7, Coliah Ghat Street	... ditto	ditto
1066	Wagstaff, P	... Chief Assistant, Board of Agency, East	... Dalhousie Square	... Great Britain	ditto

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Style or Calling.</i>	<i>Residence or Place of Business.</i>	<i>Native Country.</i>	<i>Religion.</i>
1068 Wakeford, J T ...	Assistant, Home Department	... Loudon's Building	... India	... Christian
1069 Walker, H	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	... ditto
1070 Walker, H	Assistant, J Anderson and Co	... Church Lane	... Great Britain	... ditto
1071 Walker, J	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	... ditto
1072 Walker, P A	Assistant, Anderson, Wright and Co	... 21, Strand	... ditto	... ditto
1073 Walker, T L	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	... 16, Mission Row	... ditto	... ditto
1074 Wallace, G	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	... Loudon's Buildings	... ditto	... ditto
1075 Wallace, G A	Broker	... Commercial Buildings	... ditto	... ditto
1076 Wallace, P	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co	... Esplanade Row	... ditto	... ditto
1077 Wallace, P	Assistant, Anderson, Wallace and Co	... Dhurrumkollah Street	... India	... ditto
1078 Wallor, E D	Assistant, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co	... Strand	... ditto	... ditto
1079 Waller, G D	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Claims	... Government Place	... ditto	... ditto
1080 Wallis, A H	Firm of Manton and Co	... Bentinck Street	... Great Britain	... ditto
1081 Wallis, O T	Firm of Ranken and Co	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	... ditto
1082 Walton, W M	Firm of Jardine, Skinner and Co	... Clive Row	... India	... ditto
1083 Ware, T E	Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office	... Park Street	... Great Britain	... ditto
1084 Ware, W J	Assistant, Office of Ordnance Accounts	... Coliah Ghāt Street	... India	... ditto
1085 Wareham, J	2nd Grade Engineer, Mint	... Strand	... Great Britain	... ditto
1086 Warwick, J B	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co	... Mission Row	... ditto	... ditto
1087 Waters, W B	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	... Loudon's Buildings	... ditto	... ditto
1088 Watson, A F	Executive Engineer, 3rd Presidency Division.	... Writers' Buildings	... ditto	... to
1089 Watson, A G	Assistant, William Magor and Co	... 7, New China Bazar Street.	... ditto	... ditto

W

1090	Watson, E	Firm of Watson and Summers	... Wellesley Place	ditto	ditto
1091	Watson, H H	Assistant, Surgeon-General's Office	... Homayoon Place	India	ditto
1092	Watson, H W A	Assistant, Examiner of Ordnance Accounts	... Coilah Ghât Street	ditto	ditto
1093	Watson, J	Zincographer, Surveyor-General's Office	... Park Street	Great Britain	ditto
1094	Watson, J	Superintendent, Office of Commissariat and Stud Accounts	... 7, Coilah Ghât Street	ditto	ditto
1095	Watson, J G	Assistant to Nicol, Fleming and Co	... Fairlie Place	ditto	ditto
1096	Watson, Thomas	Tea and General Produce Broker	... 1, Hare Street	ditto	ditto
1097	Watson, William	Firm of Thomas Watson and Co	... ditto	ditto	ditto
1098	Watson, W H	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept.	... Sudder Street	India	ditto
1099	Watson, W H	Dentist, Corfield and Co	... 10, Esplanade	Great Britain	ditto
1100	Watts, J	Firm of Duncan and Co	... Bentinck Street	ditto	ditto
1101	Weatherdon, R	Assistant, Ramsay, Wakefield and Co	... Government Place	ditto	ditto
1102	Wellstead, J	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	... 16, Strand	ditto	ditto
1103	Welner, W F	Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	India	ditto
1104	Wenger, E S	Clerk, Office of Jt.-Secy to the Govt. of Bengal, P W D, Irrigation Branch.	... 12, Writers' Buildings	Great Britain	ditto
1105	Wenger, W L	Supdt., Compr.-General's Office	... Treasury Buildings	ditto	ditto
1106	West, James	Accountant, Chartered Bank of India, &c...	... 5, Council House Street	ditto	ditto
1107	West, R B	Assistant, F W Baker and Co	... Old Court House Street	ditto	ditto
1108	Westerhoof, A B	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co	... Fairlie Place	ditto	ditto
1109	Westfield, W F	Firm of Westfield and Co	... Government Place	ditto	ditto
1110	Westland, W	Superintendent, Depositors' Department, Bank of Bengal.	... Strand	ditto	ditto
1111	Wetherill, J	Assistant, Bengal Civil Fund Office	... Treasury Buildings	India	ditto
1112	Wetherill, J E	Firm of J. M. Edmond & Co	... Bentinck Street	ditto	ditto
1113	Whelan, H G	Assistant, Examiner of Commissariat and Stud Accounts	... 7, Coilah Ghât Street	ditto	ditto
1114	White, J	Assistant, Calcutta Musical Establishment	... Chowringhee Road	ditto	ditto

W

1115	Whitehead, J J	...	Assistant, Comptroller-General of Accounts	Treasury Buildings	...	Great Britain	Christian
1116	Whiteway, E	...	Assistant, Francis, Ramsay & Co	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto.
1117	Whyte, J	...	Assistant, Kelly & Co	4, Lyon's Range	...	ditto	ditto
1118	Wicks, H	...	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co	16, Strand	...	ditto	ditto
1119	Wielder, W J	...	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn & Co	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
1120	Wigley, F G	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	London's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1121	Wilcox, J L	...	Freight and Ship Broker	102, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1122	Wilkinson, J W	...	Accountant, Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	London's Buildings	...	India	ditto
1123	Williams, A B	...	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
1124	Williamson, R	...	Assessor of Roads, Justices of the Peace...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
1125	Williamson, R	...	Assistant, Finlay, Muir & Co	Clive Row	...	Great Britain	ditto
1126	Wills, F J	...	Assistant, Watts & Co	Wellesley Place	...	ditto	ditto
1127	Wills, G	...	Assistant, J. Mackillican & Co	Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1128	Wilson, A	...	Assistant, Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1129	Wilson, A B	...	Registrar, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	London's Buildings	...	India	ditto
1130	Wilson, G	...	Assistant, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.	Dalhousie Square	...	Great Britain	ditto
1131	Wilson, James	...	Principal, General Assembly's Institution...	Cornwallis Square	...	ditto	ditto
1132	Wilson, R	...	Assistant, Jessop & Co	Clive Street	...	India	ditto
1133	Wilson, S	...	Firm of S. Wilson & Co	Hare Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
1134	Wilson, S B	...	Supervisor, Pay Examiner's Office	Bankhall Street	...	India	ditto
1135	Wilson, T C	...	Assistant, Commissary-General's Office	6, Park Street	...	ditto	ditto

1136	Winston, J A	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	...	Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
1137	Winterscale, J	Assistant, R. J. Valler & Co	...	7, Swallow Lane	...	India	ditto
1138	Wintgens, G	Superintendent of Roads, &c., Justices of the Peace.	Office of	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
1139	Winton, J J	Accountant, Hong-Kong and Banking Corporation.	Shanghai	Old Court House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
1140	Wittenbaker, J	Assistant, H A Coggan & Co	...	74, Dhurrumtollah Street	...	India	ditto
1141	Wolff, J T	Assistant, Mint	...	Strand	...	Great Britain	ditto
1142	Woollen, C W	Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	Military	5, Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1143	Womack, J G	Assistant, Harman & Co	...	12, Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1144	Wood, G S P	Parcel Officer, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company.	...	Strand	...	India	ditto
1145	Wood, J	Assistant, Wyman & Co	...	10, Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto
1146	Wood, S G	Accountant, Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	...	London's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1147	Wood, T	Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office, Military Department.	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
1148	Wood, T W	3rd Grade Accountant, Controller of Public Works Accounts.	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1149	Woodward, J V	Assistant, Cooke and Kelvey	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
1150	Woollam, W D	Superintendent, Foreign Department Press	...	Council House Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
1151	Woollams, A	Assistant, Ranken & Co	...	4, Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
1152	Woolterton, C R	Clerk, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1153	Wray, G	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	India	ditto
1154	Wright, C F	Assistant, Office of Secretary to Govern- ment of India, P W D.	...	London's Building	...	ditto	ditto
1155	Wright, G	Inspector of Nuisances	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto

1174	Ady, Nursing Dass	... Assistant, Office of Accountant-General Bengal.	Government Place	ditto	ditto
1175	Ady, Rajkisto	... Assistant, Office of Comptroller of Military Accounts.	5, Somerset Buildings	ditto	ditto
1176	Aich, Anundopersad	... Head Clerk, War's Department	3, Theatre Road	ditto	ditto
1177	Aich, Koylas Chunder	... Assistant, Bengal Secretariat, P W D	Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto
B					
1178	Bagchee, Brojonath	... Assistant, Bengal Acct.-Genl.'s Office	Government Place	ditto	ditto
1179	Banerjee, Addonath	... Head Assistant, Bengal Office	Chowringhee Road	ditto	ditto
1180	Banerjee, Ashootosh	... Assistant, Surgeon-General's Office	Humayoon Place	ditto	ditto
1181	Banerjee, Bama Churn	... Assistant, Office of Comptroller of Military Accounts.	5, Somerset Buildings	ditto	ditto
1182	Banerjee, Bany Madhub	... Assistant, Office of Accountant-General Military Department.	9, Dacre's Lane	ditto	ditto
1183	Banerjee, Bany Madhub	... Comptroller, Surveyor-General's Office	Park Street	ditto	ditto
1184	Banerjee, B M	... 3rd Class Assistant, Accountant-General's Office, Military Department.	9, Dacre's Lane	ditto	ditto
1185	Banerjee, Boroda Churn	... Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co.	16, Strand	ditto	ditto
1186	Banerjee, Behary Lall	... Teacher, Presidency College	College Square	ditto	ditto
1187	Banerjee, Bhoobun Mohun	... Printer, Office of the Justices	4, Jaun Bazar Street	ditto	ditto
1188	Banerjee, Bissumber	... Assistant, Office of Examiner, Dockyard Accounts.	2, Colilah Ghât Street	ditto	ditto
1189	Banerjee, Charoo Chunder	... Assistant, Home Office	Loudon's Buildings	ditto	ditto
1190	Banerjee, Chundee Churn	... 2nd Master, Hindoo School	College Square	ditto	ditto
1191	Banerjee, Chunder Mohun	... Serishtadar, Calcutta Collectorat	Church Lane	ditto	ditto
1192	Banerjee, Chunder Nath	... Assistant, Ralli Brothers	Clive Row	ditto	ditto
1193	Banerjee, Chunder Nath	... Accountant, Executive Engineer 1st Calcutta Division	15, Writers' Building	ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.
B						
1194	Banerjee, Degamber	...	Assistant, Geoge Henderson & Co	...	India	Hindoo
1195	Banerjee, Denonath	...	Assistant, Officer of Superintending Engineer, North-Eastern Circle.	2, Commercial Buildings	...	ditto
1196	Banerjee, Deonath	...	Assistant, Store-keeper's Office, East Indian Railway.	15, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1197	Banerjee, Doorga Dass	...	Assistant Inspector, License Department, Municipal Office.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto
1198	Banerjee, Dwarka Nath	...	Accountant, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1199	Banerjee, Dwarka Nath	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	ditto
1200	Banerjee, Gopal Chunder	...	Accountant, Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1201	Banerjee, Gopal Chunder	...	Head Teacher, Calcutta Normal School	...	Jorasanko, Chitpore Road	ditto
1202	Banerjee, Gopal Chunder	...	Assistant, Atkinson, Tilton & Co	...	Clive Ghát Street	ditto
1203	Banerjee, Gopee Nath	...	Clerk, Comptroller-General's Office	...	Treasury Buildings	ditto
1204	Banerjee, Gres Chunder	...	Assistant, George Henderson & Co	...	Mangoe Lane	ditto
1205	Banerjee, Haran Chunder	...	Assistant Engineer, 2nd Calcutta Division	...	Imperial Museum	ditto
1206	Banerjee, Hara Lall	...	Overseer, Executive Engineer's Office, 3rd Calcutta Division.	...	15, Writers' Buildings	ditto
1207	Banerjee, Hurimohun	...	Assistant, Chief Paymaster's Office, East Indian Railway.	...	Dalhousie Square	ditto
1208	Banerjee, Hurriah Chunder	...	Assistant, Storekeeper's Office, East Indian Railway.	...	Writers' Buildings	ditto
1209	Banerjee, Issen Chunder	...	Assistant, Mercantile Bank	...	Dalhousie Square	ditto
1210	Banerjee, Issen Chunder	...	Head Accountant, Government Printing Office.	...	8, Hastings Street	ditto
1211	Banerjee, Jodub Chunder	...	Assistant, Commissioner's Office	...	3, Theatre Road	ditto
1212	Banerjee, Jodoo Nath	...	Accountant, I G S N Co	...	Fairlie Place	ditto

1213	Banerjee, Jogendro Nath	...	Sanscrit Professor, Cathedral Mission College	Putuldangah	...	ditto	ditto
1214	Banerjee, Jogendro Nath	...	Compiler, Pay Examiner's Office	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1215	Banerjee, Kalichurn	...	Teacher, Free Church Institution	Nimtollah Ghat Street	...	ditto	Christian
1216	Banerjee, Kali Coomar	...	Assistant, Office of Comptroller of Military Accounts, Account Branch.	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	Hindoo
1217	Banerjee, Kalidass	...	Assistant, Tamvaco and Co	Canning Street	...	ditto	ditto
1218	Banerjee, Kalipodo	...	2nd Assistant, Office of Superintendent of Rev Survey.	10, Middleton Street	...	ditto	ditto
1219	Banerjee, Kalipodo	...	2nd grade Accountant, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bengal.	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1220	Banerjee, Kaliprosno	...	4th grade Accountant, Comptroller of Public Works Accounts.	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1221	Banerjee, Kedar Nath	...	Assistant, Audit Office, East Indian Railway	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1222	Banerjee, Khetter Mohun	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1223	Banerjee, Koylas Chunder	...	Accountant, Office of Executive Engineer, Northern Drainage and Embankment Division.	1, Commercial Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1224	Banerjee, Koylas Chunder	...	Clerk, Comptroller-General's Office	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1225	Banerjee, Lucky Narain	...	Clerk, Chartered Bank of India, &c	5, Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
1226	Banerjee, Madhub Chunder	...	3rd Grade Accountant, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1227	Banerjee, Nilcomul	...	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade, East	...	ditto	ditto
1228	Banerjee, Nilmoney	...	Auditor, Office of Examiner, Pay Dept	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1229	Banerjee, Nobin Chunder	...	Assistant, Surgeon-General's Office	Humayoon Place	...	ditto	ditto
1230	Banerjee, Nobin Chunder	...	Clerk, Comptroller-General's Office	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1231	Banerjee, Nobin Chunder	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, &c., Accounts.	Coilah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
1232	Banerjee, Nobo Gopal	...	Assistant, Office of Commissary-General	6, Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
1233	Banerjee, Nursing Chudder	...	Auditor, Pay Department, Examiner's Office.	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1234	Banerjee, Othow Chunder	...	Assistant, W Moran and Co	3, Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.
				India	Hindoo
1235	Banerjee, Peary Mohun	Head Writer, Chief Engineer's Office, East Indian Railway.	21, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1236	Banerjee, Peary Mohun	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept	1, Sudder Street	ditto	ditto
1237	Banerjee, Peary Mohun	Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office, E. I. R.	Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto
1238	Banerjee, Peary Mohun	Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office, Calcutta Collectorate.	Church Lane	ditto	ditto
		Head Assistant, Abkarree Department, Calcutta Collectorate.	London's Buildings	ditto	ditto
1239	Banerjee, Peary Mohun	Assistant, Home Department	3, Theatre Road	ditto	ditto
1240	Banerjee, Pran Coomar	2nd Clerk, Commissioner's Office, Presidency Division.	Somerset Buildings	ditto	ditto
1241	Banerjee, Preo Nath	Assistant, Presidency Paymaster's Office	Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto
1242	Banerjee, Prosono Coomar	Sub-Engineer.	P W D, 3rd Calcutta Division.	ditto	ditto
1243	Banerjee, Protap Chunde	Head Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	1, Coliah Ghat Street	ditto	ditto
1244	Banerjee, Panchanun	Auditor, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance, &c.	4, Garstin's Place	ditto	ditto
1245	Banerjee, Radha Nath	Estimator, Executive Engineer's Office, P Circle.	15, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto
246	Banerjee, Radha Nath	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade, East	ditto	ditto
247	Banerjee, Radha Nath	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Accounts.	7, Coliah Ghat Street	ditto	ditto
248	Banerjee, Rajendro Nath	Head Assistant, Agent's Office, E. I. R.	Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto
249	Banerjee, Rajkissen	Assistant, Office of Examiner of sariat and Stud Accounts.	7, Coliah Ghat Street	ditto	ditto
1250	Banerjee, Ram Chunder	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Registration.	Larkin's Lane	ditto	ditto
1251	Banerjee, Ram Chunder	Assistant, Home Department	London's Building	ditto	ditto
1252	Banerjee, Runendro Nath	Assistant, Schone, Kilburn and Co	4, Fairlie Place	ditto	ditto

1253	Banerjee, Rusick Lal	...	Head Assistant, Stationery Dept., E. I. R.	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1254	Banerjee, Shib Chunder	...	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	...	ditto
1255	Banerjee, Shosi Bhusan	...	Clerk, Chief Paymaster's Office E. I. R.	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1256	Banerjee, Sreenath	...	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	...	ditto
1257	Banerjee, Sudanundo	...	3rd grade Accountant, Office of Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1258	Banerjee, Tarinee Churn	...	Assistant, to O Steel and Co	Old Court House Street	...	ditto
1259	Banerjee, Troylukho Nath	...	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	...	ditto
1260	Banerjee, Umerto Lal	...	Assistant, Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1261	Banerjee, Woomes Chunder	...	Assistant, Examiner of Railway Accounts	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1262	Banerjee, Woomes Chunder	...	Indexer, Chief Engineer's Office, East Indian Railway.	21, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1263	Batavayal, Woomes Chunder	...	2nd Master, Sanskrit College	College Square	...	ditto
1264	Bhadoory, L M	...	Assistant, Duncan and Co	Clive Street	...	ditto
1265	Bhadoory, Poolin Behary	...	Assistant, Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal.	Strand	...	ditto
1266	Bhadoory, Rajkisto	...	Assistant to John Elliott and Co	4, Clive Street	...	ditto
1267	Bhur, Luckhee Narain	...	Assistant, Superintending Engineer's Office, 1st Circle, Military Works.	11, Kyd Street	...	ditto
1268	Bhur, Sreenath	...	Teacher, Oriental Seminary	Chitpore Road, Gorranbutta	...	ditto
1269	Bhattacharjee, Mobesh Chunder.	...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Government Place	...	ditto
1270	Biswas, Bhugubutty Churn	...	Wine Merchant	Radha Bazar	...	ditto
1271	Biswas, Chundee Churn	...	Inhabitant	28, Cornwallis Street	...	ditto
1272	Biswas, Gopal Chunder	...	Head Assistant, Medical College	College Square	...	ditto
1273	Biswas, Hem Chunder	...	Sub-Engineer	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1274	Biswas, Jadub Chunder	...	Assistant, Rentiers and Co	5, Mission Row	...	ditto
1275	Bomanjee, Satabjee	...	Assistant, Borradaile, Schiller and Co	Fairlie Place	...	Parsee
1276	Bose, Behary Lal	...	Assistant, James Anderson and Co	Church Lane	...	Hindoo

B

1277	Bose, Bhotosunker	... 2nd Writer, Deputy Commissary-General's Office.	6, Park Street	...	India	Hindoo
1278	Bose, Bidoo Bhoochan	... Inhabitant	...	Gooroopersad Chowdry's Lane	...	ditto
1279	Bose, Boyounto Nath	... Deputy Bullion-keeper, Calcutta Mint	...	Strand	...	ditto
1280	Bose, Cally Prosono	... Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	...	London's Building	...	ditto
1281	Bose, Chunder Seekhur	... Jute Inspector to Justices	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto
1282	Bose, Debnarain	... Banian	...	Putuldangab	...	ditto
1283	Bose, Doyal Chand	... Assistant, Petrocochino and Co	...	23, Canning Street	...	ditto
1284	Bose, Dwarka Nath	... Assistant, Military Accountant's Office, Account Branch.	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
1285	Bose, Eshan Chunder	... Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	...	Ditto ditto	...	ditto
1286	Bose, Goluck Nath	... Assistant, George Henderson and Co	...	Mango Lane	...	ditto
1287	Bose, Gopal Chunder	... Assistant, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	...	ditto
1288	Bose, Gopal Chunder	... Overseer, Office of Executive Engineer, Calcutta and Eastern Canals Division.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1289	Bose, Govind Gopal	... Inhabitant	...	23, Meer Jafir's Lane	...	ditto
1290	Bose, Grish Chunder	... Head Clerk, Calcutta Registry Office	...	Larkin's Lane	...	ditto
1291	Bose, Grish Chunder	... Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co	...	Clive Row	...	ditto
1292	Bose, Grish Chunder	... Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1293	Bose, Grish Chunder	... Assistant, Mercantile Bank of India	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1294	Bose, Grish Chunder	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1295	Bose, Haran Chunder	... Accountant, Executive Engineer's Office	...	2nd Calcutta Division, Imperial Museum.	...	ditto
1296	Bose, Harizah Chunder	... Assistant, Young, Gray and Co	...	Mission Row	...	ditto
1297	Bose, Harish Chunder	... Assistant, Whitney Brothers	...	1, Lall Bazar	...	ditto

298	Bose, Hurro Kumar	Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	Some	Bu	ngs	ditto
299	Bose, Hurrymolun	Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office, East Indian Railway.	Write	Bui	ngs	ditto
300	Bose, Jogendra Coomari	Assistant, Whitney Brothers	...	1, Lal Bazar		ditto
1301	Bose, Kalitara	Assistant, Public Works Department, Bengal	Writers'	Buildings		ditto
1302	Bose, Kedarnath	Teacher, Hindoo School	...	College Square		ditto
1303	Bose, Khogendranath	Clerk, Kettlewell Bullen	...	Strand Road		ditto
1304	Bose, Koylas Chunder	Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	...	Somerset Buildings		ditto
1305	Bose, Modosodun	Assistant, M. C. Joakim and Co	...	Old China Bazar		ditto
1306	Bose, Mohendra Nath	Assistant Banian, Kettlewell Bullen	...	Strand Road		ditto
1307	Bose, Modunmohun	Assistant, Petrocchino and Co	...	23, Canning Street		ditto
1308	Bose, Nepal Chunder	Assistant Accountant, Office of the Justices of the Peace, Account Department.	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street		ditto
1309	Bose, Nilmadhub	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street		ditto
1310	Bose, Nilmadhub	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co	...	E-planade		ditto
1311	Bose, Norendra Nath	Inhabitant	...	Putuldanga		ditto
1312	Bose, Noyan Chunder	Assistant, Robert and Charriot	...	1, Vansittart Row		ditto
1313	Bose, Nundo Popal	Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co	...	4, Fairlie Place		ditto
1314	Bose, Omerto Kissen	Assistant, Mackintosh, Burn and Co	...	Esplanade, East		ditto
1315	Bose, Omerto Lal	Head Accountant, Graham and Co	...	Clive Street		ditto
1316	Bose, Peary Chohun	Assistant, Wyman and Co	...	10, Hare Street		ditto
1317	Bose, Poran Chunder	Assistant, Foreign Department	...	Council House Street		ditto
1318	Bose, Frankisio	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General Office.	...	Government Place		ditto
1319	Bose, Rajnarain	Banian	...	Idangah		ditto
1320	Bose, Rajkist	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	Bankshall Street		ditto
1321	Bose, Rakha Dass	Assistant, R. D. Bose & Co., Wine Merchants.	...	Union Row		ditto
1322	Bose, Rye Churn	Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall & Co	...	Union Square		ditto

No.	Name.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
B						
1323	Bose, Soorjeenarain	... Banian	... Putulduangah	... India	Hindoo	
1324	Bose, Tarucknath	... Assistant Inspector, License Department of the Justices.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto	
1325	Bose, Womesh Chunder	... Compiler, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto	
1326	Bural, Goberdhone	... Assistant, National Bank	... Council House Street	... ditto	ditto	
1327	Bural, Judoo Nath	... Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto	
1328	Bural, Ram Sabuk	... Assistant, East Indian Railway Office	... Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1329	Bhattacharya Ghonesh Sham	Clerk, Office of Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Public Works Department.	Ditto	... ditto	ditto	
1330	Buzlul, Haq	... Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Police, Lower Provinces.	Chowringhee Road	... ditto	ahomedan	
1331	Buzlar, Rahman	... Teacher, Calcutta Madrissa	... Wellesley Square	... ditto	ditto	
1332	Bysack, Behary Lall	... Assistant, Bengal Office	... Chowringhee Road	... ditto	Hindoo	
1333	Bysack, Brojogopal	... Inhabitant	... Neenoo Gossain's Lane Burtellah.	... ditto	ditto	
334	Bysack, Debendronath	... Assistant, Land Mortgage Bank	... New China Bazar	... ditto	ditto	
335	Bysack, Gopal Chunder	... Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office	... Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto	
336	Bysack, Jogendro Mohun	... Assistant, Superintending Engineer's Office, 1st Circle, Military Works.	11, Kyd Street	... ditto	ditto	
337	Bysack, Jugger Nath	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto	
338	Bysack, Lukhee Narain	... Assistant, Secretariat, (Government of India, Public Works Department).	... Loudon's Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
339	Bysack, Mohendro Nath	... Accountant, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	2, Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto	
340	Bysack, Mohun Chaud	... Inhabitant	... Sooharam Bysack's Lane	... ditto	ditto	
341	Bysack, Mudun Mohun	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade, East	...	ditto	
342	Bysack, Prem Chaud	... Assistant, Foreign Office	... Council House Street	...	ditto	

1343	Bysack, Prasanna Coomra	Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office	... Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto
1344	Bysack, Radha Gobind	Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, ditto	ditto	ditto
1345	Bysack, Radhanath	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	London's Buildings	ditto	ditto
1346	Bysack, Radha Persad	Compiler, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto
1347	Bysack, Radha Romun	Assistant, Office of Private Secretary to the Viceroy.	Government House	ditto	ditto
1348	Bysack, Romanath	Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office	... Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto
1349	Bysack, Sham Soonder	Ditto	... ditto	ditto	ditto
1350	Bysack, Shib Chunder	Superintendent, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	Treasury Buildings	ditto	ditto
1351	Bysack, Soorjee Coomar	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Department.	1, Sudder Street	ditto	ditto
1352	Bysack, Soorjee Coomar	Supervisor, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto
C					
1353	Chatterjee, Bani Madhub	Assistant, Comptroller of Military Accounts	Set Buildings	ditto	ditto
1354	Chatterjee, Beejoynath	Treasurer, Calcutta Collectorate	Ch Lane	ditto	ditto
1355	Chatterjee, Bhobun Mohun	Assistant, Colvin, Cowie & Co.	Stings Street	ditto	ditto
1356	Chatterjee, Bishnu Churn	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	ditto	ditto
1357	Chatterjee, Bunkobeharry	Assistant, Bengal Office	Bar Street	ditto	ditto
1358	Chatterjee, Degumber	Head Clerk, Office of Commissioner, Presidency Division.	Bar Road	ditto	ditto
1359	Chatterjee, Degumber	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	Ilah Ghat Street	ditto	ditto
1360	Chatterjee, Denon Ch	Assistant, Bank of Bengal	ditto	ditto	ditto
1361	Chatterjee, Doorga Dass	Assistant, O. Steel & Co	Old Court House	ditto	ditto
1362	Chatterjee, Gouro Prasunno	Assistant, Bengal Office	Ringhee Road	ditto	ditto
1363	Chatterjee, Gouro Prasunno	Assistant F. T. Brooks & Co.	Row	ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style of Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
	C					
1364	Chatterjee, Gopal Chunder	Assistant, Accountant-General, Milly. Dept.	9, Dacre's Lane	India	Hindoo	
1365	Chatterjee, Gopal Chunder	Assistant, Wyman & Co.	10, Hare Street	ditto	ditto	
1366	Chatterjee, Gopal Chunder	Assistant Anderson, Wright & Co.	21, Strand	ditto	ditto	
1367	Chatterjee, Guugadhur	Assistant Accountant's Department, Office of the Justices of the Peace.	4, Jann Bazar Street	ditto	ditto	
1368	Chatterjee, Hurriah Chunder	Superintendent, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	Coliah Ghat Street	ditto	ditto	
1369	Chatterjee, Huribangs	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade, East	ditto	ditto	
1370	Chatterjee, Isen Chunder	Assistant, George Henderson and Co.	Mangoe Lane	ditto	ditto	
1371	Chatterjee, Judoonath	Assistant, Office of Private Secretary to the Viceroy.	Government House	ditto	ditto	
1372	Chatterjee, Judoonath	Assistant, Consulting Engineer's Office	Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1373	Chatterjee, Judoonath	Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	Somerset Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1374	Chatterjee, Judoonath	Assistant, Office of Commissary-General	6, Park Street	ditto	ditto	
1375	Chatterjee, Judoonath	Accountant, Office of Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1376	Chatterjee, Kalinath	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commissariat Accounts.	7, Coliah Ghat Street	ditto	ditto	
1377	Chatterjee, Kaliprosunno	Assistant, Executive Commissariat Office	Park Street	ditto	ditto	
1378	Chatterjee, Kedarnath	Assistant, Consulting Engineer's Office	4, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1379	Chatterjee, Khetter Chunder	Assistant, Home Office	Loudon's Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1380	Chatterjee, Khetter Chunder	Assistant, Controller-General's Office	Treasury Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1381	Chatterjee, Khetter Chunder	Assistant, Accountant-General's Office Military Department.	9, Dacre's Lane	ditto	ditto	
1382	Chatterjee, Krishno Chunder	Assistant, Bengal Office	1, Sudder Street	ditto	di	
1383	Chatterjee, Madhub Chunder	Assistant, Steward and Co.	8, Old Court House Street	ditto	di	
1384	Chatterjee, Mohesh Chunder	Assistant, Office of Comptroller of Military Accounts.	Somerset Buildings	ditto	di	

1385	Chatterjee, Netie Chand	...	Assistant Commisariat Examiner's Office	Coilah Ghat Street	...	ditto
1386	Chatterjee, Nibaron Chunder	...	4th grade Accountant, Examiner of Public Works Accounts	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1387	Chatterjee, Nilmadhub	...	Teacher, Seal's Free College	148, Baranosey Ghose's Street	...	ditto
1388	Chatterjee, Nyan Chund	...	Supervisor, P. W. D., Military Works	Fort William	...	ditto
1389	Chatterjee, Promothonath	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1390	Chatterjee, Promothonath	...	Assistant, Wyman and Co.	10, Hare Street	...	ditto
1391	Chatterjee, Prosunocoomar	...	Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office, East Indian Railway	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1392	Chatterjee, Punchanun	...	Assistant, Thacker, Spink and Co.	Government Place	...	ditto
1393	Chatterjee, Rajendronath	...	Clerk, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1394	Chatterjee, Ramsabuck	...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Government Place	...	ditto
1395	Chatterjee, Satcowrie	...	Overseer, Calcutta and Eastern Canals Division.	14, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1396	Chatterjee, S P	...	Assistant, F. T. Brooks and Co.	Clive Row	...	ditto
1397	Chatterjee, Sharodapersad	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1398	Chatterjee, Sharodapersad	...	Assistant, Foreign Department	Council House Street	...	ditto
1399	Chatterjee, Sreenath	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1400	Chatterjee, Sumbhoo Chunder.	...	Clerk, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1401	Chatterjee, Surbosook	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
1402	Chatterjee, Tarini Churn	...	Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	20, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1403	Chatterjee, Umbika Churn	...	2nd Assistant, Superintending Engineer's Office, Presidency Circle.	15, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1404	Chatterjee, Womesh Chunder.	...	Teacher, Free Church Institution	Nimtollah Street	...	Christian
1405	Chowdhry, Gopal Gobindo	...	Assistant, Office of Comptroller, P. W. Account	Writers' Buildings	...	Hindoo
1406	Chowdhry, Gyan Chunder	...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept.	1, Sadler Street	...	ditto

No.	Name.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
	C					
407	Chowdhry, H C	Assistant, Bird and Co.	... Strand Road	India	Hindoo	
408	Chowdhry, Kirty Chunder...	Assistant Engineer, 3rd Calcutta Division...	15, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
409	Chowdhry, Niconjobehary	Assistant, Store Department, East Indian Railway.	ditto	ditto	ditto	
410	Chowdhry, Nilcomul ...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Government Place	ditto	ditto	
411	Chowdhry, Netye Gobind ...	Supervisor, 1st Calcutta Division	... 15, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
412	Chowdhry. Nobokisto ...	Assistant, Superintending Engineer's Office, 1st Circle, Military Works.	11, Kyd Street	ditto	ditto	
413	Chowdhry, Frankisto ...	Banian, George Henderson and Co.	... Mangoe Lane	ditto	ditto	
414	Chowdhry, Prosonocoomar...	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Registration.	Larkin's Lane	ditto	ditto	
415	Chowdhry, Russick Lall ...	Assistant, Grindlay and Co.	... Strand	ditto	ditto	
416	Chowdhry, Troyluckonath...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
417	Chuckerbutty, Bonomally ...	Assistant, Government Toshakhana, Foreign Department.	Council House Street	ditto	ditto	
418	Chuckerbutty, Bhootnath ...	Assistant Engineer, 3rd Calcutta Division	15, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
419	Chuckerbutty, Debendronath	Assistant, Home Department	... Loudon's Buildings	ditto	ditto	
420	Chuckerbutty, Dwarknath...	Auditor, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
421	Chuckerbutty, Issen Chunder	Assistant, Burn and Co.	... 7, Hastings Street	ditto	ditto	
422	Chuckerbutty, Judoonath ...	Assistant, East Indian Railway Office	... Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
423	Chuckerbutty, Kaliprosonno	Assistant, Home Office	... Loudon's Buildings	ditto	ditto	
424	Chuckerbutty, Khetter Paul	Assistant, Board of Revenue	... Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
425	Chuckerbutty, Nilmoney ...	Second Master, Hare School	College Square	ditto	ditto	
426	Chuckerbutty, NobinChunder	Head Assistant, Presidency Executive Commissariat Office.	6. Park Street	ditto	ditto	
427	Chuckerbut Peary lobun	Banian, J DeSouza and Co.	... Mission Row	ditto	ditto	

1428	Chuckerbutty, Sreekisto	Assistant, Office of Accounts.			ditto
1429	Chuckerbutty, Surroop Ch	Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	ditto		ditto
1430	Chuckerbutty, Thakoor D	Assistant, Home Office	Loudon's Buildings	ditto	ditto
1431	Chuckerbutty, Womesh Chr.	Assistant, Regg, Dunlop and Co.	12, Mission Row	ditto	ditto
1432	Chunder, Anundo Chunder	Assistant, Examiner of Railway Account	21, Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto
1433	Chunder, Bindoo Chunde	Accountant, ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
1434	Chunder, Bissonath	Assistant, Office of Acct.-Genl.; Bengal	Government Place	ditto	ditto
1435	Chunder, Bonomally	Assistant, Graham and Co.	9, Clive Street	ditto	ditto
1436	Chunder, D M	Assistant, Great Eastern Hotel	Old Court House Street	ditto	ditto
1437	Chunder, Kanye Lall	Inhabitant	Tuntneah	ditto	ditto
1438	Chunder, Mohendro La	Assistant, R Macallister and Co.	Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto
1439	Coomar, Joygobindo	Assistant, Drainage Department, Office the Justices.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	ditto	ditto
1440	Coomar, Nilmoney	Assistant, Office of Comptroller of Militia Accounts.	5, Somerset Buildings	ditto	ditto
1441	Coondoo, Chunder Sukt	Clerk, Chartered Bank of India	5, Council House Street	ditto	ditto
1442	Coondoo, Grish Chunder	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India P W D	Loudon's Buildings	ditto	ditto
1443	Coondoo, Kalichurn	Assistant, Wyman and Co.	10, Hare Street	ditto	ditto
1444	Coondoo, Preonath	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	ditto	ditto
1445	Cowasjee, Hurmusjee	Assistant, Graham and Co.	9, Clive Street	ditto	Parsee
D					
1446	Dass, Auditto Churn	Assistant, Scallan and Co.	Pollock Street	ditto	Hindoo
1447	Dass, Behary Lall	Inhabitant	Kopaleetollah	ditto	ditto
1448	Dass, Banymadhuh	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commissariat Accounts.	7, Kollah Ghat Street	ditto	ditto
1449	Dass, Choonee Lal	Assistant, Board of Revenue	Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto
1450	Dass, Doyal Chund	Bank and Landers, Arbuthnot and Co.	8, Clive Street	ditto	ditto

No.	Name.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
D						
1451	Dass, Dwarka Nath	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Government Place	India	Hindoo	
1452	Dass, Gopal Chunder	Assistant, Office of Justices of the Peace, Accountant's Department.	4, Jaun Bazar Street	ditto	ditto	
1453	Dass, Herumbonath	Apprentice Engineer, 3rd Calcutta Division	15, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1454	Dass, Hurish Chunder	Teacher, Free Church Institution	Nimtollah Street	ditto	ditto	
1455	Dass, Hurro Sunker	Assistant, Office of Comptroller of Military Accounts, Account Branch.	Somerset Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1456	Dass, Kedar Nath	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	Loudon's Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1457	Dass, Kedar Nath	Overseer, 3rd Calcutta Division	15, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1458	Dass, Kesub Chunder	Assistant Accountant, Audit Office, E.I.R.	22, Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto	
1459	Dass, Khetter Paul	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Treasury Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1460	Dass, Kristo Mohun	Inhabitant	Kopaleetollah	ditto	ditto	
1461	Dass, Mohesh Chunder	Assistant, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	Treasury Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1462	Dass, Nilcomul	Sub-Assistant Auditor, E I Railway	22, Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto	
1463	Dass, Nobin Chunder	Second Master, Hindoo School	College Square	ditto	ditto	
1464	Dass, Nundo Lall	Second Master, Calcutta Magrissah	Wellesley Square	ditto	ditto	
1465	Dass, Peary Mohun	Assistant, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.	Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto	
1466	Dass, Rajendro Chunder	Head Assistant, Office of the Justices	4, Jaun Bazar Street	ditto	ditto	
1467	Dass, Ram Kissen	Inhabitant.	Kopaleetollah	ditto	ditto	
1468	Dass, Ramdass	License Inspector to the Justices	4, Jaun Bazar Street	ditto	ditto	
1469	Dass, Ram Ruttun	Assistant, Board of Agency, East Indian Railway.	Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto	

1470	Dass, Shama Sanker	... Assistant, Military Accountant's Office	... Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
1471	Dass, Shib Chunder	... Assistant, Store Department, East Indian Railway.	... Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1472	Dass, Sreenath	... Assistant, Military Secretariat	... Esplanade Row	...	ditto
1473	Dass, Sreenibas	... Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.	... 8, Clive Street	...	ditto
1474	Dass, Tincowrie	... Broker	... Sonagachee Lane	...	ditto
1475	Dass, Woomesb Chunder	... Assistant, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	... Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1476	Dass, Wooma Churn	... Superintendent, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	... ditto	...	ditto
1477	Deb, Brojendro Kristo	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1478	Deb, Brojo Nath	... Assistant, John Atkinson and Co.	... Lyons' Range	...	ditto
1479	Deb, Dwarka Nath	... ditto	... ditto	...	ditto
1480	Deb, Ghriah Chunder	... Head Master, Hare School	... Colootollah	...	ditto
1481	Deb, Shama Churn	... Auditor, Office of Examiner, Pay Dept.	... Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1482	Dey, Beer Chund	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1483	Dey, Bostom Churn	... Head Assistant, Summons and Warrant Department, Office of the Justices of the Peace.	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto
1484	Dey, Banomah	... Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Bengal.	... Government Place	...	ditto
1485	Dey, Brojonath	... Accountant, Calcutta Collectorate	... Church Lane	...	ditto
1486	Dey, Chunder Coomar	... Assistant, Commissariat Examiner's Office	... 7, Koilah Ghât Street	...	ditto
1487	Dey, Damodar	... Assistant, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India.	... Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1488	Dey, Degumber	... Assistant, George Henderson and Co.	... Mango Lane	...	ditto
1489	Dey, Doorga Dass	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commissariat Accounts.	... 7, Koilah Ghât Street	...	ditto
1490	Dey, Dwarkanath	... 3rd Grade Accountant, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	... 17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
D						
1491	Dey, Gopa Chunder	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Bengal.	Government Place	India.	Hindo	
1492	Dey, Gopa Chunder	Accountant, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1493	Dey, Gourjunker	Professor, General Assembly's Institution	Cornwallis Square	ditto	ditto	
1494	Dey, Hurram	Assistant, Gisborne and Co.	... Strand	ditto	ditto	
1495	Dey, Judeo Nath	Accountant, Office of the Justices	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	ditto	ditto	
1496	Dey, Kala Bhand	Clerk, Comptroller-General's Office	... Treasury Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1497	Dey, Kali Chomar	Cashier, Government Printing Office	... Hastings Street	ditto	ditto	
1498	Dey, Kali Kissen	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	Koilah Ghât	ditto	ditto	
1499	Dey, Kany Lall	Assistant, Office of Deputy Commissary-General, Lower Circle.	Park Street	ditto	ditto	
1500	Dey, Kedai Nath	Assistant, George Henderson and Co.	... Mangoe Lane	ditto	ditto	
1501	Dey, Khetar Mohun	Assistant, Cook and Co.	... Dhurrumtollah Street	ditto	ditto	
1502	Dey, Khetar Nath	Assistant, Home Department	... London's Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1503	Dey, Kisto Mohun	Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
1504	Dey, Mudd in Gopal	Assistant to F. W. Helgers and Co.	... 136, Canning Street	ditto	ditto	
1505	Dey, Mutty Lall	Banian, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.	Dalbousie Square	ditto	ditto	
1506	Dey, Nepal Chunder	Reader, Government Printing Office	... 8, Hastings Street	ditto	ditto	
1507	Dey, Netro Lall	Assistant, Stamp Office	... 4, Church Lane	ditto	ditto	
1508	Dey, Nilmooy	Head Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Registration.	1, Larkin's Lane	ditto	ditto	
1509	Dey, Nrgbogopal	Assistant, E F Lackenstein and Co.	... 36, New China Bazar	ditto	ditto	
1510	Dey, Nundo Lall	Deputy Store-keeper of Stamps	... 4, Church Lane	ditto	ditto	
1511	Dey, Prosonno Cooma	Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	

1513	Dey, Russick Lall	... Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co.	... 30, Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto
1514	Dey S C	... Assistant, Comptroller-General's Office	... Treasury Buildings	... ditto	ditto
1515	Dey, Saroda Persad	... Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	... Loudon's Buildings	... ditto	ditto
1516	Dey, Taracknath	... Assistant, Fde and Hobson	... Canning Street	... ditto	ditto
1517	Dey, Womes Chunder	... Assistant, Wiseman, Mitchel and Co.	... Clive Street	... ditto	ditto
1518	Dhole, Hurro Coomar	... Assistant, Schœne, Kilburn and Co.	... 4, Fairlie Place	... ditto	ditto
1519	Dhur, Baney Madub	... Assistant, Office of Comptroller of Military Accounts, Account Branch.	... Somerset Buildings	... ditto	ditto
1520	Dhur, Chunder Mohun	... Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto
1521	Dhur, Gobind Chunder	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Medical Accounts.	7, Collah Ghât Street	... ditto	Brahmo
1522	Dhur, Gobind Chunder	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Dockyard Accounts.	2, ditto	... ditto	Hindoo
1523	Dhur, Gosto Behary	... Accountant, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto
524	Dhur, Kala Chand	... Assistant, Stamp Office	... 4, Church Lane	... ditto	ditto
525	Dhur, Kali Dass	... Babian	... Colcotollah	... ditto	ditto
526	Dhur, Koonjo Behary	... Assistant to Nicol Fleming and Co.	... Fairlie Place	... ditto	ditto
527	Dhur, Kundoo Lall	... Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co.	... 4, Clive Row	... ditto	ditto
528	Dhur, Nobin Chunder	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Pankshall Street	... ditto	ditto
529	Dhur, Rajbullub	... Auditor, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto
530	Dhur, Ram Lall	... Assistant, Graham and Co.	... 9, Clive Street	... ditto	ditto
531	Dhur, Soobul Chunder	... ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto
532	Din Muhammad	... Landholder	... 42, Comeedanbagan Lane	... ditto	Mahomeda
533	Dutt, Abootosh	... Assistant, Hoare, Viller and Co.	... Strand	... ditto	Hindoo

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Style or Calling.</i>	<i>Residence or Place of Business.</i>	<i>Native Country.</i>	<i>Religion.</i>	<i>REMARKS.</i>
D					
1534 Dutt, Behary Lall	... Assistant, Oriental Bank	... Shibtollah Lane	India	Hindoo	
1535 Dutt, Bhoobun Mohun	... Assistant, Robert and Charriol	... 1, Vansittart Row	ditto	ditto	
1536 Du t, Biulanath	... Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office	... Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
1537 Dutt, Bishnoo Churn	.. ditto ditto	... ditto	ditto	ditto	
1538 Dutt, Bolie Chand	... Assistant, Gisborne and Co.	... Strand	ditto	ditto	
1539 Dutt, Brindaban Chunder...	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.	... 4, Garstin's Place	ditto	ditto	
1540 Dutt, Brojo Nath	... Assistant, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.	... Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto	
1541 Dutt, Brojonath	... Chief Auditor's Office, E. I. R.	... Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1542 Dutt, Budden Chunder	... Assistant, Gillanders, Arouthnot and Co.	... 8, Clive Street	ditto	ditto	
1543 Dutt, Budden Chunder	... Assistant, F T Brooks and Co.	... Clive Street	ditto	ditto	
1544 Dutt, Brcuntonath	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
1545 Dutt, Chundy Churn	... Assistant, Crooke, Rome and Co.	... 8 Clive Row	ditto	ditto	
1546 Dutt, Doorga Churn	... Assistant, Office of Private Secretary to the Viceroy.	... Government House	ditto	ditto	
1547 Dutt, Doyal Chand	... Assistant, Ashburner and Co.	... Garstin's Place	ditto	ditto	
1548 Dutt, Dwarka Nath	... Assistant, Civil Engineering College	... College Square	ditto	ditto	
1549 Dutt, Dwarka Nath	... Merchant	... C lootollah	ditto	ditto	
1550 Dutt, Goberdone	... Assistant, Financial Department	... Treasury Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1551 Dutt, Gopal Chunder	... Inhabitant,	... Jorasanko Chasadhopa Para	ditto	ditto	
1552 Dutt, Gopeenath	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade Row	ditto	ditto	
1553 Dutt, Goshto Lall	... Assistant, Wiseman, Mitchell and Co.	... Clive Street	ditto	ditto	
1554 Dutt, Greedharee	... Assistant, Board of Revenue	... 2, Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
1555 Dutt, Johur Lall	... Assistant, Carlisle, Nephews and C.	... 25, Mango Lane	ditto	ditto	
1556 Dutt, Judoo Nath	... Record-keeper, Board of Revenue	... Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	

1557	Dutt, Kashinath	...	Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co.	4, Clive Row	...	ditto
1558	Dutt, Kedar Nath	...	Assistant, Grindlay and Co.	...	...	ditto
1559	Dutt, Kedar Nath	...	Assistant, O Steel and Co.	...	...	ditto
1560	Dutt, Khetter Pal	...	Accountant, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1561	Dutt, Koomednath	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	...	ditto
1562	Dutt, Kristo Mohun	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	...	ditto
1563	Dutt, Ladly Mohun	...	Assistant, Office of Comptroller of Military Accounts, Account Branch.	Somerset Building	...	ditto
1564	Dutt, Mohendro Nath	...	Compiler, Pay Department	...	...	ditto
1565	Dutt, Nemy Churn	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	...	ditto
1566	Dutt, Nemy Churn	...	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto
1567	Dutt, Nilamber	...	Assistant, Bank of Bengal	...	...	ditto
1568	Dutt, Nundo Coommar	...	Firm of Shib Chunder Dutt and Co.	Council House Street	...	ditto
1569	Dutt, Obhoy Churn	...	Assistant, Home Office	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto
1570	Dutt, Obhoy Coommar	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1571	Dutt, Opendro Nath	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto
1572	Dutt, Peary Mohun	...	Assistant, Bremner and Laycock	Lyons' Range	...	ditto
1573	Dutt, Pran Kissen	...	Auditor, Office of Pay Examiner	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1574	Dutt, Preo Nath	...	Supdt., Comptroller-General of Accounts	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1575	Dutt, Prosono Coommar	...	Trader	Soorteebagan	...	ditto
1576	Dutt, Panchaun	...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept.	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto
1577	Dutt, Raj Coommar	...	Clerk, Chartered Bank of India, &c.	5, Council House Street	...	ditto
1578	Dutt, Raj Narain	...	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	...	ditto
1579	Dutt, Rameshur	...	ditto	ditto	...	ditto
1580	Dutt, Ramkinkur	...	Assistant, Colvin, Cowie and Co.	1, Hastings Street	...	ditto
1581	Dutt, Ram Narain	...	Compiler, Office of Pay Examiner	Bankshall Street	...	ditto

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D						
1582	Du, Shama Churn	... Reader, Military Department, Press	.. Esplanade Row	India	Hindoo	
1583	Dut, Shib Chunder	... Assistant, Williamson Brothers and Co.	.. Jackson's Ghat Street	ditto	ditto	
1584	Dut, Sree Kissen	... Bullion Superintendent, Mint	.. Strand	ditto	ditto	
1585	Dut, Sree Kissen	... Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co....	ditto	ditto	ditto	
1586	Dut, Sreenath	... Assistant, Home Office	.. Loudon's Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1587	Dut, Sreenath	... Assistant, W Moran and Co.	... 3, Church Lane	ditto	ditto	
1588	Dut, Toolsee Dass	... Assistant, Bengal Office	.. Chowringhee Road	ditto	ditto	
1589	Dut, Toolsee Dass	... Head Clerk, Delhi and London Bank	... 4, Council House Street	ditto	ditto	
1590	Dut, Woodoy Chand	... Assistant, John Elliot and Co.	... 4, Clive Street	ditto	ditto	
F.						
1591	Fazlur Rahman Khan	... Landholder	... Collingah	ditto	Mahomed	
G.						
1592	Gangooly, Behary Lall	... Head Assistant, Office of Superintending Engineer, Western Circle.	Writers' Buildings	ditto	indoo	
1593	Gangooly, Boycuntonath	... Head Writer, Executive Commissariat Office	6, Park Street	ditto	ditto	
1594	Gangooly, Gopal Chunder	... Assistant, Foreign Office	.. Council House Street	ditto	ditto	
1595	Gangooly, Keshub Chunder	Superintendent, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	Treasury Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1596	Gangooly, Poromartho	... Superintendent, Home Office	.. Loudon's Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1597	Gangooly, Prosono Coomar	Assistant, Bengal Office, General Dept.	.. Chowringhee Road	ditto	ditto	
1598	Gangooly, Raj Chunder	... ditto	.. 1, Sudder Street	ditto	ditto	
1599	Gangooly, Shama Churn	English Lecturer, Sanscrit College	.. College Square	ditto	ditto	
1600	Ghosal, Romanath	Head Assistant, Legal Remembrancer's Office.	High Court Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1601	Ghc shootosh	... stant, Presidency Pay Office	Somerset Buildings	ditto	ditto	

1602	Ghose, Bacharam	Clerk, Master Attendant's Office	11, Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto
1603	Ghose, Bany Madhub	Head Assistant, Calcutta School Book Society	Government Place	ditto	ditto
1604	Ghose, Behary Lal	Book-keeper, G F Lackersteen and Co.	36, New China Bazar	ditto	ditto
1605	Ghose, Bejoy Kisto	Book-keeper, Kettlewell, Bullen and Co.	Strand	ditto	ditto
1606	Ghose, Bhoobun Mohun	Assistant, Office of Examiner, Railway Accounts.	21, Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto
1607	Ghose, Bhoobun Mohun	Assistant, Office of Examiner, Dockyard Accounts.	Coalah Ghât Street	ditto	ditto
1608	Ghose, Calla Chand	Assistant, Balmer, Lawrie and Co.	Clive Street	ditto	ditto
1609	Ghose, Denonath	Assistant, Surgeon-General's Office	Humayoon Place	ditto	ditto
1610	Ghose, Denonath	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	ditto	ditto
1611	Ghose, Gobind Chunder	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General Police, L P.	13, Chowringhee Road	ditto	ditto
1612	Ghose, Godadhar	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.	8, Clive Street	ditto	ditto
1613	Ghose, Grish Chunder	Assistant, Military Department	Esplanade, East	ditto	ditto
1614	Ghose, Grish Chunder	Assistant, George Abbott and Co.	Dhurumtollah Street	ditto	ditto
1615	Ghose, Ishur Chunder	Assistant, Ede and Hobson	Canning Street	ditto	ditto
1616	Ghose, Joy Gopal	Assistant, George Henderson and Co.	Mangoe Lane	ditto	ditto
1617	Ghose, Judoonath	Principal, Seal's Free College	148, Baranosey Ghose Street	ditto	ditto
1618	Ghose, Judoonath	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	ditto	ditto
1619	Ghose, Juggeshur	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto
1620	Ghose, Kala Chand	Assistant, Balmer, Lawrie and Co.	Clive Street	ditto	ditto
1621	Ghose, Kali Churn	Deputy Khazanechee, Chartered Bank India, &c.	5, Council House Street	ditto	ditto
1622	Ghose, Kali Goomar	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Dockyard Accounts.	Coalah Ghât Street	ditto	ditto
1623	Ghose, Kali Krishna	Assistant Comptroller-General's Office	Treasury Buildings	ditto	ditto
1624	Ghose, Khetter Chunder	Supervisor, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Style or Calling.</i>	<i>Residence or Place of Business.</i>	<i>Nat. & Country.</i>	<i>Religion.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
1625 Ghose, Mohendro Lal	Assistant, Accountant-General's Office, Military Department.	9, Dacre's Lane	India	Hindoo	
1626 Ghose, Mohendro Nath	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	Loudon's Buildings	ditto	itto	
1627 Ghose, Mudsoodun	Assistant, George Abbott and Co.	Dhurruntollah Street	ditto	itto	
1628 Ghose, Mudsoodun	Assistant, Cowie and Co.	Hastings Street	ditto	itto	
1629 Ghose Mutty Lal	Assistant, George Abbott and Co.	Dhurruntollah Street	ditto	itto	
1630 Ghose, M L	2nd Class Assistant, Accountant-General's Office, Military Department.	9, Dacre's Lane	ditto	itto	
1631 Ghose, Nitchand	Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	Somerset Buildings	ditto	itto	
1632 Ghose, Nilmony	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	ditto	itto	
1633 Ghose, Nobin Chander	Cashier, Hunter and Co.	156, Dhurruntollah Street	ditto	itto	
1634 Ghose, Nobin Chander	Assistant, Cook and Co.	Dhurruntollah Street	ditto	itto	
1635 Ghose, Nobin Chander	Teacher, Calcutta Madrassah	Wellesley Square	ditto	itto	
1636 Ghose, Nobogopal	Assistant, George Henderson and Co.	Mangoe Lane	ditto	itto	
1637 Ghose, Nobogopal	Assistant, Office of Examiner, Commissariat and Stud Department.	7, Collah Ghat Street	ditto	itto	
1638 Ghose, Nobokissen	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	2, ditto	ditto	itto	
1639 Ghose, Prankissen	Superintendent, Comptroller-General's Office	Treasury Buildings	ditto	itto	
1640 Ghose, Prosuno Coomar	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	ditto	itto	
1641 Ghose, Prosuno Coomar	Assistant, Comptroller-General's Office	Treasury Buildings	ditto	itto	
1642 Ghose, Prosuno Coomar	Supervisor	Writers' Buildings	ditto	itto	
1643 Ghose, Radhika Narain	Assistant Engineer, Calcutta and Eastern Canals Division.	14, Writers' Buildings	ditto	itto	
1644 Ghose, Rajender Chunder	Assistant, Office of Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department.	Humayoon Place	ditto	itto	

1645	Ghose, Rajendra Nath	... Professor, General Assembly's Institution ...	Cornwallis Square	...	ditto	ditto
1646	Ghose, Ram Comul	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commis- sariat and Stud Department.	7, Coliah Ghat Street	...	ditto	ditto
1647	Ghose, Ram Doyal	... Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office, East Indian Railway.	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1648	Ghose, Romaprasunno	... Assistant Professor, C M College	Patuldangah	...	ditto	ditto
1649	Ghose, Seetanath	... Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co.	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
1650	Ghose, Shama Churn	... Assistant, Office of Controller of Military Accounts.	5, Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1651	Ghose, Shib Chunder	... Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co....	8, Olive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1652	Ghose, Shib Kissen	... Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Orduance and Magazines.	4, Garetin's Place	...	ditto	ditto
1653	Ghose, Shishir Kamar	... Editor, "Umirto Bazar Puttruka"	Bang Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
1654	Ghose, Sreekissen	... Assistant, Bengal Secretariat, P. W. D.	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1655	Ghose, Sreenath	... Accountant, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Bengal.	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1656	Ghose, Surunt Chunder	... Sub-Engineer, Office of Executive Engineer, 3rd Calcutta Division.	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1657	Ghose, Tej Chunder	... Assistant, R Macalister and Co.	Bankhall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1658	Ghose, Woody Chand	... Assistant, Office of Comptroller of Military Accounts.	5, Somerset Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1659	Goolzar, Shah	... Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, Public Works Department.	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	Christian
1660	Goor, Dhurmodass	... Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office, E. I. R.	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	Indian
1661	Gui, Shil Chunder	... Lecturer, Sungskrit College	College Square	...	ditto	ditto
1662	Gupto, Choones Lall	... Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept.	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto	ditto
1663	Gupto, D C	... Proprietor, Gupto Press	Meer Jafir's Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1664	Gupto, Goroopodo	... Assistant, Bengal Secretariat, P. W. D.	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1665	Gupto, Gopal Chunder	... Assistant, Agra Bank	26, Mangoe Lane	...	ditto	ditto
1666	Gupto, Jogodishur	... Assistant to Halford, Smith and Co	1, Commercial Buildings	...	ditto	ditto

G

1667	Gupto, Mohindro Lall	...	Assistant, Colvin, Cowie and Co.	...	1, Hasti Street	...	India	Hindoo
1668	Gupto, Rakhal Chunder	...	Assistant, Chief Engineer's Office, E. I. R.	...	21, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1669	Gupto, Titoo Ram	...	Compiler, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	...	Banksball Street	...	ditto	ditto
1670	Gupto, Woona Churn	...	Assistant, Bengal Secretariat, P. W. D.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto

H

1671	Halder, Kali Coomar	...	Assistant, Deputy Agent's Office, E. I. R.	...	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1672	Halder, Kisto Mohun	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto	ditto
1673	Halder, Rajkissen	...	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co.	...	8, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
1674	Hazra, Gossain Dass	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Banksball Street	...	ditto	ditto
1675	Hazra, Woona Churn	...	Assistant Inspector, License Department, Municipal Office.	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto

I

1676	Ismail	...	Store-keeper and Accountant, Surveyor-General's Office.	...	Park Street	...	ditto	Mahomedan
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K

1677	Kalimur Rahman	...	Assistant, Legislative Council Office	...	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
1678	Kasem Husein Syed	...	Inhabitant	...	35, South Collingah Street...	...	ditto	ditto
1679	Khan, Shama Churn	...	Assistant to Nicol, Fleming and Co.	...	1, Fairlie Place	...	ditto	Hindoo
1680	Kumar, Amarendra Krishan.	...	Superintendent, Bill Department, Office of the Justices.	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
1681	Kur, Kisto Chunder	...	Assistant to F. W. Baker and Co.	...	9, Old Court House Street...	...	ditto	ditto
1682	N o Lall	...	Assistant to H. A. Coggan and Co.	...	74, Dhurrumtollah Street	...	ditto	ditto

L

1683	a, Gopal Chunder	Assistant, Office of Superintendent of Revenue Surveys, U. C.	Middleton Street	ditto	Christiania
1684	Laha, Heera Lal	Assistant, Office of Comptroller of Military Accounts, Account Branch.	Somerset Buildings	ditto	Hindoo
1685	Laha, Kalinath	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1686	Laha, Prasuno Coomar	Assistant, E. I. Railway Office	22, Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto
1687	Lahoory, Bacharam	Assistant, Hoare, Miller and Co.	Strand	ditto	ditto
1688	Lahoory, Chunder Nath	Assistant, E. I. R. Audit Office	Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto
1689	Labeory, Mohendro Nath	Head Assistant, Crooke, Bome and Co.	8, Clive Row	ditto	ditto
1690	Lahoory, Oghore Nath	Clerk, Beg, Dunlop and Co.	12, Mission Row	ditto	ditto

M

1691	Mema Mul	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines.	4, Garstin's Place	ditto	ditto
1692	Mitter, Bepin Behary	Head Assistant, Land Revenue Department, Calcutta Collectorate.	Church Lane	ditto	ditto
1693	Mitter, Bipro Dass	Assistant, Colvin, Cowie and Co.	1, Hastings Street	ditto	ditto
1694	Mitter, Bhoobun Mohun	Trader	Simlah	ditto	ditto
1695	Mitter, Byddo Nath	Clerk, Office of Joint Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch.	12, Writers' Building	ditto	ditto
1696	Mitter, Charoo Chunder	Assistant, Foreign Office	Council House Street	ditto	ditto
1697	Mitter, Dabendro Nath	Assistant, Bengal Office	Chowringhee Road	ditto	ditto
1698	Mitter, Dwarka Nath	Assistant, George Henderson and Co.	Mangoe Lane	ditto	ditto
1699	Mitter, Gooroochurn	Book-keeper, Ulmann, Hirschhorn and Co....	Canning Street	ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
M						
700	Mitter, Grish Chunder	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Police, L.P.	Chowringhee Road	India	Hindoo	
701	Mitter, Hurrish Chunder	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Government Place	ditto	ditto	
702	Mitter, Issen Chunder	Teacher, Seal's Free College	148, Baranosey Ghose's Street	ditto	ditto	
703	Mitter, Issen Chunder	Assistant, Office of Comptroller of Public Works Accounts.	Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
704	Mitter, Issur Chunder	Assistant, Carlisle, Nephews and Co	25, Mangoe Lane	ditto	ditto	
705	Mitter, Judoo Nath	Assistant, Ernsthausen and Oesterley	New China Bazar Street	ditto	ditto	
706	Mitter, Jogendro Chunder	Sub-Engineer, 3rd Calcutta Division	15, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
707	Mitter, Jogendro Nath	2nd Assistant, Presidency Ex. Com. Office	6, Park Street	ditto	ditto	
708	Mitter, Jogendro Nath	Clerk, Kettlewell, Bullen & Co	Strand Road	ditto	ditto	
709	Mitter, Kally Kinkur	Clerk, Turner, Morrison and Co	6, Lyons' Range	ditto	ditto	
710	Mitter, Kanye Lall	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	ditto	ditto	
11	Mitter, Kartio Chunder	Teacher, General Assembly's Institution	Cornwallis Square	ditto	ditto	
12	Mitter, Khetter Mohun	Assistant, Ernsthausen and Oesterly	8, New China Bazar Street	ditto	ditto	
13	Mitter, Khetter Mohun	Assistant, Eagleton and Co	Canning Street	ditto	ditto	
14	Mitter, Koylash Chunder	Assistant, Office of Ex. of Ordnance, &c.	2, Coilah Ghât Street	ditto	ditto	
15	Mitter, Mohendro Nath	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance and Magazines	4, Garstin's Place	ditto	ditto	
16	Mitter, Nilmadhub	Banian, Duncan and Co	Clive Street	ditto	ditto	
17	Mitter, Nilmoney	Engineer	Sham Bazar	ditto	ditto	
18	Mitter, Nobocomar	Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	Strand Road	ditto	ditto	
19	Mitter, Nobo Gopal	Editor, National Paper	18, Cornwallis Street	ditto	ditto	
20	Mitter, Nobo Jogendro	Book-keeper, Bremner and Laycock	2, Lyons' Range	ditto	ditto	
21	Mitter, Nundo Lall	Assistant, Deputy Surveyor-General's Office	Middleton Street	ditto	ditto	

1722	Mitter, Prosuno Cuomar	...	Assistant, Jardine, Skinner and Co.	...	4, Clive Row	...	ditto
723	Mitter, Prosuno Narain	...	Educational Clerk, Presidency Commissioner's Office.	...	3, Theatre Road	...	ditto
724	Mitter, Badhamadhub	...	Auditor, Office of Examiner, Pay Department	...	Banksall Street	...	ditto
725	Mitter, Badhamadhub	...	Teacher, Seal's Free College	...	148 Baranosey Ghose's Street	...	ditto
726	Mitter, Radhica Churn	...	Assistant, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	...	ditto
727	Mitter, Raj'Mohun	...	Assistant, Simson, Griffiths and Co.	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto
728	Mitter, Rajendro Nath	...	Head Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Department.	...	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto
729	Mitra, Raj Krishna	...	Assistant, Physical Laboratory	...	Presidency College	...	ditto
730	Mitter, Rakhal Dass	...	Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office, E. I. R.	...	22, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
731	Mitter, Russick Lall	...	Assistant, Graham and Co.	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
732	Mitter, Sham Lall	...	Assistant, Store Department, E. I. R.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
733	Mitter, Shustee Chunder	...	Accountant, Comptroller of P. W. Accounts	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
734	Mitter, Sreecanto	...	Assistant, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company.	...	Strand	...	ditto
735	Mitter, Surendro Nath	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
736	Mitter, Umbica Churn	...	Assistant, Ernsthausen and Oosterley	...	8, New China Bazar Street	...	ditto
737	Mitter, Womesh Chunder	...	Compiler, Office of Examiner, Pay Dept.	...	Banksall Street	...	ditto
738	Mitter, Womesh Chunder	...	Assistant, Agelasto and Co.	...	Strand	...	ditto
739	Mookerjee, Aghorenath	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto
740	Mookerjee, Aghorenath	...	Clerk, Oriental Bank	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
741	Mookerjee, Annodapersad	...	Collector to the Justices	...	1, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto
742	Mookerjee, Ashootosh	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto
743	Mookerjee, Ashootosh	...	Assistant, Halford, Smith and Co.	...	Commercial Buildings	...	ditto
744	Mookerjee, Beer Narain	...	Assistant, Office of Director of Public Instruction.	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARK
	M			India	Hindoo	
1745	Mookerjee, Bejoy Gopal ...	Assistant, Office of Superintending Engineer, N. E. Circle.	2, Commercial Buildings	...	ditto	
1746	Mookerjee, Bhugobutty Churn	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General of Bengal.	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	
1747	Mookerjee, Brojonath ...	Assistant, Secretariat, Government of India, P. W. Department.	Louden's Buildings	...	ditto	
1748	Mookerjee, Chunder Coomar	Clerk, Turner, Morrison and Co.	6, Lyons' Range	...	ditto	
1749	Mookerjee, Debendronath ...	Assistant, Bengal Office	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	
1750	Mookerjee, Dwarka Nath ...	Assistant, Atkinson, Tilton and Co.	Olive Ghat Street	...	ditto	
1751	Mookerjee, Dwarka Nath ...	Supervisor, Office of Executive Engineer, Fort William Division.	Fort William	...	ditto	
1752	Mookerjee, Gocool Chunder..	Assistant to S. P. Sagramdi	10, Clive Row	...	ditto	
1753	Mookerjee, Gooroo Churn ...	Assistant, Commissary-General's Office	6, Park Street	...	ditto	
1754	Mookerjee, Gopal Chunder..	Cashier, Office of Executive Engineer, 4th Calcutta Division.	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	
1755	Mookerjee, Gopal Chunder...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judicial Dept.	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto	
1756	Mookerjee, Gopal Chunder...	Executive Engineer, Presidency Division	2, Commercial Buildings	...	ditto	
1757	Mookerjee, Gooroo Prosonno (Sr.)	Assistant, Nicol, Fleming and Co.	1, Fairlie Place	...	ditto	
1758	Mookerjee, Gouri Nath ...	Assistant, Office of Exr. of Dockyard Accis.	Coliah Ghat Street	...	ditto	
1759	Mookerjee, Grish Chunder...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Government Place	...	ditto	
1760	Mookerjee, Gria Bhoosun ...	Assistant Professor, Cathedral Mission College.	Patuldangah	...	ditto	
1761	Mookerjee, Harankisto ...	Accountant, Office of Examiner, Railway Accounts.	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	
1762	Mookerjee, Hurnath ...	Assistant, Ahmuty and Co.	Church Lane	...	ditto	
1763	Mookerjee, Issen Chunder ...	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Government Place	...	ditto	

1764	Mookerjee, Issur Chunder	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1765	Mookerjee, Jogendronath	...	Collector to the Justices	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
766	Mookerjee, Judoonath	...	Head Master, Sanscrit College	...	College Square	...	ditto	ditto
767	Mookerjee, Judoonath	...	Assistant, Store Department, E. I. R.	...	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
768	Mookerjee, Judoonath	...	Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	...	Loudon's Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
769	Mookerjee, Judoonath	...	Clerk, Comptroller-General's Office	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
770	Mookerjee, Kalidhone	...	Accountant Office of Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Bengal.	...	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
771	Mookerjee, Kamikanath	...	Assistant, W. Moran and Co.	...	3, Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
772	Mookerjee, Kasinath	...	Assistant, Executive Engineer's Office, 4th Calcutta Division.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
773	Mookerjee, Ke lernath	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade, East	...	ditto	ditto
774	Mookerjee, Kedernath	...	Assistant, Office of Agent, Governor-General, with the ex-King of Oudh.	...	Joratollao Street, Chowringhee Lane.	...	ditto	ditto
775	Mookerjee, Khetternath	...	Assistant, Deputy Commissary-General's Office, L. C.	...	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
776	Mookerjee, Khogendronath	...	Clerk, Begg, Dunlop and Co.	...	12, Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
777	Mookerjee, Koomei Chunder	...	Assistant, W. Moran and Co.	...	3, Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
778	Mookerjee, Koylash Chunder	...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judl. Dept.	...	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto	ditto
779	Mookerjee, Koylash Chunder	...	Assistant, Turner, Morrison and Co.	...	6, Lyons' Range	...	ditto	ditto
780	Mookerjee, Koylash Nath	...	Assistant, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	...	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
781	Mookerjee, Lall Chand	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto	Christian
782	Mookerjee, Mirtoonjoy	...	Assistant, Stationary Office, Store Department.	...	4, Church Lane	...	ditto	Hindoo
783	Mookerjee, Mohendro Nath	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	...	Colah Ghât Street	...	ditto	ditto
784	Mookerjee, Mutty Lall	...	Assistant, Superintending Engineer's Office, 1st Circle, Military Works.	...	11, Kyd Street	...	ditto	ditto
785	Mookerjee, Mutty Lall	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS.
	M					
1786	Mookerjee, Nobin Chunder	Assistant, Kelley & Co	... Strand	... India	Hindoo	
1787	Mookerjee, Nobin Chunder	Assistant, Ahmuty & Co	... Church Lane	... ditto	ditto	
1788	Mookerjee, Nobi Coomar	Treasurer, East Indian Railway	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
1789	Mookerjee, Nobi Gopal	Clerk, Turner, Morrison & Co	... 6, Lyons' Range	... ditto	ditto	
1790	Mookerjee, Nobi Kissen	Assistant, Bengal Office	... Chowringhee Road	... ditto	ditto	
1791	Mookerjee, Peary Lall	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Registration.	... Larkin's Lane	... ditto	ditto	
1792	Mookerjee, Peary Mohun	Assistant, Office of Consulting Engineer to Government of India.	... Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1793	Mookerjee, Prannath	Assistant Cashier, East Indian Railway	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
1794	Mookerjee, Radhika Prosad	Executive Engineer	... 14, Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1795	Mookerjee, Radhika Prosonno	Second Assistant, Office of Director of Public Instruction.	... Chowringhee Road	... ditto	ditto	
1796	Mookerjee, Raj Coomar	Auditor, Office of Inspector-General of Ordnance, &c.	... 1, Garstin's Place	... ditto	ditto	
1797	Mookerjee, Rajendronath	Overseer, Calcutta and Eastern Canal Division.	... 14, Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1798	Mookerjee, Rajkissen	Assistant, Pay Department, Examiner's Office.	... Collah Ghât Street	... ditto	ditto	
1799	Mookerjee, Rajkissen	Assistant, Gillanders, Arbuthnot & Co	... 8, Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
1800	Mookerjee, Rajkisto	Assistant, R Scott & Co	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto	
1801	Mookerjee, S C	Firm of Mookerjee, Clark & Co	... Commercial Buildings	... ditto	Christian	
1802	Mookerjee, S L	Assistant, F T Brookes & Co	... Clive Row	... ditto	Hindoo	
1803	Mookerjee, Saroda Persad	Assistant, Land Mortgage Bank	... New China Bazar	... ditto	ditto	
1804	Mookerjee, Shoshebhooosun...	Inhabitant	... Jorasanko	... ditto	ditto	
1805	Mookerjee, Shoshebhooosun...	Second Writer, Presidency Executive Commissariat Office.	... 6, Park Street	... ditto	ditto	

1850	Muttylall, Nundo Gopal	...	Inhabitant	...	Bow Bazar, Mullunga	...	ditto	ditto
1851	Muttylall, Rajendro Lall	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1852	Muttylall, Sham Lall	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
1853	Mynaddeen	...	Clerk, Surveyor-General's Office	...	Park Street	...	ditto	Mahomedan
• N								
1854	Nabi Bakhsh	...	Assistant, Lithographic Branch, Surveyor-General's Office.	...	Camac Street	...	ditto	ditto
1855	Nath, Boloram	...	Draftsman, Surveyor-General's Office	...	1, Camac Street	...	ditto	ditto
1856	Neogy, Chunder Nath	...	Accountant, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1857	Neogy, Russick Lall	...	Assistant, Office of Inspector-General of Police, Lower Provinces.	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1858	Neogy, Sree Nath	...	Assistant, Mackenzie, Lyall and Co	...	30, Dalhousie Square	...	ditto	ditto
1859	Noorul Hussan	...	Inhabitant	...	31, Upper Circular Road	...	ditto	Mahomedan
1860	Nundy, Bonomally	...	Assistant, Graham and Co	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	Hindoo
1861	Nundy, Goono Madhub	...	Assistant, Wyman and Co	...	10, Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto
1862	Nundy, Issur Chunder	...	Head Master, Oriental Seminary	...	Chitpore Road	...	ditto	ditto
1863	Nundy, Koonjo Behary	...	Clerk, Chartered Bank of India, &c.	...	5, Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
O								
1864	Oonvalla Framjee.	Manchershab	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	Zoroastrian
P								
1865	Paul, Bholanath	...	Head Master, Hindoo School	...	College Square	...	ditto	Hindoo
1866	Paul, Dwarkanath (Sr.)	...	Assistant, National Bank	...	3, Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
1867	Paul, Gunganarain	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto	ditto
1868	Paul, Hem Chunder	...	Assistant, Treasury Department, Bengal Bank.	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto

<i>No.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Style or Calling.</i>	<i>Residence or Place of Business.</i>	<i>Native Country.</i>	<i>Religion.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
		P				
1869	Paul, Judoonath	... Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, Public Works Department.	London's Buildings	India	Hindoo	
1870	Paul, Judoonath	... Assistant, John Elliott and Co	... 4, Clive Street	ditto	ditto	
1871	Paul, Mohendro Lall	... Assistant, Wyman and Co	... 10, Hare Street	ditto	ditto	
1872	Paul, Muddun Gopal	... Cashier, National Bank of India	... 3, Council House Street	ditto	ditto	
1873	Paul, Nara Narain	... Assistant, Military Department	... Esplanade, East	ditto	ditto	
1874	Paul, Nundo Lall	... Assistant, Bengal Office	... 1, Sudder Street	ditto	ditto	
1875	Paul, Omerto Lall	... Assistant, Bengal Office, Printing Department.	ditto	ditto	ditto	
1876	Paul, Sham Lall	... Banian, Jardine, Skinner and Co	... Clive Row	ditto	ditto	
1877	Paulit, Buldeb	... Assistant, Office of Presidency Paymaster...	Somerset Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1878	Paulit, Mohendronath	... Landholder	... Dhurumtollah Street	ditto	ditto	
1879	Paulit, Nobin Chunder	... Assistant, Carlisle, Nephews and Co	... 25, Mango Lane	ditto	ditto	
1880	Pyne, Bepin Behary	... Assistant, Graham and Co	... Clive Street	ditto	ditto	
1881	Pyne, Doyal Chand	... Inhabitant	... Moonsheetalao Gully	ditto	ditto	
1882	Pyne, Dwarkanath	... Assistant, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce.	London's Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1883	Pyne, Kanye Lall	... Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Government Place	ditto	ditto	
1884	Pyne, Khetter Mohun	... Inhabitant	... Harkatta Gully	ditto	ditto	
1885	Pyne, Kisooree Lall	... ditto	... Soorteabagan	ditto	ditto	
1886	Pyne, Nilmoney R	... Assistant, Begg, Dunlop and Co	... 12, Mission Row	ditto	ditto	
1887	Roodro, Protap Chunder	... Estimate Checker, Superintending Engineer's Office.	Sobharam Bysack's Street...	ditto	ditto	
1888	Roy, Bhuggobutty Churn...	... Assistant, Graham and Co	... 9, Clive Street	ditto	ditto	
1889	Roy, F C	... Assistant, Bird and Co	... Strand Road	ditto	ditto	

806	Mookerjee, Sreenath	...	Assistant, Bengal Office, Judl. Dept.	...	1, Sudder Street	ditto	ditto
807	Mookerjee, Tarapodo	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	...	Coliah Ghât Street	ditto	ditto
808	Mookerjee, Tarucknath	...	Assistant, Land Mortgage Bank	...	1, New China Bazar	ditto	ditto
809	Mookerjee, Tincowry	...	Accountant, Office of Examiner of Railway Accounts.	...	Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto
810	Mookerjee, Troyukho Nath	...	Head Assistant, Office of Director-General of Statistics to the Government of India.	...	Russell Street	ditto	ditto
1811	Mookerjee, Umbica Churn	...	Assistant, Home Office	...	London's Buildings	ditto	ditto
1812	Mookerjee, Woma Churn	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	ditto	ditto
1813	Mookerjee, Womesh Chunder	...	Assistant, Consulting Engineer's Office	...	21, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto
1814	Mookerjee, Woody Chand...	...	Assistant, Presidency Pay Office	...	Somerset Buildings	ditto	ditto
1815	Mookerjee, Wopenura Nath	...	Assistant, Secretariat Government of India, P. W. Department.	...	London's Buildings	ditto	ditto
1816	Moss Ali	...	Assistant, Legal Remembrancer's Office	...	High Court Building	ditto	Mahomedan
1817	Moostaphee, Hurrish Chunder.	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade, East	ditto	Hindoo
1818	Moytro, Obhoy Churn	...	Assistant, Office of Pay Examiner of Railway Accounts.	...	Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto
1819	Mozoomdar, Dwarkanath	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	ditto	ditto
1820	Mozoomdar, Gopal Chunder	...	Manager, Hindu Hostel	...	Lall Bazar	ditto	ditto
1821	Mozoomdar, Kali Churn	...	Assistant, Grindlay & Co	...	Hastings Street	ditto	ditto
1822	Mozoomdar, Karika Nath	...	Assistant, Office of Examiner of Commissariat Accounts.	...	7, Coliah Ghât Street	ditto	ditto
1823	Mozoomdar, Mohendro Nath	...	Assistant, Office of Accountant-General, P. W. Department.	...	London's Buildings	ditto	ditto
1824	Mozoomdar, Mutty Lall	...	Assistant, Mookerjee, Clark & Co	...	Commercial Building	ditto	ditto
1825	Mozoomdar, Tylukanath	...	Assistant, Office of Private Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy.	...	Government House	ditto	ditto
1826	Moytro, Okhy Churn	...	Accountant, Examiner of Railway Accounts	...	Dalhousie Square	ditto	ditto
1827	Muhammad Abdul Rowf	...	Translator, Legislative Department	...	Government Place	ditto	Mahomedan

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
1828	Muhammed Zuhri	and Partner	15 Golum Sobhan's Lane	India	Mahomedan	
1829	Mullick, Anunto Kisan	Assistant, E. I. Railway, Agent's Office	22, Dalhousie Square	ditto	Hindoo	
1830	Mullick, Behary Lall	Assistant, George, Henderson & Co	Mango Lane	ditto	ditto	
1831	Mullick, Baney Lall	Assistant, Gisborne and Co	Strand	ditto	ditto	
1832	Mullick, Bepin Behary	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
1833	Mullick, Boyle Chand	Firm of Bissonath, Law and Co	Larkin's Lane	ditto	ditto	
1834	Mullick, Chunder Coomarr	Accountant, Office of Examiner of Public Works Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1835	Mullick, Chunder Nath	Inhabitant	Pathooriaghatta	ditto	ditto	
1836	Mullick, Chundee Churn	Assistant, F. W. Helgers and Co	136, Canning Street	ditto	ditto	
1837	Mullick, Jogobundo	Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office	1, Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
1838	Mullick, Kanye Lall	Assistant, Gisborne and Co	Strand	ditto	ditto	
1839	Mullick, Kristo Chunder	Assistant, Emigration Office	1, Jaun Bazar Street	ditto	ditto	
1840	Mullick, Mutty Lall	Assistant, Young, Gray and Co	Mission Row	ditto	ditto	
1841	Mullick, Peary Lall	Assistant, Gisborne and Co	Strand	ditto	ditto	
1842	Mullick, Prem Chand	Assistant, Bengal Office	1, Sudder Street	ditto	ditto	
1843	Mullick, Radhagovind	Assistant, Legal Remembrancer's Office	High Court Building	ditto	ditto	
1844	Mullick, Raj Kissen	Assistant, Gisborne and Co	Strand	ditto	ditto	
1845	Mullick, Roop Lall	Assistant, Whitney Brothers	1, Lall Bazar	ditto	ditto	
1846	Mullick, Shib Chunder	Supervisor, Office of Executive Engineer Calcutta and Eastern Canals Division	Writers' Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1847	Mullick, Soobul Cuunder	Firm of Bissonath, Law and Co	Larkin's Lane	ditto	ditto	
1848	Mullick, Woodub Chande.	Assistant Gladstone, Wylie and Co	Clive St	ditto	ditto	
1849	Mundale, Radha Pullab	Assistant, John Elliott and Co	ditto	ditto	ditto	

1890	Roy, Gobindo Lall	...	Superintendent, Office of General of Accounts.	Comptroller-	Treasury Buildings	...	ditto
1891	Roy, Gopal Chunder	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1892	Roy, Hurro Lall	...	Teacher, Hindoo School	...	College Square	...	ditto
1893	Roy, Jagub Chunder	...	Assistant, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	...	ditto
1894	Roy, Judonath	...	Sub-Engineer, Office of Executive Engineer, Srd Calcutta Division.	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1895	Roy, Kartick Chunder	...	Assistant, Gladstone, Wylie and Co	...	Clive Street	...	ditto
1896	Roy, Kherode Chunder	...	Teacher, Hare School	...	College Square	...	ditto
1897	Roy, Kherode Nath	...	Assistant, Superintending Engineer's Office, North-Eastern Circle.	...	2, Commercial Buildings	...	ditto
1898	Roy, Kristo Chunder	...	Teacher, Hare School	...	College Square	...	ditto
899	Roy, Kristo Dass	...	Inhabitant	...	Colootollah	...	ditto
1900	Roy, Madhub Chunder	...	Bullion Superintendent, Mint	...	Strand	...	ditto
1901	Roy, Mutty Lall	...	Assistant, Bank of Bengal	...	ditto	...	ditto
1902	Roy, Nobin Chunder	...	Inhabitant	...	Sankeelbanga	...	ditto
1903	Roy, Okhoy Coomar	...	Assistant, Bengal Office	...	Chowringhee Road	...	ditto
1904	Roy, Poolin Chunder	...	Broker	...	Commercial Buildings	...	ditto
1905	Roy, Poorno Chunder	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1906	Roy, Taruck Nath	...	Assistant, Deputy Commissary-General's Office, L. C.	...	Park Street	...	ditto
1907	Roy, Umbica Churn	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1908	Roy, Wooma Churn	...	Assistant, Williamson, Magor and Co	...	7, New China Bazar Street	...	ditto
1909	Roy Chowdhry, Ramdas	...	Second Assistant, Office of Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department.	...	Humayoon Place	...	ditto
1910	Roy Chowdhry, Shumabilash	...	Auditor, Pay Examiner's Office	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1911	Roy Chowdhry, Shiddessur	...	Clerk, F. W. Baker and Co	...	9, Old Court House Street...	...	ditto
1912	Rachhit, Heera Lall	...	Assistant, Military Department	...	Esplanade Row	...	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
	S					
1913	Sanawullah	... Draftsman, Surveyor-General's Office	... Park Street	... India	Mahomedan	
1914	Sandel, Kisto Doss	... Assistant to Anderson, Wright and Co	... 21, Strand	... ditto	Hindoo	
1915	Sandyal, Kistonath	... Assistant, Office of Examiner, Medical Accounts.	7, Koilah Ghat Street	... ditto	ditto	
1916	Sarma, Brojonath	... Pundit, Free Church Institution	... Nimtollah Street	... ditto	ditto	
1917	Sastry, Shibonath	... Head Pundit, Hare School	... College Square	... ditto	Brahmo	
1918	Seal, Bejoygopal	.. Assistant, Wyman and Co	... 10, Hare Street	... ditto	Hindoo	
1919	Seal, Brojonath	... Assistant, Chief Treasurer and Paymaster's Office, E. I. R.	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
1920	Seal, Doyal Chand	... Cashier, C H Ogbourne	... ditto	... ditto	ditto	
1921	Seal, Gobind Chunder	... Assistant, Comptroller-General's Office	... Treasury Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
1922	Seal, Hurry Mohun	... Assistant Banian, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co	... Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
1923	Seal, Kalidass	... Banian, ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto	
1924	Seal, Nilmadhub	... Assistant, Chief Treasurer and Paymaster's Accounts.	... Middleton Row	... ditto	ditto	
1925	Seal, Panechowrie	... Cashier, Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co	... 8, Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
1926	Seal, Ramchand	... Assistant, ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto	
1927	Sen, Bepin Behary	... Assistant, Bissonath Law and Co	... Larkin's Lane	... ditto	ditto	
1928	Sen, Bheem Lall	... Manager, Sagore Dutt's Screw-house	... Radha Bazar	... ditto	ditto	
1929	Sen, Bhoglanath	... Assistant, Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co	... 16, Strand	... ditto	ditto	
1930	Sen, Bholanath	... Assistant, Examiner of Claim's Office	... Government Place	... ditto	ditto	
1931	Sen, Bisumbhur	... Bill Examiner, Bank of Bengal	... Strand	... ditto	ditto	
1932	Sen, Brojo Lall	... Assistant, Office of Examiner of Ordnance, Clothing, and Dockyard Accounts.	1, Coilah Ghat Street	... ditto	ditto	
1933	Sen, Bromonath	... Head Assistant, Bengal Office	... Chowringhee Road	... ditto	ditto	

1934	Sen, Bycanto Nath	...	Assistant, Garrison Engineer's Office, Public Works Department.	Fort William	...	ditto
1935	Sen, Denonath	...	Executive Engineer, Presidency Division	2, Commercial Buildings	...	ditto
1936	Sen, Doorga Churn	...	Banian	Chorebagan	...	ditto
1937	Sen, Dwarkanath	...	Assistant, Robert and Charriol	1, Vansittart Row	...	ditto
1938	Sen, Griffith Chunder	...	Assistant, Store-keeper's Office, E. I. R.	Dalhousie Square	...	ditto
1939	Sen, Gungadhur	...	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	...	ditto
1940	Sen, Hurro Lall	...	Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office	Park Street	...	ditto
1941	Sen, Hurrydass	...	Assistant, Schoene, Kilburn and Co	4, Fairlie Place	...	ditto
1942	Sen, Hurryhur	...	Assistant Supdt., Revenue Survey Office	10, Middleton Street	...	ditto
1943	Sen, Issen Chunder	...	Banian, Atkinson and Co	New China Bazar Street	...	ditto
1944	Sen, Joygopal	...	Assistant, Garrison Engineer's Office, Public Works Department.	Fort William	...	ditto
1945	Sen, Joy Kissen	...	Inhabitant	Simlah	...	ditto
1946	Sen, Judoo Nath	...	Supervisor, Calcutta and Eastern Canals Division.	14, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1947	Sen, Judoo Nath	...	Assistant, Legislative Council Office	Government Place	...	ditto
1948	Sen, Kalipodo	...	Assistant Engineer, Department Public Works.	Fort William	...	ditto
1949	Sen, Kaliprosono	...	Assistant, Office of Superintendent of Government Printing.	8, Hastings Street	...	ditto
1950	Sen, Mohendro Nath	...	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	...	ditto
1951	Sen, Novin Kishno	...	Assistant, Emigration Office	1, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto
1952	Sen, Nundo Lall	...	3rd Grade Accountant, Controller, P W Accounts.	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1953	Sen, Prosad Das	...	Assistant, Black and Murray	Hastings Street	...	ditto
1954	Sen, Radhanath	...	Inhabitant	Aheerectollah	...	ditto
1955	Sen, Rajcoomar	...	Assistant, Financial Department	Government Place	...	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
	S					
1956	Sen, Rakhaldass	Cashier, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	16, Strand	India	Hindoo	
1957	Sen, Romacanto	Banian, Fornaro, Huni and Co	Durponarain Thakoor's Street	ditto	ditto	
1958	Sen, Romanath	Assistant, Office of Comptroller-General of Accounts.	Treasury Buildings	ditto	ditto	
1959	Sen, Roopnarain	Compiler, Pay Examiner's Office	Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
1960	Sen, Shama Churn	Khazanchee, Chartered Bank of India, &c.	5, Council House Street	ditto	ditto	
1961	Sen, Soobuldass	Assistant, Office of Executive Engineer, Public Works Department.	Durponarain Thakoor's Street	ditto	ditto	
1962	Sen, Soorjee Coomar	Asst., Office of Examiner of Ordnance, &c.	Coilah Ghat Street	ditto	ditto	
1963	Sen, Woomanarain	Assistant, Barlow and Co.	5, Clive Ghat Street	ditto	ditto	
1964	Sett, Bholanath	Assistant, Examiner of Claim's Office	Government Place	ditto	ditto	
1965	Sett, Brojo Coomar	Accountant, Pay Examiner's Office	Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
1966	Sett, Deno Nath	Assistant, Board of Revenue	2, Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
1967	Sett, Gopal Chunder	Accountant, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	ditto	ditto	ditto	
1968	Sett, Joygopal	Assistant, Borradaile, Schiller and Co	Rutton Sircar's Garden Street	ditto	ditto	
1969	Sett, Khetter Pal	Assistant, Bengal Office	Chowringhee Road	ditto	ditto	
1970	Sett, Nilmadhub	Assistant, Bengal Accountant-General's Office.	Government Place	ditto	ditto	
1971	Sett, Nobin Chunder	Accountant, Pay Examiner's Office	Bankshall Street	ditto	ditto	
1972	Sett, Nobocoomar	Inhabitant	Moiraputty Street	ditto	ditto	
1973	Sett, Preonath	Assistant, Atkinson and Co	New China Bazar Street	ditto	ditto	
1974	Sett, Woodoy Chand	Inhabitant	Jorasanko	ditto	ditto	
1975	Shaw, Khetter Mohon	Broker	Chorebagan	ditto	ditto	
1976	Shaw, Koylas Chunder (junior)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	
1977	Shaw, Koylas Chunder (senior)	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	
1978	Shome, Bepin Behary	Superintendent, Comptroller-General's Office	Treasury Buildings	ditto	ditto	

1979	Shome, Kali Churn	...	Supervisor, Office of Examiner, Pay Department.	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	ditto
1980	Shome, Sham Lail	...	Asst., Presidency Pay Master's Office	...	Somerset Buildings	...	ditto
1981	Showkat Ali	...	Trader	...	Upper Circular Road	...	Mahomedan
1982	Sing, Ootum Churn	...	Assistant, Chief Auditor's Office Indian Railway.	East	22, Dalhousie Square	...	Hindoo
1983	Sing, Rudroproso	...	Overseer, P W D	...	1, Commercial Buildings	...	ditto
1984	Sircar, Kali Comol	...	Accountant, 4th grade, Office of Exr. of W. Accts., Bengal.	P. 17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
1985	Sircar, Gopal Chunder	...	Assistant, Whitney Brothers	...	1, Lall Bazar Street	...	ditto
1986	Sircar, Gopal Mohun	...	Treasurer, Office of Private Secretary to the Viceroy.	...	Government House	...	ditto
1987	Sircar, Lseen Chunder	...	Sub-Engineer, Public Works Department	...	Sham Eazar	...	ditto
1988	Sircar, Jodunath	...	Asst., Bengal Office, Judl. Dept.	...	1, Sudder Street	...	ditto
1989	Sircar, Kali Komul	...	3rd Grade Accountant, Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Public	17, Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1990	Sircar, Kedar Nath	...	Assistant, Home Office	...	Loulon's Buildings	...	ditto
1991	Sircar, Mohendro Nath	...	Assistant, East Indian Railway Office	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto
1992	Sircar, Nilkanto	...	Asst. Teacher, Civil Engineering Dept.	...	Presidency College	...	ditto
1993	Sircar, Tarruck Chunder	...	Firm of Kerr, Tarruck and Co	...	6, College Square	...	ditto
1994	Soor, Koylash Chunder	...	Assistant, Financial Department	...	Government Place	...	ditto
1995	Soor, Pulin Behary	...	Assistant, Chemical Laboratory, Presidency College.	Presidency	Presidency College Building	...	ditto
1996	Subhan Buksh	...	Assistant, Surveyor-General's Office, Lithographic Branch.	...	Camac Street	...	Mahomedan
1997	Syed Ismal	...	Assistant, Mathematical Instrument Establishment.	...	Park Street	...	ditto
1998	Takoor, Dabendro Nath	...	Assistant, Office of Comptroller-General	...	Treasury Buildings	...	Hindoo

W E H FORDNEY & CO. LTD.

SPECIAL JURY LIST.

LIST of Persons liable to serve on Special Juries in the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the year ensuing from 1st May 1877, pursuant to Act X of 1875.

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Nat ve Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
A						
1	Adam, F F	... Firm of Graham and Co	... 9, Olive Street	... Great Britain	Christian	
2	Agabeg, A L	... Exchange and Bill Broker	... Clive Street	... India	ditto	
3	Aitchison, F	... Firm of Burn and Co	... 9, Hastings Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
4	Anderson, J A	... Firm of Anderson, Wright and Co	... 21, Strand	... ditto	ditto	
5	Anderson, T S	... Ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto	
6	Anderson, T W	... Firm of Macknight, Anderson and Co	... Fairlie Place	... ditto	ditto	
7	Apear, A A	... Firm of Apear and Co	... Radha Bazar	... India	ditto	
B						
8	Bagram, J G	... Firm of Bagram and Co	... Old China Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto	
9	Bagram, S J	... Ditto	... ditto	... ditto	ditto	
10	Balfour, J	... Offg. Agent, Oriental Bank Corporation	... Clive Street	... Great Britain	ditto	
11	Berners, W T	... Ashburner and Co	... Garstin's Place	... ditto	ditto	
12	Blanford, H F	... Professor, Presidency College	... College Square	... ditto	ditto	
13	Blechynden, R	... Secretary, East Indian Tea Co	... Church Lane	... ditto	ditto	
14	Brock, C	... Firm of Mackenzie, Lyall and Co	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
15	Brooke, C J	... Firm of Hamilton and Co	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto	
16	Broughton, E	... Firm of Bremner, Laycock and Co	... Lyons' Range	... ditto	ditto	
17	Barget, E W	... Firm of Wienholt and Brothers	... 4, Lyons' Range	... ditto	ditto	
C						
18	Carritt, T	... Firm of L W Toulmin and Co	... Radha Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto	
19	Chapman, A W	... Firm of Wienholt and Brothers	... 4, Lyons' Range	... ditto	ditto	
20	Clarke, A McDougall	... Firm of J H Fergusson and Co	... Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	

21	Clarke, E	Ditto	ditto	...	...	ditto	...	ditto
22	Cochrane, S	Manager, Agra Bank	...	...	Mango Lane	...	...	ditto
23	Cogswell, E	Firm of Haworth and Co	...	...	Mission Row	...	...	ditto
24	Cogswell, W H	ditto	ditto	...	ditto	...	...	ditto
25	Colvin, B D	Firm of Colvin, Cowie and Co	...	...	1, Hastings Street	...	...	ditto
26	Conroy, G H W	Chief Paymaster and Store-keeper, E.I.R.C.	...	...	Dalhousie Square	...	...	ditto
27	Cooke, J E	Assistant, Comptroller-General	...	...	Treasury Building	...	...	ditto
28	Creaton, W E	Firm of Mackenzie, Lyall and Co	...	...	ditto	...	...	ditto
29	Crooke, F J	Firm of Crooke, Rome and Co	...	...	8, Clive Row	...	...	ditto
30	Cruikshank, D	Firm of Begg, Dunlop and Co	...	...	12, Mission Row	...	...	ditto
D								
31	Daniell, E C	Firm of Halford, Smith and Co	...	...	Commercial Buildings	...	...	ditto
32	Davidson, A	Firm of Grindlay and Co	...	...	Strand Road	...	...	ditto
33	Davison, F G	Firm of W. Moran and Co	...	...	Church Lane	...	...	ditto
34	Dods, James	Firm of Ker, Dods and Co	...	...	Mango Lane	...	...	ditto
35	Duff, W P	Mackenzie, Lyall and Co	...	...	Dalhousie Square	...	...	ditto
E								
36	Emin, E M	Merchant	...	...	Portuguese Church Street	...	India	ditto
F								
37	Finlayson, F	Firm of Shaw, Finlayson and Co	...	...	Harrington Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
38	Fitze, W H	Firm of B. Smyth and Co	...	...	New China Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
G								
39	Galstaun, M J	Merchant	...	...	Portuguese Church Street	...	India	ditto
40	Gowenlock, A H	Firm of Jessop and Co	...	...	Clive Street	...	Great Britain	ditto
41	Gray, W	Firm of Robert and Charriol	...	...	1, Vansittart Row	...	ditto	ditto
42	Griffiths, L E	Firm of W. Moran and Co	...	...	Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
43	Gubboy, E S	Firm of E. S. Gubboy and Co	...	...	Ezra Street	...	India	Jew

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARKS
	H					
44	Hamilton, T F	... Firm of Ewing and Co	... New China Bazar Street	... Great Britain	Christian	
45	Harrison, H B	... Firm of Ruth, Ford and Co	... Old Court House Street	... ditto	ditto	
46	Harvey, R	... Manager of the Paikparah Estate	... Bengal Club	... ditto	ditto	
47	Henderson, James	... Firm of George Henderson and Co	... Mango Lane	... ditto	ditto	
48	Henderson M	... Firm of Carlisle, Nephew and Co	... ditto	... ditto	ditto	
49	Hobson, E A	... Firm of Ede and Hobson	... Canning Street	... ditto	ditto	
50	Horne, J	... Firm of Duncan Brothers and Co	... 14, Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
51	Hubbard, I Sherlock	... Assistant, Govt. Examiner, Railway Accounts	... Writers' Buildings	... India	ditto	
52	Hudson, C	... Firm of Balmer, Lawrie and Co	... Middleton Row	... Great Britain	ditto	
53	Hutchinson, J	... Firm of L W Toulmin and Co	... Radha Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto	
	I					
54	Inglis, A B	... Firm of Begg, Dunlop and Co	... 12, Mission Row	... ditto	ditto	
55	Isaac, T S	... Supdtg. Engineer, P W D, Bengal	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
	J					
56	Jack, E A	... Firm of Duncan Brothers and Co	... 14, Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
57	Jameson, W B	... Firm of Kerr, Taruck and Co	... Clive Row	... ditto	ditto	
58	Joakim, M C	... Merchant and Agent	... Old China Bazar Street	... India	ditto	
59	Jones, W H	... Firm of R. Campbell and Co	... Waterloo Street	... ditto	ditto	
	K					
60	Keswick, J J	... Firm of Jardine, Skinner and Co	... Clive Row	... Great Britain	ditto	
61	Kimber, J	... Engineer for the Town of Calcutta	... 4, Jaun Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto	
62	King, H R	... Manager, King, Hamilton and Co	... Hare Street	... ditto	ditto	
63	Knight, R	... Editor, <i>Indian Statesman</i>	... 3, Chowringhee Road	... ditto	ditto	

L

64	Landale, D G	...	Manager, George Henderson and Co	...	Mangoe Lane	...	ditto	ditto
65	Laycock, H	...	Firm of Bremner, Laycock and Co	...	Lyons' Range	...	ditto	ditto
66	Leitch, H J	...	Firm of Smallwood, Litch and Co	...	Fancy Lane	...	ditto	ditto
67	Leslie, Bradford	...	Agent, E. I. Railway	...	4, Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
68	Locke, H H	...	Principal, Government School of Arts	...	Bow Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
69	Longmuir, T	...	Manager, Delhi and London Bank	...	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
70	Lyall, J M	...	Firm of Lyall, Rennie and Co	...	Olive Street	...	ditto	ditto
71	Lyall, R A	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto

M

72	McAlpine, F	...	Firm of J. Monteith and Co	...	21, Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
73	McIntosh, A R	...	Firm of McIntosh, Burn and Co	...	14, ditto	...	ditto	ditto
74	Mackenzie, R C S	...	Assistant Auditor, East Indian Railway	...	Writers' Buildings	...	India	ditto
75	Mackillican, James	...	Firm of Mackillican and Co	...	Church Lane	...	Great Britain	ditto
76	Mackinnon, D	...	Firm of Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	...	Strand Road	...	ditto	ditto
77	Mackinnon, J	...	Firm of Macneil and Co	...	Lyons' Range	...	ditto	ditto
78	MacLachlan, J E	...	Broker	...	Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto
79	Macmichael, N	...	Firm of Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	...	16, Strand	...	ditto	ditto
80	Magor, E B	...	Firm of Williamson, Magor and Co	...	New China Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
81	Malchus, M C	...	Broker	...	Swallow Lane	...	India	ditto
82	Meugens, J G	...	Firm of Moran and Co	...	3, Church Lane	...	Great Britain	ditto
83	Miller, R	...	Firm of Hoare, Miller and Co	...	Strand Road	...	ditto	ditto
84	Morris, E K	...	Agent, Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
85	Moseley, T H	...	Firm of Gisborne and Co	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
86	Mudie, J H	...	Firm of Gladstone, Wylie and Co	...	Olive Street	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	REMARK.
M						
87	Mardoch, James	... Firm of Moran and Co	... Church Lane	... Great Britain	Christian	
88	Murray, J C	... Firm of Kettlewell, Bullen and Co	... Strand Road	... ditto	ditto	
N						
89	Nasmyth, C J	... Firm of Smallwood, Leitch and Co	... Fancy Lane	... ditto	ditto	
90	Norman, C J	... Bill, Share, and Stock Broker	... Baretto's Lane	... ditto	ditto	
O						
91	O'Keefe, J W	... Firm of Kettlewell, Bullen and Co	... 22, Strand Road	... ditto	ditto	
P						
92	Palmer, C P	... Firm of Macallister and Co	... Bankshall Street	... ditto	ditto	
93	Parker, A	... Firm of Mackenzie, Lyall and Co	... Dalhousie Square	... ditto	ditto	
94	Paterson, J J	... Firm of Jardine, Skinner and Co	... Clive Row	... ditto	ditto	
95	Patterson, W R (Jr)	... Broker	... Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
96	Pedler, A	... Professor, Presidency College	... College Square	... ditto	ditto	
97	Potts, A C	... Firm of Ewing and Co.	... New China Bazar Street	... ditto	ditto	
R						
98	Reilly, G M	... Manager, Land Mortgage Bank	... 1, New China Bazar	... ditto	ditto	
99	Roberts, R	... Chief Auditor, E. I. R. Office	... Writers' Buildings	... ditto	ditto	
100	Robertson, A E	... Firm of Gladstone, Wyllie and Co	... 101, Clive Street	... ditto	ditto	
101	Ross, R M	... Firm of Nicol, Fleming and Co	... Fairlie Place	... ditto	ditto	

402	Russell, T M	...	Firm of Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co	...	Strand Road	...	ditto	ditto
103	Russell, W H O	...	Secretary, Board of Agency, E. I. Railway	...	Writers' Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
104	Rutherford, J F T	...	Firm of Halford and Co	...	Commercial Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
S								
105	Scallan, T F	...	Firm of Scallan and Co	...	Pollock Street	...	ditto	ditto
106	Scott, G J	...	Sec., I. G. S. N. Co	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
107	Shaw, D T	...	Firm of Shaw, Finlayson and Co	...	29, Strand Road	...	ditto	ditto
108	Shearin, E	...	Bill, Share, and Stock-Broker	...	Fancy Lane	...	ditto	ditto
109	Simpson, J	...	Agent, Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China.	...	5, Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
110	Smellie, S N	...	Firm of Smellie and Co	...	Swallow Lane	...	ditto	ditto
111	Smith, C M	...	Firm of Graham and Co	...	9, Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
112	Smith, Johnstone	...	Firm of Halford and Co	...	1, Commercial Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
113	Staunton, R S	...	Firm of Staunton and Co	...	Jaun Bazar Street	...	ditto	ditto
114	Steel, O	...	Firm of O. Steel and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
115	Strand, A	...	Bill, Share, and Stock-Broker	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
116	Struthers, A B	...	Firm of Borradaile, Schiller and Co	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
117	Struthers, G M	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	ditto
118	Sutherland, A B	...	Firm of Simson and Co	...	Strand Road	...	ditto	ditto
119	Sykes, G S	...	Firm of Sykes and Co	...	Wellesley Street	...	ditto	ditto
T								
120	Tawney, C H	...	Principal, Presidency College	...	College Square	...	ditto	ditto
121	Thurburn, E A	...	Firm of J. Thomas and Co	...	Mission Row	...	ditto	ditto
122	Tulloch, H W	...	Firm of Nicol, Fleming and Co	...	Fairlie Place	...	ditto	ditto
123	Turner, H B H	...	Firm of Turner, Morrison and Co	...	Lyons' Range	...	ditto	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.	Remarks.
W						
124	Wakley, T F S	Personal Assistant to Chief Engineer, E I R.	Dalhousie Square	...	Great Britain	Christian
125	Watson, W	Firm of Finlay, Muir and Co	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
126	Whitten, A	Assistant to Controller of Military Accounts	Park Street	...	ditto	ditto
127	Windram, J	Manager, National Bank	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
128	Wood, H W I	Secretary, Bengal Chamber of Commerce	Commercial Buildings	...	ditto	ditto
129	Wyman, F F	Firm of Wyman and Co	Hare Street	...	ditto	ditto
Y						
130	Yule, George	Firm of A Yule and Co	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
B						
131	Banerjee, Mohesh Chunder	Pensioner	Baug Bazar	...	India	Hindoo
132	Banerjee, Raj Krishna	Professor, Presidency College	College Square	...	ditto	ditto
133	Banerjee, Tarinee Churn	Zemindar	Bow Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
134	Bideshagore, Issur Chunder	Inhabitant	24, Sooka's Street	...	ditto	ditto
135	Bose, Brindabun	Firm of Alexander, Bose and Co	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
136	Bose, Koylas Chunder	Assistant to the Comptroller-General	Government Place	...	ditto	ditto
137	Bose, Mohendro Nath	Merchant	Ezra Street	...	ditto	ditto
138	Bose, Nundo Lall	Zemindar	Shambazar	...	ditto	ditto
139	Bose, Tarinee Churn	Banian	Putuldangah	...	ditto	ditto
140	Burmono, Domodur Dass	Zemindar	Burra Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
D						
141	Dass, Grish Chunder	Superintendent, Government Toshakhana, Foreign Department.	Council House Street	...	ditto	ditto
142	Dass, Khetter Mohun	Banian	Kopaleetollah	...	ditto	ditto
143	Dass, Mohendro Narain	Banian, R Macallister and Co	8, Shibnarain Dass's Lane	...	ditto	ditto

144	Deb, Cooar Anundo	Krishna	Zemindar	...	Sobha Bazar	...	ditto	...	ditto
145	Deb, Cooar	Wopendro	Zemindar	...	Sobha Bazar	...	ditto	...	ditto
	Krishna.								
146	Dey, Roop Lal	...	Merchant	...	Burra Bazar	...	ditto	...	ditto
147	Dey, Shama Churn	...	Officiating Assistant Comptroller-General	...	Government Place	...	ditto	...	ditto
148	Dhur, Shib Nath	...	Banian	...	Amratollah Gully	...	ditto	...	ditto
149	Dutt, Dwarka Nath	...	Banian, Jardine, Skinner and Co	...	College Street	...	ditto	...	ditto
150	Dutt, Khristodhone	...	Firm of Shibkristo Daw and Co	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	...	ditto
151	Dutt, Lal Behary	...	Merchant	...	Burra Bazar	...	ditto	...	ditto
152	Dutt, Sagore	...	Landholder	...	Colootollah	...	ditto	...	ditto
153	Dutt, Shib Narain	...	Supervisor, Examiner, Pay Department	...	Bankshall Street	...	ditto	...	ditto
154	Dutt, Shoshe Chunder	...	Pensioner	...	Musjedbary Street	...	ditto	...	ditto
G									
55	Ghosé, Charoo Chunder	...	Landholder	...	Simla	...	ditto	...	ditto
56	Ghose, Jogendro Narain	...	Zemindar	...	Taltollah	...	ditto	...	ditto
57	Ghose, Khelat Chunder	...	Zemindar	...	Pathooreaghatta	...	ditto	...	ditto
58	Ghose, Nagender Chund	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto	...	ditto
59	Ghose, Rajnarain	...	Banian	...	Putuldangah	...	ditto	...	ditto
60	Goho, Obhoy Churn	...	Zemindar	...	Hogulkooria	...	ditto	...	ditto
61	Goho, Tara Churn	...	Banian, Duncan Brothers	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	...	ditto
K									
62	Kabiruddin, Ahma	...	Editor, Urdu Guide	...	Komedanbagan Lane	...	ditto	...	Malamedan
63	Komal Krishna, R	...	Zemindar	...	Sobha Bazar	...	ditto	...	Hinoo
L									
64	Laboory, Shamach	...	Banian, George Henderson and Co	...	Mangoe Lane	...	ditto	...	ditto
65	Law, Joygobindo	...	B nian	...	Colootollah	...	ditto	...	ditto
66	Law, Shama Chur	...	Merchant	...	Tuntuniah	...	ditto	...	ditto

No.	Names.	Style or Calling.	Residence or Place of Business.	Native Country.	Religion.
M					
167	Mitter, Beer Chand	... Inhabitant	... Simla	...	Hindoo
168	Mitter, Nilmadhub	... Banian, Duncan Brothers	...	...	ditto
169	Mitter, Omirto Lall	... Merchant	... Nimtollah Street	...	ditto
170	Mitter, Peary Chand	... Firm of Peary Chand Mitter and Sons	... 7, Swallow Lane	...	ditto
171	Mitter, Prosuno Coomar	... Banian, Ralli and Mavrojani	... Clive Street	...	ditto
172	Mitter, Sham Chand	... Firm of Ashootosh Dey and Nephews	... Lyons' Range	...	ditto
173	Mitter Woomesh Chunder...	... Inhabitant	... Simla	...	ditto
174	Mookerjee, Chundercanto	... Banian	... Aheereetollah	...	ditto
175	Mookerjee, Nilmoney	... Assistant Professor, V L, Presidency College	... College Square	...	ditto
176	Mullick, Ashootosh	... Zemindar	... Munsatollah	...	ditto
177	Mullick, Bollydass	... ditto	... ditto	...	ditto
178	Mullick, Deno Nath	... ditto	... Putuldangah	...	ditto
179	Mullick, Hurnath	... Banian, Tamvaco and Co	... Chitpore Road	...	ditto
180	Mullick, Judoo Lall	... Zemindar	... Pathooreaghatta	...	ditto
181	Mullick, Nundo Lall	... ditto	... Jorasanko, Chitpore Road	...	ditto
182	Mullick, Prosad Dass	... ditto	... Burra Bazar	...	ditto
183	Mullick, Soobul Dass	... ditto	... Munsatollah	...	ditto
184	Muttylall, Ramnarain	... ditto	... Bow Bazar	...	ditto
R					
185	Roy, Janokeenath	... ditto	... Durmahatta	...	ditto
186	Roy, Sreenath	... Banian	... Colootollah	...	ditto
187	Roy, Sumbhoonath	... Banian, Schoene, Kilburn and Co	... Fairlie Place	...	ditto
188	Rustomjee, H M	... Merchant	... Chowringhee Road	...	Parsee

S

189	Seal, Ram Chand	...	Banian, Gladstone, Wyllie and Co	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	Hindoo
190	Sen, Beny Madhub	...	Banian, Steel, McIntosh and Co	...	Old Court House Street	...	ditto	ditto
191	Sen, Joy Gopal	...	Inhabitant	...	Mathaghussa Gully	...	ditto	ditto
192	Sen, Madhub Chunder	...	Dewan, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
193	Sen, Modhoosoodun	...	Treasurer, Agra Bank	...	Mango Lane	...	ditto	ditto
194	Sen, Monee Madhub	...	Banian, Andrew Yule and Co	...	Clive Row	...	ditto	ditto
195	Sen, Nobin Chunder	...	Agency Department, Bank of Bengal	...	Strand	...	ditto	ditto
196	Sen, Pran Kissen	...	Store-keeper, Stamp and Stationery Office...	...	Church Lane	...	ditto	ditto
197	Sen, Rajendro Nath	...	Banian, Bonded Warehouse	...	Clive Street	...	ditto	ditto
198	Sen, Thakoor Churn	...	Banian, Agelasto and Co	...	Shankibanga, Colootollah	...	ditto	ditto
199	Sew, Madhub Kristo	...	Zemindar	...	Burra Bazar	...	ditto	ditto
200	Soor, Umbica Churn	...	Assistant Accountant, Agra Bank	...	Mango Lane	...	ditto	ditto

W. E. H. FORSYTH, Clerk of the Crown.



SUPPLEMENT TO The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 11, 1877.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.

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Proceedings of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

Saturday, the 31st March 1877.

Present:

HIS HONOR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL, *Presiding*,
The Hon'ble V. H. SCHALCH, C.S.I.,
The Hon'ble H. J. REYNOLDS,
The Hon'ble H. BELL,
The Hon'ble T. E. RAVENSHAW,
The Hon'ble BABOO RAM SHUNKER SEN, RAI BAHADOOR,
The Hon'ble BABOO ISSER CHUNDER MITTER, RAI BAHADOOR,
The Hon'ble BABOO KRISTODAS PAL, RAI BAHADOOR,
The Hon'ble NAWAB MEER MAHOMED ALI,
and
The Hon'ble H. F. BROWN.

EXCISE REVENUE.

THE HON'BLE MR. REYNOLDS moved that the Bill to consolidate the law relating to the excise revenue in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal be further considered in order to the settlement of the clauses of the Bill.

The motion was agreed to.

The HON'BLE MR. REYNOLDS said the second section provided for the coming into force of the Act on the date of its publication. It was desirable that this Bill should not come into operation until the Indian Opium Act should come into force. The Opium Act was to have taken effect from the 1st of April, but a subsequent Act had been passed deferring the operation of the Opium Act, and it was therefore necessary to amend section 2 of this Bill, which he proposed to do as follows :—

“ It shall come into force from such date as the Lieutenant-Governor may direct by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*.”

The motion was agreed to.

The HON'BLE MR. REYNOLDS moved the substitution in Chapter II of the words “ Presidency Magistrate” for “ Magistrate of Police.” The amendment, he said, was merely verbal, to bring the phraseology of the Bill into harmony with the Presidency Magistrates' Act.

The motion was agreed to.

The HON'BLE MR. REYNOLDS moved the substitution in section 7 of the word “ inspector” for “ constable,” and the omission of the word “ burkundazes.” The latter amendment was necessary upon the general principle of using English words instead of vernacular.

The motion was agreed to.

The HON'BLE MR. REYNOLDS moved the substitution of the following words for the last six lines of section 21 :—

“ and inspect at all times by day or by night, and may similarly authorize any excise officer to enter and inspect at all times by day all houses and shops in which licensed dealers may carry on the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors or intoxicating drugs.”

Under the original Act XI of 1849, excise officers, as such, had full power to inspect licensed shops without any special authorization from the Collector. But as it was considered advisable to place some restriction upon this power of search, and not to give it except to such persons as might be qualified on account of their experience and discretion, it was therefore provided that the Collector might authorize by warrant any excise officer to exercise this power. It was not intended that the Collector should issue a separate warrant in each instance, but that he should confer a general power of search on such officers as were duly qualified. It was subsequently brought to notice that the wording of the section might be thought to require a separate warrant in every case : the section as proposed to be amended would provide for this.

The motion was agreed to.

The HON'BLE NAWAB MEER MAHOMED ALI said that under section 21 an officer duly authorized could enter the house of a licensed dealer at any time of the night or day. There was no provision for giving notice for the retirement of females who, according to the usage of the country, did not appear in public. Section 384 of the Criminal Procedure Code provided the procedure to be adopted in the case of the search of an apartment in the occupancy of a woman who, according to the customs of the country, did not appear in public.

According to that section, previous notice should be given to females to retire if they should happen to reside in the same house as a licensed dealer. He would therefore move that the following proviso be added to section 21 :—

“ Provided that, if the house be one in which the female members of the licensed dealer reside, such officer shall not enter and inspect the same without a previous notice for the removal of the females.”

The HON'BLE BABOO ISSER CHUNDER MITTER said, as he read the section, it seemed to him that section 21 did not provide for search : it authorized only the inspection of a shop in which liquors were sold or manufactured ; there was no question of search in the section. The hon'ble member had omitted to look at another section under Chapter III, section 70, where authority was also given for the inspection of shops by day or by night. As far as search was concerned, the provisions in this Bill were sections 23 and 73, under Chapters II and III. There was a provision in section 24, to the effect that, whenever a zenana was entered, the procedure adopted by the High Court should be followed. But there was no such provision in section 73, and BABOO ISSER CHUNDER MITTER would support the hon'ble member if he proposed to add his

proviso to section 73 instead of to section 21. Sections 21 and 70 referred only to the inspection of shops, and he believed excise or police officers would have no authority to enter any other part of the house under those sections; and no dealer, it was to be supposed, would choose to keep the female members of his family in a shop where business was transacted.

The HON'BLE MR. REYNOLDS said he hoped the hon'ble member would not press his amendment. The powers of entry and search had now been materially restricted by providing that they should only be exercised under a warrant from the Collector. We were not now engaged in settling the excise law, but we were merely consolidating the existing law; and in a consolidating Bill it appeared undesirable to make alterations which were not shown to be actually necessary. These provisions had been in force since 1849, and he was not aware that any complaints had been made of their operation. In cases of this kind, where the sale or manufacture of spirits was concerned, it appeared to him essential, in the interests of justice and the protection of the revenue, that an officer should be able to exercise powers of inspection without previous notice. If notice were given, even for a few minutes, all traces of illicit manufacture or sale might disappear and the revenue be defrauded.

The motion was then put and negatived.

On the motion of the HON'BLE MR. REYNOLDS a verbal amendment was made in section 24.

The HON'BLE NAWAB MEER MAHOMED ALI moved the addition to section 50 of the words, "which sum, or any portion thereof, may be paid to the person aggrieved." He thought the aggrieved person should get something by way of compensation from the hands of the police or excise officer. A similar provision would be found in section 80 of the Bill.

The HON'BLE MR. REYNOLDS said he was not quite sure that the words were necessary. Under the Presidency Magistrates' Act and the Criminal Procedure Code, the Magistrate who adjudicated a case was empowered to award as compensation any portion of the fine which was imposed. But the provision had been retained in the Opium Act, and there was also some doubt whether the provisions of the Presidency Magistrates' Act would apply to convictions under this Chapter before a Justice of the Peace. He had therefore no objection to the amendment.

The motion was then agreed to.

In section 31 an accidental omission was supplied on the motion of the HON'BLE MR. REYNOLDS.

In section 33 the words "and in some conspicuous part of the place where the property was seized" were, on the motion of the HON'BLE NAWAB MEER MAHOMED ALI, inserted after the words "*Calcutta Gazette*."

In section 39 the word "constable" was substituted for "chuprassy," and "a Presidency Magistrate or other Magistrate having jurisdiction" for "a Magistrate of Police."

In section 70 the following words were, on the motion of the HON'BLE MR. REYNOLDS, substituted for the first fifteen words, with the object of making the section accord with section 21 as it had been amended:—

"Any excise officer above the rank of a peon, if authorized in that behalf by a warrant under the hand of the Collector, may enter and inspect at all times, by day or night, and any excise officer similarly authorized may enter and inspect at all times by day."

A verbal amendment was made in section 71.

Section 80 provided a penalty of Rs. 500 for a vexatious search or seizure.

The HON'BLE NAWAB MEER MAHOMED ALI said he thought a mere fine would not be an adequate punishment for an officer who might, at the instigation of some other person, oppress a man with whom such person had comity. He had known many instances in which police and excise officers did not hesitate to exercise oppression for the sake of illegal gratification. In such cases, unless these officers had before them some bodily fear, they would not be restrained by a mere fine, which might be met by the person at whose instigation the offence was committed. He therefore moved the insertion of the words "imprisonment in the criminal jail for a period not exceeding six months and to" after the word "to" in line 12 of the section.

The HON'BLE MR. REYNOLDS said he thought the penalty provided by the section was quite sufficient. It would be observed that an excise officer, if convicted for vexatious search or seizure, would be liable to a fine of Rs. 500. He was aware that the fine was a maximum and not a minimum one. If the fine was not paid, the officer convicted would be liable to imprisonment for six months. The section referred to officers in the service of Government, which had a hold upon them beyond the penalty here provided, inasmuch as the officers so convicted would be liable to loss of place and pension. Under these circumstances MR. REYNOLDS did not think that the penalty here provided was inadequate.

The HON'BLE BAROO KRISTODAS PAL said that, if the provision of the Criminal Procedure Code, under which officers who made illegal arrests were liable to punishment, applied to offences under this section, then, coupled with that provision, he thought this section provided a sufficient punishment. But if an offence committed under this section was not triable under the general provisions of the Criminal Procedure Code, he considered that the punishment was not sufficient. If a police officer, for instance, arrested a person illegally under the Criminal Procedure Code, he would be liable to fine or imprisonment. But, as the section was worded, an excise officer illegally arresting a person was liable merely to fine; and, as observed by the hon'ble mover of the amendment, in the case supposed where a person, from vindictive feelings, might induce an excise officer to annoy a neighbour, the fine would practically be paid by that person. The hon'ble member remarked that the power of arrest was converted sometimes into an instrument for gratifying personal feelings. He was not prepared to say how far that was true, but it was not unlikely that the power might be so made use of. If the Council were of opinion that the general provisions of the criminal law would be applicable to such cases, then he would not support the motion; otherwise he would support it.

The HON'BLE MR. REYNOLDS observed that he understood that an excise officer offending under this section would be liable to be convicted either under it, or under the general provisions of the criminal law; though of course he could not be convicted under both.

The motion was then negatived.

The HON'BLE BAROO RAMSHUNKER SEN moved that section 89, which provided a penalty for contempts before the Collector, be transposed so as to stand after section 119. In the position in which the section now stood, the provision would only be applicable to contempts committed before Collectors in the mofussil; he thought a provision similar to section 38 of Act XI of 1849 should be inserted to provide for contempts committed in Calcutta.

The HON'BLE MR. REYNOLDS having observed that the matter pointed out was apparently an omission—

The motion was agreed to.

The HON'BLE MR. REYNOLDS said that section 102 provided the rate of duty to be paid on imported spirits. The rate of four rupees per gallon was inserted because that happened to be the rate under the present Tariff Act. But it was necessary to provide for the contingency of the rate fixed by the Tariff Act being altered. He would therefore move that, for the words "the rate of four rupees the imperial gallon of the strength of London-proof, and the duty shall be rateably increased as the strength exceeds London-proof," the following words be substituted:—

"a rate not exceeding the rate fixed for imported spirit by the Indian Tariff Act, 1875, or any similar law for the time being in force."

The motion was agreed to.

On the motion of the HON'BLE MR. REYNOLDS, an omission was supplied by the insertion of the words "subject to the confirmation of the Governor-General in Council" after the word "Government" in line 7 of section 117.

On the motion of the HON'BLE MR. REYNOLDS a verbal amendment was made in section 119.

The HON'BLE NAWAB MEER MAHOMED ALI said that section 123 provided for the grant of rewards "either before or after" the adjudication of a case. He did not understand how an informer could get an award "before" the adjudication of a case, or, in other words, before the information which was given was proved to be correct. If the reward was given, and the information

turned out to be false, would the reward which had been given be taken? He would move the omission of the words "either before or."

The HON'BLE MR. REYNOLDS observed that he could not accept the amendment. It had been strongly represented by the Board of Revenue that it was essential to the proper working of the law that the Board should have a discretion to grant rewards to informers before the adjudication of a case. He would therefore ask the hon'ble member not to press the amendment.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said that it was quite possible that it might in some cases be necessary to give rewards before a formal adjudication had been completed; for instance a case of this sort might occur: A traveller on the Grand Trunk Road, possibly proceeding on a pilgrimage which rendered delay impossible, might observe a large quantity of opium in the possession of other travellers, and he might give information to the nearest Magistrate which might lead to the seizure of the opium. In a case of that sort His Honor thought it undesirable that there should be anything in the law which would make the informer suffer detention or loss of time before he could obtain the reward; the reward should be given at once and the informer allowed to depart.

The motion was, by leave, withdrawn.

On the motion of the HON'BLE MR. REYNOLDS, amendments were made in the second clause of the first schedule, which were rendered necessary by the amendment made in section 102.

The HON'BLE MR. REYNOLDS then moved that the Bill as amended be passed. He said that, according to the rules for the conduct of business, a Bill could not be passed at the same sitting at which any material amendment had been made. If hon'ble members considered that any of the amendments which had been made were material, he did not wish to press the motion. But he thought they would agree with him that the amendments which had been passed were simply verbal, and of an immaterial nature, and not such as would interfere with the Bill being passed at once.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said he thought the amendments which had been carried were of a very formal character, so much so, that he considered many of them ought to have been thought of by the Select Committee and provided for by them instead of being considered in Council. It appeared to him that there was a great tendency in this Council to leave work to be done in Council instead of its being considered and disposed of in Select Committee.

The motion was then agreed to and the Bill passed.

COURT OF WARDS.

THE HON'BLE MR. SCHALCH moved that the report of the Select Committee on the Bill to amend the Court of Wards Act, 1870, be taken into consideration in order to the settlement of the clauses of the Bill, and that the clauses of the Bill be considered for settlement in the form recommended by the Select Committee.

The motion was agreed to.

THE HON'BLE NAWAB MEER MAHOMED ALI withdrew the motion of which notice had been given, that the words "and such order shall be final and conclusive for all the purposes of this Act" in line 16 of section 26 be omitted.

On the motion of the HON'BLE BABOO ISSER CHUNDER MITTER the word "appoint" was substituted for "nominate" in line 6 of section 45.

The HON'BLE BABOO ISSER CHUNDER MITTER moved the insertion of the words "and every officer employed as hereinafter provided" after the words "under this Act" in line 7 of section 46. He said that sometimes tehsildars and other collecting agents made away with the accounts, and it was very difficult to bring them to justice. It often happened that, before a settlement of liabilities was made, the year within which a suit could be brought expired, and the estate became a positive loser. His object in moving this amendment was that tehsildars and other agents should be held to be public accountants under Act XII of 1850, in the same way as managers and sub-managers as were now held to be. In that case the Collector would have authority to realize funds in their hands under the certificate procedure of Bengal Act VII of 1868. Another object of the amendment was that the period within which the realization could be

effected might be extended. At present much money was lost merely because the liability of these collecting agents was limited virtually to one year.

The motion was agreed to.

The HON'BLE BABOO ISSER CHUNDER MITTER postponed the amendment in section 50 which stood in his name until after the consideration of the amendments in section 53 which stood in the name of the Hon'ble Baboo Kristodas Pal.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL moved the substitution of the word "five" for "ten" in line 16 of section 50. He said the history of this proposal was this. When the original Bill was referred to the Select Committee, it was considered that some limitation ought to be put on the power of the Court of Wards to expend money on improvements. Facts came to the notice of some members of the Committee that money had in some instances been wasted in the name of improvement. It was therefore deemed desirable to limit the power of the Court of Wards to expend money on improvements, and the limit the Committee proposed was five per cent. on the net profits of the estate. When the Bill was recommitted, the question was again discussed, and the majority were of opinion that the percentage should be increased to ten per cent., and that greater latitude should be given to the Court of Wards in expending money for improvements. To the second part of the new provision he did not object. As the Bill originally stood, the power of the Court was greatly circumscribed. The wording of the original section was as follows:—

"Provided that the amount so expended shall not exceed five per centum of the said surplus, unless in the opinion of the Court, subject to the express sanction of the Board and the Lieutenant-Governor, it is *absolutely necessary, for the protection of the estate, to expend an amount exceeding such percentage.*"

So that unless the Board and the Lieutenant-Governor were satisfied that it was absolutely necessary for the protection of the estate, for instance in the case of a famine, flood, or some such extraordinary calamity, when it might be deemed necessary to expend more than five per cent. for the protection of the estate, the Court was not authorized to exceed the five per cent. limit. But as the section now stood, it greatly extended the powers of the Court. It provided—

"Provided that the amount so expended shall not exceed ten per centum of the said surplus, unless in the opinion of the Court, subject to the express sanction of the Board and the Lieutenant-Governor, it is *desirable, for the protection and in the interest of the estate, to expend an amount exceeding such percentage.*"

By comparing the words of the two sections, it would be seen that the discretion of the Court of Wards had been materially and widely extended. Such being the case, he did not see that there was any good reason for raising the limit from five to ten per cent. in ordinary cases. In extraordinary cases, in which the Board and the Lieutenant-Governor might think it desirable to spend the surplus on schemes of substantial improvement, it would be in the power of the Court of Wards to obtain the necessary sanction; but ordinarily he thought that an expenditure of five per cent. of the profits should be sufficient for ordinary improvement. As the phrase now went, there was an "oscillation" of opinion in Select Committee on the subject, and he being in the majority, had felt it his duty to move this amendment in Council. He had heard nothing which satisfied him that the limit of five per cent. would not be sufficient for ordinary purposes. He found that the Government had fixed a limit of three per cent. only for the improvement of Government estates, or estates which were under the *khas* management of Government. Now, if a three per cent. improvement fund was deemed by the Government to be sufficient for ordinary improvements in Government estates, surely five per cent. ought not to be considered insufficient for purposes of ordinary improvements in private estates which came under the management of the Court of Wards. It was worthy of note that the three per cent. fund in Government estates was applicable in this wise—half of the three per cent. was applicable to the improvement of roads, one-third to primary education, and one-sixth to miscellaneous local improvements. Every ward's estate paid the road cess, and so far as the road cess was regarded as an outlay for the benefit of the estate, that object was met by the payment of the road cess. As regards contributions to schools, it was not intended that such contributions should be made from the ten per cent. fund proposed in the Bill. It was proposed solely for material

improvements. For the support of schools, contributions might be made from the general funds of the estate. It might be urged that in the cases of Government and private estates there was one point of material difference, which was that the Government gave three per cent. on the gross receipts of Government estates, whereas it was proposed in the Bill to allow ten per cent. on the net receipts, which certainly was a point of difference. But he submitted that the difference was rather visionary than real; for the revenue the Government received in khas estates constituted the whole of the assets *minus* charges of collection, whereas the assets of the ward's estate consisted in the residue left after payment of the Government revenue or rent to the superior landlord *minus* the cost of collection. So, practically, the assessment for the improvement fund was made upon the net receipts of estates of both classes.

Further, it was observable that large works of improvement, such as embankments or extensive drainage works, might be constructed without recourse to the ten per cent. fund. He found that under section 4, clause 1, "the Collector may cause any embankment which connects public embankments, or forms by junction with them part of a line of embankments, or any embankment or water-course which is necessary for the protection or drainage of the neighbouring country, to be taken charge of and maintained by officers of Government," so that new as well as old works might be maintained at the expense of private estates when the works were not legitimately chargeable to Government. That being the case, if it was necessary to construct some gigantic work for the protection of the estate, it would fall under the provisions of the Embankment Act, and the estate would be liable to bear the cost. There might, however, be small works, for the drainage or protection of the estate from floods, which were not contemplated by the Embankment Act, and for which it might be desirable to spend money from the Wards' Estates Fund. For such works it was certainly necessary to provide funds, and he thought that ordinarily five per cent. of the surplus ought to be sufficient: in extraordinary cases, as he had observed, the Bill gave ample discretion to the Government to expend money exceeding that limit.

The laxity of the system which obtained at present in regard to the expenditure of money on improvements in wards' estates was, he thought, best illustrated in the case of the Durbhunga estate. He was reading some papers lately connected with the management of that estate, and he found from a Minute recorded by Sir George Campbell in 1871 that in that year the estate had a balance of Rs. 43,00,000. Sir George remarked that, after providing for all expenditure and for all legitimate works of improvement, the estate might be expected to save about Rs. 10,00,000 a year, and that at the end of the minority of the Raja there would be a probable balance of a million of money. But how did the facts stand now? We were now in the beginning of 1877. He found in the last number of the *Calcutta Gazette* that, so far from a million of money accruing by this time, the balance, which stood in 1871 at Rs. 43,00,000, had dwindled down to Rs. 18,00,000. Now what were the resources of this estate? He found that the current demand of the estate annually amounted to Rs. 21,20,000; that the expenses of management came to Rs. 2,74,000, and the disbursements on all accounts last year amounted to Rs. 24,98,000, though the collections did not exceed Rs. 16,38,000. He was well aware that the famine of 1873-74 made a deep hole in the balance sheet of this estate; that it entailed a large expenditure of money upon works of utility for the maintenance of the ryots; that it led to large remissions of rent, and also to charitable relief on a large scale. But making every allowance for this large extra expenditure, he could not persuade himself to believe that in the system on which the estate had been managed, due regard had been paid to the fiduciary nature of the charge devolving upon the Court of Wards. When Sir George Campbell remarked that ordinarily, after making every provision for the maintenance of the estate and necessary improvements, there would be left a balance of Rs. 10,00,000 a year, it should be remembered that he allowed nearly Rs. 10,00,000 annually for expenses of management and improvements. The expenses of management last year amounted to Rs. 2,74,000, and for the maintenance of the ward, improvements, and other legitimate charges there was left, according to Sir George Campbell's calculations, a balance of more than Rs. 8,00,000. But we found that the greater part of the old balance

had disappeared and no new balance had accrued; the whole balance, after the management by the Court of Wards for so many years of the princely resources of the estate, amounted to Rs. 18,00,000. In the resolution from which BABOO KRISTODAS PAL had quoted the above figures, His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor had been pleased to remark as follows:—

“In the Durbhunga estate remissions of rent have been unavoidable, but the expenditure in the estate was larger than seems to have been warranted, especially upon public works; and the expenses of management bear a very high proportion to the amount of the current demand of rent due to the estate. Upon the whole, the Lieutenant-Governor, in reviewing the administration of these large estates during the year, while he fully admits the zeal and trouble that have been devoted by the Revenue authorities to improving the estates and benefiting the condition of the tenantry, cannot resist the impression that the facts disclosed in the Board's report evince the necessity of a much more careful control over expenditure, and, in some cases, of greater vigilance in the realization of old arrears of rent.”

BABOO KRISTODAS PAL fully subscribed to that opinion, and he thought that sufficient reasons existed why this Council should limit the powers of the Court of Wards for the expenditure of money on improvements.

He was indebted to the courtesy of the hon'ble mover of the Bill for a copy of the report of the Board of Revenue on the management of wards' and attached estates in 1874-75, in which a history of all the estates under the management of the Court of Wards had been given in full detail. He found from this report that the normal condition of the estates was indebtedness; but, thanks to the management of the Court of Wards and the supervision of the Board of Revenue, the debts had been in most cases liquidated, and that, when an estate had been restored to its owner at the end of his minority, it had generally been restored in a prosperous condition. All this he gratefully acknowledged, and he thought the landed proprietary in Bengal were indebted to the Government for the protection and benefit which they derived under the management of the Court of Wards generally. But the principles upon which the management of estates had hitherto been carried on had lately been departed from, and considerable abuse had consequently ensued, and that was the reason which induced him to ask the Council to put some limit on the power of the Court of Wards to spend money on improvements. About four years ago, he believed, a distinguished predecessor of His Honor the President had actually recommended that model farms should be established and maintained at the expense of wards' estates, and he believed some farms were established under his orders, which ultimately proved to be huge failures. Now, when these farms were established, they were doubtless established under the impression that they would prove beneficial to the estate, inasmuch as the tenantry of the estate would learn improved systems of cultivation and improved methods of rearing cattle. But the experiment failed, and the loss had to be borne by the ward's estate. Now it was unlikely that, with the best of motives, works of so-called improvement might be undertaken, which after all might prove in the end to be wild speculations. How many works had not been launched by the State at different times with the best prospects of success, but which ultimately proved to be serious burdens, and for the continuance of which the Government had been driven to the necessity of raising fresh taxation? What was true of the State was equally true of the ward's estate, and the result of experimental improvements with other people's money would be a heavy loss to the innocent proprietor, who would not have even for his consolation the pleasure of spending his own money for the gratification of his own wishes.

All things considered, BABOO KRISTODAS PAL thought the Council could not be too cautious in authorizing the Court of Wards to spend money on improvements. Improvements should certainly be made where they were absolutely necessary, but within proper and reasonable bounds; and if the Government was satisfied with a three per cent. improvement fund in their own estates, he did not see why five per cent. should not be sufficient for wards' estates.

In all extraordinary cases, as he had already remarked, the Government and the Court of Wards would have ample discretion for the construction of well-assured projects of improvement.

It would be seen from the resolution of the Government of Bengal that, after paying the Government revenue, and also the rent payable to the superior landlord, the receipts of the estate did not amount to more than Rs. 18,000 per

annum. The cost of management last year came to about Rs. 2,781; the sum of Rs. 500 was allowed for the education of the ward's adopted son, and Rs. 1,000 for the maintenance of her mother-in-law, leaving a surplus of Rs. 13,719. Out of this sum, the widow, who had a life interest in the estate, was given an allowance of Rs. 2,129 per annum, or Rs. 177 per mensem.

But this was not all. It would be seen that while the widow had been deprived of her life interest, and had been made to be content with an allowance of Rs. 177 only, there was a balance of not more than Rs. 4,700 in favour of the estate in hand. After three years' management the surplus amounted to Rs. 11,500 per annum, and the whole of that sum had been spent doubtless for the benefit of the estate, though the accounts given in the resolution were not quite clear, but certainly to the deprivation of the just right of the legal heir. But let that pass. What appeared to be most amazing was that, while the widow had a life interest in the estate, and there were large balances available, her applications for extra religious expenses and doctor's fees were not allowed. She was told that the "expense must be met from the fixed budget allowance." He submitted that in matters of this kind the Court of Wards should not be allowed any discretion. Law and justice required that what belonged to the widow in right, ought to be made over to her in fact.

Lastly, it was urged in Select Committee that it was not the function of the Legislature to legislate for a matter of that kind; that it was not quite germane to the Bill. Now, if it was the object of this Bill to lay down instructions and directions for the guidance and control of the Court of Wards, surely it would not be foreign to its purpose to declare that the Court should give effect to the wishes of a testator when an estate so bequeathed would come under its management. Indeed, if it was considered necessary and reasonable that instructions should be given to the Court as to how to apply the funds of the estate, how to meet liabilities, how to expend the surplus, and so forth, it was quite within the scope of legislation that instructions should likewise be given to it to make over to the widow of the testator the profits of the estate which, under the will of her husband, she had a right to receive. He therefore moved that the words, notice of which he had given, be incorporated with Section 53.

The HON'BLE MR. BELL said, with great respect to his hon'ble friend, he thought the greater part of the remarks which had just been made was beside the question. The point at issue was not one of principle, but of detail. The question before the Council was not whether the Court of Wards was to have unlimited and unrestricted power to expend money as they thought proper, but whether they were to be permitted to spend five or ten per cent. of the profits of the estate upon works of improvement. That was the simple question before the Council. When the Bill was first before the Select Committee, his hon'ble friend had brought under their notice what he considered to be the extravagant expenditure in the Durbhunga estate. With the facts of that case the Committee were not, however, familiar; but MR. BELL had no doubt there were very good reasons for whatever expenditure had taken place in that estate. We knew that there was a disastrous famine, and we were told that irrigation works had been constructed, and that it was expected that these works would in time yield a return of some ten per cent. upon the outlay. It of course was possible that these expectations might prove delusive, but these were questions which it seemed quite unnecessary to enter into on the present occasion. The Select Committee were of opinion that it was not desirable that the Court of Wards should have what they had at present—the unrestricted power of spending upon improvements the surplus proceeds of an estate. The hon'ble member admitted that the power which the Court of Wards possessed had as a rule been used with scrupulous exactness in the interests of their wards; but while the Select Committee were of opinion that the Court of Wards had been most faithful in the discharge of their duties, they did not think it right that any person, or any body of persons, who were mere trustees and not the owners of the property, should exercise this unlimited and unrestricted power, and it was with that view that the power of expenditure on improvements was limited to five per cent. on the net profits of the estate. But in fixing that proportion the Select Committee had at the time no particular information before it. It was stated

that the Government allowed three per cent. for improvements on their own estates, and MR. BELL individually thought that, if the Government allowed three per cent., it would be reasonable to allow the Court of Wards to expend five per cent. for similar purposes; but it afterwards appeared that the three per cent. set aside for improvement in Government estates was calculated not upon the net profits, but upon the gross collections. And it appeared to him that three per cent. upon the gross collections would be almost equal to ten per cent. on the gross profits. He had also consulted several very distinguished and experienced revenue officers, and they were all of opinion that five per cent. was too little. At the next meeting of the Select Committee the matter was again discussed, and his hon'ble friend the Senior Member of the Board of Revenue, whose vast experience entitled his opinion to great weight, also thought that ten per cent. ought to be set aside for improvements. It was therefore on these considerations that the Committee altered the five per cent. to ten per cent.

Now, his hon'ble friend, Baboo Isser Chunder Mitter, had a motion on the paper authorizing the Court of Wards to contribute to the support and maintenance of schools and dispensaries which the late zemindar might have established. MR. BELL thought it very desirable that the Court of Wards should have the power of making contributions to institutions of this nature, and if his hon'ble friend's amendment was adopted, he thought that contributions of this description might fairly come out of the ten per cent. fund. The hon'ble member opposite (Baboo Kristodas Pal) had pointed out that three per cent. in Government estates was divided into three parts—for roads, primary education, and local improvements—and he had said that no money need now be expended upon roads, as roads were constructed and maintained out of the Road Cess Fund. But there were roads within estates which were made for the improvement of the property, and which were not of such general importance to the public as to be made a charge upon a general fund like the Road Cess Fund. He saw no reason why, if the Government expended money for the construction and maintenance of roads in Government estates, zemindars should not find it necessary to provide funds for a similar purpose. It seemed to him that ten per cent. was a very reasonable limit to allow for the improvement of wards' estates.

There were many objects of local improvement, such as roads, schools, and dispensaries, for which a liberal landlord ought to provide; and he certainly thought that the limit of ten per cent. was not an excessive limit to ask the Council to sanction for such expenditure. He hoped, therefore, the Council would reject his hon'ble friend's amendment.

The HON'BLE MR. SCHALCH said the hon'ble member had brought forward in support of his amendment the fact that in Government suits a limit of three per cent. was fixed for expenditure upon improvements in wards' estates. But the hon'ble member must recollect that that limit was not fixed by law, and it might be exceeded in regard to any particular estate. Here, however, the percentage would be fixed by law, and the amount could not be exceeded. He would not take up the time of the Council further, but he thought that a fixed limit of ten per cent. would not be sufficient, and that a discretion should be allowed to the Collector.

The HON'BLE BABOO ISSER CHUNDER MITTER said he had only a few observations to make. He was quite in favour of the proposition that money should be expended upon improvements, which he considered was better than hoarding it. But the question was, what was the percentage that should be expended on improvements? He believed the sense of the Council was clear that not more than was expended in Government estates should be spent on improvements in wards' estates. There was not information enough before the Council to enable it to decide whether ten per cent. on the net profits of a ward's estate would be equivalent to three per cent. on the gross collections in Government estates. It was necessary, however, that some limit should be placed upon the action of the Court of Wards, and that principle had been accepted by the Council; he would only ask whether, instead of a percentage on the net profits, the Council would not fix a percentage on the gross collections, as in the case of Government estates.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said he had one remark to make in reply to what had fallen from his hon'ble friend Mr. Schalch. He observed that the case between a Government estate and a ward's estate did not stand on all fours, because the percentage in the case of Government estates was fixed by executive order of Government, whereas in respect of wards' estates the limit would be fixed by law. BABOO KRISTODAS PAL was fully aware of the distinction, but he would ask his hon'ble friend to remember that, if the limit had been absolute, the remark would have been just. But under the Bill, whenever the Board and the Government were satisfied that the limit should be exceeded upon good and valid reasons, it might be so exceeded, and any amount might be then spent. Such being the case, it would always be in the power of the Court of Wards to exceed the limit; and therefore the argument that the three per cent. limit of Government estates was liable to be varied by executive order of Government, whereas the ten per cent. limit of wards' estates could not be varied, did not, in BABOO KRISTODAS PAL's opinion, hold good.

THE HON'BLE MR. BELL remarked that it was true the ten per cent. limit could be exceeded by the order of Government, but it could only be exceeded where it was necessary for the protection of the estate, or in other extraordinary cases, which was a very different thing from exceeding the limit for purposes of ordinary improvement.

The motion was then negatived.

THE HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said the next amendment he had to move in Section 53 was the insertion of the following words at the end of the section:—

"If the ward is a widow above the age of twenty-one years, entitled to the estate for her life only by virtue of the will of her deceased husband or otherwise, such surplus, after providing for the expenditure specified in the preceding section, shall, if no such debts as aforesaid be outstanding, be paid to such ward."

In reference to this clause also he had to repeat that there had been an oscillation of opinion in Select Committee. This clause had been inserted in the first amended Bill at his instance. But when the Bill was referred back to the Select Committee, the majority of the members were of opinion that the clause should be left out. His object in proposing this clause was that in some cases a testator left his property by will to his widow for her life, and because the female was deemed incompetent for the management of the estate, the Court of Wards took over the management and deprived her of the benefit accruing under the will by limiting her monthly allowance to some fixed sum, and carrying the profits to the credit of the estate. The object of the Court of Wards in a matter like this was certainly to benefit the estate. But he submitted that the first duty of the Court of Wards was to carry out the intentions or directions of the testator. If it were the will and desire of the testator that his widow should enjoy the full benefit of the surplus proceeds of the estate, he did not think, whether in law or in equity, that the Court of Wards were competent to defeat the object of the testator and deprive the widow of the full benefit of the profits of the estate. It might be said that the widow might waste the profits which might be derived from the good and economic management of the estate by the Court of Wards. Well, that might be so. The widow might not properly use the profits which might come to her; but were there not many other cases in everyday life in which such waste was committed by persons who came to the possession of large estates, and the courts could not ordinarily interfere with the action of persons who thus profligately wasted their property? Who could say that a ward who was a minor now under the Court might not, when he came of age, waste the estate which the Court of Wards, after considerable trouble and economy, had accumulated for the benefit of the ward? But in the cases to which his amendment would apply, the estate could not be wasted; it was only the profits, which were the widow's by the will of her husband, that she could waste if she were so minded: the estate remained in the hands of the Court of Wards. If a minor came of age, he might waste his estate and reduce himself to beggary; whereas a widow, even if she were a profligate character, could not waste the estate, but only the profits derived from the property. On the other hand, if she were a sister of charity, if she were a friend to the cause of humanity, if she were religious and benevolent,

how much good might she not effect by a proper use of her money? For instance, who had not heard how the Maharanee Surnomoyee or Maharanee Surrutsoondree had been using the resources of their vast estates for the benefit of humanity and the improvement of the country; and who knew whether there might not be other widows who might not in the same way employ their means for the benefit of their neighbours or their countrymen?

Then he was answered in Select Committee that if, under the law, a widow had an absolute right to the profits which her husband had bequeathed to her under a will, she could assert her right in a court of justice. But he would ask, why should the legislature step in and sanction a course of action by the Court of Wards which tended to defeat a right which the widow possessed under the ordinary law of the land?

He thought it would be admitted that it did not behove a great and powerful Government like ours to drive helpless widows to litigation for the assertion of their lawful and just rights. Just consider the position of the widow with life interest in an estate under the Court of Wards. In the *first* place, the Court of Wards took over the management of the estate, and the widow was deprived of all resources to carry on litigation; in the *second* place, if she were to sue, she must sue through the Court of Wards, because she had become a ward; and *thirdly*, when the suit was decided, when her right was admitted, who, after all, had to pay the expenses of litigation? It was the estate, or, in other words, it was the widow; for during her life she was the legitimate owner of the profits of the estate. From whatever point of view the question was looked at, it would be seen that it would be but bare justice that the Court of Wards should give to the widow what legitimately belonged to her under the will of her husband. He did not say that they should in any way remove the hands of the Court of Wards from the management and improvement of the estate, because the widow had only a life interest in it. Let all legitimate expenses be deducted from the proceeds of the estate, and whatever balance was left, let it be made over to her who had the greatest claim to it.

A notable case occurred lately in Chittagong, and made some noise at the time. It was the well-known case of Nyantara. He found, from a resolution of the Government in 1874, that this Chittagong case came under the management of the Court of Wards in 1873. It appeared that, under a will executed by the husband of Nyantara, she was left the entire profits of the estate during her life. The Board of Revenue in their report wrote as follows:—

“On the death of the late Baboo Grish Chunder Rai, one of the richest zemindars in the district of Chittagong, his estate devolved by a will upon his wife, Srimati Nyantara. Shortly after her succession to the property, the Collector having learnt that the people about her were mismanaging the estate and taking advantage of her incompetency, deputed a Deputy Collector to inquire into the matter and report. The Deputy Collector reported her to be incompetent to manage her property; it was therefore first attached early in 1873, and was subsequently brought under the Court's management under Act IV (B.C.) of 1870. The ward is 27 years old.”

The Hon'ble Mr. REYNOLDS said he hoped the Council would not accept this amendment, as its acceptance would be tantamount to an abdication by the Court of Wards of its proper duties and functions. The hon'ble member had cited the cases of certain ladies whom every one would admit to be ornaments to their sex and their country, and who had managed their estates with exceptional ability. Mr. REYNOLDS would be the last person to deny that many ladies had shown themselves excellent managers of property; but he must point out that the estates of such ladies would not come under the operation of this Bill. A woman, as such, was not disqualified for the management of her estate; she was only disqualified if she was found incompetent to manage her affairs, and there appeared to him to be some inconsistency in declaring a lady incompetent to manage her property, and then giving to her the disposal of the whole surplus proceeds of her estate.

The amendment of the hon'ble member applied to all widows without exception or qualification, so long as they possessed a life interest. But the widow might be a mere child, quite unfit to have the disposal of large sums of money. He was not putting a merely hypothetical case, but was referring to an instance which fell within his own experience as a Collector. It had become his duty on one occasion to take charge of an estate under circumstances to which the amendment of the hon'ble member would have exactly applied.

The proprietor was a widow of the mature age of eleven years; she had a life interest in the estate under her husband's will, and the income of the property was about Rs. 40,000 a year. In that part of the country the incidence of the Government revenue was very light, the estate was not encumbered with debt, and the expenses of management were not large. As far as he recollected, the surplus income was about Rs. 2,000 a month. He thought it could not seriously be contended that such an income as this ought to have been handed over to this young lady, whose only notion of the value of money probably was that money was an useful medium of exchange for toys and sweetmeats.

But there was another consideration against the adoption of this amendment. The widow, whose property was under the management of the Court of Wards, would have a son, either natural or adopted, to whom the estate would descend on her death. But, under section 4 of the Bill, this son would also be a ward of the Court, and the Court was bound to administer the estate in his interest, as well as in that of the widow.

But if the amendment of the hon'ble member were carried, if the whole surplus might be spent, he would not say at the discretion, but at the caprice, of a weak and incompetent female, it might reasonably be expected that no improvements would be made; that no money would be invested; and that the estate would descend to the heir in an impaired and impoverished condition. That, he thought, was precisely the state of things which it was the duty of the Court of Wards to prevent. And he must confess to a feeling of some surprise at finding the hon'ble member at one moment so chary of the surplus, that he would not allow the Collector and the Commissioner to spend more than five per cent. of it, and the next moment so liberal with it, that he was prepared to hand the whole of it over to a person who would not be qualified to spend it wisely or well.

He appealed to the Council not to nullify the Bill by accepting this amendment. Let the widow have an adequate provision, let her even have an ample and liberal allowance; but in the interests of the estate, and of those who would inherit it after her, do not give her unrestricted power to deal as she pleased with the whole surplus income.

The HON'BLE MR. BELL said, as a member of the Select Committee, he wished to make one or two observations on this amendment. The Committee to whom the Bill was first referred unanimously adopted the amendment now proposed. Of that Committee his hon'ble and learned friend the Advocate-General was a member. On the Bill being referred back to the Select Committee, his hon'ble friend opposite (Baboo Kristodas Pal) and himself were the only two members of the former Committee who were present on the day when this question was again discussed, and the consequence was that they were outvoted on a proposition which had in the first instance been unanimously adopted.

It seemed to him that the question was one which did not admit of any argument whatever. Take the case of two brothers—one having an income of a lakh of rupees from land; the other an income of a lakh of rupees from Government paper. Both of them die, and both leave wills in favor of their widows. The one leaves his widow a life income of a lakh of rupees from land; the other an income of a lakh of rupees from Government paper. The property from which the income is produced being in the one case land, the Collector takes charge of it, on the ground that the widow is not competent to manage the property; the other lady, whose income is derived from Government paper, cannot be interfered with, unless the civil court pronounces her insane. But the object of the Court of Wards' Act was simply to protect the property of incompetent females, and not to deprive them of the income of the property to which they were entitled under their husbands' will. The Court of Wards' Act was originally passed in 1793, and the reason for taking charge of the estates of minors and incapacitated persons was that the Government revenue might be paid, and the estate might be preserved in the family of the proprietors. But there was no reason why, because the Court of Wards took charge of an estate to see that the revenue was paid and that the estate was properly maintained, they should not pay the income to the person who was legitimately entitled to it. His hon'ble friend on the right (Mr. Reynolds) had instanced a case from

Mymensingh, where a large property was left by will to a female minor and the Court took charge of the estate, and he asked whether the Court ought, under these circumstances, to pay the whole income of the estate to the minor. But the Court in that case would take charge of the estate, not because the proprietor was a female, but because she was a minor. But when a Hindoo lady was entitled to a particular income, she could not by law be deprived of that income, simply because the Court of Wards might consider that, owing to the particular circumstances of the property, she was not fit to be trusted with its management. Mr. BELL did not base his contention on the instances put forward by his hon'ble friend the mover of the amendment. That case might be explained by the fact that the lady had adopted a son, and hon'ble members were aware that by Hindoo law the moment a widow adopted a son the estate passed into the hands of the son, and therefore it was possible that the lady in that case lost the estate owing to the adoption.

Mr. BELL supported the motion, simply on the broad ground of justice. If an estate was left to a lady for life, she was entitled to the income from it, and he could not conceive how she could be deprived of it. But if it was regarded as a mere matter of expediency whether the yearly income should be paid to the widow, to be expended in those acts of charity and religious observance to which the Hindoo religion attached so great importance, or should be accumulated in the treasury of the Collector, to be squandered by the next heir, he for one would undoubtedly prefer to see the money paid to the widow. But it seemed to him to be not a question of expediency, but a matter of simple justice. The income was the widow's, and he submitted that she ought to have it, and he should therefore support the amendment.

The HON'BLE Mr. SCHALCH said the addition which was proposed was approved by the Select Committee, but was afterwards omitted at a second meeting. It had not yet been proved whether their insertion was necessary or not, as it would be in the power of a widow to obtain the order of a court that she had a right to the whole of the profits, and she would then receive the whole amount. We therefore left that question to be settled by a law court, and did not think ourselves justified in making any provision in the Bill.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT thought that the discussion had somewhat wandered from the subject. A great deal had been said about the law and justice of the case, and it was argued that because the widow took under a will, therefore we were bound to pay over to her the whole of the profits. There was no single remark which had been made with reference to a widow which would not apply with equal justice and force to the case of any other minor. The estate of a widow did not come under the management of the Court of Wards because she was a female, but because she was an incompetent female; therefore, the ground for dealing with her was capability or otherwise of acting in the management of the estate. The Court of Wards could only interfere if the woman was incapable of managing her own affairs. Her case was no more affected by the form in which the property was left than in the case of estates of male minors. As the amendment now stood, he gathered that it would apply not only to persons who were disqualified, but to persons under age; therefore, the result would be, if the amendment were adopted in its present form, that even where the widow was a minor, it would be necessary to pay over to her the whole of the profits of the estate. He must say that he was not prepared to admit that that was a proper discharge by the Government of its position as trustee of wards' estates.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL observed that as long as the widow was a minor she could not receive the surplus profits, because, as a minor, the Court would administer the estate and carry the surplus to the Credit of the estate. She could not obviously claim to spend the profits during nonage. But after she had attained her majority, though she might not be competent to manage the estate, she would certainly be competent to enjoy the profits. In the case put by his hon'ble friend Mr. Bell, the position of the two widows was identical: the one was left the income derived from landed property, and the other the interest of Government securities; and BABOO KRISTODAS PAL did not see why the widow, to whom were left the rents and profits of an estate,

should be deprived of what was bequeathed to her by her husband's will, merely because she was considered incapable of managing the estate.

The Council then divided:—

<i>Ayes - 5.</i>		<i>Noes - 5.</i>	
The Hon'ble Nawab Meer Mahomed Ali.		The Hon'ble Mr. Brown.	
" " Baboo Kristodas Pal.		" " Baboo Ram Shunker Sen.	
" " Isser Chunder Mitter.		" " Mr. Reynolds.	
" " Mr. Ravenshaw.		" " " Schalh.	
" " " Bell.		His Honor the President.	

The numbers being equal, the President gave his casting vote with the *Noes*.

So the motion was negatived.

The HON'BLE BABOO ISSER CHUNDER MITTER moved the addition to section 50 of the following words:—

"And, subject to the approval of the Board, in payment of such charitable and other allowances as were paid out of the proceeds of the estate before it came under the management of the Court, or such allowances or donations as the Court may authorize to be paid."

He said that, as a matter of fact, expenditure not provided for in sections 50 and 70 was actually incurred. There was no provision for the usual ceremonies and performances which were ordinarily observed in native society. In the Gobardanga estate the late proprietor had founded charitable dispensaries and schools, and they had continued to be maintained under the management of the Court of Wards. Then, in many cases Koolins married into Hindoo families and were oftentimes supported by the head of the family. Then there were charities which ought to be maintained. These charities were referred to in the last resolution in reference to the Court of Wards' estates. There was an instance lately of a marriage in the family of the religious preceptor of a minor, and it was the custom of the family to give presents on such occasions. Such expenditure as these was not provided for under the Act. Section 86 provided that the Collector was personally liable to be sued by a ward on attaining his majority for any acts done without authority. Now, if such expenditure, which was incurred as a matter of fact, was not legal, the Collector made himself responsible to be sued hereafter. The object of this amendment was to legalize such customary expenditure.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL enquired whether the amendment would include expenditure on account of charities connected with religion. In the Paikpara estate for instance these charities had existed for generations, and it was very desirable that they should be continued. He would also suggest that allowances for these purposes should be paid out of the ten per cent. fund. If legal sanction were given to expenditure for charitable purposes without any limit, he did not know to what extent the income might be diverted to such purposes. It was therefore of the utmost importance that there should be some limit to expenditure of this description, and he thought that the ten per cent. fund for improvements should also cover the allowances contemplated by the amendment of the hon'ble member. He would move the addition to the amendment of the following words:—

"and that such allowances and donations shall be paid out of the ten per cent. fund provided for in section 53."

The HON'BLE MR. BELL objected to the allowances being paid out of the ten per cent. fund. The whole of the fund might be absorbed in these charitable allowances, and nothing would then be left for improvements.

The motion as amended was then put and negatived.

The HON'BLE NAWAB MEER MAHOMED ALI moved the omission from section 60 of the words from "provided also" down to "eligible," and the substitution for them of the following words:—

"and that none but a person of the Mahomedan religion shall, except in the case of a testamentary guardian, be appointed guardian of a Mahomedan ward."

"Provided also that none but a person of the Hindoo religion shall, except in the case of a testamentary guardian, be appointed guardian of a female Hindoo ward, preference being given to female relatives if any such be eligible."

He said that this section appeared to be in conflict with the doctrines of the Mahomedan religion. Under the Mahomedan law no one could be appointed the guardian of a ward except a person of the same religion. In this section it was only provided that the guardians of the female ward should be of the same religion as the ward, and we proposed to extend that principle to the case of male wards also. Hitherto he had never seen an instance of a guardian of any other religion having been appointed to a ward of the Mahomedan religion.

The motion was agreed to.

The HON'BLE BABOO ISSER CHUNDER MITTER moved the omission from section 72 of the words "and for the default in payment of the revenue of which the ward's share may, under the provisions of Act XI of 1859, be liable to sale," and the substitution for them of the words "and which in the interest of the ward it may be deemed proper to acquire." The object of this amendment was to provide for the purchase of a co-sharer's property whenever it was considered desirable to do so in the interest of the ward.

The motion was agreed to.

The HON'BLE NAWAB MEER MAHOMED ALI said that, according to the general Limitation Act, twelve years were allowed for the institution of suits relating to immoveable property, and three years in the case of moveable property; whereas, under section 84, only one year had been allowed for the institution of claims to wards' estates. He thought that, instead of selling such an estate after the expiration of one year from the death of a ward, arrangements might be made for its management until the determination of the right to the property in dispute. He would therefore move the substitution of the following for section 84:—

"If no suit be instituted within one year after the death of the ward to determine the right to the property in dispute, and the Court of Wards do not think fit to continue the charge and the management of the property, the Court of Wards may apply to the District Judge to issue notices of claimants, and the District Judge, on receipt of such application, shall give the said claimants notice to appear before him, and shall decide summarily to whom the Court is to make over the property."

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said he did not agree in the propriety of making a provision of this kind. He thought that if a claimant had any right to the property, he should come forward and institute a suit. A summary procedure for the determination of such claims would not be advisable. The Court of Wards had power to make over the property to any claimant, subject to the sanction of the Board. A dissatisfied claimant had a right of appeal to the Board of Revenue; whereas, under the amendment, the claimant must be satisfied with the summary jurisdiction of the District Judge. As far as he was aware, the discretion left to the Court of Wards had not been abused. For his own part, he did think that the power to sell the property ought to be restricted. He thought that in no instance should the landed property be sold without the consent of the parties concerned. If the Court of Wards did not wish to keep the estate in charge, and desired to relieve itself of its management, it could, under the authority of the law, make over the property to any claimant it thought fit; but to sell the property because it might not be satisfied with the claim of the claimant was not, he thought, just. He should observe that this as well as other points suggested by the examination of the existing Act were not taken into consideration, because it was an instruction to the Select Committee that they should confine their attention to those points only which had been referred to them. He thought that those who had given their attention to the existing law would agree with Mr. Justice Markby, who remarked in one of his lectures on Indian Law that "one could not help being surprised at the want of precision in the language of this Act."

The HON'BLE MR. BELL said that perhaps it would be more convenient that the consideration of this section should stand over. If the amendment was adopted, it would very seriously conflict with an Act passed last session, in which the Council provided for summary inquiry into cases of disputed succession. It seemed a startling provision that the Court of Wards should have power to sell an estate; but he believed the power had never been exercised.

The further consideration of the section and of the Bill was postponed.

PROVINCIAL PUBLIC WORKS CESS.

THE HON'BLE MR. REYNOLDS moved for leave to bring in a Bill to provide for the levy of a rate for the construction and maintenance of provincial public works in Bengal. He said the financial statement which was made in the Council of the Governor-General on the 15th March, and the debate which subsequently followed, would have prepared the Council for some such measure as he had the honor to bring forward to-day. The Government of India had determined to develop still further the system of provincial finance established in 1871, and to make over to the management of the local Governments several departments of revenue which had hitherto been under the control of the Government of India. This transfer, as far as it related to departments which came under the head of what was termed ordinary budget expenditure, would not in itself require any increased taxation. The Government of Bengal had accepted a reduction of Rs. 5,90,000 from the existing grant. But it was anticipated that this sum would be made up by greater economy of administration, and by the natural growth of some of the branches of revenue which had been transferred, more particularly the great departments of Excise and Stamps.

But concurrently with this, it had been determined to render the local Governments responsible for the cost and management of extraordinary public works—that was to say, such public works as railways and works of irrigation—which had been constructed with borrowed money and had not been paid for out of the revenues of the year. These works were the three great irrigation canals on the Soane, in Orissa, and at Midnapore, and the State railways of Port Canning, Nulhattee, Northern Bengal, and Tirhoot. These works were of the greatest provincial utility, but they were at present carried on a financial loss. The working expenses on the canals exceeded the revenue at present realized by about one and a half lakhs, without taking into consideration the charges for interest, and though the traffic receipts from the railways were considerably in excess of the working expenses, they fell very short of the charges for the working expenses and the interest together. It should be explained that the Government of India did not propose to render this Government responsible for any accumulated arrears of interest on account of past years. The Government of Bengal would take over the works as they stood, and would be responsible for the payment of simple interest on the capital outlay up to date, and for the provision necessary for future working expenses.

Calculated upon this basis according to the figures which had been furnished, and which might be subject to modifications, the charge for interest upon irrigation works amounted to Rs. 20,69,000, and the working expenses exceeded the receipts by about Rs. 1,50,000, making a total charge of Rs. 22,19,000 on account of canals. The charge for interest on account of State railways was Rs. 8,21,000, and the net earnings, or the amount of traffic receipts in excess of the working expenses, was Rs. 2,93,000, reducing the total charge to Rs. 5,28,000. Taking the two heads of irrigation and railways together, the sum for which the Government was responsible amounted to Rs. 27,47,000.

It must be evident to hon'ble members that it was not possible by any reduction of expenditure, or by any normal growth of the present resources of revenue, to provide for a liability of this amount, and that it was necessary to take special measures for raising additional revenue. It might be added that even the sum he had mentioned hardly represented the entire liability; for provision must be made for the completion and extension of these works which were still unfinished, and for such new works as might be necessary in Bengal. And, moreover, it would not be prudent for the Government to calculate its ways and means on a scale which would leave just an equilibrium between income and expenditure, and would barely avoid a deficit at the end of the year. It was necessary for the Government of Bengal to do something more than this, and to have a surplus and a reserve fund in hand. It had been laid down by the Government of India that it was necessary to introduce a system of provincial and local responsibility for the provision of local relief in the event of a famine. It was true that Bengal was happily less liable to the

contingency of famine than other parts of India; but the two great calamities which had befallen these provinces within the last twelve years must have shown that the contingency of famine was one which we could not afford altogether to overlook. He believed hon'ble members were aware that in the famine of 1874 the Government of India, besides the direct expenditure which it incurred in the purchase and transport of grain, contributed about a hundred and eighty lakhs towards relief works in the distressed districts. Under the policy which had now been declared, we could not expect such assistance in future, and we should be called upon to meet local requirements from local resources. He thought he was within the mark when he said that it was necessary for the local Government to raise from Rs. 30,00,000 to Rs. 35,00,000 in excess of its present receipts, and this could be done only by additional taxation.

It was then to be considered how far, and by what means, it might be possible to do this. Perhaps it might be thought of little use first to show that taxation was inevitable, and then to consider how far it might be possible. But he believed, he was justified in saying that the local Government would not have consented to accept this financial responsibility, if it had not been satisfied that the necessary funds could be raised without unduly adding to the burdens of the people. He did not know whether it had been sufficiently taken into consideration that the people of Bengal were perhaps at present the most lightly taxed people of any country in the civilized world. Almost the only tax which the masses of the people were called upon to pay was the salt tax. In one sense no doubt this was a high tax—that was to say, the amount of the tax bore a large proportion to the cost of production of the article taxed. But that it was not felt as a burden by the people was shown by the fact that the consumption in these provinces was fully sufficient for all the requirements of necessities and health. The consumption of salt in these provinces was about ten pounds per head of the population per annum, and it was doubtful whether the consumption would be much larger than this if salt was not taxed at all. The salt tax then, even as it stood at present, was no oppressive burden, and the Government of India had expressed their intention of reducing the tax as soon as it was possible to do so. Amongst the other customs duties, the only tax largely paid by the people of Bengal was the duty upon imported cotton goods, and he need not remind hon'ble members that it was the declared policy of the Government of India to remove this tax as soon as financial considerations would allow of its abolition. The revenue from excise yielded in these provinces a sum of about Rs. 62,00,000 among a population of sixty-two millions; it was a revenue to which no one need contribute unless he liked; and, on the whole, the sum amounted to one rupee per annum to every ten of the population. The revenue derived from stamps yielded about Rs. 90,00,000, the greater part of which was derived from court fees, which the people could to a great extent avoid if they pleased, and after all the stamp revenue was only about from two to two-and-a-half annas per head of the population. Direct taxation did not exist in Bengal. The present road cess could not be looked upon as a tax; it was assessed by the people, administered by the people; and expended by the people. It was nothing more than a scheme by which legislative recognition had been given to an arrangement for allowing the inhabitants of a district to expend a part of their surplus wealth in the improvement of their own property. The financial burdens of the country being so light as they were, he did not think any apprehension need be felt that there would be an excessive strain on our resources by raising such a sum as Rs. 30,00,000 or 35,00,000 from so great and opulent a province as Bengal.

The statement of the Financial Member of Council, while recognizing the necessity for additional taxation, indicated two main principles which the Government of India desired to see maintained in any measures which might be brought forward. The first of these principles was that recourse should be had to the extension and expansion of the present means of raising money rather than to new and unfamiliar forms of taxation; the second was that the cost of the works should, as far as possible, be recovered from the persons who primarily benefited by them. In the two measures which would be proposed to the Council to-day, it had been the object of the Government to recognize and maintain these

two principles. The second of these principles had more relation to the Bill which stood in the notice paper in the name of his hon'ble colleague Mr. Ravenshaw. The Bill which he (MR. REYNOLDS) was now asking for leave to introduce was founded on a system which was already in force, and which was understood and appreciated by the people.

It was proposed to make the road cess valuations the basis of a new additional assessment, the proceeds of which would be devoted to the construction and maintenance of provincial public works. The rate of the cess would be fixed by the local Government from time to time for each district, but it would never exceed the rate of half an anna in the rupee, and half of it would be paid, as the road cess was at present paid, by the ryot, and the other half by the zemindar. The time and the manner of making payments would be the same as under the existing Road Cess Act. The proceeds would be paid into the public treasury, and would be devoted to the construction and maintenance of these works. It appeared to MR. REYNOLDS that some measure of this kind was better suited perhaps than any other which could be devised for meeting the necessity which we were now called upon to face. The incidence of this tax upon individuals would be light, because the tax would be distributed over a large area. Every one would know with certainty how much he would be required to pay, and there would be no inquisition into the profits or income of any one. And even if the tax was fixed at the highest rate which would be authorized by law, a ryot who paid a rental of Rs. 64 per annum would only be required to contribute one rupee towards this cess, and this was a sum which such a ryot might reasonably be expected to be able to afford without any difficulty or distress.

He did not propose to go into any further details at present. The Bill had been drafted and would be placed in the hands of members in a day or two; and if leave was now given to bring it in, he proposed to move on Saturday next that the Bill be read in Council and referred to a Select Committee.

The motion was agreed to.

RATE UPON IRRIGATED LANDS.

THE HON'BLE MR. RAVENSHAW moved for leave to bring in a Bill to provide for the levy of a rate upon irrigated lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal. He said that the hon'ble member to the right had given a fair and able exposition of the position of the Government at the present time, and it was perhaps unnecessary that he should add much.

Under the late decision of the Government of India to enforce provincial responsibility for the financial results of public works constructed at the public expense for local and provincial purposes, the sum due to the Government of India from the province of Bengal had been estimated at Rs. 27,47,000. Of this amount, Rs. 22,19,000 was due for canals and irrigation works as representing the net working expenses plus charges for interest. The gross revenue derived from water-rates and other direct returns had, under the existing system of voluntary leasing, been estimated at Rs. 4,25,000 only for the year 1877-78—a sum which did not cover working expenses.

We had three great canal schemes in more or less active prosecution. These canals commanded an irrigable area of 690,000 acres, and it was expected that with vigorous prosecution of the works the irrigable area would annually increase, and in five years would have reached 1,121,000 acres. Of the 690,000 acres now irrigable, an insignificant proportion had so far been leased under the existing voluntary system, and there was no immediate prospect of these costly and necessary works yielding an adequate return. Drought and flood recurred periodically, and every year disclosed more and more the vital necessity for vigorous prosecution of canal and irrigation works, which were to India as arteries of trade and communication and veins which nourished the thirsty soil. He had personal experience in Orissa, extending over many years, of the frightful misery and loss caused by famine and flood; but he regretted to say that, notwithstanding the dire misfortunes and sufferings the people had sustained, they were still very backward in availing themselves of irrigation, even when the water was brought to their door.

Similar difficulty had been experienced on the Midnapore and Soane canals.

This backwardness in leasing for water, and the urgency of financial considerations, rendered it immediately necessary to move in the direction of helping the people to help themselves. Irrigation, drainage, and protection from flood must go hand in hand, and any measure it may now be necessary to propose would involve provision of these three advantages in exchange for a moderate, but compulsory, payment. In proposing to levy a compulsory rate, we should be giving the people more than an equivalent for any payment exacted.

The most recent inquiry, made with great care in Orissa last season, showed that the average value of rice raised on an acre of irrigated land exceeded the value of rice raised on an acre of similar unirrigated land by Rs. 3-3 per acre. This was wholly due to irrigation, and these results were obtained in a season of favourable rainfall.

The Bill he now asked permission to bring in might be correctly indicated as likely to afford security and profit to every landlord and cultivator within the irrigated tracts to which the Bill would apply. In fact it was proposed to give to each person holding irrigable land a value of Rs. 3-3 per acre, and to insist on a moderate proportion of this value being contributed as an insurance rate to enable Government to continue to afford protection from drought, flood, or famine in the future.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said, I think it will be expected perhaps that I should say something in respect of these measures which are now before the Council, and for the introduction of which leave has been asked. It has been explained by the Hon'ble Mr. Reynolds that we have been compelled to ask you to assist us in raising a considerable sum of money in order to give effect to the measures which we have been directed to carry out by the Government of India. The Government of India have given to the Provincial Government a very considerable amount of freedom in the future in the management of its own affairs; but it has also, as the hon'ble gentleman has explained, thrown upon us the responsibility of raising the money necessary to meet the interest upon the works already constructed, and about to be constructed, and to carry out such further works of improvement as the Provincial Government may consider necessary.

As has been pointed out by my hon'ble friend, in doing this the Government of India has not charged us, as it might have done, if it could be shown that the works were immediately remunerative, with the accumulated interest upon the capital of these works. It has wiped that off, and has allowed us to start fair with the works as they stand, and has merely imposed upon us the responsibility of paying the current interest which may arise year by year.

There is no use in our discussing the correctness of the principles by which the Government of India has been guided in this matter, because the thing has been done, and cannot be undone by anything we can say in this Council. For my own part, I must say that however painful and disagreeable it may be to me to commence my administration of these provinces by imposing further taxation, I, for my part, personally feel that the principles of the Government of India are correct in the abstract. Indeed their application would have fallen upon us very lightly, if it had not been for the accident that we are clogged at starting by those two great schemes—the Orissa and Midnapore schemes—which have been taken over by the Government of India from a private company. No doubt, as my hon'ble friend Mr. Ravenshaw has stated, the Orissa Canals have already done an enormous amount of good to immense tracts of country. They have brought into cultivation large areas of land which were hitherto arid plains; and where the water has been used, these plains have been converted into gardens. But the people, though they have seen the benefit derived by their neighbours from using the water, have not yet learned by their experience, and they abstain from using the water up to the very last moment that it is possible to do so, and until they are pressed by real drought bearing upon them. But we are compelled to be ready for them, and keep up the works and establishments, and to be prepared at the very last moment to supply the water which the people demand. This being so, it is only reasonable that the Government should call upon the people to contribute towards the expenses of the establishments, and to make provision for keeping up these works.

I have spoken on the subject to many experienced revenue officers and native gentlemen, and I have found that they all concur in thinking that the principle of levying a moderate compulsory water-rate is a reasonable and proper one, and it is one to which the people, although of course they would object to any form of taxation, will not raise any substantial objection. I cannot make them pay the whole cost of the work because, as I have said, the expenditure has been extravagant and wasteful; but I must levy all I can from them, and the balance required to meet the interest on the capital locked up in these works, as well as the interest on new railways which have not yet commenced to pay, and the first charge on the new cheap railways which we have to construct, and this I hope, as explained by the Hon'ble Mr. Reynolds, to meet by a general provincial public works cess, which I trust will cover the deficit and provide us with a small margin of reserve which will keep us out of difficulties, and, as to past expenditure, enable us to press on the work of providing such cheap railways as will confer the greatest possible benefit to the province. I shall take care in future that no capital is expended on railways and irrigation works without the most positive and conclusive evidence that they will yield the interest on the capital which is being expended on them. But it must be remembered that we must always have some money in hand to pay for the construction of new works, and we must keep a working margin in hand; therefore it will not do to cut down the amount we are to raise to the bare sum which will be required for the interest on the works which are already completed.

The road cess has now been tried, and has worked well and unoppressively; it has been collected without difficulty, and almost, I must say, without any complaint, as far as I have heard. Therefore I think, even if it is considered that there are forms of taxation which are preferable and theoretically open to less objection, it is better to apply the road cess machinery to our purpose and choose the evils which we do know, rather than plunge into evils that we do not know, on the mere chance that they may turn out to be better able to be borne than those from which we now suffer. I think it is better to endeavour to raise our taxation by a rough process which requires no fresh expenditure whatever on extensive establishments, than by a more carefully adjusted system of taxation, involving large assessing and collecting establishments and constant interference with the people. Let us raise what we require to raise this year, at all events, by the development of a form of taxation which is now in operation. We are much pressed for time and have not leisure now to commence discussions on the general principles of taxation, but during the year we shall have time to consider whether any other mode of taxation can be substituted for a portion of the cess which shall reach the trading classes. There seems to be a very general opinion that something should be done to put a tax upon the trading classes. I am not in a position now to propose any tax of this sort; but I do quite concur in the view that if it can be done it should be done. I have therefore consulted the Commissioners of Divisions as to whether any such tax can be imposed in Bengal as the license tax which has been passed for the North-Western Provinces; and if we wait, we shall by this time next year have the benefit of the experience of the working of that tax in the North-Western Provinces, and then we can consider whether we can shift any portion of the burden of our present taxation upon any other classes than those on which it now falls.

I expect to be met with the objection that I am imposing the whole cost of carrying out these works upon one particular class, viz. the class interested in the land. But I am sure that no one will deny that it is the land which has benefited more by these works than any other branch of national wealth; nothing has improved so much during my residence in India as the position of the cultivating classes, and nowhere has the position of these classes so much improved as in the neighbourhood of railways and canals which have been constructed, or in those parts of the eastern districts where Nature has provided water communication which has brought the people within easy reach of the large markets. I think there is no reason why those who have profited by these benefits, whether they are natural or artificial, should not be called upon to contribute something out of their accumulating wealth to

the assistance of their brethren in the outlying districts who are now shut out from all markets, and who do not enjoy the same advantages as themselves.

There is one point in respect of which I admit the cess is deficient. It throws upon landlords the duty of collecting the rate, while they have not such facilities as they should have for the ready and prompt realization of their rent and the Government cesses. This difficulty had already attracted the attention of my predecessor Sir Richard Temple, and just before he left Bengal, he recorded a Minute expressing his intention of at once applying for the sanction of the Government of India to pass a short Bill to provide a system for the realization of rent in a somewhat more summary and prompt process than that which now exists. I shall give the subject my best attention, and I may say that I am already in communication with the officers subordinate to me, and I hope it will not be long before I shall be in a position to ask the Council, with the permission of the Government of India, to pass a Bill of this sort. I think that with that Bill the objection of the landlord classes will disappear. I can only add my hope that, having regard to the difficulties of the position in which I am placed, I shall have the cordial support of the Council in passing these measures, even if they do not think them absolutely perfect. The financial year begins to-morrow, and with it commences all our difficulties and responsibilities, which I must ask you to put me in a position to meet.

The motion was agreed to.

The Council was adjourned to Saturday, the 7th April.

RETURNS OF JOINT STOCK COMPANIES FOR THE YEAR 1876.

No. 1318, dated Calcutta, the 20th March 1877.

From—J. A. BOURDILLON, Esq., Offg. Inspector-General of Registration,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Judicial Department.

I HAVE the honor to forward, for the information of Government and for publication in the *Gazette*, the returns noted in the margin for the year 1876, submitted by the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

1. Return of Companies registered in 1876.
2. " " which increased their capital in 1876.
3. " " wound up in 1876.
4. " " borne on the register at the close of 1876.

2. Return 1 shews that 19 new companies were registered during the year, with an aggregate capital of Rs. 31,67,000; while return 2 exhibits six companies only which increased their capital by Rs. 5,36,000. Return 3 shews that three companies, with an aggregate capital of Rs. 14,60,000, were wound up in last year. In addition to them four other companies were written off as defunct, two having been voluntarily wound up under section 145, clauses 1 and 2, and a third, the Corinthian Theatre Company, having been wound up by order of the High Court, under section 101 of Act X of 1866. The fourth ceased to exist under the operations of the law, clause 3, section 101 of Act X of 1866, without any reference to the court, inasmuch as, under section 6 of the Act, no company which has not seven members is competent to carry on business.

3. The following abstract of the existing companies, classified under the headings of manufactures, commerce, and trade, may not be uninteresting:—

Manufactures.			Commerce.			Trade.		
Tea	...	78	Banking	...	10	Hotels	...	3
Jute	...	7	Navigation	...	3	Printing Press	...	1
Jute Screw	...	8	Docking	...	2	Druggists	...	3
Coal	...	5	Labor Transport	...	1	Theatres	...	1
Cotton	...	3				Tug	...	3
Indigo	...	1	Total	...	16	General Dealers	...	11
Stone	...	1						
Iron	...	1				Total	...	22
Agricultural	...	2						
Total	...	106				Grand Total	...	144

4. The receipts of the Registrar's Office during the year 1876 amounted to Rs. 3,442, against Rs. 4,706 in the previous year.

5. There was no necessity for instituting prosecutions during the year under report except in two cases, in which the papers were immediately supplied after application for summons had been made.

No. 1—1876.

Statement shewing Joint Stock Companies registered during 1876.

No.	Names of Companies.	Date of registration.	Amount of nominal capital in
			Rs.
1	Ranchi Lac Company, Limited	4th Jan. ...	1,60,000
2	Panbarec and Koor Kooriah Tea Company, Limited	14th Jan. ...	1,50,000
3	North-Western Oachar Tea Company, Limited	25th Jan. ...	2,30,000
4	Rungli Rungliot Tea Company, Limited	21st Feb. ...	1,12,000
5	Bengal Native Joint Stock Company, Limited	18th March.	10,000
6	Jessore Loan Company, Limited	12th April...	20,000
7	Gourypore Company, Limited	12th April...	12,00,000
8	The Bengal Chemical Works, Limited	24th June ...	50,000
9	Sahar Serpur Loan Office, Limited	26th June ...	20,000
10	Jamalpore Trading Company, Limited	26th June ...	50,000
11	Narayangan Trading Company, Limited	26th June ...	20,000
12	Rajmihal Stone Company, Limited	30th June ...	2,50,000
13	Amluckee Tea Company, Limited	25th July ...	3,75,000
14	Moonjigunge Loan Office, Limited	29th July ...	20,000
15	Mymensingh Great Eastern Bengal Exchange Company, Limited.	23rd Aug. ...	20,000
16	Deshia Basha Babsayi Company, Limited	28th Aug. ...	10,000
17	Cachar Native Joint Stock Company, Limited	31st Aug. ...	1,00,000
18	Joseph and Sons, Limited	7th Sept. ...	20,000
19	Teesta Valley Tea Company, Limited	20th Nov. ...	3,50,000
			31,67,000

No. 2—1876.

Statement of Joint Stock Companies which increased Capital during 1876.

No.	DATE OF ORIGINAL REGISTRATION WITH CAPITAL.		Names of Companies.	Amount of increased capital.
	Date.	Capital.		
				Rs.
1	27-1-76	3,00,000	Nasmyth's Patent Press Company, Limited ...	30,000
2	8-2-76	2,50,000	River and Coasting Steam Navigation Company, Limited.	1,00,000
3	18-2-76	1,44,000	Mim Tea Company, Limited ...	16,000
4	9-5-76	2,30,000	Jokai (Assam) Tea Company, Limited ...	70,000
5	8-7-76	20,000	Mymensingh Loan Office, Limited ...	80,000
6	11-8-76	6,00,000	Ranigunge Coal Association, Limited...	3,00,000
			Total ...	5,36,000

No. 3—1876.

Statement showing Joint Stock Companies Wound up or otherwise Defunct during 1876.

No. of this list.	Date of original registration.	Names of Companies.	Date on which notice was filed.	Nominal capital.
		<i>Wound up.</i>		Rs.
1	22-7-74	Corinthian Theatre Company, Limited, under High Court orders dated 3rd February 1876	9th Feb. ...	1,00,000
2	11-12-62	Gourypore Company, Limited ...	12th April...	12,00,000
3	4-1-76	Ranchi Lac Company, Limited ...	2nd Dec.,...	1,60,000
		Total ...	...	1,460,000
		<i>Defunct.</i>		
1	2-11-72	Assensole Trading and Building Company, Limited.	Written off as defunct under orders of the Inspector-General—s & c his letter No. dated	50,000
2	3-4-73	United Tea Planters' Tea Company, Limited		6,000
3	24-11-74	Behar Commercial Association, Limited ...		2,00,000
	4-12-74	Indian Statesman Company, Limited ...		1,00,000
		Total ...	.....	3,56,000
		Grand Total ...	.....	18,16,000

No. 4—1876.

List of Companies existing on the 31st December 1876.

No.	Names of Companies.	Nominal capital.
		Rs.
1	Arcuttipore Tea Company, Limited ...	3,00,000
2	Adulpore Terai Tea Company, Limited ...	1,10,000
3	Assensole East Indian Railway Co-operative Society, Limited ...	7,500
4	Amicable Tea Company, Limited ...	3,00,000
5	Agricultural Phosphate Company, Limited ...	1,00,000
6	Asiatic Jute Company, Limited ...	4,00,000
7	Amluckee Tea Company, Limited ...	8,75,000
8	Bengal Coal Company, Limited ...	22,00,000
9	Bengal Uncovenanted Service Medical Hall Association, Limited	50,000
10	Bengal Tea Company, Limited ...	10,00,000
11	Balasum Tea Company, Limited ...	2,00,000
12	Bighnath Tea Company, Limited ...	11,00,000
13	Burmah Steam Tug Company, Limited ...	2,00,000

No.	Names of Companies.	Nominal capital.
		Rs.
14	Bowreah Cotton Mills Company, Limited	18,00,000
15	Borsillah Tea Company, Limited	1,10,000
16	Budge-Budge Jute Mills Company, Limited	18,00,000
17	Buxar Co-operative Society, Limited...	4,000
18	Burrissal Loan Office, Limited	20,000
19	Bengal Jute Pressing (Brunton's Patent) and Manufacturing Company, Limited.	6,00,000
20	Burkollah Tea Company, Limited	2,70,000
21	Barte Tea Company, Limited	1,50,000
22	Bengal Iron Works Company, Limited	8,00,000
23	Bograh Loan Office, Limited	20,000
24	Burrakur Coal Association, Limited	1,50,000
25	Bengal Freemasons' Hall Building Association, Limited	1,50,000
26	Bengal Native Joint Stock Company, Limited	10,000
27	Bengal Chemical Works, Limited	50,000
28	Calcutta Docking Company, Limited	12,18,000
29	Central Cachar Tea Company, Limited	10,00,000
30	Calcutta Landing and Shipping Company, Limited	2,20,000
31	Calcutta Central Press Company, Limited	75,000
32	Chundypore Tea Company, Limited	2,50,000
33	Calcutta Opera House, Limited	40,000
34	Cutbacherra Company, Limited	2,70,000
35	Central Terai Tea Company, Limited	4,00,000
36	Chitpore Screw Company, Limited	75,000
37	Cochula Tea Company, Limited	2,00,000
38	Calcutta Hydraulic Press Company, Limited	1,70,000
39	Colonial Tea Company, Limited	3,00,000
40	Chitpore Hydraulic Pressing Company, Limited	4,00,000
41	Chota Nagpore Tea Company, Limited	2,50,000
42	Cossipore Hydraulic Press Company, Limited	4,00,000
43	Carew and Company, Limited	16,00,000
44	Cachar Native Joint Stock Company, Limited	1,00,000
45	Dehradun Tea Company, Limited	20,00,000
46	Durrung Tea Company, Limited	5,00,000
47	Dehing Company, Limited	20,00,000
48	Dumubhur Company, Limited	60,000
49	Darjeeling Terai Tea Company, Limited	1,00,000
50	Dessai and Purbuttia Tea Company, Limited	1,80,000
51	Dedarkosh Tea Company, Limited	1,00,000
52	Dunbar Cotton Mills, Limited	10,00,000
53	Dooars Tea Company, Limited	64,000
54	Dishia Bastra Bybasahi Company, Limited	10,000
55	East India Tea Company, Limited	10,00,000
56	Eastern Cachar Tea Company, Limited	7,00,000
57	Equitable Coal Company, Limited	2,00,000
58	Eastern Steam Tug Company, Limited	3,00,000
59	Furzedpore Loan Office, Limited	15,000
60	Fort Gloster Jute Manufacturing Company, Limited	14,00,000
61	Great Eastern Hotel Company, Limited	15,00,000
62	Goosery Cotton Mills Company, Limited	10,00,000
63	Gowhatty Tea Company, Limited	4,00,000
64	Gielle Tea Company, Limited	5,00,000
65	Grob Tea Company, Limited	6,00,000
66	Gowrypore Company, Limited	12,00,000
67	Howrah Docking Company, Limited	8,00,000
68	Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	1,12,50,000
69	Hoolangoora Tea Company, Limited	4,00,000
70	Halta Tea Company, Limited	2,50,000
71	Howrah Mills Company, Limited	14,00,000
72	Hagbnaree Tea Company, Limited	1,20,000
73	India General Steam Navigation Company, Limited...	29,00,000
74	Indian Terai Tea Company, Limited	1,50,000
75	Jilalpore Cachar Tea Company, Limited	1,60,000
76	Jokai (Assam) Tea Company, Limited	3,00,000
77	Jaunktaolee Tea Company, Limited	80,000
78	Jhurughat Tea Company, Limited	2,20,000
79	Jessore Loan Office, Limited...	20,000

No.	Names of Companies.	Nominal capital.
		Rs.
80	Jamalpure Trading Company, Limited	50,000
81	Joseph and Sons, Limited	20,000
82	Kunchunpore Tea Company, Limited	5,00,000
83	Kurseong and Darjeeling Tea Company, Limited	8,00,000
84	Kuttal Tea Company, Limited	1,00,000
85	Kurseong and Terai Tea Company, Limited	1,00,000
86	Kallacherra Tea Company, Limited	2,75,000
87	Labor Transport Company, Limited	1,00,000
88	Lackatoorah Tea Company, Limited	2,25,000
89	Muttuck Tea Company, Limited	4,00,000
90	Manacherra Tea Company, Limited	8,00,000
91	Moran Tea Company, Limited	6,00,000
92	Majagram Tea Company, Limited	2,00,000
93	Mymensingh Loan Office, Limited	50,000
94	Merchants Steam Tug Company, Limited	2,20,000
95	Mothola Tea Company, Limited, The	1,50,000
96	Medla Tea Company, Limited	1,50,000
97	Mun Tea Company, Limited	1,60,000
98	Mahanuddy Tea Company, Limited	1,00,000
99	Moonsbigunge Loan Office, Limited	20,000
100	Mymensingh Great Eastern Bengal Exchange Company, Limited	20,000
101	Nasmyth's Patent Press Company, Limited	3,20,000
102	New Mutual Tea Company, Limited	1,20,000
103	Nutwanpore Tea Company, Limited	4,00,000
104	New Beerbhoom Coal Company, Limited	7,20,000
105	New Fallochi Tea Company, Limited	2,00,000
106	Nauthpore Indigo Company, Limited	1,50,000
107	Nasirabad Loan Office, Limited	20,000
108	North-Western Cachar Tea Company, Limited	2,30,000
109	Naraingunge Trading Company, Limited	20,000
110	Oriental Jute Manufacturing Company, Limited	19,00,000
111	Pankhabaree Tea Company, Limited	2,50,000
112	Planters' Stores Company, Limited	1,00,000
113	Pattareah Tea Company, Limited	2,00,000
114	Phoenix Tea Company, Limited	5,00,000
115	Panbaree and Koorkooria Tea Company, Limited	1,50,000
116	Ramghar Company, Limited	10,00,000
117	R. Scott Thomson and Company, Limited	5,00,000
118	Ranigunge Coal Association, Limited	9,00,000
119	Ramkrishnapore Press Company, Limited	1,30,000
120	Riverside Press (Watson's Patent) Company, Limited	3,00,000
121	River and Coasting Steam Navigation Company, Limited	3,50,000
122	Rajabare Tea Company, Limited	2,00,000
123	Rustomjee Twine and Canvas Factory Company, Limited	8,00,000
124	Rungli Rungliot Tea Company, Limited	1,12,000
125	Rajmahal Stone Company, Limited	2,50,000
126	Sylhet Tea Company, Limited	1,50,000
127	Soom Tea Company, Limited	3,00,000
128	Singell Tea Company, Limited	6,25,000
129	Singballee and Murwah Tea Company, Limited	4,00,000
130	Seebpore Jute Manufacturing Company, Limited	15,00,000
131	Springside Tea Company, Limited	1,68,000
132	Strand Bank Press Company, Limited (Watson's Patent Press, The)	2,50,000
133	Sungoo River Tea Company, Limited	2,00,000
134	Suddea Tea Company, Limited	1,25,000
135	Second Mutual Tea Company, Limited	2,35,500
136	Sapakati Tea Company, Limited	88,000
137	Sylhet Cultivating Company, Limited	20,000
138	Sahar Serhur Loan Office, Limited	20,000
139	Tukvar Company, Limited	12,00,000
140	Tipperah Loan Office Limited	1,00,000
141	Teendareah Company, Limited	1,35,000
142	Tinghug Tea Company, Limited	1,50,000
143	Teesta Valley Tea Company, Limited	3,50,000
144	Watson's Patent Press Company, Limited	3,00,000
	Total	7,42,02,000

PROTAP CHUNDER GHOSH, Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 7th April 1877.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.			
<i>Western Districts.</i>			
BURDWAN DIV.	1 Burdwan, Apl. 9 [*] 77	78	The rainfall at Culna has been 1.10 inches, at Cutwa 1.87, at Jehanabad .29, and at RaneeGUNGE .32. Cotton and til (sesamum) are doing well. Cholera is still prevalent in the Culna sub-division.
	2 Bankoora, " 7 "	45	Weather—Unusually cool, with slight rain at intervals. The rain has been sufficient for general preparatory ploughings. State and prospects of the crops are good.
	3 Beerbhoom, " 7 "	29	Weather—Singularly cool. Severe hailstones fell on Friday evening, followed by heavy rain on the next morning. The damage, if any, done to the crops by the hail is not yet reported.
	4 Midnapore, " 7 "	1.14	Weather—Cool and rainy, which is unusual for this season. State and prospects of the crops are good.
	5 Hooghly, " 7 "	34	Weather—Cloudy, with intervals of sunshine. It is unusually cool for this time of the year. The agriculturists are all very much delighted with the frequency of rain. The late rains have benefited the vegetables on the ground. The rice lands are still being ploughed. Sugarcane is being pressed in the mills, and the cuttings are being planted. A good deal of cholera exists in the town and mofussil.
	Howrah, " 7 "	1.25	Weather—Cloudy. There are no crops on the ground at present.
<i>Central Districts.</i>			
PRABHATY DIV.	6 24-Perannaba, Apl. 9, † 77	1.85	Weather—Unusually cool for this time of the year. Land is being ploughed for the spring sowings everywhere in the district except at Satkhira, where the ploughing for the present is rendered impracticable by the recent heavy rains. Public health is generally good.
	7 Nuddes, " 7 '77	3.71	Weather—Cold and stormy, with heavy rain. The rain is very favorable for the sowings of the early rice; but those portions of the cold-weather crops which have not been gathered have suffered.
	8 Jessore, " 7 "	3.51	Weather—Wet and stormy. The spring rice, which was promising well before, has been injured by hail-storms and heavy rain. The accumulation of water in the low lands will retard sowings thereon. The sowings on the higher lands have commenced, and the spring sowings of indigo are in progress.
	9 Moorshedabad, " 7 "	62	Weather—Cool and cloudy, with occasional showers. More or less rain has fallen throughout the district. The rain will forward the preparation of lands for <i>aus</i> rice. The <i>rubbee</i> harvest is drawing to a close with a very fair outturn. Indigo and mulberry are fair. Prices are steady. General health is good.
RAJSHAHY AND COOCH BEHAR DIV.	10 Dinagore, " 6 "	85 75 at Roy-gunge.	Weather—Cloudy and very cold for the time of year. The <i>rubbee</i> crops are being harvested with good outturn. The land is being prepared for the <i>aus</i> rice.
	11 Rajshahye, " 7 "	4.71	Weather—Stormy, with a moderate rainfall, which has cooled the atmosphere to a degree unusual at this time of the year. Though the rain has been unfavorable as far as the <i>rubbee</i> harvest is concerned, still it has been of great good to the growing crops, and is favorable for the sowings of <i>aus</i> rice and jute. A few cases of cholera have been reported from Beaulah, Tannore, Pootah, Munda, and Nattore.
	12 Bangpore, " 6 "	2.12	Weather—Wet and cool, with strong wind at times. There has been much less rain in other parts of the district, viz. .93 at Kurigram, .58 at Gaibanda, and .69 at Bagdogra. Ground is being sown with the <i>aus</i> crop and jute. The recent rain is not favorable for any tobacco still on the ground and for weeding.
	13 Bagra, " 7 "	1.27	Weather—Heavy storms at the close of the week; otherwise fair and warm. The sowings of jute and <i>aus</i> rice are nearly completed, and the ploughing for further sowings will be commenced at once. Health of the district is good, except that a little cholera is prevalent.

* Telegram of the 9th April shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

† Report of the 9th April shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.—(Continued.)			
<i>Central Districts.</i>			
RAJSHAHY AND COOCH BEHAR DIVS.	14 Pubna, Apl. 7 '77	1.43	Weather—Stormy, with frequent showers. The weather is very favorable for ploughing and sowing; on the other hand, the rain has been rather too heavy for wheat and barley, which however are not extensively grown in the district. A few cases of cholera and small-pox have been reported during the week.
	15 Darjeeling, „ 6 „	3.36	The weather changed on the 31st of March, and there has been very severe hail and rain since. The reaping of wheat and barley is still going on with favorable results. Indian corn, potatoes, and buck-wheat, are being sown. The hail has done some slight damage only to a few gardens in the immediate vicinity of Darjeeling; in the rest of the district the rain has been favorable to tea cultivation.
	16 Julpigoree, „ 7 „	1.27	Weather—Cloudy and cool. Strong easterly winds. Nothing particular to report. Tobacco is being cut, and the ploughing for early rice is going on.
	Cooch Behar, „ 5 „	2.06 1.16 at Matha-bhanga. 1.37 at Mekli-gunge. 1.1 at Dinhat-ta.	The week has been marked by frequent storms accompanied by rain. Weather very cool and fresh, but sun sometimes very hot. The rains have been good for every thing but tobacco, which has partially suffered. There is a marked increase in fever cases owing to changeable weather, but no epidemic is as yet heard of.
<i>Eastern Districts.</i>			
DACCA DIVS.	17 Dacca, Apl. 9 th '77	2.33	Weather—Very cool. Rain fell on four days during the week. State and prospects of the crops are still good, but sunshine is wanted. More rain will do harm.
	18 Fureedpore, „ 7 „	3.15 2.58 at Madari-pore.	Weather—Abnormally cold, wet, and stormy. The cultivation of lands for rice sowings is much impeded by the rain. General health is good.
	19 Backergunge, „ 5 „	3.82	There have been heavy showers of rain during the week, and generally the crops are good. A good deal of sporadic cholera and fever exists in the district, but the health of the cattle is everywhere good.
	20 Mymensingh, „ 6 „	2.28	Weather—Equinoctial storms on all sides, and an unusually heavy fall of hail at head-quarters on the morning of the 6th instant. State and prospects of the crops are favorable.
	21 Tipperah, „ 6 „	1.96	Weather—Rainy and cold for the time of year. The low lands are getting water-logged, and the persistent rain makes it difficult for the cultivators to plough. There is therefore some apprehension of a bad season.
CHITTAGONG DIVS.	22 Chittagong, „ 5 „	1.36	The whole week has been cloudy, with rain, thunder-storms, and high wind at intervals. The cold-weather crops are in good condition. <i>Pennisetum</i> rice is thriving. A few scattered cases of cholera still exist. Small-pox at head-quarters is abating.
	23 Noakholly, „ 5 „	1.29	Weather—Cloudy and rainy throughout the week. Strong southerly wind. Pulses, chillies, &c., are doing well. Ploughing for the early rice continues. Cholera still prevails in Begumgunge and Fenny.
	24 Chittagong Hill Tracts, „ 3 „	5.76	There were heavy falls of rain with squalls on the 28th, 29th, and 30th March and 1st April. The <i>jooms</i> cut by the hill people have partially been destroyed and thereby their burning is delayed.
Hill Tipperah, „ 4 „		1.30	There has been rain on four days of the week, and the state and prospects of the crops are good.
W. H. A. R.			
PATNA DIVS.	25 Patna, Apl. 9 th '77	1.13	Slight rain fell during the early part of the week. The harvesting of the <i>rubber</i> crops is nearly completed. Sporadic cases of cholera and small-pox are reported throughout the district.
	26 Gya, „ 7 „	2.27	Weather—Cool, cloudy, and rainy. There has been a fall of hail throughout the greater part of the district. Maximum reading of the thermometer was 95.4°. The hail and rainy weather have injured the prospects to some extent.
	27 Shahabad, „ 7 „	1.96	Weather—Cloudy and hot. The <i>rubber</i> crops are somewhat damaged by the recent rainfall. <i>Pennisetum</i> , <i>massoor</i> pulses, wheat, and barley, are being harvested.
	28 Darbhunga, „ 7 „	2.22	Weather—Cloudy, with slight rain and several thunder-storms during the week. High easterly winds. The <i>rubber</i> harvest is progressing, and the outlook promises to be a good average.

* Telegrams of the 9th April show rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall, at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BEHAR.—(Continued.)			
PATNA DIV.	29 Mozufferpore, Apl. 7 '77	·40	Weather—Unseasonably cloudy. The harvesting of the <i>rubbee</i> crops has not as yet been completed. A good outturn is reported. Health of the district is good.
	30 Saran, " 7 "	·37 ·28 at Sewan. ·13 at Gopal-gunge.	Weather—Cool for the time of year. Generally bright in the day time; cloudy nights with occasional drizzling rain. The <i>rubbee</i> harvest is nearly over with good outturn. <i>Chima</i> millet is being sown. Indigo is coming on well, though the late rain may necessitate the resowing of some of the lands. General health is good.
	31 Chumparun, " 7 "	·88	There was rain accompanied by thunder and lightning on the 31st of March and the 3rd and 7th of April. The rain has done some injury. Resowings of indigo have become necessary in some places. Prospects on the whole are good.
BHAGULPORE DIV.	32 Monghyr, " 7 "	·40 ·2 at Begu-sarai.	Weather—Unusually cool for the time of year. There has been no hot weather hitherto. The prospects of the crops continue good.
	33 Bhagulpore, " 9 ^a "	·27	Extraordinary cool weather. ·31 of rain at Banka and ·29 at Soopole, with hail-storm. The <i>rubbee</i> crops are luckily reaped. The mango crop will be almost an entire failure. General health is very good, though cases of cholera and small-pox are reported.
	34 Purneah, " 7 "	1·66 1·59 at Kiasen-gunge. ·60 at Arrareah.	Weather—Cold and stormy, with east wind. The crops are good, but the unseasonable rain has damaged the ripe and gathered grain. It has also caused sickness.
	35 Maldah, " 7 "	·42	Rain fell on the night of the 31st March; the other days of the week were rather fair. Heavy clouds, attended with thunder, lightning, and a few drops of rain, passed over on the night of the 6th instant. The wind is variable, and the temperature is lower. The crops are as good as before. Cholera is bad. Ninety-nine deaths reported.
	36 Sonthal Pergas, " 8 "	·95 ·33 at Deoghur.	Weather—Cool and cloudy, with light showers. Some thunder and lightning. The <i>rubbee</i> harvest in Godda is good. Mango and <i>mohwa</i> crops are not good. Cholera is decreasing in Deoghur; small-pox is appearing.
ORISSA.			
ORISSA DIV.	37 Cuttack, Apl. 7 '77	·93	Weather—Stormy and rainy. The rain has slightly injured the cotton and other dry crops; otherwise it has been beneficial.
	38 Pooree, " 5 "	2·27 1·42 at Khoodah.	Weather—Cloudy and rainy at intervals. Fair on the 5th instant. The heavy showers of rain did a great deal of injury to the <i>dalia</i> crop that was being cut and gathered. The ploughing for the next season has recommenced. The <i>moog</i> pulse and cotton crop will suffer, having been attacked by insects. Exportation is going on but slowly, and the price of rice is stationary. Cholera has diminished.
	39 Balasore, " 6 "	·85	Weather—Squally and unsettled. Preparations for sowing continue. Sporadic cholera still causes many deaths.
CHOTA NAGPORE.			
<i>South-West Frontier Agency.</i>			
40	Hazareebagh, Apl. 6 '77	·20	Weather—Seasonable, but cooler than ordinary. The <i>rubbee</i> crops are nearly all harvested. The opium crop has been unusually good both in quantity and quality. Health of the district is good.
41	Lohardugga, " 7 "	·55 ·20 at Palamow.	Weather—Unseasonably wet. Some damage has been done by hail in places, but the <i>rubbee</i> harvest, which is now going on, appears to be an average one on the whole. There have been some cases of small-pox in the Palamow sub-division and one case of cholera (not fatal) in the Ranchi jail.
42	Singbhoom, " 6 "	3·50	Weather—Unusually cool for the time of year. There has been a good deal of rain during the week. No crops on the ground to report. Preparations of land for the coming crops are going on. The district is reported healthy.
43	Manbhoom, " 7 "	·42	Weather—Pleasant but unseasonable. There is nothing on the ground worth noticing. Ploughing is going on.

* Telegram of the 9th April shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

Published for general information.

PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermentioned

Number.		DISTRICTS.	QUANTITIES PER RUPEE BY																	
			WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			BULRUSH MILLET— CUMBOO, BAJRA.					
			Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.			
BENGAL.																				
Western Districts.																				
1	Bardwan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Bankoowa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Beerbhoom	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Midnapore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Hooghly	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Howrah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Districts.																				
	Calcutta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	24-Pargunnahs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	Nuddea	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Jessore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Moorshedabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Dinagore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Rajshahye	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Rungpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Bogra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Pubna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Darjeeling	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Julpigoree	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern Districts.																				
17	Dacca	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	Farradpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	Backergunge	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	Mymensingh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

A In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 13 to 21-8 seers, barley 32 to 38 seers, best rice 16 to 23-8 seers, common rice 18 to 25-8 seers, and gram 16 to 28 seers.
B In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 19 to 21-8 seers, barley 25 to 44 seers, best rice 20 to 26-8 seers, common rice 25 to 30 seers, maize 30 to 36 seers, and gram 18 to 21 seers.
C In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 15 to 26 seers, best rice 19-8 to 26-4 seers, common rice 23 to 29 seers, and gram 20 to 33 seers.
D In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 15 to 20 seers, barley 26 seers, best rice 10 to 11-8 seers, common rice 17-8 to 20 seers, and gram 16 to 26 seers.
E In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 12 to 12-4 seers, barley 25 to 28-8 seers, best rice 8 to 9-4 seers, common rice 12-4 to 22-8 seers, and gram 8-12 to 8-13 seers.
F In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 8 to 16 seers, best rice 12 to 18 seers, common rice 19 to 25 seers, and gram 16 to 20 seers.

Districts of Bengal for the Fortnight ending 31st March 1877.

THE SEER OF 80 TOLAHS.

GRANAT MILLETT— CHOLU, JOWAR.			LESSER MILLETS— RAGI OR MURWA, AND CHENNA.			MAIZE OR INDIAN- CORN.			GRAM.			FIREWOOD.			SALT.			DISTRICTS.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	

BENGAL.

Western Districts.

S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	
...	Burdwan.
...	40 0	40 0	45 0	18 0	18 0	21 4 to 24 0	480 0	480 0	360 0	8 12	8 12	8 12	8 12	Bankura.
...	22 8	15 0	24 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	Beerbhoom.
...	18 0	17 0	18 0	280 0	280 0	180 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 8	Midnapore.
...	18 0	17 0	22 0 to 23 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	Hoochly.
...	30 0	19 0	22 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	10 0	10 0	9 8	9 8	Howrah.

Central Districts.

20 0	20 0	24 0	...	...	...	25 0	22 0	24 0	18 4	19 0	22 0	100 0	100 0	120 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Calcutta.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	13 5	90 0	90 0	120 0	8 14	9 0	9 0	9 0	24-Pergunnahs.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29 1	24 2	32 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	8 10	9 2	9 2	9 2	Nuddea.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 0	20 0	21 0	120 0	120 0	160 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Jessore.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32 0	22 13 to 26 10	40 0	120 0 to 130 0	120 0 to 130 0	120 0	7 0 to 9 0	8 0 to 9 0	9 0	9 0	Moorshedabad.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 0	14 8	27 0	180 0	180 0	180 0	8 4	8 4	8 4	8 4	Dinapore.
...	...	...	...	...	...	24 0	24 0	24 0	32 0	15 0 to 37 8	34 0 to 35 10	320 0	320 0	320 0	9 0	9 0	8 6	8 6	Rajshahye.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 0	9 0	18 0	107 0	107 0	107 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	Rangpore.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 0	15 0	18 4	67 8	67 8	67 8	8 4	8 4	8 4	8 4	Bogra.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 0	14 0	26 4	200 0	200 0	200 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	Pabna.
...	...	...	8 0	8 0	8 0	20 0	20 0	2 0	9 0	10 0	8 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	4 8	5 8	4 8	4 8	Darjeeling.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 3	13 0	13 3	160 0	160 0	160 0	8 0	7 0	7 1	7 1	Jalpigoree.

Eastern Districts.

...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 0	16 0	22 14	97 0	97 0	100 0	8 14	8 14	9 0	9 0	Dacca.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 0	16 0	22 0	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	8 0	8 0	Furzedpore.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 0	16 0	21 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	Backergunga.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 8	12 0	12 0	...	...	...	8 12	8 10	9 0	9 0	Mymensingh.

G In Jungpore the prices are as follow:—Wheat 21 seers, barley 38 seers, best rice 31 seers, common rice 33-8 seers, bulrush millet 23 seers, and gram 30 seers.

H In Rojgunge the prices are as follow:—Wheat 12 seers, best rice 25 seers, common rice 28 seers, and gram 18 seers.

I In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 18 to 22-8 seers, best rice 14 to 16 seers, common rice 18 to 24 seers, and gram 8 to 9 seers.

J In the Serajgunge sub-division the prices are as follow:—Wheat 21 seers, best rice 11 seers, common rice 25 seers, and gram 16 seers.

K In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 7 to 8 seers, best rice 5-8 to 14 seers, common rice 12 to 23 seers, lesser millets 14 to 18 seers, maize 16 to 40 seers, and gram 10 to 16 seers.

L In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 10 seers, best rice 8 to 14 seers, common rice 14-5 to 18 seers, and gram 10 to 13-3 seers.

M In the interior the prices range as follow:—Best rice 18 to 20 seers and common rice 25 seers.

N In the interior the prices range as follow:—Best rice 14 to 15 seers, common rice 20 to 22-8 seers, and gram 16 to 20 seers.

O In the interior the prices range as follow:—Best rice 16 to 16-12 seers, common rice 19 to 19-12 seers, paddy 30 seers, and gram 12 seers.

P In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 18 to 25 seers, best rice 16 to 24 seers, common rice 24 to 26 seers, and gram 12 to 14 seers.

PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermentioned

Number.	DISTRICTS.	QUANTITIES PER RUPEE BY														
		WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			BULURU MILLET— CUMBOO, BAJRA.		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
Eastern Districts—(Contd.)																
31	Chittagong ...	Q 30 0	9 0	11 0	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	13 0	13 0	13 0	14 0	...	...	...
32	Noakholly ...	R ...	...	...	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	12 0	14 0	14 0	16 0	...	...	...
33	Tipperah ...	12 0	11 0	11 0	...	...	...	14 0	14 0	13 0	20 0	21 0	23 0	...	...	...
34	Chittagong Hill Tracts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 6	11 6	13 5	13 5	13 5	14 8	...	...	...
	Hill Tipperah ...	10 5	10 5	9 5	...	...	...	15 5	16 0	16 0	26 0	25 0	20 0	...	...	...
BEHAR.																
35	Patna ...	21 0	16 0	26 0	35 0	34 0	37 8	15 8	16 0	12 0	21 8	21 0	22 0	...	...	...
36	Gya ...	S 25 0	18 0	25 0	29 8	29 0	40 0	13 8	13 8	11 0	22 0	22 8	23 0	...	...	...
37	Shahabad ...	T 17 0	17 0	19 0	28 0	28 0	20 0	17 0	17 0	18 0	19 0	{ 20 0 to 21 0 }	20 0	...	...	...
38	Durbhunga ...	U 18 8	15 4	20 12	27 8	24 0	33 0	15 12	15 12	13 0	20 0	20 12	14 4	...	...	...
39	Mosufferpore ...	V 18 0	13 0	19 0	33 0	32 0	35 0	11 0	11 0	12 0	18 0	18 0	16 0	...	...	...
30	Sarun ...	17 0	13 0	22 0	33 0	...	43 0	10 8	10 0	10 0	18 8	18 0	23 4	...	...	...
31	Chumpanun ...	W 18 0	14 0	25 0	44 0	...	37 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	18 0	19 0	20 0	...	...	...
32	Monghyr ...	19 9	14 7	28 3	31 5	31 5	36 7	13 6	13 6	16 8	21 0	19 9	19 9	...	...	...
33	Bhagulpore ...	X 15 2	15 2	21 8	18 15	16 5	35 12	20 3	20 3	13 15	31 7	23 11	20 3	...	...	...
34	Perneah ...	Y 26 8 to 27 10	15 19	20 0	...	...	...	24 25	23 0	17 0	27 0	{ 26 0 to 28 0 }	18 0	...	...	...
35	Maldah ...	20 0	15 0	24 0	45 0	45 0	50 0	23 0	23 0	23 0	27 0	27 0	23 8	30 0	30 0	32 0
36	Sonthal Pergunnahs ...	Z 16 0	18 0	20 0	...	...	...	17 0	18 0	20 0	24 0	22 0	27 0	32 0	40 0	40 0
ORISSA.																
37	Cuttack ...	15 12	14 7	22 5	...	...	...	15 12	13 2	18 6	18 6	18 6	30 3	...	...	...
38	Pooree ...	Z1 17 1	17 1	17 1	...	...	...	13 2	13 2	18 6	17 1	17 1	23 10	...	...	...
39	Balasore ...	16 0	13 0	20 0	...	...	...	24 0	21 0	28 0	32 0	30 0	33 0	...	...	...
CHOTA NAGPORE.																
South-Western Frontier Agency.																
40	Hasareebagh ...	Z2 16 0	13 0	21 0	36 0	...	30 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	24 0	22 4	26 0	...	...	...
41	Lohardugga ...	22 0	16 0	26 0	38 0	20 0	36 0	24 0	26 0	26 0	28 0	30 0	30 0	...	...	...
42	Singhbhoom ...	24 0	21 0	20 0	32 0	32 0	32 0	20 0	20 0	18 0	40 0	40 0	36 0	...	...	...
43	Mambhoom ...	30 0	16 0	13 0	40 0	32 0	32 0	20 0	18 0	16 0	34 0	34 0	27 0	...	...	...

Q In the interior the prices range as follow :—Best rice 11 to 18 seers and common rice 13 to 18 seers.

R In the interior the prices range as follow :—Best rice 10 to 16 seers and common rice 13 to 21 seers.

S In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 20 to 27 seers, barley 35 seers, best rice 12-8 seers, common rice 21-4 to 24 and gram 25 to 28 seers.

T In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 14-8 to 18 seers, barley 22 to 30 seers, best rice 12 to 18 seers, common rice 20-10 seers, bulrush millet 24 seers, gram millet 26 seers, maize 26 seers, and gram 22 to 28 seers.

U In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 16 to 18 seers, barley 40 seers, best rice 14 to 20 seers, common rice 19 to 22 seers, millets 30 to 32 seers, maize 30 to 32 seers, and gram 19 to 22 seers.

V In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 12 to 20 seers, barley 21 to 40 seers, best rice 17 to 27 seers, common rice 22 to 28 lesser millets 34 to 45 seers, maize 36 to 45 seers, and gram 30 to 30 seers.

districts of Bengal for the Fortnight ending 31st March 1877.—(Continued.)

4 SEER OF 80 TOLAHS.

WHEAT MILLET— JOLU, JOWAR.			LESSER MILLETS— RAGI OR MURWA, AND CHHENA.			MAIZE OR INDIAN- CORN.			GRAM.			FIREWOOD			SALT.			DISTRICTS.
Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	
Ch	S	Ch	S	Ch	S	Ch	S	Ch	S	Ch	S	Ch	S	Ch	S	Ch	S	Eastern Districts.—(Contd.)
Ch	S	Ch	S	Ch	S	Ch	S	Ch	S	Ch	S	Ch	S	Ch	S	Ch	S	
..	9 0	10 0	10 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	9 0	8 8	7 0	Chittagong.
..	13 0	13 0	16 0	..	..	..	8 0	8 0	7 8	Noakholly.
..	13 0	13 0	12 0	..	..	..	8 12	8 13	8 8	Tipperah.
..	200 0	200 0	240 0	6 10	6 10	6 10	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
..	12 6	14 0	11 6	..	..	..	8 0	8 0	8 0	Hill Tipperah.
BEHAR.																		
0	30 0	33 0	..	..	..	35 0	34 0	42 0	30 0	20 0	30 0	140 0	140 0	150 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Patna.
..	25 0	18 8	29 0	160 0	100 0	160 0	8 0	8 0	8 4	Gya.
0	30 0	37 0	28 0	28 0	..	30 0	30 0	30 0	22 0	21 0	..	180 0	180 0	160 0	8 8	9 0	9 0	Shahabad.
..	33 0	33 0	28 9	31 12	30 12	35 0	20 12	17 8	24 0	178 0	176 0	176 0	8 12	8 12	7 6	Durbhunga.
..	30 0	32 0	40 0	18 0	18 0	26 0	140 0	140 0	110 0	8 8	8 8	7 9	Muzafferpoore.
0	34 0	44 0	30 0	30 0	38 0	34 0	32 0	42 0	22 0	17 0	35 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	8 0	8 0	8 8	Sarun.
..	38 0	31 0	..	38 0	34 0	60 0	17 0	18 0	26 0	..	..	..	7 8	7 0	8 0	Chumparun.
..	26 2	29 4	35 7	31 5	19 2	36 7	126 0	126 0	168 0	8 4	8 4	8 9	Monghyr.
..	30 9	31 9	37 15	18 15	20 3	27 12	161 2	157 12	164 2	8 13	8 3	8 3	Bhagulpore.
..	16 0	16 0	23 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	7 8	8 0	7 12	Parneah.
..	45 0	45 0	40 0	25 0	16 0	21 0	130 0	130 0	160 0	8 4	8 4	8 0	Maldah.
..	24 0	13 0	22 0	200 0	200 0	320 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Sonthal Pergha.
ORISSA.																		
..	28 11	18 6	31 0	..	..	..	10 11	18 6	27 9	200 0	200 0	200 0	13 0	11 0	13 0	Cuttack.
..	18 6	18 6	21 0	105 0	105 0	100 0	13 2	13 2	14 7	Poorce.
..	11 0	11 0	14 0	90 0	120 0	160 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	Balasore.
CHOTA NAGPORE.																		
..	33 0	33 0	38 0	30 0	30 0	30 0	19 0	16 4	24 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Hazareebagh.
..	40 0	44 0	40 0	..	..	..	22 0	16 0	21 0	180 0	180 0	180 0	7 0	7 4	7 13	Lohardugga.
..	22 0	22 0	18 0	320 0	320 0	320 0	6 8	6 8	6 0	Singbhoom.
..	64 0	61 0	64 0	..	..	..	24 0	22 0	18 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Maubhoom.

W In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 14 to 20 seers, barley 30 to 40 seers, best rice 13 to 16 seers, common rice 18 to 21-8 seers, lesser millets 32 to 45 seers, maize 30 to 40 seers, and gram 19 to 30 seers.

X In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 13 to 16 seers, barley 37-8 seers, best rice 20 to 24 seers, common rice 20 to 25 seers, lesser millets 28-8 to 45 seers, maize 30 seers, and gram 16 to 20 seers.

Y In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 26-8 to 28 seers, best rice 24 to 27 seers, common rice 27 to 31 seers, and gram 16 to 18 seers.

Z In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 13 to 25 seers, best rice 20 to 28 seers, common rice 23-8 to 30 seers, bulrush millet 35 to 60 seers, maize 28 to 40 seers, and gram 18 seers.

Z1 In the Khoordah Sub-division the prices are as follow :—Best rice 17-1 seers, common rice 21 seers, and gram 18-6 seers.

Z2 In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 16 to 19 seers, barley 30 seers, best rice 12 seers, common rice 23-8 to 25 seers, lesser millets 40 seers, maize 27 to 32-8 seers, and gram 20 to 25 seers.

Published for general information.

H. J. S. CORRON,
Jr. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

DIVISION.	DISTRICTS.	STATIONS.	Rain from 18th to 24th Mar. 1877.	Rain from 25th to 31st Mar. 1877.	RAIN FROM 1st JANUARY 1877.		REMARKS.	
					Inches.	Up to date.		
BENGAL.								
BURDWAN.	WESTERN DISTRICTS.		Inches.	Inches.	1877.			
	Burdwan	Burdwan	Nil	1.19	3.73	31st Mar.		
		Cutwa	ditto	1.25	4.11	ditto		
		Culina	ditto	0.65	4.12	ditto		
		Bood-Bood	ditto	0.63	2.91	ditto		
		Raneegunge	ditto	0.20	3.51	ditto		
	Bankoora	Jehanabad	ditto	0.78	5.57	ditto		
		Bankoora	ditto	0.61	3.45	ditto		
	Beerbhoom	Sooree	ditto	0.35	5.42	ditto		
		Hetaimpore	ditto	0.45	5.74	ditto		
		Roypore	ditto	0.21	4.11	ditto		
	Midnapore	Midnapore	Nil	0.73	6.98	ditto		
		Tumlook	ditto	0.42	5.90	ditto		
		Ghattal	ditto	0.55	6.44	ditto		
	Hooghly	Contai { Dy. Collr.'s Office	ditto	0.50	6.20	ditto		
		Hooghly { Exe. Engr.'s Office	ditto	0.90	6.83	ditto		
			Seraimpore	Nil	1.62	5.49	ditto	
	Howrah	Howrah	ditto	0.21	6.27	ditto		
		Maheshrekha	ditto	0.69	6.46	ditto		
PRESDENCY.	CENTRAL DISTRICTS.							
	24-Pergunnahs	Saugor Island	ditto	0.20	7.20	ditto		
		Calcutta	ditto	0.13	6.04	ditto		
		Alipore { Dispensary	ditto	0.19	6.21	ditto		
			Jail	ditto	0.14	6.02	ditto	
		Basseerhat	ditto	Not rec.	5.35	24th Mar.		
		Barnset	ditto	1.02	5.63	31st Mar.		
		Diamond Harbour	ditto	0.26	6.75	ditto		
		Barripore	ditto	0.22	7.15	ditto		
		Satkhira	ditto	1.61	6.33	ditto		
		Barrackpore	Nil	0.97	5.89	ditto		
	Nuddoa	Dum-Dum	ditto	0.29	4.93	ditto		
		Kishnagar	ditto	1.17	4.96	ditto		
		Pongong	ditto	0.7	2.24	ditto		
		Meherpore	ditto	2.58	5.37	ditto		
		Chooadanga	ditto	0.47	6.59	ditto		
	Jessore	Kooshtea	ditto	1.26	4.26	ditto		
		Ranaghat	ditto	0.65	3.82	ditto		
		Jessore	ditto	1.33	5.34	ditto		
		Nurail	ditto	0.18	1.14	4.57	ditto	
		Khoolna	ditto	0.65	Not rec.	5.04	24th Mar.	
	Moorshedabad	Jhenida	Nil	3.60	7.52	31st Mar.		
		Bagirhat	ditto	0.20	1.40	6.89	ditto	
		Mugoorah	Nil	1.13	5.89	ditto		
		Berhampore	ditto	0.14	4.08	ditto		
		Ramporehaut	ditto	Nil	4.55	ditto		
	Dinagopore	Lullbagh	ditto	ditto	5.24	ditto		
		Jungypore	ditto	ditto	4.52	ditto		
		Azingunge	ditto	1.35	4.41	ditto		
		Laligolla	ditto	Nil	5.18	ditto		
		Kandee	ditto	0.25	4.09	ditto		
	RAJSHAHY.	Maldah	Dinagopore	ditto	0.04	Nil	1.77	ditto
			Raigunge	ditto	0.57	3.75	ditto	
		Chanchal	Maldah	ditto	Nil	2.67	ditto	
			Chanchal	ditto	0.60	3.36	ditto	
		Rajshahye	Bauleah	ditto	0.03	4.63	ditto	
			Nattore	ditto	Nil	4.13	ditto	
		Rungpore	Rungpore	ditto	0.21	3.02	ditto	
			Bhowanigunge	ditto	0.09	2.22	ditto	
		Bogra	Kurigram	ditto	0.12	3.08	ditto	
Baguogtra			ditto	Nil	2.21	ditto		
Bogra	ditto		0.10	2.37	ditto			
Sherpore	ditto		Nil	3.37	ditto			
Nowkhilla	ditto		0.10	1.62	ditto			
COCH BEHAR.	Pubna	Fanchbibi	ditto	Nil	1.36	ditto		
		Halulya	ditto	ditto	2.29	ditto		
	Darjeeling	Pubna	ditto	0.84	7.08	ditto		
		Serajunge	ditto	0.50	4.31	ditto		
	Julpigoree	Darjeeling { Telegraph Office	ditto	0.60	5.33	ditto		
		Darjeeling { Hospital	ditto	1.70	6.07	ditto		
	Buxa	Julpigoree	ditto	Nil	1.73	ditto		
		Bodah	ditto	0.82	3.68	ditto		
		Buxa—Civil Surgeon's Office	ditto	0.30	4.33	ditto		
Cooch Behar Tributary States.	Titalya	Nil	1.50	4.16	ditto			
Cooch Behar	Cooch Behar	ditto	0.23	3.35	ditto			

DIVISIONS.	DISTRICTS.	STATIONS.	Rain from 18th to 24th March 1877.	Rain from 25th to 31st March 1877.	RAIN FROM 1st JANUARY 1877.		REMARKS.		
					Inches.	Up to date.			
BENGAL—(Continued.)									
	EASTERN DISTRICTS.		Inches.	Inches.	1877.				
Dacca.	Dacca ...	Dacca... { Telegraph Office... Hospital ...	1.48 2.44	0.87 0.81	5.09 7.05	31st March ditto			
		Moonshuggunge ... Manickgunge ...	2.40 Nil	2.28 2.26	14.90 3.90	ditto ditto			
	Furzedpore ...	Furzedpore ... Goalundo ... Madaripore ...	0.24 Nil 0.10	1.76 0.53 1.26	7.05 5.34 6.95	ditto ditto ditto			
		Backergunge ...	Burrial ... Perozepore ... Patoakbally ... Bhola ...	0.01 0.60 Nil ditto	Not rec. ditto ditto ditto	6.38 5.40 6.18 1.08	24th March ditto ditto ditto	From 4th February 1877.	
			Mymensingh ...	Mymensingh ... Jamalspore ... Atia ... Kishoregunge ...	ditto ditto ditto 0.55	0.86 0.11 0.15 1.21	4.13 3.1 3.93 5.23	31st March ditto ditto ditto	
	Chittagong ...			Chittagong { Telegraph Office Jail ... Cox's Bazar ...	Nil ditto ditto	2.10 1.48 0.45	6.30 6.42 2.93	ditto ditto ditto	
				Noakholly ...	Noakholly ... Fenny ...	ditto ditto	1.99 3.15	6.57 7.06	ditto ditto
		Tipperah ...			Comillah ... Brahmunbariah ...	0.61 3.48	3.18 1.02	9.19 12.61	ditto ditto
	Chittagong Hill Tracts		Rungamtee Hill	Nil	5.32	11.75	ditto		
	Hill Tipperah ...	Hill Tipperah ...		4.94	1.11	12.71	ditto		
BEHAR.									
PATNA.	Patna ...	Patna ... Behar ... Barh ...	Nil ditto ditto	0.08 Nil ditto	2.98 3.63 3.17	ditto ditto ditto			
		Dinapore ... { Jail Cantonment...	ditto ditto	ditto ditto	2.68 2.48	ditto ditto			
			Gya ...	Gya ... Nowadah ... Arungabad ...	ditto ditto ditto	0.37 Nil 0.05	3.73 3.26 0.75	ditto ditto ditto	Not rec. 18th to 24th February. Not rec. 12th Jan. and 4th to 10th Feb.
	Jehanabad ...	ditto		Nil	3.90	ditto			
	Shahabad ...	Arrah ... Sameram ... Buxar ...		ditto ditto ditto	0.15 Nil ditto	5.59 3.74 5.34	ditto ditto ditto		
		Bhuboah ...	ditto	ditto	4.89	ditto			
		Mozufferpore...	Mozufferpore ... Hajepore ... Sectamurhee ...	Not rec. ditto ditto	Not rec. ditto ditto	2.67 2.82 3.31	3rd March ditto ditto	Not rec. 18th to 24th February. Ditto ditto.	
	Durbhunga ...		Durbhunga ... Mudhoobunnee ... Tajpore ...	Nil ditto ditto	Nil ditto ditto	3.37 2.82 2.95	31st March ditto ditto		
			Sarun ...	Chupra ... Sewan ...	ditto ditto	ditto ditto	3.91 5.16	ditto ditto	
		Chumparun ...		Motiharee ... Bettiah ... Segowlic ...	Nil ditto ditto	0.07 0.17 Nil	4.61 4.25 4.06	ditto ditto ditto	Not rec. 11th to 17th March. Ditto ditto.
Monghyr ...	Monghyr ... Begoeserai ... Jamooce ...		ditto ditto ditto	ditto ditto ditto	2.43 2.58 4.02	ditto ditto ditto			
	Bhagulpore ...		Bhagulpore ... Soopool ... Muddehpooora ... Banka ...	ditto ditto ditto ditto	0.07 Nil ditto Not rec.	2.82 2.38 2.91 3.83	ditto ditto ditto 24th March		
		Soubarsa ...	ditto	Nil	2.27	31st March			
Purneah ...		Purneah ... Kissengunge ... Arrareah ...	ditto ditto ditto	ditto 0.80 0.25	1.90 2.87 2.27	ditto ditto ditto			
		Sonthal Pergunnahs	Nya Doomka ... Rajmehal ... Deoghur ... Godda ...	ditto ditto ditto ditto	Nil ditto Not rec. ditto	4.45 0.90 6.03 2.33	ditto ditto 24th March ditto		

DIVISIONS.	DISTRICTS.	STATIONS.	Rain from 16th to 24th March 1877.	Rain from 26th to 31st March 1877.	RAIN FROM 1st JANUARY 1877.		REMARKS.
					Inches.	Up to date.	
ORISSA.	CUTTACK	Cuttack... { Telegraph Office	Nil	0.80	2.90	31st March	Not rec. 4th to 10th March.
		Cuttack... { Hospital	ditto	0.80	2.09	ditto	
		Jaipore ...	ditto	0.10	8.15	ditto	
		Kendraparah ...	ditto	1.80	6.00	ditto	
		Jugutsingapore ..	ditto	0.20	1.90	ditto	
		False Point ...	ditto	0.75	6.70	ditto	
		Pooree ...	ditto	0.68	3.85	ditto	
		Khurdah ...	ditto	0.38	3.81	ditto	
		Balasore... { Exe. Engr.'s Office	ditto	0.55	3.80	ditto	
		Balasore... { Collector's Office	ditto	0.53	3.03	ditto	
	BALASORE	Ehadrack ...	ditto	0.07	8.56	ditto	
		Jellapore ...	ditto	0.18	6.10	ditto	
		Sorah ...	ditto	0.08	5.54	ditto	
		Chandbally ...	ditto	0.30	5.78	ditto	
		Cuttack Tributary Mehals	Sumbulpore ...	ditto	0.20	5.90	ditto
	CHOTA NAGPORE.						
	SOUTH-WESTERN FRONTIER AGENCY.						
	HAZAREEBAGH	Hazareebagh... { Jail	ditto	0.28	5.42	ditto	
		Hazareebagh... { Dispensary	ditto	0.30	5.36	ditto	
		Pachumba ...	ditto	0.07	5.78	ditto	
	LOHARDUGGA	Ranchee ...	ditto	0.95	8.46	ditto	
		Palamow ...	ditto	0.10	5.50	ditto	
	SINGHBHOOM	Chyebassa ...	ditto	3.54	9.56	ditto	
	MANBHOOM	Purulia ...	0.07	1.07	5.31	ditto	
		Govindpore ...	Nil	Not rec.	6.14	24th March	
	ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.						
	SYLHET	Sylhet ...	1.10	1.68	7.76	31st March	
		Sebsaugor ...	1.46	Not rec.	7.43	24th March	
	SEBSAUGOR	Golaghat ...	0.55	ditto	6.41	ditto	
		Jorehaut ...	2.03	ditto	7.32	ditto	
		Deopanie ...	1.55	ditto	7.79	ditto	
		Hattiepootie ...	2.02	ditto	6.39	ditto	
		Mazengah ...	1.61	ditto	6.35	ditto	
		Nazeerah ...	1.66	ditto	7.42	ditto	
		Suntok ...	1.28	ditto	6.72	ditto	
		Cherideo ...	2.15	ditto	9.15	ditto	
		Akyab ...	Nil	Nil	0.60	31st March	
	RAJPOOTANA	Alwar ...	ditto	ditto	Nil	ditto	
		Jaipur ...	ditto	ditto	0.25	ditto	
		Sambhar ...	ditto	ditto	0.82	ditto	

CALCUTTA,
The 7th April 1877.

A. PEDLER,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 1st to 7th April 1877.

STATIONS.	Date.	Hour.	Barometer reduced to 32°.	Barometer reduced to sea-level.	HYDROMETER.		Humidity Sat. = 100.	WIND.		Rain.	Clouds.	Weather initials.
					Dry.	Wet.		Direction.	Velocity.			
CALCUTTA.	April 1st	10	30.064	30.083	72.0	69.5	88	N E	....	.....	S	o
		16	29.957	29.976	82.3	74.0	66	W	....	.....	K	
	2nd	10	30.100	30.128	80.0	74.8	77	E	....	.....	K	
		16	29.957	29.975	89.2	74.8	48	S W	....	.....	K	
	3rd	10	30.048	30.067	82.2	76.2	75	S S W	....	.....	K, CS	
		16	29.961	29.980	72.0	69.0	85	E by N	....	1.47	.....	o d
	4th	10	30.081	30.080	78.0	74.0	82	S E	....	.....	C	
		16	29.816	29.834	80.8	74.0	52	S S W	....	.....	K, C	
	5th	10	29.995	30.014	78.2	72.4	71	E by S	....	.....	C	
		16	29.860	29.879	83.0	75.0	67	S	....	.....	K, CS	
	6th	10	29.931	29.950	82.2	73.2	63	S W	....	.....	.....	b
		16	29.756	29.774	87.0	76.2	59	S by W	....	.....	.....	b
	7th	10	29.887	29.906	71.0	67.6	83	E	....	0.44	S	
		16	29.823	29.842	71.5	69.0	88	S S E	....	0.27	.....	o d
SALVOOR ISLAND.	April 1st	10	30.076	30.082	72	69	85	S W	7.3	0.20	P, N	o, l, r, t
		16	29.959	29.965	81	73	67	S S E	4.9	.....	P	e, u
	2nd	10	30.001	30.007	83	76	71	W	5.9	.....	KS	b, o
		16	29.975	29.981	83	76	71	S S E	9.5	.....	K	b, o
	3rd	10	30.015	30.051	83	77	75	S W	5.8	.....	KS	o
		16	29.998	30.004	75	71	81	N N W	12.3	.....	PK	o, u
	4th	10	30.073	30.079	81	73	67	S S W	4.5	.....	K	b, o
		16	29.941	29.947	82	74	67	S S W	10.1	.....	KS	b, o
	5th	10	29.987	29.993	81	78	75	S W	12.7	.....	FK	b, m
		16	29.868	29.874	83	77	75	S S E	12.1	.....	P	b, m
	6th	10	29.938	29.944	83	75	67	S S W	10.3	.....	KS	b, o
		16	29.791	29.797	84	76	68	S S W	15.0	.....	KS	
	7th	10	29.865	29.871	84	79	79	S W	14.6	.....	FK	m
		16	29.828	29.831	73	70	86	E S E	14.0	0.70	P	b, o, g, l, t
CHITTAGONG.	April 1st	10	29.969	30.001	81	73	67	S S E	1.5	.....	CS	g
		16	29.948	30.043	70	69	90	E	4.6	0.50	CS	g
	2nd	10	30.011	30.135	76	69	69	N	5.6	.....	C	b, o
		16	29.852	29.974	85	74	58	W	7.3	.....	.....	b, o
	3rd	10	29.993	30.087	77	71	73	N	3.7	.....	P	m
		16	29.892	29.985	79	71	66	N N E	1.2	.....	K	g
	4th	10	30.001	30.005	74	68	72	N	7.3	.....	.....	o, g
		16	29.888	29.981	81	75	74	E N E	0.8	.....	K	m
	5th	10	29.993	30.050	78	70	65	N N E	5.3	.....	KS	c
		16	29.904	29.890	86	68	86	N W	3.3	.....	C	o
	6th	10	29.906	30.000	74	69	76	N N E	2.5	.....	.....	o, g
		16	29.770	29.862	81	69	44	W N W	9.2	0.30	K	b, o
	7th	10	29.581	29.976	71	68	56	N N E	5.0	0.20	N	r
		16	29.779	29.873	73	70	86	E N E	4.2	0.10	P	e, t
MADRAS.	Mar. 31st	10	29.970	29.992	85	75	61	S E by S	13	.....	.....	c
		16	29.847	29.860	85	76	64	S E	18	.....	.....	c
	April 1st	10	30.004	30.030	87	75	55	S E	10	.....	.....	c
		16	29.896	29.918	86	78	61	E S E	15	.....	.....	b, c
	2nd	10	30.043	30.065	80	77	50	E by N	13	.....	.....	b, c
		16	29.948	29.968	87	77	62	E	14	.....	.....	c
	3rd	10	30.027	30.049	80	72	56	E by S	12	.....	.....	c
		16	29.912	29.934	86	76	61	E S E	12	.....	.....	c
	4th	10	30.054	30.070	80	77	56	E S E	10	.....	.....	c
		16	29.937	29.959	87	78	65	E by S	14	.....	.....	b, c
	5th	10	29.998	30.020	89	77	56	E S E	7	.....	.....	c
		16	29.857	29.879	86	77	65	E S E	12	.....	.....	c
	6th	10	29.972	29.994	88	77	59	S E	8	.....	.....	c
		16	29.824	29.846	85	76	64	S E	15	.....	.....	c
CUTTACK.	April 1st	10	29.926	30.060	79	70	61	W S W	1.8	0.20	CK, PK, C	
		16	29.803	29.945	85	70	44	W S W	3.8	.....	CK, PK, C	
	2nd	10	30.008	30.060	84	74	60	S	1.1	.....	.....	b
		16	29.847	29.928	98	75	47	S W	4.9	.....	CK, PK	c, t
	3rd	10	29.998	30.081	81	73	67	S W	2.9	.....	PK	o
		16	29.871	29.954	79	79	70	E N E	6.2	0.10	PK	p
	4th	10	29.996	30.079	78	70	65	W S W	3.3	0.30	C, CK	c
		16	29.857	29.930	87	73	49	S W	4.0	.....	C, CK	b
	5th	10	29.908	29.990	84	74	60	N	2.6	.....	.....	c
		16	29.743	29.824	89	75	50	S S W	4.8	.....	K, PK, C	t
	6th	10	29.583	29.966	80	73	70	S S E	4.3	0.30	C, KC	c
		16	29.709	29.790	90	76	60	S	7.6	.....	K, PK, C	
	7th	10	29.765	29.847	87	76	58	S W	1.7	.....	.....	b
		16	29.676	29.759	80	74	74	E	12.9	0.20	K, PK	p, t
AKYAB.	April 1st	10	30.031	30.052	87	76	58	S E	2.4	.....	CK, N	
		16	29.988	29.903	85	76	64	N W	7.6	.....	CK	
	2nd	10	30.086	29.907	89	73	44	N N W	3.6	.....	C	
		16	29.978	29.999	85	75	61	W	12.1	.....	C	
	3rd	10	30.082	30.084	81	68	40	N E	3.7	.....	CK, N	
		16	29.918	29.939	90	66	23	N	6.8	.....	CK, N	
	4th	10	30.050	30.081	84	69	44	N	3.3	.....	CK, N	
		16	29.830	29.958	75	65	56	N W	7.3	.....	CK	
	5th	10	30.009	33.030	87	69	36	E	1.9	.....	CK, N	
		16	29.886	29.907	86	73	48	W	6.6	.....	CK	
	6th	10	29.980	30.002	79	71	60	W N W	1.6	.....	CK, N	
		16	29.881	29.903	80	71	55	N E	3.0	.....	C	
	7th	10	29.957	29.979	89	71	59	E	1.7	.....	C	
		16	29.889	29.911	84	74	60	W	5.8	.....	CK	

* Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

CALCUTTA.
The 7th April 1877.A. PEDLER,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the
Government of Bengal.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at Alipore Observatory from 1st to 7th April 1877.

Month.	Date.	Mean pressure; barometer at 32° F. ab.	TEMPERATURE.				HYGROMETRY.				WIND.		Rain.	WEATHER.
			Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Prevailing direction.	Miles recorded.		
1877. April	1st	Inches. 30 000	74·8	82 0	15 9	66·1	80·5	0 651	68·5	75·5	Midnight to 1 P.M., veered from S. S.E. to W. through E. and N. till midnight S.S.E.	95	...	Overcast and gloomy, pallio cirrus, pallio cumulus; night chiefly clear.
	2nd	·014	73·9	89·3	22·4	68·9	69·9	·870	67·7	81·0	Till noon S.E. till midnight S.S.W.	103	...	Sky partially cloudy, cumulus; night clear.
	3rd	·004	72·0	89·0	16·2	72·8	69·1	·674	67·5	86·0	Till noon S. till 3 P.M., veered E to N. till midnight E.	125	1·14	Overcast and dark, pallio cirrus and pallio cumulus; strong wind, hail-stone, violent rain, thunder and lightning from 2-30' to 2-56 P.M.
	4th	29·989	75·2	86·3	20·8	65·5	68·4	·805	64·4	69·5	Till 5 P.M., S.S. W. till midnight, veered through W.N. E.	158	...	Sky partially cloudy, Pallium and cumulus.
	5th	905	75·3	82·6	14·7	67·9	69·5	·845	66·2	73·5	Till 3 P.M., E. till midnight S. E.	147	...	Sky partially cloudy, strong wind in the morning.
	6th	·834	78·1	87·6	18·6	69·0	72·0	·705	68·8	74·0	Till 5 P.M., S. W. till midnight backed through S. to E	212	...	Sky chiefly clear.
	7th	·837	70·1	72·0	3·6	68·5	67·4	·637	65·9	80·5	East	192	0·51	Gloomy and overcast, and rain almost throughout.

The mean temperature of the seven days	...	...	74·2°
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 20 years	...	...	84·5°
The extreme variation of temperature during the seven days	...	...	23·8°
The maximum temperature during the seven days	...	...	89·3°
The mean humidity during the seven days	...	...	78·0
The total fall of rain from 1st to 7th April	...	...	1·65 inches.

The mean pressure, temperature, &c., are deduced from observations made at 6h., 10h., 16h. and 22h. The maximum and minimum temperatures from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified, and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard Newman's No. 86, at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modification of August's formula.

The direction and movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain-gauge is one foot above the ground.

H. F. BLANFORD, *Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India.*
CALCUTTA, the 9th April 1877.

**Abstract of the Results of the Hourly Meteorological Observations taken at the
Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, in the month of February 1877.**

☞ **LATITUDE** 22° 33' 1" North. **Longitude** 88° 20' 34" East. **Height of the cistern of the standard barometer above the sea level, 18.11 feet.**

MONTHLY RESULTS.

	Inches.
Mean height of the barometer for the month	30.032
Max. height of the barometer, occurred at 10 A.M. on the 15th	30.223
Min. height of the barometer, occurred at 3 P.M. on the 4th	29.813
<i>Extreme range</i> of the barometer during the month	0.410
Mean of the daily max. pressures	30.108
Ditto ditto min. ditto	29.977
<i>Mean daily range</i> of the barometer during the month	0.131

	°
Mean dry bulb thermometer for the month	68.0
Max. temperature, occurred at 4 P.M. on the 28th... ..	86.0
Min. temperature, occurred at 6 A.M. on the 4th & 11th	56.0
<i>Extreme range</i> of the temperature during the month	30.0
Mean of the daily max. temperature	76.3
Ditto ditto min. ditto	60.9
<i>Mean daily range</i> of the temperature during the month	15.4

Mean wet bulb thermometer for the month	62.0
Ditto dry bulb thermometer above mean wet bulb thermometer	6.0
Computed mean dew-point for the month	57.2
Mean dry bulb thermometer above computed mean dew-point	10.8

	Inches.
Mean elastic force of vapour for the month	0.476

	Troy Grain.
Mean weight of vapour for the month	5.25
Additional weight of vapour required for complete saturation	2.28
Mean degree of humidity for the month, complete saturation being unity	0.70

	°
Mean max. solar radiation thermometer for the month	130.7

	Inches.
Rained 7 days,—max. fall of rain during 24 hours	1.00
Total amount of rain during the month	2.26 ●
Total amount of rain indicated by the gauge* attached to the anemometer during the month	1.61
Prevailing direction of the wind	W N W & N W.

* Height 70 feet 10 inches above ground.

GOPEENAUTH SEN,
In charge of the Observatory.

The 6th April 1877.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

ORISSA CIRCLE.

Statement showing the total amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Kendrapara Canal for the month of January 1877.
 LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN—39 MILES.

PRIVATE TRAFFIC.										STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.										ABSTRACT.									
Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	APPROXIMATE TONNAGE OF BOATS.		Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	APPROXIMATE TONNAGE OF BOATS.		Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Number of boats.	Nature of traffic.	Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.									
		Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.						Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.																			
LOCAL TRAFFIC.																				TRAFFIC BETWEEN CUTTACK AND SEA-BEACH.									
Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	A. P.									
22	Paddy	2,838	2,838	4,041	145	3,524	43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0									
16	Rice	2,833	4,768	3,411	123	5,680	80	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0									
6	Jaggery	780	3,143	1,244	43	730	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0									
6	Salt	650	3,350	1,075	38	608	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0									
2	Cotton	268	2,630	446	16	256	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0									
2	Timber	345	1,121	532	19	804	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0									
1	Fire-wood	150	20	258	9	288	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0									
7	Oil-cake	910	910	1,281	46	486	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0									
4	Limestone	1,400	22	2,437	87	2,754	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0									
1	Lime	138	26	158	6	144	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0									
72	Empty boats	.....	.....	6,100	218	6,076	49	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							
142	Total	9,838	18,750	21,068	752	19,750	184	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0									
96	Paddy	12,684	12,684	25,569	.....	.....	385	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							
70	Rice	23,653	47,508	71,325	.....	.....	515	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							
8	Grain	1,730	2,775	2,410	.....	.....	85	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							
12	Spices	2,000	40,000	3,157	.....	.....	45	7	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							
6	Salt	1,550	7,750	2,284	.....	.....	35	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							
4	Wheat	1,400	4,500	2,082	.....	.....	30	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							
2	Oil-cake	450	450	824	.....	.....	10	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							
2	Bamboos	800	47	1,387	.....	.....	10	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							
2	Hides	900	9,000	1,387	.....	.....	20	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							
2	Cocoanuts	180	450	251	.....	.....	3	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							
2	Timber	1,900	5,850	2,638	.....	.....	40	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							
1	Turneric	350	750	351	.....	.....	6	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							
1	Horns	50	500	108	.....	.....	1	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							
2	Cotton	200	2,000	404	.....	.....	5	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							
2	Miscellaneous	100	100	189	.....	.....	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							
2	Copper	200	6,000	413	.....	.....	9	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							
2	Gummes	500	1,500	1,144	.....	.....	3	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							
2	Salt-fish	30	150	206	.....	.....	2	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							

[illegible]

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

ORISSA CIRCLE.

Statement showing the total amount of Traffic and Tolls on the High Level Canal for the month of January 1877.

LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN—37 MILES.

PRIVATE TRAFFIC.										STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.										ABSTRACT.				
Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	APPROXIMATE		TONNAGE OF BOATS.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	APPROXIMATE		TONNAGE OF BOATS.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Tonnage.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	REMARKS.
		Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.							Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.													
23	Rice	Mds.	Rs.	14,033	501	11,272	155 3 0	11	Laterite stone	Mds.	Rs.	4,472	100	160 21 14 0	...	232	Local	Mds.	Rs.	1,391	32,138	448 5 8 0 254	...	...
10	Salt	...	...	3,378	113	3,756	47 10 0	2	Shutters	...	...	1,252	43	1,460 18 0 0	...	38	Govt. stores	...	...	441	6,104	106 15 2 0 238	...	...
17	Straw	...	...	3,155	113	2,257	53 7 11	2	Firewood	...	...	1,117	40	1,374 16 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Timber	...	...	1,798	64	2,171	26 6 4	3	Sandstone	...	...	960	34	1,166 14 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Onion	...	...	1,501	48	1,146	13 2 0	3	Rubble stone	...	...	1,183	42	1,425 12 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Gingerly	...	...	1,501	48	1,146	13 2 0	3	Furniture	...	...	1,183	42	1,425 12 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Paddy	...	...	1,147	41	1,147	12 7 10	1	Mudhopper	...	...	257	10	348 4 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Jaggery	...	...	1,147	41	1,147	12 7 10	1	Sundries	...	...	257	10	348 4 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Gallnut	...	...	1,147	41	1,147	12 7 10	1	Empty	...	...	257	10	348 4 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Gunny	...	...	1,147	41	1,147	12 7 10	1	...	...	...	257	10	348 4 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Sundries	...	...	1,147	41	1,147	12 7 10	1	...	...	...	257	10	348 4 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Teat	...	...	1,147	41	1,147	12 7 10	1	...	...	...	257	10	348 4 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Vegetable	...	...	1,147	41	1,147	12 7 10	1	...	...	...	257	10	348 4 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Leather	...	...	1,147	41	1,147	12 7 10	1	...	...	...	257	10	348 4 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Grain	...	...	1,147	41	1,147	12 7 10	1	...	...	...	257	10	348 4 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Yam	...	...	1,147	41	1,147	12 7 10	1	...	...	...	257	10	348 4 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Sugar	...	...	1,147	41	1,147	12 7 10	1	...	...	...	257	10	348 4 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Yam	...	...	1,147	41	1,147	12 7 10	1	...	...	...	257	10	348 4 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Passenger No. 70	...	...	1,147	41	1,147	12 7 10	1	...	...	...	257	10	348 4 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
103	Empty	...	...	1,147	41	1,147	12 7 10	1	...	...	...	257	10	348 4 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
232	Total	...	...	83,650	1,391	32,138	442 5 8 0 254	38	...	...	...	12,369	441	6,104 106 15 2	3 56	290	...	...	...	1,532	36,242	549 4 16 0 276	...	...
165	Total of same month last year	...	...	22,456	800	18,535	250 0 11 0 275	17	...	...	...	7,773	278	5,706 72 2 0	0 24	182	...	...	...	1,073	24,261	323 2 11 0 275	...	...
7	Timber No. 60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bamboos, No. 600	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Bamboos, No. 1060	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Boats passed free	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Total of same month last year	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
260	Grand Total	...	...	22,456	1,391	32,138	470 1 8 0 275	55	...	...	...	12,369	441	6,104 106 15 2	3 56	315	...	...	...	1,532	36,242	549 4 16 0 276	...	...
165	Grand Total of same month last year	...	...	22,456	800	18,535	276 0 11 0 275	53	...	...	...	7,773	278	5,706 72 2 0	0 24	281	...	...	...	1,073	24,261	323 2 11 0 275	...	...

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

ORISSA CIRCLE.

Statement showing the total amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Taldunda Canal for the month of January 1877.

LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN—27 MILES.

PRIVATE TRAFFIC.										STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.										ABSTRACT.							
Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	APPROXIMATE		TONNAGE OF BOATS.		Tonnage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	APPROXIMATE		TONNAGE OF BOATS.		Tonnage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Number of boats.	Nature of traffic.	Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Tonnage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.					
		Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Mds.	Tons.					Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Mds.	Tons.														
1	Rice	385	770	725	26	26	0 7 3	...	...	Mds.	Rs.	...	...	...	Rs. A. P. A. P.	...	...	Mds.	Rs.	...	...	Rs. A. P. A. P.
1	Brinjal	14	10	36	1	5	0 1 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Lime	663	200	872	31	62	2 2 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Tundy grass	538	140	1,457	52	624	3 10 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Bamboo	667	150	945	34	844	4 11 8	4	Gravel	1,185	40	2,160	77	364	1 5 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Timber	770	100	1,183	42	422	2 15 4	2	Hena grass	260	45	470	17	384	2 5 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Cotton	234	200	360	13	325	1 12 10	5	Empty boats	...	...	1,035	37	185	0 15 4	33	Local Govt. stores	3,919	2,100	313	25 5 4	0 1 33			
1	Oil refuse	205	530	441	16	47	1 1 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	Govt. stores	1,897	85	181	4 10 8	0 1 43
2	Passenger boats	63	...	104	7	112	0 15 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	Empty boats	...	...	2,510	90	1,170	7 6 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
38	Total	3,919	2,100	8,726	312	3,637	25 5 4	0 1 33	11	1,397	85	3,068	131	633	4 10 8	0 1 43	40	5,316	2,183	443	30 0 0	1 35					
23	Total of same month last year	2,325	1,481	5,978	213	2,517	13 11 8	0 1 0	2	408	15	1,080	30	847	5 6 6	0 1 2	24	2,935	1,466	253	19 8 8	0 1 0					
...	55 bags	...	168	11 14 0	MISCELLANEOUS.									
...	6,000 bamboos	...	106	...	...	...	11 1 6	...	4,000 bamboos	...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	6 passengers	...	...	...	...	...	0 5 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	Total	...	274	...	...	...	23 1 11	...	...	...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	Total of same month last year	...	245	...	...	...	13 13 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
35	Grand Total	3,919	2,374	8,726	312	3,637	25 5 4	0 1 33	11	1,397	135	3,068	131	633	4 10 8	0 1 43	40	5,316	2,509	443	30 0 0	1 35					
25	Grand Total of same month last year	2,325	1,726	5,978	213	2,517	13 11 8	0 1 0	2	408	15	1,080	30	847	5 6 6	0 1 2	24	2,935	1,741	253	19 8 8	0 1 0					

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

SOUTH-WESTERN CIRCLE.

Statement showing the total amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Midnapore Canal for the month of January 1877.
LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN—53 MILES.

PRIVATE TRAFFIC.										STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.										ABSTRACT.							
Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	APPROXIMATE		TONNAGE OF BOATS.		Ton mileage.	Tollage.		Rate of toll per ton mile.	Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	APPROXIMATE		TONNAGE OF BOATS.		Ton mileage.	Tollage.		Rate of toll per ton mile.	Number of boats.	Nature of traffic.	Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	REMARKS.
		Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Mds.	Tons.		Mds.	Tons.				Mds.	Tons.	Mds.	Tons.												
8	Betel-nuts	350	1,250	750	6 9 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	Betel-leaves	1,350	4,006	4,700	20 5 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Brass and copper and their manufactures	1,075	38,625	2,925	29 0 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Bricks and Tiles, No. 1,350	62	25	315	2 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	Coal and coke	5,975	3,480	12,115	13 11 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Cotton, raw	1,110	20,730	3,360	25 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	Cotton, twist and yarn	2,590	86,140	8,125	71 14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	Cocconuts, No. 63,150	753	1,590	2,845	39 12 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	Cotton piece-goods (European)	1,380	1,08,675	5,625	81 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Cotton piece-goods (Indian)	203	40,600	1,645	14 3 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	Curd	620	1,850	1,625	14 3 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Canes and rattans	25	250	150	2 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,102	Empty boats	...	...	87,655	970 4 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Earthenware	1,264	407	3,548	18 3 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Firewood	245	75	940	6 0 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Fruits and nuts of all kinds	30	50	50	0 3 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
99	Gram and pulses	6,125	17,680	18,626	193 11 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Gunny cloth, pieces	332	4,570	1,225	10 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Gunny-bags, No. 7,700	97	350	675	7 12 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Hides of cattle, unsaddled, No. 19,300	1,572	22,375	3,355	37 6 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Horns	50	125	150	1 5 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Indigo	615	2,02,690	1,395	21 10 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Indigo seed	150	3,739	575	12 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	Jute, raw	465	1,798	1,786	6 10 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Lime and Limestone	95	80	480	3 1 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Lager	29	2,000	225	6 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	Miscellaneous Native goods	1,467	5,431	4,670	45 3 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29	Mustard	1,660	5,175	4,635	24 45 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Other oil-seeds	576	1,666	1,060	9 7 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

miles during the month, whereas in January 1876 it was nineteen miles.

A ton of goods was carried on the average twenty

3	Other saline substances	610	1,575	1,495	15	6	0
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PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

SOUTH-WESTERN CIRCLE.

Statement showing the total amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Hidgellee Tidal Canal for the month of January 1877.

LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN—29 MILES.

PRIVATE TRAFFIC.										STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.										ABSTRACT.				
Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	APPROXIMATE		TONNAGE OF BOATS.		Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	APPROXIMATE		TONNAGE OF BOATS.		Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Number of boats.	Nature of traffic.	Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Tonnage.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	REMARKS.
		Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Mds.	Tons.					Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Mds.	Tons.											
1,008	Rice	63,179	1,20,375	1,31,020	...	Rs. A. P. A. P.	...	...	...	Mds.	Rs.	...	...	Rs. A. P.	A. P.	...	...	Mds.	Rs.	...	...	...	...	...
319	Paddy	28,573	27,398	55,255	...	1,451 5 3	...	...	...	...	Nil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Potatoes	120	235	425	...	780 10 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Firewood	685	210	1,485	...	3 12 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
81	Miscellaneous	1,979	12,931	7,965	...	10 15 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	Salts	1,474	5,383	2,575	...	78 12 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Sands	2,300	45	3,473	...	17 11 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	Tamarind	23	14	160	...	23 13 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Betelnuts	6	32	50	...	2 13 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Tobacco	238	1,627	975	...	0 14 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Coe	2,560	775	4,025	...	12 4 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Sugar refined	6	90	60	...	27 10 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Ditto unrefined	23	50	240	...	0 6 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Oil cake	18	18	180	...	2 3 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Mustard	32	212	170	...	1 3 6
4	Hemp	400	1,000	1,100	...	1 9 6
					...	10 7 9															an average distance of 18 miles.

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PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

SOANE CIRCLE.

Statement showing the total amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Arrah Canal for the month of January 1877.

[illegible]

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

BUXAR DIVISION—SONE CIRCLE.

Statement showing the total amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Buxar Canal for the month of January 1877.

LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN—

PRIVATE TRAFFIC.										STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.										ABSTRACT.				
Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	APPROXIMATE		TONNAGE OF BOATS.		Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	APPROXIMATE		TONNAGE OF BOATS.		Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Number of boats.	Nature of traffic.	Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Tonnage.	Value of cargo.	
		Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Mds.	Tons.						Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Mds.	Tons.										
1	Tiles	100	7	300	11	55	Rs. A. P. 1 14 0	...	132	Empty boats	...	...	20,575	740	3,748	127 5 6	...	2	Local	100	7 0 0	16	...
1	Empty boats	...	...	125	5	25	0 12 6	...	11	Ditto	...	...	1,925	71	994	16 10 3	...	145	Govt. stores...	...	...	28	...
2	Total	100	7	425	16	80	2 10 6 6 3	143	...	...	...	...	22,500	810	4,739	142 15 9 0 5 7	143	...	100	7 0 0	44	...	
Total of same month last year		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Demurrage on 1,000 bundles and 200 bundles bullocks for one day		...	...	...	...	...	0 14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Local	...	...	...	...
Total		...	...	...	...	...	0 14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of same month last year		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Grand Total	100	7	425	16	80	2 10 6 6 3	143	...	...	...	...	22,500	810	4,739	142 15 9	143	...	100	7 0 0	44	...	
Grand Total of same month last year		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

ABSTRACT.

CANALS.	TOLLAGE OF THE YEAR 1876-77.		TOLLAGE OF THE YEAR 1877-78.		REMARKS.
	During the month.	To end of month.	During the corresponding month.	To end of cor- responding month.	
ORISSA CIRCLE.					
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Kandraparah	1,799 12 10	12,978 13 6	1,330 7 4	8,008 13 10	
High Level, Section I	877 7 6	3,015 13 2	849 2 11	3,649 10 2	
Talsandah A.	59 12 7	1,000 13 11	31 15 6	535 0 5	
Total Orissa Circle ...	2,436 15 11	16,993 8 7	1,610 9 9	12,173 8 5	
SOUTH-WESTERN CIRCLE.					
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Hidnapore	7,311 1 0	59,092 7 0	3,532 5 6	42,051 5 2	
Tidal	3,237 8 6	35,179 10 1	312 9 0	21,789 2 0	
Total South-Western Circle ...	10,548 6 6	94,271 1 1	4,044 14 6	63,840 7 2	
SOME CIRCLE.					
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Arrah	317 11 3	3,339 12 2	.....	.....
Buxar	146 8 3	300 14 3	.....	.....
Total Some Circle ...	464 3 6	3,640 10 5	.....	.....
Grand Total ...	15,449 9 11	1,18,511 4 1	5,655 8 3	76,813 15 7	

G. A. SEARLE, Col., B.C.,

Asst. Secretary to the Government of Bengal,
in the P. W. Dept., Irrigation Branch.

The 8th March 1877.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.
PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH.

RUBBER SEASON 1876-77, COMMENCING ON THE 1ST DECEMBER 1876.
Irrigation Operations of Lower Bengal during the month of February 1877.

Circle.	District.	Canal.	SUPPLY OF WATER IN THE CANALS.		DALWA RICE IRRIGATION.		TOBACCO, COTTON, HUL-DEE, GINGER, WHEAT, AND GARDEN PRODUCE.		OIL-SEEDS AND PULSES.		SUGARCANE AND OTHER CROPS.		Grand total of area leased up to the end of the month (total of columns 8, 11, 14 and 17).	Grand total of correspond- ing period of last year.	RAINFALL.			REMARKS.					
			Estimated full dis- charge in cubic feet per second.	Average discharge in cubic feet per second throughout the month.	Area leased up to the 1st of the month.	Area leased during the month.	Total area leased up to the end of the month.	Area leased up to the 1st of the month.	Area leased during the month.	Total area leased up to the end of the month.	Inches during rubber season.	Average of ten pre- vious years for the same period.											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		
Orissa ...	Cuttack ...	{ Kendraparah Battamondoo High Level, Sec. I Toldundah Matcham }	1,269	339	1,211	201	1,412	60	21	90	24	2	26	1,528	3,125	1,800	256	1'98	(a) The details are— Dalwa ... 27 Cotton ... 27 Huldee ... 1,269 Ginger ... 339 Wheat ... 2 Garden produce ... 2 China ... 2 Mandla ... 2 Oil-seeds ... 177 Pulses ... 17 Sugarcanes ... 17 Brinjals ... 25 Plantains ... 2 Total ... 1,273 Area ... 27	
				
				
				
South- Western ...	Midnapore ...	{ Midnapore Howrah ... Panchikoarah ... }	675	146	(b) The details are— At the rate of Rs. 2 ... 5,422 Sugarcanes at ... 5 ... 5 Opium at ... 5 ... 5 Total ... 3,769	
				
				
				
Sone ...	Shahabad ...	{ Main Western Arrah ... Gya and Patna ... Patna ... }	4,342	17473	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			1,000	17423	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			1,406	
			
Sone ...	Total of the month	{ Total of the month Total of the corresponding month of previous year ... Main Western ... Arrah ... Gya and Patna ... Patna ... }	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	(a) The details are— At the rate of Rs. 2 ... 5,422 Sugarcanes at ... 5 ... 5 Opium at ... 5 ... 5 Total ... 3,769
			
		
		

(a) The details are—
Dalwa ... 27
Cotton ... 37
Huldee ... 1,269
Onions ... 1
Potatoes ... 4
Chillies ... 2
Wheat ... 2
Garden produce ... 2
China ... 2
Mandis ... 2
Oil-seeds ... 17
Pulses ... 17
Supernat ... 17
Brinjals ... 25
Plantains ... 2
Total ... 1,273

(b) The details are—
At the rate of Rs. 2 ... 5,408
Supernat at ... 5
Optum at ... 5
Total ... 5,760

G. A. SHARPLE, Col., S.C.,
Asst. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal,
11, D W Road, Irrigation Branch.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY--MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 31st March 1877, on 1,370½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.				TOTAL TRAFFIC RECEIPTS.	TRADE-MARKS RUN.		
	No. of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.		Coaching.		Mineral.	Total.	
		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Sr.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	141,344	1,98,146 18 8	17,704 11 2	12,80,425 10	5,02,114 10 0	51,837 8 8	7,58,385 4 8	44,506 1	104,618 1	149,18
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	150 14 9	18 16 8	.....	639 3 9	40 8 8	558 2 6	.....	.....	.....
For previous 12 weeks of half-year ...	1,702,388	22,16,804 7 0	228,207 1 6	1,51,52,44,088 30	65,30,511 15 11	598,680 8 4	98,47,816 6 11	584,000 1	1,208,911 1	1,794,11
Total for 12 weeks ...	1,899,703	22,08,945 1 8	275,911 12 8	1,61,60,13,462 0	70,92,626 9 11	650,157 8 9	1,01,02,671 11 8	684,776 1	1,27,530	1,922,304
COMPARISONS.										
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	133,840 1	2,10,497 8 4	31,087 4 9	11,39,185 20	4,66,411 8 3	42,784 7 8	6,06,808 5 7	45,000	77,206	122,214
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	179 5 3	16 8 9	.....	364 7 4	33 8 8	543 12 7	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	1,898,911 1	22,08,184 18 0	285,066 18 8	1,53,60,827 20	54,76,198 9 11	501,984 17 6	83,74,883 5 11	610,789	961,191	1,571,980

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY--JUBBULPORE LINE.

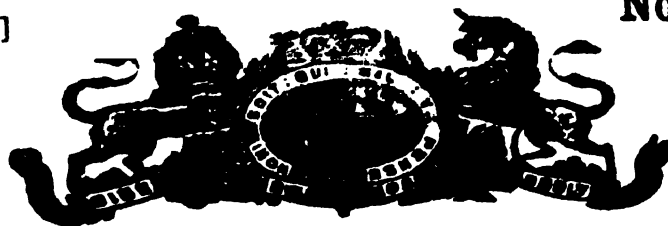
Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 31st March 1877, on 223½ miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Sr.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	6,469	23,670 7 8	2,169 15 10	2,99,878 0	71,850 7 0	6,584 9 1	95,500 14 3	4,751	13,051 1	23,002 1
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	105 12 7	9 13 11	.....	321 0 6	29 8 7	426 13 1	.....	.....	.....
For previous 12 weeks of half-year ...	96,808 1	3,63,925 18 4	33,350 13 11	27,22,204 30	6,81,573 8 0	62,477 10 11	10,44,497 8 6	63,986 1	184,624 1	248,611 1
Total for 12 weeks ...	1,08,327 1	3,57,504 6 9	35,529 9 9	30,24,072 30	7,53,403 10 0	60,062 0 0	11,44,998 0 9	68,787 1	208,567	272,304 1
COMPARISON.										
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	7,324	28,136 6 8	2,120 3 8	116,844 20	25,606 9 0	2,358 0 2	48,035 16 8	4,870	6,177	11,047
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	103 6 0	9 9 6	.....	113 15 11	10 9 0	217 5 11	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	67,141	2,89,985 7 0	24,515 1 8	18,27,733 30	3,02,336 9 0	27,706 5 8	5,91,484 0 6	64,518	75,551	138,969

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 31st March 1877, on 158½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.			MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.			Total receipts.
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.		
		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. W.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
total traffic for the week	38,174	23,611 2 0	2,182 18 9	1,76,000 8	46,000 8 0	3,780 15 8	5,913 9 6
or per mile of railway	240	150 7 8	18 16 11	1,100 8	297 9 11	25 11 6	37 7 8
for previous 12 weeks of half-year	439,960	2,51,894 7 9	30,006 18 8	21,02,100 1	4,90,400 7 8	38,700 7 8	68,700 0 6
Total for 12 weeks	498,478	3,58,705 9 9	32,981 7 0	27,24,000 0	4,97,120 11 8	42,980 9 6	74,191 2 8
COMPARISON.							
total for corresponding week of previous year	38,000	23,600 8 8	2,100 17 6	1,84,300 20	46,300 12 11	3,191 5 8	5,915 2 8
or per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	240	150 7 8	18 16 11	1,100 8	297 9 11	25 11 6	37 7 8
total to corresponding date of previous year	498,100	2,51,800 12 9	30,000 8 0	21,00,000 20	4,90,000 12 6	34,917 1 24	67,900 0 6



SUPPLEMENT TO The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 4, 1877.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.

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Extract from the Proceedings of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

Saturday, the 31st March 1877.

Present:

HIS HONOR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL, *presiding*,
 The Hon'ble V. H. SCHALCH,
 The Hon'ble H. J. REYNOLDS,
 The Hon'ble H. BELL,
 The Hon'ble T. E. RAVENSHAW,
 The Hon'ble BABOO ISSER CHUNDER MITTER, RAI BAHADOOR,
 The Hon'ble BABOO RAM SHUNKER SEN, RAI BAHADOOR,
 The Hon'ble BABOO KRISTODAS PAL, RAI BAHADOOR,
 The Hon'ble H. F. BROWN,
 The Hon'ble NAWAB MEER MAHOMED ALI.

PROVINCIAL PUBLIC WORKS CESS.

THE HON'BLE MR. REYNOLDS moved for leave to bring in a Bill to provide for the levy of a rate for the construction and maintenance of provincial public works in Bengal. He said the financial statement which was made in the Council of the Governor-General on the 15th March, and the debate which subsequently followed, would have prepared the Council for some such measure as he had the honor to bring forward to-day. The Government of India had determined to develop still further the system of provincial finance established in 1871, and to make over to the management of the local Governments

several departments of revenue which had hitherto been under the control of the Government of India. This transfer, as far as it related to departments which came under the head of what was termed ordinary budget expenditure, would not in itself require any increased taxation. The Government of Bengal had accepted a reduction of Rs. 5,90,000 from the existing grant. But it was anticipated that this sum would be made up by greater economy of administration and by the natural growth of some of the branches of revenue which had been transferred, more particularly the great departments of Excise and Stamps.

But concurrently with this, it had been determined to render the local Governments responsible for the cost and management of extraordinary public works—that was to say, such public works as railways and works of irrigation—which had been constructed with borrowed money and had not been paid for out of the revenues of the year. These works were the three great irrigation canals on the Soane, in Orissa, and at Midnapore, and the State railways of Port Canning, Nulhattee, Northern Bengal, and Tirthoot. These works were of the greatest provincial utility, but they were at present carried on a financial loss. The working expenses on the canals exceeded the revenue at present realized by about one and a half lakhs, without taking into consideration the charges for interest, and though the traffic receipts from the railways were considerably in excess of the working expenses, they fell very short of the charges for the working expenses and the interest together. It should be explained that the Government of India did not propose to render this Government responsible for any accumulated arrears of interest on account of past years. The Government of Bengal would take over the works as they stood, and would be responsible for the payment of simple interest on the capital outlay up to date, and for the provision necessary for future working expenses.

Calculated upon this basis according to the figures which had been furnished, and which might be subject to modifications, the charge for interest upon irrigation works amounted to Rs. 20,69,000, and the working expenses exceeded the receipts by about Rs. 1,50,000, making a total charge of Rs. 22,19,000 on account of canals. The charge for interest on account of State railways was Rs. 8,21,000, and the net earnings, or the amount of traffic receipts in excess of the working expenses, was Rs. 2,93,000, reducing the total charge to Rs. 5,28,000. Taking the two heads of irrigation and railways together, the sum for which the Government was responsible amounted to Rs. 27,47,000.

It must be evident to hon'ble members that it was not possible by any reduction of expenditure, or by any normal growth of the present resources of revenue, to provide for a liability of this amount, and that it was necessary to take special measures for raising additional revenue. It might be added that even the sum he had mentioned hardly represented the entire liability; for provision must be made for the completion and extension of these works which were still unfinished, and for such new works as might be necessary in Bengal. And, moreover, it would not be prudent for the Government to calculate its ways and means on a scale which would leave just an equilibrium between income and expenditure, and would barely avoid a deficit at the end of the year. It was necessary for the Government of Bengal to do something more than this, and to have a surplus and a reserve fund in hand. It had been laid down by the Government of India that it was necessary to introduce a system of provincial and local responsibility for the provision of local relief in the event of a famine. It was true that Bengal was happily less liable to the contingency of famine than other parts of India; but the two great calamities which had befallen these provinces within the last twelve years must have shown that the contingency of famine was one which we could not afford altogether to overlook. He believed hon'ble members were aware that in the famine of 1874 the Government of India, besides the direct expenditure which it incurred in the purchase and transport of grain, contributed about a hundred and eighty lakhs towards relief works in the distressed districts. Under the policy which had now been declared, we could not expect such assistance in future, and we should be called upon to meet local requirements from local resources. He thought he was within the mark when he said that it was necessary for the local Government to raise from Rs. 30,00,000 to Rs. 35,00,000 in excess of its present receipts, and this could be done only by additional taxation.

It was then to be considered how far, and by what means, it might be possible to do this. Perhaps it might be thought of little use first to show that taxation was inevitable, and then to consider how far it might be possible. But he believed he was justified in saying that the local Government would not have consented to accept this financial responsibility, if it had not been satisfied that the necessary funds could be raised without unduly adding to the burdens of the people. He did not know whether it had been sufficiently taken into consideration that the people of Bengal were perhaps at present the most lightly taxed people of any country in the civilized world. Almost the only tax which the masses of the people were called upon to pay was the salt tax. In one sense no doubt this was a high tax—that was to say, the amount of the tax bore a large proportion to the cost of production of the article taxed. But that it was not felt as a burden by the people was shown by the fact that the consumption in these provinces was fully sufficient for all the requirements of necessities and health. The consumption of salt in these provinces was about ten pounds per head of the population per annum, and it was doubtful whether the consumption would be much larger than this if salt was not taxed at all. The salt tax then, even as it stood at present, was no oppressive burden, and the Government of India had expressed their intention of reducing the tax as soon as it was possible to do so. Amongst the other customs duties, the only tax largely paid by the people of Bengal was the duty upon imported cotton goods, and he need not remind hon'ble members that it was the declared policy of the Government of India to remove this tax as soon as financial considerations would allow of its abolition. The revenue from excise yielded in these provinces a sum of about Rs. 62,00,000 among a population of sixty-two millions; it was a revenue to which no one need contribute unless he liked; and, on the whole, the sum amounted to one rupee per annum to every ten of the population. The revenue derived from stamps yielded about Rs. 90,00,000, the greater part of which was derived from court fees, which the people could to a great extent avoid if they pleased, and after all the stamp revenue was only about from two to two-and-a-half annas per head of the population. Direct taxation did not exist in Bengal. The present road cess could not be looked upon as a tax; it was assessed by the people, administered by the people, and expended by the people. It was nothing more than a scheme by which legislative recognition had been given to an arrangement for allowing the inhabitants of a district to expend a part of their surplus wealth in the improvement of their own property. The financial burdens of the country being so light as they were, he did not think any apprehension need be felt that there would be an excessive strain on our resources by raising such a sum as 30,00,000 or 35,00,000 from so great and opulent a province as Bengal.

The statement of the Financial Member of Council, while recognizing the necessity for additional taxation, indicated two main principles which the Government of India desired to see maintained in any measures which might be brought forward. The first of these principles was that recourse should be had to the extension and expansion of the present means of raising money rather than to new and unfamiliar forms of taxation; the second was that the cost of the works should, as far as possible, be recovered from the persons who primarily benefited by them. In the two measures which would be proposed to the Council to-day, it had been the object of the Government to recognize and maintain these two principles. The second of these principles had more relation to the Bill which stood in the notice paper in the name of his hon'ble colleague Mr. Ravenshaw. The Bill which he (MR. REYNOLDS) was now asking for leave to introduce was founded on a system which was already in force, and which was understood and appreciated by the people.

It was proposed to make the road cess valuations the basis of a new additional assessment, the proceeds of which would be devoted to the construction and maintenance of provincial public works. The rate of the cess would be fixed by the local Government from time to time for each district, but it would never exceed the rate of half an anna in the rupee, and half of it would be paid, as the road cess was at present paid, by the ryot, and the other half by the zemindar. The time and the manner of making payments would be the same as under the existing Road Cess Act. The proceeds would be paid into the public treasury, and would be devoted to the construction and maintenance of these works. It appeared to MR. REYNOLDS that some measure of

this kind was better suited perhaps than any other which could be devised for meeting the necessity which we were now called upon to face. The incidence of this tax upon individuals would be light, because the tax would be distributed over a large area. Every one would know with certainty how much he would be required to pay, and there would be no inquisition into the profits or income of any one. And even if the tax was fixed at the highest rate which would be authorized by law, a ryot who paid a rental of Rs. 64 per annum would only be required to contribute one rupee towards this cess, and this was a sum which such a ryot might reasonably be expected to be able to afford without any difficulty or distress.

He did not propose to go into any further details at present. The Bill had been drafted and would be placed in the hands of members in a day or two; and if leave was now given to bring it in, he proposed to move on Saturday next that the Bill be read in Council and referred to a Select Committee.

The motion was agreed to.

RATE UPON IRRIGATED LANDS.

The HON'BLE MR. RAVENSHAW moved for leave to bring in a Bill to provide for the levy of a rate upon irrigated lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal. He said that the hon'ble member to the right had given a fair and able exposition of the position of the Government at the present time, and it was perhaps unnecessary that he should add much.

Under the late decision of the Government of India to enforce provincial responsibility for the financial results of public works constructed at the public expense for local and provincial purposes, the sum due to the Government of India from the province of Bengal had been estimated at Rs. 27,47,000. Of this amount, Rs. 22,19,000 was due for canals and irrigation works as representing the net working expenses plus charges for interest. The gross revenue derived from water-rates and other direct returns had, under the existing system of voluntary leasing, been estimated at Rs. 4,25,000 only for the year 1877-78—a sum which did not cover working expenses.

We had three great canal schemes in more or less active prosecution. These canals commanded an irrigable area of 690,000 acres, and it was expected that with vigorous prosecution of the works the irrigable area would annually increase, and in five years would have reached 1,121,000 acres. Of the 690,000 acres now irrigable, an insignificant proportion had so far been leased under the existing voluntary system, and there was no immediate prospect of these costly and necessary works yielding an adequate return. Drought and flood recurred periodically, and every year disclosed more and more the vital necessity for vigorous prosecution of canal and irrigation works, which were to India as arteries of trade and communication and veins which nourished the thirsty soil. He had personal experience in Orissa, extending over many years, of the frightful misery and loss caused by famine and flood; but he regretted to say that, notwithstanding the dire misfortunes and sufferings the people had sustained, they were still very backward in availing themselves of irrigation, even when the water was brought to their door.

Similar difficulty had been experienced on the Midnapore and Soane canals.

This backwardness in leasing for water, and the urgency of financial considerations, rendered it immediately necessary to move in the direction of helping the people to help themselves. Irrigation, drainage, and protection from flood must go hand in hand, and any measure it may now be necessary to propose would involve provision of these three advantages in exchange for a moderate, but compulsory, payment. In proposing to levy a compulsory rate, we should be giving the people more than an equivalent for any payment exacted.

The most recent inquiry, made with great care in Orissa last season, showed that the average value of rice raised on an acre of irrigated land exceeded the value of rice raised on an acre of similar unirrigated land by Rs. 3-3 per acre. This was wholly due to irrigation, and these results were obtained in a season of favourable rainfall.

The Bill he now asked permission to bring in might be correctly indicated as likely to afford security and profit to every landlord and cultivator within the irrigated tracts to which the Bill would apply. In fact it was proposed to give to each person holding irrigable land a value of Rs. 3-3 per acre, and to insist on a moderate proportion of this value being contributed as an

insurance rate to enable Government to continue to afford protection from drought, flood, or famine in the future.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said, I think it will be expected perhaps that I should say something in respect of these measures which are now before the Council, and for the introduction of which leave has been asked. It has been explained by the Hon^{ble} Mr. Reynolds that we have been compelled to ask you to assist us in raising a considerable sum of money in order to give effect to the measures which we have been directed to carry out by the Government of India. The Government of India have given to the Provincial Government a very considerable amount of freedom in the future in the management of its own affairs; but it has also, as the hon^{ble} gentleman has explained, thrown upon us the responsibility of raising the money necessary to meet the interest upon the works already constructed, and about to be constructed, and to carry out such further works of improvement as the Provincial Government may consider necessary.

As has been pointed out by my hon^{ble} friend, in doing this the Government of India has not charged us, as it might have done, if it could be shown that the works were immediately remunerative, with the accumulated interest upon the capital of these works. It has wiped that off, and has allowed us to start fair with the works as they stand, and has merely imposed upon us the responsibility of paying the current interest which may arise year by year.

There is no use in our discussing the correctness of the principles by which the Government of India has been guided in this matter, because the thing has been done, and cannot be undone by anything we can say in this Council. For my own part, I must say that however painful and disagreeable it may be to me to commence my administration of these provinces by imposing further taxation, I, for my part, personally feel that the principles of the Government of India are correct in the abstract. Indeed their application would have fallen upon us very lightly, if it had not been for the accident that we are clogged at starting by those two great schemes—the Orissa and Midnapore schemes—which have been taken over by the Government of India from a private company. No doubt, as my hon^{ble} friend Mr. Ravenshaw has stated, the Orissa Canals have already done an enormous amount of good to immense tracts of country. They have brought into cultivation large areas of land which were hitherto arid plains; and where the water has been used, these plains have been converted into gardens. But the people, though they have seen the benefit derived by their neighbours from using the water, have not yet learned by their experience, and they abstain from using the water up to the very last moment that it is possible to do so, and until they are pressed by real drought bearing upon them. But we are compelled to be ready for them, and keep up the works and establishments, and to be prepared at the very last moment to supply the water which the people demand. This being so, it is only reasonable that the Government should call upon the people to contribute towards the expenses of the establishments, and to make provision for keeping up these works.

I have spoken on the subject to many experienced revenue officers and native gentlemen, and I have found that they all concur in thinking that the principle of levying a moderate compulsory water-rate is a reasonable and proper one, and it is one to which the people, although of course they would object to any form of taxation, will not raise any substantial objection. I cannot make them pay the whole cost of the work because, as I have said, the expenditure has been extravagant and wasteful; but I must levy all I can from them, and the balance required to meet the interest on the capital locked up in these works, as well as the interest on new railways which have not yet commenced to pay, and the first charge on the new cheap railways which we have to construct, and this I hope, as explained by the Hon^{ble} Mr. Reynolds, to meet by a general provincial public works cess, which I trust will cover the deficit and provide us with a small margin of reserve which will keep us out of difficulties, and, as to past expenditure, enable us to press on the work of providing such cheap railways as will confer the greatest possible benefit to the province. I shall take care in future that no capital is expended on railways and irrigation works without the most positive and conclusive evidence that they will yield the interest on the capital which is so expended on them. But it must be remembered that we must always have some money in hand to pay for the construction of new works, and we must keep a working

margin in hand ; therefore it will not do to cut down the amount we are to raise to the bare sum which will be required for the interest on the works which are already completed.

The road cess has now been tried, and has worked well and unoppressively ; it has been collected without difficulty, and almost, I must say, without any complaint, as far as I have heard. Therefore I think, even if it is considered that there are forms of taxation which are preferable and theoretically open to less objection, it is better to apply the road cess machinery to our purpose and choose the evils which we do know, rather than plunge into evils that we do not know, on the mere chance that they may turn out to be better able to be borne than those from which we now suffer. I think it is better to endeavour to raise our taxation by a rough process which requires no fresh expenditure whatever on extensive establishments, than by a more carefully adjusted system of taxation, involving large assessing and collecting establishments and constant interference with the people. Let us raise what we require to raise this year, at all events, by the development of a form of taxation which is now in operation. We are much pressed for time and have not leisure now to commence discussions on the general principles of taxation, but during the year we shall have time to consider whether any other mode of taxation can be substituted for a portion of the cess which shall reach the trading classes. There seems to be a very general opinion that something should be done to put a tax upon the trading classes. I am not in a position now to propose any tax of this sort ; but I do quite concur in the view that if it can be done it should be done. I have therefore consulted the Commissioners of Divisions as to whether any such tax can be imposed in Bengal as the license tax which has been passed for the North-Western Provinces ; and if we wait, we shall by this time next year have the benefit of the experience of the working of that tax in the North-Western Provinces, and then we can consider whether we can shift any portion of the burden of our present taxation upon any other classes than those on which it now falls.

I expect to be met with the objection that I am imposing the whole cost of carrying out these works upon one particular class, viz. the class interested in the land. But I am sure that no one will deny that it is the land which has benefited more by these works than any other branch of national wealth ; nothing has improved so much during my residence in India as the position of the cultivating classes, and nowhere has the position of these classes so much improved as in the neighbourhood of railways and canals which have been constructed, or in those parts of the eastern districts where Nature has provided water communication which has brought the people within easy reach of the large markets. I think there is no reason why those who have profited by these benefits, whether they are natural or artificial, should not be called upon to contribute something out of their accumulating wealth to the assistance of their brethren in the outlying districts who are now shut out from all markets, and who do not enjoy the same advantages as themselves.

There is one point in respect of which I admit the cess is deficient. It throws upon landlords the duty of collecting the rate, while they have not such facilities as they should have for the ready and prompt realization of their rent and the Government cesses. This difficulty had already attracted the attention of my predecessor Sir Richard Temple, and just before he left Bengal, he recorded a Minute expressing his intention of at once applying for the sanction of the Government of India to pass a short Bill to provide a system for the realization of rent in a somewhat more summary and prompt process than that which now exists. I shall give the subject my best attention, and I may say that I am already in communication with the officers subordinate to me, and I hope it will not be long before I shall be in a position to ask the Council, with the permission of the Government of India, to pass a Bill of this sort. I think that with that Bill the objection of the landlord classes will disappear. I can only add my hope that, having regard to the difficulties of the position in which I am placed, I shall have the cordial support of the Council in passing these measures, even if they do not think them absolutely perfect. The financial year begins to-morrow, and with it commences all our difficulties and responsibilities, which I must ask you to put me in a position to meet.

The motion was agreed to.

The Council was adjourned to Saturday, the 7th April.

CHOLERA IN THE BACKERGUNGE DISTRICT.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT—INDUSTRY & SCIENCE—No 940.

Calcutta, the 2nd April 1877.

From—H. J. S. Cotton, Esq., Junior Secretary to the Government of Bengal,
To—The Commissioner of the Dacca Division.

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter without number, dated 24th March 1877, forwarding with your remarks a report from the Magistrate of Backergunge regarding the recent outbreak of cholera in that district.

2. The total mortality from cholera is estimated at 12,750 deaths. This is considerably less than has been reported from Noakholly, where, up to the 31st January, the deaths are stated at 30,263, and up to the end of February at 45,000. But a final official report from Noakholly has not yet been received.

3. The Lieutenant-Governor cordially acknowledges the exertions of both the Civil and Medical officers in Backergunge during the past very trying season. Assistant Surgeon Baboo Kali Das Mookerjee, who, it is stated, had done excellent service, was unfortunately drowned by the upsetting of his boat in the Megna river; and the Lieutenant-Governor has heard of his death with regret. Upon the whole, the extra native doctors behaved fairly well. The burden of the medical arrangements fell upon Dr. Cameron, the Civil Surgeon, and the Lieutenant-Governor has formed a very favourable opinion of the energy and judgment with which he directed, and himself shared in, the administration of relief. An expression of this opinion will be communicated to the Surgeon-General in the Indian Medical Department.

Dated Dacca, the 24th March 1877.

From—F. B. PEACOCK, Esq., Offg. Commissioner of the Dacca Division,
To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

IN accordance with orders contained in your letter No. 585, dated 23rd ultimo, I have now the honor to submit in original the accompanying reports from the Magistrate and Civil Surgeon of Backergunge on the recent severe outbreak of cholera in those parts of that district which suffered most from the effects of the cyclone and storm-waves of the 31st October last.

2. I do not think there is anything in the circumstances of the places affected by the late epidemic which would operate to exempt them from the occasional visitations of this disease, to which all parts of Eastern Bengal are liable. But, as the Magistrate remarks in his second paragraph, there can be no doubt that the late outbreak was aggravated and intensified, if not actually caused, by the state in which the people were living. It can hardly be a matter for surprise that cholera should rage among people living in an atmosphere so polluted as to be almost unbearable, especially when, in addition to this, they were insufficiently clad, indifferently housed, and badly fed. The only wonder to my mind is that the disease did not sooner make its appearance, and was not much more destructive than it was.

3. It is of course impossible to give, with anything like certainty, the number of deaths that have occurred. The sub-divisional officers of Dukhin Shabazpore and Patuakhally estimate them at 10,088 and 1,788 respectively, while Dr. Cameron puts them down at about 8,000 in the former, and about 2,900 in the latter sub-division. Neither of these estimates can in my opinion be accepted as anything more than the merest approximation to correctness, though of the two, from the manner in which it was framed, I consider Dr. Cameron's the most reliable. Information derived from the native doctors would no doubt be correct enough so far as it went; but there must have been many deaths in outlying villages which were never heard of. As for the information derived from a number of unintelligent, panic-stricken chowkeedars, it is palpable that this must be unreliable and unsatisfactory to the last degree.

4. In addition to the figures above given, Dr. Cameron estimates that about 300 deaths occurred in the portion of thana Backergunge visited by the disease, and about 1,550 in thana Mendigunge, or a total in all of 12,750 deaths. I can only hope that these figures do not represent a smaller mortality than actually occurred.

5. As regards the treatment of the disease, Dr. Cameron's report shows that all possible endeavours were used to bring medical assistance as speedily and as close to the sufferers as possible. On receipt of the first intimation of the outbreak of the disease, the Surgeon-General was asked to send five native doctors fully equipped with medicines, &c., to Burrisal, and subsequently, as the disease spread, a further requisition for 20 more native doctors was made. Both these requests were complied with by the Surgeon-General with the utmost promptitude. Dr. Tomes was, under the orders of Government, specially deputed to Burrisal to take charge of the Civil Surgeon's duties at that place, so as to allow of Dr. Cameron giving the whole of his time and attention to the adoption of measures for the abatement of the disease and to the supervision of the native doctors employed in various parts of the district. An Assistant Surgeon, Baboo Kali Dass Mookerjee, was also sent to Burrisal with the first of the native doctors, and rendered useful service in Dukhin Shabazpore till the 5th February, when he was unfortunately drowned through his boat being upset in a storm as he was crossing the Megna to visit the adjacent island of Manpura.

6. Nor were our endeavours confined to the actual treatment of the disease itself. Both before and after the outbreak, everything that could be done was done to get the people to burn, to bury, or to dispose of in some way or other the numerous bodies of men and carcasses of cattle that were lying strewed about in all directions, to cleanse the tanks of the débris with which most of them were filled, and generally to take such steps as might prevent, or at least lessen, the chances of an outbreak. These endeavours were not relaxed, but were persevered in to the end, notwithstanding the apathy displayed by the people themselves, and the little assistance rendered by the zemindars and others who should certainly have been more alive to the extent of the calamity than they were.

7. The disease has now happily almost disappeared, though a few places still require to be watched, principally in the thana of Mendigunge and of Burhamuddin in Dukhin Shabazpore. Ten native doctors have already been sent back to Calcutta, and the services of others will be dispensed with as soon as this can safely be done.

8. It is satisfactory to notice that, with one exception, the native doctors behaved fairly well. That they should take, or attempt to take, fees from the people was inevitable under the circumstances in which they were placed; but so long as they did not neglect those who could not pay, and were active and energetic in the discharge of their duties, I should not be disposed to take too severe notice of this, even if the fact could be proved.

9. On the whole, therefore, I trust what has been done will have the approval of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, and that he may be pleased to signify, either through me or through the Medical Department, his appreciation of the good service rendered by Dr. Cameron throughout the whole of the operations.

10. The return of the original papers when no longer required is requested.

No. 519, dated Burrisal, the 16th March 1877.

From—E. J. BARTON, Esq., Offg. Magistrate of Backergunge,
To—The Offg. Commissioner of the Dacca Division.

WITH reference to your No. 84 of the 2nd instant, I have the honor to send you herewith a copy of a report by Dr. Cameron, the late Civil Surgeon here, on the recent outbreak of cholera in the wave-stricken tracts of this district.

2. Last cold weather there was an outbreak of cholera in these tracts, and this would seem to point to the existence there, independently of the storm-wave and its consequences, of conditions capable of themselves of calling into activity this terrible disease. That the special calamities of this year greatly aggravated these conditions there can of course be no doubt.

3. It will be in your remembrance that when the Lieutenant-Governor was here shortly after the cyclone of the 31st October, the probability of the occurrence of a cholera epidemic in the wave-stricken tracts was discussed, and it was resolved to have a number of native doctors in readiness to meet such a contingency. Cholera appeared in Noakhally shortly after the cyclone, but here for weeks there was no appearance of the disease in the wave-stricken tracts. The matter was often talked of by the Civil Surgeon and myself. The Civil Surgeon seemed to think that the two native doctors whom you sent from Dacca, and to whom he refers in the 2nd paragraph of his report, might be returned. I asked the Civil Surgeon to retain them, as I felt almost certain that cholera would come. He, however, did, I believe, return the men to you on the ground that there was nothing here for them to do.

4. In the sub-division of Dukhin Shabazpore cholera, as an epidemic, broke out early in December in the extreme north in the Gazipura outpost, and soon after in Dowlutkhan thana. It was not, however, till January that the disease assumed its great and alarming proportions. Two additional native doctors were sent in December to this sub-division and posted in charge of the affected villages. By the beginning of January the disease had travelled southwards and appeared in the Burhamuddin thana. Dr. Cameron's report will show that nine native doctors were at work in the cholera-stricken tracts in the month of January. There was no time lost during the visitation to utilize to the utmost all the means of relief that were at our disposal. It will be in your recollection that I went to Calcutta after the Durbar in January, and one of the matters which took me there was the supply of a greater number of native doctors for the cholera-stricken tracts. In the first ten days of January cholera raged throughout the sub-division; the number of deaths was very large, and the people became everywhere disheartened. The disease, in its most virulent and destructive form, began to abate in Dukhin Shabazpore about the middle of January. The northern half of the sub-division, where the disease first appeared, recovered first, and by the end of January the epidemic had greatly decreased everywhere. The rains that followed in the beginning of February put a complete stop to it. At any rate, the epidemic ceased almost coincidentally with the copious rainfall which we had in the beginning of February.

5. The number of deaths from cholera in Dukhin Shabazpore cannot at present, and probably never will, be ascertained with correctness. The figures of mortality given by the sub-divisional officer differ somewhat from those given by Dr. Cameron, and are these:—

POLICE STATIONS.	November 1876.	December 1876.	January 1877.	February 1877.	Total.
and Bhola	36	627	3,204	248	4,205
Gazipura	60	437	929	68	1,494
Burhamuddin	12		1,562	461	2,574
Taltoli		239	430	80	519
Tozamuddin			911	301	1,212
Total	108	1,303	7,469	1,218	10,098

The chowkeedars, who are universally the most ignorant of men, might, and probably did, report the same deaths several times over, and omit or forget to report other deaths. These conversant with the inexactness, both of memory and thought, which is a characteristic of these utterly illiterate and unintelligent men, will admit that this certainly occurred. These figures are based on the reports made by the chowkeedars, and are probably wrong. The sub-divisional officer thinks that the mortality is heavier than what is represented here; but I do not agree with him. Dr. Cameron's estimate, being based on the more intelligent observations of the native doctors whom we had studded all over the sub-division, is probably the more accurate.

6. These figures show that the epidemic in Dukhin Shabazpore travelled from north to south. In November the largest number of deaths reported was in Gazipura outpost, i.e. in the extreme north of the sub-division. In December, too, the epidemic was severer in proportion to the population at Gazipura than at the more southern stations (Dowlutkhan and Bhola); for the number of deaths in the former was nearly three-fourths of the number in the latter, though in extent Gazipura is scarcely half of Dowlutkhan and Bhola. The number of deaths in the southern half of the sub-division had increased from 12 in November to 239 in December, but this number is not a fourth of the number for the northern half, and cholera therefore was still most severe in the north. In January the mortality attained its highest point everywhere, and it was severer in Dowlutkhan than in Gazipura, and severest in Burhamuddin, which is more to the south. The number of deaths in Burhamuddin was more than half that in Dowlutkhan, though the area of the former is scarcely half of the area of the latter. In February the number of deaths in the south was greater than that in the north, not only relatively to area, but absolutely.

7. Mr. Datta, the sub-divisional officer of Dukhin Shabazpore, gives the following opinion regarding the causes of the epidemic:—

"The causes of this outbreak are various. Cholera, in an epidemic form, raged here last winter and gradually died out in the rainy season, when good drinking-water was available everywhere. On the close of the rainy season cholera appeared again, even before the 31st October, and there can be no doubt the storm-wave of that date has fearfully aggravated it

in various ways. The stench proceeding from dead bodies and dead cattle everywhere, and in every village in this sub-division, was of itself sufficient to bring on a fearful outbreak. I have endeavoured as much as I could, by orders on the police, proclamations in hâts and villages, injunctions on the villagers, and by personally impressing the subject on influential people in every place I visited, to have the dead bodies buried and the ground cleared, and I am assured that something in this way has been done, and is still being done.

"The storm-wave has brought in the outbreak in other ways too. Houses have been everywhere blown down and washed away, and people who have built up temporary sheds suffered from exposure in the cold season. The stored grain which has been recovered, as well as some portion of the new rice reaped, remained under water for many hours, and in some places for days, and were partly spoilt, and the consumption of this spoilt rice is another aggravating cause. The water in tanks in many places has been spoilt, and the use of this water tends to disease. Imperfect clothing, imperfect food, and imperfect shelter have in all probability added to the virulence of the disease."

8. In connection with this, I beg to call prominent attention to the fact that the apathy and indolence of the people everywhere were conspicuous. Every means short of force were employed by the local officers to induce them to remove the carcasses. Mr. Harris was sent to the spot on the day when first I heard of the inundation of Dukhin Shabazpore, and he did all that was legally possible in trying to get the people to help themselves and clean their villages. The relief officers and the native doctors who were in the sub-division in the beginning of November did the same; but the people obstinately refused to help themselves. I sent all the mehters I could raise. It would have taken thousands of them to clean the wave-stricken tracts of the dead bodies of human beings and cattle, for a great tract of country (about 1,100 square miles) had been affected by the waves. In this district and the neighbouring districts there are very few mehters. Of these, most are already employed, and a great many of them will not touch dead bodies. With the exception of one or two, none of the zemindars did anything. They did not even send their servants to incite the inhabitants to help themselves. Even if they had sent their servants, I doubt if they would have succeeded in rousing the people and forcing them to do something. Altogether this was as disheartening an episode as any that occurred in connection with this great calamity.

9. Mr. Datta thus reports regarding the present condition of the people:—

"The people are recovering themselves from the effects of the recent calamity—the wave-storm and the cholera. Although the crops were very seriously injured by the storm-waves, the people had their betelnuts and their saving of preceding years to fall back upon, and they are just at present disposing of large quantities of betelnuts and importing rice. Unlike what takes place in other years, there is no exportation of rice from this sub-division at present. On the contrary, boat-loads of rice are coming to the several large hâts in this sub-division from Hattia, Noakhally, Nalehitti, and other places. Cattle, too, are being imported to the cattle markets from Madaripore, Mendigunge, and other places, while vegetables come mostly from Naraingunge and Dacca. Calamities so severe would have, of a certainty, been followed by a scarcity in most other places in Bengal; but the peasantry here are so well to do that they have up to the present time been able to find themselves in all the necessities, and will probably be able to tide over till the next harvest. Their hâts are thronged with people and tolerably well supplied, only that rice is not exported as in other years, and they have everywhere put up new sheds or houses and resumed their accustomed industries: and all this has been done although the crops suffered fearfully by the two cyclones; and in many villages that I have seen the dhan has not been at all reaped from the fields, for there was little to reap. To be sure many people have been impoverished and are distressed, especially those who found employment in previous years in building up huts, excavating tanks, &c. These people find no employment this year, as ryots are building their own huts and cannot afford this year to dig tanks. Some relief, however, will be given to these people when Government works are undertaken, either from the Khas Mehal Improvement Funds, or in the Road Cess Department. There is still greater distress in the extreme south in Bhuta, Lalmohan, Shombhupura, Golukpura, Dhali Gournagar, and Lakhi—places where the cyclone caused most dreadful loss in lives and property. The people of these parts will require assistance to recover themselves, and investigations are now being made regarding their necessities and circumstances."

10. The cholera epidemic in the sub-division of Patuakhali was not nearly so severe

Name of thana.	Total mortality from cholera.
Bowfal ...	775
Golachipa ...	369
Mirzagunge ...	614
Total ...	1,758

as in Dukhin Shabazpore. I give in the margin the figures of mortality which were supplied by the police. It is believed that they are only approximately correct. The figures for thana Golachipa are certainly wrong, and I think Dr. Cameron's estimate of 1,900 deaths there is probably nearer the truth. Dr. Cameron's report shows that we had no less than seven native doctors at one time in this thana. The figures for Mirzagunge are believed to be

tolerably accurate. There the people suffered much less in the cyclone, and there was no storm-wave, and cholera did not rage in an epidemic form. The large figure shown for that thana is due to better registration. In Bowfal and Golachipa, which suffered most in the cyclone, cholera raged virulently from the latter end of December till the end of January. The village police became temporarily disorganized. Many of the chowkeedars are not alive, and the survivors during the epidemic were irregular in their attendance at the thanas. The

result has been that the registration of vital statistics by the police was extremely unsatisfactory. Mr Gupta, the sub-divisional officer of Patuakhali, visited several villages in Bowfal and Golachipa while the epidemic was raging, and also afterwards, and he is inclined to estimate the actual deaths in Golachipa to be quite three times what has been reported by the police, and in Bowfal twice.

11. The rainfall towards the end of January gave the first check everywhere to the disease. The cholera disappeared altogether in the sub-division of Patuakhali immediately after the heavy rainfall in the first week of February.

No. 144, dated Burrisal, the 14th March 1877.

From—DR. L. CAMERON, Civil Surgeon of Backergunge,

To—The Magistrate of Backergunge.

WITH reference to your endorsement No. 428 of 5th instant, forwarding Bengal Government letter No. 585, dated 23rd ultimo, I have the honor to report as follows regarding the outbreak of cholera following the cyclone and storm-waves of the 31st October and 1st November last.

2. Alarming reports of sickness were received from Dukhin Shabazpore, Golachipa, and Bowfal thanas on the 3rd November. Four temporarily entertained native doctors were immediately sent to these places with supplies of medicines and instructions to afford medical aid to the people. His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor visited Dowlutkhan and Bowfal on the 10th November, and expressed himself satisfied with the medical arrangements. The storm-wave had affected the whole of the thanas of Dowlutkhan and Burranuddi and portions of those of Backergunge, Bowfal, and Golachipa. Consequent on the storm-wave, the sanitary condition of these parts was excessively bad. The country was dotted over with dead bodies of men and carcasses of animals. Although the water of the storm-wave was fresh, the tanks were in all instances filled with débris, and in many polluted by dead bodies. Notwithstanding the exertions of the Magistrate, the Joint Magistrate of Patuakhali, and the District Superintendent of Police, the people were slow in taking steps even to clear their tanks and rebuild their houses. They could not be got to burn or bury the dead bodies. Valuable service was rendered in Dowlutkhan by Mr. Harris, the District Superintendent of Police. He remained on the spot about a month and caused all dead bodies in the vicinity to be buried or thrown into the khal, from whence they were floated out into the river. At Koralia, in Choto Basdia, the zemindars sent a staff of mehters who rendered similar services. At these places the tanks were also cleared. Good result followed, for little or no cholera or other sickness occurred at these places. At all other places the dead bodies were allowed to putrefy where they lay; swarms of flies were generated, and the stench was so bad as to be almost unbearable. The houses of the people were all destroyed, and they had to subsist on new and damaged rice. Although much disease might have been expected to be caused by these conditions, as a matter of fact little disease occurred till the middle of December.

3. The four native doctors treated a considerable number of cases of bowel complaints, fractures, wounds, contused wounds, and a few of cholera. Towards the end of November, there being no further occasion for their services, they were recalled. There was so little disease at this time that the services of two native doctors sent from Dacca could not be utilised.

4. On the 11th December six native doctors reported their arrival from Calcutta. They had been ordered by the Surgeon-General to come here for special duty in the cholera-affected tracts. Reports of the prevalence of cholera having been received from Dukhin Shabazpore, Perozepore, and Mirzaguange thanas, three of these native doctors were sent to those places.

5. Fresh reports continuing to be received, the remaining ones were shortly afterwards sent to Perozepore, Dowlutkhan, and Bowfal. On the 2nd of January the police native doctor of Burrisal was deputed to Burranuddi, and on the following day a native doctor entertained here was sent to Darial, in Backergunge. On the following days alarming accounts were received from Dukhin Shabazpore and Bowfal, the worst accounts coming from Gazipura in the north of the island, and from Dowlutkhan and Burranuddi in the south. The two native doctors sent to Perozepore thana were at once withdrawn and sent to Dukhin Shabazpore early in January. There were nine native doctors posted or proceeding to their destination as follows:—

● Backergunge thana	...	Darial	...	...	1
• Bowfal thana ...	...	{ Bowfal	...	...	1
		{ Kalain	...	...	1
		{ Taltoli	...	...	1
		{ Gazipura	...	...	1
Dowlutkhan ...	• {	Dowlutkhan	...	...	2
		Mongulsikdar hat	...	...	1
		Burranuddi	...	...	1

6. At this time (5th of January) very alarming accounts continued to be received of the number of seizures and deaths from cholera. Great alarm prevailed in storm-affected tracts.

Numbers of the trading classes, and such of the cultivators as could afford the expense, were reported to be leaving for places outside the area of the storm-wave. At Burranuddi and Tosheenuddi it was reported that there was not enough of people left to bury the bodies of those dead from cholera.

This was an exaggeration.

E. J. BARTON.

7. The chowkeedar service was much disorganized. Many of the chowkeedars had been drowned by the cyclone, many had since died of cholera, and those who remained were very irregular in their attendance at the thana. Reliable information about many parts of the storm-affected tracts could not be had. After indenting for a young surgeon, an assistant surgeon, and five additional native doctors, I proceeded to visit Dukhin Shabazpore Island and Bowfal thana, in order to ascertain their condition and to determine what further help was necessary and where native doctors might be posted to the best advantage.

8. Leaving Burrisal on the 7th of January, I reached Gazipura, in the north of Dukhin Shabazpore, on the 9th. The native doctor had been at work here from the 23rd of December. He had treated 316 cases of cholera in 11 villages. The sanitary condition of the villages was very bad. The tanks for drinking-water had only been cleaned; the others were still filled with débris as they were left by the storm-wave. The houses had not been re-erected on account of scarcity of labour and the excitement caused by the prevalence of cholera. Perwannas had been issued to zemindars to dispose of corpses and clear tanks, &c., but nothing had been done. Wherever corpses lay a bad smell was apparent; least where the body had been exposed and had become dry, and most where they remained under rubbish. Swarms of flies infested the country and settled down on everything, especially on eatables. Cholera had been severe and general from about the 20th of December to the 5th of January. After this date it rapidly declined, and dysentery, diarrhoea, and dyspepsia began to prevail.

As cholera was declining, the native doctor was ordered to leave simple medicines, with directions for use, with the police, and to go round all the villages in the north of the island for the purpose of treating cases of disease, but more especially for the purposes of getting the people to clear their tanks, so as to prevent further deterioration of the drinking-water, to dispose of dead bodies, and to re-erect their houses. Bhola, the new head-quarters of the subdivision, was then visited. With the exception of a village called Bapta, near Bhola, there was not much cholera in this vicinity. Medical help had been given from Bhola. Dowlutkhan was reached on the 11th. The loss of life must have been terrible all along the east coast. All the villages on the banks of the Megna were deserted. In the villages further inland, sometimes as few as five or six people were found. Near Dowlutkhan I counted in one place 27 bodies,

all in a state of decomposition. In this vicinity cholera began to appear in the beginning of December, but did not become severe until the 20th. Subsequently to that date the number of deaths was alarming and caused great consternation amongst the people. The police reported 780 deaths in December. Two native doctors had been at work here—one from the 17th of December, and one from 7th of January. They had treated 822 cases in 69 villages. Some of the large villages, such as Nyamutpore, Betua, Bejoypore, Noldagn, Hazipore, Bukshemaji, &c., suffered most severely. The sanitary condition here was similar to that of Gazipura as mentioned above. Dowlutkhan almost escaped the disease. Cholera began to markedly decline from the 2nd of January. In consequence of this, one of the native doctors was removed to Tosheenuddi. At Tosheenuddi great alarm prevailed. Cholera was

It was here the destruction of life by the storm-waves was greatest.

E. J. BARTON.

very severe in the large villages of Chandpore and Tosheenuddi. After the cyclone many of the dead bodies had been thrown into the khals, but much débris still encumbered the villages. Cholera prevailed in all villages in this outpost. At Ramprosad's hat and Dhali Gournagur, &c., in the south of Dukhin Shabazpore Island similar conditions prevailed. Here a native doctor was at work. The south end of Dukhin Shabazpore Island was then rounded, and the villages on the east coast visited as far as Taltoli, in Badura Island, on the east coast of Dukhin Shabazpore. Although cholera prevailed, it was not severe.

The storm-waves here caused an exceptionally great destruction of life.

E. J. BARTON.

9. The condition of Badura Island was found to be fair; there was little cholera, but much dysentery and diarrhoea. A native doctor was at work here. At Burranuddi there had only been two deaths from cholera in December; but from the 1st to the 15th January, in 16 out of 90 villages, 300 deaths occurred. Cholera declined here after the 15th.

10. At Bowfal, Kalaia, and Darial a similar state of matters prevailed. Cholera was rapidly declining. On arrival at Burrisal I found that Assistant Surgeon Kali Dass Mookerjee and five native doctors had arrived. The assistant surgeon was deputed to Dukhin Shabazpore for inspection duty. He was unfortunately drowned while proceeding to Manpura Island by the upsetting of his boat in a storm on the 4th February. He was an intelligent and energetic officer, and had been of great assistance while employed in the island. The native doctors were disposed of as follows:—

One to Manpura Island.

One to Gorindar hat for the tract of country between Mongulsikdar's hat and Tosheenuddi.

One to Dhonia Monia for the tract of country between Burranuddi and Bhola.

The remaining two native doctors were sent to Golachipa thana—one for the tract of country near Golachipa, and one for Basdia, Rangabali, and other islands and churs off the coast. On the 17th, before my arrival, a locally entertained native doctor had been sent to Golachipa for the northern portion of the thana.

11. On the 19th of January there were 15 native doctors at work, as follows:—

Backergunge thana	...	Darial	...	...	1
Bowfal	"	{ Bowfal	...	...	1
		{ Mominpura	...	...	1
Golachipa	"	{ Golachipa	...	...	1
		{ Basdia	...	...	1
		{ Chiknikandi	...	...	1
Burranuddi	"	{ Burranuddi	...	...	1
		{ Badura	...	...	1
		{ Tosheenuddi	...	...	1
		{ Gorinda hât	...	...	1
Burhamuddin	"	{ Mongulsikdar's hât	...	...	1
		{ Manpura	...	...	1
		{ Dowlutkhan	...	...	1
Dowlutkhan	...	{ Dhorina Monia	...	...	1
		{ Gazipur	...	...	1

12. The sub-divisional native doctor of Bhola was available for the tract of country around. At this time, although cholera was declining, bowel-complaints were very prevalent, and it was not anticipated that the wave-stricken tracts would return to their normal state of health till after the beginning of the rains. With a view to the tracts being mapped out into circles, each in charge of a native doctor, 15 additional native doctors were asked for. Pending their arrival I proceeded to visit Golachipa thana. The sanitary condition of this was similar to that of Dukhin Shabazpore, but cholera had not been so prevalent or so fatal. Bowel-complaints also were less prevalent.

13. Six native doctors arrived from Calcutta on the 30th of January; they were disposed of as follows:

One to Boro Basdia	One to Alipore hât
One to Boalia	One to Selimabad
One to Betagee hât	One to Shastabad

14. The disposition of the 21 native doctors stood as follows:—

Backergunge thana	...	Darial	...	...	1
Bowfal	"	{ Bowfal	...	...	1
		{ Mominpura	...	...	1
		{ Chik to Basdia	...	...	1
		{ Boro	...	...	1
		{ Boalia	...	...	1
Golachipa	"	{ Alipore hât	...	...	1
		{ Betagee hât	...	...	1
		{ Nalkhola	...	...	1
		{ Chiknikandi	...	...	1
		{ Burranuddi	...	...	1
		{ Badura Island	...	...	1
		{ Native doctor with-			
		{ drawn to Mendi-			
Burranuddi	"	{ gunge.			
		{ Tosheenuddi	...	...	1
		{ Manpura Island	...	...	1
		{ Gorinda hât	...	...	1
		{ Mongulsikdar's hât	...	...	1
Dowlutkhan	...	{ Dowlutkhan	...	...	1
		{ Dhorina Monia	...	...	1
Burrisal	...	{ Shastabad	...	...	1
		{ Selimabad	...	...	1
Mendigunge	...	{ Daulpore	...	...	1
		{ Uttur Shabazpore	...	...	1

15. Eight native doctors arrived on the 13th February; they were disposed as follows:—

One to Dowlutkhan to relieve locally entertained native doctor.
One to Nalkhola to ditto ditto.
One to Darial to ditto ditto.
One to Mendigunge thana.
One to Dhulia in Backergunge.
One to Police Hospital, Burrisal.
One to Showluk in Gournuddi.
One for duty in the Civil Surgeon's office.

Deducting three locally entertained native doctors whose services were dispensed with, this left 26 native doctors on cholera duty in the district.

Mendigunge thana was visited in February and thoroughly gone over. There was little cholera, except in the south, around Selimabad.

On account of the improved state of health, and the improved sanitary state of the wave-stricken tracts, 10 of these native doctors have now been sent back to Calcutta, leaving 16 still employed

16. Cholera prevailed over the entire wave-stricken tracts from about the 15th of December to the 15th of January. After that date it gradually declined, bowel-complaints taking its place. These are not fatal diseases. Occasional cases of cholera only occur now, except at Selimabad in Mendigunge, Tosheenuddi, Guruprosad hât, and Manpura Island in Burranuddi.

17. The real cause of the epidemic appears to have been deterioration of the drinking-water by the dead bodies and vegetable débris, aggravated by the privations consequent on the cyclone and the bad smells.

18. The total number of deaths in Dukhin Shabazpore sub-division since 1st of November is estimated to amount to four per cent. on the original number of inhabitants, or about 8,000 deaths; in Golachipa to two per cent., or 1,900 deaths; in portion of Bowfal affected to two per cent., or 1,000 deaths; in the portion of Backergunge 300 deaths; and Mendigunge 1,550 deaths; in all 12,750 deaths.

Only a small part of thanas Backergunge and Mendigunge was struck by the storm-waves.

E. J. HARRISON.

19. Suggestions were made as occasion required for having dead bodies burnt in site, &c. The Sanitary Commissioner's memorandum was freely circulated among the people. In this instructions were given regarding filtering water, cleaning and improving tanks, &c. The native doctors were enjoined to explain its provisions to the people wherever they went. The sanitary condition of the tracts is now reported to be much improved. The soft parts of the dead bodies are now completely decomposed, and they are harmless. A few native doctors may be required to remain at their posts till the rains set in: ten or twelve may be enough for this purpose. When cholera ceases in the portions of Mendigunge and Burranuddi thanas, where it now still prevails, the number of the native doctors may be reduced to 10 or 12.

20. Surgeon Tomes, who was deputed to conduct the duties of the station during my absence, gave much assistance in compiling the weekly return of the native doctors and in forwarding them to proper authorities. The native doctors, with one exception, acquitted themselves fairly well. It is believed that in many instances they extorted fees from the people, but of this no sufficient proof is available to prove the charge against any native doctor in particular.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 31st March 1877.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.			
<i>Western Districts.</i>			
BURDWAN DIVN.	1 Burdwan, Apl 2 '77	1.01 '47 at Culna. 1.253 at Cutwa. '68 at Bood-Bood '20 at Kancegunge. '49 at Jehanabad.	Ploughing for the early rice has begun. Sessamum and cotton are doing well. Cholera and cattle disease are reported to be prevalent in Culna.
	2 Bankoora, Mar. 31 "	'61	Weather—Cloudy. State and prospects of the crops are good. The rain has been beneficial to the indigo and cotton crops.
	3 Baerbhoom, " 31 "	'35	Weather—Cloudy and cool, with slight rain. State and prospects of the crops continue excellent.
	4 Midnapore, " 31 "	1.24	Weather—Rainy and cool. State and prospects of the crops are good.
	5 Hooghly, " 31 "	1.43	Weather—Cloudy at intervals. Rain on the night of the 24th, 25th, 26th, and 29th March. The rice lands are still being ploughed. The harvesting of wheat and barley is almost over. Cholera is slightly on the decrease.
	Howrah, " 31 "	'17	Weather—Cloudy. State and prospects of the crops are good.
<i>Central Districts</i>			
PRESIDENCY DIVN.	6 24-Pergunnahs, Apl. 2,† '77	'17	Weather—Cool and cloudy. Light showers have fallen during the week. The preparation of land for spring sowings is going on briskly. Public health is generally good, but a few cases of cholera have been reported from Busscherhat and Diamond Harbour.
	7 Nudda, Mar. 31 '77	1.05	Weather—Moderately hot, with occasional slight storm and rain. The cold weather crops have been harvested. The ground is being thoroughly prepared for the rice sowings.
	8 Jessore, " 31 "	82	Weather—Hot and bright in the early part of the week; cloudy, with some thunder and showers in the latter part. The rain has done good, and the sowing will now commence. More rain is wanted.
RAJSHAHYE AND COOCH BEHAR DIVN.	9 Moorshedabad, Apl 1 "	'14	Weather—Cloudy, with intervals of sunshine. The prospects of the <i>rubbee</i> crops are fair, and an average outturn is expected. <i>Dora dhan</i> or spring rice is promising. Sowings for the autumn rice are still going on. Prices generally are stationary. Health is good; but cholera is reported in a few villages.
	10 Dinagepore, Mar 30 "	Nil	Weather—Seasonable. The <i>rubbee</i> crops are being harvested. Rice is being sold from 24 to 32 seers per rupee.
	11 Rajshahye, " 31 "	Nil	Slight rain is reported to have fallen in the jurisdiction of Poothea, Charchhet, and Bilmareah on the morning of the 28th March. The <i>rubbee</i> crops are still being reaped, and the sowings of rice and jute are going on. The seedlings of spring rice and sessamum are thriving. A few cases of cholera are reported to have occurred at the fair held at Manda and in the adjoining villages. A few cases also occurred in the Nattore sub-division.
	12 Rungpore, " 30 "	Nil	Weather—Warm, with westerly wind. Nothing new to report. The state and prospects of the crops continue satisfactory. Public health on the whole is good, but small-pox has broken out in the Gaibanda sub-division.
	13 Bogra, " " " "	...	Return not received.
	14 Pundra, Mar. 31 "	32	Weather—Hot, with occasional strong winds. State and prospects of the crops are good. The harvesting of wheat, barley, <i>mosina</i> (linseed), and <i>khesari</i> is nearly completed. These crops have been a little damaged by the rain. <i>Chena</i> is not ready as yet. No case of cholera reported during the week.
	15 Barjeeling, " 30 "	Nil	Weather—Warm. High winds during the week. No crops of importance are on the ground. Indian corn and potato are being sown.
	16 Julpigoree, " 31 "	Few drops.	Weather—Strong westerly winds during day; nights cool. Tobacco is being cut. Ploughing for early rice is still going on.
	Cooch Behar, " 29 "	Nil 1 at Dinhatia.	Weather—Fair. Not so hot as last week. No present appearance of rain. West winds blowing. Cool in the morning and hot in the middle of the day. State and prospects of the crops are generally good. Towards south and west tobacco has been injured considerably by a hail-storm on the 15th March. The sowings of <i>bitri dhan</i> are progressing rapidly. Small-pox has broken out in some parts of Mathabhanga, and preventive measures are being taken.

* Telegram of the 2nd April shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

† Report of the 2nd April shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at upper Station in inches	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.—(Continued.)			
<i>Eastern Districts.</i>			
Dacca Divn.	17 Dacca, Apl. 2 ^o '77	·6	Weather—Cool, with storms. State and prospects of the crops are very favorable.
	18 Fureedpore, Mar. 31 „	·66 ·22 at Goalund ·87 at Madari-pore.	There were several storms, though none of any great violence, during the week. There was also an unusual fall of rain. The temperature is cool. Prospects of the crops are satisfactory. General health is good.
	19 Backergunge, „ 29 „	·43	The weather is seasonable and cool for the time of year. The prospects of the crops are reported to be good. There is a good deal of sickness all over the district. Cholera in a sporadic form is reported to be present in thanas Nulchitti, Jhalokati, Backergunge, Mendigunge, Gournadi, Mirzagunge, Gulshakhali, and Motbaria. There is a good deal of fever also in thanas Nulchitti, Jhalokati, Backergunge, Boranuddin, Mirzagunge, Gulshakhali, and Motbaria. The health of the cattle is everywhere good.
	20 Mymensingh, „ 30 „	·07	Weather—Cloudy sometimes in the morning. Slight rain on the 27th March. State and prospects of the crops are favorable.
	21 Tipperah, „ 30 „	1·64	A good deal too much rain for the time of year. The spring rice has been somewhat injured by hail. Most of the lower lands are getting so water-logged that if there be not some drier weather soon the ryots will not be able to plough for the autumn rice in such lands.
Chittagong Divn.	22 Chittagong, „ 29 „	·54	The weather was clear during the first part of the week; it was cloudy and windy, with thunder-storms, during the latter part. The cold-weather crops are in good condition. <i>Pania aous</i> rice is thriving. Cholera has almost disappeared, but small-pox is still prevalent at head-quarters.
	23 Noakholly, „ 29 „	1·29	Weather—Changeable and uncertain during the week. Heavy storm accompanied with rain passed over the station on the night of the 25th, and at noon of the 28th March. Pulses, chillies, &c., are progressing favorably. Ploughing for the early rice is everywhere going on well.
	24 Chittagong Hill Tracts, „ 27 „	Nil	Weather—Pleasant mornings. Hot at noon. The <i>joom</i> cutting is nearly finished. In some parts of the district the hill people have begun to burn their <i>jooms</i> .
	Hill Tipperah, „ 28 „	5·31	Weather—Rainy and stormy for the greater part of the week. State and prospects of the crops continue good.
BEHAR.			
Patna Divn.	25 Patna, Apl. 2 ^o '77	·08	Weather—Rather cool after the hail-storm on Saturday night. The harvesting of the <i>rubbee</i> crops is nearly completed. Stray cases of cholera and small-pox are reported.
	26 Gya, Mar. 31 „	Nil	Weather—Cloudy and hot. All prospects are good.
	27 Shahabad, „ 31 „	Slight rainfall.	Weather—Cloudy and rainy. The <i>rubbee</i> crops are being cut and thrashed, so that fair weather is necessary.
	28 Durbhunga, Apl. 2 „	Rainfall not mentioned.	The weather during the week was cloudy, and on Saturday night there was a thunder-storm and rain. The <i>rubbee</i> crops are being harvested, and a good outturn is anticipated. Public health is good.
	29 Mozufferpore, Mar. 31 „	Nil	Weather—Cloudy. The <i>rubbee</i> crops are being harvested everywhere with good outturn. A few cases of small-pox reported from Soorsund and thana Shewhar. General health is good.
	30 Sarun, „ 31 „	Nil	Weather—The mornings have been generally cloudy and the days hot and bright. The west wind has been blowing strongly, but at the time of report (31st March) it has been shifting, and a storm seems probable. The <i>rubbee</i> harvest is still going on. The opium crop has been gathered, and the weighing will commence on the 3rd April. The indigo sowings are completed. Prices have fallen owing to the new grain coming into the markets. General health is good.
Bhagulpore Divn.	31 Chumparun, „ 31 „	Nil	Weather—Still cool at night; strong west winds during day time in the early part of the week. Cloudy, with indications of a storm from the north-west on the 31st March. The prospects of the crops continue good. The sowings of indigo are progressing.
	32 Monghyr, „ 31 „	Nil	Weather—Fair. The <i>rubbee</i> harvest, as expected, is a very good one.
	33 Bhagulpore, Apl. 2 ^o „	·15	Weather—Wind chiefly easterly; north-western on Saturday, with rain. The <i>rubbee</i> harvest is nearly over with good outturn. General health is good, but small-pox is reported here and there.
	34 Purneah, Mar. 31 „	Nil	Weather—High west wind nearly all the week. State and prospects of the crops are favorable. Wheat is as good as was expected. It is being reaped.

* Telegrams of the 2nd April show rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall, at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BEHAR.—(Continued.)			
BAGULPORE DIVN.	35 Maldah, Mar. 31 '77	Nil	Weather—Seasonable. A few drops of rain fell on the 26th and 28th March. The wind was variable; it generally blew from the south-west. State and prospects of the crops are good. Seventy-three deaths from cholera reported.
	36 Sonthal Pergas. Apl. 1 "	Nil	Weather—Cloudy at times. Cool and pleasant for this time of the year. No change to report. The harvesting of wheat and barley is nearly over. Cholera continues at Deoghur.
ORISSA.			
ORISSA DIVN.	37 Cuttack ... ..	.....	Return not received.
	38 Pooree ... ..	.....	Return not received.
	39 Balasore, Mar. 30 '77	38	Weather—Unsettled. Thunder-storms with moderate rain have been frequent. Preparations for sowing continue. Much mortality from sporadic cholera and some from small-pox has occurred.
CHOTA NAGPORE.			
South-West Frontier Agency			
40	Hazareebagh, Mar. 30 '77	10	Weather—Seasonable. No change of prospects. The crops are nearly all gathered with very fair outturns. <i>Mohwa</i> is somewhat backward. It is beginning to fall. Health of the district is good.
41	Lohardugga, .. 31 ..	70	Weather—Cloudy, and more rain has fallen than is usual at this time of the year. The <i>rubbee</i> crops are being harvested. They are good average crops. With the exception of a few cases of small-pox in Palamow, the general health is very good.
42	Singbhoom, .. 30 ..	50	Weather—Unusually cool for the time of year. There was a very sharp earthquake shock, attended with very audible subterranean rumbling on Thursday morning at 12.45 A.M. and at night a storm with heavy rain occurred. No crops to report about. The district is healthy.
43	Manbhoom, .. 31 ..	100	Weather—Very pleasant so far as temperature is concerned, but unseasonable. Somewhat similar weather occurred in 1875, and the rainfall fell short at the close of the season. Nothing further to report save that, owing to the unseasonable weather, the <i>mohwa</i> crop is likely to be seriously injured. This will be a privation to many of the ryots. The mango crop will also be injured. Ploughing for next sowings is being carried on.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT.,
The 3rd April 1877.H. J. S. COTTON,
Jr. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Districts of Bengal for the Fortnight ending 31st March 1877.

THE SEER OF 80 TOLAHS.

THE SEER OF 80 TOLAHS.																				DISTRICTS.
GRANAT MILLETS— CHOLU, JOWAR.			LESSER MILLETS— RAGON MURWA, AND CHENNA.			MAIZE OR INDIAN- CORN.			GRAM.			FIREWOOD.			SALT.					
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.			
BENGAL.																				
Western Districts.																				
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.		
...	Burdwan.	
...	Bankura.*	
...	Beerbhoom.	
...	Midnapore.*	
...	Hooghly.*	
...	Howrah.	
20 0	20 0	24 0	...	...	...	25 0	22 0	24 0	18 4	19 0	22 0	100 0	100 0	120 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Calcutta.
...	24-Pergunnahs.*	
...	Nudda.	
...	Jessore.	
...	Moorshedabad.	
...	Dinapore.	
...	Rajshabye.	
...	Rungpore.	
...	Bogra.*	
...	Pubna.	
...	Darjeeling.*	
...	Jalpigore.	
Eastern Districts.																				
...	Dacca.*	
...	Furreedpore.*	
...	Backergunge.	
...	Mymensingh.*	

D In Jungpore the prices are as follow :—Wheat 21 seers, barley 38 seers, best rice 21 seers, common rice 23-4 seers, bulrush millet 23 seers and gram 30 seers.

E In Roygunge the prices are as follow :—Wheat 13 seers, best rice 25 seers, common rice 28 seers, and gram 18 seers.

F In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 18 to 22-8 seers, best rice 14 to 16 seers, common rice 18 to 24 seers, and gram 8 to 9 seers.

G In the Serajgunge sub-division the prices are as follow :—Wheat 21 seers, best rice 11 seers, common rice 25 seers, and gram 16 seers.

H In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 10 seers, best rice 8 to 14 seers, common rice 14-5 to 19 seers, and gram 10 to 12-5 seers.

I In the interior the prices range as follow :—Best rice 14 to 16-12 seers, common rice 16 to 16-12 seers, paddy 30 seers, and gram 12 seers.

PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermentioned

Number.	DISTRICTS.	QUANTITIES PER RUPEE BY																												
		WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			BULRUSH MILLET— CUMBOO, BAJRA.																
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.														
Eastern Districts—(Contd.)																														
21	Chittagong.*																													
22	Noakholly.*																													
23	Tipperah.*																													
24	Chittagong Hill Tracts.*																													
	Hill Tipperah	10	5	10	5	9	5					15	5	10	0	16	0	26	0	25	0	20	0							
BEHAR.																														
25	Patna.*																													
26	Gya.*																													
27	Shahabad	17	0	17	0	10	0	28	0	28	0	20	0	17	0	17	0	18	0	19	0	{ 20 0 to 21 0 }	20	0						
28	Durbhunga.*																													
29	Mozufferpore.*																													
30	Sarun	17	0	13	0	22	0	32	0			43	0	10	8	10	0	10	0	18	8	19	0	23	4					
31	Chumparun.*																													
32	Monghyr.*																													
33	Bhagulpore.*																													
34	Purneah	{ 26 8 to 27 10 }	15	19	20	0						24	25	23	0	17	0	27	0	{ 26 0 to 28 0 }	19	0								
35	Maldah	20	0	15	0	24	0	45	0	45	0	50	0	23	0	23	0	23	0	27	0	27	0	23	8	30	0	30	0	
36	Sonthal Pergunnahs	{ 26 0 to 27 10 }	16	0	18	0	20	0					17	0	18	0	20	0	21	0	22	0	27	0	32	0	40	0	40	0
ORISSA.																														
37	Cuttack.*																													
38	Pooree.*																													
39	Balasore.*																													
CHOTA NAGPORE.																														
South-Western Frontier Agency.																														
40	Hazareebagh	M	16	0	13	0	21	0	36	0		30	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	24	0	22	4	26	0					
41	Lohardugga.*																													
42	Singhbhoom		24	0	21	0	20	0	32	0	32	0	32	0	20	0	20	0	18	0	40	0	40	0	36	0				
43	Manbhoom.*																													

* Returns not received.

In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 14-8 to 18 seers, barley 22 to 30 seers, best rice 12 to 13 seers, common rice 20 to 20-8 seers, bulrush millet 24 seers, great millet 26 seers, maize 26 seers, and gram 23 to 28 seers.

In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 26-8 to 28 seers, best rice 24 to 27 seers, common rice 27 to 31 seers, and gram 16 to 18 seers.

CALCUTTA,

April 1877.

Districts of Bengal for the Fortnight ending 31st March 1877.—(Continued.)

K SEER OF 80 TOLAHS.

HEAT MILLET— JOLU, JOWAR.			LESSER MILLETS— RAGI OR MURWA, AND CHENNA.			MAIZE OR INDIAN- CORN.			GRAM.			FIREWOOD			SALT.			DISTRICTS.
Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	
Eastern Districts.—(Contd.																		
Ch. S. Ch. S.																		

L In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 18 to 25 seers, best rice 20 to 28 seers, common rice 23-8 to 30 seers, bulrush millet 35 to 40 seers, maize 28 to 40 seers, and gram 18 seers.

M In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 16 to 19 seers, barley 30 seers, best rice 12 seers, common rice 22-8 to 25 seers, lesser millets 40 seers, maize 27 to 32-8 seers, and gram 20 to 25.

Published for general information.

H. J. S. COTTON,
Jr. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

DIVISIONS.	DISTRICTS.	STATIONS.	Rain from 11th to 17th Mar. 1877.	Rain from 18th to 24th Mar. 1877.	RAIN FROM 1ST JANUARY 1877.		REMARKS.	
					Inches.	Up to date.		
BENGAL.								
BURDWAN.	WESTERN DISTRICTS.		Inches.	Inches	1877.			
	Burdwan	Burdwan	0.28	Nil	2.54	24th Mar.		
		Cutwa	0.20	ditto	2.86	ditto		
		Culina	Nil	ditto	3.47	ditto		
		Bood-Bood	0.16	ditto	2.23	ditto		
		Raneegunze	0.26	ditto	3.31	ditto		
		Jehanabad	1.08	ditto	4.79	ditto		
	Bankoora	Bankoora	0.44	ditto	2.84	ditto		
	Beerbhoom	Sooree	0.40	ditto	5.07	ditto		
		Hetampore	0.40	ditto	5.29	ditto		
		Roy pore	0.06	0.21	3.84	ditto		
	Midnapore	Midnapore	0.20	Nil	6.25	ditto		
		Tumlook	0.35	ditto	5.48	ditto		
		Ghattal	1.70	ditto	5.89	ditto		
		Contai	Dy. Collr.'s Office	1.12	ditto	5.79	ditto	
	Hooghly	Hooghly	0.88	Not rec.	5.93	17th Mar.		
		Serampore	0.25	0.14	3.87	24th Mar.		
	Howrah	Howrah	0.73	Nil	5.13	ditto		
Maheshrekha		0.80	ditto	6.06	ditto			
			0.63	ditto	5.77	ditto		
PRESIDENCY.	CENTRAL DISTRICTS.							
	24-Pergunnahs	Saugor Island	0.80	ditto	7.00	ditto		
		Calcutta	0.72	ditto	5.91	ditto		
		Alipore	0.60	ditto	6.02	ditto		
		Alipore	0.61	Not rec.	6.48	17th Mar.		
		Busseerhat	1.10	Nil	5.35	24th Mar.		
		Baraset	0.12	ditto	4.61	ditto		
		Diamond Harbour	0.49	ditto	6.49	ditto		
		Barripore	0.44	ditto	6.93	ditto		
		Satkhira	Nil	0.43	4.72	ditto		
		Barrackpore	0.74	Nil	4.92	ditto		
	Nudda	Dum-Dum	0.70	ditto	4.64	ditto		
		Kishuaghur	0.15	ditto	3.79	ditto		
		Pongong	0.08	ditto	3.57	ditto		
		Meherpore	0.75	ditto	2.79	ditto		
		Chooananga	1.94	ditto	6.12	ditto		
		Kooshtea	0.27	ditto	3.00	ditto		
		Ranachhat	Nil	ditto	3.17	ditto		
		Jessore	0.89	0.03	4.01	ditto		
		Nurrail	0.63	0.18	3.43	ditto		
		Khoolna	0.77	0.65	5.04	ditto		
	Jessore	Jhenida	0.42	Nil	3.92	ditto		
		Bagirhat	Nil	0.80	5.40	ditto		
		Magoorah	0.83	Nil	4.46	ditto		
		Derhampore	0.30	ditto	4.81	ditto		
		Ramporehaut	0.25	ditto	4.55	ditto		
		Lalbagh	0.29	ditto	5.61	ditto		
		Jungypore	0.12	ditto	4.82	ditto		
		Azingunge	Nil	ditto	3.06	ditto		
		Lalgolla	0.22	ditto	5.18	ditto		
		Kandee	0.41	ditto	3.84	ditto		
	RAJSHAHYE.	Dinagepore	Dinagepore	0.15	0.04	1.77	ditto	
			Raizunge	0.25	Nil	3.00	ditto	
		Maldah	Maldah	Not rec.	ditto	2.44	ditto	Not rec. 11th to 17th March.
			Chanchal	ditto	ditto	2.51	ditto	ditto
		Rajshahye	Bauleah	0.21	ditto	4.60	ditto	
Nattore			0.12	ditto	4.13	ditto		
Rungpore		Rungpore	1.00	ditto	2.81	ditto		
		Bhowanigunge	0.14	ditto	2.13	ditto		
Rungpore		Kurigram	1.04	ditto	2.94	ditto		
		Baguogra	0.75	ditto	2.21	ditto		
Bogra		Bogra	0.16	ditto	2.27	ditto		
		Sherpore	0.10	ditto	3.37	ditto		
Bogra		Nowkhilla	0.05	ditto	1.52	ditto		
		Panchbibi	Nil	ditto	1.36	ditto		
		Halulya	0.75	Not rec.	2.29	17th Mar.		
Pubna		Pubna	1.05	Nil	6.24	24th Mar.		
	Serajunge	0.50	ditto	3.81	ditto			
Darjeeling	Darjeeling	1.99	ditto	4.73	ditto			
	Hospital	0.60	ditto	4.37	ditto			
Julpigoree	Julpigoree	0.52	ditto	1.73	ditto			
	Hodah	0.46	Not rec.	3.06	17th Mar.			
Julpigoree	Buxa—Civil Surgeon's Office	2.26	0.02	4.23	24th Mar.			
	Titalya	Not rec.	Nil	2.35	ditto	Not recd. 11th to 17th March.		
Cooch Behar Tributary States.		Cooch Behar	1.44	ditto	3.12	ditto		

DIVISION.	DISTRICTS.	STATIONS.	Rain from 11th to 17th March 1877.	Rain from 18th to 24th March 1877.	RAIN FROM 1st JANUARY 1877.		REMARKS.
					Inches.	Up to date.	
BENGAL.—(Continued.)							
	EASTERN DISTRICTS.		Inches.	Inches.	1877.		
Dacca.	Dacca ...	Dacca... { Telegraph Office... ..	0.09	Not rec.	2.76	17th March	From 4th February 1877.
		Dacca... { Hospital	0.26	2.44	6.24	24th March	
		Moonsheergunge	2.48	2.40	12.62	ditto	
	Furreedpore ...	Manickgunge	0.01	Nil	3.64	ditto	
		Furreedpore	0.17	0.24	5.29	ditto	
		Gosalundo	0.03	Nil	4.81	ditto	
	Backergunge ...	Madaripore	0.46	0.10	5.69	ditto	
		Burrisal	0.02	0.01	6.38	ditto	
		Perozepore	Nil	0.60	5.40	ditto	
	Mymensingh ...	Patoakhally	ditto	Nil	6.18	ditto	
		Bhola	0.10	ditto	1.08	ditto	
		Mymensingh ...	Mymensingh	0.02	ditto	3.27		ditto
CHITTAGONG.	Chittagong ...	Jamalpore	0.46	ditto	3.00	ditto	
		Atia	0.97	ditto	3.78	ditto	
		Kishoregunge	0.75	0.55	4.02	ditto	
	Chittagong ...	Chittagong { Telegraph Office	Nil	Nil	4.20	ditto	
		Chittagong { Jail	ditto	ditto	4.96	ditto	
		Cox's Bazar	ditto	ditto	2.48	ditto	
	Noakholly ...	Noakholly	0.06	ditto	4.58	ditto	
		Fenny	0.09	ditto	3.91	ditto	
	Tipperah ...	Comillah	Nil	0.61	6.03	ditto	
		Brahmunbariah ...	2.66	3.48	11.59	ditto	
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rungamatee Hill	0.40	Nil	6.43	ditto	
	Hill Tipperah ...	Hill Tipperah ...	2.00	4.94	11.60	ditto	
BEHAR.							
PATNA.	Patna ...	Patna	0.20	Nil	2.90	ditto	
		Behar	0.13	ditto	3.63	ditto	
		Barh	0.43	ditto	3.17	ditto	
	Gya ...	Dinapore { Jail	0.10	ditto	2.68	ditto	
		Dinapore { Cantonment ...	0.10	ditto	2.48	ditto	
		Gya	0.10	ditto	3.36	ditto	
	Shahabad ...	N. walah	0.10	ditto	3.26	ditto	
		Arungabad	0.10	ditto	0.70	ditto	
		Jehanabad	0.03	ditto	3.90	ditto	
	Mozufferpore...	Arrah	0.34	ditto	5.44	ditto	
		Sasaram	0.06	ditto	3.74	ditto	
		Buxar	0.78	ditto	5.39	ditto	
BHAGULPORE.	Mozufferpore...	Bhuboah	0.30	ditto	4.89	ditto	
		Mozufferpore	Not rec.	Not rec.	2.67	3rd March	
		Hajeepore	ditto	ditto	2.82	ditto	
	Durbhunga ...	Seetamurhee	ditto	ditto	3.31	ditto	
		Durbhunga	0.02	Nil	3.27	21th March	
		Mudhoobannee ...	0.08	ditto	2.82	ditto	
	Sarun ...	Tajpore	Nil	ditto	2.95	ditto	
		Chupra	0.37	Not rec.	3.94	17th March	
	Chumparun ...	Sewan	0.19	ditto	5.18	ditto	
		Motiharee	Nil	Nil	4.54	24th March	
		Bettiah	Not rec.	ditto	4.08	ditto	
	Monghyr ...	Segowlie	ditto	ditto	4.08	ditto	
Monghyr		0.12	Not rec.	2.43	17th March		
Begooerai		0.24	ditto	2.58	ditto		
Bhagulpore ...	Jamocoe	0.03	ditto	4.62	ditto		
	Bhagulpore	0.17	Nil	2.75	24th March		
	Sooool	0.16	ditto	2.38	ditto		
Purneah ...	Muddehpooora ...	0.15	ditto	2.91	ditto		
	Banka	0.20	ditto	3.83	ditto		
	Sonbarsa	Nil	ditto	2.37	ditto		
Sonthal Pergunnahs	Purneah	0.19	ditto	1.90	ditto		
	Kisengunge	0.74	ditto	2.07	ditto		
	Arrareah	0.12	ditto	2.03	ditto		
Sonthal Pergunnahs	Nya Doomka	0.10	ditto	4.45	ditto		
	Rajmehal	Nil	ditto	0.90	ditto		
	Deoghur	2.09	ditto	6.03	ditto		
Sonthal Pergunnahs	Godda	0.39	ditto	2.33	ditto		

DIVISION.	DISTRICTS.	STATIONS.	Rain from 11th to 17th March 1877.	Rain from 18th to 24th March 1877.	RAIN FROM 1st JANUARY 1877.		REMARKS.
					Inches.	Up to date.	
ORISSA.	CUTTACK	Cuttack... { Telegraph Office	Nil	Nil	2.00	24th March	Not rec. 4th to 10th March.
		Cuttack... { Hospital	0.05	ditto	1.89	ditto	
		Jaipore	Nil	ditto	8.05	ditto	
		Kendraparah	ditto	ditto	4.80	ditto	
		Jugutsingapore	ditto	ditto	1.70	ditto	
		False Point	ditto	ditto	5.95	ditto	
		Pooree	ditto	ditto	3.17	ditto	
		Khurda	0.05	ditto	3.43	ditto	
		Balasore... { Exa. Engr.'s Office	0.45	ditto	3.60	ditto	
		Balasore... { Collector's Office	0.29	ditto	3.62	ditto	
	BALASORE	Bhadrack	Nil	ditto	7.89	ditto	
		Jellasore	0.28	ditto	6.01	ditto	
		Sorah	2.00	ditto	5.46	ditto	
		Chandbally	Nil	ditto	5.48	ditto	
	CUTTACK TRIBUTARY MEHALS	Sambulpore	0.03	ditto	5.70	ditto	
	CHOTA NAGPORE.						
	SOUTH-WESTERN FRONTIER AGENCY.						
	HAZAREEBAGH	Hazareebagh... { Jail	0.47	ditto	5.14	ditto	
		Hazareebagh... { Dispensary	3.12	ditto	8.06	ditto	
		Pachumba	1.32	ditto	5.71	ditto	
	LOHARDUGGA	Ranchee	0.70	ditto	7.51	ditto	
		Palamow	1.36	ditto	5.40	ditto	
	SINGBHOM	Chyebassa	0.07	ditto	6.02	ditto	
	MANBHOM	Purulia	0.41	0.07	4.24	ditto	
		Goviadpore	0.30	Nil	6.14	ditto	
	ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.						
	Sylhet	Sylhet	0.19	1.10	6.08	ditto	
	SEEBSAUGOR	Seebaugor	3.72	Not rec.	5.97	17th March	
		Golghat	4.25	ditto	5.86	ditto	
		Jorehaut	3.42	ditto	5.29	ditto	
		Deopanie	2.69	ditto	5.94	ditto	
		Hattiepootie	2.43	ditto	4.37	ditto	
		Mazengah	2.67	ditto	4.74	ditto	
		Nazoorah	3.20	ditto	5.76	ditto	
		Suntock	2.66	ditto	5.44	ditto	
		Cherideo	4.19	ditto	7.00	ditto	
		Akyab	Nil	Nil	0.60	24th March	
	RAJPOOTANA	Alwar	ditto	ditto	Nil	ditto	
		Jaipur	ditto	ditto	0.25	ditto	
		Sambhar	0.23	ditto	0.82	ditto	

CALCUTTA,
The 31st March 1877.

A. PEDLER,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 25th to 31st March 1877.

STATION.	Date.	Hour.	Barometer reduced to 32°.	Barometer reduced to sea-level.	HYDROMETER.		Humidity sat. = 100.	WIND.		Rain.	Clouds.	Weather initials.
					Dry.	Wet.		Direction.	Velocity.			
CALCUTTA.	Mar. 25th	10	29.915	29.924	81.5	77.4	83	S W	.....	.....	CK	
		16	29.903	29.890	87.0	79.5	70	S	.....	.....	K	
	26th	10	29.953	29.973	84.3	70.0	46	S S W	.....	.....	C	
		16	29.907	29.825	89.5	78.0	51	S	.....	.....	CK	
	27th	10	29.933	29.957	81.5	77.4	83	S W	.....	.....	K	scuds.
		16	29.786	29.804	89.5	80.5	66	S	.....	.....	K	
	28th	10	29.957	29.970	75.4	72.0	83	N	.....	.....
		16	29.771	29.790	80.5	72.5	67	S by W	.....	.....	C, CK	
	29th	10	29.890	29.908	86.0	72.3	53	N N W	.....	.....	C	
		16	29.774	29.793	92.0	72.0	34	W	.....	.....	CS	
SAGOR ISLAND.	30th	10	29.949	29.958	78.5	70.5	66	S.	.....	0.12		
		16	29.889	29.868	84.5	76.5	68	S by W	.....	.....	KS	
	31st	10	29.947	29.966	75.0	70.5	79	S E	.....	.....	K, CS	
		16	29.861	29.879	78.2	69.0		S	.....	0.01	K	
	Mar. 25th	10	29.927	29.933	83	78	79	S S W	13.8	.....	CK	b
		16	29.860	29.866	81	77	83	S S W	11.4	.....	PK	b
	26th	10	29.964	29.960	83	77	75	S W	2.7	.....	K	b, m
		16	29.839	29.845	85	77	68	S S W	8.8	.....	C	b
	27th	10	29.948	29.954	83	78	79	S W	13.7	.....	P	b
		16	29.831	29.827	84	78	75	S	12.6	.....	FK	b
CHITTAGONG.	28th	10	29.930	29.936	82	76	75	N N W	14.8	.....	PK	b
		16	29.793	29.798	83	75	67	S W	8.1	.....	KS	b
	29th	10	29.976	29.982	87	77	63	N N W	10.3	.....	C	b, m
		16	29.778	29.784	86	80	76	S S W	10.0	.....	P	b
	30th	10	29.967	29.963	79	75	82	N E	6.0	.....	PK	a, g
		16	29.848	29.854	81	75	74	S S W	8.1	.....	KS	b, m
	31st	10	29.949	29.955	79	73	70	S S W	9.7	.....	KS	b, v
		16	29.867	29.893	75	71	81	E S E	12.1	0.20	P	b, v
	Mar. 25th	10	29.877	29.909	85	78	72	W S W	5.5	.....		b, v
		16	29.806	29.899	86	77	66	W S W	8.6	.....		b, v
MADRAS.	26th	10	29.877	29.889	85	78	72	W S W	5.6	.....		b, v
		16	29.759	29.851	86	75	58	S S W	9.1	.....		b, m
	27th	10	29.887	29.979	86	77	65	S	2.3	.....	K, N	
		16	29.745	29.837	87	77	62	S W	5.7	.....	C	b
	28th	10	29.844	29.956	85	78	73	S S E	2.9	.....	K	g
		16	29.746	29.840	77	71	73	E	1.4	0.30	CS	g
	29th	10	29.847	29.939	84	76	68	S S W	6.5	.....	KS	
		16	29.753	29.846	78	73	78	E	15.8	.....	N	g
	30th	10	29.916	30.011	72	68	81	W S W	6.5	1.00	K	g
		16	29.808	29.901	79	70	61	N E	14.6	0.20	C, CS	g
CUTTACK.	31st	10	29.916	30.040	74	71	86	E S E	5.0	0.60	N	r
		16	29.835	29.928	79	71	66	S W	5.5	.....	CS	g
	Mar. 24th	10	29.019	30.040	85	71	47	S E	11	.....		b, c
		16	29.843	29.806	83	73	57	S E by E	13	.....		b
	25th	10	29.887	30.009	87	76	58	S by E	8	.....		b
		16	29.839	29.861	85	76	64	S E	16	.....		b
	26th	10	29.947	29.969	87	76	61	S by E	13	.....		c
		16	29.807	29.829	85	77	68	S E	17	.....		b
	27th	10	29.943	29.985	87	75	55	S E by S	11	.....		b
		16	29.841	29.863	86	76	61	S E	14	.....		b
AKYAB.	28th	10	29.954	29.976	89	75	50	S E by S	11	.....		b
		16	29.817	29.839	85	78	72	S E	17	.....		b
	29th	10	29.956	29.978	85	79	76	S E by S	13	0.01		cloudy.
		16	29.816	29.839	84	78	75	S E	13	0.02		cloudy.
	30th	10	29.945	29.967	88	78	62	S by E	12	.....		c
		16	29.800	29.823	83	77	75	S E by S	16	.....		cloudy.
	Mar. 25th	10	29.867	29.949	87	75	55	S S W	5.4	.....		b
		16	29.705	29.785	97	73	28	S S W	6.7	.....		b
	26th	10	29.857	29.939	86	75	58	W	3.0	.....	PK	b
		16	29.729	29.809	93	76	43	S	6.7	.....	CK, CK	c
PORT BLAIR.	27th	10	29.867	29.938	88	77	59	S	5.1	.....	CK, C	
		16	29.715	29.796	91	89	93	S	6.7	.....	K, PK	
	28th	10	29.847	29.929	86	76	61	N	5.3	.....	CK, C	
		16	29.703	29.783	95	73	31	N N W	3.3	.....	C, PK	c
	29th	10	29.829	29.910	91	71	34	W	5.1	.....	C, CK	c
		16	29.726	29.808	83	73	60	S W	6.0	.....	PK	a, b
	30th	10	29.888	29.971	80	71	63	S	5.0	0.80	CK, PK	c
		16	29.806	29.889	81	73	62	S	3.2	.....	PK	
	31st	10	29.915	29.997	84	72	64	S S W	5.0	.....	CK, PK	c
		16	29.814	29.896	63	70	49	E	7.8	.....	K, PK	a, t
PORT BLAIR.	Mar. 25th	10	29.976	29.997	87	77	62	E	3.9	.....		b
		16	29.843	29.864	89	77	59	W	5.0	.....		b
	26th	10	29.946	29.967	85	76	64	S S E	3.7	.....	C	
		16	29.871	29.893	84	78	75	N N E	4.7	.....		b
	27th	10	29.963	29.984	83	76	71	W N W	1.7	.....	C	
		16	29.831	29.853	83	77	75	W	10.0	.....	C	
	28th	10	29.946	29.968	84	78	75	S E	3.5	.....	CK	
		16	29.838	29.859	86	78	69	N W	1.0	.....	CK	
	29th	10	29.946	29.968	84	78	75	S S E	2.0	.....	CK, N	
		16	29.848	29.869	86	80	76	W S W	6.6	.....	CK	
PORT BLAIR.	30th	10	29.961	29.983	86	79	72	S	1.1	.....	CK, N	
		16	29.929	29.951	78	72	74	N	8.3	.....	CK, N	
	31st	10	30.014	30.035	87	77	62	E	2.5	.....	CK	
		16	29.926	29.947	86	74	55	N	7.1	.....	CK	

* Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

CALCUTTA,
The 31st March 1877.A. PEDLER,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the
Government of Bengal.

Abstract of Observations as received in the Meteorological Office, Calcutta, during the month of January 1877.
N.B.—The Barometric data are reduced for temperatures and not for height above sea-level.

Height above sea-level.	BAROMETER.				RADIATION THERMOMETER.						TEMPERATURE OF AIR.								VAPOUR TENSION.				HUMIDITY.				RAIN-FALL.			
	Mean of		Range.	Mean.	Solar.		Gross Nocturnal.		Mean of max.	Mean daily range.	Mean of min.	Mean of.		Highest max.	Absolute range.	Lowest min.	Mean of		From minima.	Mean of		From minima.	Mean of							
	10 hours.	16 hours.			Max.	Min.	Day.	Night.				10 hours.	16 hours.				Day.	Night.		10 hours.	16 hours.		10 hours.	16 hours.						
																									10 hours.	16 hours.		10 hours.	16 hours.	10 hours.
333	29.813	29.878	29.734	144	123.1	51.7	29.2	137.4	44.1	3.2	9th	37.4	31.3	24.0	47.8	57.6	58.3	69.4	18th	76.7	36.6	40.1	0.323	0.445	0.423	97	91	60	0.97	
366	29.738	29.803	29.651	136	123.3	48.9	15th	138.3	51.4	2.3	10th	47.4	73.4	19.6	53.8	68.0	63.8	71.1	19th	76.6	26.9	49.7	0.378	0.448	0.408	91	78	57	0.88	
413	29.503	29.568	29.470	076	103.6	53.5	6th	110.8	39.5	6.3	13th	38.0	50.1	14.4	55.6	48.1	43.8	46.8	20th	53.9	22.2	31.4	0.188	0.308	0.230	89	73	73	1.56	
125	29.980	30.045	29.927	118	129.7	54.7	15th	142.3	44.0	...	28th	38.7	76.0	65.1	71.7	80 & 31st	78.6	0.456	0.436	0.436	...	74	57	1.15
166-23	29.833	29.898	29.789	081	131.3	49.3	29th	134.7	45.8	8.9	25th	37.4	71.6	18.3	53.3	63.0	65.7	70.6	7th	76.6	26.1	49.5	0.365	0.409	0.409	96	74	63	1.93	
179	29.844	29.909	29.732	117	134.3	53.3	30th	136.3	48.0	8.9	2nd	40.7	72.5	20.6	51.9	63.0	64.8	70.0	31st	78.2	33.4	44.8	0.345	0.440	0.439	89	73	61	1.43	
247	29.735	29.792	29.690	102	118.2	46.6	30th	140.8	49.2	4.7	8th	43.3	71.6	18.6	53.1	64.3	67.4	71.7	30 & 31st	76.6	29.4	46.2	0.338	0.433	0.413	83	65	54	0.76	
2,010	29.037	29.094	29.009	095	128.6	67.9	30th	140.4	46.2	6.1	3 & 3rd	38.7	70.7	18.5	53.2	61.0	64.6	68.8	30th	78.8	33.8	46.0	0.339	0.357	0.337	86	59	49	1.96	
64	29.985	30.038	29.951	084	...	...	...	...	...	3.7	1st	47.8	76.3	31.3	55.1	64.3	66.7	73.7	30 & 31st	80.6	29.4	51.2	0.378	0.458	0.423	86	70	53	3.24
99-09	30.008	30.061	29.953	133	138.7	56.8	30th	144.3	47.7	8.6	1st	39.3	76.8	20.6	56.2	66.9	70.3	72.6	30th	84.0	31.7	53.3	0.428	0.494	0.480	94	65	53	0.48	
20	29.971	30.023	29.918	119	134.1	67.0	24th	140.5	45.1	8.6	3rd	40.5	77.1	23.4	53.7	64.7	70.3	73.0	30th	82.7	32.4	50.3	0.369	0.492	0.466	89	66	61	1.01	
25	29.911	30.018	29.871	112	137.8	61.1	8th	144.3	45.9	10.0	1st	40.9	77.6	21.7	56.9	67.3	70.1	75.0	30th	88.1	30.4	51.7	0.413	0.505	0.460	92	69	54	1.36	
67-40	29.939	29.971	29.847	124	139.7	54.7	6th	148.4	...	...	...	...	75.0	22.3	64.6	65.4	65.4	74.6	6th	78.4	32.4	47.0	0.373	0.483	0.448	93	77	54	1.59
18-11	29.904	29.956	29.833	117	139.6	61.3	30th	138.9	49.7	6.4	25th	44.4	78.5	23.4	56.1	67.0	69.6	76.5	30th	82.9	33.1	50.8	0.423	0.496	0.458	93	69	61	0.14	
6	29.906	29.943	29.823	131	128.4	53.3	30th	139.0	49.0	8.7	1st	48.3	76.1	15.4	60.7	67.7	69.1	74.7	30th	83.0	25.5	57.5	0.468	0.508	0.472	87	71	55	2.90	
2	29.904	29.947	29.823	108	134.8	58.5	12th	141.3	53.8	5.3	4th	47.0	76.3	17.0	59.2	67.8	70.4	75.1	13 & 28th	79.1	24.7	54.4	0.468	0.543	0.537	93	73	61	2.76	
80	29.926	29.983	29.851	129	138.1	56.1	28th	144.0	51.6	8.9	2nd	39.0	83.0	22.6	60.4	71.5	73.4	80.2	30th	92.5	40.0	53.5	0.508	0.492	0.460	95	69	45	1.04	
18-7	29.908	29.965	29.833	108	139.0	...	...	119.0	...	...	...	...	78.1	6.4	...	69.4	71.4	73.0	...	...	...	...	0.571	0.564	0.571	74	69	1.75	4.3
31	29.900	29.956	29.823	130	108.2	30.1	13th	147.4	56.2	...	...	...	85.4	17.6	67.8	75.9	81.8	80.8	19.21 & 31st	86.6	24.9	61.7	0.410	0.536	0.514	52	65	55	1.60
23	29.900	29.956	29.823	119	144.7	59.3	18th	147.4	56.2	3.6	3rd	58.2	85.4	...	67.8	75.9	81.8	80.8	19.21 & 31st	86.6	24.9	61.7	57	59	0.01	1
31	29.904	29.961	29.823	106	164.4	61.9	19 & 31st	140.5	49.3	9.7	27 & 28th	44.1	82.5	23.5	59.0	70.5	74.5	78.5	31st	85.6	30.8	54.8	0.576	0.553	0.555	96	66	67	Nil	...
61	29.903	29.961	29.823	099	144.8	59.6	18th	160.1	75.9	5.9	85.3	10.2	75.1	79.2	81.8	83.3	34th	87.5	18.0	69.5	0.865	0.771	0.776	99	71	68	1.27	2
76	29.914	29.966	29.823	085	149.7	65.8	16th	164.6	75.9	81.4	3.6	77.8	80.1	83.8	82.4	29 & 31st	85.1	8.8	76.3	0.735	0.788	0.775	77	67	69	0.30	6
200-5	29.956	29.983	29.823	094	119.5	51.6	24th	136.0	41.4	5.0	4th	34.9	67.3	31.3	4.7	56.6	67.6	65.6	6th	76.4	34.6	41.8	0.390	0.369	0.359	91	79	58	4.12	7
200-66	29.797	29.800	29.749	111	127.8	56.6	24th	138.6	43.8	7.8	3rd	31.0	71.3	19.3	55.0	61.8	61.8	69.2	31st	77.9	35.4	43.5	0.383	0.433	0.445	92	78	64	3.01	6

CALCUTTA—JANUARY 1877.

Mean barometric pressure of 25 years	30.017	Mean temperature of 25 years	67.7	Mean humidity of 25 years	71	Mean rainfall of 49 years	0.48
Ditto ditto of 1877	30.066	Ditto ditto of 1877	67.7	Ditto ditto of 1877	73	Actual fall in 1877	3.90
Excess in 1877	0.049	Equal in 1877	0.0	Excess in 1877	2	Excess in 1876	3.42

A. PEDLER,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

CALCUTTA,
24 March 1877.

Mean Pressures and Temperatures of the preceding Table reduced to sea-level, with Anemometric Results and Cloud Observations.

STATIONS.	Mean barometric pressure reduced to sea-level.	Mean temperature reduced to sea-level.	WIND.										Percentage and Resultant.	Mean velocity daily.	Mean cloud.
			North.	North-east.	East.	South-east.	South.	South-west.	West.	North-west.	Variable.	Calm.			
Seobaugor ...	30.167	58.3	1	20	28	4	...	1	1	1	...	6	71 N, 74° E	40.9	5.65
Gonipara ...	135	62.9	1	6	23	8	1	1	4	...	...	16	46 N, 86° E	66.1	2.06
Darjeeling ...	...	...	2	1	6	9	7	24	13	7	1	...	57 S, 55° W	...	4.56
Purneah ...	...	...	6	8	9	3	...	8	19	10	...	...	29 N, 56° W	51.3	2.58
Durbhunga ...	010	63.4	...	8	13	3	...	15	23	4	...	...	31 S, 73° W	67.4	3.82
Patna ...	136	63.4	...	3	16	3	2	3	18	6	...	11	7 N, 89° W	33.1	5.74
Gya ...	101	65.1	3	...	6	1	8	1	11	3	...	31	12 S, 72° W	...	3.34
Hazareebagh ...	134	65.5	3	4	7	9	6	4	8	19	...	3	15 N, 58° W	109.5	4.85
Berhampore ...	053	64.4	18	7	3	3	...	3	6	22	...	...	59 N, 22° W	...	3.76
Burdwan ...	113	67.1	25	6	3	4	4	2	4	13	...	2	48 N, 10° W	51.0	3.16
Jessore ...	082	67	27	3	2	7	...	6	2	14	...	1	119 N, 13° W	39.7	3.03
Dacca ...	104	67.4	10	8	6	3	6	3	12	9	...	6	22 N, 30° W	61.1	2.89
Silchar ...	126	64.8	1	3	16	8	3	6	...	1	...	25	38 S, 67° E	33.9	4.11
Chittagong ...	110	67.2	9	19	6	...	1	4	16	6	...	1	37 N, 9° W	103.2	2.05
Calcutta ...	116	67.7	36	15	1	6	18	12	21	11	...	...	27 N, 42° W	91.6	...
Saugor Island ...	100	67.8	40	30	9	4	15	9	7	10	...	...	37 N, 16° E	137.7	2.78
Cuttack ...	109	71.7	13	15	5	3	2	4	6	9	...	6	37 N, 6° E	49.9	3.02
False Point ...	118	69.4	18	38	8	15	4	10	1	16	...	14	35 N, 37° E	...	3.20
Vizagapatam ...	092	75.5	3	2	11	76	16	4	3	9	...	...	66 S, 41° E	48.8	7.24
Madras ...	068	7.9	2	44	10	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	87 N, 58° E	163.0	6.20
Akyab ...	086	70.0	9	16	8	3	1	4	15	7	...	...	32 N, 6° W	71.9	2.43
Port Blair ...	025	79.3	11	39	11	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	68 N, 44° E	...	2.53
Nancowry ...	29.995	80.3	...	9	31	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	87 S, 80° E	...	5.23
Roorkee ...	30.139	58.6	1	3	1	15	1	8	1	24	...	8	17 N, 74° W	52.7	5.10
Allahabad ...	123	62.5	10	14	9	5	1	6	1	7	...	9	33 N, 38° E	35.4	4.60

NOTE.

Barometric Pressure.—The pressures in column 2 of the above table for all stations below 500 feet are reduced from those given in column 3 of the table on the previous page, by adding the weight of a column of air of the temperatures given in column 17. For stations above 500 feet elevation the reduction is made by Captain Allan Cunningham's table,—“Prof. papers on Indian Engineering No. CXIII.” The temperatures at the sea-level are taken from column 3 of the above table.

Temperature.—The temperatures in column 3 are reduced from those in column 17 on the preceding page, by adding 1° Fahrenheit for every 450 feet.

Wind Resultant.—The resultant wind direction and its comparative predominance are calculated from the whole number of wind observations recorded during the month. The relative predominance in the direction of the resultant is given as a percentage of the whole number of observations. The direction is computed in the usual way by Lambert's formula.

Clouds.—This column gives the average proportion of clouded sky, a cloudless sky being indicated by 0, and one completely overcast by 10.

The above being all comparable, afford the data for constructing a meteorological chart for the month, which shall show the isobaric and isothermal lines and the resultant wind directions, which last may be represented by arrows of varying length, proportioned to the prevalence of the wind. To these may be added the rainfall from the previous tables.

CALCUTTA,

The 29th March 1877.

ALEXANDER PEDLER,

Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

**Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office,
Calcutta, from 22nd to 31st March 1877.**

Month.	Date.	Mean reduced barometer.	THERMOMETER.			Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean dew-point.	Mean degree of humidity.	WIND.			Itain.	Moon's phases.	GENERAL REMARKS.
			Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Max. solar radiation.					Prevailing direction.	Max. pressure.	Daily velocity.			
		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°			H	Miles.	In.		
Mar.	22nd	29.778	93.9	76.0	146.3	83.4	77.4	73.2	0.79	S by W & S S W	0.2	250.9	...	☾	Clear, cirri and cumuli.
	23rd	29.838	93.8	77.0	143.0	83.8	77.6	73.3	0.79	S S W & S W	...	244.3	...	...	Clear, cirri and cirrostrati.
	24th	29.883	93.9	77.0	144.8	83.1	76.6	73.0	0.70	S S W & S W	9.6	186.6	...	...	Clear, cirri and overcast. Thunder at 9 P.M. Lightning at 8 and 9 P.M. Drizzled at 10 and 11 P.M.
	25th	29.873	88.0	76.4	147.5	80.5	75.0	71.1	0.74	S S W & S W	0.2	164.9	...	...	Stratoni and cirrocumuli. Drizzled at midnight and 3½ P.M.
	26th	29.878	90.5	74.5	143.0	81.3	72.9	67.0	0.63	S by W	...	150.3	...	...	Cirrocumuli and cirri.
	27th	29.866	90.0	76.4	147.0	81.9	77.1	73.7	0.77	S by W & S S W	...	97.7	...	...	Cirri and cumuli.
	28th	29.837	80.5	76.8	127.0	78.3	73.9	70.8	0.79	S S W	...	85.4	...	...	Cirrocumuli and overcast. Drizzled at 8, 10 A.M., 12 and 1 P.M.
	29th	29.812	93.2	76.3	143.2	83.1	73.3	66.4	0.58	S S W & W	...	111.3	...	☉	Cirrocumuli and cirrostrati. Sheet-lightning on S W. at 7½ P.M.
	30th	29.692	85.5	71.0	146.0	78.3	71.9	67.4	0.70	S & S S W	6.3	144.2	0.12	...	Overcast and cumulon. Thunder at 1 and 2 A.M. Lightning from 1 to 3 A.M. and at 9 and 10 P.M. Slight rain from 1 to 3 A.M.
	31st	29.917	81.2	74.0	128.0	76.3	70.5	66.4	0.73	S S W & S E	6.2	152.2	0.01	...	Overcast and cumulon. Thunder at 9 P.M. Lightning from 8 to 11 P.M. Light rain at 3, 9½ A.M., and 1½ P.M.

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer, means are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain-gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

The extreme variation of temperature during the past ten days	...	☉ 22.9
The maximum temperature during the past ten days	...	93.9
The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year	...	95.5
The mean humidity during the past ten days	...	0.71
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	...	0.68
		Inches.
The total fall of rain from 22nd to 31st	... { by lower rain-gauge	0.13
	... { by anemometer gauge	0.06
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty-three previous years	...	0.86
Ditto ditto between the 1st January and the 31st March	...	6.04
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty-three previous years	...	3.03

The 2nd April 1877.

GOPENAATH SEN,
In charge of the Observatory.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 24th March 1877, on 1,279½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.				TOTAL TRAFFIC RECEIPTS.	TRAIN MILES RUN.		
	No. of passen- gers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.				Coach- ing.	Merch- andise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P. £ s. d.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P. £ s. d.	Rs. A. P. £ s. d.					
Total traffic for the week ...	137,646½	2,02,479 9 0	18,500 12 6	13,22,289 30	5,73,592 2 9	52,679 5 8	7,76,071 11 9	44,947½	102,720½	147,667½
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	158 3 6	14 10 1	.....	449 3 3	41 1 8	606 6 9	.....	.....	.....
For previous 11 weeks of half-year ...	1,021,676½	26,35,275 6 0	241,566 18	2,142,37,393 0	59,68,856 10 0	547,145 5 10	86,04,132 0 0	535,361½	1,101,191	1,636,452½
Total for 12 weeks ...	1,759,223	28,37,754 15 0	260,127 10 8	1,53,59,682 30	65,42,448 12 9	599,724 9 6	93,80,293 11 9	590,208½	1,263,911½	1,764,119½
COMPARISON.										
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	129,729	1,95,862 9 0	17,954 1 4	9,95,330 30	4,12,445 15 0	37,807 10 11	6,03,309 8 0	44,276	72,200	116,536
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year ...		153 0 9	14 0 7	.....	322 4 7	29 10 10	475 5 4			
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	1,559,471	26,68,687 9 8	244,629 13 11	1,22,21,672 0	50,09,787 6 8	459,230 10	3,76,78,475 0 4	565,780	883,996	1,449,776

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 24th March 1877, on 223½ miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Rs. A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	6,224	27,481 12 9	2,519 8 9	2,84,604 0	71,557 7 0	6,585 2 0	99,322 3 9	4,974½	18,758½	23,732½
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	122 13 4	11 5 3	.....	321 1 0	29 8 7	443 14 4	.....	.....	.....
For previous 11 weeks of half-year ...	87,512½	3,16,089 2 9	28,974 16 10	25,29,875 20	6,59,541 2 0	58,624 12 1	9,55,630 4 9	59,012	165,867	224,879
Total for 12 weeks ...										

COMPARISON.										
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...		29,443 8 9	2,698 19 10	96,637 20	23,459 8 6	2,150 9 2	52,903 1	5,315	5,610	10.
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year ...		131 9 5	12 1 3	.....	104 13 7	9 12 3	236 7 0	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	79,817	2,60,125 1 3	24,394 16 0	12,11,889 10	2,76,723 0 0	25,366 5 6	5,42,948 1 3	59,648	67,674	127.

CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 24th March 1877, on 28 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.				Total receipts.
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.			
		Rs. A. P. £ s. d.	Mds. Sr.	Rs. A. P. £ s. d.	£ s. d.		
Total traffic for the week ...	9,737	1,464 0 0	146 8 0	27,096 0	867 0 0	86 14 0	233 2 0
Or per mile of railway ...	350	52 0 0	5 4 0	968 0	31 0 0	3 2 0	8 6 0
For previous 11 weeks of half-year ...	115,777	16,400 0 0	1,640 0 0	1,92,882 0	6,464 0 0	646 8 0	2,286 8 0
Total for 12 weeks ...	125,514	17,864 0 0	1,786 8 0	2,19,978 0	7,331 0 0	733 2 0	2,519 10 0
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	9,715½	1,451 13 8	135 3 8	19,621 0	653 3 0	65 16 4	201 0 0
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year ...	347	48 4 6	4 16 6	900 30	23 8 1	2 7 0	7 3 6
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	122,302	16,360 4 6	1,636 0 7	2,18,634 30	7,051 13 6	705 3 7	2,341 4 2

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

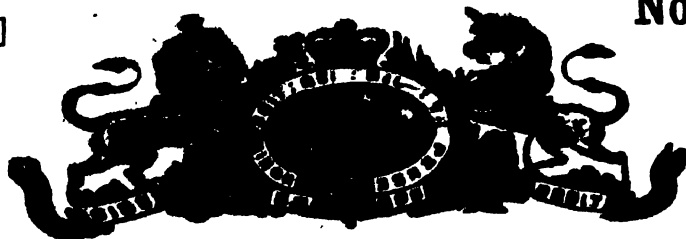
Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 24th March 1877, on 158½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.			MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.			Total receipts.
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.		
		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	43,521½	26,745 4 3	2,451 13 0	1,92,809 33	40,903 2 4	3,749 7 3	6,201 0 3
Or per mile of railway	275	169 0 1	15 9 10	1,218 16	259 7 6	23 13 10	39 3 8
For previous 11 weeks of half-year	415,738	3,08,149 3 6	28,247 0 3	19,67,383 8	3,85,527 5 4	35,340 0 0	63,587 0 3
Total for 12 weeks	459,259½	3,34,894 7 0	30,698 13 3	21,60,193 1	4,26,429 7 8	39,089 7 3	69,788 0 6
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	44,723	27,583 13 1	2,528 10 4	1,75,174 3	32,316 9 7	2,962 7 1	5,490 17 5
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	283	174 4 10	15 19 7	1,106 38	204 3 5	18 14 4	34 13 11
Total to corresponding date of previous year	660,190	3,26,021 9 1	29,885 6 2	19,08,752 10	3,57,009 0 7	32,725 16 7	62,611 2 9

NALHATI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 24th March 1877, on 27½ miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. S.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	1,872	857 0 0	85 14 0	6,349 0	561 0 0	56 2 0	141 16 0
Or per mile of railway	69	31 8 0	3 3 0	233 0	20 8 0	2 1 0	5 4 0
For previous 11 weeks of half-year...	26,161	12,614 0 0	1,261 8 0	78,970 0	5,739 0 0	579 18 0	1,841 6 0
Total for 12 weeks	28,033	13,471 0 0	1,347 2 0	84,419 0		636 0 0	1,983 2 0
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	2,254	1,055 6 3	105 10 9	3,697 30	367 12 9	36 15 7	112 6 4
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	83	38 11 8	3 17 6	132 16	13 7 11	1 6 11	5 4 5
Total to corresponding date of previous year	25,937	12,694 5 10	1,269 8 8	1,19,947 0	9,235 0 6	923 10 1	2,192 13 5



SUPPLEMENT TO The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 18, 1877.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

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Proceedings of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

Saturday, the 7th April 1877.

Present:

HIS HONOR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL, *presiding*,
 The Hon'ble V. H. SCHALCH, C.S.I.
 The Hon'ble G. C. PAUL, *Acting Advocate-General*,
 The Hon'ble H. J. REYNOLDS,
 The Hon'ble T. E. RAVENSHAW,
 The Hon'ble H. BELL,
 The Hon'ble BABOO RAM SHUNKER SEN, RAI BAHADOOR,
 The Hon'ble BABOO ISSER CHUNDER MITTER, RAI BAHADOOR.
 The Hon'ble BABOO KRISTODAS PAL, RAI BAHADOOR,
 The Hon'ble NAWAB MEER MAHOMED ALI,
 and
 The Hon'ble F. JENNINGS.

COURT OF WARDS.

THE HON'BLE MR. SCHALCH moved that the Bill to amend the Court of Wards' Act, 1870, be further considered in order to the settlement of its clauses.

The motion was agreed to.

ON the motion of the HON'BLE BABOO RAMSHUNKER SEN, verbal amendments were made in sections 28 and 58.

The HON'BLE BABOO ISSER CHUNDER moved the addition to section 50 of the following words:—

“and, subject to the approval of the Board, in payment of such charitable and other allowances as were paid out of the proceeds of the estate before it came under the management of the Court, or such customary allowances or donations as the Court may authorize to be paid.”

He said the amendment had been put forward on the last occasion, but with an addition suggested by his hon'ble friend Baboo Kristodas Pal. The addition was to the effect that these allowances were to come out of the ten per cent. for improvements. The result was that the amendment was not accepted by the Council, and as it was the opinion of some hon'ble members that the amendment as it originally stood would be a great improvement, he now begged to move it again.

The motion was agreed to.

In section 57 the words “or to the manager or sub-manager” at the end of the section were, on the motion of the HON'BLE BABOO RAMSHUNKER SEN, omitted. The section declared to what persons the manager was to furnish accounts, and the latter part of the section provided that, when the property of a ward was situated in different divisions, it should be optional with the Board to order that the accounts for the lands in each district should be submitted to the Collector of that district, or to the Collector in charge of the ward, “or to the manager or sub-manager.” The words referred to were clearly anomalous, and ought to be struck out.

The HON'BLE MR. BELL said he owed the Council some apology for the amendment he was about to propose. It would be in the recollection of hon'ble members that at the last meeting an amendment was carried on the motion of the hon'ble member opposite (Nawab Meer Mahomed Ali), which provided that in the case of a Mahomedan ward no guardian should be appointed unless he professed the Mahomedan faith. That amendment was passed without any discussion, and he believed also without any remark; and he had no doubt that many hon'ble members voted for the amendment without fully considering what the real effect of the amendment was. He did not for a moment mean to say that his hon'ble friend had taken the Council by surprise in moving the amendment, because it had been in the hands of the members two days before the Council met. But it had never been brought forward before the Select Committee, and hon'ble members had not therefore had the opportunity of considering it in all its details and effects. Now, the law on the subject of guardians of minors subject to the Court of Wards as it at present stood, and as it had existed since 1793, was this, that in the case of boys the Court of Wards had the power to appoint any guardian it thought fit; but in the case of female wards, the Court was compelled to appoint a female guardian who was of the same religion as the ward herself. MR. BELL thought that in the case of a female ward, particularly of a ward of the Hindoo or Mahomedan religion, such an arrangement was very necessary. In consequence of the practice of early marriages in this country, female wards seldom required a guardian beyond the age of twelve years; because, after a female ward was married, the necessity for a guardian ceased, as by law the husband was the guardian. The necessity therefore of a guardian in the case of female wards only lasted during those tender years of infancy when the mind was very plastic and impressible, and it was therefore desirable that they should be guarded from those external influences which might interfere with the precepts of their faith.

But the case was different with youths. By a recent Act of the Legislature the age of majority had been extended from eighteen to twenty-one, and the object in thus putting on the age was that the youth might receive a more complete education than could be obtained at the age of eighteen, and that he might go forth into the world better educated and better fitted to perform the duties of life. Now, in the education of wards great attention had always been bestowed, and very deservedly bestowed, on European culture and European science; and in the case of a ward with a large estate, it was very often found convenient to give him as guardian some

gentleman of literary and scientific attainments, who would undertake the proper education of the ward and act at the same time as his guardian as well. When Mr. BELL was at Delhi on the occasion of the recent assemblage there, he had had the good fortune to meet with two native noblemen of Bengal who were brought up under private tutors who also acted as their guardians, and he must say that the education they had received, both their mental culture and their physical training, were such as would enable them to contrast very favourably with gentlemen of their own class and position at home.

The amendment which was carried by his hon'ble friend at the last meeting had this peculiar effect: it recognized the propriety of allowing a Hindoo ward to have a guardian of any religion; but in the case of a Mahomedan ward, it limited the selection to persons professing the Mahomedan faith. MR. BELL did not wish to say a word in disparagement of any section of the Mahomedan community; but he thought his hon'ble friend would admit that Mahomedan gentlemen as a rule were not so impressed with the necessity for education in European science and culture as their fellow-subjects the Hindoos were. It therefore seemed to him that the Council would be taking a very retrograde step if they prevented the Court of Wards, in cases in which they thought it expedient, from appointing a European guardian to a Mahomedan youth. The law as it at present stood was the same as it had existed since 1793, and he was not aware that any complaint had ever been made on any occasion that the power which the Court of Wards had of appointing guardians had ever been abused. The only reason for restricting the power in the case of female wards was that their education ceased at a very early age, and that they were only under the guardianship of the Court of Wards during the earliest period of infancy. But in the case of youths it was most necessary that the Court should have an unlimited field of selection, and should not be restricted in appointing a guardian by a provision that the guardian must be of the same religion as the ward.

It was for these reasons that MR. BELL asked the Council to adopt the amendment which he now proposed; it was simply to leave the law as it was at present. It was a law which had worked since 1793 most satisfactorily, and, as far as he was aware, had never been the subject of complaint. He moved that the following be substituted for section 60:—

“Every guardian shall be appointed in the manner hereinbefore provided for the appointment of managers:

“Provided always that none but a female shall be appointed guardian of a female ward:

“Provided also that none but a person of the same religion shall, except in the case of a testamentary guardian, be appointed guardian of a female ward, preference being given to female relatives if any such be eligible. Every guardian shall be subordinate to the Court and to the Collector exercising the duties of the Court under sections 15, 16, 18, and 19.

“Except as provided in section 35, no guardian shall be appointed in any case in which the Court may consider such appointment unnecessary.”

The HON'BLE NAWAB MEER MAHOMED ALI observed that although under the existing law a guardian of a different religion might be appointed to a Mahomedan ward, yet practically he believed that it never was done. It appeared to him most desirable that a ward should be trained to the manners and customs of his own religion, and if under the existing law guardians were appointed of a different religion to their wards, such a law, he thought, should not be maintained, as it appeared to him to be contrary to the Mahomedan religion. For these reasons he contended that the section should stand as it was amended at the last meeting of the Council.

The HON'BLE THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL said it was obvious that the amendment now suggested would afford a decided advantage, inasmuch as a ward who was wealthy might have a European gentleman appointed as his guardian. The Raj case of Cooch Behar was a conspicuous example of the advantage of such an appointment. It appeared to the ADVOCATE-GENERAL that it was to the benefit of wards that unrestricted power in the nomination of guardians should be given to the Court of Wards.

The HON'BLE NAWAB MEER MAHOMED ALI thought it necessary that, as respects Mahomedan wards, they ought first to be taught their religion and the manners and customs of their race, and education in other matters might follow.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said he felt that the hon'ble gentleman was under a disadvantage, as being the only Mahomedan member in the Council, and HIS HONOR would therefore gladly have supported him if he saw anything

whatever in his proposal which had any real bearing on Mahomedan interests. His Honor could not understand the nature of the objection which had been raised. There was no possible difference between the cases of Hindoo and Mahomedan wards; and if it was right that the selection of guardians in the case of wards of the Hindoo religion should be left to the discretion of the Court of Wards, he could not conceive why it was considered wrong where the ward was of the Mahomedan persuasion. It was true that there had not been many cases of Mahomedan wards having European guardians, but that was perhaps to be accounted for from there having been few large zemindaries belonging to Mahomedan gentlemen under the Court of Wards. But still, unless he was very much mistaken, there had been such cases before, notwithstanding that the hon'ble gentleman declared that he knew of no such case, and there might possibly be again, and if they did not arise, no harm would be done by the amendment now proposed. The provision, moreover, was not compulsory: it simply gave power to appoint a guardian of a different religion when there were special reasons for doing so. In the case of a nawab or zemindar of eminence and wealth, it might be very desirable, and in accordance with the wishes of the ward's family, to place him under an officer or a gentleman of high attainments. If it was wrong to appoint a European guardian to the Mahomedan, it was equally wrong to appoint such a guardian to the Hindoo, which was a view which no one had ever taken yet. His Honor regretted therefore that he could not support the objection of the hon'ble member.

The motion was then agreed to.

The HON'BLE BABOO RAMSHUNKER SEN said section 66 provided that guardians should render monthly and annual accounts of the expenses incurred on account of the wards in their charge. He would propose as an amendment that the following proviso be added to the section:—

"Provided that where a fixed allowance is given for the support of a ward, the Court may exempt his guardian, if a female, from rendering such monthly or annual account-current."

He observed that there were cases in which it was found impracticable to obtain these accounts from the guardians of minors, notably in cases in which the minor's mother was the guardian and the other members of the family lived in the same house and formed one family with the ward. In such cases guardians had to expend something out of their own pocket in addition to the allowance, and it was very difficult for such persons to give an exact account of the expenses incurred on behalf of the ward. He thought therefore that a discretion should be left to the Court to exempt such female guardians from rendering these monthly or annual accounts.

The motion was agreed to.

The HON'BLE MR. SCHALCH withdrew the motion, of which notice had been given, for the insertion of the following section after section 78:—

"No contract for the marriage of any ward under the age of twenty-one shall be deemed valid without the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor, and no such ward shall marry without the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor obtained previously to such marriage on application made to him through the Court and the Board."

The HON'BLE MR. BELL said his hon'ble friend Nawab Meer Mahomed Ali had moved an amendment at the last meeting to omit certain words from section 84, which authorized the Court of Wards to sell an estate which was not claimed within one year after the death of a ward. That provision certainly seemed a very stringent one, and in the amendment which he now proposed he had provided against the mischief against which his hon'ble friend had intended to guard. The reason why he preferred his own amendment to that of his hon'ble friend was that his hon'ble friend's amendment conflicted with Bengal Act VII of 1876. He would move that the following section be substituted for sections 83, 84, and 85:—

"If on the death of any ward the succession to his property, or any part thereof, be in dispute, it shall be competent to the Court either to make over such property, or part of such property, to any person claiming such property, or to continue the charge and management of such property, or part of such property, under the provisions of this Act until the right of such claimant has been determined by the Collector under Bengal Act VII of 1876, Section 55, or by a competent court."

The motion was agreed to.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL withdrew the amendment to section 84 of which he had given notice.

On the motion of the HON'BLE BABOO RAMSHUNKER SEN verbal amendments were made in the forms in Schedules A and B.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said it was right to mention that he had that morning at the last moment received a memorial in respect of this Bill. It was from Baboo Prannath Pundit, and was chiefly in reference to objections which the amendments which had been moved by hon'ble members had already removed. There were besides other minor matters discussed in the memorial which were entirely unimportant. HIS HONOR would observe that if the memorialist had anything particular to suggest, he should have done so at an earlier stage.

The HON'BLE MR. SCHALCH then moved that the Bill be passed.

The motion was agreed to and the Bill was passed.

GHATWALI POLICE.

THE HON'BLE MR. BELL moved that the report of the Select Committee on the Bill for the regulation of the Ghatwali Police in the districts of Bankoora and Maunbhoom be taken into consideration in order to the settlement of the clauses of the Bill, and that the clauses of the Bill be considered for settlement in the form recommended by the Select Committee. He said, when he had the honor to introduce the Bill, he had explained the circumstances which had rendered the present legislation necessary. He did not intend to trouble the Council by again adverting to those circumstances. He should content himself with explaining what the action of the Select Committee had been. The Bill as now settled related merely to the district of Bankoora, and it was confined to one subject—the regulation of the Ghatwali Police in that district. Hon'ble members were aware that a considerable body of police officers called ghatwals had for many years existed in Bankoora. As far as our information extended, they owed their origin to the time when the pergunnah of Bissenpore was under the executive control of the Rajah of that place. During the times of anarchy and disorder, which prevailed towards the end of the Mogul dynasty, a number of predatory tribes harassed the country; and it was supposed that the Rajah established these ghatwals to resist the incursions of those hostile marauders, and to protect the persons and property of travellers and merchants who traversed the high roads of the district. For the support of these ghatwals grants of land were assigned, and these grants were held on a twofold condition—firstly, the payment of a small quit-rent; and secondly, the performance of police duties. When the executive control of the district passed from the Rajah of Bissenpore to the British Government, the Rajah found considerable difficulty in dealing with these ghatwals and in collecting his quit-rent from them. As the quit-rent was included in the assessment of the pergunnah, the Rajah naturally considered it hard that he should be compelled to pay the Government revenue with unfailing punctuality while he was unable to realize the quit-rent from the ghatwals. On this, an agreement was entered into by which the Magistrate undertook to collect the quit-rents and credit them to the Rajah, and in return for this concession the Rajah made over to the Magistrate the entire control and management of these ghatwals. This happened in the first years of the century, and since then the quit-rent had been paid to the Magistrate, and the appointment and dismissal of the ghatwals was vested exclusively in the Magistrate's hands. Unfortunately, when the ghatwals were made over to the Magistrate, no very correct record was made of the duties which they had to perform. But in those days the omission was of little importance. From 1806 to 1872 the ghatwals performed whatever duties they were required to perform, and although numerous ghatwals were dismissed for acts of insubordination or misconduct, there was not on record an instance in which an appeal was made to the Civil Court. But in 1872 serious differences arose between the ghatwals and the Magistrate. There had been a great increase of dacoity in Bankoora, and the District Superintendent of Police attempted to turn the ghatwals to better account by requiring them to patrol the roads. The ghatwals resisted the order, and various ghatwals were dismissed. This dispute regarding the patrolling of roads led also to other differences, and the consequence was that the Magistrate was in a great number of instances taken into the Civil Court,

and the Civil Court was asked to determine whether the services which the Magistrate required the ghatwals to perform were services which could legally be required of them or not.

MR. BELL submitted that no body of police could be efficiently managed if, whenever an order was passed, the police officer was at liberty to go to the Civil Court and ask whether the order was one which he was bound to obey. This result, so disastrous to discipline, was certainly owing to there being no clearly defined and settled rules to which both the Magistrate and the ghatwals could appeal, to know what they could and what they could not be required to do.

The Select Committee, in considering the question, had received great assistance from the local officers in communication with whom the Bill had been drawn up. In considering the duties which the ghatwals should be called upon to perform, the Committee had kept as closely as possible to the duties exacted from village chowkeedars. It was not, however, possible to adopt the whole of the Chowkeedaree Act, as the circumstances of the ghatwals differed in many essential particulars from the circumstances of chowkeedars. It often happened that there were ten or twelve ghatwals in one village, of whom only one would be required to act as a chowkeedar. In such cases the Bill authorized the Magistrate to employ the surplus ghatwals on patrol duties; but in doing so, the Committee provided that a ghatwal should not be required to patrol at a greater distance than five miles from the village to which he belonged, and he could only be required to act as a patrol for three months in the year; after that he would be his own master for the remainder of the year. The Committee had made the duties of ghatwals as light as they consistently could, and they thought that in the provision which they had made they had acted as fairly as possible to the ghatwal on the one hand, and the district officers of Government on the other. The Committee had also provided for the dismissal of a ghatwal; but as he had a *quasi*-hereditary interest in the land which formed his service tenure, it was provided that no ghatwal should be dismissed, except after three convictions within the space of two years, for disobedience to orders, wilful misconduct, or neglect of duty, or except after being sentenced to rigorous imprisonment under the provisions of the Penal Code, or of any local or special law. As a further safeguard, it was provided that a ghatwal who had been dismissed should have a right of appeal to the Commissioner of the Division.

The Bill as settled by the Select Committee had the entire approval of the local officers, except with regard to section 4. That section, as it stood, was objected to both by the Commissioner and the Magistrate; and as MR. BELL only received the Commissioner's letter yesterday, he had not had time to frame an amendment to meet the objection which was raised, but he hoped to do so at the next meeting of the Council.

There was only one other point to which he wished to refer. The Committee had received a petition from Messrs. Erskine and Co. and Messrs. Gisborne and Co., who were large landed proprietors in one part of the district of Bankoora. They objected to the Bill for two or three reasons. First, they complained that they had very great difficulty in collecting their rents from the ghatwals. He should have observed that it was only in a portion of the district of Bankoora that the quit-rent was paid to the Government. In the locality in which Messrs. Erskine's estates were situated the quit-rent was paid to the zemindar, and these gentlemen complained that they had very great difficulty in getting the ghatwals to pay their rent. It was suggested to Messrs. Erskine and Co. and to Messrs. Gisborne and Co. that in all probability the Government would be prepared to make the same arrangement with them as had been made with the Rajah of Bissenpore in 1806; that is to say, that the Magistrate should take the trouble of collecting the quit-rent and credit the amount of such quit-rent in the zemindar's account. To this suggestion, however, the zemindars did not seem disposed to accede, and the Committee had therefore provided that if the ghatwal persistently refused to pay rent to the zemindar, it should be optional with the Magistrate, if he thought proper, to dismiss the ghatwal from his appointment. So far the Committee had attempted to meet the just wishes of the zemindars. They had given to the zemindars in collecting their quit-rent a remedy very similar to what the Government enjoyed in the collection of their quit-rents.

Then there was another point to which the petitioners alluded. They called in question the arrangement which was made with the Rajah of Bissenpore at the

commencement of this century. They said that as the Government at the time took upon themselves the control of the ghatwals, they ought to guarantee the payment of the quit-rent, or restore to the zemindar the power of dismissing and appointing the ghatwal. MR. BELL did not think that this was a question which the Council would entertain. The Select Committee had framed their Bill upon the existing practice—a practice which had been in force for very many years. The Magistrate had at present the exclusive right of dismissing a ghatwal, and this right they had continued to the Magistrate; it was a right which he already possessed, and which the Committee considered ought to be maintained.

There was another point in the petition with reference to which MR. BELL wished to make one or two remarks. The zemindars complained that the ghatwal's tenure had been made hereditary; they said it was not hereditary. But in point of fact the Committee had left the question of the tenure being hereditary or not hereditary, as far as the zemindar was concerned, entirely untouched. The provisions in this respect merely related to the Government on the one side, and the ghatwal on the other. The ghatwal had been granted, as against Government, a hereditary tenure under certain circumstances, and the Committee had not attempted to interfere with any rights which the zemindar might possess. The zemindars complained that their reversionary rights had been altogether ignored; but, in fact, the Committee had not touched these reversionary rights, because they were not in question in the present Bill. Hon'ble members were perhaps aware that these tenures had been a fruitful source of litigation between the ghatwals and the zemindars in every district in Bengal in which they existed. The zemindars maintained that they had a right to resume these tenures on the necessity for the service ceasing; but the Privy Council had held that the cessation of the service gave the zemindar no right to resume the tenure. These questions were, however, quite beside the Bill, and the Committee had not touched upon them.

He did not think there was any further remark which it was necessary for him to make, but he wished to correct a statement which he had made when he introduced the Bill. He then stated that Mr. Macaulay, to whose exertions they were much indebted for the very valuable information which he had laid before them, had expressed an opinion that it was perfectly useless to attempt to turn these ghatwals to any good account. MR. BELL found that he had entirely misapprehended what Mr. Macaulay had said. Mr. Macaulay's opinion very much concided with his own, that so long as the duties of the ghatwals were left undefined and undetermined it would be impossible to utilize them; but that, if the present Bill was passed, and the duties of the ghatwals were clearly defined, they might be made an efficient force.

In conclusion, he thought it right to express on behalf of himself and the Select Committee the great advantage they had derived in discussing the measure from the assistance they had received from the local officers. In a Bill of the peculiar nature of this one, it was necessary that the Select Committee should proceed upon the experience of the local officers, and he hoped the Bill he now presented would answer the purpose which the local officers had in view.

The motion was agreed to.

The consideration of section 4 was postponed; the rest of the Bill was agreed to as it stood.

PROVINCIAL PUBLIC WORKS CESS.

THE HON'BLE MR. REYNOLDS said that the Bill to provide for the levy of a cess for the construction and maintenance of provincial public works had been for some days in the hands of hon'ble members, and he now begged to move that it be read in Council. The measure was little more than an application of the existing method of assessment and valuation under the Road Cess Act to the proposed new cess. The Road Cess Act of 1871 was at present in force in all the districts of Lower Bengal, with the exception of Singhboom, the Sonthal Pergunnahs, and the Chittagong Hill Tracts, and collections had actually commenced in every district except Darjeeling and Chittagong. In Darjeeling the Act had only come into force a few months ago, and in Chittagong the number of estates was so excessive that the valuations were not yet

furnished; but it was expected that in both these districts the preliminary operations would be completed during the present cess year, and the work of collection commenced from October next. The three remaining districts which he had mentioned—Singhboom, the Sonthal Pergunnahs, and the Chittagong Hill Tracts—would no doubt escape all collections under this Bill; and it was under the consideration of Government in what way these districts might be made to contribute their proper quota to provincial revenues. But these districts were poor and were thinly inhabited, mostly by aboriginal tribes, and, under any circumstances, they could not contribute much.

The first section of the Bill provided that the Lieutenant-Governor might exempt any district or sub-division of a district, or any estate or tenure, from the operation of the Act. That had been introduced with the object of allowing the Lieutenant-Governor to exempt from contributions under this Bill such parts of districts or estates as would be liable to the irrigation rate under the Bill which was in charge of his hon'ble colleague Mr. Ravenshaw. In the remainder of the sections the Road Cess Act was almost completely followed. The only section he need call particular attention to was section 8, which provided for the realization of the cess. The realization of the road cess was regulated by section 23 of the Road Cess Act. It had been pointed out by the Board of Revenue that the mode of realization was cumbrous and inconvenient, and the Board had urged an amendment of the Act in that respect. It was therefore thought necessary to provide that every amount which might become due to Government in respect of any arrears of the public works cess should be deemed to be a demand under section I of Bengal Act VII of 1868, and should be recoverable as such. The definitions of the road cess had been adopted in the present Bill. But as there might be room for some ambiguity as to what might be considered provincial public works, the 11th section gave power to the Lieutenant-Governor to declare what works were to be deemed provincial public works for the purposes of the Bill.

He thought he need not detain the Council with any further remarks, and he would therefore move that the Bill be read in Council.

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said that there was no member of the Council who could have heard His Honor the President's statement last week without deeply feeling the responsibility of his position, or wishing to offer the Lieutenant-Governor his hearty co-operation and support in meeting the difficulties which frowned upon His Honor at the very threshold of his career as the responsible ruler of Bengal. He was well aware that whatever might be said here as to the reasons on which it had been decided to throw the burden of additional taxation on Bengal, or as to the principles of the new taxation, Bills now before this Council would not alter the decision of the Government of India; but he hoped His Honor would not deny to hon'ble members the right, which the constitution of the Council conferred on them, to examine for themselves those reasons and principles. In discussing a measure of taxation in this Council, hon'ble members labored under great disadvantages, as they had not the requisite detailed information regarding the financial operations of Government beyond what was contained in published reports, returns, and statements; but with the information thus available he ventured to offer a few remarks.

The first point to which he would crave leave to draw the attention of the Council was the part which Bengal had played in the interesting drama of the rise and progress of the British power in the East. It was an historical fact that the Revolution which led to the planting of the British standard on the soil of Bengal was brought about by a few leaders of the nation, who, driven to despair by the oppressions and cruelties of Suraja-doula of ill fame, invited Clive to take possession of the country and to wield the sceptre. And they all knew how from the plains of Plassey the Empire had grown and extended till it now covered almost the whole Indian peninsula; how the small band of merchants became the rulers of one-fifth of the human race; how England, which, about three hundred years ago, stood as a suppliant before the Great Moghul for a foot space as it were on the plains of Bengal for trade in the East, had become the first and mightiest power in Asia. And what had been the share of Bengal in this wondrous consummation, the marvel of the civilized world, the envy of rival nations in Europe and America? The history of the

rise and progress of British power in India might be divided into six great epochs—the first, from the time of Clive to that of Lord Amherst, who, in 1827, proclaimed England as the Paramount Power in India; the second, from the reign of Lord William Bentinck to that of Lord Auckland, which was the era of peace, disturbed only by the disastrous campaign against Afghanistan; the third, from the reign of Lord Ellenborough to that of Lord Hardinge, which included the conquest of Sindh and the first Sikh war; the fourth, the Dalhousian era of annexation; the fifth, the Sepoy Mutiny; and the sixth, the direct government of the country by the Crown. From 1757 to 1805 occurred that keen struggle for dominion which ensued between the English, the French, and the great native powers in the country. Within this period were waged the great battles of Patna and Buxar between the English and the Emperor of Delhi and Mir Kassim, which won for the East India Company the province of Behar, the Rohilla war, the Mahratta war, the Mysore wars, and the conflict between the Nawab Vizier of Oudh and the Emperor of Delhi, in which the English supported the former. The result of this warfare was the establishment of British power on a broad and strong basis, the acquisition of Behar in 1764, of the Carnatic and other provinces in Madras in 1801, of the ceded districts in North India which now constituted the North-West Provinces from the Nawab Vizier of Oudh in 1801, and of Orissa from the Mahrattas in 1803-1804. And who was it that supplied the sinews of war during this eventful period? The earliest revenue returns he had seen did not go back further than 1792, and from the returns from the years 1792-93 to 1801, he would give to the Council the receipts and charges of the then three divisions of the Company's territories. In 1792-93 the gross revenues of Bengal were £5,512,761, from Madras £2,476,312, and of Bombay £236,555. In that year the gross charges were for Bengal £3,873,859, for Madras £2,222,878, and for Bombay £844,096. The surplus revenue of Bengal was therefore £1,638,902. He would not weary the Council by going into the figures of all these years, but take the year 1801, which was the last of the years he wished to allude to. But he might say that during these years the surplus revenue of Bengal varied from £1,439,812 to £2,157,785. In the year 1801 the gross revenue of Bengal amounted to £6,658,334, of Madras £3,540,268, and of Bombay £286,457. The gross charges were for Bengal £5,420,966, for Madras £4,614,387, and for Bombay £1,432,832—Bengal therefore again yielding a surplus revenue of £1,237,368. He stopped at 1801, because after that year the ceded districts of the North-West were annexed to Bengal, and the revenues of the two were mixed up. It would be seen from this statement that the revenues of Bengal in the early days of the English in India not only contributed to the acquisition of new territories, but also to the support of those which passed under English rule. As the wave of British power rolled on, the stream of Bengal revenue went along with it to feed that wave, and they had now the pleasure of seeing its fertilizing showers convert the newly acquired provinces into smiling gardens. So much for the contribution which Bengal had made from the hard-earned means of its children to the building up of the vast and glorious empire of England in the East.

To turn now to another phase of the question, how had Bengal been treated in its turn? They had the recorded testimony of by far the most distinguished Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, Sir John Peter Grant, on this point. In a letter to the British Indian Association on the subject of the proposed tobacco tax, dated the 17th December 1861, Sir J. P. Grant wrote as follows:—

“ But perhaps it is not always borne in mind that the provincial expenditure upon public works—petty district works excepted—is limited by the supreme authority, and that the allotment made to Bengal by that authority from the general revenues has always been systematically less in an excessive degree (probably it would be safe to say by at least two-thirds) than what an allotment would amount to that should be framed on the principle of a share proportionate either to the revenue, or to the population, or to the geographical extent of the Bengal provinces, or to all these together, as compared with the other provinces of India. The result of this system, continued for a long series of years, has been such, in a comparative view, as those only who have seen many different parts of India, or whose duties have made them cognizant of what has been done from imperial funds for all parts of the Empire severally, are thoroughly aware of. At this moment there is only one really good road of any considerable extent complete in all Bengal, Behar, Orissa, Chota-Nagpore, Assam, Arracan, and Cachar (which may be taken as one-third part of British India), namely, the Grand Trunk Road; and it is not too much to say that this single work would not

have existed if it had not been, by geographical necessity, an inseparable part of the line through the North-Western Provinces."

Now he thought that no one would have the hardihood to question the truth of this statement, but he had still further evidence. Sir George Campbell thus spoke on this point in this Council at the time of the introduction of the Road Cess Bill in 1871:—

"Look at the roads, court-houses, serais, jails, and many other things in other parts of India, and you see at a glance that Bengal had great needs, and whatever the cause of the difference might be, if it was to be set right at all, we must do it ourselves, or otherwise it would not be done at all."

Well, they had it on the testimony of Sir J. P. Grant that up to 1861 financial justice had not been done to Bengal. How did the matter stand since? He had compiled some figures showing Public Works Expenditure Ordinary from 1861-62 to 1872-73; he had not seen later returns of divisional expenditure of the five great provinces of the Empire—Bengal, the North-West Provinces, the Punjab, Madras, and Bombay; he had not taken into account the smaller provinces, as they were still in a nascent condition. The total grant for Public Works Ordinary from 1861-62 to 1872-73 was for Bengal £8,691,000, while the gross revenue during those years amounted to £188,819,000; for the North-West Provinces the grant was £4,193,000, and the gross revenue £69,679,000; for the Punjab the grant was £6,791,000, and the gross revenue £40,573,000; for the Madras Presidency the grant was £8,168,000, and the gross revenue £88,509,000; for Bombay and Sindh the grant was £12,437,000, and the gross revenue £109,506,000. The proportion of expenditure to revenue was therefore in Bengal £4 11s. per cent., in the North-West Provinces £6 0s. 4d. per cent., in the Punjab £16 15s. per cent., in Madras £9 5s. per cent., and in Bombay £11 7s. per cent. The proportion per head of population was in Bengal 2s. 8d., in the North-West Provinces 2s. 9d., in the Punjab 4s. 8d., in Madras 5s. 3d., and in Bombay 15s. 4d.

It would thus be seen that though Bengal had yielded the largest amount of revenue and comprised the largest number of the population, it had had the smallest assignment from the imperial funds for the improvement of its material condition. But it might be said that perhaps justice had been done to it in the allotments for Public Works Extraordinary. He found that the total outlay on irrigation works to the end of the year 1875-76 was £16,454,000, of which £7,988,000 were spent in the North-West and in the Punjab, and £4,000,000 in Bengal, the remainder being spent in Madras and Bombay. The total outlay on State Railways up to the year 1879-80 was estimated at £16,780,000, and the allotment to Bengal amounted to £2,400,000. His object in laying these figures before the Council was to show that Bengal had hitherto been grossly neglected, and that though latterly the conscience of the Government of India was roused towards it, it had taken a new bound, and new taxation was to be imposed upon the people of this province to provide for the interest upon the capital outlay and the working expenses of the canals, though with their surplus revenue the Government had hitherto prosecuted works in the other provinces, which had materially improved the imperial revenue and vastly enriched those provinces. Now, he would submit with all deference that if a debtor and creditor account had been kept with Bengal, showing her contributions towards the extension and consolidation of the Empire, and towards the material improvement of the other provinces, it would be manifest that Bengal, far from presenting a deficit for which new taxation was required, would have an enormous balance in its favour after meeting all legitimate local charges. But it was argued that the Empire was an aggregate, and that all the provinces should bear their legitimate burthens. He did not deny this truth, but the question was whether it was justice that from him who had always been giving much more should be taken. The Empire, he might say, resembled a vast joint undivided Hindu family. Bengal, as the eldest brother, had for years fed and nursed the younger provinces; but was it meet and just that fresh burdens should be laid upon it because it was supposed to be in a position to pay? He could not subscribe to that theory which sought to adjust taxation on incidence per head. If A could support his family with £5 per month, and B, his neighbour, could not do so without laying out £10, was it a sound reason that A should be mulcted £5 in order to make the incidence square? The only question was whether Bengal, compared with the other provinces, after paying all her legitimate expenses, left a sufficient surplus as

her tribute to the Government of India for protection and imperial administration. The figures of the year 1872-73—those of later years he had not seen in a complete form—showed how Bengal stood from this point of view. The gross revenue from Madras was £8,173,806, and the gross charges £6,020,074, leaving a surplus of £2,153,732. The gross revenue from Bombay was £9,512,498, and the gross charges £7,313,506, leaving a surplus of £2,198,992. The gross revenue derived from the North-West Provinces was £5,831,067, and the gross charges were £2,258,932, the surplus being £3,572,135. In the Punjab the gross revenue was £3,588,076, and the charges £2,129,928, leaving a surplus of £1,458,148. But in Bengal the gross revenue was £15,831,072, and the gross charges being no more than £5,756,334, an enormous surplus of £10,074,238 was left. It would thus be at once apparent that Bengal yielded the largest surplus. But it might be urged that Bengal could not justly claim the full amount of the opium and customs revenues which were derived in Bengal, and he was quite willing to make a reasonable deduction on that account. In 1872-73 Benares opium realized £2,468,024, and allowing one-fourth of the customs revenue for the share of North India, and a similar deduction being allowed for the Bombay Customs—for since the opening of the Suez Canal and the completion of the Jubbulpore line of the East Indian Railway there were now two routes for commerce into Northern India—the total deductions amounted to £2,710,000, which, being deducted from the surplus of Bengal, left a net balance of seven and one-third millions in favour of Bengal. He had, however, heard it said that it was China, and not Bengal, which paid the opium revenue; but the wine duties of England which amounted to about twenty millions were paid by consumers in other countries, and yet the English treasury took the credit of it. In fact, all export duties were paid by consumers in other countries, but the produce of the duties was considered revenue. Again, they had been told that the revenue was so large because the Government maintained a monopoly; but if an excise duty had been levied on opium, and the receipts had been less, the difference would have gone into the pockets of the people, and it was therefore a direct contribution by them. Further, it had been argued that Bengal was not defended in Bengal. No one denied that; but the question was whether the surplus that Bengal yielded did not cover the cost of its protection and the benefits it derived from imperial administration.

He was quite conscious that the facts and figures he had put forward would not alter the determination of the Government of India, and would not therefore affect the question before them. The fiat had gone forth that Bengal shall be taxed, and nothing would probably alter that decision. But if the facts and figures which he had taken the trouble to collect from official records, and for listening to which with so much patience he had to thank hon'ble members, satisfied His Honor that financial justice had not been done to Bengal, he felt confident that His Honor, who was not only the responsible ruler, but also the mouthpiece of Bengal, would take them into consideration in another capacity, and plead at the bar of the Government of India for that justice to the dumb millions of this province.

He now came to the Bills before the Council. Although the Irrigation Cess Bill had not yet been introduced, the principles which had led to the inception of the two Bills were identical, and he hoped His Honor would permit him to discuss them together.

The principle on which the Government of India had acted was a distinction between Public Works Ordinary and Extraordinary, of general and of provincial utility, and a fresh charge was thus thrown on the Local Government. It was said that works of provincial utility were not works of general usefulness, and that therefore they should be charged to provincial funds and not to the imperial fund. Now, if the question were considered calmly and dispassionately, it would be seen that the distinction drawn was more fanciful than real; in fact the Hon'ble the Financial Member of Council was himself constrained to admit that it was difficult to observe the distinction in its integrity. The budget statement divided the works into three classes, only the first of which was undertaken, purely from imperial considerations. With regard to the second and third classes, the Financial Member said:—

“They are in both cases works of improvement for developing the resources of the country and for meeting its necessary requirements; and in respect of them it is anticipated

that, besides the indirect advantages to the country arising from their construction, they will yield within a moderate time a direct income at least equal to the interest on the capital expended on them. Some of these works, which I put into my second class, are undertaken for objects of such general utility that they may be fairly called imperial."

And again he remarked :—

"There is, as I said before, no broad line of difference between such works as these and works of imperial utility. Imperial works confer great local benefits, and works of local utility enrich the Empire; but although the two classes of works thus run into one another, the distinction is nevertheless a real one, and it has not been sufficiently recognized."

Such being the case, he would submit that the two major considerations should merge into the minor. But there were other reasons why the cost of the canals and railways should be treated as an imperial charge. What were the primary objects of irrigation works? The first was an increase of the imperial revenue from land, and the second the development of the material resources of the country; but the arbitrary distinction made ignored the fact that the land revenue was greatly increased by extension of cultivation. This point was clearly set forth in a short extract which he would read to the Council from a recent work on irrigation in India :—

"Taking £3 per acre as the value of gross produce from canal-irrigated lands per annum, and Government share of land assessment one-sixth the value of produce, on four million acres watered by State canals the amount will be two millions sterling per annum land assessment, which Government would not derive but for the canals."

But the canals, although a fertile source of imperial revenue, were now declared works of provincial utility, and the charge on them was treated as a local instead of an imperial burthen, apart from the other fact that the increase of general wealth meant the enrichment of the Empire. Then, again, as regards irrigation, the provinces of Bengal Proper and Orissa were differently situated compared with the other parts of the Empire. The natural rainfall was quite sufficient in Bengal, and drought occurred but occasionally. Then the soil and the nature of the crops in Bengal required incessant moisture, and in this respect the irrigation works failed to accomplish the purpose they were intended to fulfil. With regard to Orissa, perhaps he could not do better than quote the remarks contained in the Bengal Administration Report of 1871-72 on the subject. They were as follow :—

"The rainfall in Orissa averages about 55 to 60 inches, and it cannot possibly be expected that the people should be willing to pay such high rates for water as in countries where the rainfall is one-half or one-fourth the quantity. This too is not all: high rates are gladly paid for water supplied at seasons when there is little rain; the deltas of the southern rivers of Madras receive a full supply from the Western Ghats at a time when there is little monsoon on the Madras Coast, and the North-Western Provinces and Punjab canals derive their chief revenue from the irrigation of the cold-weather and spring crops when there is little rain. On the other hand, the Orissa rivers have an extremely scanty flow of water at that season, and we must chiefly depend on the irrigation of the rice and other rainy season crops for a revenue from the canals. It is principally at the end of the season in October, when rain may or may not fall, while the rivers still hold a considerable flow of water, that the benefit is felt. Probably it may turn out that a uniform supply of water, well managed by a skilful system, will give better crops than an irregular, though heavy, rain supply; but at present the people look on a water-rate merely as a sort of insurance against a possible failure of the rains, especially a failure at the end of the season; and they are very unwilling to agree to pay heavy rates till at least the failure is actually on them. If the year is a good ordinary one, and there is no special failure of the rains, they think they can do very well without irrigation."

And in fact they had found that they could do so. If they had not hitherto availed themselves of the canal water, it was because they did not, as he believed, find it sufficiently remunerative. They would, he fancied, be quite willing to pay 50 per cent. if they thought it possible that they would make another 50 per cent. by doing so. But finding that this would not be the result, they had hitherto abstained from largely using the water of the canals.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said he was unwilling to interrupt the hon'ble member, but it appeared to him that the tendency of the hon'ble member's remarks was with reference to the Irrigation Bill and the compulsory cess, and he would therefore suggest that these remarks should be reserved till the Irrigation Bill came before the Council.

BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said that, in accordance with the suggestion made by the Hon'ble the President, he would reserve his remarks on this head for the present. The principle of the Bill which was before the Council was that

the whole of the provision for irrigation works and State Railways in Bengal should be made by the Local Government. These public works had owed their origin to the action of the Imperial Government, but having proved financial failures, they were now made over to the Bengal Government; in fact, the people of these provinces were called upon to make up the loss which the Government of India had sustained by its own inconsiderateness. He admitted that they had been undertaken by the Government of India with the best of motives, but there had been a sad want of information and foresight on the subject. There could be no doubt that, if the Government had not purchased some of these works at exceedingly high prices, they would have been perhaps sold for a mere song; for their prospects were never very cheering, and no one would have paid the high price for them that the Government did. Now, in order to meet current interest and working charges of these undertakings, it was proposed to double the road cess, which, when it was first imposed, was intended to be confined to local purposes only. He could not understand why the "land" alone had been singled out for taxation, when these works, if they were to be regarded as an insurance against future famines, would in that sense be beneficial to the whole community, though he doubted that, when water could not be had in sufficient quantities when most needed, they could justly be regarded as an insurance against drought. On the other hand, if the general wealth of the nation was developed by means of irrigation canals and railways, the whole country would be benefitted. But because the road cess was a simple method—and he was quite willing to admit that as a means of drawing direct taxation, the plan of the road cess was by far the easiest, cheapest, and least troublesome—that was no reason that the land should bear the whole burthen. It should be remembered that, when the road cess was first proposed, it was regarded as an inroad on the Permanent Settlement. Nor was it unjustly so regarded. When the Permanent Settlement was made Lord Cornwallis wrote to the Court of Directors:—

"If at any future period the public exigencies should require an addition to your resources, you must look for it in the increase of the general wealth and commerce of the country, and not in the augmentation of the tax upon the land."

And here he would, with the permission of the Council, make a digression, and submit a statement showing the produce of indirect taxes in the five great Provinces of the Empire.

Thus North-Western Provinces yield in salt £476,608, excise £203,391, stamps £351,328, customs, after taking due credit from Bengal and Bombay, £245,372—total £1,276,699. Similarly, the Punjab yields in salt £541,253, excise £97,129, stamps £239,242, customs £294,851—total £1,471,475. Madras, salt £1,331,183, excise £602,767, stamps £484,246, customs £315,468—total £2,753,664. Bombay, salt £796,244, excise £377,939, stamps £458,385, customs, less deduction for Northern India at one-fourth, £547,140—total £2,179,758. Bengal, salt £2,648,361, excise £698,817, stamps £935,108, customs, less deduction for the share of Northern India at one-fourth, £810,031—total £5,002,317.

It would be thus seen that the four principal branches of indirect taxation were most productive in Bengal, fully justifying the expectation of the far-seeing statesman who gave this Magna Charta to the agricultural population of Bengal.

Some erroneous notions seemed to exist as to the character of the Permanent Settlement, and he could not therefore do better than give the judicial construction of it in the words of Messrs. Tucker, Barlow, and Hawkins, Judges of the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut in 1848. They said:—

"It is a narrow and contracted view to suppose that the Permanent Settlement consists in nothing more than the obligation on the part of the zemindar to pay a certain amount of revenue annually to the Government. The settlement is a compact by which the zemindar engages on his part to pay a fixed amount of revenue to the State; and the State on its part guarantees to the zemindar, by means of its judicial and fiscal administration, the integrity of the assets from which that revenue is derived, and which in fact constitutes the Government's own security for the realization of the revenue."

He would not trouble the Council with what that eminent lawyer Sir Barnes Peacock wrote on the subject when he was asked to draft a Bill for the

levy of a Rural Police Cess on land in Bengal. On perusal of Sir Barnes Peacock's Minute, Lord Dalhousie wrote as follows:—

"I have studied with deep attention the valuable Minute which has been recorded by our honorable and learned colleague Mr. Peacock, relative to the legal or equitable right of the Government of India to levy a further assessment on the holders of land in these Lower Provinces for the payment of a police force. The draft Act on which Mr. Peacock comments was transmitted by myself from the Government of Bengal. I am therefore the more bound to say that the clear reasoning by which he has supported his opinion, adverse to the levy of the proposed rates on the holders of lands, has fully convinced me that this Act should not be extended to rural villages. I therefore assent on my own part that the word 'village' should be omitted from the draft Act."

That opinion was subscribed to by the other Members of Council—the Hon'ble Mr. Dorin, the Hon'ble General Low, and the Hon'ble Mr. Halliday. The Indian Educational Blue-Book, which was published a few years ago by order of the House of Commons, also contained a number of opinions of the most distinguished Indian officials on the subject of the permanent settlement, in which it was broadly stated that the imposition of the road cess would be a breach of the settlement. The Indian Council was divided on the subject, and it was a vote which carried the despatch of the Secretary of State sanctioning the imposition of the present road cess. Such eminent Indian statesmen as Sir Erskine Perry, Sir Frederick Halliday, Sir Frederick Currie, Mr. H. T. Prinsep, Mr. R. D. Mangles, and Sir Henry Montgomery opposed the cess on the ground that it involved a direct infringement of the Permanent Settlement. But if the road cess was a violation of the pledge given, how much more so was the proposed cess embodied in the Bill now under consideration? There could in fact be no comparison between the two. The Secretary of State hedged in the road cess with the following conditions:—

"It would indeed be most desirable if the local character of these rates could be emphatically marked by committing both the assessing of them and the application of them to local bodies" * * * *, and if possible to carry the people along with us through their natural native borders, both in the assessment and in the expenditure of local rates.

"It is, above all things, requisite that the benefits to be derived from the rates should be brought home to their doors,—that these benefits should be palpable, direct, immediate."

That was the opinion of the Secretary of State. And Sir George Campbell, when the Bill was before the Council, spoke of it in the following terms:—

"The object and intention of this Bill was to make a beginning of self-government by introducing a mode of local self-taxation, and leaving the administration of the funds received from local taxation to the people of the locality for whose benefit and improvement the taxes are imposed?"

And again:—

"The object, the principle, the very essence of this Bill was simply this, that we sought to obtain from the people of Bengal permission to enable us to tax them for their own benefit, not for the general purposes of Government, but for the local benefit of a particular locality; and we wish to make the form and mode of taxation as local as we can."

The object of the cess was thus made distinct both as to place and time, and it was not then contemplated to increase it. In fact, when Mr. Wordie anticipated the future by expressing an apprehension of increase of taxation by this easy method, Sir George Campbell remarked that there was no reason for such an apprehension, saying that "he did not know whether any additional cess would ever be imposed." But the present Bill proposed the doubling of the road cess for provincial works, which would necessarily be confined to the class interested in land. That such class taxation was opposed to all sound principles of taxation and justice would be seen from the opinion recorded by one of the most eminent economists produced by England, John Stuart Mill. Writing on the subject of a tax on rents, he said:—

"A tax on rents falls wholly on the landlord. There are no means by which he can shift the burthen upon anyone else. It does not affect the value or price of agricultural produce, for this is determined by the cost of production in the most unfavorable circumstances, and in those circumstances, as one have so often demonstrated, no rent is paid. A tax on rent therefore has no effect other than its obvious one. It merely takes so much from the landlord, and transfers it to the State."

And again:—

"A peculiar tax on the income of any class, not balanced by taxes on other classes, is a violation of justice, and amounts to a partial confiscation."

The question therefore which the Council had to consider was whether or not this partial confiscation was not involved in the proposed scheme of taxation—that was to say, whether the Bill was or was not open to the reproach of John Stuart Mill.

Now, it might be said that the Government was obliged to have recourse to extra taxation on account of the burdens thrown upon it. But was there no other means at hand for obtaining revenue? If the salt tax were raised 8 annas a maund, the yield would be more than forty lakhs, while the pressure would be little more than one anna per head. But by doubling the road cess, which was at the maximum figure of two pice in the rupee, the sum to be realised was, he believed, estimated at 33 lakhs, of which 20 lakhs might be said to be the share of ryots and small tenure-holders, if the cess were levied at the maximum sum in all districts. He did not know the exact number of cess-payers who were ryots or small tenure-holders; but taking the estimates of the census report of the agricultural population at $2\frac{1}{2}$ millions, the pressure per head was about 13 annas; and giving four souls to each family, the pressure per head of each agricultural family came to three annas one pie, or over 300 per cent. of the proposed addition to the salt tax.

The salt tax was one which many authorities in Bengal were of opinion should be regarded as a provincial reserve in cases of urgent necessity. Six years ago, during the discussions on the Road Cess Bill, the Hon'ble Mr. Scholch said:—

“If it should be necessary to have recourse to provincial taxation, he believed that an increase in the salt duty only would prove the most suitable for that purpose, and therefore it must be held in reserve.”

His Honor the present Lieutenant-Governor was also strongly in favor of an increase to the salt tax in lieu of the road cess, and perhaps he could not do better than read to the Council some extracts from a speech made by His Honor in this Council six years ago:—

“The Hon'ble Ashley Eden said he did not propose to follow His Honor the President on the question of local taxation, but only desired to express his general concurrence in the views that had been expressed. But as allusion had been made to those who were strongly in favour of an increased salt duty in lieu of direct taxation, and as he had taken an active part in supporting that view, he thought that he might be permitted to give his reasons for the notions which he entertained on the subject. He should like to state his reasons for not considering the arguments that had been adduced by the Hon'ble the President against an increase of the salt duty as altogether conclusive.

“First, it was said that salt was an article of imperial revenue, which we were therefore unable to tax. No doubt if the Council was to sit down and propose to pass a law for raising the duty on salt, this objection would be absolutely unanswerable; and obviously, if the Government of India would not consent to our raising funds for Provincial Services by an increase of the salt duty, there was an end to the matter.

“But what he desired to urge, and what those who thought with him desired to urge, was that if it could be conclusively shown that the salt tax was the best mode of raising the necessary increase to taxation for provincial purposes, and the mode was in accordance with the wishes of the people who had to be taxed, it would be open to the Local Government to ask the Government of India to agree to the imposition of a small addition to the existing duty on salt for local purposes. Every one fully admitted that this Council could not impose a tax on salt: all that it was desired to urge was that the Government of India, in lieu of pressing us to raise local cesses of an irritating and wasteful character, might themselves do all that was necessary by this indirect form of taxation, to which nobody raised any sort of objection, and, in fact, which nobody knew that they were paying * * *

“The price of the salt commonly used by the lower classes was less than two annas per seer, and had continued at that rate for a long time; yet the first investigation into the subject of a salt tax in the early days of our rule in India showed that two annas was the retail rate: so that practically at the first levy of this duty the tax had been just as much felt by the consumer as now, and more so; for although the price of every other article of consumption had largely increased, although the price of labour and the rate of wages had much increased, though the value of money had decreased, the price of salt remained what it was when we first came into this country. * * *

“Next it was said that salt could not bear an additional tax. It appeared to him that when we came to consider that each person consumed on an average six seers of salt per annum at the outside, and that a small increase of duty, say four annas or eight annas per maund, would yield more than all the local taxes put together, it was quite clear that not a single person in the country would know that he was paying any additional tax at all. What was four annas or eight annas per maund to the agricultural laborer, who only eat the seventh part of a maund in the year, compared to a cess on land, or a house tax? Even

those who knew that the salt which they consumed had been subjected to the payment of a duty, did not know how the tax was paid or collected.

"Then it was said that an increase of the salt tax would have the effect of shifting the burden from the rich and putting it upon the poor. But he thought that such an argument would hardly bear examination; it was one which had often been used and as often refuted. For although probably the poor man consumed as much salt as the rich man, yet if we took into consideration the peculiar relations of the rich with the poor—if we consider the number of retainers that the richer classes of the natives had always about them—it would be found that the apparent inequality did not in fact exist; for every native was accustomed to feed his retainers, and they therefore not only paid the tax themselves, but for all their retainers as well. Where a poor man paid a single rate, the rich man paid 10, 20, 30, or 50 rates, as the case might be. Anyway, if the tax was heavy on the poor man, he would not be slow to shift it, by the increased price of labor, to the rich."

Nothing could be more clear, more cogent, and more convincing than the arguments of His Honor in favour of a slight addition to the salt tax as a substitute of direct taxation; and what His Honor said six years ago would hold equally good now. He need not repeat the opinion so often expressed that direct taxation was utterly unsuited to the habits, feelings, and character of the people of this country. The only argument that he had heard in favor of the new system of local finance was that it gave more freedom to the Local Governments. He was free to confess that that was a consummation most devoutly to be wished for; but the cost at which that freedom had been purchased was very great, and the principles on which the system of localization of the charges referred to was based were contrary to justice, reason, and right. He was personally as warm an advocate of home rule as ever existed; but he prized justice above all things; and when he saw that the freedom of the Local Government was to be bought at the sacrifice of the plighted faith of the State, and at the risk of partial confiscation of one class of profits, as John Stuart Mill called it, he could not help saying that it was too dear a price.

He had done. He thanked the hon'ble members for the courtesy and attention with which they had listened to him. He felt that he should not be doing his duty if he did not mention that there was a considerable feeling among the native community on the subject of the proposed taxation. He hoped it would not be understood that they wished to evade their legitimate burdens. They were deeply grateful to the British Government for the manifold blessings they had received from it, and they yielded to none in loyal devotion to make the necessary sacrifice for the well-being of the commonwealth. But they wanted justice. And they had this consolation that they had at the present moment one at the head of the Local Government who knew the people, and whom the people knew, who warmly sympathised with them, and to whom they were deeply attached, for whose sake they were prepared to make any reasonable sacrifice, and who, they felt confident, would do nothing which might involve wrong and injustice to them.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said, he did not gather from what had passed that the hon'ble member desired to oppose the motion which was before the Council, which was that the Bill be read in Council. But he understood the hon'ble member's object to be to assent to the Bill as a necessity, and at the same time to take that opportunity of explaining his reasons for thinking that, from the first connection of the British Government with this country up to the present moment, Bengal had been treated with great injustice in financial matters. He would not attempt to follow the hon'ble member through that interesting and able sketch of the past financial history of Bengal which he had given the Council, neither had he the materials before him to enable him to do so even if he wished it, or thought it could answer any good purpose. It might be that every argument he had used was perfectly just, and that even the figures he had quoted had been accurately sifted and analysed, and were correct. But that was not the question with which they had now to deal. If it was open to His Honor to propose a re-adjustment of the accounts as compared with the other provinces of India since 1790, he should be glad to give his support to the proposal, and appropriate for provincial purposes the large balance which his hon'ble friend promised as the result of such an investigation. But it was quite obvious that nothing of the kind was possible, or could in any way be carried out. And even if a discussion upon the various points which the hon'ble gentleman had raised were possible, it was quite certain that it would be found that in respect to each of his arguments there would be some one who

would find something very cogent to say on the other side ; so that any adjustment now of the vexed questions of finance for nearly a century would not be likely to end in any very definite conclusions. There was no argument which had not two sides to it, and if Bengal was to be heard as to the past, other provinces would also have their say. Take as an instance the first argument which had been used—namely, that the people of Bengal first invited the British Government to take up their abode in this country and establish their rule there, and contributed to the building up of the Empire, and had ever since contributed to its maintenance and to the acquisition of other territories beyond, and that this constituted a reason why Bengal should be treated with great forbearance in the matter of taxation. But it was quite possible that the other provinces which had been annexed and included within British India subsequent to the first establishment in Bengal might argue that the whole of the taxation should be borne by Bengal, because the British Government was brought here without consulting them, and Bengal had provided the means for maintaining and extending the British Empire in India. In the same way something might be said per contra to all the claims which the hon'ble gentleman had made on behalf of Bengal. But it would answer no good purpose now to go over the various points that had been raised as to the past, for the only point left open to them to discuss was what they had to do. Now they had got a burden thrown upon them, and they had to consider the best means of meeting that burden. Was it best met by the proposals which he had made to the Council, or had any hon'ble member any better suggestion to make on the subject? His hon'ble friend had quoted a very able argument of his friend Sir John Grant, and of Sir George Campbell, as opposed to the principle of the Bill now before the Council. Sir John Grant pointed out that nothing had been done for Bengal in the way of assigning it funds for opening out communications up to 1861 ; and Sir George Campbell had said that very little had been done since, which was no doubt true. But it appeared to His Honor that, if the hon'ble member had been arguing in favor of this Bill, he could not have adduced any stronger argument than that of those two gentlemen, because they wanted to show that whatever was raised in Bengal was spent elsewhere, and that Bengal did not receive its fair share of its own revenues. The object of the present system of decentralization was to put a stop to that state of things, and to secure to Bengal a certain amount of the revenue which it had to raise for itself. In nearly every native newspaper which he had taken up lately he had seen Bengal spoken of as the milch cow of India. The object of this measure was to remedy this state of things which had led to the common use of this phrase,—to enable Bengal to use a little of its own milk, which it now contributed for the benefit of other provinces, and to substitute for fresh general taxation, of which they could have no account, and from which they should receive but little benefit,—a system under which they were to impose their own taxation, and look after the development and expenditure of their own finances. But in order that this might be effected, the Government of India naturally asked to be relieved of the cost of constructing local works, which that Government could not have met at the present time without imposing some form or other of taxation. The question was whether they should have local taxation and local administration of the funds thus raised, or imperial taxation and imperial administration of the new revenues to be raised. There was no question of local taxation or no taxation at all. He thought that the principle now introduced was a very sound one ; he looked forward to the measure now inaugurated as one of the first steps towards the progress and prosperity of the country, although he fully admitted that the means they had to devise to attain to that first step were exceedingly painful and harassing.

In making his comparison between the different provinces, his hon'ble friend had carefully avoided one form of comparison:—that was the relative rate per head of population of the incidence of taxation in the various parts of the country. Looking at the question in this way, he would find that the people of Bengal bore a percentage of taxation very light in comparison with many other provinces of India. His Honor was aware that his hon'ble friend had given his reasons for not having done so ; but they did not seem to him to be conclusive, as the real question at issue was whether the people of Bengal bore a heavier burden than the people of the rest of the country, and whether

they were so overwhelmed with taxation that they were unable to give any further assistance to the Government. His hon'ble friend had said that it was now proposed to make the people of Bengal pay for railways and irrigation works which were constructed as a venture which had now turned out to be a loss, and were not remunerative. His Honor himself only knew of one railway in Bengal which was taken up as a venture, and which had proved a great financial failure, and that was the Mutlah Railway. Well, that railway had been made over to Bengal without a single penny of charge; it had been given to them without any charge as regards capital, though the value of the gift even then was perhaps doubtful. As regards the other railways, although they had to meet the interest on the capital as a first charge, there was not one of them which, in the course of two or three years, would not pay the interest upon the capital expended upon them, and some of them would almost immediately do so. But they had also to provide capital to extend the system of railways. He thought there was nothing which could possibly be done for Bengal that would tend so much to the development of the wealth and trade of the province, and the good of its people, as these cheap lines of railway, giving distant and isolated places of production ready access to the large markets. It was a point upon which he had never heard any difference of opinion among those who had opportunities of seeing the material benefits conferred upon the people by the facilities which this means of inter-communication afforded.

Then his hon'ble friend had said that nobody in his senses would have paid the Orissa Irrigation Company the price which the Government had given for their works, and that consequently it would have eventually come into the market for absolutely nothing, and the company would have been glad to accept any price that they could have obtained. That might have been true if the Government had not guaranteed the interest upon the capital; but as long as Government guaranteed the interest upon the capital, there would always have been somebody ready to purchase it. Obviously it was the best for the Government to take it over and try to get something from it, rather than to go on paying interest without receiving anything in return. Whether they paid too much for the business, or not, was another question.

The hon'ble gentleman had quoted some remarks of the Secretary of State as bearing upon the principle of the Bill now before the Council. But those remarks referred to the imposition of local cesses for local purposes, and had nothing whatever to do with the question now before the Council. In speaking of a measure for making local works chargeable upon local rates, it was no doubt perfectly correct to say that the works should be such works that the people should immediately and locally benefit from them, and that they should have a voice in the management of the fund which was raised from such taxation. But the proposal now under consideration was a different thing; it was a measure for raising a further sum of money for the general development of works for the benefit of the whole of these provinces, and therefore nothing which the Secretary of State had said on the subject of purely local works would have any application to the present question.

He was sorry that his hon'ble friend had raised again the question of the breach of the permanent settlement, because, although no doubt it was a question upon which there was a great conflict of authority and difference of opinion, he thought it was a matter the principle of which had been decided at the time when it was determined, with the approval of the Local Government, and also the approval of the Supreme Government and of Parliament, to levy a system of local cesses for local improvements. Whatever had to be said on the subject had been said then, and it had now been finally and definitely set at rest, and he was certainly not disposed to re-open it.

As regards what had been said as to the pledge which had been given by Sir George Campbell that there would be no further local taxation, His Honor thought that it was clear enough from the very words quoted by the hon'ble gentleman that so far from any such pledge having been given, Sir George Campbell had simply said that "he did not know whether there would be any further taxation or not," and this certainly was not any pledge as to his own intentions, and certainly no pledge as to the intentions of succeeding Governments.

Finally, he must say something about his own remarks upon the salt duty made some years ago, which had been quoted against him by his hon'ble friend. He was quite prepared to say now every word that he had then said. He repeated the belief to which he had given expression on the occasion to which his hon'ble friend referred that there was no tax which would be felt as little, and which was so easy of imposition, and in every way so desirable, as the salt tax. But it was entirely out of his power to propose such a tax to meet the present difficulty. In the first place it was a tax which was reserved by the Government of India in its own hands, for increase or decrease, according as great pressure might fall or not upon the imperial revenues of the State. But it was not even in the power of the Government of India to increase the salt tax at present for certain practical reasons. There were three or four different systems of salt duty going on in parallel lines in Bombay, Madras, the North-Western Provinces, and Bengal. Among the many difficulties which they had to deal with in connection with this state of things was this—that while the people of Bengal, from their great prosperity, arising no doubt from their long connection with the British Government to which his hon'ble friend had alluded, were able to pay without difficulty almost any amount of salt tax, the people of Madras and Bombay, who were said to be much poorer, though he was not sure that this was the case, declared themselves unable to pay a salt tax very much less than the tax which was imposed on the people of Bengal, and the consequence of this difference had been that a most expensive and in other ways objectionable system of internal customs had been established to prevent the salt of one province going into another. The object the Government of India, he believed, had in view was to equalize as far as possible the rate of the salt duty in the different presidencies, and to do away with this objectionable inland customs line. But if they attempted to raise the salt tax in Bengal, they would be increasing this difficulty, and it would be almost impossible to bring about an equalization of the salt tax in the different presidencies. He had no doubt, however, that the Government would be able in the course of time to approximately equalize the duties, and do away with the customs line. But it was obviously quite impossible to think of imposing a further rate of duty on salt under such circumstances, and it was no use thinking of asking the Government of India to do so.

He did not know whether his hon'ble friend had any other scheme of taxation to suggest in place of this one which he had laid before the Council. He gathered that on the whole his hon'ble friend would support it, and he was grateful to him for the terms in which he had promised his co-operation in meeting the requisition for funds which had been received from the Supreme Government. His Honor was quite aware that it was very far from being a perfect scheme, and that it was open to very many objections. He felt just as keenly as his hon'ble friend did that he would much rather not ask the Council to impose any new burden upon the inhabitants of this province. But having the necessity thrown upon him, and very little time left him to think about it, he was not now prepared to propose any form of taxation which was less open to objection than this scheme of a provincial cess.

The motion was then agreed to, and the Bill referred to a Select Committee, consisting of the Hon'ble Mr. Reynolds, the Hon'ble Baboo Isser Chunder Mittra, the Hon'ble Baboo Kristodas Pal, and the mover, with instructions to report in two weeks.

EXTENSION OF THE LABOR DISTRICTS' EMIGRATION ACT TO CHITTAGONG.

THE HON'BLE MR. BELL moved for leave to bring in a Bill to extend the provisions of Bengal Act VII of 1873 (the Labour Districts' Emigration Act) to the district of Chittagong and the Chittagong Hill Tracts. He said, when the Labor Districts' Emigration Act of 1873 was passed, the tea interest in Chittagong was still in its infancy. At that time there was no necessity for importing labor to cultivate the few tea gardens which then existed in the district, and there was consequently no necessity to extend the provisions of the Act to the district of Chittagong. But during the last few years the tea interest in Chittagong had very largely increased. The local labor market did not now supply sufficient laborers to meet the local demand, and the planters had been compelled to indent for

laborers from other districts. From returns which had been received, it would appear that there were now upwards of two thousand emigrant laborers employed in the tea plantations in Chittagong. Now, when laborers were imported several serious difficulties arose. First, they were recruited in distant districts, and it often happened that coolies, after reaching their destination, complained that they had been beguiled from their homes by false representations. By extending the Labors' District Emigration Act to the district of Chittagong this difficulty would be got over. By that Act all contracts had to be made in the presence of a responsible Government officer, by whom they were explained to the laborers before they left Calcutta. Then there was another difficulty which had occurred in one or two cases in sending coolies to Chittagong. In one case small-pox had broken out on the journey, and in another case cholera. But the Government had at present no control over the transport; and when the coolies reached their destination, the Government had at present no means of seeing that the coolies were properly cared for. The Magistrate of Chittagong had recently inspected several tea gardens, but those who were engaged in tea plantations naturally resented the interference of the Magistrate, as the Labor Act did not apply to Chittagong.

Then there was another difficulty in regard to the laborers. After they arrived at the tea gardens, it seemed to be the custom to pay them by taskwork. At present, if any dispute arose between a tea-planter and a coolie, the parties had to go to the Civil Court to have the dispute adjudicated upon. But under the Labor Districts' Emigration Act, if there was any dispute as to the quantity of taskwork which the planter imposed on the laborer, it was decided by arbitration in the manner provided under the Act. All these difficulties had occurred in Chittagong, and it was for this reason it was thought desirable that the provisions of the Act should be extended to Chittagong.

He need hardly remind the Council that the Act had worked most successfully in Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet, and it was hoped that the same good results would follow its extension to Chittagong. It was for these reasons that MR. BELL asked for leave to introduce a Bill.

The motion was agreed to.

The Council was adjourned to Saturday the 14th April.

CORRIGENDA.

In the report of Proceedings of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, under date the 31st March 1877, published in the Supplement to the *Calcutta Gazette* of 11th April, the following corrections are necessary:—

Page 286, line 9, for "section 50" read "section 53."

Page 286, line 17 from the bottom, for "majority" read "minority."

Transpose the paragraph beginning at the foot of page 288 and the first two paragraphs in page 289 so as to stand immediately after the small print in page 292.

Page 290, line 8, for "gross profits" read "net profits."

Page 290, in line 2 of the last paragraph but one, for "Government suits" read "Government estates."

LIBERALITY OF BABOO KALI KISHEN TAGORE IN BACKERGUNGE.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT—INDUSTRY & SCIENCE.

Calcutta, the 14th April 1877.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

A letter No. 38, dated the 7th April 1877, from the Commissioner of the Dacca Division.

It has been brought to the notice of Government by the Commissioner of Dacca that Baboo Kali Kishen Tagore has contributed Rs. 2,500 towards the relief of the sufferers from the cyclone and storm-wave in the Backergunge district. This is not the first occasion on which this gentleman has displayed liberality and public spirit, and the Lieutenant-Governor has much satisfaction in recording his appreciation of his conduct.

ORDERED that a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the Commissioner of Dacca for his information, and for communication to Baboo Kali Kishen Tagore.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

H. J. S. COTTON,

Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CULTIVATION AND CURING OF TOBACCO IN BENGAL.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.—AGRICULTURE.

Calcutta, the 14th April 1877.

THE subjoined letter No. 508A, dated 28th March 1877, from the Government of the North-Western Provinces, forwarding a copy of a pamphlet by Mr. Buck, Director of Agriculture and Commerce, North-Western Provinces, regarding the cultivation and curing of tobacco, and the enclosed letter from Mr. Buck regarding the distribution of his pamphlet, are published for general information.

2. The Lieutenant-Governor has requested to be furnished with 200 copies of the pamphlet, which will be circulated among those interested in tobacco cultivation, and copies will also be available on application to the Secretariat.

H. J. S. COTTON,

Junior Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 508A, dated Camp Lucknow, the 28th March 1877.

From—The Secretary to the Government of the North-Western Provinces,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Financial Department.

I AM directed to forward a copy of the papers marginally noted, regarding the cultivation and curing of tobacco, and to request that, with the permission of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, this Government may be informed which of the two modes suggested in the

From Director of Agriculture and Commerce, North-Western Provinces, No. 110A—XLI-9, dated the 16th March, and enclosure.

second paragraph of Mr. Buck's letter, for the distribution of his pamphlet, appears preferable.

No. 110A—XLI-9, dated Allahabad, the 16th March 1877.

From—The Director of Agriculture and Commerce of the North-Western Provinces,
To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of the North-Western Provinces.

I HAVE the honor to forward herewith a note containing instructions on tobacco cultivation and curing, and request that the Government of these Provinces may be pleased to obtain

the permission of the Government of Bengal for its circulation through district officers (or in any other way) to planters in Tirhoot and Upper Bengal, whose co-operation with the experiment now going on at Ghazipur will probably conduce much to the extension of the tobacco industry.

2. Five hundred copies of the pamphlet are retained at this office either for distribution through the Government of Bengal or direct to the planters. If copies should be sent direct by this office, I request that the Government of Bengal may be asked for a list of planters resident in Tirhoot and Upper Bengal with their addresses.

3. An appendix, giving diagrams of the interior arrangement of a curing-house, with any further information available, will follow.

4. I am convinced that tobacco-curing and manufacture in this country will in time pay exceedingly well. Advices which I lately received from abroad state that Java planters "are realizing large fortunes by the export of cured leaf," and I see no reason why planters in India should not follow their example, if the climate chosen for the purpose is suitable. I believe, for reasons which I have elsewhere given, that Upper Bengal possesses the most suitable climate which can be found in the plains of India for tobacco cultivation and curing; and urge that planters there resident should be invited to give their active co-operation to the endeavours now being made to introduce a proper system of curing into the country.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 14th April 1877.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.			
<i>Western Districts.</i>			
BURDWAN DIV.	1 Bardwan, Apl. 16 ^a '77	1.29	The rainfall at Jehanabad has been .68, at Bood-Bood 1.03, at Culna 1.83, at Raneegunge .41, and at Cutwa 1.98. Sugarcane, cotton, and <i>til</i> are doing well. Public health is fair.
	2 Bankoora, „ 14 „	.86	There have been showers of rain at intervals throughout the week. The weather is now becoming hotter. The state and prospects of the crops are as favourable as before.
	3 Beerbhoom, „ 14 „	.49	Weather—Still cloudy and cool. State and prospects of the crops continue to be good. The hail reported last week seems to have done little or no harm.
	4 Midnapore, „ 14 „	1.60	Weather—Very exceptional storms almost every evening. Thus far the rain has been too heavy and continuous for every crop except indigo. The fields have water in them as in July or August. Still no harm will be done if there be fine weather now; on the contrary, the ryots will then be able to turn the rain to good account.
	5 Hooghly, „ 14 „	1.02	Weather—Cloudy in the evening, with slight rain. There was a good shower on the 10th instant. The rice lands are still being ploughed; the cuttings of sugarcane are being planted. Cholera has somewhat abated.
	Howrah, „ 14 „	3.07	State and prospects of the crops are good.
<i>Central Districts.</i>			
PRESIDENCY DIV.	6 24-Pergunnahs, Apl. 16,† '77	1.01	Weather—Cool in the beginning of the week and warm at its close. No crops on the ground. Lands are being prepared for the spring sowings. Public health is generally good. A few cases of cholera reported from thanas Hasnabad and Magurah.
	7 Naddea, „ 14 '77	3.14	Weather—Cool, with frequent storms and heavy rain. Much damage has been done to such of the late cold-weather crops (gram, &c.) as remain on the ground. These crops could not be harvested. The sowings of early rice have begun. The rain has done good to the indigo crop.
	8 Jessore, „ 14 „	.95	Weather—Very stormy with much rain during the earlier part of the week; latterly, hot and steamy. The rain in the south of the district has been very heavy (7.19 inches having been registered at Bagirhat), and the weather there has been and is still abnormally cool. Throughout the district the heavy rain has much retarded cultivation and has much damaged the young <i>boro dān</i> . It has, however, done good to indigo.
	9 Moorshedabad, „ 14 „	2.46	Weather—Sultry, but cool at night. The <i>rubber</i> crops which remained in the fields have been more or less injured by the heavy rain which fell at the end of last week, and by hailstones in some parts. The rain has, however, benefited the <i>bhadosi</i> sowings, and facilitated the ploughing of rice lands. Prices are steady. A few cases of cholera have been reported in some localities.
RAJSHAHY AND COOCH BEHAR DIV.	10 Dinagepore, „ 13 „	.40	The weather, which was previously cool, has now become close and oppressive, with heavy clouds. The rainfall at Roygunge has been 1.74 inches. The recent rain has facilitated ploughing for the early rice.
	11 Rajshahye, „ 14 „	.34	Weather—Warm and cloudy. There was a thunder-storm on the 10th instant, with a good fall of rain, succeeded by another which passed over the middle of the district on the 12th. The rain which has fallen during the past fortnight has been most favourable for the autumn and winter rice sowings, and for the transplanting of the spring rice. The young <i>sesamum</i> plants are thriving. There will be no mango crop this year, the rain in January and February having caused an unusual growth of stem and leaf, which exhausted the strength of the trees, so that there has been hardly any blossom. There have been several cases of cholera in Beaulash, nearly all of which have proved fatal. A good many cases also have been reported from several thanas.
	12 Rangpore, „ 13 „	1.53	Weather—Rainy. It has become much warmer during the last few days. The rainfall at Kurigram has been 2.09 inches, at Gaibanda 1.15 inches, and at Bagdogra .83 of an inch. The sowings of early rice and jute have become general all over the district. The tobacco still on the ground has to some extent been injured by the recent rains. Cholera is stated to have broken out at Chilmari in the Kurigram sub-division. Otherwise there is nothing of importance to report as regards public health.

^a Telegram of the 16th April shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

† Report of the 16th April shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.—(Continued.)			
<i>Central Districts.</i>			
RAJSHAHY AND COOCH BEHAR DIVN.	13 Bogra, Apl. 14 '77	·90	Weather—Hot; occasional rain. The crops are everywhere doing well. Cholera is slightly prevalent.
	14 Pubna, " 14 "	·99	Weather—Still stormy. The rainfall at Serajgunge has been 2·05 inches. The state and prospects of the crops are reported to be good. There have been a few cases of cholera and small-pox here and there in the district.
	15 Darjeeling, " 13 "	3 00	Weather—Most unseasonable. There has been rain every day during the week, and a great deal of mist, both in the hills and the plains. In the hills, the few crops that are on the ground are doing well. In the plains, the sowing has not yet begun owing to the frequent fall of rain.
	16 Jalpigoree, " 14 "	2·86	Weather—Cloudy and cool. The late heavy rain has greatly benefited the first sowings of early rice, but a large extent of land which was ready for seed will have to be reploughed.
	Cooch Behar, " 12 "	3·24	Weather—Very cool for the time of year, but abnormal. There have been constant falls of rain during the week, often accompanied with thunder. The fall at Mekligunge has been 2·97 inches, at Mathabhangra 1·79 inches, and at Dinbatta 1·65 inches. In some places the rain has been too much for the early sowings of <i>bitri dhan</i> ; <i>chenna</i> and <i>kaon</i> , however, have generally benefited. Tobacco is nearly all cut, but that still standing has been somewhat damaged by rain. Public health is good.
<i>Eastern Districts.</i>			
DACCA DIVN.	17 Dacca, Apl. 16 th '77	1·40	Rain fell on the first four days of the week. Since then the weather has become settled and warmer. The hail has slightly damaged the crops, but the general prospects are favourable, and the present sunshine will do much good.
	18 Farreedpore, " 14 "	1·01	Rain and high winds prevailed throughout the week. The weather is still cloudy, but is becoming perceptibly warmer. The rain at Madaripore has been 2·99 inches, and at Goalundo 1·90 inches. The cultivation of lands for the rice crops is still impeded by the moisture of the soil. The <i>til</i> crop in Madaripore is reported to be slightly damaged. Cholera and dysentery are reported from some parts of the district.
	19 Backergunge, " 12 "	8·26	Weather—Unusual for the time of year. There have been storms and a copious rainfall, sometimes accompanied by hail, and it is believed that the <i>aus</i> crop is injured in some places. Much sickness prevails in the district. Cholera in a sporadic form exists in thanas Nulchitty, Backergunge, Gournadi, Mendigunge, Shoroopkati, Motbaria, Goolshakhali, and Mirzagunge. Fever also is prevalent in thanas Nulchitty, Backergunge, and Mirzagunge. But the health of the cattle is everywhere good.
	20 Mymensingh, " 13 "	·81	There have been some seasonable showers of rain during the week. The ploughing is universal, and in some localities the sowing of <i>aus</i> paddy and jute has begun.
	21 Tipperah, " 13 "	2·82	As stated in the previous reports the weather has been most unusual, and more like that in July, but with the thermometer some 10 degrees lower. There have been rain and hail in unusual quantities. The ploughing for the autumn rice is almost entirely stopped in many parts of the district, the lands being under water. A spell of clear hot weather is much wanted.
CHITTAGONG DIVN.	22 Chittagong, " 12 "	·64	Weather—Cloudy, with occasional storms. The cold-weather crops are progressing favourably. Cholera has almost disappeared from the head-quarters sub-division, but is appearing in Cox's Bazar.
	23 Noakholly, " 12 "	3·14	Weather—Rainy and changeable. A heavy storm passed over the district on the evening of the 6th instant. The late rain is hindering the cultivation of the early rice in the low lands which are covered with water. Stray cases of cholera reported from Begungunge, Bamni, and Dalal Bazar.
	24 Chittagong Hill Tracts, " 10 "	·60	Weather—Cloudy from the 4th to the 9th instant, with frequent falls of rain. The unusual rain during the last fortnight has delayed the burning of the <i>joome</i> . The prospects of tobacco, melon, and cucumber are good. Cholera is almost entirely abated.
	Hill Tipperah, " 11 "	·98	Weather—Stormy, with frequent thunder and lightning. State and prospects of the crops are good.
BEHAR.			
PATNA DIVN.	25 Patna, Apl. 16 th '77	Nil	Weather—Clear, with strong westerly wind. The harvesting of the <i>rubbee</i> crops is almost finished. Sporadic cases of cholera and small-pox exist in the district.
	26 Gyt, " 14 "	·81	The hot weather is well established. The rain reported seems to have been general. The reaping of the <i>rubbee</i> crops continues. Prospects are good, except for mangoes. Public health is good.
	27 Shahabad, " 14 "	Nil	Weather—Cloudy and hot. The <i>rubbee</i> crops are being fast harvested. Sugar-cane is mostly planted.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BEHAR.—(Continued.)			
PATNA DIV.	28 Durbhanga, Apl. 14 '77	·27	Weather—Mornings and evenings cool. Easterly winds. No change since last report. The <i>rubber</i> harvest is progressing, and the outturn promises to be a good average.
	29 Mozufferpore, „ 14 „	Nil	Weather—Getting hotter. The <i>rubber</i> harvest is nearly over with good outturn. There were hailstones on the night of the 7th instant at Seetamurhee. The general health is good, with the exception of a few cases of small-pox at Belsund and Shewhur.
	30 Sarun, „ 14 „	·07	Weather—Getting much warmer; 1·59 of rain at Gopalgunge. There are no crops of importance on the ground, except <i>cheena</i> and indigo; the former is being sown and the latter is coming on well. Prices have fallen in consequence of the new grain coming into the market. General health is good.
	31 Chumparun, „ 14 „	Nil	Weather—Nights still cool; much hotter in the daytime; occasional high easterly winds. All prospects are good. The <i>rubber</i> crops are still being harvested.
BHAGULPORE DIV.	32 Monghyr, „ 14 „	Nil	Weather—Fair. There has been ·42 of an inch of rain at Jamui, and ·03 of an inch at Beguserai. The <i>rubber</i> crops are nearly all harvested, and the outturns as expected are good.
	33 Bhagulpore, „ 16 „	Nil	Weather—Now seasonably hot. Strong west winds blowing. All prospects are satisfactory, and a good deal of ploughing is got through. General health is very good; but cases of cholera are frequent in parts of the town.
	34 Purneah, „ 14 „	·78	Weather—Wind in the west and getting hotter. The rainfall at Kissengunge has been ·87 of an inch, and at Arrareah 1·56 inches. The crops are injured in some parts by hail. The cultivation for the sowings of early rice is going on favourably.
	35 Maldah, „ 14 „	·29	Weather—Fair, with occasional clouds and drizzlings. Slight rain fell on the 10th and 12th instant. The temperature is rising higher during the day time. The crops are good. Cholera is still bad; 100 deaths reported.
	36 Sonthal Perghe, „ 15 „	1·94	Weather—Early in the week wet and stormy, with thunder, lightning, and hail. Some of the hailstones were very large. The weather now seems to be fine. 1·20 of rain at Dooghur, and ·21 at Godda. <i>Mohwa</i> and mango crops are bad. The late hail has knocked off the <i>mohwa</i> flowers and the mangoes. The <i>rubber</i> harvest is over, with good outturn. Health is generally good.
ORISSA.			
ORISSA DIV.	37 Cuttack, Apl. 14 '77	1·47	Weather—Cloudy and showery. Cotton has been damaged by heavy rain. Ploughing is vigorously going on. General prospects are good.
	38 Pooree, „ 12 „	·27	Weather—Seasonable. ·92 of rain at Khoordah. <i>Dalsa</i> paddy is nearly all harvested. Ploughings for the <i>sarad</i> crop are still going on. No change in the price of rice. A few cases of cholera reported.
	39 Balasore, „ 13 „	·93	Weather—Very uncertain. Thunder-storms and rain-squalls occur almost daily. The rainfall at Bhuddruck has been 3·71 inches. The preparations for sowing continue. Sporadic cholera is still very bad.
CHOTA NAGPORE.			
South-West Frontier Agency.			
40	Hazareebagh, Apl. 13 '77	·78	Weather—Variable, hot sun and cold winds. The thunder-storms and rain have damaged the mango blossoms and <i>mohwa</i> to some extent. There are no crops on the ground, which is being broken up for the next sowings. Health of the district is good.
41	Lohardugga, „ 14 „	·62	Weather—Unseasonably wet; ·75 at Palamow. The prospects of tea have never been so good as this year, the unusual rain having been most beneficial. This unusual rain, on the other hand, has done considerable damage to the <i>rubber</i> crops in the Palamow sub-division (there are but little <i>rubber</i> crops in the head-quarters sub-division) and to the <i>mohwa</i> crop all over the district. The <i>mohwa</i> flower is one of the staples of food. There have been a few cases of small-pox in Palamow and one case of cholera at Ranchi. This case of cholera coming after the one reported last week makes the Deputy Commissioner apprehend an outbreak; otherwise the general health is good.
42	Singbhoom, „ 13 „	1·04	Weather—Still unusually cool. There has been a good deal of rain during the week. No crops to report about. The district is healthy.
43	Manbhoom, „ 14 „	1·29	Weather—Cool, but unseasonable. <i>Mohwa</i> has suffered, and the excise revenue will be affected in consequence. There were some cases of fever of a bad type in the neighbourhood of Purulia.

* Telegram of the 16th April shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

Published for general information.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

DIVISION.	DISTRICTS.	STATIONS.	Rain from 25th to 31st March 1877.	Rain from 1st to 7th April 1877.	RAINFALL FOR JANUARY 1877.		REMARKS.
					Inches.	Up to date.	
BENGAL.							
BURDWAN.	WESTERN DISTRICTS.		Inches.	Inches	1877.		
	Burdwan	Burdwan	1.19	0.88	4.61	7th April	
		Cutwa	1.25	3.85	7.46	ditto	
		Culina	0.65	1.54	5.66	ditto	
		Bood-Bood	0.68	Nil	2.91	ditto	
		Rane-gunze	0.20	0.32	3.83	ditto	
	Jehanabad	Jehanabad	0.78	1.05	6.63	ditto	
		Bankoora	0.61	0.45	3.90	ditto	
	Beerbhoom	Sporee	0.35	0.69	6.11	ditto	
		Hetampore	0.45	1.38	7.13	ditto	
		Roypore	0.27	0.38	4.49	ditto	
	Midnapore	Midnapore	0.73	1.05	8.03	ditto	
		Tumlook	0.42	1.26	7.16	ditto	
		Ghattal	0.55	0.56	7.00	ditto	
	Hooghly	Contai { Dy. Collr.'s Office	0.50	0.65	6.94	ditto	
		Contai { Exe. Engr.'s Office	0.90	1.02	7.85	ditto	
		Hooghly	1.61	0.9	5.58	ditto	
	Howrah	Serampore	0.10	1.07	7.15	ditto	
		Howrah	0.21	2.78	9.05	ditto	
Maheshrekha	Maheshrekha	0.69	0.77	7.23	ditto		
	CENTRAL DISTRICTS.						
PRESIDENCY.	24-Pergunnahs	Saugor Island	0.20	0.90	8.10	ditto	
		Calcutta	0.13	2.18	8.22	ditto	
		Alipore { Dispensary	0.19	1.75	7.96	ditto	
		Alipore { Jail	0.14	1.88	8.50	ditto	
		Busseerhat	Not rec.	0.40	5.75	ditto	Not rec. 25th to 31st March.
		Baraset	1.02	1.13	6.76	ditto	
		Diamond Harbour	0.26	0.68	7.43	ditto	
		Barripore	0.22	0.59	7.74	ditto	
		Satkhira	1.61	3.12	9.45	ditto	
		Barrackpore	0.07	0.93	6.82	ditto	
	Nuddea	Dum-Dum	0.29	1.21	6.14	ditto	
		Kishnaghur	1.17	3.72	8.65	ditto	
		Pongong	0.67	1.99	6.23	ditto	
		Meherpore	2.58	3.76	9.13	ditto	
		Choodanga	1.10	4.15	11.37	ditto	
		Kooshtea	1.26	2.67	6.93	ditto	
		Ranaghat	0.65	1.15	4.97	ditto	
		Jessore	1.33	3.14	8.48	ditto	
		Nurrail	1.14	2.58	7.15	ditto	
		Jessore	Kheolna	1.69	4.37	11.10	ditto
	Jhenida		3.60	4.92	12.44	ditto	
	Bagirhat		1.40	4.47	11.27	ditto	
	Magoorah		1.43	4.45	10.34	ditto	
	Berhampore		0.14	2.62	7.60	ditto	
	Ramporehaut		Nil	2.30	6.85	ditto	
	Lalbagh		ditto	2.57	8.21	ditto	
	Jungpore		ditto	1.90	6.72	ditto	
	Azimungu		1.35	3.35	7.76	ditto	
	Lalgolia		Nil	1.88	7.06	ditto	
	Moorshedabad	Kandee	0.25	2.33	6.42	ditto	
Dinapore		Nil	0.90	2.67	ditto		
Raigunge		0.75	1.84	5.59	ditto		
Maldah		Nil	0.42	3.09	ditto		
Chanchal		0.60	0.26	3.56	ditto		
Bauleah		0.03	4.71	9.34	ditto		
Natore		Nil	2.15	6.28	ditto		
Rungpore		0.21	2.08	5.06	ditto		
Bhowanigunge		0.09	1.11	3.33	ditto		
Kurigram		0.12	2.11	5.17	ditto		
RANGPUR.	Bagoogra	Nil	1.23	3.44	ditto		
	Bojra	0.10	1.27	3.64	ditto		
	Sherpore	Nil	0.45	3.89	ditto		
	Nowkhilla	0.10	0.10	1.72	ditto		
	Panchbibi	Nil	Nil	1.36	ditto		
	Halulya	ditto	0.60	2.89	ditto		
	Pabna	Pubna	0.84	Not rec.	7.08	31st March	
		Serajgunge	0.50	ditto	4.31	ditto	
	DARJEELING.	Darjeeling { Telegraph Office	0.60	3.80	9.13	7th April	
		Darjeeling { Hospital	1.70	3.58	9.65	ditto	
JALPAIGUR.	Jalpaigore	Nil	1.27	3.00	ditto		
	Bodah	0.62	0.85	4.58	ditto		
	Buxa—Civil Surgeon's Office	0.80	2.25	6.78	ditto		
	Titalya	1.50	1.72	5.67	ditto		
	Ganesh Mahasr	0.23	2.60	5.95	ditto		

DIVISION.	DISTRICTS.	STATIONS.	Rain from 25th to 31st March 1877.	Rain from 1st to 7th April 1877.	RAIN FROM 1st JANUARY 1877.		REMARKS.	
					Inches.	Up to date.		
BENGAL.—(Continued.)								
	EASTERN DISTRICTS.		Inches.	Inches.	1877.			
Dacca.	Dacca ...	Dacca... { Telegraph Office...	0.87	2.89	7.98	7th April		
		{ Hospital ...	0.81	2.54	9.59	ditto		
		Moonshuggunge ...	2.28	6.59	21.49	ditto		
	Farreepore ...	Manickgunga ...	0.96	1.61	5.61	ditto		
		Farreepore ...	1.76	3.37	10.48	ditto		
		Golaudo ...	0.53	2.30	7.64	ditto		
	Backergunge ...	Madaripore ...	1.26	3.36	10.31	ditto		
		Burrial ...	2.09	7.45	15.92	ditto		
		Persepore ...	0.79	3.41	9.60	ditto		
	Mymensingh ...	Patookhally ...	1.61	2.26	10.05	ditto		
		Ukola ...	0.71	1.98	3.77	ditto	From 4th February 1877.	
		Mymensingh ...	0.86	2.21	6.34	ditto		
	CHITTAGONG.	Chittagong ...	Jamulpore ...	0.11	0.71	3.82	ditto	
			Atia ...	0.15	0.75	4.68	ditto	
Kishoregunge ...			1.21	3.64	8.87	ditto		
Chittagong ...		Chittagong { Telegraph Office	2.10	1.10	7.40	ditto		
		{ Jail ...	1.48	0.94	7.36	ditto		
		Cox's Bazar ...	0.45	1.76	4.69	ditto		
Noakholly ...		Noakholly ...	1.99	1.41	7.98	ditto		
		Fenny ...	3.15	1.95	9.01	ditto		
Tipperah ...		Comillah ...	3.16	2.17	11.36	ditto		
		Brakmunbariah ...	1.02	0.57	13.18	ditto		
Chittagong Hill Tracts		Rungamtee Hill	6.32	1.12	12.87	ditto		
Hill Tipperah ...		Hill Tipperah ...	1.11	0.56	13.27	ditto		
PATNA.		Patna ...	Patna ...	0.08	0.13	3.11	ditto	
			Behar ...	Nil	0.40	4.03	ditto	
	Bah ...		ditto	Nil	3.17	ditto		
	Dinapore ... { Jail		ditto	Not rec.	2.68	31st March		
	Gya ...	{ Cantonment...	ditto	0.09	2.57	7th April		
		Gya ...	0.37	0.31	4.04	ditto		
		N. wadiah ...	Nil	0.63	3.89	ditto	Not rec. 18th to 24th February.	
		Arungabad ...	0.06	0.45	1.29	ditto	Not rec. 12th Jan. and 4th to 10th February.	
	Shahabad ...	Jehanabad ...	Nil	1.30	5.20	ditto		
		Arrah ...	0.16	0.84	6.43	ditto		
		Sasaram ...	Nil	0.40	4.14	ditto		
		Buxar ...	ditto	0.3	6.02	ditto		
	Muzafferpore...	Bhuboanah ...	ditto	0.45	5.34	ditto		
		Muzafferpore ...	0.12	Not rec.	3.01	31st March	Not rec. 4th to 10th March.	
		Hajepore ...	0.35	ditto	3.17	ditto	Ditto ditto.	
		Seetamurhee ...	Nil	ditto	3.39	ditto	Ditto ditto.	
	Durbhanga ...	Durbhanga ...	ditto	0.28	3.65	7th April		
		Mudhoobunnee ...	ditto	0.73	3.55	ditto		
	Sarun ...	Tajpore ...	ditto	0.18	3.13	ditto		
		Chupra ...	ditto	0.37	4.31	ditto		
	Champaran ...	Sewan ...	ditto	0.19	5.35	ditto		
		Motiharee ...	0.07	1.71	6.32	ditto		
		Bettiah ...	0.17	Not rec.	4.25	31st March	Not rec. 11th to 17th March.	
Monghyr ...	Segowlie ...	Nil	2.75	6.81	7th April	Ditto ditto.		
	Monghyr ...	ditto	0.38	2.81	ditto			
	Hegoosera ...	ditto	0.23	2.81	ditto			
Bhagulpore ...	Jamoose ...	ditto	0.42	5.04	ditto			
	Bhagulpore ...	0.07	0.05	2.87	ditto			
	Soopool ...	Nil	0.29	2.67	ditto			
	Muddehpooa ...	ditto	0.80	3.51	ditto			
	Banka ...	ditto	0.31	4.14	ditto			
Purneah ...	Soubura ...	ditto	0.34	2.61	ditto			
	Purneah ...	ditto	1.72	3.62	ditto			
	Kisengunge ...	0.80	0.85	3.72	ditto			
	Arrareah ...	0.26	1.11	3.39	ditto			
	Nya Doomka ...	Nil	0.95	5.40	ditto			
Sonthal Pergunnahs	Rajmehal ...	ditto	Nil	0.90	ditto			
	Dooghur ...	Not rec.	0.54	6.57	ditto	Not rec. 25th to 31st March.		
	Goddas ...	ditto	0.20	2.69	ditto	Ditto ditto.		

DIVISIONS.	DISTRICTS.	STATIONS.	Rain from 26th to 31st March 1877.	Rain from 1st to 7th April 1877.	RAIN FROM 1st JANUARY 1877.		REMARKS.
					Inches.	Up to date.	
ORISSA.	Cuttack	Cuttack... { Telegraph Office	0.80	1.10	3.90	7th April	
		Cuttack... { Hospital	0.80	1.12	3.91	ditto	
		Jaipore	0.10	Not rec.	8.15	31st March	
		Kendraparah	1.80	ditto	6.60	ditto	
		Jugutsingapore	0.20	ditto	1.90	ditto	
		False Point	0.75	3.95	10.65	7th April	
	Pooree	Pooree	0.68	1.64	5.49	ditto	
		Khurda	0.38	1.90	5.71	ditto	
	Balasore	Balasore... { Exe. Engr.'s Office	0.55	0.85	5.00	ditto	
		Balasore... { Collector's Office	0.53	0.72	4.87	ditto	
		Ehadrack	0.07	2.43	10.99	ditto	
		Jallasore	0.18	1.91	8.10	ditto	
		Sorah	0.08	0.74	6.28	ditto	
		Chandbally	0.30	3.20	8.98	ditto	
	Cuttack Tributary Mehals	Sumbulpore	0.20	0.31	6.21	ditto	
	CHOTA NAGPORE.						
	SOUTH-WESTERN FRONTIER AGENCY.						
	Hazareebagh	Hazareebagh... { Jail	0.28	0.51	5.93	ditto	
		Hazareebagh... { Dispensary	0.30	0.60	8.86	ditto	
		Pachumba	0.07	0.46	6.24	ditto	
	Lohardugga	Ranchee	0.95	0.91	9.37	ditto	
		Palamow	0.10	0.25	6.35	ditto	
	Singbhoom	Chyebassa	3.64	1.15	10.71	ditto	
	Manbhoom	Purulia	1.07	0.49	5.80	ditto	
		Govindpore	Not rec.	0.63	6.67	ditto	Not rec. 25th to 31st March.
	ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.						
	Sylhet	Sylhet	1.68	0.83	8.59	ditto	
	Seebeaugor	Seebeaugor	0.02	Not rec.	7.45	31st March	
		Golaghat	Nil	ditto	6.41	ditto	
		Jorehaut	0.04	ditto	7.36	ditto	
		Deopanie	0.75	ditto	8.54	ditto	
		Hattiepootie	1.23	ditto	7.62	ditto	
		Mazengah	0.98	ditto	7.33	ditto	
		Nazeerah	1.08	ditto	8.50	ditto	
		Suntok	1.25	ditto	7.97	ditto	
		Cherideo	0.75	ditto	9.90	ditto	
		Akyab	Nil	Nil	0.60	7th April	
	RAJPOOTANA	Alwar	ditto	ditto	Nil	ditto	
		Jaipur	ditto	ditto	0.25	ditto	
		Sambhar	ditto	ditto	0.82	ditto	

CALCUTTA,
The 14th April 1877.

A. PEDLER,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 8th to 14th April 1877.

STATIONS.	Date.	Hour.	Barometer reduced to 32°.	Barometer reduced to sea-level.	HYGROMETER.		Humidity Sat. 100.	WIND.		Rain.	Clouds.	Weather initials.
					Dry.	Wet.		Direction.	Velocity.			
CALCUTTA.	April 8th	10	29.873	29.892	77.5	74.5	86	E S E	.....	0.03	K	
		16	29.762	29.781	84.8	74.6	92	N W	.....	.....	K	
	9th	10	29.892	29.911	83.0	78.0	79	S by W	.....	.....	CS	
		16	29.729	29.747	88.3	79.8	68	S S W	.....	.....	K	
	10th	10	29.916	29.935	84.8	77.8	72	S S W	.....	0.02	K	
		16	29.797	29.815	85.0	63.2	93	S S W	.....	.....	.....
	11th	10	29.966	29.985	81.0	78.5	89	S S E	.....	0.71	KS	
		16	29.852	29.871	81.5	74.8	73	E by S	.....	.....	K	
	12th	10	29.932	29.961	81.5	75.2	73	S	.....	.....	C	
		16	29.789	29.807	87.0	78.5	67	S	.....	.....	K, N	
	13th	10	29.928	29.947	82.5	77.0	77	S by W	.....	0.06	C	
		16	P	P					.....	.....	S	
	14th	10	29.923	29.941	84.8	76.8	68	S W	.....	.....	C	
		16	29.817	29.835	90.8	75.5	47	S W	.....	.....	C	
SAUGOR ISLAND.	April 8th	10	29.863	29.871	80	75	78	N N E	5.6	0.20	P	
		16	29.784	29.770	83	77	75	S E	7.9	.....	FK	
	9th	10	29.912	29.918	84	79	79	S S W	7.9	.....	FK	
		16	29.777	29.783	83	79	83	S S W	13.0	.....	P	
	10th	10	29.933	29.939	85	80	79	S	9.3	.....	FK	
		16	29.829	29.835	85	80	79	S S W	13.9	.....	P	
	11th	10	29.973	29.979	84	79	79	S S W	11.2	.....	FK	
		16	29.861	29.870	85	80	79	S	13.6	.....	FK	
	12th	10	29.940	29.949	85	78	73	S S E	5.7	0.40	KS	
		16	29.818	29.821	82	78	83	S	9.6	.....	P	
	13th	10	29.938	29.944	84	79	79	S W	12.2	0.40	FK	
		16	29.830	29.836	83	79	83	S	10.4	.....	P	
	14th	10	29.936	29.942	86	79	72	S W	10.0	.....	C	
		16	29.833	29.839	86	79	72	S	8.9	.....	C	
CHITTAGONG.	April 8th	10	29.846	29.839	78	73	78	S S E	4.8	.....	C	
		16	29.791	29.883	81	73	51	E	7.1	.....	K	
	9th	10	29.853	29.917	75	72	86	N W	2.6	.....	K	
		16	29.770	29.862	83	74	63	W S W	12.1	.....	.....
	10th	10	29.905	29.997	83	75	67	S W	5.1	.....	.....
		16	29.804	29.896	83	76	71	W S W	12.2	.....	.....
	11th	10	29.948	30.041	80	76	62	N E	9.4	0.10	CK	
		16	29.834	29.926	85	71	47	W S W	4.5	.....	C	
	12th	10	29.902	29.994	83	76	71	E	3.8	.....	C, CS	
		16	29.802	29.894	87	75	55	W S W	6.6	.....	.....
	13th	10	29.877	29.979	63	76	71	N E	4.0	.....	K	
		16	29.769	29.861	87	79	69	N W	7.7	.....	.....
	14th	10	29.897	29.989	85	78	72	S E	4.4	.....	K	
		16	29.777	29.869	87	79	65	W	10.5	.....	C	
MADRAS.	April 7th	10	29.917	29.939	88	78	62	S S E	14	.....	.....
		16	29.776	29.798	87	78	65	S E by S	18	.....	.....
	8th	10	29.894	29.916	89	78	59	S S E	15	.....	.....
		16	29.774	29.746	86	79	72	S E by S	16	.....	.....
	9th	10	29.896	29.919	90	79	60	S by E	16	.....	.....
		16	29.785	29.877	88	80	69	S E	18	.....	.....
	10th	10	29.946	29.968	89	80	66	S E by S	18	.....	.....
		16	29.852	29.874	85	78	72	S E	13	.....	.....
	11th	10	29.991	30.013	89	79	63	S E by S	17	.....	.....
		16	29.854	29.876	86	77	65	S E	17	.....	.....
	12th	10	29.967	30.009	90	77	53	S E	13	.....	.....
		16	29.838	29.860	87	77	62	S E by E	16	.....	.....
	13th	10	29.974	29.996	88	75	52	S E	13	.....	.....
		16	29.844	29.866	86	75	58	S E	10	.....	.....
CUTTACK.	April 8th	10	29.725	29.807	83	77	75	E by S	3.5	.....	PK, C	
		16	29.650	29.731	89	78	59	S S W	3.1	.....	K, PK	
	9th	10	29.833	29.915	84	77	72	S	3.1	.....	PK, C	
		16	29.710	29.791	90	77	53	S S W	9.0	.....	PK, C	
	10th	10	29.857	29.939	86	77	65	S W	4.1	.....	PK, C	
		16	29.730	29.811	89	77	56	S	13.5	.....	K, PK, C	
	11th	10	29.915	29.996	84	77	69	S S W	5.3	.....	K, C	
		16	29.744	29.825	92	76	45	S S W	10.4	.....	C, K	
	12th	10	29.902	29.983	90	78	58	S S W	6.8	.....	CK, C	
		16	29.803	29.744	92	79	51	S	7.0	.....	PK, N	
	13th	10	29.847	29.929	87	80	72	S S E	2.8	1.00	C, CK	
		16	29.713	29.794	91	78	54	S S W	4.9	.....	PK	
	14th	10	29.883	29.965	84	73	57	W	3.9	0.20	C, CK	
		16	29.748	29.828	94	77	44	S	3.7	.....	C, CK	
AKYAB.	April 8th	10	29.934	29.955	85	74	58	E	3.3	.....	CK	
		16	29.842	29.864	80	74	74	E	4.1	.....	CK	
	9th	10	29.912	29.944	83	74	63	S E	2.5	.....	CK	
		16	29.844	29.866	82	76	75	S	7.0	.....	.....
	10th	10	30.004	30.025	86	77	65	S E	1.4	.....	CK	
		16	29.881	29.903	84	77	72	S S W	6.0	.....	C	
	11th	10	30.034	30.055	85	73	54	N K	2.8	.....	CK	
		16	29.913	29.934	86	74	55	W	9.0	.....	C	
	12th	10	29.978	29.990	89	76	53	S	8.3	.....	.....
		16	29.868	29.879	85	78	72	W N W	8.1	.....	.....
	13th	10	29.941	29.962	88	77	59	E	2.9	.....	.....
		16	29.856	29.877	86	79	72	W	11.3	.....	.....
	14th	10	29.986	30.008	83	77	75	W N W	4.4	.....	C	
		16	29.858	29.879	85	79	76	W	13.3	.....	.....

* Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

CALCUTTA,
The 14th April 1877.A. PEDLER,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the
Government of Bengal.

**Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at Alipore Observatory from
8th to 14th April 1877.**

Month.	Date.	Mean pressure; barometer at 32° Fah.	TEMPERATURE.				HYGROMETRY.				WIND.		Rain.	WEATHER.*
			Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Prevailing direc- tion.	Miles recorded.		
1877.		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inch.	°				Inch.	
April	8th	29.812	75.2	84.8	17.6	67.5	71.4	0.719	69.4	82.0	E till noon veered to S. till 9 P.M., through N. & W. till mid- night S.	89	...	Sky partially cloudy during day K; night chiefly clear.
	9th	823	78.7	89.3	20.8	68.5	74.0	.777	71.7	79.0	Till noon S.E., till midnight veered round E.	180	...	Partially cloudy during day; d and t at 5-12 P.M.; cloud Pk and Pc. ☁
	10th	874	76.4	88.8	19.8	69.0	71.7	.714	69.2	78.0	Till 5 A.M., veered round E. to N.E. till 5 P.M., through E. to S. till 9 P.M., veered through W.N. and E. to S. again and till midnight S.E.	214	0.85	Partially cloudy (K) till 4½ P.M.; till 6 P.M. t and l, violent rain; strong wind at 5-14 P.M., rain, and all ceased at 6 P.M.
	11th	924	75.2	82.3	14.4	67.9	72.1	.748	70.5	86.0	Till noon S.E., till midnight S.E., again through S.W. N. and E.	163	...	Sky about cloudy; clouds chiefly Pc. and Pk.
	12th	873	76.4	87.8	17.0	70.8	71.0	.687	68.1	75.0	Chiefly S. & S.E.	140	0.9	t, o, g, and Pk. from 5 P.M. to 7-20; d from 5-45 to 7-5; l from 6 P.M. to 9-45.
	13th	862	78.4	89.2	20.2	69.0	74.7	.810	72.9	83.0	S.S.W. till noon, till mid- night S.	123	..	Partially cloudy; clouds chiefly c.
	14th	857	82.2	91.2	15.7	75.5	75.5	.792	72.2	72.0	Till noon S.S.W., till midnight S.W.	150	...	Partially cloudy; clouds Pk. and K; night clear.

* K. Cumulus, Pk. Pallio cumulus, Pc. Pallio cirrus, d. Drizzling rain, t. Thunder, l. Lightning, g. Gloomy weather, o. Overcast.

The mean temperature of the seven days ... 77.5°
 The average temperature of the corresponding period for 20 years ... 84.6
 The extreme variation of temperature during the seven days .. 23.7°
 The maximum temperature during the seven days ... 91.2°
 The mean humidity during the seven days ... 79.3
 The total fall of rain from 8th to 14th April ... 0.94 inches.

The mean pressure, temperature, &c, are deduced from observations made at 6h., 10h., 16h. and 22h. The maximum and minimum temperatures from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified, and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard Newman's No. 86, at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from tables III, IV, and V of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modification of August's formula.

The direction and movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of raingauge is one foot above the ground.

H. F. BLANFORD, Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India.

CALCUTTA, the 17th April 1877.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, —BENGAL.

GENERAL ESTABLISHMENT.—No. 123.—The 10th April 1877.

Statement showing heights over mean sea-level and low water on Rivers Ganges, Bhagiruhce, and Brahmapootra during the month of March 1877.

Date.	RIVER GANGA.										BRAHMAPOOTRA.			
	RIVER BHAGIRUHEE.										BRAHMAPOOTRA.			
	Benares.	Buxar.	Dinapore.	Monghyr.	Sahelungunge.	Rampore Bauleah.	Goalundo.	Berhampore.	Kishanpore.	Gowhaty.				
Miles.														
Distance.														
	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero of gauge.	Height over zero of gauge.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero of gauge.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero of gauge.	Height over zero of gauge.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero of gauge.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero of gauge.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over zero of gauge.
1st	171.40	2.00	2.00	102.76	1.96	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
2nd	171.32	2.00	2.00	102.72	1.82	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
3rd	171.23	2.00	2.00	102.68	1.62	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
4th	171.07	1.91	1.91	102.59	1.52	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
5th	170.98	1.75	1.75	102.55	1.38	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
6th	170.82	1.68	1.68	102.47	1.25	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
7th	170.73	1.59	1.59	102.43	1.15	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
8th	170.65	1.41	1.41	102.39	1.05	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
9th	170.57	1.33	1.33	102.30	0.95	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
10th	170.49	1.25	1.25	102.22	0.85	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
11th	170.40	1.09	1.09	102.14	0.75	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
12th	170.32	0.91	0.91	102.10	0.65	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
13th	170.15	0.83	0.83	102.01	0.55	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
14th	169.98	0.66	0.66	101.97	0.45	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
15th	169.90	0.58	0.58	101.93	0.35	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
16th	169.82	0.50	0.50	101.86	0.25	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
17th	169.73	0.42	0.42	101.80	0.15	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
18th	169.65	0.34	0.34	101.76	0.05	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
19th	169.57	0.26	0.26	101.72	below	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
20th	169.49	0.18	0.18	101.68	0.05	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
21st	169.40	0.10	0.10	101.64	0.05	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
22nd	169.32	0.02	0.02	101.60	0.05	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
23rd	169.24	0.04	0.04	101.56	0.05	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
24th	169.16	0.06	0.06	101.52	0.05	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
25th	169.08	0.08	0.08	101.48	0.05	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
26th	169.00	0.10	0.10	101.44	0.05	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
27th	168.92	0.12	0.12	101.40	0.05	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
28th	168.84	0.14	0.14	101.36	0.05	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
29th	168.76	0.16	0.16	101.32	0.05	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
30th	168.68	0.18	0.18	101.28	0.05	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95
31st	168.60	0.20	0.20	101.24	0.05	1.54	1.83	1.85	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95	11.74	2.95

J. E. T. NICOLLS, Major-General, R.E.,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. Department.

REPORTS OF FLUCTUATIONS OF TRAFFIC ON THE EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY FOR THE MONTHS OF JANUARY, FEBRUARY, AND MARCH 1877.

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY COMPANY, TRAFFIC SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, SEALDAH TERMINUS.

Report on Traffic for the four weeks ending 27th January 1877.

No. A46-337, dated Calcutta, the 26th February 1877.

From—JAMES BRANDER, Esq., Traffic Superintendent,
To—The Agent, Eastern Bengal Railway Company.

THE total quantity of merchandise carried during the above period amounts to 7,72,195 maunds, as compared with 4,69,240 maunds during the same period of 1876, showing the satisfactory increase of 3,02,955 maunds.

The principal articles which have contributed to this increase are—

Grain, seeds, salt, sugar, piece-goods, tobacco, and miscellaneous goods.

Those staples which show the greatest decrease are jute, both drummed and baled, gunnies, and hides.

Increases.

Grain Mds. 2,73,136.

The large increase in this traffic has no doubt been brought about by the present scarcity in the Madras Presidency and large quantities have been brought down for shipment to Madras and Colombo.

Seed Mds. 1,33,531.

It is pleasing to see that this traffic is once more improving, and that seeds from the eastern districts are again being sought for in the market, so that it is to be hoped it will continue to improve.

Salt Mds. 11,752.

This traffic is still keeping its place amongst those articles which show a satisfactory increase, and there is every appearance it will continue to do so.

Sugar Mds. 13,320.

This article shows a very satisfactory increase, and from what I can learn, will, I trust, continue to do so, as none has yet been despatched this year by boat from Kotechandpore.

Tobacco Mds. 4,003.

This staple shows that an increased demand is being made for it, so that we may expect it to continue increasing.

Decreases.

Jute Mds. 1,45,637.

The decrease shown by this staple is, I consider, attributable to the bulk of the crop having been this year sent down before the period under review.

Gunnies Mds. 1,045.

This decrease in bags has been effected by the demand that has arisen in the interior districts for sending down grain and seeds.

Hides Mds. 4,403.

This traffic fluctuates greatly, being entirely dependent on the prices in Europe. The decrease shown is small. I attach a statement showing the increases and decreases of the principal staples carried.

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Statement showing the increases and decreases in maundage of staples conveyed over the line for the four weeks ending the 27th January 1877, as compared with the corresponding period of 1876.

STAPLES.	1876.	1877.	Increases.	Decreases.
Ale, beer, wines, &c.	932	871	.....	61
Cotton, bundles of	593	256	.....	337
" bales of	798	1,123	330	.....
Grain, including rice... ..	19,744	2,92,893	2,73,136	.....
Gunny, bags and bales of	5,307	4,362	.....	1,045
" bales of	5,330	7,744	1,914	.....
Hides, bundles of	13,609	9,206	.....	4,403
" bales of	241	.....	.....	241
Jute, drums of	2,11,029	1,21,376	.....	89,653
" bales of	1,00,163	44,170	.....	55,993
Piece-goods	15,489	24,197	8,708	.....
Railway materials, foreign	8,643	3,896	.....	4,747
Salt	6,005	18,057	11,752	.....
Seeds	14,090	1,47,021	1,33,531	.....
Sugar	12,892	20,212	13,320	.....
Tea	396	947	551	.....
Tobacco	5,758	9,759	4,003	.....
Turnerie	3,768	2,533	.....	1,235
Twist	4,003	2,536	.....	1,467
All other goods	55,456	53,948	15,408	.....
Total	4,69,240	7,72,195	4,62,737	1,59,783
Grand total ... ..	.....	4,69,240	1,59,783	.....
Total increase ... ..	.....	.....	3,02,955	.....

Report on Traffic for the four weeks ending the 24th February 1877.

No. A46-466, dated Calcutta, the 8th March 1877.

From—JAMES BRANDER, Esq., Traffic Superintendent,
To—The Agent, Eastern Bengal Railway Company.

THE quantity of goods carried over the line during the above period amounts to 5,92,519 maunds, as against 4,10,378 maunds carried during the same dates in 1876, showing an increase of 1,82,141 maunds.

The staples that have mainly helped to contribute to this increase are—

Increases.

Grain Mds. 1,74,338.
 It is satisfactory to see that this commodity still shows an increase in the quantity passing over the line, although the market in Calcutta has fallen considerably in price.
 Piece-goods Mds. 4,501.
 This article continues to show a very good increase from last year, and I trust it will continue to do so.
 Salt Mds. 16,277.
 This traffic still shows that it is expanding, and I have no doubt it will continue to do so, as there is every probability of a future increase being shown in this traffic when the Port Commissioners' tramway is open to Armenian Ghât.
 Seeds Mds. 97,162.
 These show that the increased demand for them still continues, and that they are again adding considerably to our revenue.
 Sugar Mds. 8,875.
 This staple is still holding its own against last year and shows a satisfactory increase.
 Twist Mds. 1,062.
 The carriage of this article is gradually increasing, and will no doubt continue to do so, as the trade of the Dunbar Cotton Mills at Samnuggur increases.
 Miscellaneous goods Mds. 51,567.
 The general traffic shows a marked increase from last year, which is worthy of remark, as it tends to show the improved condition of the residents of the districts to which the traffic over our line goes.

Decreases.

The staple which shows the principal decrease is—

	Drums.	Bales.
Jute	Mds. 1,16,617	41,367.
This decrease is large both in drums and bales. This may be attributed, as stated last month, to the early season, and I now learn that the Jute Presses at Naraingunge are closed for the season, which will account for the decrease in bales.		
Gunny bags	Mds. 3,351.	
These still show a decrease owing to the demand in the interior still holding good for the despatch of grain.		
Railway materials	Mds. 2,135.	
This item shows a decrease owing to there not being so large a quantity of material landed for the Northern Bengal State Railway.		
Hides	Mds. 2,700.	
The quantity carried of this commodity fluctuates very much, being ruled by the bazar demand, as the merchants in this trade do not care for stowing large stocks.		
	Tobacco.	Turmeric.
Tobacco and turmeric	Mds. 2,364	5,281.
These two articles show a decrease, which I have no doubt can be accounted for from the slack demand for such goods in the Calcutta bazar, as the demand in Calcutta rules the export from the producing districts.		
I attach usual statement showing the increases and decreases of the principal staples.		

Statement of increases and decreases in m'undage of staples carried by the Eastern Bengal Railway Company for the four weeks ending the 21st February 1877, in comparison with that of the corresponding period of 1876.

STAPLES.	1876.	1877.	Increases.	Decreases.
Ale, beer, wines, &c.	1,010	1,408	398	
Cotton, bundles of	209	56		153
bales of	947	699		248
Grain, including rice	20,989	1,95,307	1,74,338	
Gunny, bags and bundles of	5,772	2,421		3,351
bales of	9,061	8,179		882
Hides, bundles of	15,323	12,623		2,700
bales of				
Jute, drums of	1,63,263	46,646		1,16,617
bales of	46,147	4,800		41,347
Piece-goods	21,441	25,942	4,501	
Railway materials, foreign	6,248	4,113		2,135
Salt	11,033	27,310	16,277	
Seeds	19,875	1,17,037	97,162	
Sugar	34,767	43,642	8,875	
Tea	146	192	46	
Tobacco	9,553	7,188		2,364
Turmeric	5,604	383		5,281
Twist	2,436	3,498	1,062	
All other goods	36,510	91,077	54,567	
Total	4,10,373	5,92,519	3,57,224	1,75,078
Grand total		4,10,373	1,75,078	
Total increase			1,82,140	

Report on Traffic for the five weeks ending 31st March 1877.

No. A46-758, dated Calcutta, the 6th April 1877.

From—JAMES BRANDIR, Esq., Traffic Superintendent,
 To—The Agent, Eastern Bengal Railway Company.

THE total quantity of goods carried during the above period was 7,92,377 maunds, as compared with that during the similar period of 1876, which was 6,46,907 maunds, showing an increase of 1,45,470 maunds.

This increase is mainly contributed to by the following staples, viz.—
 Grain, hides, salt, seeds, sugar, piece-goods, and railway materials, &c.

** Increases.*

Grain Mds. 1,51,895.
 This item of freight still shows a very considerable increase, and will, I have no doubt, continue to do so as long as the active demand holds good in the Calcutta market for export to the distressed districts in Madras.
 Hides Mds. 3,937.
 This article of commerce shows an increase this month, owing, I understand, to a brisker demand for the commodity in Europe.

Still shows a marked expansion in the quantity forwarded over our line, and from all I can learn, I believe this traffic will continue to show an increase in quantity.

Seeds ... Mds. 86,412.
A satisfactory increase is again shown in this produce, showing that the demand for eastern country seeds is again gaining ground.

Sugar ... Mds. 16,813.
This product is still showing a satisfactory increase, which shows that the producers are availing themselves of the advantages of railway transit.

Piece-goods ... Mds. 3,019.
This traffic continues to improve, and, I consider, only awaits more frequent and direct steam transit from Goulundo to the interior to be greatly increased.

Railway materials, &c. ... Mds. 2,029.
This increase is owing to a larger quantity of material for the Northern Bengal State Railway having been forwarded during the month this year than last.

Decreases.

Jute ... Mds. 1,51,269 53,124.
Still shows the largest decrease of the staples, which shows a decline, attributable to the crop being all but exhausted.

Tobacco and turmeric ... Mds. 15,442 4,566.
Both show a falling off, which I attribute to a dull market in Calcutta, causing no demand for their despatch from the producing districts.

Gunny ... Mds. 3,133.
This falling off, I have no doubt, is owing to the brisk demand in the country for bags to convey rice, seeds, &c., to Calcutta.

I attach the usual statement showing increases and decreases of the principal staples.

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Statement showing increases and decreases of staples in maundage carried over the line for the five weeks ending the 31st March 1877, as compared with the corresponding period of 1876.

STAPLES.	1876.	1877.	Increases.	Decreases.
Ale, beer, wines, &c. ...	1,362	1,219	...	143
Cotton, bundles of ...	151	217	66	...
" bales of ...	479	1,127	648	...
Grain, including rice ...	34,219	1,86,114	1,51,895	...
Gunny, bags and bundles of ...	6,003	2,908	...	3,701
" bales of ...	9,721	10,292	569	...
Hides, bundles of ...	10,023	14,631	4,608	...
" bales of ...	1,695	324	...	771
Jute, drums of ...	2,23,878	72,607	...	1,51,269
" bales of ...	65,180	12,056	...	53,124
Piece-goods ...	18,290	21,309	3,019	...
Railway materials, foreign ...	6,210	8,239	2,029	...
Salt ...	12,259	46,126	33,867	...
Seeds ...	1,23,991	2,10,403	86,412	...
Sugar ...	41,176	57,987	16,812	...
Tea ...	6	4	...	2
Tobacco ...	24,095	8,653	...	15,442
Turmeric ...	12,481	7,915	...	4,566
Twist ...	3,077	3,811	734	...
All other goods ...	52,611	1,26,441	73,830	...
Total ...	6,46,907	7,92,377	3,74,488	2,29,018
Grand total ...	...	6,46,907	2,29,018	...
Total increase ...	...	...	1,45,470	...

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 7th April 1877, on 1,279½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.			MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.				TOTAL TRAFFIC RECEIPTS.	TRAIN MILES RUN.		
	No. of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.				Coaching.	Merchandise.	Total.
		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Sr.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Rs. A. P.				
Total traffic for the week ...	141,328	2,13,998 1 3	19,015 11 6	12,90,123 0	5,45,293 0 6	49,984 5 7	7,59,271 1 9	49,6904	190,533½		147,224
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	167 3 5	15 6 7	.....	426 1 4	39 1 2	593 4 9	.....	.....	.....	.....
For previous 13 weeks of half-year ...	18,80,702	30,09,945 1 3	275,911 13 8	1,60,13,492 0	70,92,626 9 11	650,157 8 9	1,01,02,571 11 2	624,774	1,307,530		1,932,304
Total for 14 weeks ...	1,031,030	32,23,933 2 6	295,527 4 2	1,92,02,614 0	76,37,909 10 5	700,141 14 4	1,08,61,842 12 11	671,464½	1,408,663½		2,079,525
COMPARISON.											
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	131,853½	2,01,211 12 1	18,444 8 3	10,31,564 30	4,41,122 10 3	40,436 4 10	6,42,334 6 4	44,524	83,752		129,276
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	157 3 8	14 8 3	.....	344 11 1	31 11 11	501 14 9	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	1,825,145	30,99,396 8 1	284,111 6 11	1,43,92,392 10	59,17,321 4 2	542,421 2 4	90,16,717 12 3	655,313	1,044,943		1,700,256

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 7th April 1877, on 223½ miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Sr.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Rs. A. P.				
Total traffic for the week ...	7,020	24,237 3 3	2,221 14 11	2,58,018 20	68,809 0 0	6,032 9 10	90,046 3 3	4,751	17,201½		21,952½
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	108 5 2	9 18 7	.....	294 1 11	26 19 3	402 7 1	.....	.....	.....	.....
For previous 13 weeks of half-year ...	103,327½	3,87,594 6 9	35,529 9 9	30,22,072 30	7,53,403 10 0	69,062 0 0	11,40,998 0 9	68,737½	203,567		272,304½
Total for 14 weeks ...	110,347½	4,11,881 10 0	37,751 4 8	32,80,091 10	8,10,212 10 0	75,094 9 10	12,31,044 4 0	73,488½	220,768½		294,256½
COMPARISON.											
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	6,299½	17,663 10 0	1,619 7 0	1,17,883 20	28,121 9 0	2,577 16 2	45,787 3 0	4,432	6,541		10,973
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	78 15 3	7 4 9	.....	125 10 11	11 10 5	204 10 2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	93,440½	3,06,921 1 6	28,134 8 8	14,45,617 10	3,30,350 2 0	30,282 1 10	6,37,271 3 6	68,920	80,392		149,342

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 7th April 1877, on 1,584½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.			MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.				Total receipts.
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts			
		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Sr.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
Total traffic for the week ...	32,947	20,008 15 0	1,897 8 1	1,48,565 0	32,929 11 0	3,018 11 1	4,015 19 2	
Or per mile of railway ...	208	130 12 9	11 10 9	938 32	208 1 5	19 1 6	31 1 3	
For previous 13 weeks of half-year ...	402,433	3,58,705 9 9	32,881 7 0	23,35,231 6	4,07,129 11 2	42,820 2 6	75,701 9 6	
Total for 14 weeks ...	525,380	3,79,404 8 0	34,778 15 1	24,33,796 6	5,00,058 6 2	45,834 13 7	80,617 8 8	
COMPARISON.								
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	30,807½	20,170 3 0	1,848 18 8	1,61,616 12	28,439 4 3	2,608 15 4	4,157 14 0	
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year ...	195	127 7 4	11 13 8	1,027 24	179 13 5	16 9 8	28 3 4	
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	534,937	3,69,360 15 9	33,858 1 10	22,72,820 39	4,20,238 1 9	38,525 17 2	72,263 19 0	

CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

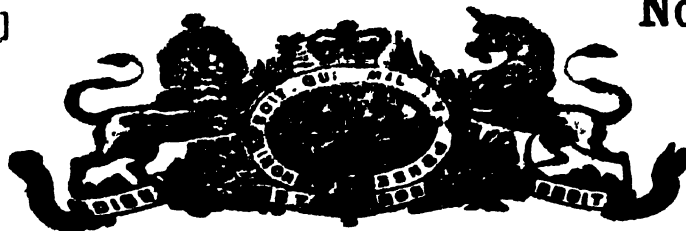
Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 7th April 1877, on 28 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.			MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.			Total receipts.
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.		
		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Sr.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	9,376	1,465 0 0	146 10 0	2,377 0	781 0 0	78 2 0	224 12 0
Or per mile of railway	335	52 0 0	5 4 0	85 0	28 0 0	2 16 0	8 0 0
For previous 13 weeks of half-year ...	134,987	19,881 0 0	1,938 7 6	2,437 0	8,034 0 0	808 8 0	2,748 10 0
Total for 14 weeks	144,363	20,346 0 0	2,084 12 6	2,522 0	8,835 0 0	883 10 0	2,968 2 0
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	9,388	1,517 15 6	151 15 6	22,075 20	782 13 8	75 5 6	207 1 6
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	335	47 1 2	4 14 2	788 16	26 14 2	2 13 9	7 7 11
Total to corresponding date of previous year	140,919	18,076 13 3	1,807 13 3	2,00,343 10	8,376 14 6	847 13 9	2,745 7 6

NALHATI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 7th April 1877, on 27½ miles open.

		COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.	MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.		Total receipts.
		Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.	
		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Sr.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	1,961	999 0 0	99 18 0	5,377 0	403 0 0	48 4 0	148 9 0
Or per mile of railway	72	36 8 0	3 13 0	194 0	17 0 0	1 14 0	5 7 0
For previous 13 weeks of half-year ...	30,197	14,449 0 0	1,444 18 0	91,149 0	7,038 0 0	708 12 0	2,148 10 0
Total for 14 weeks	32,148	15,448 0 0	1,544 16 0	96,426 0	7,408 0 0	748 16 0	2,294 12 0
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,677	819 2 9	81 18 4	3,697 0	361 11 9	36 3 6	118 1 10
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	61	30 1 0	3 0 1	135 27	13 4 3	1 6 7	4 6 8
Total to corresponding date of previous year	9,827	14,569 5 7	1,456 18 8	1,29,544 0	10,042 5 3	1,004 4 9	2,461 8 8



SUPPLEMENT TO The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25, 1877.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.

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Proceedings of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

Saturday, the 14th April 1877.

Present:

HIS HONOR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL, *presiding*,
 The Hon'ble G. C. PAUL, *Acting Advocate-General*,
 The Hon'ble H. J. REYNOLDS,
 The Hon'ble T. E. RAVENSHAW,
 The Hon'ble S. C. BAYLEY,
 The Hon'ble H. BELL,
 The Hon'ble BABOO RAM SHUNKER SEN, RAI BAHADOOR,
 The Hon'ble BABOO ISSER CHUNDER MITTER, RAI BAHADOOR,
 The Hon'ble BABOO KRISTODAS PAL, RAI BAHADOOR,
 The Hon'ble NAWAB MEER MAHOMED ALI,
 The Hon'ble H. F. BROWN,
 and
 The Hon'ble F. JENNINGS.

GHATWALI POLICE.

THE HON'BLE MR. BELL moved that the Bill for the regulation of the Ghatwali Police in the district of Bankoora be further considered in order to the settlement of its clauses.

The motion was agreed to.

The HON'BLE MR. BELL said that when he had the honor to present the report of the Select Committee on the Bill, he stated that the Bill, as settled by the Select Committee, had met with the approval of the local officers, except as regards section 4. That section provided that when a ghatwal died or resigned his office, the next male heir, if physically fit, was to be appointed to succeed him, provided that the heir had not been convicted of a non-bailable offence under the Criminal Procedure Code. To that section both the Magistrate of the district and the Commissioner of the division were very strongly opposed. They argued—and he thought very fairly argued—that a man might be a person of unimpeachable physique, and might not have been convicted of a non-bailable offence, but might still be a very improper person to be made a policeman, as the ghatwals virtually were. Take for instance the case of a notorious budmash who had been required to furnish security for good conduct. It could not be contended that a man of that character would be a fit person to be appointed a ghatwal. But if section 4 of the Bill stood as it had been settled by the Select Committee, such a person would not only be eligible, but must be appointed to the office. It was therefore proposed that in the place of physical fitness we should substitute “personal” fitness. Up to the present time personal fitness had always been considered an essential qualification of the office, and though Mr. BELL was a consenting party to the substitution of physical fitness for personal fitness, the Select Committee in making that substitution had undoubtedly introduced an innovation. Under the existing custom, the heir of a deceased ghatwal always succeeded to the office, provided he was, in the opinion of the Magistrate, a competent and fit person; and in considering this question of competency and fitness, the Magistrate had invariably looked to the character of the man. He thought the Council would agree with him that in so responsible a post as that of ghatwal, it was desirable to secure, if possible, the services of respectable men. He held in his hand a decision of the Nizamut Adawlut passed in 1816—a decision which was referred to in Harington's Analysis, as containing the law which regulated the status and position of the ghatwals in Bankoora—and he would read to the Council a short extract from that decision. The Judges said, with reference to the Bankoora ghatwals, that—

“Although the grant is not expressly hereditary, and the ghatwal is removeable from his office and the lands attached to it for misconduct, it is the general usage, on the death of a ghatwal who has faithfully executed the trust committed to him, to appoint his son, if competent, or some other fit person in his family, to succeed to the office.”

The object of the amendment was to maintain the law and practice as it had existed since 1816. He was free to confess that it was partly due to his suggestion that the words “physical fitness” were substituted in Select Committee for “personal fitness.” But as the Magistrate and Commissioner were both very strongly opposed to the change, Mr. BELL thought the Council ought not to recede from what had been the law and practice from 1816 to the present time; and therefore he hoped the Council would adopt the amendment which he proposed, namely, to substitute the following for section 4 of the Bill:—

“If a hereditary ghatwal dies, or becomes physically unfit for the performance of his duties, or resigns with the approval of the Magistrate of the district, his next male heir shall be appointed in his place. If the next male heir is a minor, or personally unfit, some other male member of the family, if personally fit, shall be appointed to the office, and shall, if the next male heir is a minor, hold the same until such time as the minor shall attain majority, whereupon the said minor, if personally fit, shall be appointed to the office.”

“In case of disputed succession to a hereditary ghatwali tenure, the Magistrate of the district shall select the person whose claim shall appear to him to be the best, and shall appoint such person to the tenure, provided that any claimant may establish his heirship by civil suit against the person so appointed; and if he be successful in such suit, he shall, if personally fit, be appointed to the ghatwali tenure in supersession of such person.”

“In all other cases the appointment of ghatwals shall be at the discretion of the Magistrate of the district.”

“All questions which may arise as to personal fitness shall be decided by the Magistrate of the district.”

The HON'BLE BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said he thought it was an inconvenient procedure that when a Bill was agreed to unanimously in Select Committee, any member of the Committee should re-open the question in Council when he had not expressed his dissent in Committee. His hon'ble friend had,

however, given good reasons why he had re-opened the question, and with the permission of the Council, **BABOO KRISTODAS PAL** would state the reasons which led the Committee to reject the proposal now brought forward. The arguments which the hon'ble mover of the Bill had now adduced in support of the amendment had been duly laid before the Select Committee, but they thought that, when a question of a hereditary tenure was at issue, the determination of that question should not be left entirely to the discretion of the Magistrate on the score of the personal fitness of the ghatwal. Accordingly his hon'ble friend suggested the substitution of the words "physical fitness" for "personal fitness," and with a view to exclude bad characters from the scope of the Bill, the last clause was added to the section. That clause provided that no person should be appointed a ghatwal who had been convicted of an offence which is non-bailable within the meaning of Act X of 1872, the Code of Criminal Procedure.

The Select Committee thought that that clause would meet the objection of the Magistrate; but it appeared from a letter which his hon'ble friend had received from the Magistrate that he was not satisfied with that amendment. **BABOO KRISTODAS PAL** for one must confess that he did not see any force in the arguments which had been advanced in support of the present amendment. The question of personal fitness was so vague and indefinite that he did not think it would be fair and just to deprive a man of his hereditary tenure at the discretion of the Magistrate. If the ghatwal proved incompetent, he would be duly got rid of under the provisions of the law. But before his incompetency was proved, the Magistrate might have heard a rumour that the man was a bad character, and on mere suspicion dispense with his services and deprive him of his hereditary tenure. He did not think that in dealing with rights of this character the Council should give their sanction to the exercise of such a discretionary power. **BABOO KRISTODAS PAL** would therefore support the section as it stood.

The **HON'BLE BABOO ISSER CHUNDER MITTER** said that, as a member of the Select Committee, he thought it due to himself to state that the innovation referred to by the hon'ble mover of the Bill was made after sufficient consideration. The Select Committee had before it at the time the proposal submitted by the Magistrate, and the Committee gave it every consideration: it was on that account that the provision about conviction of a non-bailable offence within the meaning of Act X of 1872 was added. He thought that after all the consideration which had been given to the subject, the section, as it had been amended by the Select Committee, ought to stand.

The **HON'BLE THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL** said he considered that the amendment proposed by his hon'ble friend Mr. Bell left it so entirely in the discretion of the Magistrate to determine whether a person was unfit to be appointed a ghatwal, that it would be unsafe to vest such a power in the hands of any one person. These ghatwali tenures were hereditary, and although the ghatwals had to perform certain duties, he was sure that the local officers would agree with him in saying that they had not been of a very onerous character, and were quite inadequate to the large tracts of land which some of them had got. He would suggest that the section in the Bill should stand, with the addition after the words "Act X of 1872" in line 10, of the words "or is a man of a notoriously bad character." He would also suggest the following addition after the first clause of the section:—

"In all cases in which a hereditary ghatwal is set aside, and another person is appointed to succeed instead of the next male heir, a report shall be made to the Local Government, and the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor shall be necessary to make such appointment valid."

He did not think it proper to leave it in the hands of the Magistrate alone to determine that a ghatwal was unfit. In legislating in this matter, he would desire not to say one word against the power not being properly used; but he thought it necessary to guard against the improper rejection of ghatwals by persons comparatively junior in the service, and he would recommend the retention of the section with the amendments he had suggested.

The **HON'BLE MR. BELL** said he had no objection to have his hon'ble and learned friend's amendments substituted for the one he had moved, if such was

the wish of the Council; but he felt it right to say that his present amendment was in strict accordance with the present practice. Since the decision of the Sudder Nizamut Adawlut in 1816, the Magistrate had invariably determined the question of a ghatwal's competency and fitness. But if the Council desired it, he had no objection to the amendment of the learned Advocate-General being substituted for his own.

It was perfectly true, as his hon'ble and learned friend had stated, that up to the present time the ghatwals had not rendered very efficient service; but it must be remembered that the object of the Bill was to make them an efficient force, and he should be sorry to see a disreputable member of the community admitted to it. On the whole, he thought the substituted amendment would meet the object in view, and he would therefore withdraw his amendment in favour of that proposed by the learned Advocate-General.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said he thought the amendment of the hon'ble and learned Advocate-General met all the difficulties of the case, and he thought it was necessary to have some power of appeal from the decision of the Magistrate even as to physical fitness. Hitherto in cases of this sort the ghatwals had resorted to the civil court for redress, and there had been a great deal of conflict between the civil courts and the executive officers; the result of the appeal, which was now proposed to be given, would be to take these cases out of the hands of the civil court. Therefore, having taken the matter from the cognizance of the civil courts, we were bound to give to the ghatwals the greatest security possible, by giving an appeal to the highest executive authority in cases where, by any hasty or ill-considered order, the heir of a ghatwal might be deprived of his rights. He thought that, with the amendments now proposed, the interests of the ghatwals would be amply protected.

The Hon'ble Mr. Bell's amendment was then by leave withdrawn, and the Advocate-General's amendments were agreed to.

A clerical error in section 9 was corrected; and after a verbal amendment in section 21, the Bill was passed on the motion of the Hon'ble Mr. Bell.

EXTENSION OF THE LABOUR DISTRICTS' EMIGRATION ACT TO CHITTAGONG.

THE HON'BLE MR. BELL moved that the Bill to extend the Labour Districts' Emigration Act, 1873, to the district of Chittagong, and to the Chittagong Hill Tracts, be read in Council. He did not think it was necessary to trouble the Council with any further remarks, having explained the object of the Bill and the reason for its introduction at the last meeting. The provisions of Chapter III of the Act, referring to the regulation of labourers in the tea districts, were made applicable to labourers who were at present in the district of Chittagong. He did not think it was necessary that the Bill should be referred to a Select Committee. No new principle whatever was involved in the Bill; it was merely proposed to extend to Chittagong an Act which had worked most successfully in other districts.

THE HON'BLE MR. BROWN said he did not know whether the hon'ble member had taken the sense of the community at Chittagong with respect to this Bill. He ventured to submit that if that had not been done, the reading of the Bill should be deferred until a reference had been made to those interested in the question at Chittagong, and their opinion ascertained. He did not himself know that there was any special objection to the application of the Labour Districts' Emigration Act to Chittagong; but he thought the Council would agree with him that the amplest opportunity should be given for expressions of outside opinion on a Bill of this nature. He would therefore suggest that the reading of the Bill should be postponed for three months.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT observed that possibly the best course would be that the Bill should be read in Council and referred to a Select Committee, and then further proceedings upon it might be deferred for a reasonable time.

The motion was then agreed to, and the Hon'ble Mr. Brown having stated his inability to serve, the Bill was referred to a Select Committee consisting of the Hon'ble the Advocate-General, the Hon'ble Mr. Jennings, and the Mover.

~~...and it was therefore considered necessary to modify the existing law.~~ The Bill which he had now the honor to introduce followed what he believed to be a more correct system, involving as it did compulsory rates upon all lands irrigated and protected by Government works. It should be understood that canals and irrigation works were not undertaken by Government as a speculation with a view to pecuniary profit, but they had been accepted as an imperative necessity in order to save the people from periodically recurring famine and flood, as well as the best means of improving the country, increasing its resources, promoting trade, and facilitating traffic. If the necessity for irrigation and prevention from flood needed any proof, the enquiries set on foot by Government after the Orissa famine of 1866, as embodied in the Embankment Committee's Report, would show that the cost to Government of maintaining embankments during twenty-four years was 12 lakhs of rupees. The loss of revenue caused by flood during the thirty-six years previous to 1866 was 19½ lakhs of rupees, and the loss by drought during the same period was 25½ lakhs—thus making the total of the Government remissions 45½ lakhs. Again, in 1866 the actual loss, that was to say the value of the produce lost, was 89 lakhs of rupees, and the estimated loss of crops sustained during the thirty-six years prior to 1866 was 300 lakhs of rupees. So that no possible doubt could exist as to the desirability of Government doing its best to avert such calamity—in fact, we were gradually coming round to the opinions of that apostle of irrigation, Sir Arthur Cotton, and beginning to recognize the fact that the salvation of a large portion of India rested on the speedy completion of works providing irrigation and protection and cheap communication. It might be said that these works had hitherto effected but little good, that the people did not appreciate benefits offered to them free, and that the costly works undertaken were not utilised. All this was to a certain extent true. In this country great difficulty was experienced in getting the people to move out of the old grooves in which they were brought up, and this fact was clearly proved a few years ago when Sir George Campbell's scheme for farms was put upon its trial. In spite of the great advantages offered, such as payment of rent, free supply of water, advice and assistance of Government officers, the people refused to avail themselves of them, and so strong was the caste feeling on the subject that some of those who had agreed to accept the offers made subsequently declined to do so, pressure having been brought to bear on them by their countrymen. But experience had shown that very few, if any, of those who had executed leases for canal water ever objected to do so again, or desired to abandon its use, and this was but natural, considering the advantages they derived from its use. In Orissa only a small portion of the canal system was complete, but wherever irrigation had extended, it was clear that it had been very beneficial to the people. There had been a general improvement of the population in irrigated tracts; zemindars found no difficulty in meeting the calls for revenue, rayats paid their rents without hardship, and the value of produce was increasing. Rice, the staple, was now more than double the price current twenty years ago, and what was a very significant fact, during the last few years, that was to say ever since irrigation works had commenced, there had been no sale of an estate for arrears of revenue throughout that part of the district where the works were in operation. Personally he was not aware of the results of irrigation in Midnapore and Behar, but he believed he would be con-

maximum rate of Rs. 2 per acre on irrigable land should secure a minimum profit of Rs. 3-3 per acre in ordinary rice lands, and a considerably larger profit in two crop lands, although it was probable that it would be found inexpedient to impose the maximum rate at once. During the first year or two some labour and care in proportion of their lands for irrigation would require to be given by the people, and the duty would devolve on Government to educate the people in the use of irrigation water, so as to enable them to attain a maximum of produce. And as the Bill provided for the levy of the rate on only such lands as might be irrigable, protected, and drained, and as the canal engineers would have to certify that these conditions obtained before the rate could be levied—provision being also made for the remission of the rate whenever the supply of water might fail, or Government embankments give way—he thought no reasonable objection could be offered to the Bill, considering the imperative necessity that existed for works of this description. With these remarks he would move that the Bill to provide for irrigation in the provinces subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal be read in Council.

The Hon'ble BABOO KRISTODAS PAL said that, reading this Bill in the light of the opinions recorded by such eminent authorities as Sir George Campbell and His Grace the Duke of Argyll, when a similar proposition was mooted about six or seven years ago, he must say, with all deference to the hon'ble mover of the Bill, that it was a measure in which principle was sacrificed to expediency, and justice to convenience. The Bill surrendered the free trade principle on which the supply of irrigation water had hitherto been provided, and substituted coercion. It told the proprietor who owned the land, and the peasant who tilled it, "whether you take the water or not, you must pay for it. The work is there; it has been intended for your benefit; the expenses have been incurred; you may not have the intelligence to appreciate it; but money must be had, and you must therefore pay." It was, however, forgotten that when the works had been undertaken the people had not been consulted. The primary object of the projectors was commercial profit, which the hon'ble mover of the Bill seemed to ignore, though the Government, from motives of benevolence or philanthropy, had guaranteed the interest on the capital. The schemes having proved financial failures, it was now sought to recoup the loss by imposing a compulsory irrigation cess upon the people of the districts through which the canals ran. Surely it could not be reasonable or just to tax them on the pretext that the works had been intended for their benefit. This was not his individual opinion. The Hon'ble Council would doubtless attach much greater weight to the opinions of such an experienced administrator and such an eminent statesman as Sir George Campbell and His Grace the Duke of Argyll, than to those of any private individual like himself. Sir George had carefully studied the irrigation question, and, after making the fullest enquiry on the subject, he wrote as follows:—

"In the face of all these difficulties, notwithstanding my strong objections to a compulsory system, I was attracted by the somewhat tempting bait held out in the Punjab Canal Bill, where the compulsory rate is limited to Re. 1 per acre—a rate which, in a dry country like the Punjab, seemed very cheap for cold-weather crops, if the provision is *bona fide* carried out that an independent authority is to decide if the land really needs water and has an ample supply of it. It would be much more difficult to determine what really needs irrigation in the rainy season in Orissa: all lands do not want it there, and while one year it is beneficial, another year it is not needed. If once we depart from the straight path of voluntary contract, we do not know what we may come to."

It would appear that the hon'ble mover of the Bill, as Commissioner of the Orissa Division, had advocated the imposition of a compulsory irrigation rate, and Sir George Campbell replied as follows:—

"I must guard myself against any supposition that I can for a moment concur in the doctrine that it is fair to charge the interest of capital expended on the locality for whose benefit it was intended, that people who have no voice in the matter should be made to pay for engineering or financial failures, not because they are benefited, but because the projectors intended to benefit them."

Yet it was proposed to impose a compulsory irrigation rate for reasons which Sir George Campbell had held were conclusive against it. It would be in the recollection of the Hon'ble Council that in 1869 the Punjab Canal Bill was passed by His Excellency the Viceroy's Council sanctioning

a compulsory irrigation rate; the Bill was in due course forwarded to the Secretary of State, who vetoed it in the following terms:—

"The object of the provision in question is to enable Government to secure itself against pecuniary loss in the event of a canal proving a financial failure. Such failure might ensue from three causes—A canal might not be able to supply for irrigational purposes the expected quantity of water; or the expected quantity being available, cultivators might decline to avail themselves to the expected extent; or excessive costliness of construction might, in order to render a canal remunerative, necessitate the imposition of higher rates than cultivators could afford, or would voluntarily pay. In the first case, under the proposed enactment, the loss consequent on Government having engaged in an unsuccessful speculation would fall, not upon itself, but upon the cultivators whom it had disappointed. In the second, cultivators would be forced to pay for water for which they had no use, or at any rate, were not disposed to use, possibly no doubt from imperfect appreciation of the value of irrigation, but quite possibly also from a perfectly intelligible desire to have part of their land under dry crops instead of all under wet. With regard to the third, none can require, less than your Government, to be reminded how prone to become excessive guaranteed expenditure always is; and under the provisions of the Bill, all expenditure on Government canals would be guaranteed. It will therefore be satisfactory to me to learn that the section to which exception has been taken can be so far modified as to obviate any objections."

BABOO KRISTODAS PAL had nothing to add to the objections so pithily described by His Grace the Duke of Argyll. The argument against the compulsory irrigation rate in the Punjab, he submitted, applied with equal force to a compulsory irrigation cess in Bengal.

The hon'ble member in charge of the Bill informed the Council that in Orissa, during the thirty-six years preceding 1866, the State had been subjected to a loss of no less than 45 lakhs of rupees in the cost of maintaining embankments and remission of revenue in consequence of flood and drought. Now BABOO KRISTODAS PAL held that this fact was more an argument against than in favour of a compulsory irrigation cess. It should be remembered that in Orissa the State occupied the position of landlord, and that, if a private landlord had certain obligations to discharge for the protection and welfare of the tenantry, the State landlord had also similar obligations to perform; that if it was the duty of a private landlord to construct and maintain embankments, it was the duty of the State landlord to do likewise; that if it devolved upon a private landlord to grant remission of rent in calamitous seasons, it also devolved upon the State landlord to grant similar relief under like circumstances; and that, if the irrigation works had saved the State this recurring loss, it ought to bear the cost of those works which were so remunerative to it. The hon'ble member had said that the irrigation works in Orissa had a firm hold upon the people; that the ryot who once took the irrigation water would not let it go; that there was no retrogression, but progression. If such was the case, then why impose a compulsory rate? But BABOO KRISTODAS PAL was sorry to perceive from the Minutes of Sir George Campbell that the irrigation works in Orissa did not come into popular favour so smoothly and easily as the hon'ble member supposed. Referring to the proceedings of Mr. Kirkwood, who was then the Superintendent of the Orissa Canals, Sir George remarked:—

"It now turns out that his statements, showing the successful progress of irrigation, were in a sense fictitious, that is to say, by far the greater portion of his figures represented not irrigation which the people had agreed to take and pay for, but the area which, in the exercise of a despotic power, he imagined that he would call on them to pay for. The system was supposed to be entirely one of voluntary agreement, but the *bond fide* agreements covered but an insignificant area. For the greater part he had no agreements at all; some agreements were for large areas with persons who were not properly qualified to make them, and which fell to the ground; and where he had agreements, it was for no definite area, but for areas to be afterwards measured and ascertained."

This was the way the people were 'educated' to receive the irrigation water. Now, the strongest argument in favour of a compulsory irrigation rate was that the canals were an insurance against drought. But could this insurance be relied upon? Could this insurance be considered sure? Unfortunately the supply might fail when most needed. BABOO KRISTODAS PAL at the last sitting of the Council quoted Sir George Campbell as to the inadequacy of the Orissa Canals in this respect. He would now quote the same high authority about the Midnapore Canals. Sir George remarked:—

"There was a really extensive demand for the water, the rules were considerably relaxed, and it was believed that the day of triumph had come. But unhappily all these prospects were darkened by a circumstance which the projectors of the canal do not appear

lands should be liable to the irrigation rate; but how was the area to be defined, and who was to define it? It would seem that the Government would not be bound to supply water at a greater distance than a mile from certain irrigable lands—this provision was not at all explicit—but was that to be the limit of the irrigable area? The Bill was not at all clear upon the point; it left the determination of the boundaries of the irrigable areas to the discretion of the canal officers, who would be naturally anxious to swell the revenue.

Lastly, he was at a loss to know why the carefully prepared sections in the Irrigation Act of 1876, regarding the construction of village channels, had been left out of this Bill. These sections had provided for due compensation to cultivators for lands which might be taken up for village channels; but the present Bill required that a *free passage* should be given for village channels. Now, for every acre of land, no small portion of it would be taken up for village channels, and it did not at all stand to reason that one cultivator should give up his land free of charge for the benefit of another, simply because the village channel would be common. This part of the Bill BABOO KRISTODAS PAL thought was a direct invasion of private right.

For these reasons, he continued to say, he could not accept the principle of the Bill. He was free to confess that the Local Government was in a difficult position; it had been required to raise money for the maintenance of the works, and it must fulfil its task. But he would venture to ask why, if seven years ago the Secretary of State, after full enquiry and deliberation, had decided that a compulsory irrigation rate was most objectionable, was there to be no fixity or continuity in the policy of the Government? It could not but be deeply regretted that this retrograde move should be made in a province where the principles of progressive government were so fully recognised.

The HON'BLE MR. BAYLEY said he had not intended to trouble the Council on that occasion. In fact he had not had the opportunity of reading through the Bill. But since he had been asked by the hon'ble member, who opposed this measure, to speak to the fact whether irrigation, as far as it had gone in Shahabad, had been a success or a failure, and as he had recently to consider a good deal the question of imposing a compulsory rate, he ventured to trouble the Council with a few remarks.

In regard to the principle of the Bill, he thought the matter had been perfectly settled. He might remind the Council that the principle of making the people pay for protection was not absolutely new; certainly was not confined to payment for the supply of water. The very Bill his hon'ble friend had quoted was based upon that principle; it was the principle that zemindars and others, who were supposed to be benefited by the maintenance of embankments, were made to pay for the cost of keeping them up. The hon'ble member asked whether the officers who were most interested in the success of irrigation works should be vested with a discretion in the imposition of the rate for the maintenance of those works. To this MR. BAYLEY would reply that precisely the same discretion which was objected to in the case of the Canal Officer was vested in the Embankment Officer in regard to the imposition of the embankment cess; and it was the same in regard to the road cess. The persons who paid for embankments and roads were not asked whether they wished them to be made; the assessment was made upon them, and they paid it.

The main question of the imposition of a compulsory rate had been already settled, and he would not therefore take up the time of the Council in discussing it. To his mind the great advantage of the scheme really was that it did away with the hosts of peadahs and amins and subordinate officers of the Canal Department who, under the present system of measurement and voluntary purchase of water, preyed upon the people who took the water. He recently had a specimen of the operation of the present system brought under his notice in a criminal case which arose out of an irrigation dispute, and the village papers had to be referred to. In 1875 water was given by contract with the headmen of villages. Two men contracted for a certain village, and the water was given. An amin was sent to measure the land to which water was given, and he measured 110 beeghas. The rate at which water should have been given varied between Rs. 3 and Rs. 1-4. Instead of submitting his measurement papers accordingly, the amin submitted measurements of 70

beeghas only, assessed at a uniform rate of Rs. 1-9, thus swindling his department of the difference; and for this arrangement it appeared that the ryots of the village had to pay the amin Rs. 25. Doubtless this same sort of swindling went on systematically and habitually all the year round. He thought that anything which did away with a system of perpetually recurring demands of small sums, and the consequent opportunities for bribery and extortion, was really, although he scarcely hoped his hon'ble friend would see it, a positive benefit to the ryot.

In regard to the Soane Canal, and the remarks of Messrs. Mylne and Thompson to which reference had been made, they said that the ryots of Shahabad had not much confidence in the way the water was given out, nor any certainty that there would be a sufficient supply of water when needed. The history of the canals would throw some light on this assertion. In 1873, before the canals were at all finished, there was fear of great drought, and the canal officers were told that they would have to give water at any risk. They cut the sides of the canals and gave water freely, and the result was that the cultivation on an enormous area was saved: the figures were given in Sir Richard Temple's famine report; it made the difference between famine and no famine in Shahabad. They made no attempt to give the water again the next year; but the cutting of the banks in 1873 threw back the works greatly. In 1874 no water was given. In the autumn of 1875 there was again great fear of drought, and again, although arrangements had not been made, and the irrigation law had not been passed, the irrigation officers were once more called upon to give water. He need hardly state that the water was given; contracts were made; and the Collector was told to try and collect the rates. But he had no law to help him, and had to depend upon the good will of the ryots and moral persuasion: a great amount of money was not collected, and he believed it never would be. Practically until the last autumn there had been no regular system, so that although Messrs Mylne and Thompson were perfectly justified in concluding that, so far as the past went, the ryots had no confidence in the way water was given out, it would be very unjust to make any comparison on the basis of the hasty transactions above mentioned with the system which would be pursued in the future. MR. BAYLEY thought that if in any part of the country irrigation works ought to succeed, it should succeed in Shahabad; it was a district in which water was needed, and where the people knew the advantages of irrigation. It was merely the substitution of one system of irrigation for another. At present the people gave their own labour in preparing reservoirs and irrigation channels to their villages; they got no payment for the labour, only the food of the laborers for the day: they proceeded upon a principle of co-operative labour of their own. He thought the substitution of one system for another might give some trouble at first, but the people would soon find that the water was given to them cheaper and with less labour than under the system to which they were accustomed.

The HON'BLE THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL said that he would briefly advert to the arguments adduced by the Hon'ble Baboo Kristodas Pal in opposition to this Bill. He was surprised to hear that hon'ble gentleman state that in passing the present Bill this Council would sacrifice principle to injustice. A very cursory glance at the subject in its true bearings would dispose of that view of the proposed measure. In order to avert as far as possible the disastrous results of dreadful calamities which might befall the province of Bengal at any future time, the Government had constructed, and would have to construct, works for purposes of irrigation at a heavy outlay, and would have to maintain them at considerable cost. If contributions towards the maintenance of such works were to be merely voluntary, it might happen that such contribution might be paid once in ten or more years by the people of a particular locality then visited by drought availing themselves of the water-supply brought to them at great expense for their benefit and convenience; and although matters might not turn out as he had just stated, the Government must, by way of anticipation, have the water-supply ready at hand to be used whenever an emergency arose, and must maintain the same at the cost of the general revenues of Bengal, thereby saddling those who had not the remotest interest, nor were likely to be in any manner directly benefited, with the expenditure incurred in the maintenance of works

of irrigation. In the view the hon'ble member took of the matter, this course would be just, equitable, and proper. It was, however, obvious that such a position could not be maintained. It was self-evident that it would be unjust and unfair in the extreme that the maintenance of works constructed in a particular locality for strictly local purposes should be defrayed out of general revenue. It was almost axiomatic that these expenses should be met by those for whose immediate benefit they were incurred, and that was the principle which the present Bill affirmed and proposed to carry out in practice. The maxim "that he who obtains a benefit should bear the burden" was one of universal application. Now it was clear that works of irrigation could not be constructed in future, nor could they be maintained any longer, under the voluntary system now in force, and the sole question regarding them lay between the choice of one of two alternatives, namely, whether they should be maintained at the cost of a small payment by those who were, or were likely to be, benefited thereby, or whether the enterprise should be altogether abandoned. Humanity alone dictated the true answer and pointed out that alternative which should be adopted, and that was the basis of the present measure.

The attempt to escape from local taxation had been invariably founded upon some supposed and occult duty which, it was stated, obliged the Government of the country to do the particular act or execute the works required at particular localities for the due protection of lands and population in reference to which a local tax was needed. The present suggestion, that it was the duty of the Government at its cost to construct and maintain the works under notice, was a repetition of the argument used on the subject of the Embankment Bill, the Road Cess Bill, and others of a like nature; and although this argument had been refuted and its fallacy exposed, its vitality and elasticity were such that it had survived the storms raised against it and continued to flourish with unabated vigour, and to be used wherever it was thought practicable to introduce it. Now, it was well known that zemindars were under the obligation, by virtue of their *kaboolyats* or contracts with the Government, to maintain embankments and to do other necessary acts for the protection of their estates, and it was for the purpose of providing machinery to carry out that obligation that the Embankment Act was passed. Zemindars had either wholly disregarded or very imperfectly performed their duties, and when the time came to have those duties specifically enforced by an Act, they were found pleading their own laches and inaction as excuses for the non-performance of their duties, and as indicating that these very duties were those which had devolved on the Government. Such was the lame plea then advanced, and of precisely the same elements was the present plea composed.

He thought it could not be denied that cultivators of land, who enjoyed possession of land on payment of rent, were under the obligation of cultivating in a fair and reasonable manner; and it appeared to him that such a form of duty comprehended within it the necessity of some expenditure of money being made by them on subjects or appliances which might enable them to cultivate under unfavourable circumstances. Regulation I of 1793 broadly stated it to be the duty of proprietors of land to exert themselves in the cultivation of their lands (*see* section 7 of Regulation I of 1793).

It was proposed by the present Bill to bring, at a small contribution from persons interested in land, within the reach of cultivators water-supply, to be used at all times if necessary, but more especially in times of drought. Such supplementary assistance, when taken advantage of, operated in furtherance of the obligation on the part of cultivators to which he had adverted; and, inasmuch as it was afforded in consequence of works undertaken by the Government which the cultivators were wholly unable to accomplish by themselves, it was a means of assistance which should be accepted by all prudent and careful cultivators as a great boon conferred by the Government.

Opinions of eminent men had been cited by the hon'ble member as bearing out his views and showing conclusively that the use of water supplied should be voluntary and not compulsory. These opinions were more or less speculative: they were delivered in anticipation of what might occur, and upon a different state of things. It appeared to him that one of the fallacies that lurked in the views of the hon'ble member was the placing of such great stress on opinions not applicable to the present state of things. The ADVOCATE-GENERAL preferred to

construct any theory or opinion upon existing facts, and having heard it declared by the Hon'ble Mr. Ravenshaw, whose experience in reference to, and familiarity with, the subject of debate were very great, that the effect of irrigation in those cases in which cultivators had availed themselves of water-supply had been to treble their profits from land so irrigated, and that in his opinion, founded on facts and figures and a survey of events for a great number of years, a general scheme of irrigation in localities where it was needed would be not only productive of much good, but operate to remove the causes of deplorable losses, the ADVOCATE-GENERAL was necessarily led to the conclusion that the proposed measure before the Council was a prudent and laudable one, calculated to confer immeasurable benefits upon the people. Once having realized in his own mind the full force of that conviction, he felt himself bound to give his most unqualified support to, and approval of, the present Bill.

So much, then, for the general principle of the Bill. The hon'ble member had also endeavoured to show that supply of water in times of necessity would be a delusion; that it had in some instances failed at Midnapore, and would do so in all probability when urgently needed. He had from these premises argued that it would be unjust to compel people to pay for a thing which might be of no use to them. It had, however, been provided by section 53 of the Bill that should the water-supply fail, there would be a remission of payment.

It might be that engineering skill had not attained such excellence as to set at rest the question of the possibility of failure under certain contingencies; but it must be borne in mind that difficulties were only surmountable by experience and in due course of time. It was to be hoped that precautions would be taken against such failures as were complained of. Where the physical circumstances of particular localities were such that a reasonable certainty was not found to exist in respect of an abundant supply of water at all times, probably works of irrigation would not be introduced into such localities.

To abandon an enterprise so full of hope and so well calculated to prove beneficial would be wholly unworthy of any Government which zealously sought the welfare and prosperity of its people.

The HON'BLE MR. BELL said he wished to make one or two remarks upon an argument which had been very prominently insisted upon by his hon'ble friend opposite (Baboo Kristodas Pal). The hon'ble member had stated that these irrigation canals were only useful in years of excessive drought, and that in such years they invariably failed. Now there was a certain amount of truth in that statement. It was perfectly true that when a canal was fed by a river which had a small catch-basin, and which therefore depended upon the local rainfall for its supply, if the rainfall was insufficient the water in the river would be insufficient also; and the Midnapore canal, which had been alluded to by his hon'ble friend, was to a certain extent obnoxious to these objections. That canal was fed by the river Cossye, a river with a very short course, and therefore principally dependent for its supply of water on the local rainfall; and in exceptionally dry seasons the water from the Midnapore canal did partially fail, but not to the extent his hon'ble friend supposed. It failed only to a partial extent. The area irrigable by that canal was estimated at 140,000 acres, but in the exceptionally dry season of 1872 the canal only irrigated 48,000 acres. The Council would therefore see that though there was a failure of water, there was not a total failure, but that in spite of the drought it still possessed very great irrigable power.

But the objections which had been brought forward against the Midnapore canal had absolutely no relation whatever to the other two schemes to which the Bill chiefly referred. The Orissa canal was fed by the river Mahanuddy, and the Soane canal by the river Soane. Both these were rivers with very long courses, stretching far into Central India and fed by the mountain ranges in those localities. In 1873, that severe year of drought, when the Midnapore canal partially failed, it was found that the Orissa canal had sufficient water to cover the irrigated area it had undertaken to supply. The same was true of the Soane canal, and therefore he thought the hon'ble gentleman's argument in regard to the canals failing in the time of drought had been completely refuted by the experience of 1873. With regard to seasons in which there was no drought, his hon'ble friend Mr. Ravenshaw had shown from experiments which had been actually made that the outturn of an acre of irrigated land

considerably exceeded the outturn of an acre of unirrigated land, though the unirrigated land had enjoyed an abundant rainfall. But MR. BELL thought the comparison made by his hon'ble friend was hardly fair. It was hardly fair to compare irrigated land against unirrigated land when there had been a bumper supply of rain. It might be conceded that irrigation would not be needed if we could always depend upon the rain; but every one knew that every second or third year there was a deficiency of rain at the proper season, and if the advantages of irrigation were to be fairly tested, a comparison should be made between irrigated and unirrigated land in a year in which there had been a partial failure not amounting to actual drought.

There was another observation which he wished to make upon a remark which had fallen from his hon'ble friend. The hon'ble mover of the Bill had stated that during the 36 years which preceded 1866, the Government had made remissions of revenue amounting to Rs. 45,00,000; and his hon'ble friend Baboo Kristodas Pal, arguing from this fact, contended that it was the interest of Government, as a landlord, to construct these works, to obviate the necessity of making these heavy remissions of revenue. But his hon'ble friend forgot that it was also stated that while the Government remitted Rs. 45,00,000 of revenue, the loss to the cultivators amounted to Rs. 3,00,00,000; that is to say, while the Government lost Rs. 45,00,000, the ryots lost Rs. 3,00,00,000. But owing to the construction of these irrigation works there had been no destructive inundations since 1872, and consequently the value of land had very considerably increased. Formerly land in Orissa was sold at fourteen years' purchase; since 1872 the value had risen to nineteen years' purchase.

There was another interesting fact which MR. BELL would mention to the Council. There had always been a distinction made between lands liable to inundation and lands which were not so liable; lands liable to inundation being assessed at Rs. 1-3-10 less than land which was protected from inundation. Now all land within this irrigable area was protected from inundation, and surely it was reasonable that when works which had been constructed at a great cost had secured the country from inundation, and when the zemindar would by reason of these works be enabled to raise the assessment on land which was formerly unprotected to a level with that paid for protected land, the Government which had constructed these works should get some return, and that the whole of the profit should not be absorbed by the zemindars and the ryots alone.

He thought that the Council would agree entirely in what was stated by the hon'ble member opposite (Mr. Bayley) regarding the main provisions of the Bill, and the great advantage which would result to the country by substituting a compulsory for a voluntary rate. The present system, as far as MR. BELL understood it, was this: the ryot had to enter into a written contract with the Irrigation Department, stating the quantity of land for which water was required. After the contract was made, an officer of the department was deputed to measure the land, and during the whole of the irrigation season constant visits were made by the subordinate officers of the department, to see that the ryot was not applying the water to land for which no water-rate had been paid. That system was open to two great objections. First, it entailed upon Government an enormous cost in establishments—a cost which at present was absolutely in excess of the revenue derived by the sale of the water. In the second place, the frequent inspection of the land by the officers of the Irrigation Department was extremely distasteful to the ryots. Now by the imposition of a uniform irrigation rate both these objections would be removed, the cost in the working expenses would be greatly reduced, and the ryots would be saved from the constant visits of the officers of the department, to which they entertained a strong objection. He felt convinced that before the Act had been three years in operation every ryot who lived within the irrigable area would be a convert to irrigation, and those districts through which these irrigating canals passed would become the most fruitful and most prosperous in Bengal.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said he did not understand that his hon'ble friend intended to oppose the reading of the Bill, and therefore it was not necessary for him to say much. But his hon'ble friend had, as usual, stated his objections

to the principle of the Bill very ably and very clearly, and it was due to him that His Honor should say something in reply to the remarks which had been made.

In addition to other fallacies which had already been exposed by the hon'ble and learned members on the right (the Advocate-General and Mr. Bell) there were two great fallacies which pervaded the arguments of his hon'ble friend and misled him in respect of all his conclusions. One of these two fallacies was that the object of the Bill was to impose on the people of Orissa and Behar the duty of paying the whole of the interest on the expensive works which were constructed for the purpose of irrigation. The other fallacy was that there was an individual Government, which possessed a purse of its own quite distinct from the people.

As to the first fallacy, he would observe that the Bill did not do anything of the nature of that inferred by the hon'ble member. If it did do so, he should not have had to ask the Council last week for leave to bring in a Bill for raising a general cess throughout the province, for the object of that Bill was to raise the money necessary to meet the cost of these works. The object of the present Bill was simply to supplement that, and to give effect to the very just and reasonable principle that the people who benefited specially from these works should pay some little sum more than those who received no benefit from them. All the arguments which had been quoted by his hon'ble friend rested upon the two great fallacies to which His Honor had alluded; and the views of the Secretary of State and of Sir George Campbell which had been quoted also referred to a perfectly different state of things to that which they were discussing. If the present measure had ever been laid before Sir George Campbell, His Honor had no doubt that he would have held very different views. The measure then before him was one for imposing on the people of Orissa the whole burden of works which cost many millions of money—a burden which he well knew the people of Orissa were unable to meet. What was now proposed was to impose a small rate, which would hardly do more than meet the cost of the establishment requisite for delivering the water. If we could impose upon the people of Orissa the whole cost of these works, we should have had no further occasion to tax the province generally. He thought his hon'ble friend would see that it was one thing to levy a light cess, to cover the working expenses of irrigation works, and on a slight portion of the interest on the outlay on the people of the parts of the country who benefited from the works, and another thing to throw upon those people the whole burden of the interest on the entire capital. From the measure now proposed, we hoped to realize only some eight or ten lakhs of rupees. The amount to be met for interest upon these works was twenty-three lakhs. What had been done had really been what his hon'ble friend desired. The burden had been, as he suggested, taken over by Government. But then the question arose, what was this Government? Hitherto it had been the Government of India, and the way that Government paid for the works was by taxing the people of India generally.

The people of all India paid for watering the fields of the people of Orissa and protecting them from risk of drought. Now, on what His Honor thought a right and just principle, it had been determined that the Government which was to meet the expense of keeping up these works was the local Government, and the people whom that Government represented were the people of Bengal; therefore under these Bills taxation was about to be imposed by the Government, which would be raised from the people generally whom that Government represented, while some small portion of it would be raised from the people of the districts specially protected and benefited. He need hardly point out that the Government could only pay for such charges as this by taxation in some form or another; it had no reserve stock of its own in which the people had no interest and concern, and the only question at issue was who should pay for local works—local interests represented by local Government, or imperial interests represented by the Imperial Government? He could not understand how there could be any doubt on the subject.

His hon'ble friend seemed to think that the Government was in a peculiar position in respect to Orissa on account of what he called its relation to the people as landlord. But he was under a misapprehension, because, although

under the present system of Orissa the assessment of revenue was liable to periodical revision, the Government was no more the landlord in Orissa than it was in the Punjab or anywhere else. The Government had only interest in the general progress and prosperity of the country arising from its power of making a periodical re-settlement of the land revenue. The principle of making the people pay something towards the benefit they derived from a water-supply was no new principle, as the hon'ble gentleman seemed to think. It had been approved over and over again by this Council in the Embankment laws and in the Drainage laws, and in the laws relating to the levy of water, police, drainage, and lighting rates in towns; and he thought his hon'ble friend would be surprised if a proposal had been made to call on the people of Orissa to pay for the water required by the people of Calcutta. The people of Calcutta did not do that, but they had submitted to a tax for the introduction of a water-supply in the town, for lighting and sanitation, feeling that they might reasonably be asked to pay for divers benefits they received. The Bill before the Council was of the same nature; the people of Orissa had benefited by the construction of the irrigation works, and they were now asked to pay something for their water-supply. He heard it very constantly asserted by those interested in the land that every burthen was thrown upon the land. But he ventured to think that the tendency of modern legislation was the other way. Merchants, traders, and shop-keepers were made to pay for everything that was given to them in the shape of water, light, and police; while the cultivators of the soil had not been made to pay for anything. The cultivators of Bengal, and indeed the landed interest generally, paid little or no taxation; they paid their rent for their land, or the revenue which they had agreed to pay when taking a settlement for their estates, and as salt tax they paid something very nominal; but for all the benefits of good administration and protection they paid absolutely nothing else. Whenever proposals were made with the object of making those interested in the land pay something, the objection was raised that they were made to pay for everything. He believed that there never was such a delusion. He thought that on further consideration his hon'ble friend would see that the principle of the Bill was not what he believed it to be. It was not a Bill to impose a very heavy burden on the people, but to make them pay something very much below the value, and still more below the actual cost of certain definite benefits conferred on them.

Many of the objections as to details which had been made had already been met by the hon'ble members who preceded him, and there was therefore no necessity for him to say anything further; but he might observe that his hon'ble friend had made a great deal of the failure of the Midnapore canal. But that canal, even admitting that it deserved all that was said about it, was, as his hon'ble friend Mr. Bell had pointed out, only a small portion of the scheme, and His Honor did not intend to apply the principle of the Bill to any area in Midnapore regarding which they had the slightest doubt. He had given instructions that the area within which the Bill was to apply should be restricted to the utmost degree, so that there should be no part of a district subjected to the rate to which the Irrigation Department was not in a position to supply water. The Midnapore canal signified very little one way or the other: it cost little, it was calculated to bring as little. Therefore, every argument based on the failure of water-supply in the Cossye river might, as had been shown by his hon'ble friend Mr. Bell, be left out of the question. The Government would, under the section of the Bill which had no doubt attracted the hon'ble gentleman's notice, have no power to impose a cess on any part of the country in which it was not in a position to supply water and also to effect good and efficient drainage.

Then, he thought, the hon'ble member, in his objection to the arbitrary power which he believed was to be conferred upon the canal officers, had overlooked the provisions of section 71 of the Bill. Really the whole thing rested upon the Collector of the district, and His Honor did not know any officer who was so likely to be disposed to guard the rights of the ryots as the Collector. By section 71, when the list of estates and tenures within the irrigable area was prepared, they would be checked by the Collector, and after approval by him would be published; and although the detailed work would

be left in the hands of the canal officer, the Collector was responsible for the justness and correctness of the whole of the work. His hon'ble friend, as a member of the Select Committee, would have an opportunity of suggesting any further protection he considered necessary.

The HON'BLE MR. RAVENSHAW observed that he had again to call attention to the fact that the irrigation works were for the purpose of providing irrigation as well as protection and drainage to the whole of the areas to which the Bill was intended to apply. He thought that that alone was quite sufficient to dispose of any objection to the Bill.

The motion was then agreed to, and the Bill referred to a Select Committee consisting of the Hon'ble Mr. Reynolds, the Hon'ble Mr. Bayley, the Hon'ble Baboo Ramshunker Sen, the Hon'ble Baboo Kristodas Pal, the Hon'ble Nawab Meer Mahomed Ali, and the Mover, with instructions to report in three weeks.

The Council was adjourned to Saturday, the 28th instant.

**RESOLUTION ON THE REVENUE SURVEY OPERATIONS IN THE
LOWER PROVINCES FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30TH
SEPTEMBER 1876.**

READ—

A letter No. 235A, dated 24th March 1877, from the Board of Revenue, submitting a report on the Revenue Survey operations in the Lower Provinces during the year ending on the 30th September 1876.

THE most important operations now being conducted under the orders of the Survey Department in Bengal are those connected with the cadastral survey in the Shahabad, Patna, and Gya districts, which have been undertaken on account of the Soane Canal irrigation works. There are two parties at work—one at present at Gya, and the other at Shahabad; and altogether an area of 501 square miles, 877 villages, and 1,173,676 fields were surveyed during the year. The number of fields is unusually great, and the average size less than one-third of an acre; thus vindicating the adoption of the large scale of 32 inches to a mile. The Lieutenant-Governor agrees with the Board of Revenue that, considering the difficulties with which the parties have had to contend, the absence of preliminary demarcation, the ignorance of the ameens, the small size of the field, and the large scale of the survey, the progress made has been satisfactory. At the same time it is apparent that the greater part of the work still remains to be done, viz. 221 square miles in the Gya district, 300 in Patna, and 1,407 in Shahabad. It is estimated that 400 square miles will be completed by the Patna and Gya parties in the present year, and that the Eastern Soane irrigation survey will be brought to a close early in 1877-78. Both the parties will then unite in order to complete the district of Shahabad as soon as possible. This survey has now become an especially urgent work in connection with the arrangements for imposing a cess on all lands irrigable by the Soane Canal, as it will be impossible to assess all the lands effectively until the survey is complete. Every effort must therefore be made to assist the survey parties and finish the work. The Lieutenant-Governor observes from Colonel Vanrenen's statement that no funds have yet been provided for the publication of the maps, without which the survey by itself can be of little use. This part of the report will be transferred for early disposal to the Irrigation Branch of the Public Works Department.

2. No remarks are called for regarding the cadastral survey of the Khoordah estate in Orissa, or of the Dhanwar estate in Hazareebagh. Of the Midnapore district it may be mentioned that 1,000 square miles were surveyed in detail and 115 square miles in boundary in advance for 1876-77, and that it is expected that this work will be completed in the current year.

3. The Deara survey is employed in showing the changes which have taken place in the river lands of the Ganges and Megna from Furreedpore to the borders of Backergunge, a distance of 140 miles, with an average width of seven miles. Care has been taken to erect permanent pillars on tri-junction stations at some distance from the river. The Lieutenant-Governor observes that the Board are about to address Government specially with reference to these deara surveys, and he will await their report.

4. The work of demarcation in the Midnapore division, which was being carried on by a non-professional survey under Mr. Beadon, the Senior Superintendent, has been concluded, and with the conclusion of the work the appointment of Superintendent, which had fallen substantively vacant, has ceased to exist. The miscellaneous pending work will be disposed of by the Settlement Officer of Midnapore. The Lieutenant-Governor is glad to notice, on the occasion of Mr. Beadon's transfer to another sphere of duty, the favourable mention that is made by the Board of Revenue of his services in the Survey Department during the year.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

REVENUE DEPARTMENT, }
Calcutta, 24th April 1877. }

H. J. S. COTTON,
Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,

RUNGPORE HIGH SCHOOL SCHOLARSHIPS.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—EDUCATION.—No. 1122.

Calcutta, the 19th April 1877.

From—COLMAN MACAULAY, Esq., Acting Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bengal,

To—The Offg. Commissioner of the Rajshahye and Cooch Behar Division.

WITH reference to your letter No. 10, dated 6th April 1877, and enclosed memorandum, and in continuation of Government order No. 428, dated 9th February 1877, I am directed to state that the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to accept the sum of Rs. 15,000, subscribed by the zemindars and other inhabitants of Rungpore for the foundation, in connection with the High School at Rungpore, of two scholarships of Rs 15 and Rs. 10 per mensem respectively, tenable for two years each. His Honor sees no objection to the scholarships being called, as desired by the subscribers, the Senior and Junior Victoria Scholarships.

2. The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased also to authorize the Collector of the district to take charge of the subscriptions.

3. A copy of these orders, and of your letter under acknowledgment, including its enclosure, will be published in the next issue of the *Calcutta Gazette*.

No. 10, dated Darjeeling, the 6th April 1877.

From—LORD H. ULICK BROWNE, Commr. of the Rajshahye and Cooch Behar Division,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, General Department.

REFERRING to the correspondence noted in the margin, I have the honor

From the Commissioner of Rajshahye and Cooch Behar Division, to Government, No. 1465, dated 1st February 1877.

From Government, No. 428, dated 9th February 1877.

to report that the zemindars of Rungpore have requested the Collector of that district to purchase Government stock of the value of Rs. 15,000 with the money subscribed and already paid in, and to hold the same in trust, and spend the proceeds in

the manner explained in the enclosed memorandum.

2. The Collector requests that he may be authorized to accept the trust, and that measures may be taken to obtain the gracious permission of Her Majesty to the use of her name for the scholarships it is proposed to award.

3. I recommend both requests for favorable consideration.

Memorandum by K. D. GHOSE, M.D., President of the Committee appointed by the Zemindars of Rungpore.

Two scholarships, to be styled "The Senior and Junior Victoria Scholarships," will be given every year in commemoration of the proclamation of the assumption by Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen of the title of Empress of India on the 1st January 1877.

The junior scholarship, of the value of Rs. 10 per mensem, will be given to the first boy who, after having passed the University entrance examination from any school in the Rajshahye and Cooch Behar Division, fails to obtain any other scholarship, provided he joins the high school of Rungpore and prepares himself there for the first examination in arts. This scholarship will be tenable by him for two years, provided he evinces industry and conducts himself to the satisfaction of the school authorities.

The senior scholarship, of the value of Rs. 15 per mensem, will be given to the first boy who, after passing the first examination in arts at the Calcutta University from the high school at Rungpore, fails to obtain any other scholarship. It will be tenable by him for two years at any of the colleges affiliated to the Calcutta University, provided he prosecutes there with industry either general or any professional study, and conducts himself to the satisfaction of the college authorities.

In the event of a high school ceasing to exist at Rungpore, the junior scholarship will be given to the first boy who, having passed the University entrance examination from the Rungpore zillah school, fails to obtain any other scholarship, and it will be tenable by him for two years at any of the institutions affiliated to the Calcutta University; and the senior scholarship to the first boy, originally of the Rungpore zillah school, who, having passed the first examination in arts, fails to obtain any other scholarship, provided he joins any college affiliated to the Calcutta University, and prosecutes with industry either general or professional studies, and conducts himself to the satisfaction of the college authorities.

The scholarships will be adjudicated each year by the District Education Committee of Rungpore.

If in any year any boy fails to obtain any of the scholarships, the savings will be appropriated for the enhancement of the value of the scholarship, or spent in encouraging higher education in Rungpore, by any means the District Committee consider desirable.

In conclusion, I beg to request the favor of your applying to Her Most Gracious Majesty Victoria the Empress of India for the permission to call these exhibitions the Senior and Junior Victoria Scholarships.

LIBERALITY OF MOULVI GOLAM ALLY CHOWDHRY.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.—EDUCATION.—No. 1110.

Calcutta, the 18th April 1877.

From—H. J. REYNOLDS, Esq., Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal,
To—The Commissioner of the Dacca Division.

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 5, of the 12th April 1877, reporting that Moulvi Golam Ally Chowdhry, a zemindar in the district of Furreedpore, has liberally contributed Rs. 10,000 for the extension of the Dacca College premises.

2. In reply I am to request you to convey to the donor the thanks of the Lieutenant-Governor for his munificent donation, and to say that the papers on the subject will be published in the next issue of the Gazette.

3. I am also to request you to submit a draft declaration, with estimate for taking up the land which it is proposed to acquire.

No. 5, dated Dacca, the 12th April 1877.

From—F. B. PEACOCK, Esq., Officiating Commissioner of the Dacca Division,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, General Department.

WITH reference to your letter No. 2212, of the 8th August last, to the address of the Director of Public Instruction, on the subject of endeavouring to raise private subscriptions for the required extension of the Dacca College premises, I have the honor to report that at the instance of the Principal of the College, an appeal was made through the Magistrates of the division to the liberality of the principal residents in their districts, requesting their co-operation in the matter.

2. Moulvi Golam Ally Chowdhry, a wealthy landholder of Haturia, in the district of Furreedpore, has very liberally contributed Rs. 10,000, being half of the whole amount of Rs. 20,000 (Government having agreed to give the equivalent of any sum raised privately) at present needed for the immediate requirement of purchasing the building now known as the Pdgose school-house for the purpose. The amount has been paid and deposited by me in the bank here.

3. I have conveyed to the Moulvi my appreciation of the great liberality he has displayed, and beg to request that I may be also permitted to convey to him the Lieutenant-Governor's acknowledgments for the same, and that this correspondence may be published in the official Gazette of Calcutta (English and Bengali) for general information.

PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermentioned

Number.	DISTRICTS.	QUANTITIES PER RUPEE																							
		WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			BULRUH MILLET CUMBOO, BAJRA											
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.			
BENGAL.																									
Western Districts.																									
1	Burdwan	16 0	18 0	18 0	32 0	30 0	20 0	19 4	18 0	25 0	20 8	21 4	26 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Bankoora	21 4	23 0	23 0	32 0	28 0	28 0	25 0	25 0	17 8 to 20 0	27 0	30 0	20 0 to 24 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Beerbhoom	21 0	16 0	20 0	...	...	...	18 0	19 8	22 8	24 0	24 0	24 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Midnapore	17 0	17 0	23 0	...	...	...	22 0	20 0	23 0	28 0	26 0	26 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Hooghly	15 8	15 0	19 0	...	...	...	10 8	11 0 to 11 8	11 0	17 0 to 17 8	18 8 to 19 0	20 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Howrah	18 0	14 0	19 0	...	...	...	13 0	13 0	16 0	18 0	16 0	21 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Districts.																									
7	Calcutta	13 0	17 0	18 0	25 0	25 0	30 0	9 0	9 0	9 14	13 0	13 0	16 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	24-Pergunnahs	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	8 4	14 8	14 8	11 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Nuddea.*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Jessore	14 8	14 0	18 12	...	...	...	14 0	14 0	17 0	20 0	20 0	23 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Moorshedabad	17 0 to 17 8	22 0	23 0 to 24 0	40 0 to 40 6	35 0	40 0	16 0	16 0	18 0	19 0	20 0	20 0 to 21 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Dinapore	15 4	11 8	17 0	14 8	14 8	23 0	20 0	20 0	10 8	28 0	28 0	23 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Rajshahye	17 4 to 18 0	24 12	19 11 to 24 6	49 12 to 51 0	45 0	45 0	19 4 to 20 10	18 12 to 21 0	19 11 to 20 10	23 0 to 24 0	23 7 to 24 0	21 0 to 22 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Rungpore	30 0	22 8	25 8	...	...	...	15 0	15 0	13 5	18 0	23 8	18 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Bogra	16 8	16 8	18 4	...	...	...	16 8	16 8	17 0	29 0	28 6	6 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Pubna	20 0	19 0 to 18 0	22 8	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	12 0	21 4	22 8	1 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	Darjeeling	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	6 0	6 8	5 0	14 0	15 0	1 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	Julpigoree	13 3	13 3	11 6	...	...	...	16 0	14 0	13 0	20 0	20 0	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern Districts.																									
19	Dacca	12 4	12 4	20 0	53 8	53 0	53 0	18 3	16 0	17 10	23 0	23 0	20 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	Furreedpore	33 12	33 12	20 0	35 0	35 0	25 0	8 0	8 0	7 0	21 0	20 0	21 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	Backergunge	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 0	14 0	17 8	17 0	17 0	21 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	Mymensingh	13 0	13 0	16 0	...	...	...	22 0	22 0	19 0	26 8	26 0	21 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

* Return not received.

A In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 13 to 20 seers, barley 35 to 38 seers, best rice 15 to 22-10 seers, common rice 18-4 to 25 seers, and gram 18 to 25 seers.

B In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 19 to 22-8 seers, barley 25 to 50 seers, best rice 21-4 to 26-8 seers, common rice 25 to 32 seers, maize 30 to 35 seers, and gram 18 to 22-8 seers.

C In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 18 to 25 seers, best rice 18 to 26-4 seers, common rice 23 to 29 seers, and gram 20 to 30-4 seers.

D In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 15-8 to 24 seers, barley 18 to 30 seers, best rice 10 to 10-8 seers, common rice 17 to 26 seers, and gram 16 to 26 seers.

E In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 11-8 seers, barley 23-8 to 29 seers, best rice 7-6 to 9-4 seers, common rice 18-4 to 24 seers, and gram 16-12 to 17-12 seers.

F In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 8 to 16 seers, best rice 14 to 18 seers, common rice 19 to 25 seers, and gram 16 to 25 seers.

G In the interior the prices are as follow:—Wheat 19 to 21 seers, barley 40 seers, best rice 16 to 24 seers, common rice 21 to 29 seers, and gram 32 to 38 seers.

Districts of Bengal for the Fortnight ending 15th April 1877.

THE SEER OF 80 TOLAHS.

THE SEER OF 80 TOLAHS.																				
GRANAT MILLKUT— CHOLUM, JOWAR.			LESSER MILLETS— RAGI OR MURWA, AND CHERNA.			MAIZE OR INDIAN- CORN.			GRAM.			FIREWOOD.			SALT.			DISTRICTS.		
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.			
																			BENGAL.	
																			Western Districts.	
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.			
...	25 0	23 8	26 0	160 0	160 0	200 0	9 12	9 4	9 0	Burduwan.		
...	38 0	40 0	45 0	18 0	18 0	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 21 \frac{1}{2} \\ \text{to} \\ 24 0 \end{array} \right\}$	180 0	180 0	360 0	8 12	8 12	8 12	Bankoor.		
...	27 0	22 8	25 8	200 0	200 0	200 0	8 8	8 8	8 4	Beerbhoom.		
...	20 0	18 0	18 0	260 0	260 0	180 0	9 0	9 0	9 8	Midnapore.		
...	20 0	18 0	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 23 0 \\ \text{to} \\ 24 0 \end{array} \right\}$	120 0	120 0	120 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	Hoochly.		
...	19 0	20 0	22 8	120 0	120 0	120 0	10 0	10 0	9 8	Howrah.		
																		Central Districts.		
20 0	20 0	22 0	...	...	...	25 0	25 0	24 0	20 0	18 4	21 0	100 0	100 0	120 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Calcutta.
...	16 12	16 0	13 5	90 0	90 0	120 0	8 12	8 14	9 0	24-Pergunnahs.		
...	Nuddea.*		
...	21 0	20 0	24 0	120 0	120 0	180 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Jessore.		
...	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 35 0 \\ \text{to} \\ 40 0 \end{array} \right\}$	32 0	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 35 12 \\ \text{to} \\ 130 0 \end{array} \right\}$	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 120 0 \\ \text{to} \\ 130 0 \end{array} \right\}$	120 0	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 7 0 \\ \text{to} \\ 9 0 \end{array} \right\}$	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 7 0 \\ \text{to} \\ 9 0 \end{array} \right\}$	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 7 0 \\ \text{to} \\ 8 8 \end{array} \right\}$	Moorshedabad.			
...	15 0	15 0	27 0	180 0	180 0	180 0	8 4	8 4	8 4	Dinapore.		
...	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 16 0 \\ \text{to} \\ 33 12 \end{array} \right\}$	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 33 0 \\ \text{to} \\ 37 8 \end{array} \right\}$	35 10	320 0	320 0	320 0	9 0	9 0	8 5	Rajshabye.		
...	11 14	10 0	16 5	107 0	107 0	107 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	Rangpore.		
...	15 0	16 0	18 0	67 8	67 8	67 8	8 4	8 4	8 4	Bogra.		
...	26 1	18 0	26 4	200 0	200 0	200 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	Pubna.		
...	9 0	8 0	9 0	20 0	20 0	20 0	9 0	9 0	8 0	240 0	200 0	200 0	5 0	4 8	4 0	Darjeeling.		
...	16 0	13 3	13 3	180 0	180 0	180 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Julpigoree.		
																		Eastern Districts.		
...	20 0	20 0	24 8	97 0	97 0	100 0	9 0	8 14	8 14	Dacca.		
...	16 0	16 0	16 0	...	...	...	9 0	9 0	8 0	Furreedpore.		
...	14 0	14 0	14 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	8 8	8 8	8 8	Backergunge.		
...	13 8	12 8	20 0	...	...	...	8 12	8 12	9 0	Mymensingh.		

H In the Roygunge sub-division the prices are as follow:—Wheat 16 seers, best rice 22 seers, common rice 28 seers, and gram 24 seers.

I In Nattore the prices are as follow:—Wheat 33-12 seers, best rice 14-8 seers, common rice 24 seers, and gram 21 seers.

J In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 18 to 30 seers, best rice 14 to 16 seers, common rice 18 to 24 seers, and gram 9 to 22-8 seers.

K In the Serajgung sub-division the prices are as follow:—Wheat 22-8 seers, best rice 11 seers, common rice 22 seers, and gram 22-8 seers.

L In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 8 seers, best rice 10 to 13 seers, common rice 12 to 24 seers, maida 16 to 40, and gram 10 to 13 seers.

M In the interior the prices range as follow:—Best rice 8 to 16 seers, common rice 16 to 20 seers, and gram 10 to 16 seers.

N In the interior the prices range as follow:—Best rice 18 to 20 seers and common rice 23 to 25 seers.

O In the interior the prices range as follow:—Best rice 13 to 22 seers, common rice 20 to 25 seers, and gram 16 to 23 seers.

P In the interior the prices range as follow:—Best rice 14 to 16-12 seers, common rice 16 to 17 seers, paddy 28 to 32 seers, and gram 12 to 13 seers.

Q In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 13 to 25 seers, best rice 11-8 to 30 seers, common rice 21 to 32 seers, and gram 12-4 to 18 seers.

PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermentione

Number.	DISTRICTS.	QUANTITIES PER RUPEE B.																							
		WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			BULRUSH MILLET-CUMBOO, BAJRA.											
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.			
Eastern Districts—(Contd.)																									
21	Chittagong ...	12 0	10 0	12 0				8 0	8 0	15 0	12 0	13 0	18 0												
22	Noakholly ...							10 0	10 0	12 8	17 0	17 0	17 0												
23	Tipperah ...	12 0	12 0	15 0				14 0	14 0	14 0	20 0	20 0	21 0												
24	Chittagong Hill Tracts ...							10 0	11 6	13 5	10 1	13 5	14 8												
	Hill Tipperah ...	10 5	10 5	9 5				17 0	15 5	16 0	28 0	26 0	18 0												
BEHAR.																									
25	Patna ...	21 0	21 0	25 0	36 0	35 0	38 0	15 0	15 8	12 0	21 0	21 8	24 0												
26	Gya ...	26 0	25 0	26 0	32 0	29 8	11 8	13 0	13 8	13 0	22 8	22 0	23 0												
27	Shahabad ...	16 8 to 17 0	17 0	20 0	28 0	27 0	20 0	16 8 to 17 8	17 0	18 0	19 0 to 20 0	20 0	20 0												
28	Durbhunga ...	18 8	16 8	20 0	33 0	27 8	33 0	15 1	15 12	17 0	17 8	20 0	18 0												
29	Mozufferpore ...	18 0	18 0	19 0	32 0	32 0	32 0	11 0	11 0	12 0	16 0	18 0	16 0												
30	Sarun ...	18 0	17 0	21 8	32 8	32 0	43 0	10 8	10 8	10 0	18 8	18 8	23 0												
31	Chumpanun ...	16 0	16 0	25 0	44 0	44 0	37 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	18 0	18 0	23 0												
32	Monghyr ...	21 0	19 9	27 3	31 5	31 5	36 7	13 6	13 6	15 7	18 9	21 0	22 0												
33	Bhagulpore ...	18 15	15 2	22 11	37 12	37 15	13 15	20 3	17 11	21 7	21 4	21 8													
34	Purneah ...	26 0	26 8 to 27 0	18 0				23 0	24 0 to 25 0	17 0	27 0	27 0	20 0												
35	Maldah ...	21 0	20 0	24 0	55 0	45 0	50 0	23 0	23 0	23 0	26 0	27 0	23 8	32 0	30 0	32 0									
36	Sonthal Pergunnahs ...				28 0			17 0	17 0	20 0	24 0	24 0	27 0												
ORISSA.																									
37	Cuttack ...	17 1	15 12	22 5				14 7	15 12	17 1	19 11	18 6	23 14												
38	Pooree ...	18 6	18 6	8 6				13 2	13 2	18 6	18 6	18 6	27 9												
39	Balasore ...	16 0	16 0	18 0				24 0	24 0	22 0	32 0	32 0	29 0												
CHOTA NAGPORE.																									
South-Western Frontier Agency.																									
40	Hazareebagh ...	23 0	16 0	21 0				12 0	12 0	12 0	24 0	24 0	24 0												
41	Lohardugga ...	26 0	22 0	24 0	40 0	33 0	32 0	24 0	24 0	26 0	28 0	28 0	30 0												
42	Singbhoom ...	26 0	24 0	20 0	40 0	32 0	32 0	20 0	20 0	18 0	10 0	10 0	36 0												
43	Manbhoom ...	20 0	16 0	18 0	37 8	40 0	30 0	18 0	18 0	16 0	32 0	34 0	26 8												

R In the interior the prices range as follow:—Best rice 10 to 12 seers and common rice 12 to 13 seers.

S In the interior the prices range as follow:—Best rice 10 to 16 seers and common rice 13 to 20 seers.

T In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 22-8 to 27 seers, barley 35 to 37-8 seers, best rice 12-8 seers, common rice 21-4 to 25-8, seers, and gram 26-8 to 30 seers.

U In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 19 to 22 seers, barley 28 to 32 seers, best rice 12 to 13 seers, common rice 20 to 21-8 seers, and gram 32 seers.

V In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 18 to 22 seers, barley 40 seers, best rice 14 to 23 seers, common rice 19-8 to 24 seers, lesser millets 30 to 35 seers, maize 27-8 to 30 seers, and gram 18 to 25 seers.

W In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 15 to 30 seers, barley 21-13 to 52-8 seers, best rice 13 to 27-8 seers, common rice 17 to 28-12 seers, lesser millets 21 to 45 seers, maize 26 to 45 seers, and gram 20 to 40 seers.

CALCUTTA,

The 24th April 1877

Districts of Bengal for the Fortnight ending 15th April 1877.—(Continued.)

THE SEER OF 80 TOLAHS.

GREAT MILLET— CHOLU, JOWAR.			LESSER MILLETS— RAGI OR MURWA, AND CHERNA.			WHEAT OR INDIAN- CORN.			GRAM.			PIREWOOD			SALT.			DISTRICTS.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	
<i>Eastern Districts.—(Contd.)</i>																		
S	Ch	S	Ch	S	Ch	S	Ch	S	Ch	S	Ch	S	Ch	S	Ch	S	Ch	
...	8 0	9 0	14 0	127 8	120 0	120 0	9 0	9 0	7 0	Chittagong.
...	13 0	13 0	14 0	...	...	...	8 0	9 0	7 8	Noakholly.
...	13 0	13 0	10 0	...	...	...	8 12	8 12	9 0	Tipperah.
...	200 0	200 0	240 0	7 9½	6 10	6 10	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
...	13 6	12 6	11 6	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	8 0	Hill Tipperah.
<i>BEHAR.</i>																		
33 0	31 0	32 0	...	...	...	7 0	15 0	19 8	32 0	30 0	38 0	140 0	140 0	160 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Patna.
...	26 0	25 0	29 0	180 0	160 0	150 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Gya.
25 0	28 0	37 0	27 0	28 8	...	18 0	29 0	30 0	30 0	22 0	...	160 0	160 0	180 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	Shahabad.
...	31 12	3 0	30 0	27 8	31 12	33 0	24 0	20 12	28 0	176 0	176 0	200 0	8 12	8 12	7 0	Durbhunga.
...	29 0	30 0	40 0	25 0	18 0	19 0	140 0	140 0	140 0	8 8	9 8	7 8	Muzafferpore.
35 0	35 0	43 0	30 0	30 0	38 0	33 0	34 0	44 0	28 0	22 0	35 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	8 4	8 0	8 8	Sarun.
...	38 0	38 0	...	2 0	38 6	50 0	22 0	17 0	26 0	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	8 0	Chumparun.
...	26 2	26 2	36 7	31 5	31 5	37 8	147 0	126 0	163 0	8 9	8 4	8 9	Monghyr.
...	39 9	30 9	37 15	18 15	18 15	27 12	157 13	164 2	164 2	8 13	8 13	8 13	Bhagulpore.
...	23 0	16 0	21 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	8 0	7 8	7 8	Purneah.
...	45 0	45 0	40 0	35 0	25 0	35 0	160 0	130 0	160 0	8 4	8 4	8 0	Maldah.
...	32 0	...	40 0	24 0	24 0	22 0	200 0	200 0	320 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Sonthal Pergas.
<i>ORISSA.</i>																		
...	22 5	28 14	26 4	...	...	...	19 11	19 11	0 3	200 0	200 0	200 0	13 0	13 0	13 0	Cuttack.
...	18 6	18 6	22 13	165 0	165 0	160 0	13 2	13 2	14 7	Pootee.
...	11 0	11 0	14 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	Ba. asore.
<i>CHOTA NAGPORE.</i>																		
<i>South-Western Frontier Agency.</i>																		
...	35 0	33 0	36 0	30 0	30 0	30 0	24 0	19 0	24 0	240 0	240 0	210 0	8 0	8 0	7 8	Hazareelagh.
...	40 0	40 0	45 0	...	...	...	26 0	22 0	20 0	180 0	180 0	180 0	7 0	7 0	7 12	Lohandighazi.
...	24 0	22 0	18 0	320 0	320 0	320 0	6 8	6 8	6 0	Singbhoom.
...	64 0	64 0	64 0	36 0	36 0	40 0	24 0	24 0	18 0	200 0	200 0	260 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	Manbhoom.

X In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 14 to 25 seers, barley 20 to 40 seers, best rice 12 to 17-8 seers, common rice 18-12 to 21 seers, lesser millets 30 to 45 seers, maize 28 to 40 seers, and gram 10 to 30 seers.

Y In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 13 to 25 seers, barley 37-8 seers, best rice 20 to 24 seers, common rice 22 to 25 seers, and gram 16 to 27-8 seers.

Z In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 26 to 39 seers, best rice 23 to 25 seers, common rice 27 to 30 seers, and gram 23 to 24 seers.

Z1 In the Khoordah the prices are as follow:—Best rice 17-1 seers, common rice 21 seers, and gram 18-6 seers.

Z2 In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 21 to 30 seers, barley 30 to 35 seers, best rice 12 seers, common rice 22 to 25 seers, lesser millets 35 to 40 seers, maize 26 to 35 seers, and gram 23 to 30 seers.

Z3 In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 20 seers, best rice 24 to 27 seers, common rice 26 to 29 seers, and gram 20 seers.

Published for general information.

H. J. S. Commr.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 21st April 1877.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.			
<i>Western Districts.</i>			
BURDWAN DIV.	1 Burdwan, Apl 23* '77	Nil	The rainfall at Jehanabad has been '33 of an inch, and at Raneegunge '08 of an inch. The state of the crops is satisfactory. Slight cholera exists in Raneegunge.
	2 Bankoora, „ 21 „	Nil	Weather—Hot, but cloudy. State and prospects of the crops are as favorable as before.
	3 Boerbhoom, „ 21 „	Nil	The weather has at last become very hot, but not more so than is seasonable. State and prospects of the crops continue good.
	4 Midnapore, „ 21 „	Nil	Weather—Very hot and seasonable. There have been storms in the interior of the district, though none occurred at the Sudder Station. The cessation of the rain is favorable. Agricultural operations are actively progressing, and the lands are being prepared for the approaching sowings.
	5 Hooghly, „ 21 „	Nil	Weather—Very warm. Ploughing of rice lands is still going on. Sugarcane is almost all planted. Vegetables are doing well. Cholera is bad in Boinechee; it exists in a sporadic form all over the district.
	Howrah, „ 21 „	Nil	Weather—Seasonably hot. No crops on the ground.
<i>Central Districts.</i>			
PRESIDENCY DIV.	6 24-Pergunnahs, Apl 23,† '77	Nil	Weather—Very warm. No crops on the ground. Public health is generally good.
	7 Nuddes, „ 21 '77	'63	Weather—Very hot. The early rice sowings are going on, and some of the earliest sowings are germinating. The spring sowings of indigo are also germinating. The prospects of sugarcane are excellent. Cholera has broken out in several parts of the district.
	8 Jessore, „ 21 „	'04	Weather—Dry, clear, and hot. The dry weather, if it lasts, will permit of sowing in some of the low lands that were filled with water by the previous heavy rain. The prospects of indigo are good.
	9 Moorsshedabad, „ 21 „	Nil	Weather—Hot. There is hardly any change to report this week. The recent rainfall has greatly improved the growth of mulberry, indigo, sugarcane, and til (sesamum). The ryots have taken advantage of the rain that fell during the previous week to sow extensively. The rice already sown is shewing above the ground, and looks most promising. The condition of boro rice is good. In thanas Gokurn and Kuliangunge it is nearly ripe. Cholera still prevails more or less throughout the district.
RAJSHAHY AND COCH BEHAR DIV.	10 Dinagepore, „ 20 „	Nil	Weather—The days are hot, but the nights are still cool. The sowings of early rice have commenced. Rice is selling at 24 to 32 seers per rupee.
	11 Rajshahye, „ 21 „	Nil	Weather—Very hot. The rice sowings are progressing rapidly. The growing crops are thriving, but a good shower of rain is needed. A few cases of cholera have been reported daily, though the outbreak has not been by any means a severe one.
	12 Rungpore, „ 20 „	Nil	The weather has become much warmer. '18 of rain at Gaibanda and '9 at Kuri-gram. The state and prospects of the crops are satisfactory, except that the recent rain has somewhat interfered with weeding. Cholera is said to be bad in Chilmari.
	13 Bogra, „ 21 „	Nil	Weather—Very hot. Sugarcane is being planted, and the sowings of jute and aous rice are coming to an end. Cholera and small-pox are somewhat prevalent in the district.
	14 Pubna, „ 21 „	Nil	Weather—Seasonable. State and prospects of the crops are satisfactory. There is cholera in and near Shazadpore.

* Telegram of the 23rd April shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

† Report of the 23rd April shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.—(Continued.)			
<i>Central Districts.</i>			
RAJSHAHYE AND COOCH BEHAR DIV.	15 Darjeeling, Apl. 21 '77	24	The long-continued rain has ceased, and there have been several warm sunny days. There have also been high winds and indications of a storm. All the young crops are doing well. The cessation of the rain will allow the sowings to be carried on in the plains.
	16 Julpigoree, „ 21 „	Nil	Weather—Seasonable, but inclining to cool. Nothing particular to report. The weather is highly favorable for the sowings of the early rice.
	Cooch Behar, „ 19 „	1.12	Weather—Early part of the week was very rainy. The rainfall at Mathabhangra has been 2.14 inches, at Dinhatta 2.28 inches, and at Mekligunge 4.72 inches. Since the 14th instant the rain has quite cleared off, and the weather is now very hot. The rainfall has been too much for the early <i>bitri</i> sowings. It has tended to drown seeds and to promote the growth of weeds in the fields. Tobacco left standing has also suffered much. <i>Cheena</i> and <i>kaon</i> are looking well everywhere. Public health is good.
<i>Eastern Districts.</i>			
DACCA DIV.	17 Dacca, Apl. 23* '77	1.15	Weather—Fine; warm and sunny since 17th instant. The crops are very favorable. Cholera is bad in thana Nowabgunge.
	18 Furreedpore, „ 21 „	20	The rainfall at Madaripore has been .59 of an inch. The rain seems to have ceased for the present, and the weather has become much hotter. The cultivation of lands interrupted by the rain has been resumed. No recent reports of cholera.
	19 Backergunge, „ 19 „	57	The weather has been more settled than in the previous week, but its unseasonable character still continues. From the interior of the district heavy rain is reported, but it has caused injury to the crops in three thanas only. The crops in five thanas are reported fair, and good in the rest of the district. Ploughing for the <i>aus</i> crop is far advanced. This crop has been sown in some places, but has been injured by the wet weather. All over the district there is, and has been ever since the cyclone and inundation, a great deal of sickness, but fortunately cholera in an epidemic form has not reappeared. Fever and sporadic cholera continue to be present throughout. Everywhere the cattle are, and have been continuously for the last four months, remarkably healthy, which is a rare occurrence.
	20 Mymensingh, „ 20 „	11	Weather—Seasonable. State and prospects of the crops are favorable.
	21 Tipperah, „ 20 „	1.53	Weather—Cloudy and sultry, with occasional storms and more rain than usual. 2.68 inches of rain at Brahmunbaria. Unless there be a spell of clear hot weather, the ploughing and sowing of the autumn rice will not progress favorably.
CHITTAGONG DIV.	23 Chittagong, „ 19 „	Nil	Weather—Clear and hot. The cold-weather crops are being reaped. <i>Pania aus</i> is thriving well. Preparations are being made for sowing <i>chinnal</i> and <i>boilam aus</i> in some parts of the district. Cholera is reported from some thanas, and small-pox from Sudder Station.
	23 Noakholly, „ 19 „	07	Weather—Much warmer. Slight showers of rain fell on the 15th and 16th instant. The low lands are not yet fit for the cultivation of early rice, as the water in them has not drained off. The <i>parang</i> and <i>shaitia</i> crops are progressing favorably.
	24 Chittagong Hill Tracts, „ 17 „	Nil	Weather—Very hot throughout the week. Cloudy on the 16th instant. The hill people have begun to burn their <i>joms</i> .
	Hill Tipperah, „ 18 „	66	Weather—Getting much warmer. State and prospects of the crops are good.
BEHAR.			
PATNA DIV.	25 Patna, Apl. 23* '77	Nil	Weather—Rather cool for the time of the year. The harvesting of the <i>rubbee</i> crops is completed with a good outturn. Stray cases of cholera and small-pox reported throughout the district.
	26 Gya, „ 21 „	14	Weather—Seasonable. No crops on the ground except in Aurungabad, where the <i>rubbee</i> harvest has not been quite finished. A full outturn of all crops except opium is reported from Nowada.
	27 Shahabad, „ 21 „	Slight showers.	Weather—Cloudy and hot, with westerly wind. The <i>rubbee</i> harvest is being threshed. The mango crop is reported not to promise well. Cholera is prevalent in Sasceeram, and a special native doctor has been appointed in that sub-division.
	28 Durbhunga, „ 21 „	Nil	Weather—Seasonable; strong west wind. The <i>rubbee</i> crops are nearly all harvested.
	29 Mozufferpore, „ 21 „	Nil	Weather—Warm. The harvesting of the <i>rubbee</i> crops is over. These crops in Surround were slightly damaged by hailstones. There have been some cases of small-pox in Belsund.

* Telegram of the 23rd April shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District, and date of return.	Rainfall, at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BEHAR.—(Continued.)			
PATNA DIVN.	30 Sarun, Apl. 21 '77	Nil	Weather—Bright and hot; strong west wind in the afternoons. Indigo is coming on well. <i>Cheena</i> is still being sown. Sugarcane is being planted. Sowings of the early rice have begun. The mango crop will be a short one. General health is good.
	31 Chumparun, „ 21 „	Nil	Weather—Clear and hot in the daytime. The prospects of the crops still continue good. The outturn of the <i>rubbee</i> crops promises to be above the average.
BHAULPORE DIVN.	32 Monghyr, „ 21 „	Nil	Weather—Warm and fair. The outturn of the <i>rubbee</i> crops is good.
	33 Bhagulpore, „ 23* „	Nil	Weather—Seasonable. The <i>rubbee</i> harvest is complete, with very fair outturn. Prospects of the mango crop are very poor. There is still a good deal of cholera in the town.
	34 Purneah, „ 21 „	Nil	Weather—Hot; west wind. The sowings of the <i>bhadoi</i> crop, or early rice, are going on very satisfactorily. Indigo promises well.
	35 Maldah, „ 21 „	Nil	Weather—Fair; somewhat hot. The crops are as good as before. Cholera is still increasing: 144 deaths have been reported all over the district during the week.
	36 Sonthal Perghs, „ 22 „	Nil	Weather—More hot and dry than at any previous time this year. No crops on the ground. Among children measles followed by dysentery is rather bad in Mohespore.
ORISSA.			
ORISSA DIVN.	37 Cuttack, Apl. 21 '77	Nil	Weather—Hot and dry. State and prospects of the crops are good.
	38 Pooree, „ 1 st „	Nil	Weather—Fair and seasonable. '69 of rain at Khoordah. The early <i>dalum</i> crop is being harvested, and the state of the other crops is good. The mango crop has proved almost a total failure. Shipment still goes on. Rice is a little cheaper. Cholera has diminished.
	39 Balasore, „ 20 „	'67	Weather—Still very abnormal. Thunder-storms are of daily occurrence. Preparations for sowing continue. Sporadic cholera still causes mortality, but is not increasing.
CHOTA NAGPORE.			
	<i>South-West Frontier Agency.</i>		
40	Hazareebagh, Apl. 20 '77	Nil	Weather—Seasonable; becoming very hot. No change to report. Ploughing still continues. Public health is good.
41	Lohardugga, „ 21 „	'25	The weather is gradually becoming more and more seasonable. '62 of rain at Palamow. There is nothing more to be said about the crops than was reported last week. The prospects of tea have never been so good as this year. The <i>rubbee</i> crops in the Palamow sub-division, and the <i>mohwa</i> crop all over the district, have been considerably damaged by the late heavy rains. No reports of either small-pox or cholera have been received this week.
42	Singbhoom, „ 20 „	'46	Weather—Seasonable. <i>Mohwa</i> has suffered much from the recent wet weather. No other crops to report about.
43	Manbhoom, „ 21 „	Nil	Weather—More seasonable, but still too cool for this time of the year. Hot winds have not yet commenced. <i>Boro dhan</i> , of which a small quantity is sown in the district, and cotton, are reported good. Sugarcane is for the most part planted.

* Telegram of the 23rd April shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT.,
The 24th April 1877.

H. J. S. COTTON,
Jr. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

DIVISION.	DISTRICTS.	STATIONS.	Rain from 1st to 7th April 1877.	Rain from 8th to 14th April 1877.	RAIN FROM 1st JANUARY 1877.		REMARKS.	
					Inches.	Up to date.		
BENGAL.								
BURDWAN.	WESTERN DISTRICTS.		Inches.	Inches.	1877.			
	Burdwan	Burdwan	0.88	1.13	5.74	14th April		
		Cutwa	3.86	1.10	9.06	ditto		
		Culina	1.64	1.39	7.06	ditto		
		Bood-Bood	Nil	1.03	3.94	ditto		
		Raneegunge	0.32	0.13	3.96	ditto		
		Jehanabad	1.05	0.63	7.25	ditto		
	Bankoora	Bankoora	0.45	0.86	4.76	ditto		
	Beerbhoom	Sooree	0.69	0.09	6.20	ditto		
		Hetampore	1.38	0.45	7.57	ditto		
		Roypore	0.38	0.20	4.69	ditto		
	Midnapore	Midnapore	1.05	Not rec.	8.03	7th April		
		Tumlook	1.26	ditto	7.16	ditto		
		Ghattal	0.66	ditto	7.00	ditto		
		Contai	{ Dy. Collr.'s Office... Exe. Engr.'s Office	0.65	ditto	6.94	ditto	
	Hooghly	Hooghly	1.02	1.92	9.77	14th April		
		Serampore	0.09	1.05	6.63	ditto		
	Howrah	Howrah	1.07	1.09	8.24	ditto		
Maheshrekha		2.78	Not rec.	9.05	7th April			
			0.77	0.24	7.47	14th April		
	CENTRAL DISTRICTS.							
PRESDENCY.	24-Pergunnahs	Saugor Island	0.90	1.00	9.10	ditto		
		Calcutta	2.18	0.82	9.04	ditto		
		Alipore	{ Dispensary Jail	1.75 1.88	1.11 0.96	9.07 9.46	ditto	
		Busseerhat	0.40	Not rec.	5.98	7th April		
		Baraset	1.13	1.08	7.84	14th April		
		Diamond Harbour	0.68	3.96	11.30	ditto		
		Barripore	0.59	0.34	8.08	ditto		
		Satkhira	3.12	3.06	12.51	ditto		
		Barrackpore	0.93	0.93	7.75	ditto		
		Dum-Dum	1.21	1.77	7.91	ditto		
		Kishnaghur	3.72	3.01	11.09	ditto		
		Pongong	1.99	1.50	7.73	ditto		
		Nuddea	Meherpore	3.76	0.80	9.93	ditto	
			Chooadanga	4.15	0.25	11.63	ditto	
	Knooshtea		2.67	0.77	7.70	ditto		
	Ranaghat		1.15	1.42	6.39	ditto		
	Jessore	Jessore	3.14	0.81	9.29	ditto		
		Marrail	2.58	0.96	8.11	ditto		
		Khoolna	4.37	1.07	12.17	ditto		
		Jhenida	4.92	Nil	12.44	ditto		
	Moorshedabad	Bagirhat	4.47	4.65	15.92	ditto		
		Magoorah	4.45	1.10	11.44	ditto		
		Berhampore	2.62	0.46	8.06	ditto		
		Ramporehaut	2.30	Nil	6.85	ditto		
		Lalbagh	2.57	0.32	8.53	ditto		
		Jungypore	1.90	0.62	7.34	ditto		
		Azingunge	3.35	Not rec.	7.76	7th April		
		Lalgolla	1.88	0.55	7.61	14th April		
		Kandee	2.83	0.21	6.63	ditto		
		RAJSHAHY.	Dinapore	Dinapore	0.90	0.35	3.02	ditto
	Raigunge			1.84	0.09	5.68	ditto	
	Maldah		Maldah	0.42	0.29	3.38	ditto	
			Chanchal	0.20	1.42	4.98	ditto	
	Rajshahye		Banleah	4.71	0.34	9.68	ditto	
			Nattore	2.15	Nil	6.28	ditto	
	Rungpore		Rungpore	2.03	1.41	6.46	ditto	
Rhowanigunge			1.11	0.80	4.13	ditto		
Bogra	Kurigram		2.11	1.99	7.16	ditto		
	Bagdogra		1.23	0.95	4.39	ditto		
COOCH BEHAR.	Bogra		Bogra	1.27	0.90	4.54	ditto	
			Sherpore	0.45	1.65	5.47	ditto	
	Julpigoree	Nowkhilla	0.10	0.80	2.52	ditto		
		Panchbibi	Nil	0.32	1.68	ditto		
	Halulya	0.60	Not rec.	2.89	7th April			
Pubna	Pubna	1.40	0.50	8.98	14th April			
	Serajgunge	1.32	1.00	6.63	ditto			
Darjeeling	Darjeeling	{ Telegraph Office Hospital	3.80 3.58	Not rec. 1.91	9.13 11.56	7th April 14th April		
		Julpigoree	Julpigoree	1.27	2.86	5.86	ditto	
Bodah	1.35		0.59	5.12	ditto			
Buxa—Civil Surgeon's Office	2.35		2.31	9.09	ditto			
Titalya	1.72		0.42	6.29	ditto			
Cooch Behar Tributary States.	Cooch Behar	2.60	3.81	9.76	ditto			

DIVISION.	DISTRICTS.	STATIONS.	Rain from 1st to 7th April 1877.	Rain from 8th to 14th April 1877.	RAIN FROM 1st JANUARY 1877.		REMARKS.
					Inches.	Up to date.	
BENGAL—(Continued).							
	EASTERN DISTRICTS.		Inches.	Inches.	1877.		
DACCA.	Dacca	Dacca... { Telegraph Office... ..	2.89	1.01	6.99	14th April	
		{ Hospital	2.54	1.39	10.98	ditto	
		Moonsheegunge	6.50	1.09	22.58	ditto	
	Furreedpore	Manickgunge	1.61	1.67	7.18	ditto	
		Furreedpore	3.37	1.01	11.43	ditto	
		Goalundo	2.30	0.92	8.56	ditto	
	Backergunge	Madaripore	3.36	1.73	12.04	ditto	
		Burrisal	7.45	3.04	18.96	ditto	
		Perozepore	3.41	1.27	10.87	ditto	
	Mymensingh	Patooakbally	2.26	3.00	13.05	ditto	
		Bhola	1.08	1.26	5.03	ditto	From 4th February 1877.
		Kishoregunge	3.64	0.19	9.06	ditto	
CHITTAGONG.	Chittagong	Mymensingh	2.21	0.13	6.47	ditto	
		Jamalpor	0.71	0.26	4.08	ditto	
		Atia	0.75	2.39	7.07	ditto	
	Noakholly	Chittagong { Telegraph Office	1.10	0.10	7.50	ditto	
		{ Jail	0.91	0.14	7.50	ditto	
		Cox's Bazar	1.74	0.30	4.99	ditto	
	Tipperah	Noakholly	1.41	2.32	10.30	ditto	
		Fenny	1.05	0.63	9.64	ditto	
Hill Tipperah	Comillah	2.17	1.27	12.63	ditto		
	Brahmunbariah	0.57	0.93	14.11	ditto		
	Rungamatee Hill	1.12	Nil	12.87	ditto		
BEHAR.							
PATNA.	Patna	Hill Tipperah	0.56	0.93	14.20	ditto	
		Patna	0.13	Nil	3.11	ditto	
		Behar	0.40	ditto	4.03	ditto	
	Gya	Barh	Nil	0.05	3.22	ditto	
		Dinapore ... { Jail	Not rec.	Not rec.	2.68	31st March	
		{ Cantonment	0.09	Nil	2.57	14th March	
	Shahabad	Gya	0.31	ditto	4.04	ditto	
		Nowadah	0.63	ditto	3.89	ditto	Not rec. 18th to 24th February.
		Arungabad	0.45	ditto	1.20	ditto	Not rec. 12th Jan. and 4th to 10th February.
	Mozufferpore... ..	Jehanabad	1.30	ditto	5.20	ditto	
		Arrah	0.84	ditto	6.43	ditto	
		Sasseram	0.40	ditto	4.14	ditto	
	Durbhunga	Buxar	0.03	0.07	6.09	ditto	
		Bhubooah	0.45	Nil	5.34	ditto	
		Mozufferpore	Mozufferpore	0.28	ditto	3.29	ditto	Not rec. 4th to 10th March.
	Sarun	Hajeepore	0.22	ditto	3.69	ditto	Ditto ditto.
		Sectamurhee	0.95	0.48	4.82	ditto	
		Durbhunga	Durbhunga	0.28	0.21	3.86	14th April
	Chumparun	Mudhoobunnee	0.73	0.81	4.36	ditto	
		Tajpore	0.18	Nil	3.13	ditto	
		Chupra	0.37	Not rec.	4.31	7th April	
	Monghyr	Sewan	0.19	ditto	5.35	ditto	
		Motiharee	1.71	Nil	6.32	14th April	
		Bettiah	Not rec.	ditto	4.25	ditto	Not rec. 11th to 17th March as 1st to 7th April.
BHAGULPORE.	Bhagulpore	Segowlie	2.75	0.50	7.31	ditto	Ditto ditto.
		Monghyr	0.38	Not rec.	2.81	7th April	
		Begoesarai	0.23	ditto	2.81	ditto	
	Purneah	Jamoees	0.42	ditto	5.04	ditto	
		Bhagulpore	0.05	0.23	3.15	14th April	
		Sooool	0.29	0.73	3.40	ditto	
	Sonthal Pergunnahs	Muldehpooora	0.60	1.05	4.56	ditto	
		Banka	0.31	Nil	4.14	ditto	
		Soubursa	0.34	ditto	2.61	ditto	
	Sonthal Pergunnahs	Purneah	1.72	0.78	4.40	ditto	
		Kisengunge	0.85	0.81	4.53	ditto	
		Arrareah	1.11	0.80	4.18	ditto	
Sonthal Pergunnahs	Nya Doomka	0.95	1.94	7.34	ditto		
	Rajnehal	Nil	Nil	0.90	ditto		
	Deoghur	0.54	1.80	8.37	ditto	Not rec. 25th to 31st March.	
Godda							
			0.36	0.30	2.99	ditto	Ditto ditto.

Divisions.	DISTRICTS.	STATIONS.	Rain from 1st to 7th April 1877.	Rain from 8th to 14th April 1877.	RAIN FROM 1st JANUARY 1877.		REMARKS.
					Inches.	Up to date.	
ORISSA.	Cuttack	Cuttack... { Telegraph Office	1.10	1.20	5.10	14th April	
		Jaipore { Hospital	1.12	1.47	5.29	ditto	
		Kondraparah	3.60	0.70	12.45	ditto	
		Jugutsingapore	0.70	2.80	10.40	ditto	
		False Point	1.25	0.40	3.55	ditto	
		Pooree	3.95	20.05	30.70	ditto	
		Pooree	1.64	0.27	5.76	ditto	
		Khurdah	1.90	0.81	6.52	ditto	
		Balasore... { Exe. Engr.'s Office	0.85	0.98	5.98	ditto	
		Ehadrack { Collector's Office	0.72	0.93	5.80	ditto	
	Balasore	Jellasore	3.43	1.84	12.83	ditto	Not rec. 4th to 10th March.
		Sorah	1.91	1.64	9.74	ditto	
		Chandbally	0.74	2.48	8.74	ditto	
		Sumbulpore	3.20	1.50	10.48	ditto	
	CHOTA NAGPORE.						
	SOUTH-WESTERN FRONTIER AGENCY.						
	Hazareebagh	Hazareebagh... { Jail	0.51	0.39	6.32	ditto	
		Pachumbha { Dispensary	0.50	0.28	9.14	ditto	
	Lohardugga	Ranchee	0.46	0.44	6.68	ditto	
		Palamow	0.81	0.12	9.49	ditto	
	Singbhoom	Chyebasaa	0.5	0.02	6.97	ditto	
		Govindpore	0.15	0.80	11.31	ditto	
	Manbhoom	Purulia	0.49	1.08	6.88	ditto	
		Govindpore	0.63	0.62	7.29	ditto	Not rec. 25th to 31st March.
	ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.						
	Sylhet	Sylhet	0.83	0.62	9.21	ditto	
	Soebhaug	Seebhaugor	2.03	Not rec.	9.48	7th April	
		Golaghat	2.59	ditto	9.00	ditto	
		Jorehaut	1.68	ditto	9.04	ditto	
		Deopanie	0.49	ditto	9.02	ditto	
		Hattiepootie	1.31	ditto	8.93	ditto	
		Mazengah	1.14	ditto	8.47	ditto	
		Nazeerah	0.26	ditto	8.76	ditto	
		Suntok	1.17	ditto	9.14	ditto	
		Cherideo	1.29	ditto	11.19	ditto	
		Akyab	Nil	Nil	0.60	11th April	
	RAJPOOTANA	Alwar	ditto	ditto	Nil	ditto	
		Jasur	ditto	ditto	0.25	ditto	
		Sambhar	ditto	ditto	0.82	ditto	

CALCUTTA,
The 21st April 1877.

A. PEDLER,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 15th to 21st April 1877.

STATIONS.	Date.	Hour.	Barometer reduced to 32°.	Barometer reduced to sea-level.	HYGROMETER.		Humidity Sat=100.	WIND.		Rain.	Clouds.	Weather initials.
					Dry.	Wet.		Direction.	Velocity.			
CALCUTTA.	April 15th	10	29.889	29.907	86.6	79.2	70	S S W	.....	.....	C	
		16	29.800	29.818	93.8	81.2	57	S S W	.....	.....	K	
	16th	10	29.911	29.929	87.0	79.0	69	S W	.....	.....	CK	
		16	29.783	29.801	94.0	81.0	55	S W	.....	.....	CN	
	17th	10	29.916	29.934	84.0	80.8	69	S W	.....	.....	C	
		16	29.792	29.810	96.5	82.5	64	S W	.....	.....	K	
	18th	10	29.897	29.915	89.8	77.7	56	S W	.....	.....	.....	b
		16	29.774	29.792	92.6	80.2	57	S by W	.....	.....	CS	
SAUGOR ISLAND.	19th	10	29.905	29.923	89.2	77.7	58	S S W	.....	.....	.....	b
		16	29.793	29.811	96.6	74.0	31	S W	.....	.....	CK	
	20th	10	29.800	29.808	89.8	74.5	46	W N W	.....	.....	.....	b
		16	29.753	29.771	97.6	76.5	36	W by N	.....	.....	.....	b
	21st	10	29.846	29.863	87.6	79.7	69	S S W	.....	.....	CS	
		16	29.672	29.690	96.6	79.7	45	S S W	.....	.....	K	
	April 15th	10	29.944	29.950	85	81	83	S W	14.6	.....	FK	b, m
		16	29.828	29.834	85	82	87	S S W	10.9	.....	PK	c, m
CHITTAGONG.	16th	10	29.924	29.930	86	82	84	S S W	12.2	.....	C	b
		16	29.813	29.820	88	82	76	S S W	12.0	.....	KS	m
	17th	10	29.924	29.930	80	82	80	S W	9.5	.....	C	b
		16	29.812	29.818	84	82	76	S	9.9	.....	K	b
	18th	10	29.916	29.921	87	82	80	S W	12.2	.....	C	
		16	29.803	29.809	87	82	80	S	13.7	.....	KS	b, m
	19th	10	29.908	29.914	87	82	80	W S W	10.9	.....	C	b, m
		16	29.805	29.811	88	82	76	S	9.9	.....	C	b
MADRAS.	20th	10	29.897	29.903	90	83	73	W S W	12.9	.....	FK	b, m
		16	29.827	29.833	84	84	89	S S W	10.8	.....	FK	b, m
	21st	10	29.859	29.865	75	73	78	S S W	14.7	.....	C	b, m
		16	29.711	29.717	87	83	84	S S W	14.9	.....	K	b, m
	April 15th	10	29.862	29.954	86	80	76	S	2.3	.....	KC	
		16	29.809	29.900	85	78	82	N E	4.3	.....	K	
	16th	10	29.902	29.994	75	79	76	S S E	2.1	.....	K	
		16	29.761	29.852	80	79	63	N W	5.6	.....	.....	b, m
CUTTACK.	17th	10	29.874	29.966	87	79	63	S	5.6	.....	K	b, m
		16	29.751	29.842	89	80	65	W	6.1	.....	CK	m
	18th	10	29.956	30.047	89	79	63	E	4.7	.....	K	b, m
		16	29.749	29.839	89	81	69	W S W	6.0	.....	C	b, m
	19th	10	29.874	29.965	84	79	66	S S W	2.6	.....	SK	
		16	29.756	29.847	90	81	66	S W	8.6	.....	.....	b, m
	20th	10	29.856	29.947	88	80	69	S S	4.5	.....	K	b, m
		16	29.727	29.818	90	76	50	S S W	8.6	.....	.....	b, m
ARYAB.	21st	10	29.826	29.918	87	80	72	S W	6.1	.....	K	b, m
		16	29.672	29.763	88	80	69	S	14.3	.....	.....	b, m
	April 15th	10	29.994	30.006	88	76	58	S E by S	9	.....	.....	b, c
		16	29.859	29.881	88	76	56	S E	14	.....	.....	c
	16th	10	29.991	30.013	88	75	52	S E by S	7	.....	.....	c
		16	29.872	29.894	84	77	59	E S E	15	.....	.....	b, c
	17th	10	29.987	30.009	81	78	53	S E by S	10	.....	.....	c
		16	29.881	29.903	86	75	58	S E by E	14	.....	.....	b
CUTTACK.	17th	10	29.951	30.003	83	74	47	S by E	10	.....	.....	b, c
		16	29.875	29.897	87	75	55	E S E	15	.....	.....	b, c
	18th	10	29.978	30.000	87	75	55	S E by S	12	.....	.....	b, c
		16	29.855	29.877	87	77	62	S E by E	14	.....	.....	b, c
	19th	10	29.989	30.011	88	76	59	S S E	8	.....	.....	c
		16	29.863	29.885	89	76	53	S E by E	11	.....	.....	b
	20th	10	29.934	29.956	91	75	45	S	9	.....	.....	b, c
		16	29.836	29.858	87	77	62	S E by E	16	.....	.....	b
CUTTACK.	April 15th	10	29.852	29.933	69	77	56	W S W	3.6	.....	C	
		16	29.739	29.819	97	76	55	W N W	4.4	.....	PK, C	
	16th	10	29.869	29.950	90	74	45	W	3.0	.....	C	
		16	29.727	29.807	96	75	34	W N W	3.8	.....	K, PK	
	17th	10	29.847	29.927	93	75	41	W	2.9	.....	C	
		16	29.767	29.786	101	74	24	S S E	3.1	.....	CK	
	18th	10	29.847	29.928	92	78	51	S	3.9	.....	C	
		16	29.707	29.787	97	77	38	S	3.2	.....	CK, PK	
ARYAB.	19th	10	29.857	29.938	92	71	11	S S W	2.8	.....	C	
		16	29.712	29.791	101	75	26	W N W	2.5	.....	CK, CK	
	20th	10	29.834	29.914	95	77	42	S S E	3.2	.....	.....
		16	29.672	29.751	100	77	32	S S E	3.3	.....	KC	
	21st	10	29.784	29.865	92	79	54	W	6.1	.....	.....	b
		16	29.659	29.732	87	74	52	S S W	7.7	.....	CK, PK, C	
	April 15th	10	29.946	29.967	89	79	63	W	3.8	.....	C	
		16	29.816	29.867	85	79	76	W	10.3	.....	C	
ARYAB.	16th	10	29.976	29.997	87	79	69	W N W	4.6	.....	C	
		16	29.859	29.877	86	80	76	W N W	1.2	.....	C	
	17th	10	29.923	29.944	90	80	63	W	6.0	.....	.....	b
		16	29.813	29.834	87	81	76	W N W	14.3	.....	C	
	18th	10	29.920	29.947	90	82	70	S S E	6.1	.....	.....	b
		16	29.803	29.824	87	80	72	W N W	13.2	.....	C	
	19th	10	29.925	29.946	92	79	54	N N W	6.6	.....	C	
		16	29.820	29.841	89	81	69	W	10.0	.....	C	
ARYAB.	20th	10	29.948	29.969	88	80	69	W S W	4.2	.....	.....
		16	29.833	29.854	84	78	62	W	8.3	.....	C	
	21st	10	29.916	29.937	89	79	63	W	2.3	.....	C	
		16	29.773	29.794	87	77	62	W	12.5	.....	C	

* Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

**Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at Alipore Observatory from
15th to 21st April 1877.**

Month.	Date.	TEMPERATURE.					HYGROMETRY.			WIND.		Miles recorded.	Rain.	WEATHER.*
		Mean pressure: bar at 32° Fah.	Mean.	Maximum.	Range.	Minimum.	Mean wet bulb.	Vapour tension.	Dew point.	Humidity.	Prevailing direction.			
		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Inch.	°				Inch.	
1877.														
April	15th	29.842	83.1	95.1	19.8	75.3	78.0	0.892	75.8	79.0	Till 1 P.M. S.S.W., till midnight S.	156	Nil.	Sky partially cloudy; clouds chiefly K and Cs.
	16th	86.7	84.3	94.7	16.2	78.5	77.6	85.4	74.5	73.0	Till 9 A.M. S.S.W., till 5 P.M. W., till midnight S. through S.W.	133	Nil.	Sky partially cloudy; clouds Pk, Ck., and C.
	17th	84.3	85.4	96.7	19.7	77.0	76.4	78.9	72.1	64.0	Till 8 A.M. S., till 7 P.M. W.S.W., till midnight S. through S.W.	126	Nil.	Morning clear; afternoon partially cloudy; clouds chiefly C.
	18th	83.3	85.1	97.1	19.9	77.2	76.8	81.0	72.9	69.0	Till 6 P.M. S.S.W., till midnight S. and W., N. and E.	153	Nil.	Morning clear; afternoon partially cloudy; clouds Cs. chiefly.
	19th	83.8	87.2	97.6	18.8	78.8	74.6	68.6	68.0	54.0	Till noon S.S.W., till 7 P.M. W.S.W., till midnight S.S.W.	135	Nil.	Morning clear; afternoon partially cloudy; clouds C, Pk., and Ck; night chiefly clear.
	20th	80.8	86.4	98.6	21.1	77.5	73.8	66.6	67.1	54.0	Till 9 A.M. S.S.W., till 4 P.M. veered to N.W. through W., till midnight S. back again.	150	Nil.	Clear both day and night.
	21st	78.6	84.7	97.7	19.7	78.0	77.8	86.1	74.7	74.0	Till 7 A.M. S. by S.W., till 2 P.M. veered to S. round W., N. and E., sky S.W. till midnight	120	Nil.	Partially cloudy in the morning; night clear.

* K. Cumulus, Cs. cirrostratus, Pk. Pallo cumulus, Ck. cirrocumulus, C. cirrus.

The mean temperature of the seven days	...	85.2
The average temperature of the corresponding period for 20 years	...	84.2
The extreme variation of temperature during the seven days	...	23.3
The maximum temperature during the seven days	...	98.6
The mean humidity during the seven days	...	67.
The total fall of rain from 15th to 21st April	...	Nil.

The mean pressure, temperature, &c, are deduced from observations made at 6h, 10h., 16h. and 22h. The maximum and minimum temperatures from self-registering thermometers. All the thermometers are verified, and the readings have been corrected to a standard constructed and verified at the Kew Observatory. They are exposed under a thatched shed open at the sides, and are suspended four feet above the ground.

The barometer readings are corrected approximately to those of the standard, Newman's No. 86, at the Surveyor-General's Office.

The hygrometric elements are obtained from tables III, IV, and V, of the official tables computed in the Meteorological Office, and based on Regnault's modification of August's formula.

The direction and movement of the wind are taken from the trace of a Beckley's anemograph.

The mouth of the rain gauge is one foot above the ground.

H. F. BLANFORD, *Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India.*

Calcutta, the 25th April 1877.

Report of Fluctuations of Traffic on the East Indian Railway for the Month of March 1877.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY, TRAFFIC MANAGER'S OFFICE, JUMALPORE, THE 14TH APRIL 1877.

Remarks on Traffic of East Indian Railway for four weeks ending 24th March 1877.

The approximate figures for the period are as follows :—

		Coaching.		Goods.	
		Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.
1877	...	5,82,340	8,27,084	53,30,147	22,08,208
1876	...	5,08,408	7,72,433	40,14,139	16,73,475
Increase	...	72,842	55,551	13,16,008	5,94,823
Decrease	...	.....	.....	.....	.....

MERCHANDISE TRAFFIC

Shows an increase of 33 per cent. in weight and 36 per cent. in earnings, the main features of change having been as per statement annexed.

MAIN LINE.

Statement showing the Increases and Decreases of Staples during four weeks ending 24th March 1877.

STAPLES.	Increases.		Decreases.	
	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.
Beer, Commissariat	12,787	9,101	.....	.....
Beer, not Commissariat	769	90	.....	.....
Brass and Brassware	2,204	3,538	.....	.....
Bricks	6,787	2,039	.....	.....
Coal, up	1,54,455	44,818	.....	.....
" down	.....	.....	1,61,923	21,355
Copper	6,558	9,881	.....	.....
Cotton	45,767	67,584	.....	.....
Cotton, Twist	813	638	.....	.....
Dyewood	600	1,434	.....	.....
Firewood	.....	.....	68,428	582
Fruit	1,945	1,148	.....	.....
Glass and Glassware	.....	.....	831	642
Ghee and Oil	2,015	.....	.....	5,660
G. B. T. Packages	.....	.....	1,973	6,289
Government Commissariat Stores	444	3,580	.....	.....
Government Ordnance Stores	6,272	12,780	.....	.....
Rice	3,71,427	80,312	.....	.....
Wheat	3,19,680	2,38,583	.....	.....
Oats	1,939	474	.....	.....
Pulses of all kinds	48,225	15,927	.....	.....
Other cereals	2,66,715	54,250	.....	.....
Gunny	24,923	20,713	.....	.....
Hemp and Jute	.....	.....	7,418	1,124
Hides and Horns	19,329	10,221	.....	.....
Iron	18,300	9,642	.....	.....
Jaggree	1,08,214	65,294	.....	.....
Lac	.....	2,295	2,064	.....
Minerals (kunkur)	15,941	1,240	.....	.....
Oil-cake	7,922	4,225	.....	.....
Opium	2,065	3,222	.....	.....
Paper	5,512	6,355	.....	.....
Piece-goods	.....	.....	2,602	14,088
Railway materials, construction account	1,839	121	.....	.....
" foreign	1,450	57	93,292	64,305
Roots	87,173	28,626	.....	.....
Salt	.....	.....	4,379	1,655
Saltpetre	82,940	25,693	.....	.....
Seeds	357	521	.....	.....
Silk	2,508	3,654	.....	.....
Spelter	2,433	4,478	.....	.....
Spices	.....	.....	9,730	3,242
Stones	991	4,053	.....	.....
Sugar	.....	.....	955	988
Tea	.....	.....	6,087	1,286
Timber	7,728	4,907	.....	.....
Tobacco	.....	.....	2,621	729
Turmeric	.....	.....	267	1,431
Wines	.....	.....	.....	.....
Miscellaneous	9,458	3,407	.....	.....
Total	16,66,583	7,22,791	3,57,975	1,23,226

Commissariat beer ... Mds. 12,787 Rs. 9,101

The despatches in the latter half of 1876 showed a marked decrease, and in the three months of the current year there has been a corresponding increase.

Upward coal, increase ... Mds. 1,54,455 Rs. 44,818

Downward coal, decrease ... " 1,61,923 " 21,355

Net increase ... " " 23,463

 " decrease ... " 7,478 "

It will be better to take these together, as it will be seen that, as regards *weight* moved, they nearly balance one another.

As regards the upward coal, the traffic in March 1876 was exceptionally large, rising higher than in any other month in that half-year, or in the corresponding half of 1875 it amounted to 10,820 tons, and the present increase of 5,670 tons is a very large one.

The downward coal traffic in March 1876 was also abnormal, being 1,900 tons a day, against an average of 1,200 tons daily throughout the half-year.

Cotton ... Mds. 45,767 Rs. 67,584

This increase, taken with the increases shown in my January and February reports, makes up just 4,000 tons, and brings the cotton traffic of the three months just up to the level of 1875.

Government stores	...	...	Mds.	6,716	Rs.	16,160
The bulk of this increase is in arms and ammunition, sent up to Loodiana for the Punjab arsenal.						
Grain and pulses	...	...	Mds.	10,27,986	Rs.	3,69,551
Made up as under—						
Wheat	...	...	"	3 19 680	"	2,38 588
Rice	...	...	"	3,71,427	"	60 312
Other cereals	...	...	"	2 84,654	"	54,724
Pulses	...	...	"	48,225	"	15,927

The total weight carried under this head in March 1877 having been 5,63,700 maunds, and the earning Rs. 1,41,000, it will be seen that this increase is on the whole nearly threefold in weight and fourfold in money.

Wheat.—The great bulk of the money increase is naturally in wheat, which has been carried largely to Calcutta for export. About 700 tons only were sent to Bombay. Of this increase in wheat about 1,40,000 maunds has been in the traffic from the Punjab, almost all of which goes to Howrah.

About 70,000 is contributed by Cawnpore station alone, while all the principal stations between Cawnpore and Delhi have also forwarded wheat largely.

Rice has been very largely carried from stations in Bengal to Calcutta for shipment to Madras and also from the Allahabad and Benares districts to Bombay, mainly, it is believed, for shipment to the southern Mahratta districts, while the rice traffic to the upper north-west, which usually goes on at this time of year, is very much diminished.

This activity is of course due to the scarcity in Southern and Western India.

Other cereals may be taken as consisting mainly of bajra and similar grains sent to the famine district.

Cawnpore contributed the greater portion of this increase (about 2,10,000 maunds).

Pulses have been largely carried, although the increase under this head is small compared with those in the greater staples above referred to.

Gunny	Mds.	21 922	Rs.	20,718
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This increase is almost entirely in gunny-bags sent up from Calcutta—mostly new Calcutta-made power-loom bags for the new seed crop, and for carrying on the operations in wheat for export.

Hides	Mds.	19 329	Rs.	10,221
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January and February showed decreases in this staple of about maunds 7 000, which March has more than recouped; it is always a fluctuating traffic.

Iron	Mds.	13,399	Rs.	9,642
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This, too, is a mere fluctuation in trade, and just covers the deficiency shown last month.

Jaggree	Mds.	1,08,200	Rs.	65,300
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This traffic still develops; the export is large from the whole district, which lies between Patna and Benares, and the produce finds its way to the far north-west; while the jaggree of the Cawnpore district, which is of inferior quality, gets a market in Central India, in Bombay, and goes in considerable quantities even on to the Baroda line, and as far as Ahmedabad.

The main line traffic in jaggree for the month of March for three years has stood thus—

1875	...	...	Tons	6,700	Rs.	33 000
1876	...	...	"	8,800	"	45,000
1877	...	...	"	12,800	"	1,10,000
Salt	...	...	Mds.	87,173	"	26,626

There was a considerable increase (about 22,000 maunds) in the despatch from Howrah, also in the quantities received from the R. S. Railway at Agra and Delhi.

Seeds	Mds.	82 940	Rs.	25,681
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This is an increase of about 20 per cent. over last year, but it is not, I am confident, one-half of the increase that we might have had could we have found the means of dealing with all the traffic that offers.

Firewood	Mds.	68,428	Rs.	582
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This is owing, as in previous months, to the impossibility of providing wagons for the Allahabad fire-wood traffic.

Piece-goods	Mds.	2 602	Rs.	11,038
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Native holidays interfered a little with this trade, as they always do.

There was an increase of over 20,000 maunds in February.

For Railway material	Mds.	93,292	Rs.	64,305
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Last year we were sending up material to Mokameh for the branch of the Tirhoot State Railway which has just been opened.

JEEBULPORE LINE TRAFFIC

	Coaching.		Goods		Total
	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.
1877	31,295	91,897	19,90,995	2,54,357	3,49,174
1876	26,913	97,419	11,158	90,660	1,94,055
Increase	4,382		8,74,837	1,63,731	1,68,119
Decrease		2,682			

J. C. BATCHELOR, *Traffic Manager.*

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 14th April 1877, on 1,279½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.				MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.				TOTAL TRAFFIC RECEIPTS.	TRAIN MILES RUN.						
	No. of passen- gers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.		Coach- ing.	Merchan- dise.		Total.						
		Rs.	A. P.	£	s. d.	Mds.	Sr.	Rs.	A. P.	£	s. d.	Rs.	A. P.			
Total traffic for the week ...	121,927	1,70,967	8 9	13,672	0 6	13,62,333	10	5,71,018	2 3	52,398	6 7	7,42,585	11 0	45,365½	103,924½	149,490½
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	133	9 0	12	4 11	.....		446	10 8	40	18 11	580	4 2	.....	.....	.....
For previous 14 weeks of half-year ...	2,031,030	32,23,933	2 6	293,527	4 2	1,92,02,614	0	76,37,909	10 5	700,141	14 4	1,08,61,842	12 11	675,180	1,404,028½	2,079,208½
Total for 15 weeks ...	2,152,957	33,94,900	11 3	311,199	4 8	1,95,64,947	10	82,09,527	12 8	752,540	0 11	1,16,04,423	7 11	720,745½	1,507,953½	2,228,699
COMPARISON.																
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	121,478	1,90,114	2 2	17,427	2 7	9,91,513	10	4,43,907	9 6	40,891	10 7	6,34,021	11 8	44,211	85,182	129,393
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	148	8 10	13	12 4	.....		346	14 0	31	15 11	495	6 10	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	1,946,643	32,89,510	10 3	301,538	9 6	1,53,53,905	20	63,61,228	13 8	593,112	12 11	96,50,739	7 11	699,524	1,130,125	1,829,649

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 14th April 1877, on 223½ miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Sr.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Rs. A. P.				
Total traffic for the week ...	7,941	23,738 6 3	2,176 0 4	2,92,674 0	66,703 13 0	6,114 10 4	90,442 3 3	4,751	16,180	20,931	
Or per mile of railway ...	.....	106 1 6	9 14 6	.....	298 1 11	27 6 7	404 3 5	.....	.....	.....
For previous 14 weeks of half-year ...	110,347½	4,11,831 10 0	37,751 4 8	32,80,091 10	8,19,212 10 0	75,094 9 10	12,31,044 4 0	73,353½	220,350½	293,704½	
Total for 15 weeks ...	118,288½	4,35,570 0 3	39,927 5 0	35,72,765 10	8,85,916 7 0	81,209 0 2	13,21,496 7 3	78,104½	236,530½	314,635½	
COMPARISON.											
Total for corresponding week of previous year ...	6,185	20,057 0 6	1,838 11 3	1,21,139 10	29,917 2 0	2,742 8 1	49,974 2 6	4,703	6,726	11,434	
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year ...	.....	89 10 3	8 4 4	.....	133 11 4	12 5 2	223 5 7	.....	.....	.....
Total to corresponding date of previous year ...	99,625½	3,26,978 2 0	29,972 19 11	15,66,756 20	3,60,267 4 0	33,024 9 11	6,87,245 6 0	73,658	87,118	160,776	

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 14th April 1877, on 158½ miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.			MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.			Total receipts.
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.		
		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Sr.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	29,892½	17,685 6 9	1,621 3 4	2,04,740 20	42,982 11 5	3,940 1 7	5,561 4 11
Or per mile of railway	189	111 12 1	10 4 10	1,293 33	271 9 10	24 18 0	35 2 10
For previous 14 weeks of half-year	625,399	3,79,404 8 0	34,778 15 1	24,83,796 6	5,00,058 6 2	45,838 13 7	80,617 8 8
Total for 15 weeks	555,272½	3,97,089 14 9	36,399 18 5	26,84,545 35	5,43,041 1 7	49,778 15 6½	86,178 13 7
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	30,101	19,915 6 1	1,825 11 6	1,57,435 4	30,383 11 11	2,785 3 7	4,610 15 1
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	190	125 13 7	11 10 9	904 34	191 15 11	17 12 0	29 2 9
Total to corresponding date of previous year	554,138	3,80,276 5 10	35,683 13 4	24,29,956 3	4,50,665 13 8	41,311 0 9	76,994 14 1

CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 14th April 1877, on 28 miles open.

	COACHING TRAFFIC.			MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.			Total receipts.
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.		
		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Sr.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	8,063	1,300 0 0	136 6 0	16,799 0	556 0 0	55 12 0	191 18 0
Or per mile of railway	324	48 8 0	4 17 0	600 0	20 0 0	2 0 0	6 17 0
For previous 14 weeks of half-year	144,363	20,846 0 0	2,084 12 0	2,61,866 0	8,835 0 0	883 10 0	2,968 2 0
Total for 15 weeks	153,426	22,209 0 0	2,220 18 0	2,78,665 0	9,391 0 0	939 2 0	3,169 0 0
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	10,016½	1,471 0 6	147 2 0	20,847 20	714 4 3	71 8 6	214 10 6
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	358	52 8 7	5 5 1	744 22	25 8 2	2 11 0	7 16 1
Total to corresponding date of previous year	150,935½	20,447 13 9	2,044 15 9	2,81,190 30	9,191 2 9	919 2 3	2,968 18 0

NALHATI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 14th April 1877, on 27½ miles open

		Rs. A. P.		Mds. Sr.	Rs. A. P.		£ s. d.
		£ s. d.			£ s. d.		
Total traffic for the week	1,714	831 0 0	83 2 0	5,594 0	437 0 0	43 14 0	126 16 0
Or per mile of railway	63	30 8 0	3 1 0	205 0	16 0 0	1 12 0	4 13 0
For previous 14 weeks of half-year ..	32,148	15,448 0 0	1,544 16 0	96,426 0	7,408 0 0	740 16 0	2,204 12 0
Total for 15 weeks	33,862	16,279 0 0	1,627 18 0	1,02,020 0	7,935 0 0	793 10 0	2,421 8 0
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,783	851 9 3	85 3 2	5,390 20	453 11 9	45 7 5	130 10 7
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	65	31 4 0	3 2 6	197 33	16 10 4	1 13 3	4 15 9
Total to corresponding date of previous year	11,610	15,290 4 6	1,529 0 6	1,34,934 20	10,496 1 0	1,049 12 2	2,578 12 8

